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AN EPITOME OF LATE-LIVE NEWS

CONDENSED RECORD OF THE PROGRESS OF EVENTS AT HOME AND ABROAD

FROM ALL SOURCES

SAYINGS, DOINGS, ACHIEVEMENTS, SUFFERINGS, HOPES AND FEARS OF MANKIND

WESTERN

Joe Huff, known along the Pacific coast as the tailor-aviator, and **Edwin Dihal**, a negro, 21 years old, were killed when the airplane in which they were riding crashed to earth at Venice, Calif.

E. A. Stevens, former Cornell oarsman, and last year coach of the Portland, Ore., rowing club, has signed a contract as rowing coach at Harvard University, according to the Seattle Times. The contract, the newspaper says, is subject to the approval of the rowing authorities at Harvard.

The quota allowed each nation of Europe in immigration to the United States is being added to by the smuggling of foreign immigrants over the Canadian line, according to information received by Sheriff Bob Gordon from J. K. McCormick, United States immigration inspector at Moscow, Ida.

Grain farmers throughout the Northwest gathered in Spokane in a mass meeting called by the Washington Farmers' Union to demand that an extra session of Congress be called to relieve the plight of the wheat growers. The resolution demanding an extra session was passed by an overwhelming majority.

Mrs. Daisy Smith, proprietor of a lodging house at Spokane, sustained what police surgeons said would be fatal injuries when an airplane in which she was flying alone crashed 150 feet at the municipal aviation field at Spokane. Mrs. Smith was gliding for a landing when the machine went into a tail spin.

"Mount Harding" has been christened. Standing more than 6,000 feet high, a previously unnamed peak in the Cascades, near the boundary line separating Chelan and Kittitas counties, has been so named in memory of the late President, according to a recent announcement of A. S. Silvester, forest supervisor, of the state of Washington.

Peter B. Kyne, author, and ten other former officers of the American Aluminum Products Company of Los Angeles, now in bankruptcy, were named defendants in a suit filed in the Superior Court at Los Angeles, by twenty-one stockholders, who charged misrepresentation in the sale of stock. The plaintiffs asked judgment for the amount of stock they said they purchased, a total of more than \$50,000 worth.

WASHINGTON

Immediate recognition of the present government of Russia was described as "the proper thing to do," by Senator **William E. Borah** in an address at the annual miners' and smelters' picnic at Kellogg, Idaho.

Rust is destined to become a popular color in women's fashions. It has leaked out in Washington that **Mrs. Calvin Coolidge** has a favorite color, a light rust shade of brown, somewhat lighter than the brown traveling suit she wore on her trip to Washington from Vermont. This particular shade harmonizes most effectively with her olive complexion, dark brown hair and deep gray eyes.

President **Coolidge** at the present time sees no occasion for a special session of Congress in advance of the regular December meeting. It was said officially at the White House.

An official memorial medallion will be coined by the United States government in memory of **Warren G. Harding**. It was announced a few days ago by Director of Mint **Scobey**. The medallion, in bronze, will carry a bas-relief of the President on its face and the date of his birth, inauguration and death on the reverse side. It will be coined by the Philadelphia mint and sold to the general public for \$1.52 each, including postage.

The government will not appeal from the recent decision of the United States Court at St. Paul in which it was held that the Interstate Commerce Commission had authority to consent to the lease and stock ownership of the Central Pacific Railroad by the Southern Pacific Railroad. This announcement was made by Attorney General **Daugherty** after several conferences with President **Coolidge** at which were discussed exhaustively the various administration policies involved.

FOREIGN

Twenty-three tourists were killed in a motor bus accident recently at **Saint Sauveur**, a Pyrenees resort about twenty-five miles south of Tarbes, France.

Grover Cleveland Bergdoll, American draft evader, said that he had expected to return to the United States with his mother on Sept. 27, but that the recent effort to kidnap him made him hesitate about doing so.

Twenty-six persons were wounded in encounters between Fascist and Communist at **Mollinella** following the explosion of bombs, which were thrown against the Fascist headquarters and the home of the local Fascist leader.

Tidal waves, combined with a severe storm, have submerged 25,000 homes along the **Yalu** river and on the west coast of Korea. No estimate of the loss of life has yet been received, but it is said the damage to crops and the lumber industry will be heavy.

Berlin.—Passive resistance in the Ruhr and the Rhineland, which Chancellor **Cuno** yesterday informed the reichstag would be continued until France decided to create an atmosphere conducive to negotiations on an equality basis, is approaching the stage where its further maintenance along peaceful lines will depend wholly on the government's ability to keep the resisting population well fed.

Twelve thousand persons attending the annual Welsh festival, or **Eisteddfod**, at **Mold, Wales**, heard former Premier **Lloyd George** speak of the late President **Harding** as "one of the strongest men who ever governed a country." Later **Mr. Lloyd George**, as president of the Eisteddfod for the day, dispatched a message to the White House expressing sympathy to **Mrs. Harding** and the American people.

Jesus Salas, the member of the Durango (Mexico) Legislature, who is in jail following his voluntary confession that he led the band which killed **Francisco Villa**, has announced that he will donate the rewards offered for the death of the former bandit leader towards the establishment of a charitable institution for the families of Villa's numerous victims. It is said that the reward of 100,000 pesos offered by Chihuahua state and others offered by the United States as a result of the Columbus raid have not been withdrawn.

GENERAL

Fire in the flour mills of the "Dutch Colony," **Amana, Iowa**, twenty-five miles southwest of **Cedar Rapids**, did damage estimated close to half a million dollars before it was put under control.

Fire of undetermined origin destroyed a large portion of the business section of **Edgewood, Texas**. Eight buildings were wiped out by the fire. The town, with having any fire protection, was helpless as the fire spread to adjoining structures.

Dr. Amy Kaukonen, only woman in Ohio filling the office of mayor, announced she will resign that office in a few days to accept an offer of a position in Seattle. **Dr. Kaukonen**, a physician, was elected mayor of Fairport on a liquor enforcement platform.

Three persons are dead, the current in the **Chicago** river was reversed, an airplane was brought down, a dam in the **Des Plaines** river was bursted, two houses were toppled over and telephone and electric light wires and elevated and street car traffic were crippled as a result of a terrific electrical storm which visited **Chicago** a few days ago.

Thirty-six thoroughbred horses, the remainder of the stables of **Anita M. Baldwin**, on the **Santa Anita** ranch, near **Pasadena**, and valued at more than \$100,000, have been given to the United States government by her. **Col. A. N. McClure**, in charge of the purchasing and breeding headquarters of the United States reposit service in Sacramento, received the donation at a conference held at **Tahoe**.

Three members of the supreme board of the **Knights of Columbus** whose terms expire **Sept. 1** were re-elected in the fifty-first international convention of the order at **Montreal, Canada**. They were **William E. Fox** of Indianapolis, fourth term; **Frank X. Lonergan** of Portland, Oregon, second term, and **Edward Houlahan** of Chicago, second term.

Fred Stacey of **Kansas City** and **William Fuller**, who refuses to tell where his home is, are in jail at **Bethany, Mo.**, accused of robbing the **Reading, Ia.**, Savings Bank of cash and bonds totalling \$4,500, when they blew the bank's vault. The men were captured by a posse of farmers near **New Hampton, Mo.**, and \$3,000 in bonds and currency was found on them.

Announcement by the **Standard Oil Company** of **Indiana** that it would reduce its price of gasoline to 16 cents a gallon in **South Dakota** to meet the price which **Gov. W. H. McMaster** had ordered the state storage houses to fix was followed by a statement from **L. V. Nicholas**, president of the **National Petroleum Marketers' Association**, that independent oil dealers in **South Dakota** would be crippled.

RED MOB STORMS GERMAN PRISON

FOOD SITUATION IS SAID TO BE IMPROVING IN GREATER BERLIN

AMERICA MAY ENTER

LONDON CHEERFUL OVER IDEA THAT AMERICA WILL ENTER REPARATIONS MUDDLE

Berlin.—A dispatch from **Halle** says a mob stormed the jail at **Zeitz**, a few days ago, smashed the doors, opened the cells and liberated all the prisoners, most of whom are declared by the dispatch to have been ordinary criminals.

The labor and food situation in **Greater Berlin** shows some improvement. This is due to the calling off of the general strike by the Communists. The attempts of the Reds to paralyze the city proved to be a fiasco owing to the opposition of the regular labor unions.

The currency shortage continues, although there seems to be a plentiful supply of bills of large denominations in circulation.

The bill providing for the issue of an international gold loan was favorably reported to the reichstag. This is one of the measures initiated by the Cuno administration alluded to by **Chancellor Stresemann** in a statement to the reichstag as marking a promising beginning in restoring financial order to the country. He made an appeal to all classes to support the gold loan.

London.—The most welcome reaction yet received in London as a result of the British reparations note sent to **France** and **Belgium** is contained in the press reports that the **Coolidge** administration will make a ready response to any appeal to America for assistance in settling the prolonged reparations struggle.

On the whole, the comment on **Great Britain's** latest move to obtain a final and definite settlement with **Germany** has been satisfactory, according to foreign office officials.

Washington.—Reports from **London** reflecting a feeling that there should be a welcome change in the attitude of the **Washington** government toward reparations were said on highest authority to appear altogether too optimistic.

Nothing has been said in **Washington** in behalf of the **Coolidge** administration. It was pointed out, which indicates the slightest departure from the statement made by **Secretary Hughes** in his **New Haven** speech last December.

Washington.—**Bellaf** was expressed in **Washington** by **Myron T. Herrick**, American ambassador to **France**, that the European situation would in time be solved. Hope and confidence in a successful outcome, he added, are essentials most needed at this time.

Mr. Herrick, who has just recently arrived in the United States for a two years' vacation, was received by **Secretary Hughes** and **President Coolidge**. He intends to go soon to his home in **Cleveland** for a rest.

Harding's Policies Followed

Washington.—President **Coolidge** has directed two of the independent agencies of the government, the tariff commission and the civil service commission, to continue the policies pursued during the **Harding** administration.

Five Die in Santa Fe Wreck

Fuelho.—A head-on collision between **Santa Fe** and **Colorado** & **Southern** passenger train one mile west of **Fowler, Colo.**, and twenty miles east of **Fuelho**, on **Aug. 13**, resulted in the death of five trainmen and injuries to other trainmen and a score of passengers. **Santa Fe** train No. 6 was running west from **La Junta**, and **Colorado** & **Southern** train No. 600, drawn by two locomotives, was detouring from **Fuelho** south by way of **La Junta**. No casualties were reported among the passengers, and none of them was reported to be seriously injured.

Will Spend \$7,000,000 in Advertising

Detroit.—The **Ford Motor Company** has decided to spend \$7,000,000 in advertising in various newspapers and magazines throughout the country during the next year. **Norton T. Brotherton**, advertising manager for this company has announced. The company has done no advertising for the last five years, leaving it to local dealers throughout the country. The **Ford Advertising Company** some time ago was re-established with **Brotherton** at its head.

THE AMERICAN LEGION

Copy for This Department Supplied by the American Legion News Service

MESSAGE SENT BY BALLOON

Letters for Legion Posts, by National Commander **Owley**, Dropped From Big Bag.

Messages from the air were literally showered on posts of the **American Legion** from **National Commander Alvin Owley** recently when letters were dropped from the basket of one of the entrants in the national elimination balloon race. The messages were received in a number of Eastern states over which the balloon passed on its 400-mile journey over the country.

Anticipating the general direction the balloons would travel from the national headquarters city, a number of personal messages from **Commander Owley** were made ready, and the pilots planned to throw these from the basket, attached to tiny parachutes, as they passed over the towns and cities, later to be delivered to the commander of the Legion post in that locality.

The balloon which carried this message was entered as "The American Legionnaire," and was piloted by **Capt. C. E. McCullough**, vice chairman of the Legion's national committee on aeronautics. **Captain McCullough** was attached to various balloon schools during the war and made many flights. He is now division passenger agent for the **Pennsylvania** railway, and in this capacity handled transportation arrangements on the occasion of the visits of the king and queen of **Belgium**, **Marshal Foch**, the prince of **Wales** and other European notables.

Assisting **Captain McCullough** was **Lieut. Carlton F. Bond** of the army air service now stationed at **Aberdeen** proving ground, **Maryland**, as a Legionnaire. **Lieutenant Bond** has participated in a number of balloon races, being in the basket with **Major Westover**, who won the 1922 elimination race, which started at **Milwaukee**. On this trip the bag landed in the Province of **Quebec, Canada**, 850 miles from its starting place. This victory entitled them to competition in the international race for the **Juanes Gordon Bennett** cup, which started from **Geneva, Switzerland**, but they were forced down shortly after crossing the Alps.

The balloon used by **Captain McCullough** and **Lieutenant Bond**, and from which the messages from the Legion's head were dropped, was of 80,000 cubic feet capacity. It was of the army type and had been supplied by the commanding officer of the **Three Hundred and Eighty-second** airship company, **G. H. Q. reserves, Third corps army area**. The balloon safely landed at **Frankfort, Pa.**, a few miles west of **Pittsburgh**, in this race, after being in the air for nearly 24 hours. The aeronauts were forced to land when they encountered a terrific storm.

VETERANS TO PEOPLE TRACT

American Legion Indorses Washington Land Settlement Project for Former Warriors.

Indorsement by the **American Legion** of a land settlement project of the state of **Washington** has made it possible that the tract may be completely peopled by veterans of **United States** wars.

This, the **White Bluffs-Hanford** land settlement project, was considered for opening in the spring of 1922, and sufficient applications were received at that time to settle the tracts with veterans as homesteaders, but preliminary work delayed the opening and only a few were granted land. The legislature in 1923 increased the appropriation for the settlement project and made available 100 tracts for veterans who, under the state law, are given preference in settlement. Further aid was extended to the aspiring agriculturists by provisions for loans from the state with which to stock the farms.

Complete colonization by veterans of the tract is the hope of **Legion** men, who offer every co-operation to the war fighter who seeks to take advantage of the opportunity for homesteading.

Legion Men to the Rescue

A proposal for erection of a new hotel in **Fayetteville, N. C.**, was expected to meet with strong opposition, so the committee in charge of the project set out to obtain the best workers possible. Immediately **American Legion** members were selected. Through the help of the **Legion** men the project was well over-subscribed so that the early plans were revamped to increase the expenditure nearly 50 per cent.

The Light of Western Stars

A Romance
By Zane Grey

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"I MET A LADY"

SYNOPSIS—Arriving at the lonely little railroad station of El Cajon, New Mexico, Madeline Hammond, New York society girl, finds no one to meet her. While in the waiting room, a drunken cowboy enters, asks if she is married, and departs, leaving her terrified. He returns with a priest, who goes through some sort of ceremony, and the cowboy forces her to say "Amen." Asking her name and learning her identity the cowboy seems dazed. In a shooting scrape outside the room a Mexican is killed. The cowboy, leaving her terrified, takes her to a house and escapes, then conducts Madeline to Florence Kingsley, friend of her brother. Florence welcomes her, learns her story, and dismisses the cowboy, Gene Stewart. Next day Alfred Hammond, Madeline's brother, takes Stewart to task. Madeline exonerates him of any wrong intent. Alfred, son of a wealthy family, had been dismissed from his home because of his dissipation. Madeline sees that the West has redeemed him. She meets Stillwell, Al's employer, typical western ranchman.

CHAPTER III—Continued.

"Wal, wal, Al, this 's the proudest meetin' of my life," replied Stillwell, in a booming voice. He extended a huge hand. "Miss—Miss Majesty, sight of you is as welcome as the rain an' the flowers, to an old desert cattleman."

Madeline greeted him, and it was all she could do to repress a cry at the way he crunched her hand in a grasp of iron. He was old, white-haired, weather-beaten, with long furrows down his cheeks and with gray eyes almost hidden in wrinkles. If he was smiling she fancied it a most extraordinary smile. The next instant she realized that it had been a smile, for his face appeared to stop rippling, the light died, and suddenly it was like rudely chiseled stone. The quality of hardness she had seen in Stewart was immeasurably intensified in this old man's face.

"Miss Majesty, it's plumb humblin' to all of us that we wasn't on hand to meet you," Stillwell said. "I'm sure afraid it was a bit unpleasant for you last night at the station. Wal, I'm some glad to tell you that there's no man in these parts except your brother that 'd as lief hev met you as Gene Stewart."

"Indeed?"
"Yes, an' that's takin' into consideration Gene's weakness, too. I'm allus fond of sayin' of myself that I'm the last of the old cattlemen. Wal, Stewart's not a native westerner, but he's my pick of the last of the cowboys. Sure, he's young, but he's the last of the old style—the picturesque—an' chivalrous, too. I make bold to say, Miss Majesty, as well as the old hard-bitten kind. Folks are down on Stewart. An' I'm only sayin' a good word for him because he is down, an' maybe last night he might hev scared you, you bein' fresh from the East."

Madeline liked the old fellow for his loyalty to the cowboy he evidently cared for; but as there did not seem anything for her to say, she remained silent.

"Miss Majesty, I reckon, bein' as you're in the West now, that you must take things as they come, an' mind



"Miss Majesty, it's Plumb Humblin' to All of Us That We Wasn't on Hand to Meet You," Stillwell Said.

each thing a little less than the one before. If we old fellers hadn't been that way we'd never hev lasted.
"Last night wasn't particular bad, ratin' with some other nights lately. There wasn't much doin'." But I had a hard knock. Yesterday when we started in with a bunch of cattle I sent one of my cowboys, Danny Main, along ahead, carryin' money I had to pay off hands an' my bills, an' I wanted that money to get in town before dark. Wal, Danny was laid up. I don't know the lad. There's been some Greasers in town lately, an'

maybe they knew about the money comin'.

"Wal, when I arrived with the cattle I was some put to it to make ends meet. An' today I wasn't in no angelic humor. When I had my business all done I went around pokin' my nose heah an' there, tryin' to get scent of that money. An' I happened in at a hall we hev that does duty for jail an' hospital an' election-post an' what not. Wal, just then it was doin' duty as a hospital. Last night was fiesta night—these Greasers hev a fiesta every week or so—an' one Greaser who had been bad hurt was layin' in the hall, where he had been fetched from the station.

"The hall was full of cowboys, ranchers, Greasers, miners, an' town folks, along with some strangers. I was about to get started up this way when Pat Hawe come in.
"Pat, he's the sheriff. He come into the hall, an' he was roarin' about things. He was goin' to arrest Danny Main on sight. Wal, I jest polite-like told Pat that the money was mine an' he needn't get riled about it. An' if I wanted to trail the thief I reckon I could do it as well as anybody.

"Then he cooled down a bit an' was askin' questions about the wounded Greaser when Gene Stewart comes in. Whenever Pat an' Gene come together it reminds me of the early days back in the 'seventies. Jest naturally everybody shut up. Fer Pat hates Gene, an' I reckon Gene ain't very sweet on Pat.

"Hello Stewart! You're the feller I'm lookin' fer," said Pat. "There was some queer goings-on last night that you know somethin' about. Danny Main robbed—Stillwell's money gone—your roan horse gone—an' this Greaser gone, too. Now, seoin' that you was up late an' prowlin' round the station where this Greaser was found, it ain't onreasonable to think you might know how he got plugged—"

"Is it?"
"Stewart laughed kind of cold, an' he rolled a cigarette, all the time cyclin' Pat, an' then he said if he'd plugged the Greaser it'd never hev been such a bunglin' job.

"I can arrest you on suspicion, Stewart, but before I go that far I want some evidence. I want to find out what's become of your hoss. You've never lent him since you hed him, an' there ain't enough ralders across the border to steal him from you. It's got a queer look—that hoss bein' gone. You was drunk last night?"
"Stewart never batted an eye.
"You met some woman on Number Eight, didn't you?" shouted Hawe.

"I met a lady," replied Stewart, quiet an' menacin' like.

"You met Al Hammond's sister, an' you took her up to Kingsley's. An' dince this, my cowboy cavalier, I'm goin' up there an' ask this grand dame some questions, an' if she's as close-mouthed as you are I'll arrest her!"
"Gene Stewart turned white. I for one expected to see him jump like lightning, as he does when he's riled sudden. But he was calm an' he was thinkin' hard. Presently he said:
"Pat, that's a fool idea, an' if you do the trick it'll hurt you all the rest of your life. There's absolutely no reason to frighten Miss Hammond. An' tryin' to arrest her would be such a d—d outrage as won't be stood for in El Cajon. If you're sore on me send me to jail. I'll go. If you want to hurt Al Hammond, go an' do it some man kind of way. Don't take your spite out on us by insultin' a lady who has come hyar to hev a little visit. We're bad enough without bein' towed down as Greasers."

"It was a long talk for Gene, an' I was as surprised as the rest of the fellers. It was plain to me an' others who spoke of it afterward that Pat Hawe hed forgotten the law an' the office in the man an' his hate.
"I'm a-goin', an' I'm a-goin' right now!" he shouted.
"Stewart seemed kind of chokin', an' he seemed to hev been bewildered by the idea of Hawe's confrontin' you.
"An' finally he burst out: "But, man, think who it is! It's Miss Hammond! If you see her, even if you was locoed or drunk, you—"

"You couldn't do it."
"Couldn't I? Wal, I'll show you d—n quick. What do I care who she is? Them swell eastern women—I've heard of them. They're not so much. This Hammond woman—"
"Suddenly Hawe shut up, an' with his red mug turnin' green he went for his gun."

Stillwell paused in his narrative to get breath, and he wiped his moist brow. And now his face began to lose its cragginess. It changed, it softened. It rippled and wrinkled, and all that strange mobility focused and shone in a wonderful smile.

"An' then, Miss Majesty, then there was somethin' happened. Stewart took Pat's gun away from him and throwed it on the floor. An' what followed was beautiful. Sure it was the beautifullest sight I ever seen. Only it was over so soon! A little while after, when the doctor came, he hed another patient besides the wounded Greaser, an' he said that this next one would require about four months to be up an' around cheerul-like again. An' Gene

Stewart hed hit the trail for the border."

CHAPTER IV

A Ride From Sunrise to Sunset.

Next morning, when Madeline was aroused by her brother, it was not yet daybreak; the air chilled her, and in the gray gloom she had to feel around for matches and lamp. Her usual languid manner vanished at a touch of the cold water. Presently, when Alfred knocked on her door and said he was leaving a pitcher of hot water outside, she replied, with chattering teeth, "Thank y-you, b-but I d-don't need any now." She found it necessary, however, to warm her numb fingers before she could fasten hooks and



"Well, if I Haven't Some Color!" She Exclaimed.

buttons. And when she was dressed she marked in the dim mirror that there were rings of red in her cheeks.

"Well, if I haven't some color!" she exclaimed.

Breakfast waited for her in the dining-room. The sisters ate with her. Madeline quickly caught the feeling of brisk action that seemed to be in the air. Then Alfred came stamping in. "Majesty, here's where you get the real thing," he announced, merrily. "We're rushing you off, I'm sorry to say; but we must hustle back to the ranch. The fall round-up begins tomorrow. You will ride in the buckboard with Florence and Stillwell. I'll ride on ahead with the boys and fix up a little for you at the ranch. It's a long ride out—nearly fifty miles by wagon-road. Flo, don't forget a couple of robes. Wrap her up well. And hustle getting ready. We're waiting."

A little later, when Madeline went out with Florence, the gray gloom was lightening. Horses were champing bits and pounding gravel.

"Mawwin', Miss Majesty," said Stillwell, gruffly, from the front seat of a high vehicle.
Alfred bundled her up into the back seat, and Florence after her, and wrapped them with robes. Then he mounted his horse and started off.

As Madeline gazed about her and listened to her companions, the sun rose higher and grew warm and soared and grew hot; the horses held tirelessly to their steady trot, and mille after mille of rolling land slipped by.

From the top of a ridge Madeline saw down into a hollow where a few of the cowboys had stopped and were sitting round a fire, evidently busy at the noonday meal. Their horses were feeding on the long, gray grass.

"Wal, smell of that burnin' grease-wood makes my mouth water," said Stillwell. "I'm sure hungry. We'll noon hyar an' let the hosses rest. It's a long pull to the ranch."

During lunch-time Madeline observed that she was an object of manifestly great interest to the three cowboys. She returned the compliment, and was amused to see that a glance their way caused them painful embarrassment. They were grown men—one of whom had white hair—yet they acted like boys caught in the act of stealing a forbidden look at a pretty girl.

"Cowboys are sure all flirts," said Florence, as if stating an uninteresting fact. But Madeline detected a merry twinkle in her clear eyes. The cowboys heard, and the effect upon them was magical. They fell to shamed confusion and to hurried useless tasks.
"Haw, haw!" roared Stillwell. "Florence, you jest hit the nail on the head. Cowboys are all plumb flirts. I was wonderin' why them boys nooned hyar. This ain't no place to noon. Ain't no grain or wood with burnin' or nuthin'. Them boys jest held up, throwed the packs an' waited for us. It ain't so surprisin' fer Booby an' Ned—they're young an' coltish—but Nels there, why, he's old enough to be the paw of both you girls. It sure is amazin' strange."

"Bill, you're a dog-gone liar," he said. "I reckon I won't stand to be classed with Booby an' Ned. There ain't no cowboy on this range that's more appreciatin' of the ladies than me, but I shore ain't ridin' out of my way. I reckon I hev enough ridin' to do. Now, Bill, if you've sich dog-gone good eyes maybe you seen somethin' on the way out?"
"Nels, I hev'n't seen nothin'," he replied, bluntly.

"Jest take a squint at these hoss tracks," said Nels, and he drew Stillwell a few paces aside and pointed to large hoofprints in the dust. "I reckon you know the hoss that made them?"
"Gene Stewart's roan, or I'm a son-of-a-gun!" exclaimed Stillwell, and he dropped heavily to his knees and began to scrutinize the tracks. Nels, whoever was straddlin' Stewart's hoss met somebody. An' they hauled up a bit, but didn't git down."

"Tolerable good for you, Bill, that reason!" replied the cowboy. "I reckon you know what hoss made the other tracks?"
"I'm thinkin' hard, but I ain't sure."

"It was Danny Main's bronc."
"How do you know that?" demanded Stillwell, sharply.

"Bill, the left front foot of that little hoss always wears a shoe that sets crooked. Any of the boys can tell you. I'd know that track if I was blind."

"Nels, you don't think the boy's sloped with that little hussy, Bonita?"
"Bill, he shore was sweet on Bonita, same as Gene was, an' Ed Linton before he got engaged, an' all the boys. She's shore chain-lightnin', that little black-eyed devil. Danny might hev sloped with her all right. Danny was held up on the way to town, an' then in the shame of it he got drunk. But he'll show up soon."

"Wal, maybe you an' the boys are right. I believe you are. Nels, there ain't no doubt on earth about who was ridin' Stewart's hoss?"
"That's as plain as the hoss' tracks."

"Wal, it's all amazin' strange. It beats me. I wish the boys would ease up on drinkin'. I was pretty fond of Danny an' Gene. I'm afraid Gene's done fer, sure. If he crosses the border where he can fight it won't take long fer him to get plugged. I guess I'm gettin' old. I don't stand things like I used to."

"Bill, I reckon I'd better hit the Peloncello trail. Maybe I can find Danny."
"I reckon you had, Nels," replied Stillwell. "But don't take more'n a couple of days. We can't do much on the round-up without you. I'm short of boys."

That ended the conversation. Stillwell immediately began to hitch up his team, and the cowboys went out to fetch their strayed horses. Madeline had been curiously interested, and she saw that Florence knew it.

"Things happen," Miss Hammond, she said, soberly, almost sadly.
Madeline thought. And then straightway Florence began brightly to hum a tune and to busy herself repacking what was left of the lunch. Madeline suddenly conceived a strong liking and respect for this Western girl.

Soon they were once more bowling along the road down a gradual incline, and then they began to climb a long ridge that had for hours hidden what lay beyond. That climb was rather tiresome, owing to the sun and the dust and the restricted view.

Presently, at the top of the steep ascent, Stillwell got out and walked, leading the team. During this long climb fatigue claimed Madeline, and she drowsily closed her eyes, to find when she opened them again that the glaring white sky had changed to a steel-blue. The sun had sunk behind the foothills and the air was growing chilly. Stillwell had returned to the driving-seat and was chuckling to the horses. Shadows crept up out of the hollows.

"Wal, Flo," said Stillwell. "I reckon we'd better hev the rest of that there lunch before dark."
"You didn't leave much of it," laughed Florence, as she produced the basket from under the seat.

While they ate, the short twilight shaded and gloom filled the hollows. Madeline was glad to have the robes close around her and to lean against Florence. There were drowsier spells in which she lost a feeling of where she was, and these were disturbed by the jolt of wheels over a rough place. Then came a blank interval, short or long, which ended in a more violent lurch of the buckboard. Madeline awoke to find her head on Florence's shoulder. She sat up laughing and apologizing for her laziness. Florence assured her they would soon reach the ranch.

CHAPTER V

The Round-Up.

It was a crackling and roaring of fire that awakened Madeline next morning, and the first thing she saw was a huge stone fireplace in which lay a bundle of blazing sticks. Some one had kindled a fire while she slept. For a moment the curious sensation of being lost returned to her. She just dimly remembered reaching the ranch and being taken into a huge house, and she seemed to her that she had gone to sleep at once, and had awakened without remembering how she had gotten to bed.

With a knock on the door and a cheerful greeting, Florence entered, carrying steaming hot water.
"Good mawwin', Miss Hammond. Hope you slept well. You sure were tired last night. I imagine you'll find this old ranch-house as cold as a barn. It'll warm up directy. Al's come with the boys and Bill. We're to ride down on the range after a while when your baggage comes. Breakfast will be ready soon, and after that we'll look about the place."

Madeline was charmed with the old

Spanish horse, and the more she saw of it the more she thought what a delightful home it could be made. At the doors opened into a courtyard, or patio, as Florence called it. The house was low, in the shape of a rectangle, and so immense in size that Madeline wondered if it had been a Spanish barracks. Florence led the way out on a porch and waved a hand at a vast, colored void. "That's what Bill likes," she said.

At first Madeline could not tell what was sky and what was land. The immensity of the scene stunned her faculties of conception. She sat down in one of the old rocking-chairs and looked and looked, and knew that she was not grasping the reality of what stretched wondrously before her.

"We're up at the edge of the foothills," Florence said. "I'll sure take you, a little while to get used to being up high and seeing so much. That's the secret—we're up high, the air is clear, and there's the whole bare world beneath us. Here—see that cloud of dust down in the valley? It's the round-up. The boys are there, and the cattle. Wait, I'll get the glasses."

"The round-up! I want to know all about it—to see it!" declared Madeline. "Please tell me what it means, what it's for, and then take me down there."

"I'll sure open your eyes, Miss Hammond. I'm glad you care to know. Your brother would have made a big success in this cattle business if it hadn't been for crooked work by rival ranchers. He'll make it yet, in spite of them."

"Indeed he shall," replied Madeline. "But tell me, please, all about the round-up."

"Well, in the first place, every cattlemen has to have a brand to identify his stock. Without it no cattlemen, nor half a hundred cowboys, if he had so many, could ever recognize all the cattle in a big herd. There are no fences on our ranges. They are all open to everybody. Every year we have two big round-ups, but the boys do some branding all the year. A calf should be branded as soon as it's found. This is a safeguard against cattle-thieves. We don't have the rustling of herds and bunches of cattle like we used to."

"We have our big round-up in the fall when there's plenty of grass and water, and all the riding-stock as well as the cattle are in fine shape. The cattlemen in the valley meet with their cowboys and drive in all the cattle they can find. Then they brand and cut out each man's herd and drive it toward home. Then they go on up or down the valley, make another camp, and drive in more cattle. It takes weeks."

For Madeline the morning hours flew by, with a goodly part of the time spent on the porch gazing out over that over-changing vista. At noon a teamster drove up with her trunks. Then while Florence helped the Mexican woman get lunch Madeline unpacked part of her effects and got out things for which she would have immediate need. After lunch she changed her dress for a riding-habit and, going outside, found Florence waiting with the horses.

As Madeline rode along she made good use of her eyes. The soil was sandy and porous, and she understood why the rain and water from the few springs disappeared so quickly. What surprised her was the fact that, though she and Florence had seemed to be riding quite awhile, they had apparently not drawn any closer to the round-up. The slope of the valley was noticeable after some miles had been traversed.

Gradually black dots enlarged and assumed shape of cattle and horses moving round a great dusty patch. In another half-hour Madeline rode behind Florence to the outskirts of the

scene of action. A roar of trampling hooves filled her ears. The lines of marching cattle had merged into a great, moving herd half obscured by dust.



Gradually Black Dots Enlarged and Assumed Shape of Cattle and Horses Moving Around a Great Dusty Patch.

"I hope I have found myself—my work, my happiness, here under the light of that western star."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

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Judging from reports from druggists who are constantly in direct touch with the public, there is one preparation that has been very successful in overcoming these conditions. The mild and healing influence of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable record of success. An examining physician for one of the prominent Life Insurance Companies, in an interview on the subject, made the astonishing statement that one reason why so many applicants for insurance are rejected is because kidney trouble is so common to the American people, and the large majority of those whose applications are declined do not even suspect that they have the disease. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is on sale at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large. However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Advertisement.

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"Do look at your jammy mouth," exclaimed the nurse. "I can't, Nanna," replied the child. "My face is on it."

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BOY SCOUTS

(Continued by National Council of the Boy Scouts of America.)

MOTHERS AID SCOUT SONS

"Mother," whose commendation counts for the most and whose approval is hardest to win in matters pertaining to the welfare of her boy, is more and more showing herself "heart and soul" with scouting, as attested by the growing number of scout mothers' clubs and auxiliaries.

"Faith, love and protection of our boys," is the motto of the Topeka (Kan.) Scout Mothers' club; its purpose, "to assist the scoutmaster in any possible way in advancing the cause and to learn in our association together, more of our responsibilities as mothers of scouts."

In Portsmouth, Va., members of the Scouts' Mothers' club wear bows of ribbon, in accordance with the rating of their boys. This club aims to keep the meaning of the scout oath and law before the community, to maintain a feeling of comradeship between mother and son, to co-operate with the scout leaders in their work, and to put before new residents the advantage of having their boys join the scout movement.

"We are very proud of our Scout Mothers' club and think it would be splendid for every troop to have one," advocates a Buffalo scoutmaster. From Philadelphia comes the statement: "Mothers' auxiliaries formed in a number of our troops seem to be filling a real need." The miniature pin for women associates is popular in Montclair, N. J., "and worn by worthwhile women, certainly carries a worth-while message," comments a local scout official.

In a number of other communities well-organized clubs with constitutions and by-laws exist and do a splendid work.

"The supreme compliment to scouting," says a woman observer, "is the mother's praise and assistance."

HONOR UNKNOWN SOLDIERS



Eagle Scout Conrad Strayer of Troop 29 of York, Pa., at the tomb of the unknown soldier, Arlington cemetery, upon the occasion of the fourth educational tour of the boy scouts of York.

A BOY SCOUT HERO

The great moment in a scout's life when his preparedness can be the means of saving a human life, came to First-Class Scout Cecil Smith Birch of Troop 9, Texarkana, Texas, under circumstances requiring resourcefulness and courage to a high degree. Birch, who is suffering with tuberculosis of the bone of the lower leg, was walking slowly towards home after school when he was attracted by a sudden scream from a tree nearby, and saw there a small boy caught high up in the branches and hanging to an electric wire. The crippled boy climbed to the top of the tree within a few inches of the menacing current. On account of the heavy voltage he did not touch the child's body with his hands until after he had freed him from the wire. This Birch managed to do by taking off his vest which had large armholes in it, throwing it over one of the child's legs and then jerking him from the wire. The scout caught the little fellow in one arm, then brought him down from the tree and carried him to his home. There he administered first-aid treatment pending the arrival of the doctor.

"CIVIC HIKE" FOR SCOUTS

A number of boy scout councils make use of a "know-your-city" series of hikes to strengthen civic pride and interest. Milwaukee, Wis.; Newark, N. J.; Seattle, Wash.; Washington, D. C.; and Stamford, Conn., are among those councils sponsoring trips to various points of industrial and historical interest. A visit to the local telephone company, an inspection of manufacturing plants, a tour of historic grounds, all are typical features of this knowledge-by-hiking activity.

Community Building

YOUNG COUPLE NEEDS HOME

Means Much for Their Prospect of Happiness in the Years Stretching Before Them.

Mrs. Fred Drelver, head of the woman's division in a prominent Detroit real estate firm, thinks the home owner has all the best of it.

"Of course there are men with money who believe that an investment in non-taxable stocks is better than home owning, when you take into consideration high rate of taxation and the cost of building and maintenance. But the woman's side of it isn't considered in such a view. A woman wants a home. The family are happier, more united in interests, and there is a feeling of responsibility toward the community, and each other that is engendered where the home belongs to the family who lives in it."

"One thing that keeps the apartment houses filled," said Mrs. Drelver, "is many a man's disinclination for home work. He is often downright lazy about the house. Some men won't fire a furnace nor carry ashes, and some wives are looking for an easy time, too, so they tuck themselves up in a stuffy apartment and let the children, if they have any, breathe bad air. If they were willing to take a little extra trouble, they could go out farther from the city center and have a small home—but, of course, they wouldn't be near the movies, and there would be more work to do."

"It's the only thing for the young couple starting out in life. They should try to get a home of their own."

INSTINCT IS TO OWN HOME

No Possession More Desirable, and the Great Majority of People Recognize the Fact.

In the old days—days not so old after all when you come to think of it—the home was the center of social activities, the place where all family pleasures were enjoyed. And the pride of every family head was to own his home; to know that the abiding place he provided for his loved ones was theirs, endeared to them by possession and insuring to them a shelter in the event of untoward circumstance.

In these days it sometimes seems that we are drifting away from the home. Life is more complex; social and entertainment features are provided in such unlimited and varied directions that we are tempted away from the roof tree during most of our hours of recreation. The old-fashioned ways of entertaining "company," the pleasant home parties are almost forgotten.

And with this there has come to some persons a feeling that there are other possessions more desirable than a home. The desire for home owning seems to have been stifled in them.

But this is but a transient phase in the lives of a relatively few people. The home-owning instinct is a true one and one that is not supplanted by any other for any length of time—Exchange.

Capitalizing Barber Shop Talk

All the barbers of Lebanon, Penn., were recently invited to a smoker given by the chamber of commerce. The invitations were extended in the belief that the barbers have a continuous opportunity to give visitors a favorable impression of the city, that many barber shops are forums of public discussion where municipal questions are freely argued, and that the barbers should have a true conception of the city's development with an understanding of the part taken by the chamber of commerce in the general progress. The invitations made it plain that the smoker was not in any way a scheme to promote the chamber's membership or influence. The barbers got an entirely new point of view on their opportunities for service to the city, and have actually made use of these opportunities.—The Nation's Business.

"Co-operating" the Sales Managers

The St. Louis Chamber of Commerce has an active sales managers' bureau, the purposes of which are to build up the city by increasing its sales and to serve the city's trade territory efficiently. These purposes are effected through good-will tours, by educating sales managers in better methods of merchandising their products and of serving their trade, by publishing a weekly bulletin containing items of benefit to sales managers, by entertaining visiting buyers and delegates attending important conventions, and through the preparation of motion pictures.

Cities Adopt Manager Plan

Berkeley, Calif.; Modesto, Stockton, San Mateo, Santa Rosa and Visalia, Cal.; Brookville, Kalamazoo, Fort Pierce, Leesburg and Orlando, Fla.; Albany, Ga.; Maywood, Ill., and St. Johnsbury, Vt., have adopted the city manager plan during the last two months.

Keep the Lawn Beautiful

The lawn is the most important feature of beautiful home surroundings. Don't chop it up with beds or shrubs, but keep these at the sides.

Sioux Sue Uncle Sam



By ELMO SCOTT WATSON

THE Sioux have taken to the war-path again!

Half a century ago that would have meant a strange restlessness among their young men in spring, an impatient waiting until the prairie grass was green enough to fill out the lean sides of their war ponies, and then the throbbing of war drums to send them forth against the white man.

But this year it's different. The Sioux will fight the white man in the United States Court of Claims, and legal documents and the oratory of lawyers instead of war club and lance will be his weapons.

For the great Dakota nation has filed suit against the United States for a total of nearly \$220,000,000 which the Indians say is due them for lands seized by the government. Added to this amount is enough interest to bring the total up to nearly three quarters of a billion of dollars, making it one of the largest suits ever filed in any court in this country.

The biggest item in the bill which the Sioux are trying to collect from Uncle Sam is for \$150,000,000 in payment for the Black Hills of South Dakota which they say were taken from them by force of arms and in violation of all sacred treaty obligations. So they are going to make one last fight for their beloved "Pah-sap-pah" (Black Hills), for which such tribal heroes as Red Cloud and Crazy Horse, Gull and Spotted Tail once fought so valiantly and so unavailingly.

Back of this legal action is a story through the fabric of which runs a shining thread of gold. To pick up that thread you must go back to Fort Laramie, the old Fort Laramie of the American Fur company, the Laramie of Jim Bridger and Kit Carson and the other old-time long-haired mountain men. Past this famous post ran the Oregon trail and over it in 1849 were hurrying thousands of men with their faces set toward the West, toward the gold fields of California.

The reckless slaughter of game by the Argonauts incited to fury the Ogalala and Brule Sioux. When the Indian depredations became unbearable, a grand council of all the tribes in that region—Sioux, Cheyenne, Arapahos, Crow, Gros Ventre, Mandan and Arikara—was called at Laramie by the government. There in 1851 the tribes signed a treaty guaranteeing undisturbed passage for emigrant trains. The lands guaranteed to the Sioux included the Black Hills.

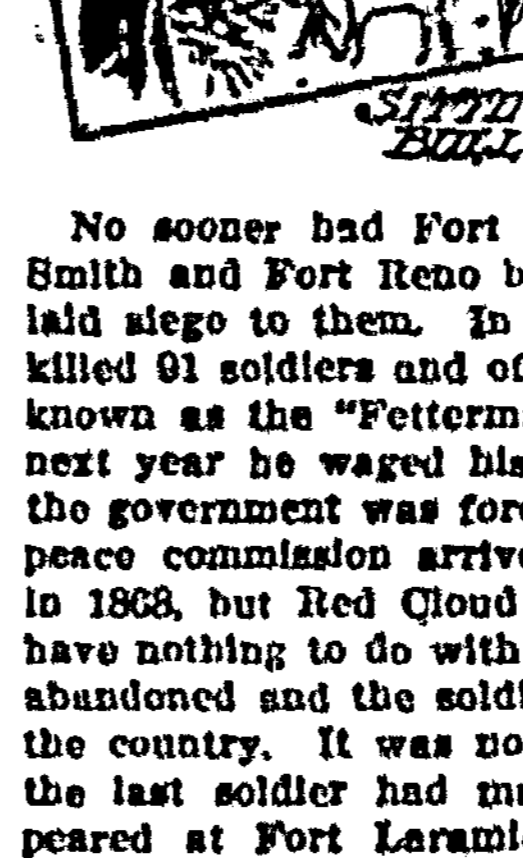
But as the tide of emigration flowed on and continued to frighten away the buffalo, the Brule Sioux renewed their attacks on wagon trains. Then Gen. William S. Harney appeared on the scene with 1,200 soldiers. At the Battle of Ash Hollow, Neb., he won a victory which many consider little more than a massacre of Indians who were trapped and would have surrendered if given the chance. But he did his work so thoroughly that the Sioux were willing to sign a treaty at Fort Pierre in March, 1856, in which they again promised to allow the gold-seekers to travel in peace.

The Sioux were then left in undisturbed possession of the Hills for nearly a decade. In the meantime Spotted Tail and his Brules had renewed their depredations along the Oregon trail and they nearly put both the Overland Stage line and the Pacific telegraph out of commission. The government was too busy with the Civil war to repeat Harney's measures, however, and "Old Spot" was pretty much boss of the whole trans-Missouri country.

In 1863 the thread of gold appears again. This time the gold was in Montana and Idaho and the rush of miners there led to a demand for a better route to the new diggings. Accordingly congress authorized the construction of a road from Fort Laramie on the Oregon trail to Bozeman, Mont., to run diagonally across the country west of the Black Hills and skirt the Big Horn mountains in Montana and Wyoming. Incidentally, it ran through the heart of the Ogalala Sioux buffalo range.

Red Cloud, a young Ogalala chief who had risen to the position of the greatest leader of the Sioux, actively resisted this violation of the treaty of 1851. The government sent out a commission to treat for a right-of-way. At first, neither Red Cloud nor Spotted Tail would treat, but in June, 1868, they were persuaded to come into Fort Laramie for a council. In the midst of the council Col. H. B. Carrington, with a force of 700 soldiers, arrived at Laramie under orders to build forts along the new road.

Red Cloud holly denounced the white men for "trying to steal the road before the Indians had a chance to say yes or no." "Are we to give up the sacred graves of our ancestors to be plowed up for corn?" he demanded of his tribesmen. "Dakotas, I run for war!" So he withdrew from the council. Spotted Tail, however, was wiser and signed the treaty allowing the road to be built.



RED CLOUD

From a photo by G. A. Berry



SITTING BULL

From a photo by G. A. Berry

No sooner had Fort Phil Kearney, Fort C. F. Smith and Fort Reno been built than Red Cloud laid siege to them. In December he cut off and killed 81 soldiers and officers in what is popularly known as the "Fetterman massacre" and for the next year he waged his war so successfully that the government was forced to sue for peace. The peace commission arrived at Fort Laramie early in 1868, but Red Cloud sent word that he would have nothing to do with them until the forts were abandoned and the soldiers were withdrawn from the country. It was not until November 6, after the last soldier had marched away, that he appeared at Fort Laramie to sign. He had won every point for which he had been fighting. It was a square backyard for the government and a complete victory for the Ogalala leader.

This treaty, besides providing for a permanent peace between the Sioux and the United States, gave to the Indians all of the present state of South Dakota, west of the Missouri river, including the Black Hills, for their "absolute and undisturbed use and occupation." It also expressly agreed that into the country north of the Platte river and east of the Big Horn mountains no white man should enter without permission of the Sioux.

In 1871, surveyors for the Northern Pacific railroad began laying a route along the south bank of the Yellowstone river. The Sioux declared this was a violation of the treaty of 1868. The government ignored the protest and forts were built along the line of the railroad.

Heretofore there had been two outstanding figures in the drama of the Sioux fight for their land—Red Cloud of the Ogalalas and Spotted Tail of the Brules. Now enters a third, Sitting Bull, chief and medicine man of the Uncpapas, whose territory was now being profaned by the "iron horse of the white man." The Brules and the Ogalalas were indignant, but would not join in a general war. So the work proceeded.

Once more the golden thread appeared. In 1874, Gen. Phil Sheridan, commander of the department of the Missouri, decided that effective control of the Sioux along the Northern Pacific depended upon establishment of a military post in the Black Hills. So he sent Gen. G. A. Custer to make a reconnaissance of the region. The Indians declared this a violation of the treaty of the most flagrant sort. Custer finished his scout and made a glowing report on the region. To cap it all, he added one word—gold!

When the word went out, "Gold in the Black Hills" there was a stampede. Sheridan tried in vain to stem the tide of gold-seekers. His soldiers captured the miners, escorted them out of the Hills and destroyed their outfits. But no display of military force could keep a gold-mad people from this promised land. In 1875 Prof. Walter P. Jenney, a geologist, under military escort (another violation of the treaty, the Sioux declared), explored the Black Hills and corroborated Custer. There was nothing to do but try to buy the Black Hills from the Sioux.

The government sent a commission to treat with them. By this time the Indians were convinced that "Pah-sap-pah" represented a vast storehouse of wealth for which the white man would be willing to pay almost any price. But they were divided in opinion as to what policy to pursue. One faction was willing to sign an absolute relinquishment, but another would not part with their loved Hills for any price.

The valuation set upon the region by the Sioux ranged from \$40,000,000 to \$70,000,000. Believing that there was no chance of obtaining a relinquishment of the region, the commissioners sought the consent of the Indians to allow mining to be carried on under a lease system. They offered an annual rental of \$400,000 for the right to mine and cultivate the soil, or, as an alternative, a sum of \$5,000,000 for the outright purchase of the Hills.

The councils, held at Red Cloud's agency on the White river, were marked by scenes of disorder and bloodshed, was prevented only by the firm stand of Young Man Afraid of His Horse, hereditary chief of the Ogalalas. All efforts to effect a compromise proved fruitless and the council ended in no bargain at all. The Sioux were desperate. The horde of miners was still pouring into the Hills. One camp alone, Custer City, had a population of 11,000. The Indians also noted that the military had slackened its efforts to bar the stampede. In the winter of 1876-77 many of the Sioux, in-

cluding the Uncpapas under Sitting Bull and Gull and the Ogalalas under Crazy Horse, were hunting in the Powder river country. They held this within their rights, under the treaty. But the commissioner of Indian affairs decided that they must remain near the agencies assigned them and sent out word that unless they had returned by February 1, 1876, they would be considered hostile and soldiers would be sent to bring them in. They did not return, for they had not finished their hunting, so the Department of the Interior turned them over to the War department.

The result is history, the history of the great Sioux war of 1876-77. It includes the attack made by General Custer on the big Indian camp on the Little Big Horn and the great victory won by the hosts of Gull and Crazy Horse; the campaigns of Crook and Terry and Miles, with their inevitable result for the Sioux. At the outbreak of the war Spotted Tail, who had become known as "Friend of the White Man," held the majority of the Brules quiet. Red Cloud and his Ogalalas were surrounded by General Mackenzie before they could take the war trail, disarmed, dismounted and kept under surveillance throughout the war. At the end of the war Crazy Horse, having been crushingly defeated by Miles, had come into the agency and surrendered. Sitting Bull and Gull had been driven into Canada.

Then another commission was appointed to treat with the Sioux. The document, which the white men had prepared in advance, gave the Dakotas certain reservations in North and South Dakota, where they were to receive specified rations until they were able to support themselves. But there was no mention of giving back to them the Black Hills or the buffalo country of the Powder and Yellowstone rivers.

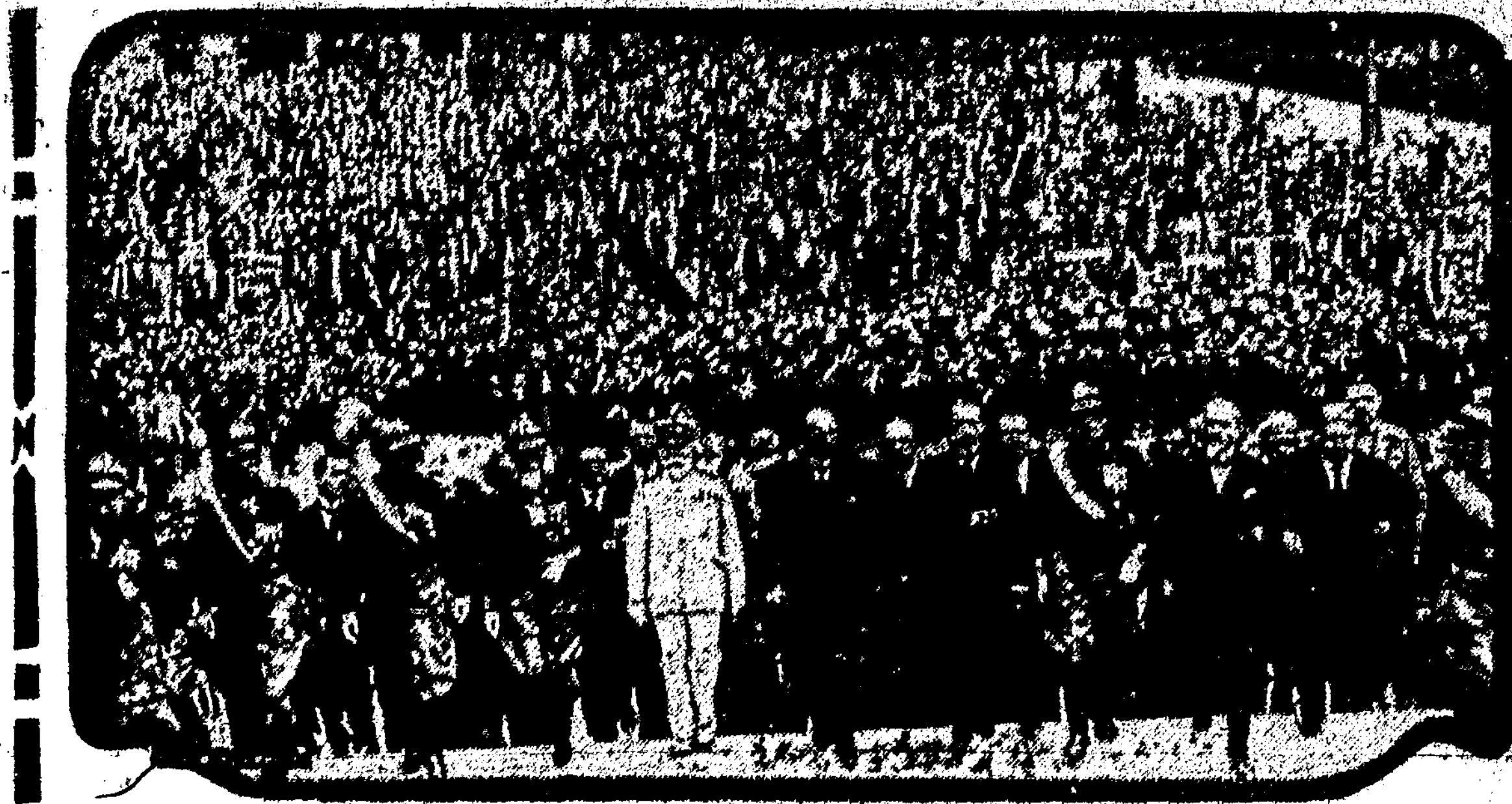
Gene were all the dreams of the Sioux of receiving a vast sum of money for "Pah-sap-pah," their storehouse of gold. There was no talk of being paid for mining rights or for the absolute relinquishment of the Hills. Defeated, dismounted, disarmed, there was nothing for them to do but sign the treaty offered them. There was a tragic note in the grimy humorous remark of American Horse, an Ogalala chief, when he said: "If you have to wear gold slippers to enter the white man's heaven, no Indian will ever get there, for the whites have the Black Hills and with them all the gold." So the men of the Dakota nation signed the treaty and "Pah-sap-pah" was lost to them forever.

And that is why the Sioux are on the warpath today. The history of the Black Hills since 1876 shows that the Sioux price of \$70,000,000 was not exorbitant, for many times that amount of gold has been taken out, not to mention the other forms of wealth which modern industry has developed. Now they are asking for recompense of only \$100 an acre for the gold-bearing lands and \$50 an acre for the forest land.

FACTS ABOUT INDIAN SUMMER

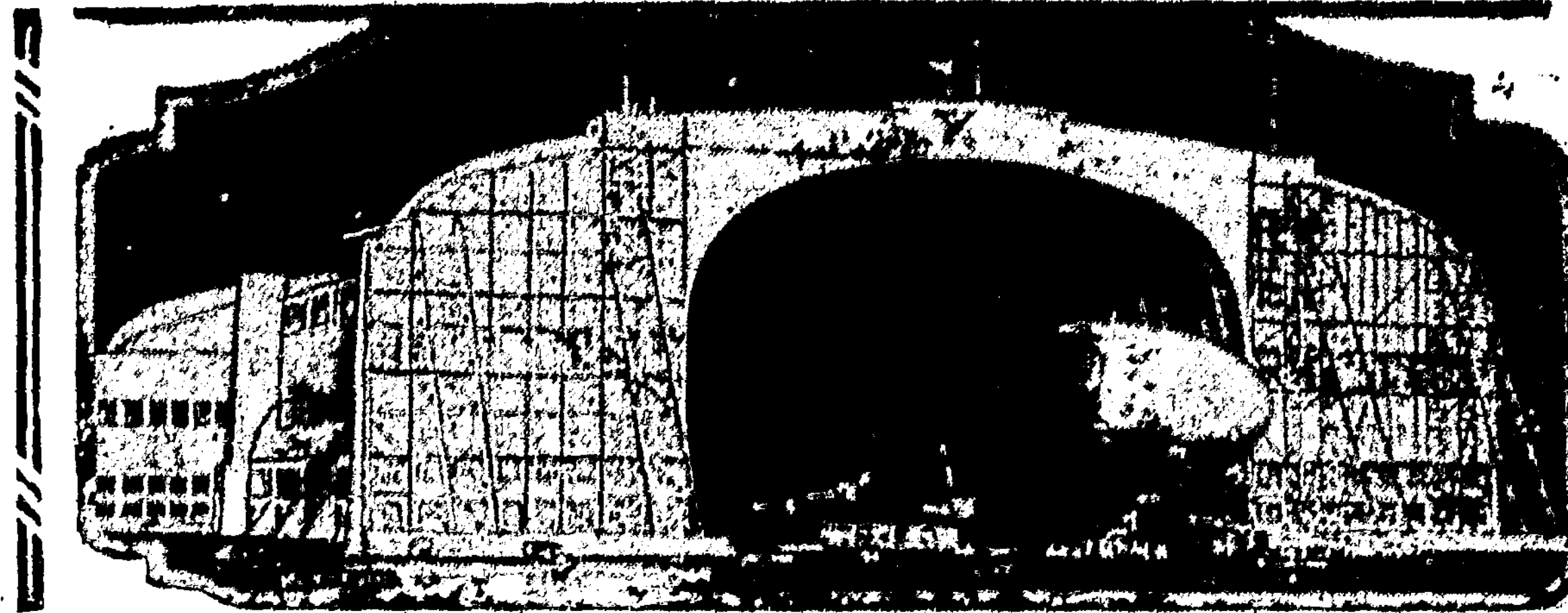
Indian summer is a term descriptive of our characteristic autumn season and was first used by a Frenchman, Crèvecoeur, in 1778, according to Professor Robert DeC. Ward of Harvard University. Crèvecoeur called it "l'été Sauvage" of which "Indian Summer" is a fair translation. Early writers thought the term received general use because of the resemblance of this deceiving and transitory season to the instability of the Indian disposition. From a weather man's viewpoint Indian summer is just a phenomenon resulting from a sluggish movement of the areas of high and low barometer across the country, and the fixation for a time of high barometer in the south with low pressure in the northwest, giving general southwest winds and mild weather.

Italians Celebrating the Piave Victory



Mussolini, accompanied by Admiral de Revel and surrounded by veterans of the war from all parts of Italy, at the commemorative exercises in front of the tomb of Italy's Unknown Soldier in Rome, on the anniversary of the Battle of the Piave.

Navy Airship Leaving the Big Lakehurst Hangar



A view of the giant navy airship hangar at the naval air station, Lakehurst, N. J., showing the airship ZR-1 coming out ready for flight. The size of the hangar and airship is shown in comparison with the freight cars in front of the doors.

The AMERICAN LEGION

(Copy for This Department Supplied by the American Legion News Service.)

LEGION TO SEEK NEW LAWS

National Legislative Committee Drafts Broad Program for Next Session of Congress.

The American Legion's national legislative committee has drafted the Legion's program of national legislation, to be submitted to the Sixty-eighth congress. The program represents the recommendations adopted at the last national convention of the organization. It is designed to assist the interests of ex-service men and to express the Legion's conception of national progress. The schedule includes eight principal proposals, as follows:

Adjusted compensation for all former soldiers, sailors and marines.

Creation of a standing committee in the house of representatives to handle only veteran legislation.

Retirement privileges for disabled emergency army officers with the same status as officers of the regular army, as provided for in the Bureau bill, held in committee at the last session of congress.

Further liberalization of the war risk insurance act to extend the period of service origin of tuberculosis from three to five years.

Enactment of a universal draft law by which the President, in the event of war, would be empowered to draft capital, labor, industry, and transportation, as well as man power.

Adoption by congress of a permanent immigration policy, based on restriction and selection, although the Legion may insist on total exclusion of immigrants for five years until thorough Americanization of those now in this country has resulted.

Authorization of an archives building in which to preserve war records now housed in buildings which are not fireproof.

Distribution of captured and surrendered war trophies among the various states in proportion to their number of men in the service.

"ARLINGTON OF THE WEST"

Cemetery for Ten Thousand Veterans and Members of Their Families, Opened in California.

"The Arlington of the West," a cemetery for ten thousand veterans of the World war and their families, has been formally opened by the American Legion at Glendale, California. The American Legion plot in the memorial park is considered a great achievement for the Legion in the West, for in future years there will be concentrated the resting places of thousands of veterans of the recent war, a project second only to the governmental cemetery near Washington.

At the formal ceremony which opened the park practically every person of southern California who had relatives in the World war was in attendance, and prominent citizens from all over the country joined in the dedicatory service. One of the speakers was Governor James G. Scruggs of Nevada, a past national vice commander of the American Legion, said to have been the first Legionnaire to have ever been elected to the governorship of a state. Governor Richardson of California and Congressman Walter Lineberger of San Francisco, together with many prominent Legionnaires, were in attendance.

Full military honors were accorded the remains of seventeen World war veterans, the first to be buried in the Legion plot. These bodies were interred with special symbolic ceremony prepared for the occasion.

The memorial park is beautifully located and is accessible by splendid highways from all points of southern California.

ALASKA CEMETERY IN ORDER

American Legion Members of Sitka Post Restore Long-Deserted Graves of Soldiers.

When a correspondence with officials in Washington brought no results, American Legion members in far-off Sitka, Alaska, restored a military cemetery in which were buried a number of American marines, who had died there in service during and following the gold stampede in 1898.

The place of burial which was designated as a national military and naval cemetery had been neglected since 1912. It was overgrown with weeds and the grave markers were blackened and obliterated.

Accumulating a supply of rakes, axes, haws and picks the Legion men one evening gathered at the cemetery to restore order to the chaos. The work continued several nights. Members of the American Legion auxiliary served sandwiches and coffee to the Legionnaires and to the townspeople who began to join in the undertaking as it progressed. At length a fair semblance of order was established.

When the job was over the veterans did not cease activities until they had induced the warden general of the navy to authorize an expenditure of \$1,200 for the upkeep of the cemetery. The governor of Alaska immediately appointed the Sitka post of the Legion to administer the fund.

AN OLD ENGINEER GIVES EVIDENCE

"I would rather give up my house and home than the benefits I received from Tanlac," declared Grant Osborn, 214 W. Evans Ave., Pueblo, Colo., thirty years locomotive engineer for the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad.

"I'm absolutely free now from a case of stomach trouble I suffered with for forty years and that got so bad food always caused a burning sensation like fire in the pit of my stomach. Three years ago, following flu, this indigestion took an acute form and after that I couldn't eat without my stomach causing me agony. Why, even the smell of food cooking made me sick. I couldn't work for days at a time and was so miserable I lost all interest in life.

"Tanlac got right after my troubles six months ago and ever since then I've been eating anything that strikes my fancy. Even such things as mince pie don't hurt me and I feel fine in every way. I can't praise Tanlac enough."

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Accept no substitute. Over 87 million bottles sold.

Tanlac Vegetable Pills are Nature's own remedy for constipation. For sale everywhere.—Advertisement.

Why Not? Willie—Pa, you build a house on ground, don't you? Dad (immersed in the evening paper)—Of course, you don't build it on air.

"Well, when wheat is ground, could you build a house on it?"

RECORD IN CROPS

Western Canada Farmers Assured of Bountiful Yields.

Conditions Reported From All Parts of the Province Satisfactory in the Highest Degree—Pass Expectations.

From as early as April 17, when seeding became general throughout the Western Canadian Provinces, was there anything but optimism in the feelings of the farmers of that country. An uninterrupted chain of favorable conditions have bound the early seeding data with the conditions of the crop today. There were no setbacks. There may have been a hail storm or two—with some ill effects through portions of the country, but the track they took was so small that the percentage of loss was almost imperceptible compared with the whole. Rains fell just when needed, the sun shone as it regulated by the farmer himself, the ground, generally, was in perfect condition and fully responsive. It is now a question of rivalry between districts and provinces which will produce the greatest results in crop yields and averages. Out in Alberta, whether it be in the north or in the south, that which gave assurance, in a well-prepared seed bed, of an excellent crop is passing expectation, and experts say there will be produced a crop away greater than ever before in the history of the province, and Alberta has had some big yields. Then, in Saskatchewan there exist the same conditions. The extreme north and extreme south will vie with the east and west in the story of harvest and threshing time.

Manitoba, while not boastful, complacently watches fields of wheat, oats, rye and barley that promise to set a new record for that province.

The fact is apparent that Western Canada will have a crop yield in all grains away ahead of any year in the history of the country. This will be pleasing news to the thousands in the United States, who have friends and relatives farming in that country. It should not be forgotten that these crops will be raised on land that in many cases cost less than \$40 an acre and some of it was procured by merely homesteading. It is possible today to secure improved farms at very low figures, as well as raw or virgin prairie. Any Canadian government agent will gladly give information as to the condition of the crops, and dates when special rates may be had by those who wish to look over what is probably one of the greatest grain fields on the continent.—Advertisement.

Identifying Him.

"Paw," asked young Greedy Johnson. "What's a millionaire?" "He's an old feller," answered Gap Johnson of Rumpus Ridge, "that gets shot by a lady that ain't no kin of his'n."—Kansas City Star.

To Have a Clear, Sweet Skin

Touch pimples, redness, roughness or itching, in any, with Cuticura Ointment, then bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Rinse, dry gently and dust on a little Cuticura Talcum to leave a fascinating fragrance on skin. Everywhere 25c each.—Advertisement.

Canada's 60,000 War Graves.

Canada has 60,000 war graves in France, England and Belgium, all of which have been marked by the Imperial war graves commission.

To Be Exact

Judge—Have you ever been convicted before? Ericsson—No, always after.

DENVER BUSINESS DIRECTORY

SPECIAL RUSH SERVICE secured at low cost. This paper twice writing films below.

ROHM-ALLEN JEWELRY CO. Mfg. and repairing. All orders promptly attended to. Est. 1879. 16th & Champa.

CLEANERS AND DYERS.

GRUND DRY CLEANING DENVER'S EXPERT DYER Established TWENTY-FOUR YEARS GRUND BUILDING, 17TH & LOGAN

McMURTRY PAINTS AND VARNISHES DENVER, COLO.

Sold by Leading Dealers

HOTELS.

WINDSOR, 18th & Larimer. Rooms 75c up. Special rates to permanent guests.

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Pianos and player pianos of our own manufacture of every description. Free exchange privilege. Lowest prices, reasonable terms. Write for a catalog, please.

THE MALDEN PIANO COMPANY 1639 California St.

DIAMONDS.

JOB. A. SCHWARTZ, Jeweler, Diamonds, watch repairing. 10th & Sixteenth Street.

INFORMATION DEPARTMENT

Commercial inquiries answered and information gladly furnished without cost. Address any firm above.

Crop Outlook Good All Over Colorado

Denver.—The outlook for all crops in general in Colorado is above average, and if the present favorable conditions continue, good yields may be expected, according to reports of the United States Division of Crop and Live Stock Estimates. Moisture conditions are favorable, and although many crops were late in starting, rapid growth is now being made. A few complaints of labor shortage are received.

Winter wheat is filling well, and harvesting is commencing in some sections. Although the crop has steadily improved, due to the thin stands, the yields will generally be light. A few spring grains are now making good growth and there is a promising outlook for a good yield.

The corn area shows an increase, and continued warm weather and favorable moisture conditions are resulting in rapid development. The condition of grain sorghums is generally good.

Apples are generally above average, although some reports of hail damage and a heavy June drop are received. Pears and peaches are also above average. The cherry crop is generally good with a few poor reports noted.

All truck crops are in favorable condition, with some hail damage reported. Cautaloups are developing fast; lettuce is generally good; onions are above the average and cabbage is reported fair to good. Beans are generally good with a few poor stands reported.

Ranges and pastures are generally the best in years. All classes of live stock are in good condition with very little disease reported. The first alfalfa crop was thin in some sections, and rain caused much damage during the harvest. The second crop is making a rapid growth and other hay crops are promising.

Potatoes are reported as being above the average with little complaint of excessive bug damage. The outlook for sugar beets is considered good.

Credit Men Urge International Commission

Chicago.—Not only Germany's ability to pay, but the capabilities of all the debtor countries to pay should be fixed as promptly as possible by a commission of business and banking experts representing the nations of the world, says a declaration of the administration committee of the National Association of Creditmen, made public here. "Some of us," says the resolution, "may be disposed to regard these subjects with indifference and to feel they are of no vital concern to our national welfare.

1,170 Sail on Leviathan

Southampton.—The Leviathan, on the last lap of her first round trip as a passenger vessel flying the American flag, sailed for home with 1,170 passengers, 350 in the first-class, 120 second and 700 third-class.

Wholesale Prices Decline

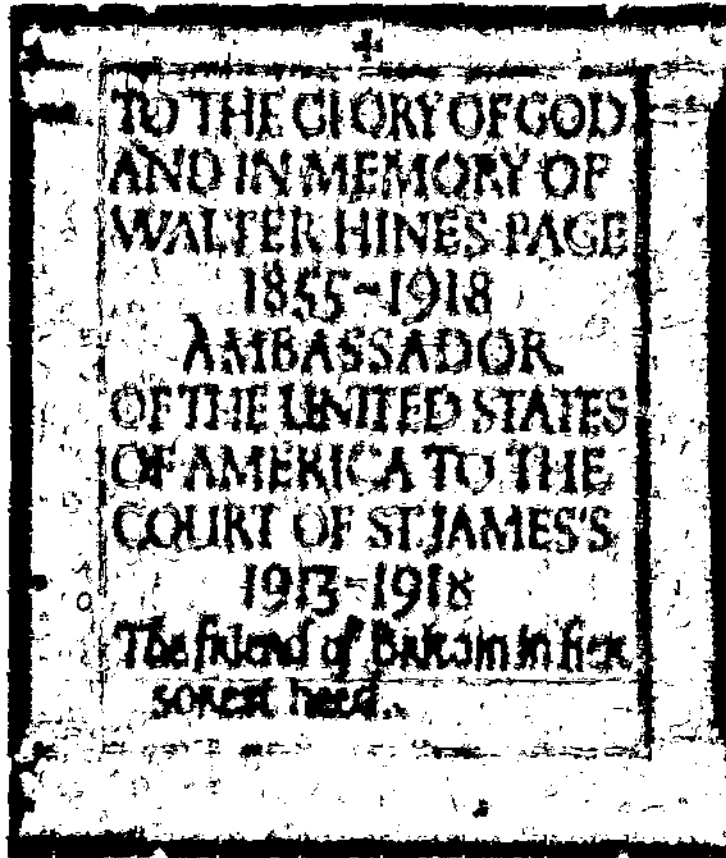
Washington.—Although the general level of wholesale prices throughout the country decreased nearly 2 per cent from May to June, according to figures assembled by the bureau of labor statistics, the retail food index showed an increase of one per cent. Among the 404 commodities included in the wholesale price statistics, building materials showed the largest decrease, averaging four per cent, while metals declined two and three-fourths per cent. Farm products, food, cloth and clothing smaller declines.

"AMERICAN BEAUTY"



Mrs. David G. Calhoun of St. Louis, Mo., just home from Europe, had the distinction of being called the "American Beauty" by Premier Benito Mussolini at a gathering of 50,000 at Venice, Italy.

HONOR PAGE'S MEMORY



Photographic reproduction of the memorial tablet placed on the south wall of the Chapter house, Westminster abbey, in honor of the late Walter H. Page, the American ambassador to Great Britain during the World war. The inscription is in black except for the third and the last lines, which are gone in red.

COSTLY OIL FIRE



Lightning struck two tanks at a Port Arthur, Tex., refinery, causing half a million dollars damage.

Son of Wanamaker Becomes Actor



Charles C. Wanamaker, son of the late merchant prince, has signed his first theatrical contract, in New York, with the show "Thumba Down." This shows him (left) with Myron C. Fagan, author and newspaper writer.

Pickets in Boston Phone Strike



Here are some of Boston's striking telephone girls who are picketing the various exchanges throughout the city. All New England is affected by the strike.

GATHERED FACTS

Of 145,000 employed boys in New York state 50 per cent had left school at fourteen or earlier.

During the Nineteenth century the population of the world grew from 640,000,000 to 1,800,000,000.

Trachoma, a preventable eye disease, is especially prevalent among reservation Indians in Minnesota.

John Henry Stendman, who founded the Christmas Canals association, died in New Jersey recently.

Every known variety of British tree, it is claimed, grows in the park of Blackadder, near Berwick-on-Tweed, England.

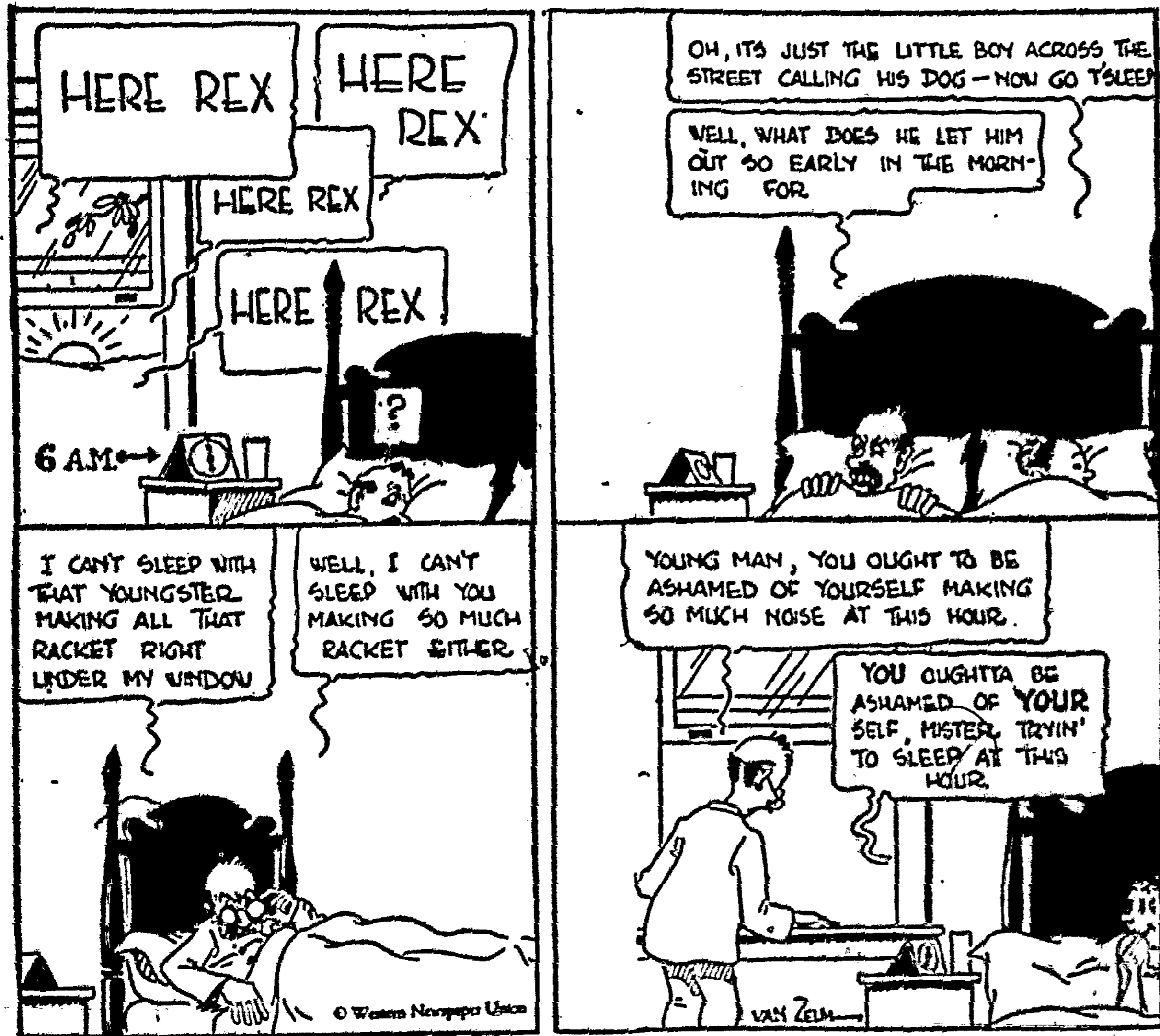
With the completion of a new cable way tourists will be transported in 30 minutes from summer heat to arctic cold on Mount Blanc.

OUR COMIC SECTION

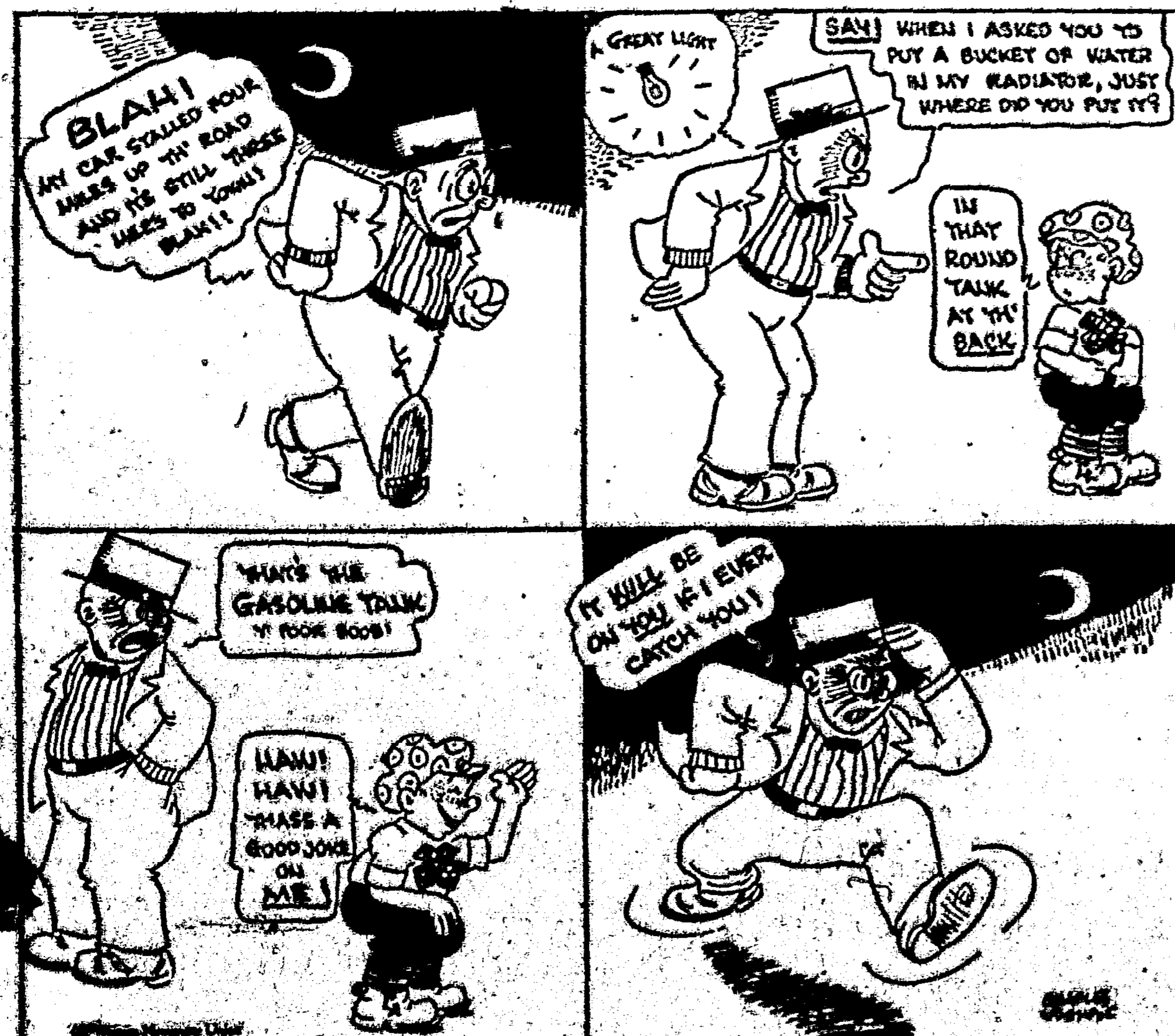
Looking for Red Spots



The Kid Had a Comeback



He Filled the Wrong Tank



The KITCHEN CABINET

The world is all dark or the world is all bright. Just as we choose to make it. Our burden is heavy, our burden is light. Just as we happen to take it. And people who grumble and people who groan. At the world and at every proposal. Would grumble and groan if the world were their own. With sun, moon and stars at disposal. —Harriet Swift.

WHAT TO EAT

During the summer, when bread dries and accumulates, try using the fresher slices for French toast. Beat an egg, add one-half cupful of milk and dip the bread, covering both sides. Fry in a little sweet fat until brown on both sides. Serve with or without maple syrup.

Crumb Muffins.—Take one cupful of fine bread crumbs, one-half cupful of flour, one egg, one cupful of milk, three teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one tablespoonful of sugar and two tablespoonfuls of melted lard. Mix well and pour into heated muffin pans and bake about twenty minutes.

Bread Griddle Cakes.—Take three or four slices of bread, or its equivalent, cover with sour milk and let stand over night. If very dry, dip in cold water before adding to the milk. In the morning add egg and soda and a little flour; beat well and cook as usual on a hot griddle.

Bread Pudding.—Take two cupfuls of stale bread, moisten with a little milk, add three eggs and beat well into the bread crumbs, adding gradually one cupful of sugar and a quart of milk. Flavor with pieces or extract, adding raisins or grated peel, if liked. Bake in a moderate oven until firm.

Currant Pies.—Take two cupfuls of ripe currants; crush and add one cupful of sugar, the yolks of two eggs, slightly beaten, and a tablespoonful of flour mixed with four tablespoonfuls of water. Bake the shell and fill with the above mixture, which has been cooked for five minutes—until well scalded through. Cover with a meringue, using the stiffly-beaten whites of the eggs and four tablespoonfuls of sugar. Brown slightly in a moderate oven.

Cracker Crumb Cake.—Take one and one-half cupfuls of graham cracker crumbs; add one-half cupful of flour, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one-half teaspoonful of salt and one cupful of sugar. To one-quarter of a cupful of softened butter add two beaten eggs, one and one-half cupfuls of sweet milk, one teaspoonful of almond extract. Combine mixtures and beat until well mixed. Bake in a sheet or in tins.

Do like the bird that hating is its right. While on bougie too slight. Feels them give way beneath her, and yet she sings. Knowing that she hath wings. —Victor Hugo.

SUMMER LUXURIES

At this season there is such a wealth of good things to choose that we need not suffer for variety.

Soup of Green Peas.—Shell enough green peas to make a quart, add six cupfuls of water and a sprig of mint; cook until the peas are done, then add salt. Press through a colander, add two tablespoonfuls of sugar, one tablespoonful of arrowroot and a little white pepper. Add to the liquor in which the peas were boiled, stir and cook until well cooked. Have ready a teaspoonful of meat extract dissolved in a little water and stir this into the soup when serving. Chicken or veal stock may be used instead of clear water to cook the peas, making a much more delicate soup.

French Turnips.—Pare, cut into dice and cook until tender one pint of small white turnips. Have ready the following sauce: to four tablespoonfuls of flour, one teaspoonful of salt, one-half teaspoonful of pepper and four tablespoonfuls of butter, add one pint of milk and stir the whole until it boils. Remove from the fire and add two well-beaten eggs, stir for a moment until the eggs are set, add one-fourth of a cupful of scraped onion, then reheat. Remove from the heat and add the juice of a large lemon. Stir rapidly and pour over the turnips in a hot vegetable dish. Sprinkle with a tablespoonful of finely-minced parsley and serve.

Strawberry Vanua.—Make a rich biscuit dough, using two cupfuls of flour, four teaspoonfuls of baking powder, two tablespoonfuls of shortening, one-half teaspoonful of salt and milk to make a mixture to roll. Roll out and cut into good-sized biscuits and place on a plate, set into the steamer and steam for half an hour. Serve with a sauce prepared by mixing two cupfuls of powdered sugar with three-fourths of a cupful of butter and when well-blended add a quart of crushed strawberries. Set in the ice chest to chill and serve with the hot dumplings.

The Quality Car

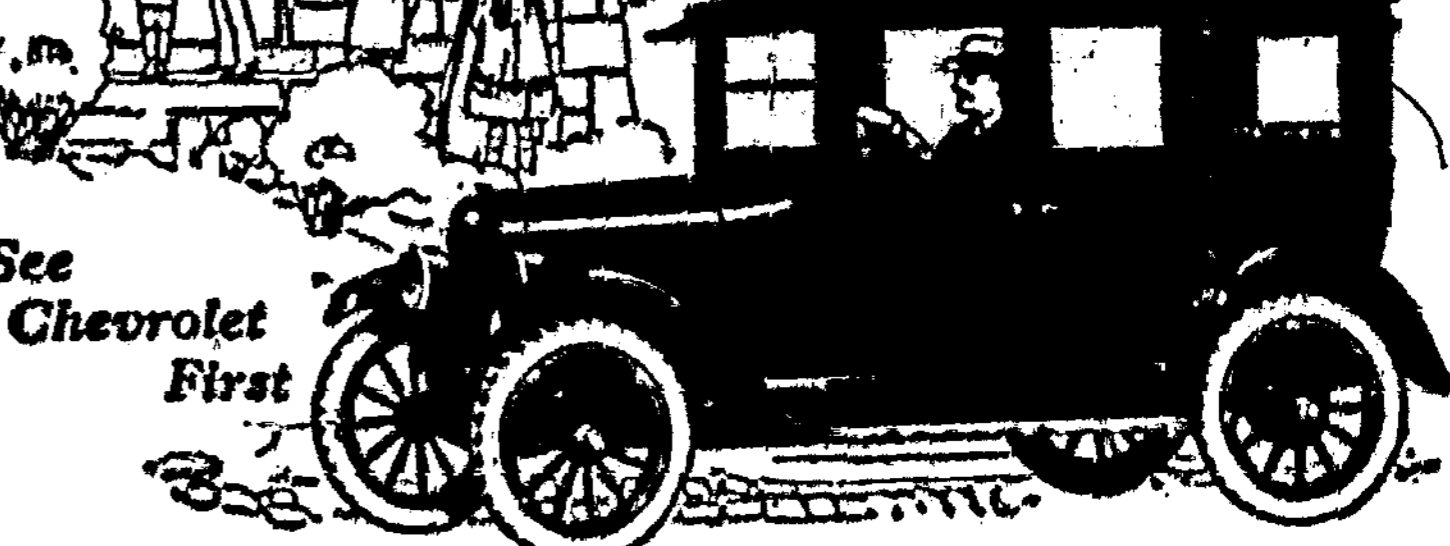
Not alone for every-day utility does Chevrolet represent the world's lowest-priced quality car. It also meets the requirements of particular people for those social and sport occasions when artistic proportion, high-grade coach work, and handsome finish are in harmony with the time and place.

You can be proud of your Chevrolet, combining, as it does, a high degree of engineering efficiency with modern quality features that appeal to the experienced and the discriminating.

Call at our showrooms and discover the astonishing values made possible by the exceptional volume of Chevrolet sales.

Prices f. o. b. Flint, Michigan

SUPERIOR Roadster	4510
SUPERIOR Touring	4225
SUPERIOR Utility Coupe	4480
SUPERIOR Sedanette	4480
SUPERIOR Sedan	4480
SUPERIOR Commercial Chassis	4225
SUPERIOR Light Delivery	4110
Utility Express Truck Chassis	4770



CHEVROLET MOTOR CO.
Division General Motors Corporation
Detroit, Michigan

FOUR O'CLOCK IS TEA HOUR! MUSSELS TO BE CULTIVATED

Almost Sacred Institution in Buenos Aires, and Practically Observed by All Classes.

Tea is an institution in Buenos Aires. All offices swear off work temporarily at 4 o'clock each afternoon, while white-coated porters bring steaming cups around to the employees, and employers gather up canes and derby hats and saunter forth for the nearest tea-canon. Because of the size of this fashionable promenade, Calle Florida, the Fifth Avenue of Buenos Aires, is closed to vehicle traffic from 4:30 to 7:30, says the World Traveler Magazine.

The city imbibes its coffee and tea publicly. In the mornings the streets are congested with waiters from bars carrying nickel pots of Brazilian coffee to tardy office clerks. The Avenida is swamped with other non-alcoholic drinkers who, by paying for a 10-cent cup of coffee at a sidewalk table, get a post of vantage for the purpose of ogling pretty women out on shopping expeditions.

A Deceiver.
"How Intellectual that gentleman looks!" "Doesn't he? But he isn't—he writes poetry."

Never Falls.
Tourist—What is the surest sign you have that summer has at last arrived?
Farmer—A letter from my relatives in the city.—Boston Transcript.



The Meat of the Wheat

STARCH is the "meat" of the wheat berry. It is the great energy-producing element of the grain. But, in order to do you any good, it must be thoroughly digested, and it is right here that such a food as Grape-Nuts renders special service.

Grape-Nuts, made from wheat and malted barley, supplies the meat of the wheat in most digestible form.

That is because in the making of Grape-Nuts a large proportion of the starch is converted into dextrins and maltose—forms into which all starch elements must be changed before they can be assimilated by the system.

Grape-Nuts not only digests easily, but also aids in the digestion of other foods.

Crisp, delicious Grape-Nuts with milk or cream is a complete food. It supplies the life-essential vitamin-B; also iron, phosphorus and other important mineral elements for nerve, tooth, bones and other body structure.

The daily use of Grape-Nuts is a form of health insurance which has demonstrated its value for more than 25 years.

Grape-Nuts FOR HEALTH
"There's a Reason"
Your grocer has interesting details of our offer of over \$700.00 for Grape-Nuts Recipes. Ask him about it or write to Kellogg Dept., Postum Cereal Co., Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.

Nellie Maxwell

THE CORONA MAVERICK

Published Weekly
Homer A. Stuart, Editor

Subscription price per year, \$1.50

Corona, New Mexico

Entered as second-class mail matter at the Postoffice at Corona, New Mex., January 28, 1921, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

WELL! WELL! WELL!!!

Here's The Maverick again! What d'ye know about that!

Last week Corona citizens stood around and watched the prehistoric junk with which The Maverick has been printed for the past two years and over, moved out and carted away and most of them said... either audibly or to themselves... "There goes The Maverick."

Looked that way, didn't it? But here we are again and we will continue so long as our subscribers and advertisers stay with us. No paper can exist without the co-operation of the business institutions and citizens of its immediate vicinity. If you sincerely want your home town paper to continue, now is the time to come across with your subscription money. We can't put out a paper without the actual cash. Promises don't pay the editor's bills. We must have your support if we continue publication.

Are you with us?

MOODS NOT GOOD

Reliability Always an Asset in One's Life.

Man Who is Owayed by Impulse, or by His Liver, is Not the One Who Reaches Success.

Uncertain weather in the worst weather. It may be fine; it may be wet. If you rely on the former, the chances are that you get the latter. It may be the other way about, too. Most annoying.

An uncertain tradesman annoys, also. The joint is promised "by eleven o'clock, madam, most certainly." It arrives at twenty minutes to one. Another tradesman promises to send a gasfitter at once. The man comes two days later.

That sort of thing puts a tradesman out of favor and he loses custom. He doesn't get on and perhaps wonders why a writer in London answers states.

But tradesmen are not the only "uncertain" folk. Nor does uncertainty merely apply to the delivery of goods. There's the uncertainty of mood, and those thus afflicted are like the uncertain tradesman—they don't get on. For it is obvious that he who is uncertain, "fuzzy," and disingenuous has a self-imposed handicap in life's competitive struggle.

The man of whom it can be said that he "always the same" is not a creature of moods that is the man who gets on. And that applies as much to the employer as the employee.

"The boss is in a wretched mood this morning," said a shop assistant recently in the writer's hearing. "I'm hanged if I'm going to bother about things."

Are you one of the "uncertain" sort? Is your day's mood something which your wife, children, friends, staff, employer or fellow workers have to ascertain before they know how to approach you?

If so put your self-barometer at "Rattled" and keep it there. The uncertain man is always unsuccessful. He cannot keep his friends.

The policy of a smile today and a snap tomorrow isn't good enough. He bats on the ladder of success because—well, it is obvious that he who is uncertain cannot be reliable.

We must master our moods and not let them master us. That applies equally to the certainty which is chronic and that which is occasional. Bad or bad news may put us in a depressed mood.

A money loss or an annoyance may put us in a disagreeable mood. Those, and the like, should be kept for private consumption. We've no right to depress others or to penalize them for an offense in which they have had no part.

To be tabbed as "uncertain" is exactly the same as if we entered a race wearing lead shoes. Take the tab off.

Uses Cap as Heat Barrier.

It was hot, scorching hot, the crowd of pedestrians whose feet sank into the softened asphalt and the surge of autoists who breathed the hot dry air, knew. It was noon, the perspiring traffic cop, laboring frantically to direct this mass, also knew. Then in the midst of the crowd, caught in the stream of traffic going both ways, appeared a dirty-faced, barefoot newsboy. It was hot, too hot even for those toughened feet. The newsboy danced rapidly from one burning foot to the other. But traffic was slow in passing. For what seemed an endless period the youngster kept going up and down. Finally he threw his cap on the pavement, planted himself safely on it and, arms akimbo, awaited his turn to move.

Methods Used in Caring for Milk

Bulletin Gives Summary of Best Known Practice in Operating Plant.

Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture

In these days of much discussion about the price and distribution of milk, it may be helpful to compare the various methods used in taking the milk from the producer and conveying it to the consumer. A bulletin recently issued by the Department of Agriculture entitled "Milk Plant Operation" tells how the work is done. Previous bulletins in the same series have told about construction, arrangement, and equipment of milk plants, and this latest one gives a summary of the best-known practice in carrying on the business.

Skill and Training Needed.
"The operation of a milk plant requires, besides general ability, considerable technical skill and training," says department specialists. New milk plants are constantly being established, often by associations of farmers who produce the milk, or by associations of producers and small dealers; and the success of such plants depends to a large degree on the manager and his methods.

In the bulletin, the various operations are followed through in somewhat the same order as in an actual plant, beginning with prompt removal from the railroad station and suitable care on arrival at the plant. Bottling and capping methods are described. Both these operations are generally done by machinery; and a comparison is made of the various methods and machines as to speed and cost.

Insure Clean Bottles.
How to wash the bottles and rid them not only of dirt or previous milk, but of bacteria; labor expense of washing; and how inspection may be maintained to insure clean bottles, are gone into in detail; also other elements of sanitation in plants. "Bottles are a serious consideration," say department specialists, "not only from the necessity of careful washing, but also from their high cost and necessity of frequent replacement." How to avoid frequent breaking and losing of bottles, and how to enlist the interest of milk purchasers in the return of bottles, are taken up. Customers need to be informed that the waste of bottles is one of the causes of a higher price of milk than would otherwise be charged.

Waste of milk in handling or by having too much sent out on the wagons are things that must be avoided. The bulletin tells how careful milk distribution prevents leaks of milk, and how they can properly utilize what comes back on the wagons; also how to keep track of the receipts and sales; how to pay the drivers so they will take an interest in the business; how to pay the producers; and how to deal with the problem of surplus milk.

Good Poultryman Will Cull Flock Year Round

The good poultryman will cull his flock the year round beginning at incubation, but for the former who doesn't make poultry raising a business, and wants to make it a profitable side line, one thorough culling each year will increase the production average of his flock. About the middle of the mating period is the proper time to give your flock a good culling. This will vary with different flocks, but usually comes in the middle of July, August, September, and the first part of October. The characteristics which distinguish the poor layer from the good are most evident at this time. The poor producer will not lay during the fall and winter months. A careful culling at this time will reduce the feed bill, but not the egg production.

Important That Poults Have Good Free Range

Turkey poults must have free range as soon as they are strong enough, but should not be allowed out in wet grass in early morning; keep them until the dew has disappeared. But they will not stand close confinement and this means that they must have either a turkey hen or a common hen as a foster mother to range with them. A common hen will accommodate seven to nine poults, while a turkey hen can take care of 15 to 19 poults. It does not pay to crowd them, however, and experts say that the best number for a turkey hen to handle is around ten poults. It is well to plan to have either a common setting hen or a turkey hen ready to adopt the poults as soon as hatched.

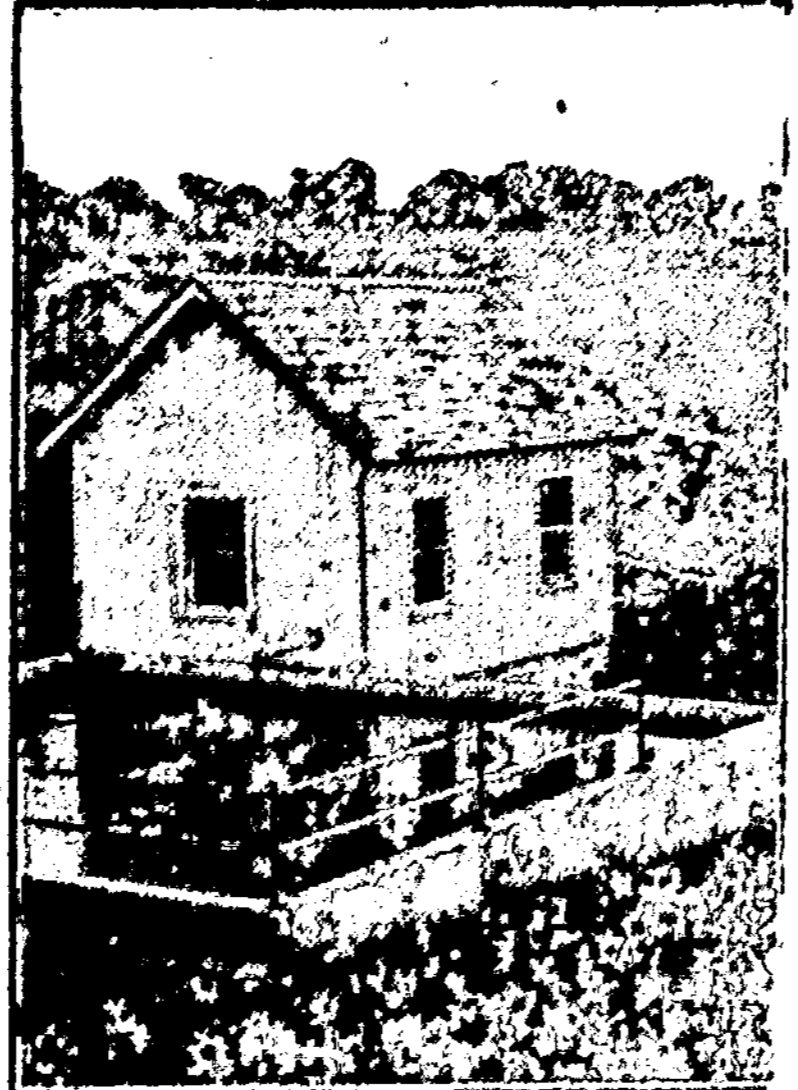
Young Turkeys Require Proper Kind of Feeds

A good first feed for poults is ground dry bread mixed with hard-boiled egg. After the first week they need fine chick scratch grain. Turkeys are seed-eating birds and do not thrive on mash alone. Plenty of sour milk helps to prevent digestive disorders and stimulate rapid growth. Young turkeys sometimes die because of low vitality, due to a weakness in the breeding stock. Some have blackhead and others die of various digestive disorders due to the feed. Young turkeys must not be overfed and the feed and feeding places must be as clean as possible. Factors in a post-mortem on any turkey that die and note the condition of the liver and other organs.

Spring House on Farm Has Many Advantages

Milk Cans Can Be Kept Cool by Flowing Water.

Any farmer who is so fortunate as to have a flowing spring on his place should be interested in the arrangements of the spring house and water reservoir shown in the photograph. The interior of the spring house is provided with a concrete floor and a smaller concrete tank in which milk cans can be partially submerged and kept cool by the flowing water. Since impermeability is one of the qualifications of a water tank, it is desirable to make the concrete mixture for the tank rather dense. A 1-1/2-3 mixture of cement, sand and pebbles or broken stone is recommended. The construction of the outdoor reservoir is not a difficult matter. The walls



An Attractive Spring House.

are cast monolithic in form, the footing having been provided at a depth of 1 1/2 feet below the bottom of the tank. The walls are made approximately 12 inches thick at the bottom tapering to 8 or 10 inches at the top. After the walls are finished the floor of the tank is laid; this is made about four inches thick and the mixture is the same as for the walls.

In order to provide a waterproof joint between the floor and the walls a narrow opening is left between the two surfaces which is filled with mastic asphalt.

In the construction of any kind of tank it is usually necessary to insure joints a certain amount of reinforcement in the concrete, especially at the corners; three eighths to one-half inch round or square bars serve this purpose admirably.

Low Egg Production Is Caused by Broody Hens

One cause for low egg production in the average flock during the summer months is the fact that the broody hen is not quickly "broken up" or gotten back to laying.

According to G. A. Schmidt of the Colorado Agricultural College, careful records have shown that the average broody hen, if placed in a broody coop the first day she goes broody, will lay again in ten days.

If she is allowed to stay broody ten days and then put in a broody coop, it will be 25 days before she will commence laying. If allowed to stay broody 21 days, it will be 33 days before she will lay.

It is therefore essential to "break up" the broody hen the first day she shows symptoms of broodiness.

The most efficient way to "break up" broodiness is to put the hen in a goodly broody coop. A broody hen is nothing but a satellite hen made out of both in such a way that a space equal to the width of a lathe is left between the laths on the four sides and bottom.

This coop should be raised several feet from the ground and placed in a shady place where the broody hen can see the rest of the flock.

Feed and water the broody hen and after four days release them. Generally this treatment is sufficient. If, however, any hen wants to set again, put her back in the coop for two more days.

This treatment will not retard the formation of eggs and everywhere has proved most satisfactory.

Fertilizer Combination to Produce Large Yield

Manure, lime, and rock phosphate compose the fertilizer combination that has produced the largest yield of red clover in the fertilizer experiments conducted by the Iowa Agricultural Experiment station at the agronomy farm at Ames.

The plots which received this treatment produced 3,100 pounds of hay to the acre. A treatment of manure, limestone and bone meal produced 4,500 pounds to the acre and manure, lime and acid phosphate 3,000 pounds. The plots which received manure, lime and a 2-1-2-3 complete commercial fertilizer gave a yield of 3,700 pounds.

Attention Required by Sow Before She Farrows

Four or five days before a sow is due to farrow (always keep a record of date of breeding) separate her from the rest of the herd, put her in the farrowing pen so that she will become accustomed to it before farrowing; allow her exercise daily, and be sure that the bowls are in a laxative condition. Some hens will need in a step 1/2 part of her ration will be

TEXAS MAN BUYS GILLISPIE RANCH

Mr. J. H. Benson, of Sierra Blanca, Texas has purchased the old Gillispie ranch in the Gillo canyon. Mr. Benson also bought the J. R. Jenkins holdings on the Gillo including the two wells known as the Tot and Baker wells. The entire range, which Mr. Benson expects to fence in the near future, will comprise about sixty sections of land. Mr. Benson states that he will ship in about a thousand head of cattle from his range in Texas about the first of September providing the range here is in good shape by that time.

In the Spring.
A young man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of fishing, golf, touring, a raise, spats, bootleggers, a vacation, a new suit, raising a mustache, love.—New York Sun.

Too Much of Good Thing.
Money and time are the heaviest burdens of life, and the unhappiest of all mortals are those who have more of either than they know how to use.—Johnson.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., June 18, 1923.

Notice is hereby given that Nathan Dunn of Cedarvale, N. M., who on Nov. 25, 1919, made Homestead Entry No. 046337 for 1/4 Section 10, Township 1 N., Range 11 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to establish claim to the land above described, before Louis DeWolf, U. S. Commissioner, at Cedarvale, N. M., on the 2nd day of August, 1923.

Claimant names as witnesses: Neal Knight, William B. Mooley, Rops F. Taylor and Thomas M. Richardson, all of Cedarvale, N. M. JAFFA MILLER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., July 6, 1923.

Notice is hereby given that Riley E. Reynolds, of Mountainair, N. M., who, on February 24, 1921, made Stockraising Homestead Entry, No. 047851, for 1/4 Section 17 and Lots 1, 2, E 1/2, NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Section 16, Township 1-N., Range 0-E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Three Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before E. F. Davidson, U. S. Commissioner, at Corona, N. M., on the 10th day of September, 1923.

Claimant names as witnesses: Floyd Anglin, Thomas W. Adams, Clarence M. Ward, Harry E. Banz, all of Route 1, Mountainair, N. M. JAFFA MILLER, Register.

FOR SALE—Peaches at Sunset Ranch, Apply at ranch. The Titsworth Co. Inc., Captain, N. M.

WANTED—Wanted to hear from owner of farm or unimproved land for sale, give lowest price, full particulars. L. Jones, Box 429, Olney, Ill.

Cold Drinks

HOME MADE PIES
Cold Drinks, Chewing Gum
Cigars and Tobaccos

Dad's Short-Order RESTAURANT

THE TITSWORTH COMPANY INCORPORATED
Captain, N. M.

Wholesale and Retail
General Merchandise



Wire, Iron Roofing, Grain, etc.

Say "I saw it in the Maverick" when answering advertisements.

Patrolize Home Industry YOU

are handing your home town a knock every time you send your work out of town. We give you a first-class grade of leather and do first-class guaranteed work at less than you have to pay elsewhere.

We Repair Watches and Clocks

Spend your money in Corona

Corona Shoe Repair Shop

WESTERN HOTEL
Mrs. W. J. McAdams
MEALS, 50c
ROOMS, 75c AND UP
Special Rates by the Week and Month.

HOTEL CENTRAL
F. H. Arnold, Proprietor
HOME COOKING MEALS, 50c
ROOMS, 50c AND UP
Special Rates by the Week.

E. F. DAVIDSON
U. S. Commissioner
Office in
The Parlor Barber Shop

IF YOU WANT
real bargain in either new or second hand
Automobiles
Get in touch with
SEARS BROTHERS
Captain, N. M.

Exchange Bank
CORRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO
Established 1892
Accounts Solicited. Inquiries Promptly Answered

ATKINSON-SIMPSON CO.
Garage and Blacksmithing
Acetylene Welding
We also handle a full line of Rock Island Farming Implements, Ford Cars and Tractors. Get our prices and terms.

EUREKA GARAGE
Blacksmithing in Connection
AT CEDARVALE
Gas and Oil, Tires, Tubes and Accessories
Acetylene Welding
J. H. MYERS, Proprietor

THE CLEARING HOUSE OF NATIONAL THOUGHT
Do you know that Uncle Sam conducts the largest printing plant in the world? It requires five thousand people and a plant worth five million dollars to produce the printing utilized in operating the government.
Then there is the seven million dollar building—one of the most beautiful in the world—housing the Library of Congress.
The story of the small beginnings of these two great institutions, their steady growth, and their present importance in the work of the nation, is told in an attractively illustrated folder of the series on Our Government now being issued by this Institution.
There has been a great demand for these stories and it is evident that they have been doing a valuable work in informing the people of this community about our government.
STOCKMEN'S STATE BANK

THE CORONA MAVERICK

Published Every Week in the Heart of New Mexico, 6,666 Feet Above Sea Level, Among the Pines

VOL. 3, NO. 30

CORONA, NEW MEXICO, AUGUST 17, 1923

Subscription Price, \$1.50 Per Year

Corona Trading Co.

Corona, New Mexico

General Merchandise

Cooked Meat 30c a Pound

Fresh Home Baked Cakes and Pies in Stock

Corona Meat Market
W. G. Chancey, Prop.

Trade With Us

We Treat You Right

W. A. McCLELAN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE

AN EPITOME OF LATE LIVE NEWS

CONDENSED RECORD OF THE PROGRESS OF EVENTS AT HOME AND ABROAD

FROM ALL SOURCES

SAYINGS, DOINGS, ACHIEVEMENTS, SUFFERINGS, HOPES AND FEARS OF MANKIND

WESTERN

Joe Huff, known along the Pacific coast as the tailor-aviator, and Edwin Dihal, a negro, 21 years old, were killed when the airplane in which they were riding crashed to earth at Venice, Calif.

E. A. Stevens, former Cornell oarsman, and last year coach of the Portland, Ore. rowing club, has signed a contract as rowing coach at Harvard University, according to the Seattle Times. The contract, the newspaper says, is subject to the approval of the rowing authorities at Harvard.

The quota allowed each nation of Europe in immigration to the United States is being added to by the smuggling of foreign immigrants over the Canadian line, according to information received by Sheriff Bob Gordon from J. K. McCormick, United States immigration inspector at Moscow, Ida.

Grain farmers throughout the Northwest gathered in Spokane in a meeting called by the Washington Farmers' Union to demand that an extra session of Congress be called to relieve the plight of the wheat growers. The resolution demanding an extra session was passed by an overwhelming majority.

Mrs. Daisy Smith, proprietor of a lodging house at Spokane, sustained what police surgeons said might be fatal injuries when her airplane in which she was flying alone crashed 150 feet at the municipal aviation field at Spokane. Mrs. Smith was gliding for a landing when the machine went into a tail spin.

"Mount Harding" has been christened. Standing more than 9,000 feet high, a previously unnamed peak in the Cascades, near the boundary line separating Chelan and Kittitas counties, has been so named in memory of the late President, according to a recent announcement of A. B. Clivester, forest supervisor, of the state of Washington.

Peter B. Kyna, author, and ten other former officers of the American Aluminum Products Company of Los Angeles, now in bankruptcy, were named defendants in a suit filed in the Superior Court at Los Angeles, by twenty-one stockholders, who charged misrepresentation in the sale of stock. The plaintiffs asked judgment for the amount of stock they said they purchased, a total of more than \$50,000 worth.

WASHINGTON

Immediate recognition of the present government of Russia was described as "the proper thing to do" by Senator William E. Borah in an address at the annual miners' and smelters' picnic at Kellogg, Idaho.

Best is destined to become a popular color in women's fashions. It has leaked out in Washington that Mrs. Calvin Coolidge has a favorite color, a light rust shade of brown, somewhat lighter than the brown traveling suit she wore on her trip to Washington from Vermont. This particular shade harmonizes most effectively with her olive complexion, dark brown hair and deep gray eyes.

President Coolidge at the present time sees no occasion for a special session of Congress in advance of the regular December meeting. It was said officially at the White House.

An official memorial medalion will be coined by the United States government in memory of Warren G. Harding. It was announced a few days ago by Director of Mint Scooby. The medalion, in bronze, will carry a bas relief of the President on its face and the date of his birth, inauguration and death on the reverse side. It will be coined by the Philadelphia mint and sold to the general public for \$1.25 each, including postage.

The government will not appeal from the recent decision of the United States Court at St. Paul in which it was held that the Interstate Commerce Commission had authority to consent to the lease and stock ownership of the Central Pacific Railroad by the Southern Pacific Railroad. This announcement was made by Attorney General Daugherty after several conferences with President Coolidge at which were discussed exhaustively the various administration policies involved.

FOREIGN

Twenty-three tourists were killed in a motor bus accident recently at Saint Sauveur, a Pyrennes resort about twenty-five miles south of Tarbes, France.

Grover Cleveland Bergdoll, American draft evader, said that he had expected to return to the United States with his mother on Sept. 27, but that the recent effort to kidnap him made him hesitate about doing so.

Twenty-six persons were wounded in encounters between Fascist and Communists at Molinella following the explosion of bombs, which were thrown against the Fascist headquarters and the home of the local Fascist leader.

Tidal waves, combined with a severe storm, have submerged 25,000 homes along the Yalu river and on the west coast of Korea. No estimate of the loss of life has yet been received, but it is said the damage to crops and the lumber industry will be heavy.

Berlin.—Passive resistance in the Ruhr and the Rhineland, which Chancellor Cuno yesterday informed the reichstag would be continued until France decided to create an atmosphere conducive to negotiations on an equality basis, is approaching the stage where its further maintenance along peaceful lines will depend wholly on the government's ability to keep the resisting population well fed.

Twelve thousand persons attending the annual Welsh festival, or Elsteddfod, at Mold, Wales, heard former Premier Lloyd George speak of the late President Harding as "one of the strongest men who ever governed a country." Later Mr. Lloyd George, as president of the Elsteddfod for the day, dispatched a message to the White House expressing sympathy to Mrs. Harding and the American people.

Jesus Salas, the member of the Durango (Mexico) Legislature, who is in jail following his voluntary confession that he led the band which killed Francisco Villa, has announced that he will donate the rewards offered for the death of the former bandit leader towards the establishment of a charitable institution for the families of Villa's numerous victims. It is said that the reward of 100,000 pesos offered by Chihuahua state and others offered by the United States as a result of the Columbus raid have not been withdrawn.

GENERAL

Fire in the four mills of the "Dutch Colony," Amara, Iowa, twenty-five miles southwest of Cedar Rapids, did damage estimated close to half a million dollars before it was put under control.

Fire of undetermined origin destroyed a large portion of the business section of Edgewood, Texas. Eight buildings were wiped out by the fire. The town, with hardly any fire protection, was helpless as the fire spread to adjoining structures.

Dr. Amy Kaukosen, only woman in Ohio filling the office of mayor, announced she will resign that office in a few days to accept an offer of a position in Seattle. Dr. Kaukosen, a physician, was elected mayor of Fairport on a liquor enforcement platform.

Three persons are dead, the current in the Chicago river was reversed, an airplane was brought down, a dam in the Des Plaines river was burst, two houses were toppled over and telephones and electric light wires and elevated and street car traffic were crippled as a result of a terrific electrical storm which visited Chicago a few days ago.

Thirty-six thoroughbreds, the remainder of the stables of Anita M. Baldwin, on the Santa Anita ranch, near Pasadena, and valued at more than \$100,000, have been given to the United States government by her. Col. A. N. McClure, in charge of the purchasing and breeding headquarters of the United States remount service in Sacramento, received the donation at a conference held at Taboa.

Three members of the supreme board of the Knights of Columbus whose terms expire Sept. 1, were re-elected in the fifty-first international convention of the order at Montreal, Canada. They were William E. Fox of Indianapolis, fourth term; Frank K. Lonergan of Portland, Oregon, second term, and Edward Houshan of Chicago, second term.

Vred Slacey of Kansas City and William Fuller, who refuses to tell where his home is, are in jail at Danbury, Mo., accused of robbing the Redding, Ia., Savings Bank of cash and bonds totalling \$4,500, when they blew the bank's vault. The men were captured by a posse of farmers near New Hampton, Mo., and \$3,000 in bonds and currency was found on them.

Announcement by the Standard Oil Company of Indiana that it would reduce its price of gasoline to 16 cents a gallon in South Dakota to meet the price which Gov. W. H. McMaster had ordered the state storage houses to fix was followed by a statement from L. V. Nicholas, president of the National Petroleum Marketers' Association, that independent oil dealers in South Dakota would be crippled.

RED MOB STORMS GERMAN PRISON

FOOD SITUATION IS SAID TO BE IMPROVING IN GREATER BERLIN

AMERICA MAY ENTER

LONDON CHEERFUL OVER IDEA THAT AMERICA WILL ENTER REPARATIONS MUDDLE

Berlin.—A dispatch from Halle says a mob stormed the jail at Zella, a few days ago, smashed the doors, opened the cells and liberated all the prisoners, most of whom are declared by the dispatch to have been ordinary criminals.

The labor and food situation in Greater Berlin shows some improvement. This is due to the calling off of the general strike by the Communists. The attempts of the Reds to paralyze the city proved to be a fiasco owing to the opposition of the regular labor unions.

The currency shortage continues, although there seems to be a plentiful supply of bills of large denominations in circulation.

The bill providing for the issue of an international gold loan was favorably reported to the reichstag. This is one of the measures initiated by the Cuno administration alluded to by Chancellor Stresemann in a statement to the reichstag as marking a promising beginning in restoring financial order to the country. He made an appeal to all classes to support the gold loan.

London.—The most welcome reaction yet received in London as a result of the British reparations note sent to France and Belgium is contained in the press reports that the Coolidge administration will make an already response to any appeal to America for assistance in settling the prolonged reparation struggle.

On the whole, the content on Great Britain's latest move to obtain a final and definite settlement with Germany has been satisfactory, according to foreign office officials.

Washington.—Reports from London reflecting a feeling that there should be a welcome change in the attitude of the Washington government toward reparations were said on highest authority to appear altogether too optimistic.

Noifing has been said in Washington in behalf of the Coolidge administration. It was pointed out, which indicates the slightest departure from the statement made by Secretary Hughes in his New Haven speech last December.

Washington.—Belle was expressed to Washington by Myron T. Herrick, American ambassador to France, that the European situation would in time be solved. Hope and confidence in a successful outcome, he added, are essential's most needed at this time.

Mr. Herrick, who has just recently arrived in the United States for a two years' vacation, was received by Secretary Hughes and President Coolidge. He intends to go soon to his home in Cleveland for a rest.

Harding's Policies Followed

Washington.—President Coolidge has directed two of the independent agencies of the government, the tariff commission and the civil service commission, to continue the policies pursued during the Harding administration.

Five Die in Santa Fe Wreck

Pueblo.—A head-on collision between Santa Fe and Colorado & Southern passenger train one mile west of Fowler, Colo., and twenty miles east of Pueblo, on Aug. 15, resulted in the death of five tramen and injuries to other tramen and a score of passengers. Santa Fe train No. 6 was running west from La Junta, and Colorado & Southern train No. 600, drawn by two locomotives, was detouring from Pueblo south by way of La Junta. No casualties were reported among the passengers, and none of them was reported to be seriously injured.

Will Spend \$7,000,000 in Advertising Detroit.—The Ford Motor Company has decided to spend \$7,000,000 in advertising in various newspapers and magazines throughout the country during the next year. Norton T. Brotherton, advertising manager for the company has announced. The company has done no advertising for the last five years, leaving it to local dealers throughout the country. The Ford Advertising Company some time ago was re-established with Brotherton at its head.

THE AMERICAN LEGION

Copy for This Department Supplied by the American Legion News Service.

MESSAGE SENT BY BALLOON

Letters for Legion Posts, by National Commander Owsley, Dropped From Big Bags.

Messages from the air were literally showered on posts of the American Legion from National Commander Alvin Owsley recently when letters were dropped from the basket of one of the entrants in the national elimination balloon race. The messages were received in a number of Eastern states over which the balloon passed on its 400-mile journey over the country.

Anticipating the general direction the balloons would travel from the national headquarters city, a number of personal messages from Commander Owsley were made ready, and the pilots planned to throw these from the basket, attached to tiny parachutes, as they passed over the towns and cities, later to be delivered to the commander of the Legion post in that locality.

The balloon which carried this message was entered as "The American Legionnaire," and was piloted by Capt. C. E. McCullough, vice chairman of the Legion's national committee on aeronautics. Captain McCullough was attached to various balloon schools during the war and made many flights. He is now division passenger agent for the Pennsylvania railway, and in this capacity handled transportation arrangements on the occasion of the visits of the king and queen of Belgium, Marshal Foch, the prince of Wales and other European notables.

Assisting Captain McCullough was Lieut. Carlton F. Bond of the army air service now stationed at Aberdeen proving ground, Maryland, as a Legionnaire. Lieutenant Bond has participated in a number of balloon races, being in the basket with Major Westover, who won the 1922 elimination race, which started at Milwaukee. On this trip the bag landed in the Province of Quebec, Canada, 800 miles from its starting place. This victory entitled Bond to competition in the international race for the James Gordon Bennett cup, which started from Geneva, Switzerland, but they were forced down shortly after crossing the Alps.

The balloon used by Captain McCullough and Lieutenant Bond, and from which the messages from the Legion's head were dropped, was of 80,000 cubic feet capacity. It was of the army type and had been supplied by the commanding officer of the Three Hundred and Eighty-second airship company, G. H. Q. reserves, Third corps army area. The balloon safely landed at Frankfort, Pa., a few miles west of Pittsburgh, in this race, after being in the air for nearly 24 hours. The aeronauts were forced to land when they encountered a terrific storm.

VETERANS TO PEOPLE TRACT

American Legion Indorses Washington Land Settlement Project for Former Warriors.

Indorsement by the American Legion of a land settlement project of the state of Washington has made it possible that the tract may be completely peopled by veterans of United States wars.

This, the White Bluffs-Hanford land settlement project, was considered for opening in the spring of 1922, and successful applications were received at that time to settle the tracts with veterans as homesteaders, but preliminary work delayed the opening and only a few were granted land. The legislature in 1923 increased the appropriation for the settlement project and made available 100 tracts for veterans who, under the state law, are given preference in settlement. Further aid was extended to the aspiring agriculturists by provisions for loans from the state with which to stock the farms.

Complete colonization by veterans of the tract is the hope of Legion men, who offer every co-operation to the war fighter who seeks to take advantage of this opportunity for homesteading.

Legion Men to the Rescue.

A proposal for erection of a new hotel in Fayetteville, N. C., was expected to meet with strong opposition, so the committee in charge of the project set out to obtain the best workers possible. Immediately American Legion members were selected. Through the help of the Legion men the project was well overabundant so that the early plans were revamped to increase the expenditure nearly 50 per cent.

WRIGLEYS

Take it home to the kids.

Have a packet in your pocket for an ever-ready treat.

A delicious combination and an aid to the teeth, appetite, digestion.

After Every Meal

Keeps in the Party Package



Oh, That Funny Feeling.

A Sunday-school class of five girls about the age of eight had gone for a "hike" with the teacher. A quarter of a mile failed to satisfy, the youngsters and the "hike" lengthened into one and one-half miles. Then a stop was made for lunch. Each of the hikers had enough "eats" for the party, but all was devoured regardless. The teacher was quaking with fear lest someone be unable to make the return journey, but it was accomplished at last although about midway of the trip one little girl piped:

"My stomach feels awful funny."

Praise Too Faint.

"Why do you want the press agent discharged? He says you are the greatest singer alive."

"It is not enough," coldly rejoined the prima donna. "He should have said I am the greatest singer that ever lived."

St. Louis smoker moves into second place

With 405 cases to his credit Mr. Thurston smokes his way towards the lead

Mr. Byron Thurston of St. Louis is more than qualified for membership in the Edgeworth Club. But his position in the championship smoker class is not so well established. Mr. Thurston's interesting letter follows:

Hotel Canal St. Levee, Mo. Richmond, Va. (Continued)

I have been a member of the Edgeworth Club since 1922 and have smoked 1,000 cases of Edgeworth. I have never had a headache, indigestion, or any other ailment. I have never had a day when I could not smoke. I have never had a day when I could not sleep. I have never had a day when I could not work. I have never had a day when I could not enjoy my pipe.

More than a year ago an Edgeworth smoker from Burlington, Vermont, Mr. H. F. Balder, wrote in suggesting that he had smoked more Edgeworth than any other living man. At that time he had smoked over 1,000 cases of the same size purchased by Mr. Thurston, distributed over a period of nearly a score of years.

So while it appears today that Mr. Thurston is well behind the leader, it is not so. He has smoked a case every two days, many a case a day, for years before he will be well in advance of the leading pack.

Edgeworth is a big country and there are a lot of Edgeworth smokers. You can't get a new record will be long to be the city of all smokers.

Edgeworth has something about it that makes it different. Not that every one likes Edgeworth, but those who do generally remain loyal to it for the rest of their lives.

If you have never tried Edgeworth, Larus & Brother Company will be glad to send you free samples of both Edgeworth King Size and Ready-Mixed.

Then you can smoke a few pipes and judge for yourself whether or not the tobacco is as good as a great many veteran pipe smokers claim it is.

Just drop a postcard to Larus & Brother Company, 75 South 21st Street, Richmond, Va., and the free samples will be forwarded to you promptly.

If you will also include the name and address of your regular tobacco dealer, your country will be appreciated.

Edgeworth is sold in various sizes to suit the needs and means of all purchasers. Both Edgeworth King Size and Ready-Mixed come in small, pocket-size packages in attractive tin holders and in handy in-between sizes.

To Meet Tobacco Merchants: If your jobber cannot supply you with Edgeworth, Larus & Brother Company will gladly send you prepaid by parcel post a one- or two-ounce tin of any size of King Size or Ready-Mixed for the same price you would pay the jobber.

W. R. W. DENVER, NO. 22-1922.

THE AMERICAN LEGION

(Copy for This Department Supplied by the American Legion News Service.)

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LEGION MEN URGED TO FILE

Thousands of Acres of Public Lands Are Thrown Open in Western States.

American Legion members are urged by national headquarters to consider filing claims on more than 110,000 acres of public land in four Western states which have recently been thrown open to entry to ex-service men.

The area comprises the second largest offering of public lands for homesteading in several years. Lands thrown open under the order include:

- California—Twenty thousand acres in San Bernardino county, near Redon, and in San Diego county, near Campo.
- Colorado—Eight thousand acres in Garfield county, near Huerfano.
- Nevada—Twenty-two thousand acres in Nye county, near Carver.
- Utah—Forty thousand acres in Washington county, near Central.

More than 11,000 acres in Utah, near Moab, Utah, will be opened to veterans after the state has made selections from the tract in accordance with public land grants to it.

WILL SUBMIT BONUS MEASURE

Omaha Legion Members to Urge State Legislature Action on Pigeon-Sold Bill.

Omaha members of the American Legion plan to submit the bill providing a bonus to World war veterans to the people by invoking the initiative at the next general election.

Sponsors of the measure, which will be patterned after the Iowa state bonus act, say the bill will provide for the payment of 50 cents per day to every service man or woman who, at the time of enlistment, was a resident of Nebraska. There will be a maximum bonus of \$500. No distinction will be made between domestic and foreign service.

The state bonus measure has been before the Nebraska legislature three times. In 1918 the legislature dropped the bonus and passed an emergency relief bill for service men and their families. In 1922 the bill passed the lower house by an overwhelming majority, only to be held in committee in the senate without being reported out for a vote.

AT WORK ON BIG CONVENTION

Lieut. Gen. Hunter Liggett, in Charge of Arrangements, Being Assisted by Many Others.

With a powerful former lieutenant general, who commanded the first army of a million fighting men in France, at the helm, and important committees headed by ex-officers and "buck privates" alike, preparations for the American Legion's fifth annual convention, to be held in San Francisco next October, are progressing.

Gen. Hunter Liggett, a favorite among Legionnaires because of his efforts to build up the Legion in San Francisco, finds the important task of directing arrangements for the big national gathering a pleasant, though busy and comprehensive job.

Not all of the work of preparing for the convention is being handled by Legionnaires. San Francisco has made a systematic study of conventions and the result has been the development of an efficient corps of prominent business men, who, originally "hobbying it" as convention workers, got into the hang of the activity so well that they find themselves called into conference



LIEUT. GEN. HUNTER LIGGETT

every time a major convocation comes to the city. Many of these distinguished citizens, staid business men, whose "bit" during the war may have been the selling of millions of dollars in Liberty bonds and thousands of other epidemic deeds, are today "drafted" into the committee preparing for the national convention. Their ability to handle efficiently and well the "short cuts" that have been ferreted out through the staging of more than one hundred conventions each year, will serve the Legion convention workers most effectively. Their part is certain to add to the already tentative program that is now in the making.

San Francisco expects 150,000 visitors to attend the convention.

NAVY IS TO BE REPRESENTED

Numerous War Veterans and Men to Represent Department to Attend Legion Convention.

Nine battalions, 23 destroyers and numerous auxiliary vessels will participate in the naval show in conjunction with the national convention of the American Legion in San Francisco October 15 to 19. The personnel attached to the ships will number 600, commissioned officers, 100 warrant officers and 10,000 enlisted men.

Authorization of the battle fleet's presence was granted by Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., assistant secretary of the navy. The ships will arrive at San Francisco October 12 and will remain until October 22. Included in the fleet will be the battleships California, Maryland, New York, Texas, Arizona, Pennsylvania, New Mexico, Idaho and Tennessee.

Legion convention officials are endeavoring to emphasize the naval program of the gathering to a greater extent than has been attempted in previous years. To that end, the naval authorities of a number of countries allied with the United States in the World war have been asked to send vessels.

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RADIO

(Edited by G. Douglas Wardrop, Editor of Radio Merchandising)

By G. H. WARD

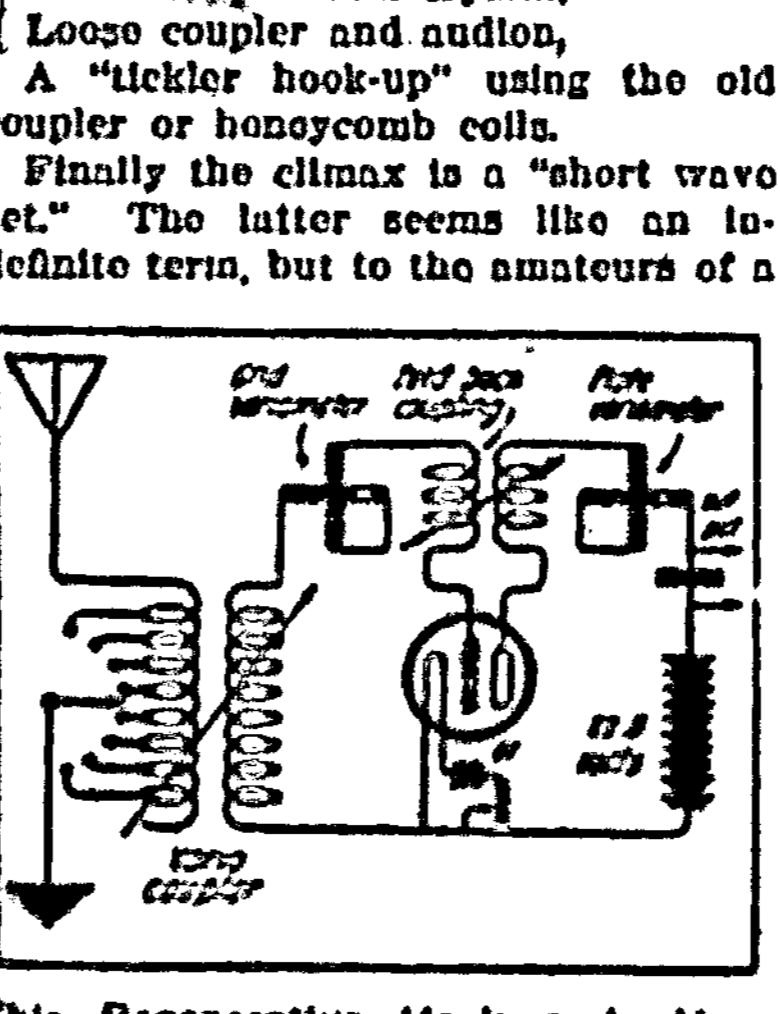
Articles to help the beginner in radio are appearing in countless numbers in the radio publications, newspapers and elsewhere, and rightly so, for the number of newcomers in the art is legion. There are also discussions of the niceties, theories of operation, and more or less complicated and unique layouts of apparatus for the advanced amateur—the fellow who has the inclination, time and apparatus to go into the theory of radio for its own sake and to help in the development of the art. Personally I feel that I belong to neither class and have often heard the same comment from other amateurs.

The Experienced Amateur.

Let me speak for these other fellows when I say that we understand the principles involved in a practical way, that we usually want to have a hand in the construction and installation of our apparatus and that we have the habit of changing our apparatus and circuits for better or for worse—sometimes to the intense displeasure of our listening family and friends. Foremost in our minds, though, are good results—we find it necessary to know the theory of radio, but we are more interested in the doing than in the knowing.

If our radio experience began before the war, its history is probably about as follows, up to the introduction of phone broadcasting:

- Loose coupler and crystal.
- Loose coupler and audion.
- A "tickler hook-up" using the old coupler or honeycomb coils.
- Finally the climax is a "short wave set." The latter seems like an indefinite term, but to the amateurs of a



This Regenerative Hook-up is Very Efficient and is Particularly Useful for the Longer Wave Lengths.

short time ago it could only mean one thing—a regenerative set consisting of three tuned circuits using a variocoupler and two variometers.

When Broadcasting Was Young.

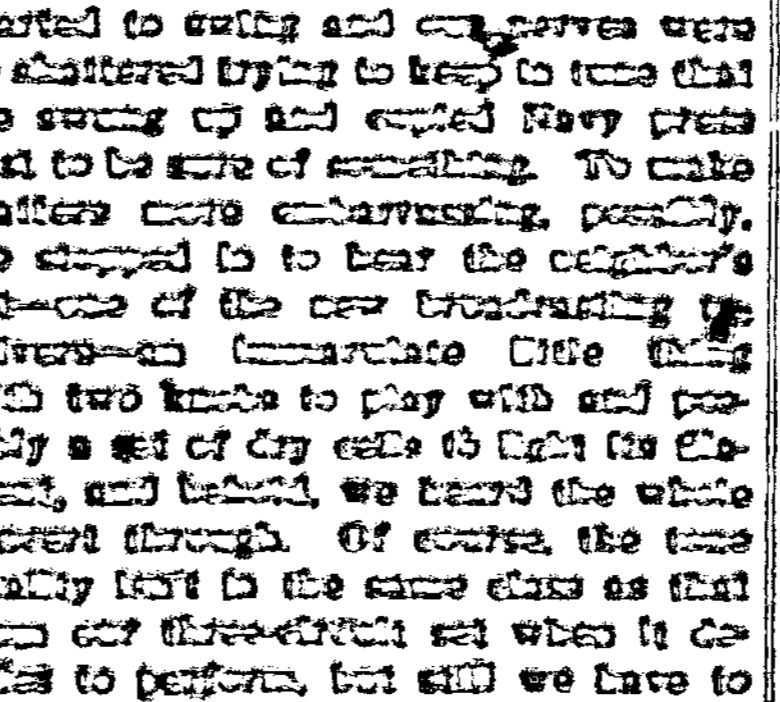
If we were to carry our history a little way into the future, it would probably have something to do with a radio frequency amplifying system and a loop aerial. However, most of us will look on that short wave set with awe, for we remember those dots and dashes from low-power, far distant stations that other "radio bugs" could only hear to their imagination. And when broadcasting started, there were nights when it seemed that the program was in the same room and the sound details of the announcer's voice were almost uncanny. One could hear him draw his breath and make the other little noises incident to speech that remind us of the wonderful reproductions of Harry Lauder's voice on the phonograph. But unfortunately there were nights when programs did not measure up to the quality to even the cheapest phonograph—especially when our friends dropped in to listen for an evening. Yes, there have been nights when even the sound of a voice of any kind would have been welcome to our ears, and others when signals started to swing and key-presses were so scattered trying to keep in time that we swung up and copied Navy press had to be sure of something. To make matters more embarrassing, possibly, we stopped to hear the neighbor's set—on a separate site (being with two knobs to play with and possibly a set of dry cells to light its element, and behind we heard the whole crowd through. Of course the tone quality isn't in the same class as that from our three-circuit set when it comes to perform, but still we have to hand it to our neighbor for he always gets something and sometimes we get nothing.

SHUNTING WAVES OF Bothersome Neighbor

The owner of a receiving set was bothered by a neighbor who broadcast on 20 meters, but owing to close proximity, would overlap 200 meter waves. A solution of the matter was worked out, as shown on diagram.

The principle is to shunt the out. Take for example a 300 meter broadcast. Everything is going along beautifully, when boom-boom, etc., comes in to spoil it all. No to sending on a 20 meter wave length, but, due to close proximity, he overlaps the length.

This is overcome by tapping off from the antenna to a single circuit tuner consisting of a variable cou-



Auxiliary Tuner Shunts Interference.

pliment and tapped inductance and in series. This is run to the plate side of the phone condenser. From the other side of the fixed receiver condenser you run to ground.

When this auxiliary tuner is tuned to its wave length, the vibrations be shunting will travel over the shunt circuit to the ground, and as they are not actually transformed to the detector coil you will not hear them.

Under certain conditions and with proper auxiliary tuner, static can be eliminated.

Relax Amplifier

A "relax amplifier" using three tubes, a crystal detector and associated apparatus, may be so connected as to provide three stages of radio frequency amplification, detection and two stages of audio frequency amplification. The tubes thus operate both as radio and audio frequency amplifiers, but it is not advisable to attempt the use of more than two stages of audio frequency amplification, due to the fact that the highly magnified audio frequency signal prevents the tubes from operating efficiently as radio frequency amplifiers.

best arrangement. I never did decide which one to build but instead of amplifying my circuit, I complicated it.

It is hardly necessary to state that tone quality, selectivity and relief from static are attained to a greater degree with three-tuned circuits than with the simpler arrangements, and the addition of means for coupling the grid and plate circuits provides stability and ease in tuning which are sometimes difficult to obtain in the conventional three-circuit tuner. Of course considerably more time is consumed in tuning the three-circuit set when first put in operation, but this has never been a serious matter if results could later be duplicated using the same adjustment for the same stations. This has been found possible with the set stabilized by direct feedback coupling, while in the ordinary three-circuit tuner adjustments for good phone reception vary daily.

Early Methods

The first means of coupling which was devised consisted in splitting up the plate variometer stator winding into two halves. One half, was left in the plate circuit and the other connected in series with the secondary of the variocoupler and grid variometer. The operation of the set connected in this way proved that the coupling provided was a decided stabilizer—or, in other words, that the idea was good. Stations were tuned in with practically the same adjustments day after day; the set remained in operation without further adjustment for as long as desired, and the tone quality was equal to the best results obtained with the usual connections.

Two of the broadcasting stations regularly heard, however, and many familiar amateur Q.V. stations could not be heard. These stations were all brought back by changing to the arrangement shown in the accompanying diagram, where a separate coupler is used for grid-plate coupling and the plate variometer left intact. The coupler used was made up on the common variocoupler forms with 50 turns of No. 22 cotton-covered wire on both stator and rotor. The stator is in the grid circuit and the rotor in series with the plate variometer. I consider the resulting set the best word in regenerative receivers, barring the refinements in design and manufacture that could well be introduced, and I believe others will find it so until they are able to bid Old Man Static farewell with a loop and H. P. amplifier.

The coupler used in this set is 3 1/2 inches in diameter and the stator is four inches long, but it is obvious that slight changes in dimensions and winding will not affect the results obtained, as both circuits concerned are accurately tuned.

(Radio News)

Personal Experiences

From late on I can stick to personal experience. Possibly they will be repetitions of other fellow's experiences, but they may help others to get the results I am getting now—good results. When I saw my neighbor's set and others like it, I at first decided that the refinements introduced in large scale manufacture of receiving sets for concert reception made possible a set that could not be duplicated by the home workshop except by chance, and we should all remember that this is true, no matter how good our results may be. Later, however, when I found the boys tuning out one and two circuit sets that performed almost as well as manufactured ones, and some of them very simple in construction, it seemed to be up to me to junk the old short wave set and build something new.

While planning the new set it occurred to me that all such sets differed from the conventional three-circuit tuner in having a direct inductive coupling between the plate and grid circuits. In other respects they varied widely and it was difficult to select the

Aspirin

Say "Bayer" and Insist!



Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer product prescribed by physicians over twenty-two years and proved safe by millions for

Colds	Headache
Toothache	Lumbago
Earache	Rheumatism
Neuralgia	Pain, Pain

Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proper directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Drug-gists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer-Manufacture of Monocetateideater of Salicylicacid.—Advertisement.

More Likely,

"Newspapers make use of some very strange expressions," remarked Mrs. Snuggs.

"Do they?" replied her husband.

"For instance, here is an article which speaks of speculators pocketing their losses, when I should suppose that they really unpocketed them."

WHY DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND SWAMP-ROOT

For many years druggists have watched with much interest the remarkable record maintained by Dr. Kilmor's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine.

It is a physician's prescription.

Swamp-Root is a strengthening medicine. It helps the kidneys, liver and bladder do the work nature intended they should do.

Swamp-Root has stood the test of years. It is sold by all druggists on its merit and it should help you. No other kidney medicine has so many friends.

Be sure to get Swamp-Root and start treatment at once.

However, if you wish first to test the great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmor & Co., Birmingham, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Advertisement.

Overlight by Christopher.

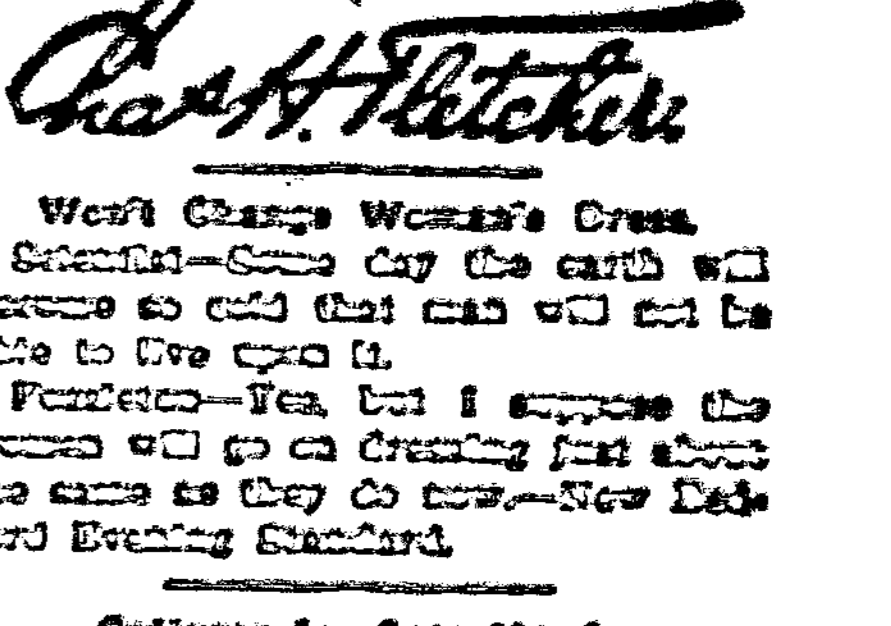
"I can't get any appreciation for my voyage," complained Christopher Columbus.

"You're going about it in the wrong way," confided the accomplished courier. "Intimate that you will start with a trial trip and a pleasant time will be had by all."

BABIES CRY FOR "CASTORIA"

Prepared Especially for Infants and Children of All Ages

Mother Fletcher's Castoria has been in use for over 20 years as a pleasant, harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrup. Contains no narcotics. Proves Castoria are in each package. Physicians recommend it. The greatest bears signature of



Wash. Chang. Women's Dress.

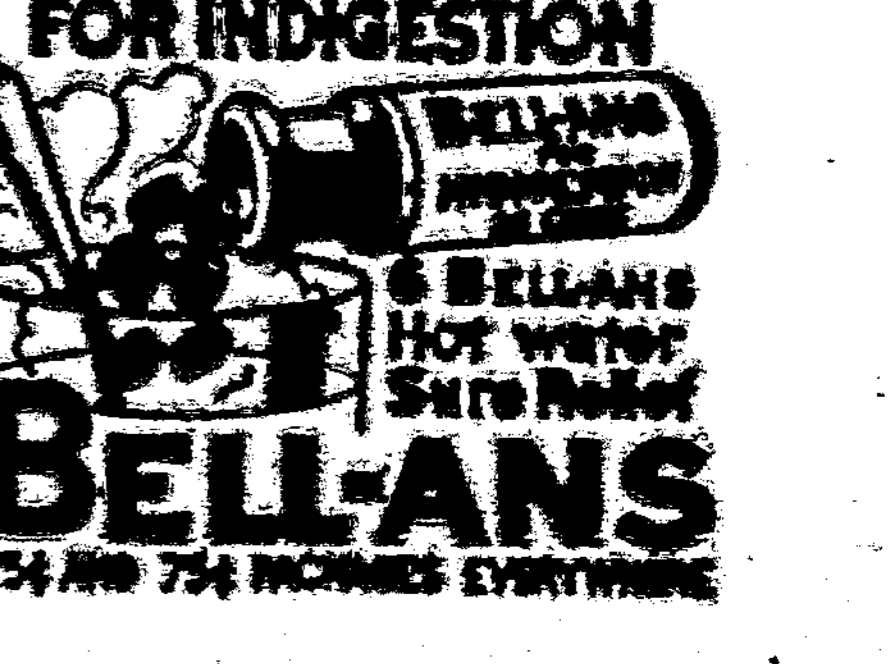
Send—Some day the earth will become so cold that man will not be able to live upon it.

Fordson—Yes, but I suppose the women will go on dressing just about the same as they do now.—New York Evening Standard.

Cuticura for Scrofula.

Scrub hands on returning to the bedside of Cuticura Soap, dry and rub in Cuticura Ointment. Remove scurf. Scuff with three paper. This is only one of the things Cuticura will do if Soap, Ointment and Tablets are used for all Cuticure purposes.—Advertisement.

Sure Relief FOR INDIGESTION



WILLIAMS' HOT WATER Sure Relief

254 AND 734 NICHOLS EVERYWHERE

RED MOB STORMS GERMAN PRISON

FOOD SITUATION IS SAID TO BE IMPROVING IN GREATER BERLIN

AMERICA MAY ENTER

LONDON CHEERFUL OVER IDEA THAT AMERICA WILL ENTER REPARATIONS MUDDLE

Berlin.—A dispatch from Halle says a mob stormed the jail at Zeltz, a few days ago, smashed the doors, opened the cells and liberated all the prisoners, most of whom are declared by the dispatch to have been ordinary criminals.

The labor and food situation in Greater Berlin shows some improvement. This is due to the calling off of the general strike by the Communists. The attempts of the Reds to paralyze the city proved to be a fiasco owing to the opposition of the regular labor unions.

The currency shortage continues, although there seems to be a plentiful supply of bills of large denominations in circulation.

The bill providing for the issue of an international gold loan was favorably reported to the Reichstag. This is one of the measures initiated by the Cuno administration alluded to by Chancellor Stresemann in a statement to the Reichstag as marking a promising beginning in restoring financial order in the country. He made an appeal to all classes to support the gold loan.

London.—The most welcome reaction yet received in London as a result of the British reparations note sent to France and Belgium is contained in the press reports that the Coudage administration will make a ready response to any appeal to America for assistance in settling the prolonged reparation struggle.

On the whole, the sentiment on Great Britain's latest move to obtain a final and definite settlement with Germany has been satisfactory, according to foreign office officials.

Washington.—Reports from London reflecting a feeling that there should be a welcome change in the attitude of the Washington government toward reparations were said on highest authority to appear altogether too optimistic.

Nothing has been said in Washington in behalf of the Coudage administration. It was pointed out, which indicates the slightest departure from the statement made by Secretary Hughes in his New Haven speech last December.

Washington.—Belief was expressed to Washington by Myron T. Herrick, American ambassador to France, that the European situation would be more stable. He said confidence in a successful outcome, he added, are essential must needs of this time.

Mr. Herrick, who has just recently arrived in the United States for a two years' vacation, was received by Secretary Hughes and President Coudage. He intends to go soon to his home to be succeeded for a rest.

Washington.—President Coudage had directed two of the independent agencies of the government, the tariff commission and the civil service commission, to restore the policies pursued during the Harding administration.

Five Dies in Santa Fe Wreck
Santa Fe.—A head-on collision between Santa Fe and (Missouri) Southern passenger train on the west of Peter, Colo., and twenty miles east of Pueblo on Aug. 14 resulted in the death of five passengers and injuries to other passengers and a wreck of passenger Santa Fe train No. 6 was wrecked west from La Junta, and (Missouri) Southern train No. 604, drawn by two locomotives, was derailed from Pueblo south by way of La Junta. No casualties were reported among the passengers, and several of them were reported to be seriously injured.

Will Spend \$7,000,000 in Advertising
Detroit.—The Ford Motor Company has decided to spend \$7,000,000 in advertising in various newspapers and magazines throughout the country during the next year. Vernon F. Herlihy, advertising manager for the company has announced. The company has done no advertising for the last five years, leaving it to local dealers throughout the country. The Ford Advertising Company some time ago was re-established with Herlihy at its head.

Klansmen Mailed in Ohio
Steubenville, Ohio.—Harlan L. Gibson, said to be an officer in the Ku Klux Klan, was fired upon and seriously wounded while driving through the streets of Steubenville a few days ago. Several shots were fired into his machine, one striking him in the head. A delegation of several hundred alleged members of the Ku Klux Klan were attacked shortly before by a crowd of men numbering thousands after they had held a meeting in their local hall.

NATION PAYS TRIBUTE

BUSINESS, COMMERCE AND ALL AMUSEMENTS CEASE.

ENTIRE COUNTRY CEASES LABOR AS HARDING IS LAID IN CRYPT.

Denver.—In common with the plain folk of Marion, Ohio, and the millions of citizens throughout the length and breadth of the nation, Denver bowed her head in grief during the funeral. It was a day apart, set aside for last rites, for national reverence of the memory for him who was America's foremost citizen, Warren G. Harding, twenty-ninth president of the United States. Business, pleasure, mundane things were stilled.

At noon in Denver, at the time when the last hush fell over Marion preparatory to the funeral procession, the presidential salute of twenty-one guns boomed out farewell from the grounds of the state capitol.

At 2:30 o'clock the sound of a bugle brought thousands of men in uniform to attention, and to the strains of Chopin's funeral march a great procession moved slowly along the streets, between rows of silent citizens whose heads were bowed and bowed.

In the procession were an artillery caisson, bearing a casket draped with the nation's flag and surmounted by a single wreath, the gift of the Ohio state.

At the Auditorium the procession was disbanded, while an honor guard of soldiers bore the casket into the building and set it in front of the platform.

The memorial service there were thrown open to the public. Clarence Reynolds, city organizer, sounded the funeral march on the grand organ. The Rt. Rev. Bishop J. Henry Thien offered the opening prayer.

Former Senator Thomas, a Democrat and a colleague of Mr. Harding in the Senate, delivered an address in which he spoke from the depths of personal love for the President which recognized no party lines. In President Harding he found as the leading personal characteristics, broad human sympathy, high ideals, a thoroughly sounded devotion to service to his fellowmen.

Cheyenne.—Memorial services, with funeral corteges preceding each coronation, were held in every city and town in Wyoming in memory of the late President Warren G. Harding. Gov. W. B. Ross, who made the memorial address at Sheridan, designated the day as one of public mourning and prayer.

Omaha.—Warren G. Harding was laid to rest in his long sleep with bells tolling for five minutes in Omaha. A throng which conservative figures estimated at 20,000 gathered at Ak-Sarthen field, Omaha's playground, in a brief, dignified and dramatic service in memory of the lamented President.

Los Angeles, Calif.—Los Angeles and southern California generally joined the remembrance of the nation in getting business and pleasure aside to pay homage to the memory of President Harding. At 10 o'clock, the time of the beginning of the funeral services in Marion, Ohio, practically every street in Los Angeles was hushed for five minutes.

Washington.—Silence prevailed throughout Washington for five minutes as the funeral service for Warren G. Harding was held in Marion.

New York.—Hushed with a reverent stillness unparalleled in her history as a metropolis, New York paid sorrowful tribute to the memory of Warren G. Harding. Her great halls, her Broadway, her avenues, her harbor deserted, the city turned to her crypted churches where the end ceremonies at Marion, Ohio, were being echoed. It was almost as if there was a funeral to every home. Roads throughout were stopped of their traffic. Subway and elevated tracks, running on reduced schedules, were sparsely occupied.

Chicago.—As quiet, simple and unostentatious as the man who was honored, was Chicago's tribute to the memory of Warren G. Harding. Realized, crowded, factories were stilled, traffic ceased and people left their accustomed tasks to assemble throughout the city to mourn a fellow-American.

Yellowstone Highway in Good Condition
Casper.—Tourists coming from Casper to Yellowstone Park will find that the road from the West, to the park is in as good condition as it ever has been, reports from Thermopole indicate. Travelers claim that this is now the finest road into the Yellowstone.

Rotary Kill Hundreds
London.—A dispatch from Berlin says Communists stormed the town hall at Alsdorf, eight miles north of Aix La Chapelle, with hand grenades and that 100 persons were killed or wounded. Hamburg was the scene of further rioting recently with many killed or wounded, according to the dispatch. Communists have gained the upper hand at Wittenberg, near Hamburg, the dispatch adds, claiming the militia and controlling the town.

Paris Receives the Bey of Tunis



The bey of Tunis has been paying an official visit to Paris, where he was received by President Millerand and was accorded full military honors. In the photograph he is seen (left) riding with the resident general for France in Tunis, M. Lucien Saint.

STANDARD CUTS PRICE 6.6 CENTS

INDEPENDENT PRODUCERS SAY REDUCTION IS BELOW COST OF MANUFACTURE

GASOLINE WAR WAGED

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT STARTS PROBE OF ALLEGED CONSPIRACY AMONG PRODUCERS

Chicago.—The Standard Oil Company of Indiana has announced a reduction in the price of gasoline of 6.6 cents a gallon throughout its entire territory. At the same time, L. V. Nicholas, head of the National Petroleum Marketers' Association, announced he had notified the independents to reduce prices 5 cents a gallon. The territory affected includes Illinois, Iowa, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Kansas, Missouri and part of Oklahoma. "I notified independents to reduce the price 5 cents," Mr. Nicholas said. "A cut of more than five cents is unfair and ruinous. A cut of 6.6 cents is as much out of the one way as the present price is the other."

The new prices were characterized by the Standard Oil Company of Indiana in its announcement as "far below the cost of production and distribution." The Standard Oil Company said in its statement that it had no wish to injure competitors, but was inspired in making the reduction to meet the competition started by Gov. W. H. McMillan of South Dakota and now extending to other state executives.

The Standard Oil Company of Indiana announces an immediate reduction to the price of gasoline of 6.6 cents per gallon applicable throughout the entire territory in which it does business," the announcement said. "It asserts that the retail price, as made, are far below the cost of production and distribution."

The governor of the state of South Dakota, buying gasoline below the cost of production, and charging against the state to adequate cost for distribution, is selling gasoline to the public in the state of South Dakota at 10 cents per gallon.

The Standard Oil Company of Indiana, operating on its established policy that the customer who purchases its goods should never be compelled to pay a higher price than that maintained and fixed by any competitor, quality and service to be considered, has cut this price.

It deprecates the stand taken by some of its competitors that the Standard Oil Company of Indiana is endeavoring by reason of meeting these cuts in price and these demands for lower prices to put its competitors out of business.

The Standard Oil Company of Indiana does not wish to get any competitor out of business because it feels that competitors are necessary to the successful conduct of its business. It will welcome a change of attitude on the part of all parties concerned resulting in a reasonable price for gasoline which will enable not only it but all of its competitors to enjoy a reasonable profit.

It recognizes that the majority of its competitors are fine business men, entitled to the most treatment both by the public and by the company.

Gov. C. W. Bryan of Nebraska telegraphed the heads of the principal oil companies in that state, asking them to reduce the price of gasoline to the consuming public. A threat of state-owned gasoline to compete with the private corporation if the reduction is not made by the governor, who said that he "intended to see it through" and that price reduction was right in his line.

Gov. William E. Sweet of Colorado has asked Colorado oil companies to meet the South Dakota prices.

TAKE BODIES OF 95 FROM MINE

PITIFUL SCENES ENACTED AT MOUTH OF FRONTIER SHAFT AS RELATIVES WAIT

UNABLE TO USE CARS

HOPE IS ABANDONED FOR 100 MEN STILL BURIED IN PIONEER MINE

Kemmerer, Wyo.—On the morning of Aug. 15 ninety-five bodies had been recovered from mine No. 1 of the Kemmerer Coal Company, whose workings were partially wrecked by an explosion. At that time the work of bringing out the dead was continuing.

The latest statement of mine officials was that 137 or 138 men were in the mine when an explosion, the cause of which has not been determined definitely, occurred. Thirty-seven men came out alive. Those unaccounted for are believed to have perished.

The first rescuers to emerge from the mine declared that bodies of the victims were strewn throughout the main slope of the mine, which is a mile deep. Death occurred mostly from suffocation, they said, "dense black clouds of smoke apparently having rolled over the workers after the blast, which is believed to have entered in entry fifteen, near the center of the mine."

The rescue workers, blocked here in their efforts to reach the entombed men, worked for some time before they cleared the passageway of the debris resulting from a cave-in. At the seventeenth entry it was found that the "trip" car tracks had been torn up, apparently by the force of the blast, and the rescue crews were unable to proceed further on the car.

Making their way afoot through the rough, debris-lined passageway, they eventually progressed to all the sections of the workings reached by the force of the blast, carrying, assisting or directing the survivors out of the passageways as they went.

The little band which had been entombed gathered around the "trip" car at the end of the track at entry seventeen and was brought up to the surface.

One theory of the explosion advanced soon after news of the blast became known was that the "trip" car on the fifteenth entry had either jumped the track or ignited a candle spark which had ignited a small cloud of gas.

This theory was strengthened by the fact that the cars were wrecked and buried in debris, according to mine experts, but it is considered possible that the explanation of the disaster given by the company may be the correct theory of the cause of the explosion.

The company declared to the state that no fire had followed the explosion. At the same time the company announced that rescue work was continuing and that the final figures on the number of victims to the disaster would not be known for some time.

D. Harrington, supervising mining engineer with the United States bureau of mines, started from Denver immediately after the explosion for Kemmerer, to take charge of the government rescue work at the Pioneer mine No. 1, east of town, where 217 coal miners were entombed.

He had been unable through the day to obtain more than meager details of what had happened, but kept in touch with the situation through the newspapers and able to catch the first train out for Wyoming.

His rescue car No. 2, in charge of H. E. Mann, which had been giving mine rescue commissions in Wyoming, was stopped at Green River, on the way west and sent back to the scene of the disaster, and another car was ordered dispatched from Salt Lake City. Mr. Mann had charge of the rescue work for the government bureau and Mr. Harrington arrived.

French May Ignore British Note
Paris.—The British note is regarded in French official circles as a possible proposal of Great Britain's war effort and a frank proposal of the German cause. It is thought Premier Briand will reply, although at the Quai d'Orsay it is said the current attitude is such of prophetic flight might properly be ignored.

Hearst Wins Klan Suit
New York.—Federal Judge Whitlow denied the petition of the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan, Inc., of Georgia, for a preliminary injunction restraining the International Magazine Company, controlled by William Randolph Hearst, from publishing articles by Norman Hapgood, regarding the Klan.

Makes Plan for Better Citizenship
Boulder.—Hoping higher classes who wink at the law, particularly the Eighteenth amendment, will publicly call for its enforcement, Rice W. Means, manager of safety, of Denver, made a plea for better citizenship to 300 delegates at the W. C. T. U. gathered here. Means paid a tribute to the Denver police department personnel. Mrs. Adriana Hougertford, state president of the W. C. T. U., said that the organization now has 5,000 members in Colorado.

Wheat Growers Ask Aid of Congress
Minneapolis.—President Coolidge was urged to call a special session of Congress immediately to provide relief for the nation's wheat growers, in a telegram sent by the American Wheat Growers' Association, Inc. The telegram was signed by officers of the association, and trustees of the state state wheat growing associations which comprise the present body. It was dispatched at the close of a four-day session of the board of directors of the larger association.

New Mexico State Items

A 200,000-gallon, septic tank has been completed by the city of Gallup at the cost of over \$10,000. The tank is one of the largest in the state, and suitable for a city of 15,000 people.

Reports of the county agent of San Juan county, state that large quantities of fruit in all parts of the county are rotting. It is said this is due to the lack of proper transportation facilities.

Through the efforts of the Gallup Kiwanis Club, the city will soon have one of the finest play grounds in the state. The site under consideration is at Fort Wingate where thousands of acres are to be made into a park.

A string of 15 1/2 inch casing is being set in the well of the Spaulding Dome Oil Company, near Fort Sumner, and drilling will soon be resumed. A complete oil burning plant is being installed at the well site.

G. M. Meyers of Whitewater, had an eye removed at the DeMoss hospital in Lordsburg, as the result of an injury received while digging a well. As he was looking up a stone fell, striking the pupil of the eye.

An auto stage line has been instituted between Raton and Las Vegas and daily trips will be made each way during the rest of the summer. The cars will leave both cities at 8 in the morning, the trip taking about five hours.

In spite of the fact that Walter Martin, of the Estancia valley, has hauled over 200 barrels of water this summer for the orchard of his farm, all the trees are reported dead. The orchard was planted in 1900 and was one of the best in the valley.

The directors of the northern New Mexico Fair Association, held a meeting at Raton recently to go over the plans for the big fair which is to be held this fall. If the present program is carried out the fair will be bigger and better than ever before.

At big meeting of the farmers and business men, held in Artesia, a new corporation was formed with a capital stock of \$20,000, to erect a new cotton gin in the city. The new building will be started as soon as the materials can be placed on the ground and the plant will be in operation in time to handle the fall crop.

Another big vein of silver ore has been uncovered at the 100 foot level in the Cooperative mine north of Lordsburg, which it is said will run 100,000 ounces of silver to the ton. Over \$50,000 worth of ore has been shipped from the mine this year and with the new find it is believed that this will soon be developed into one of the biggest silver properties in the state.

Contractor John Gault, of the M. M. Gault company, announced that the contract of the New Meadows hotel at Las Vegas has been completed. With the completion of the stone work the entire hotel is practically completed, the total time for the construction being about one year. The Meadows' new ranks as one of the finest hotels of the kind in the southwest.

Nearly 12,000 high grade calves are being offered for sale by the cattlemen of the state, through the Cattle and Horse Growers' Association, and the selling has been almost completed. Out of this number it is said that about 90 per cent are Herefords, either pure bred or strong strains. Most of the stock is to be ready for delivery about the middle of October and there to every indication that many buyers from all parts of the west will be interested in the lots that will be offered.

One of the most elaborate good road meetings ever held in the state occurred in Springs recently, when the Texas-New Mexico Highway Association met for a two day session. Many delegates were present from all parts of New Mexico and the western part of Texas. President T. B. Mitchell, presiding. At the close of the meeting a big banquet was given for the delegates by the business men of Springs and a dance was held at the Springs theater, which was one of the most brilliant social affairs of the season.

A meeting of the board of directors of the Cowboy Dinner Association was held in Las Vegas recently for the election of the officers for the year of 1924. Those elected were Jim Shearman, W. A. Nation, William Sprague, G. W. Jackson, A. J. Wink, Harry Johnson, Duke Hagley, Perry Dine, Walter B. Schaeffer, Burton Brown and R. W. Curtis. All of these men have been active workers and promoters of the dinner, several of them being responsible for the establishment of this wild west show, which has attracted people from many parts of the United States.

H. E. Kirk, president of the Indian Cereals Association, believes that at least 10,000 Indians will be in Gallup for the big dance which is to be held September 13 to 15. Besides the vast throngs from the nearby reservations, Mr. Kirk believes that hundreds will come from the various pueblos in all parts of the state. Mr. Kirk has toured most of the state during the past month and says that the growth of all the pueblos will contribute to the big ceremonial, which promises to be the largest of the kind ever held in New Mexico.

GAY KNITTED NECKERCHIEF; SUBTLE CHANGES IN FROCKS

ONE of the delights of this season in the way of accessories is the Beauville knitted neckerchief. Let the designer of things knitted get the least inkling of a new fashion and presto! its charm is immediately interpreted through knitted stuff. Most of us visualize it as a square of gay printed silk knitted and tied about one's shoulder with naive grace. The picture tells a different story. It reveals the theme translated in the language of knitted art.

It does not take much of an imagination to sense the decorative charm

Now that autumn is nearing, one notes evidences of handsome knitted neckwear modes in the way of fiber silk scarfs plaided in real Scotch design and coloring.

Between the out-and-out sports costume and dress for formal wear, there is a range of styles that may be characterized as semi-formal. With the approach of fall, designers turn their attention to garments of this character with an idea of developing styles that are appropriate for afternoon. Crepe romaine and crepe Elizabeth are two fabrics that are



A Winsome Accessory.

of a neckerchief knitted of fiber silk, the major color being burnt orange with diagonal patchy stripes done in green, orchid, purple, blue, yellow, white and black. The coordinating beauty touch is attained in the deep fringe which displays the multi-colors of the patchy design.

There are many types of these knitted neckerchiefs and they all make color their outstanding feature. Bright Italian shades, bold spray colors add charm to the idea. In this way a sturdy costume is enlivened by a cheerful dash of color.

We are only just beginning to appreciate what a fund of lovely ideas the knitted accessories present. To say that the wide colored-knit supply exists in rainbow colorings are effective, but chiefly states the case. Nothing prettier to the way of a light evening wrap with Caprice frocks can be developed than these fuzzy airy fairy throws full of spray and the like.

The pure white they... were bordered in vivid Italian shades

being extensively used and called. The twills and reps in subdued colorings. In the illustration at the left is a smart afternoon frock of silk knitted crepe which carries out the shirt and blouse idea in a new and interesting manner. The matching embroidery on the shirt follows a Persian design and the same pattern appears in the top plaiting on the blouse. Sleeves are slightly longer than to the summer modes and are finished with cuffs of the material.

The costume of the right is a of rough weave in flared skirt. A new system is evident in the short cape falling from the shoulders to the waistline to serve a purpose as to suggest a wide drape. The skirt is cut with a slight flare and is plaited only over the hips. A belt of the same material, terminating in an ornament to coordinating color, defines the low waist line.

Straight lines prevail in these styles almost to the exclusion of other treatments. Symmetrical takes its cue from the robe of the material and is



Give a Foretaste of Autumn.

ties with the rainbow-knit shawl, the entire length of which shows a shimmer of prismatic tints. These beautiful knitted novelties rank not in the commonplace, for they are displayed only by the most exclusive shops. In their coloring they take for inspiration, not only nature's tints, but Spanish, Italian and Ukrainian peasant influences is reflected.

Julia Bottomley

LATEST MARKET QUOTATIONS

Furnished by
U. S. BUREAU OF MARKETS
Washington, D. C.

Fruits and Vegetables
Prices reported: Eastern shore Virginia and Maryland Irish cobbler potatoes, 75 at \$6.75 per barrel; city market; \$4.65 to \$4.85 f. o. b. usual terms. Kentucky sacked Irish cobbler, \$2.65 at \$3.00 midwestern cities. Georgia North and South Carolina Tom Watson watermelons, 25-30 pound average, \$2.00 at \$4.00 bulk, per car; top of \$4.85 at New York auctions; \$1.15, 1,300 f. o. b. cash truck; \$1.00, 1,000 f. o. b. cash at Chicago; 60 at 900 bulk; 100 lbs. f. o. b. usual terms. North Carolina cantaloupes, standard 45s, green meats, \$2.25 to \$2.50; low city markets reaching \$3 in Boston. Maryland green and pink meats, \$2.50 at \$3 eastern cities. Georgia peaches, Elberta and Belle, \$2.25 at \$3.50 per bushel; basket carrier, reaching \$3.50 midwestern markets. \$2.25 to \$2.75 f. o. b. usual terms. North Carolina Belle, \$2.50 at \$3.00 eastern cities.

Livestock and Meats
Chicago prices: Top, \$8.10; bulk of sales, \$6.60; medium and good beef steers, \$5.25 at \$11.25; butcher cow and heifer, \$3.50 at \$10.50; feeder steers, \$4.15; light and medium weight veal calves, \$5.00 at \$15.50; fat lamb, \$10.50 at \$13; feeding lambs, \$10.50 at \$12.50; yearlings, \$7.75 at \$11; fat ewes, \$7.00 at \$7.50.

Prices Good grade meats: Beef, \$16.50 at \$18; veal, \$15 at \$18; mutton, \$16 at \$18.50; light pork loins, \$17 at \$20; heavy loins, \$10 at \$11.

Hay
No. 1 Timothy, Philadelphia, \$25; Pittsburg, \$24; Cincinnati, \$20; Chicago, \$21; Minneapolis, \$17; Memphis, \$20; St. Louis, \$18.50. No. 1 Prairie, Minneapolis, \$14.50; St. Louis, \$15.50; Kansas City, \$11.00 at \$10.75. No. 1 alfalfa, Kansas City, \$20.50.

Feed
Minneapolis bran, \$20, middlings, \$25; flour middlings, \$20.50, at Red Dog, \$22. Gluten feed, Chicago, \$37.15. White hominy feed, St. Louis, \$31; Chicago, \$22, old 25 per cent cotton seed meal, Memphis, \$26, Atlanta, \$37, 22 per cent linseed meal, Minneapolis, \$42, Buffalo, \$31.

Grain
Closing prices in Chicago cash market: No. 2 hard winter wheat, No. 2, No. 2 hard winter wheat, No. 2, No. 2 white oats, No. 2, Average farm prices: No. 2 mixed corn in central Iowa, No. 2 hard winter wheat in central Kansas, No. 1 dark northern wheat in central North Dakota, No. 2. Closing future prices: Chicago September corn, 78 1/2c, Minneapolis September wheat, \$1.06 1/2, Kansas City September wheat, 91 1/2c.

Dairy Products
Butter markets firm and higher. Closing prices of 99 score butter: New York, \$1.15, Chicago, \$1.10, Philadelphia, \$1.10, Boston, \$1.10.

Cheese markets were lower during the week. Prices of Western creamery markets: Feta, 7 1/2c, Double Daisies, 10c, Young Americans, 22 1/2c, Longhorn, 22 1/2c, square prints, 22c.

Cotton
Spot cotton declined 22 points during the week. New York October futures contracts declined 20 points. Spot cotton prices closed at 22 1/2c. New York October futures at 22 1/2c.

DENVER MARKETS

Cattle
Receipts, 2,274. Quotations were made from \$9 to \$11. Three loads of heavy feeders averaging above 1,000 pounds, brought the top of the market at \$10. Lighter feeders went at \$10.50. Cattle and steers at \$10.50 and \$11.50. Butcher cows and calves at \$10.50. White cow or two went singly at \$10. Leads and at \$10.50 and \$10.50. The average grade went at \$10.50 and \$10.50. Cows and calves were continued to sell at \$10 with increase and calves from \$9 to \$10. Heifers were light in supply and quality and the best prices for the week. Cows ranged on down to \$8. Veal calves ranged at \$9 and some at \$10. While the bulk of calves were made at \$9 and decreased to \$8. Some ranged from \$8, which price cannot prevail, down to \$7.50.

Hogs
Receipts, 1,221. Quotations were made from \$9 to \$11. Three loads of heavy feeders averaging above 1,000 pounds, brought the top of the market at \$10. Lighter feeders went at \$10.50. Cattle and steers at \$10.50 and \$11.50. Butcher cows and calves at \$10.50. White cow or two went singly at \$10. Leads and at \$10.50 and \$10.50. The average grade went at \$10.50 and \$10.50. Cows and calves were continued to sell at \$10 with increase and calves from \$9 to \$10. Heifers were light in supply and quality and the best prices for the week. Cows ranged on down to \$8. Veal calves ranged at \$9 and some at \$10. While the bulk of calves were made at \$9 and decreased to \$8. Some ranged from \$8, which price cannot prevail, down to \$7.50.

Sheep
Receipts, 1,221. The entire offering in the sheep market consisted of 24 loads of heavy and feeder lambs. Including two loads of the latter which sold right in with the rest, at \$11.25. These lambs averaged 75 pounds and were graded between the two large markets. Feeders are in demand in quantity. Colorado sheep farmers were told that in an emergency they could sell their sheep at \$10 and perhaps from \$9 to \$10.50. Heavy grade ewes were quoted from \$7 to \$7.50. Weathers were quoted from \$7 to \$7.50.

NEVAL MARKET

(Cassade Settlement Prices)
Spot, London 23 1/2
Lead 110
Copper per ton 140
Zinc 115
Sulphur per ton 24 1/2

Hay and Grain

Timothy, No. 1, top \$23.00
Timothy, No. 1, top \$22.00
Timothy, No. 2, top \$21.00
Timothy, No. 2, top \$20.00
Timothy, No. 3, top \$19.00
Timothy, No. 3, top \$18.00
Timothy, No. 3, top \$17.00
Timothy, No. 3, top \$16.00
Timothy, No. 3, top \$15.00
Timothy, No. 3, top \$14.00
Timothy, No. 3, top \$13.00
Timothy, No. 3, top \$12.00
Timothy, No. 3, top \$11.00
Timothy, No. 3, top \$10.00
Timothy, No. 3, top \$9.00
Timothy, No. 3, top \$8.00
Timothy, No. 3, top \$7.00
Timothy, No. 3, top \$6.00
Timothy, No. 3, top \$5.00
Timothy, No. 3, top \$4.00
Timothy, No. 3, top \$3.00
Timothy, No. 3, top \$2.00
Timothy, No. 3, top \$1.00

DENVER SUGAR QUOTATIONS

Manufacturers' Quotations
First \$17.50
Cane \$17.50

Wholesale Quotations
First \$17.50
Cane \$17.50

Denver, Ill.—Almost complete steel construction saved the Continental Limited, fastest train on the Western railroad, from a terrible wreck, seven miles east of here, when the engine of the eastbound train fell the rails in front of the station at State Park, Ind., at a curve where the track it was traveling upon merged with the other track to form a single line. Engines, mail and express cars turned over and the combination baggage and smoke and a chair car came to rest half wreathed.

German Turners Carry Old Glory in Munich Parade



Two hundred and fifty thousand persons took part in the recent festival of German Turners in Munich, Bavaria. The illustration shows the girl turners in the parade, and the Stars and Stripes carried by some of the marchers—an unusual feature.

Once More the Mormons Arrive at Salt Lake



The Mormons celebrated their arrival in Utah in 1847, under Brigham Young, by re-enacting their arrival recently. All the vehicles were those used by the original pioneers, and the celebration, for the most part, were descendants of the 1847 settlers. The Brigham Young trail was followed through the valley to the site of the present city of Salt Lake.

LONG BEACH'S BEAUTY



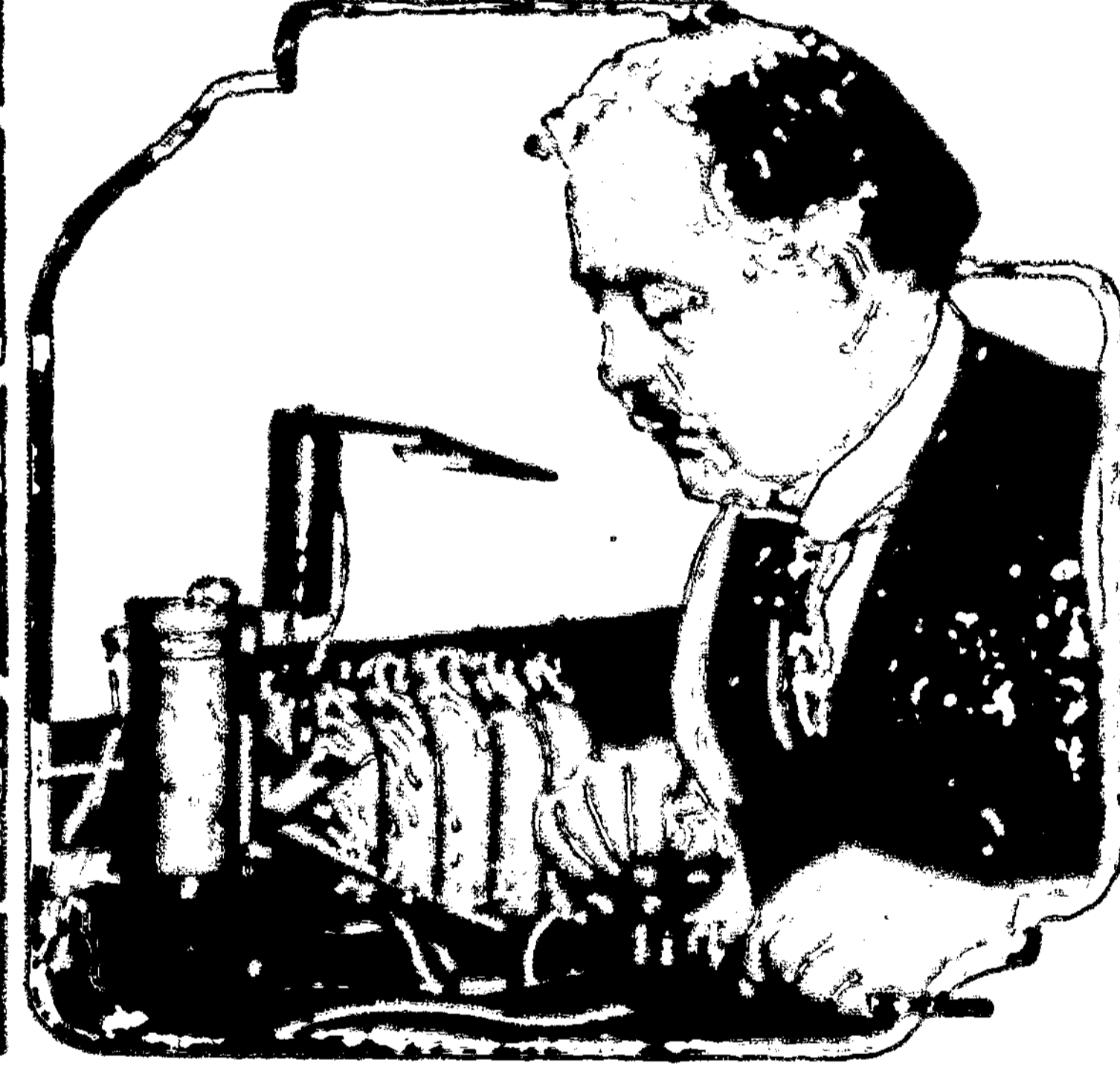
Miss Vera Gray was chosen to be "Miss Long Beach" at the annual Atlantic City beauty pageant to be held later in the summer. This is Miss Gray's third victory to date being crowned by the committee in charge of the affair at Long Beach, Long Island.

ROSE IS A REAL RIDER



Rose Walker, famous cowgirl, riding Diamond at the rodeo at Salinas, Cal., where the wild west of pioneer days was re-enacted at the weekend.

New Detector of Criminals



The "new machine" is the latest scientific machine to bring the truth from criminals. Only Dr. Albert S. Galt has shown with the apparatus of the University of California at Berkeley, called a "polygraph" machine, being an improvement on laboratory equipment used for years. The subject is asked to give the true word that comes into his mind after a word is furnished him by the questioner. His mental vibrations, transmitted through the fingers, are recorded and if they jump very high the word is a lie.

Danish King on American Warship



Christian X, King of Denmark, paying a visit to the American battleship and shaking hands with a young midshipman.

BITS OF INFORMATION

The national cost of France is over \$20,000,000,000.
Henshawville is the most expensive city in the world.
Rocky is a freebreeding animal whose habitat is Alaska.
More maple grows in Michigan than in any other state.
Los Angeles covers more area than any other city in America.
About 6,000 bees were started in national observance during 1927.

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REPAIRING. All orders promptly filled. 1710 16th & Champa

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RY CLEANING
EXPERT DYER
FIFTY FOUR YEARS
EXPERIENCE. 1714 & LOGAN

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selection of high-grade
for hard work. Priced
to sell.

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1714 & Logan, Denver, Colo.

RY, PIPE, RAILS AND SUPPLIES
Send us your inquiries
for Metal & Machinery Co.
17th & Larimer Sts. Warehouse
1st lot to ad on Larimer, Denver.

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BUSINESS COLLEGE
211 15th St., Denver.
Five Years Old. Course in Busi-
ness Administration. Realistic
Study part of expenses. Write
today.

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DENVER, COLO.
1717 Broadway, American and
New plan. Water 21st St.

Uncommon Sense . . .

By **JOHN BLAKE**

WATCH YOUR STEP

AMBITION is necessary to success. But unless your particular ambition is attainable, it will only be a trouble to you.

A boy who is stone deaf may aspire to be a great violinist, but he never will be.

A youth with no eye for perspective or sense of the beautiful may tell his life away trying to paint, and produce only worthless dabbles.

The mountain climber who wants to get to the top of a peak does well to select a mountain that can be climbed.

He may discover, after he is well up one height, that no further progress is possible.

It will be slow, wearisome work ascending and beginning the slow, laborious ascent of another mountain. But unless he is willing to do that he will never be a success as a mountain climber.

Few men get the right start in life at the beginning. Most of us discover, at some time or other that the way we are traveling is the wrong way, and that it will lead us to no worth while destination.

The thought of going back and beginning all over again is staggering. But there is no other way, if we mean to succeed.

(© by John Blake.)

Be as careful as you can in picking your career in the beginning. With your own judgment and knowledge of yourself, and with all the advice you can get, choose a vocation that you are fitted for.

But if it so happens that you have chosen wrong, don't be afraid to descend that particular mountain and start up another that has a clear trail to the top.

It will be hard work—much harder than starting right in the first place. But it must be done.

And do not count the effort that appears to have been thrown away as wasted. The work that you put into the first vocation, while it may not directly contribute to later success, will have sharpened your faculties and trained your mind.

And because you have done it, and because it has taught you how to work, the tasks that must be done to bring you to success will be far easier than they would have been if you had never tried at all.

(© by John Blake.)

Motor to Church in Comfort

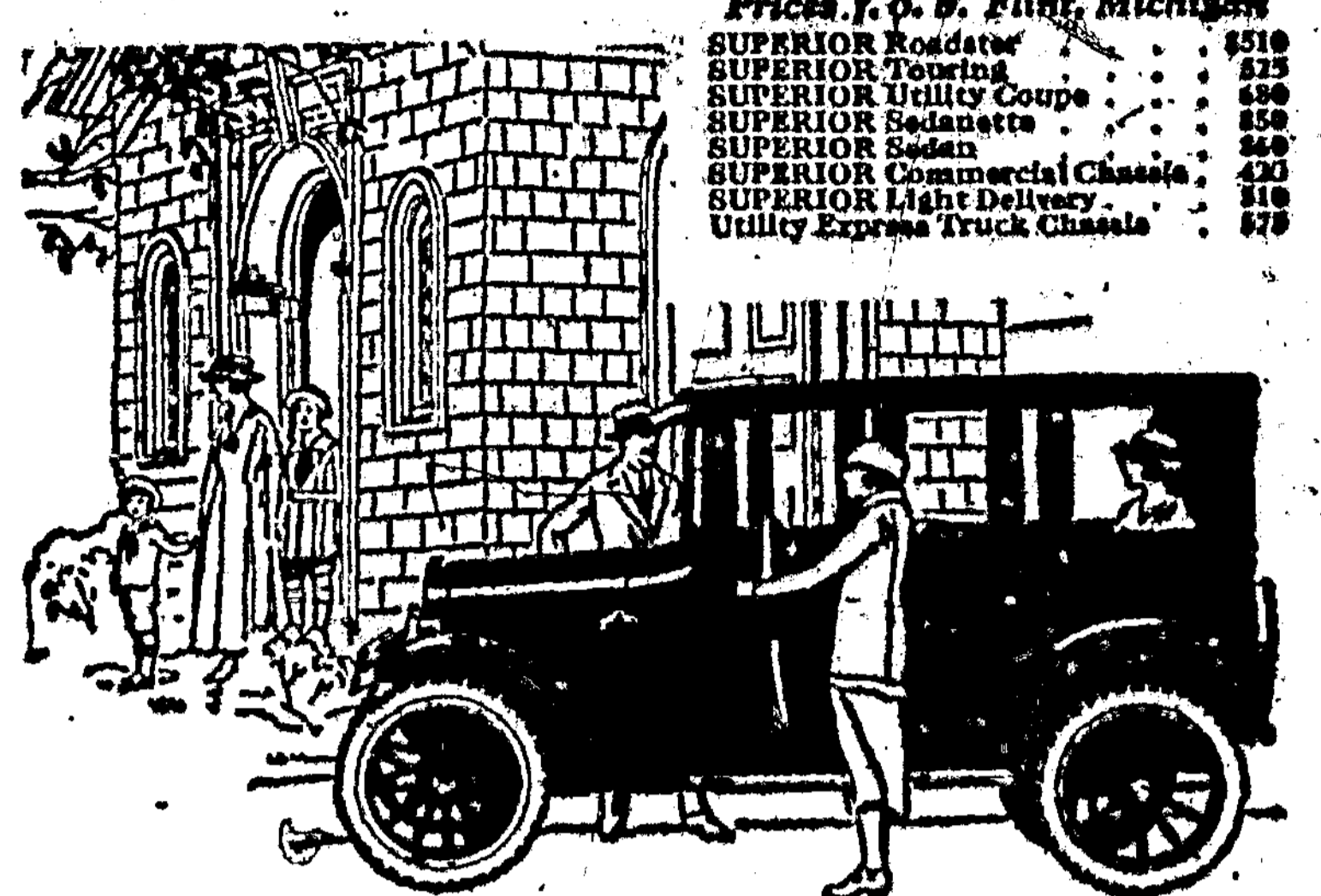
The Chevrolet 5-Passenger Sedan is most popular for family use, because it affords comfort, weather protection and the home atmosphere all the year 'round for five people—yet may be economically operated with only one or two passengers.

Its power, reliability and low upkeep appeal to men. Women like its handsome lines, fine upholstery, plate glass windows with Tarnstedt regulators, and fine finish.

Everybody appreciates its great value at \$860, f. o. b. Flint, Mich.

Price, f. o. b. Flint, Michigan

SUPERIOR Roadster	\$510
SUPERIOR Touring	\$525
SUPERIOR Utility Coupe	\$535
SUPERIOR Sedanette	\$545
SUPERIOR Sedan	\$560
SUPERIOR Commercial Chassis	\$420
SUPERIOR Light Delivery	\$415
Utility Express Truck Chassis	\$375



Chevrolet Motor Company
Division of General Motors Corporation
Detroit, Michigan

ART

By **GRACE E. HALL**

SIX elves steal in and paint the flowers

With gorgeous hues in still night hours,
Their brushes wondrous fine;
The dew a crystal drop imparts
To lingers prisoned in the hearts
Like magic wine.

SCHOOL DAYS



Do Think About

A WALKER

Then there is too much heat in the air for endurance.

In the torrid temperature both feet feel oppressed and the way is so small the verbal fight ends between the contestants in the open divorce court.

But the tongues whose tragedies are seldom told are those inarticulate members that neither praise nor censure.

Often a heart is broken, but later by tongues carve it to death.

An affectionate wife waits years for a word of love or admiration.

She waits months and years for it, but it never is spoken.

Living lips, she faces away as a rose in the cold winds of scorn. And this is equally true of tongues whose flames are perpetually try to the roiling atmosphere of lives who have forgotten the old love story and keep the notes of their own fire.

Love words and convincing words while the days are young.

Tell your wives and husbands that

LUELLA SAYS

THE TIME WAS—WHEN FOLKS HAD HAM'N'EGGS FOR DINNER—THEY WAS SORT OF ASHAMED AN' DIDN'T LIKE T' MENTION IT, NOW THEY 'D BE PROUD T' HAVE IT PUT IN ALL THE NEWS-PAPERS!

you love them. Tell them often and see that face brighten. Expectations and joy the same estate by that was yours when the wedding card was mailed.

(© with by Hester Overcup for Corona)

Black Alkali.

Investigations have been made of the almost complete loss of fertility of from 40,000 to 50,000 acres in the San Luis valley of Colorado, and this condition is attributed to the so-called "black alkali," composed largely of sodium carbonate. This carbonate is carried in the waters of the valley, including the rivers and the artesian wells, and the practice of subirrigation has brought it to the surface by capillarity and evaporation. It is suggested that the remedy lies in a conversion of the carbonates into sulphates by the use of a liberal amount of gypsum—about nine pounds of gypsum to one pound of black alkali— and downward washing by means of surface irrigation with furrows or by flooding.

Drab Life.

Harold Bell Wright, the successful novelist, was defending, at a dinner in New York, the Catholic as contrasted with the realistic school of fiction.

"Let us have idealism and romance in our books," he said. "It is the only place where jolly things are to be found, you know. Life itself is drab and only and uneventful."

Mr. Wright laughed, then added: "In life nothing ever comes of a drab bottom."

His Statement Doubted.

Teacher—Who signed the Magnus Charta?

Youngster—Please, ma'am, 'twasn't me.

Teacher (dismayed)—Oh, take your seat.

Disputed Member of Rural School Board—Here, call that boy back. I don't like his manner, I believe he did do it.

Cruel Words.

The wife had been away from home all afternoon, and when she returned husband was reading. She dropped wearily into a chair and closed her eyes for a rest when her husband began to ask questions.

"Oh, don't talk to me," she begged. "I'm so tired."

"I wanted to rest myself," he returned, "but was kept from doing so by the noise you made."

"I was away," she said.

"But there were others," he returned.

A kind word often does more good than a dollar, but most of us would rather take the money.

Judging from the freckles on the summer girl's face, the open spaces for sun spots is now on

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st Microfilm

MEN YOU MAY MARRY

By **E. F. PEYSEN**

Has a man like this proposed to you?

My system loves to tell you the symptoms, tells you how to get the best, how the chances have been improved by a week of attention, wants to show if you've ever felt this way of that, love you because you are symmetrical. Always takes a pill from the rest packet with and sells at every pharmacy or mail order. Knows that you need treatment and tells you the way you look, what organ you need to look up.

IN FACT.

He is the greatest organ restorative in the modern world.

Prescription for boys:

Get Attention and keep on for new thoughts for all.

Show his four health makes you his superior.

Always this:

SYMPATHY BEFORE MAN. WISDOM AFTER BECOMES AN. TIPATHY AFTER.

(© by McChere Newspaper Syndicate)

Mother's Cook Book

We all know these famous gravies to a sort of law. They are made with the combination of an over-worked wife, who cooks the gravy, and a busy husband, who is to be fed. The husband's head of grain is a house is a business feature—moral heavy.

WAYS THAT ARE DIFFERENT

It is a relief to get away from the ordinary and the usual method of serving various dishes. If one has never experimented with the common food, there is much about surprising good food yet to learn.

Have you ever tried cottage cheese with milk? Or cottage cheese with milk and egg? Or cottage cheese with milk and egg? Or cottage cheese with milk and egg? Or cottage cheese with milk and egg?

Fruit salads are delicious. If the young green peas are used they need not be peeled. Slice, peeling and all, and fry in hot fat. When barely done sweeten with sugar and brown a little. Serve with pork roast or chops. A combination well liked by children is a half-pound sliced corned beef in a little water until nearly tender, then the apples and fat added to finish cooking, adding enough sugar to make them palatable, as well as a seasoning of salt.

Ketchup Cabbage.
Shred and boil cabbage for hot stew. Prepare a white sauce. Butter

Tomatoes and Macaroni With Fresh Onions.
Boil, slice and fry the onion over in two tablespoons of butter, when done add a tablespoon of salt and brown. Add a can of tomatoes or the equivalent of fresh sliced tomatoes, salt, pepper and a cup of cooked macaroni. Add salt to taste. Serve with grated cheese on top.

Fruit Salad in Apple Cups.
Take round apples of any good color—green, red or yellow. Cut off the top of the stem and as desired scoop out the apple and set into the slice, add pineapple, grapefruit and a few marshmallow cherries, with a dash of lemon juice; add a mild salad dressing and fill the shells. Set on apple leaves, or coffee if the leaves are not obtainable.

Ever stop to think of this?

We are what we eat!

It's a startling fact, yet a simple truth. This is the reason every one should know that his food is really *scrutinizing*—not merely filling.

Grape-Nuts—made from wheat and barley—is one of the few cereal foods that includes the vital mineral salts so necessary for supplying proper nourishment for nerve and bone structure.

In Grape-Nuts, too, is retained the important vitamin-B of the wheat.

No food has greater influence in strengthening the body of a growing child than Grape-Nuts. And remember, children need the very best there is in the way of nourishment.

Grape-Nuts is just as delicious as it is beautiful, whether served right from the package as a breakfast cereal with milk or cream, with fresh or stewed fruit, or made into an appetizing recipe. Try the suggestion given below.

GRAPE-NUTS ICE CREAM

Prepare plain flavored ice cream in the usual way. Just before the cream hardens in freezing, add Grape-Nuts as it comes from the package. In the proportion of one-half quart of Grape-Nuts to one quart of soft cream. Remove from the freezer, ready-made, and Grape-Nuts in place of nut meats. You'll find the result just what you need.

When you don't find Grape-Nuts, you won't find people—
There's a Reason!

Nellie Maxwell
148 13th St., Denver, Colorado

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DIAMONDS

INFORMATION DEPARTMENT

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT

Uncommon Sense . . .

By JOHN BLAKE

WATCH YOUR STEP

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Everybody appreciates its great value at \$860, F. O. B. Flint, Mich.

CHEVROLET

SUPERIOR 5-Pass. Sedan \$860

F. O. B. Flint, Mich.

Price \$, O. B. Flint, Michigan

SUPERIOR Roadster	\$510
SUPERIOR Touring	\$525
SUPERIOR Utility Coupe	\$500
SUPERIOR Sedan	\$550
SUPERIOR Commercial Coupe	\$475
SUPERIOR Light Delivery	\$475
Utility Express Truck, Chevrolet	\$575

Chevrolet Motor Company
Division of General Motors Corporation
Detroit, Michigan

ART

By GRACE E. HALL

SIX

elves steal in and paint the flowers

With gorgeous hues in still night hours,
Their brushes wondrous fine;
The dew a crystal drop imparts
To linger prisoned in the hearts
Like magic wine.

The tints of mystic mountain haze,
The pastel tones of twilight rays
All re-appear—
The Autumn's bronze and yellow gold
With its come flower's heart unfold,
When Spring is here.

We pause and quaff the incense rare
That bleasms (as upon the air,
Drink deep the gift,
Ere earth again receives her own,
As petals fall and lose their tone,
And in the soft winds drift.

But oh, the wonder of such art!
The mystery within the heart
Of each sweet flower!
The elfin artists paint with care—
We see their skilled touch everywhere
In blossoming woodland bowers.
(© by Grace E. Hall)

SCHOOL DAYS

OH JACK—
DAD BROUGHT THE RUBBER
OUTFIT HOME TO YOU FROM
CINCINNATI LAST NIGHT—
DO YOU WANT TO PUT
IT ON AND GO TO THE
GROCERY FOR ME?

Copyright
THE RAINBOW (MAG.)

Something to Think About

By F. A. WALKER

OUR TONGUES

IN THOUGHT our tongues are to the stored contents of brains, to legislative halls, to the tragedies of love and war, to our business relations with one another and to all the affairs of life, the tongue plays the leading role. And this it continues to do from the moment it traces its first word until it ceases to function and the cerebra goes down on the final era.

It is the most powerful power for good or evil, capable of lifting hearts and the blessed joy of breaking them beyond repair.

To utter day after day under the lash of a tongue that is continuously operating, that cracks and snaps like the highest proverb, and often without any provocation at all, is a punishment which establishes words around long others without waiting for an early return to the chair.

In the time of tragedy, tongue, tongue, tongue, on a previous time, falls at any moment to tongue and break to pieces.

Marriage ends with marriage, it is an Arabic, but a kind of tongue, where a few words may keep a home from its comfortable furniture.

Marriage and wife are alike and body and soul and mind and tongue break here and over there.

LUELLA SAYS

THE TIME WAS—WHEN FOLKS HAD HAM'N'EGGS FOR DINNER—THEY WAS SORT OF ABASHED AN' DIDN'T LIKE T' MENTION IT. NOW THEY'RE SO PROUD T' HAVE IT PUT IN ALL THE NEWS-PAPERS!

you love them. Tell them often and they stay brighter. Expectation each day the same certain joy that one gets when the weather card says bright.
(© 1914 by Lucille Margrett)

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The wife had been away from home all afternoon, and when she returned husband was reading. She dropped wearily into a chair and closed her eyes for a rest when her husband began to ask questions.
"Oh, don't talk to me," she begged, "I'm so tired."
"I wanted to rest myself," he retorted, "but was kept from doing so by the calls you made."
"I was away," she said.
"But there were others," he retorted.
A kind word often does more good than a dollar, but most of us would rather take the money.

Judging from the freedom in the summer girl's eye, the open smile for each word to say on.

MEN YOU MAY MARRY

By E. R. PEYSER

Has a man like this proposed to you?
Symptoms: Loves to tell you his symptoms, tells you how he has been, how his clothes have been improved by a wash and iron, wants to know if you've ever felt the way of that, long you believe you are symtomatic. Always takes a pill from his vest pocket, with self-praise, at every important moment. Knows that you need treatment and tells you the way you look, what ought you need to look up.

IN FACT
He is the greatest organ retailer in the world today.
Prescription for brides:
Avoidance and keep on for new thoughts for all.
Show him your health makes for his superior.

ALSO THIS:
SYMPATHY BEFORE MARRIAGE OFTEN BECOMES ANTI-PATHY AFTER.
(© by E. R. Peyser)

Mother's Cook Book

WAYS THAT ARE DIFFERENT

It is a relief to get away from the customary and the tried method of serving various dishes. It can be better appreciated with the common food items is found about surprisingly good food for a home.

Have you ever tried tomato? You don't will taste as much and after, white and red eggs, then in added chicken dishes and try to improve on better.

Fruit apples are delicious. If the sunny from trees are used they need not be peeled. Wash, pare and all, and try to eat fat. When candy does sweeten with sugar and brown a little, serve with pork roast or chops. A combination well liked by children is a half-dozen sliced apples cooked in a little water until nearly tender, then the apples and fat added to their cooking, adding enough sugar to make them palatable, as well as a seasoning of salt.

Escalloped Cabbage.
Shred and boil cabbage as for hot law. Prepare a white sauce. Butter

Ever stop to think of this?

We are what we eat!

It's a startling fact, yet a simple truth. This is the reason every one should know that his food is really *scrutinized*—not merely *filled*.

Grape-Nuts—made from wheat and barley—is one of the few cereal foods that include the vital mineral salts so necessary for supplying proper nourishment for nerve and bone structure.

In Grape-Nuts, too, is retained the important vitamin-B of the wheat.

No food has greater influence in strengthening the body of a growing child than Grape-Nuts. And remember, children need the *very best* there is in the way of nourishment.

Grape-Nuts is just as delicious as it is healthful, whether served right from the package as a breakfast cereal with milk or cream, with fresh or stewed fruit, or made into an appetizing recipe. Try the suggestion given below.

GRAPE-NUTS ICE CREAM

Prepare plain flavored ice cream in the usual way. Just before the cream hardens in freezing, add Grape-Nuts as it comes from the package. In the proportion of one-half cup of Grape-Nuts to one quart of ice cream. If you have the cream ready-made, add Grape-Nuts to pieces of soft marshmallows. You'll find the result just how delicious.

When you don't find Grape-Nuts, you won't find people.

"There's a Reason"