

THE EDDY ARGUS.

VOLUME 2.

EDDY, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1890.

NUMBER 10

Does Irrigation Pay?
Mr. Charles H. Shinn writes from California to the American Garden, a truck farming in that state under irrigation. He says that twenty years ago there was near Alameda creek a tract of sandy land considered entirely too poor for anything. Finally some Italian immigrants took charge of five acres of this land at what was looked upon as an extremely high rent, but it under a system of irrigation, and it is now making them rich. Of course they fertilize highly, for the land is naturally too thin to grow anything without fertilization. They resort to stable or lot manure exclusively. Every foot of their land is brought into use through every day of the year. There are five men engaged on these five acres—two of them Italian families. The quantity of truck the little tract produces under irrigation is so enormous as to be something entirely surprising to all persons who take notice of it. Just across the land is twenty more tract of rather better land that is farmed by an old style agriculturist in the old style way. He gets one crop a year, and makes no calculations for anything more. When his one crop is off he stops for the season and waits till the time for putting in the next season's crop rolls around. This season he had in his twenty acres \$150 worth of hay, above expenses, of not more than annual rental value of the adjacent five acre tract worked by the Italians. The twenty acres don't support him, while within plain sight are five acres supporting and making rich five men with two families.

What has been described in the above as being accomplished on five acres of land, may as easily be done in the Lower Pecos Valley as in Alameda county, California. The Italians made a small piece of land wonderfully productive by irrigation. After a succession of crops they fertilized, but without irrigation they would have had no need of fertilizers, and what those men did in the "golden state," may be done on at least any five acres in the Pecos Valley. The soil is more fertile here and the mammoth canals furnish an abundance of water.

The Argus of November 21 and December 6 contained accounts of what had been produced in a short season on the Scoggins and Blankenship tracts near this place. It was the first year and the ground had to be grubbed, broken up and irrigated, and yet the returns from these two pieces of ground net more than 40 acres altogether doing under cultivation, would be a marvel to eastern or western farmers unacquainted with the advantages of irrigation. All the Pecos Valley requires is a canal and the most skeptical will become convinced of its great productiveness.

We'll Get There By and By.
The Pecos Valley railroad is almost completed to Eddy, New Mexico, and the present indications are that it will be continued north to a connection with the Union Pacific branch now at Chalk Hill, New Mexico. The construction of this line will give an outlet to eastern markets of the products of the great Pecos Valley—fruits, cattle and produce, and furnish a short line for the carrying of coal and merchandise into that rapidly developing and extremely inviting country. The recent combination which has been entered into between all the great western trunk lines, seems to insure the cessation of the building of rival lines for some time, as Jay Gould, the manager of the trust is reported to have said that it will take five years to develop the resources of the sections through which present roads run, and

clearly to make them all dividend payers. But this cannot apply to a road built over the proposed Pecos Valley line, as it can be but a valuable feeder to the present trunk lines, and its building is necessary to insure the development of the wonderfully fertile country through which it will run.—Las Vegas Stock Grower.

What Our Exchanges Say.
A diamond, two and a quarter inches long, was recently found in South Africa. All the crowned heads in Europe are bidding against each other for this wonderful jewel, but it will doubtless be carried off by some American hotel clerk.—El Paso Herald.

Public opinion is of some consequence in every community. To a man of even a slight degree of sensibility it makes considerable difference whether his fellow men look upon him as a man willing to do something for the locality in which he lives, or as a greedy, grasping cormorant who cares for nobody but himself.—Las Vegas Optic.

A man near Butteville, Oregon, sold \$10,000 worth of hops which he raised on less than twenty acres of land. What is the matter with hop farming in the mountains of New Mexico? A good quality of hops grow wild on our mountain benches, thus seemingly proving the adaptation of hops to this section. Who will begin hop culture?—Nogal Banner.

The Stomach medicine men who prophesied the coming of the Messiah are in a bad fix. The now Christ has not yet materialized, but the soldiers have, and the Indians vow that if he does not show up pretty soon every medicine man shall die. The latter have, apparently, no more faith in the coming of the Messiah, and are feeling for protection to the soldiers. The Indians display good horse sense in the matter; so do the medicine men.—Albuquerque Democrat.

The fellows who stole the ballot box at Santa Fe and are now trying to profit by that steal clearly had two objects in view. First, to steal the legislature, and secondly to prevent any investigation of the rottenness which has existed, if reports are correct, for several years in Santa Fe county affairs. If they succeed in this thing, in all future elections it will not be a question of majorities, but of who can steal the most ballot boxes.—Rio Grande Republican.

The people of the southwest should protest vigorously against the policy of withdrawing so large a proportion of the troops from this part of the country. While there is no present trouble among the Indians, and no apparent danger of any as long as there is any considerable force in sight, nevertheless the withdrawal of most of the troops would be a strong temptation to the Indians to leave their reservation and make things interesting for the settlers.—Albuquerque Citizen.

One of the most encouraging signs of the times is the fact that there is just now a better demand for good farm lands in the Rio Grande valley than was ever before known in the history of the country. People are beginning to see that farming in New Mexico is a profitable business, and one that must necessarily always remain so. This is true for the reason that such a large proportion of

Pennebaker, Joyce & Co., Merchants & Exchange Bankers

Eddy, New Mexico.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN GROCERIES AND GRAIN,
HARDWARE, FURNITURE, DRY GOODS, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, QUEENSWARE, ETC.

A COMPLETE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

the total area of the country must always be used for other purposes, employing so many persons in other lines than agriculture, that the surplus products of the farm, garden and orchard will always find a ready sale among our own people, and not be forced to seek a market in competition with the products of the world at large.—Albuquerque Citizen.

Stock and Range.
The range in all parts of Eddy county is good, especially so some distance from the river. Last year, owing to a scarcity of water, the range in the vicinity of the Pecos was thoroughly fed off. Reports from the horse, sheep and cattlemen are all favorable.

From the Folsom Metropolitan.
Nearly a hundred stock cars have been ordered for Springer.

C. de Forests shipped five cars of cattle from Raton to Kansas City last week.

From Rio Arriba and Taos counties, well-informed parties estimate that over 70,000 sheep have been driven and shipped this year.

From Fort Sumner north all round-ups for this year have been completed, beefs driven to the several shipping points and the extra "punchers" discharged.

The Maxwell company shipped 550 head of cattle from Springer last week, also, J. E. Eliza, 200 head; Red River Cattle company, 100 head, and Hall & Eakin 150 head.

The state board of health of Florida has quarantined against Texas stock, and Florida roads and connections have issued orders declining to receive further shipments of cattle, hogs or horses from Texas. The Floridians have been frightened by reports of glanders and Texas fever.

The Stock Grower.
Cattle on the staked plains are all fat and in splendid condition to go through the winter. The range is good all over the plains.

Jim Ambercomb, who had 2,100 head of steers near Las Vegas two weeks ago, has driven them back to his range near Anton Chico, not being able to find sale for them.

The Robbins Brothers, of Saragosa, Texas, have recently driven into Chavez county 2,700 head of cattle, locating them on the plains near Monument springs.

A writer in the Southern Live Stock Journal says that there are many cases in which the best remedy for Texas cattle fever is a wrile ball. The fever itself

is as deadly as and somewhat similar to yellow fever in human beings. He believes inoculation will rob it of its terrors, however, and that is the remedy to which he pins his faith in the case of his own cattle.

Instructions to Cavalry Farriers.
The following instructions to smiths, who shoe cavalry horses, have been issued from the department of war: "In preparing the horse's foot for the shoe do not touch with knife the frog, sole or bars. In removing surplus growth of that part of the foot which is the seat of the shoe use the cutting pliers and rasp, and not the knife. The shoeing knife may be used, if necessary, in using the top clip. Opening the heels or making a cut in the angle of the wall at the heel must not be allowed. The rasp may be used upon the part of the foot when necessary, and the same applies to the pigs. No cutting with the knife is permitted; the rasp alone is necessary. Flat-footed horses should be treated as the necessity of each case may require. In forging the shoe to fit the foot be careful that the shoe is fitted to and follows the circumference of the foot clear round to the heels; the heels of the shoe should not be extended back straight and outside of the walls at the heels of the horse's foot, as is frequently done. Care must be used that the shoe is not fitted too small, the outside surface of the wall being then rasped down to make the foot short to fit the shoe, as often happens. The hot shoe must not be applied to the horse's foot under any circumstances. Make the upper or foot surface of the shoe perfectly flat, so as to give a level bearing. A shoe with a concave ground surface must be used."

A recent decision by the postmaster general makes it compulsory for the postmasters to notify publishers when subscribers move away or fail to take papers from the postoffice, or be held responsible for the subscription. That's right. Postmasters who do not mind their business in such matters ought to be made to pony up for publishers' losses.

Billiard Hall
AND TEMPERANCE SALOON.
WM. STONE, Proprietor.
Lemonade, Apollinaris, Soda Pop and all kinds of temperance drinks.

The Eddy Drug Store Company.

Pure Drugs and Patent Medicines, BOOKS and STATIONERY; Pipes, Tobaccos and Cigars, Clocks and Watches.

H. C. VAN NORMAN, Manager.
EDDY, NEW MEXICO.

EDGAR B. BRONSON, President.
CHAS. B. EDDY, Vice-President.
WM. H. AQUIN, Cashier.

El Paso National Bank,

No. 3608.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.
Capital, \$150,000. Surplus, \$60,000.

Collections promptly made and remitted. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold.

SPECIAL FACILITIES OFFERED ON MEXICAN BUSINESS

Customers are offered the convenience of our Herring's Safety Boxes in fire and burglar-proof vault.



HOTEL HAGERMAN,

Eddy, New Mexico.
E. OSCAR HART, Manager.

HAVENS & JOHNSON,
Blacksmith & Wagon Shop,
EDDY, NEW MEXICO!
Horse Shoeing a Specialty.

Meat Market,
FENNESSEY & McLENDON, Props.
The neatest and cleanest meat market in New Mexico.
The best of everything that the market affords.
EDDY, NEW MEXICO.

The Great Valley of the Pecos

Is the talk of the whole country. Her wonderful growth, which has only just begun, is attracting attention from all quarters.

CLIMATE UNSURPASSED,

And especially beneficial for those suffering with pulmonary diseases.

The Future Rival of California in Production

Of Fruit. Apples, Peaches, Apricots, Pears and Plums grow to perfection and in abundance. The home of the grape, especially the raisin varieties.

Forty Acres will Yield a Handsome Support for a Family.

Wheat, Barley, Rye, Alfalfa, Cane and Oats produce phenomenally. One hundred and five bushels of Valencia Oats cut from a single acre. Five to six tons of alfalfa per acre annually.

WE HAVE CHOICE FARM LANDS, IN TRACTS TO SUIT, READY FOR THE PLOW.

EDDY, THE COMING CITY OF NEW MEXICO.

IN THE CENTER OF THE Great Irrigation Tract, must of necessity be a Great Inland Metropolis.

THE FUTURE RAILROAD CENTER, ONE ROAD ALMOST COMPLETED AND THREE OTHERS CONTEMPLATED. GOOD SCHOOLS AND HANDSOME CHURCHES. ACRE PROPERTY—A GREAT SPECULATION. 400,000 ACRES GOVERNMENT LANDS! WRITE TO US FOR PARTICULARS. ALL INQUIRIES PROMPTLY ANSWERED, AND BUSINESS ENTRUSTED TO US WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION. WE ARE HANDLING ALL CLASSES OF REAL ESTATE. Farm Lands a Specialty. SETTLERS LOCATED ON GOVERNMENT LANDS.

SHIELDS & MERMOD, Real Estate and Insurance Brokers,

EDDY, EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.

P. S.—Send to us for Circulars, giving Maps, Views and Information as to EDDY and the PECOS VALLEY, their LOCATION, RESOURCES and ADVANTAGES.

THE EDDY ARGUS

BY ARGUS PUBLISHING COMPANY

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

ANTONIO JACKSON, Secretary to Congress... J. H. THOMAS, Secretary... W. H. WHELAN, Chief Justice... J. H. WHELAN, Associate Justice...

The Pecos Valley Railway has issued its first tariff sheet. The rates are not excessive, but are too numerous to give in detail.

The order from the war department countermanding the transfer of the Sixth cavalry from New Mexico gives general satisfaction.

It isn't proper to be personal, nor manly to strike a fellow when he is down, but isn't it barely possible that the so-called Indian Messiah is the republican majority that got lost somewhere last November?

The threatening machine men have formed a gigantic trust. This is bad enough, but it might be forgiven, if not forgotten, if a good many of the trusts in this country could be run through the threshing machines.

Eddy is full of life and energy. She is progressive, because progress is in the air, the soil and the water.

The Christian has as hard a row to hoe in this country as in other sections. The Young Men's Christian association of Albuquerque has passed in its checks, and one lamentable feature of the transaction was, there was no money with which to cash them.

Half of Europe is said to be covered with snow. Cyclones have been walking through Florida. Blizzards have covered around Canada, and it is cold everywhere—except in Eddy and the Lower Pecos Valley, the home of balmy air and genial sunshine.

The energetic, progressive citizens of Eddy have organized and have in full operation a building and loan association, and are now organizing a commercial club and a stockgrowers' and agricultural association, both of which will materialize within the next sixty days.

President Harrison shows in his message that he is thoroughly alive to the best interest of our section of the country. In referring to our territory he expresses the earnest hope that congress will no longer delay in providing for the settlement of Spanish and Mexican grant titles in New Mexico, and recommends to the attention of congress the suggestions of Governor Prince, of New Mexico, in his report to the secretary of the interior.

The New Mexican sometimes gets mixed. In referring to the recent movement of the warlike Indians it says: The hostiles are entrenched in the lava beds where poor Custer met his death.

It probably refers to General Canby, who was killed by the Indians in the lava beds. The lamented Custer was killed in the rolling land of southeastern Montana.

The bright editor of the El Paso Tribune, with great gravity, says: One of the first acts of congress was to bring up the force election bill. It will be "killed" in the house without the least shadow of fear.

He is evidently ignorant of the fact that the bill has already passed the house and now awaits the action of the senate. It wouldn't be a bad measure for El Paso.

Senator Quay has introduced a bill granting pensions to those who have lost both eyes or feet, or who are otherwise totally disabled, a pension of \$100 a month. Also to all persons who have lost an arm at the shoulder joint or a leg at the hip joint a pension of \$80 a month, and to those who have lost an arm below the shoulder or a leg below the knee, \$65 a month.

A Fruity Proposition.

New Mexico is destined to become one of the finest fruit-producing sections on the continent, and those who are now planting a few trees, and laying, as it were, the foundation for large and profitable orchards, should use great care and judgment in the selection of varieties.

For instance: Peach trees on the Lake View farm (where the orchard is located on low, cold land) bore good peaches the second year after being set out.

Loads of watermelons, raised in the valley, were offered for sale on the streets of Eddy on Thanksgiving day.

Slip strawberries were picked from vines growing in the garden unprotected in any manner as late as the tenth of November. These came from the farm of L. Wallace Holt, seventeen miles north of Eddy.

Grape-vines yield largely during the second year, the grapes being equal in size and flavor to those grown in any portion of the world.

What other country can do any better? And this unusual and favorable condition is not entirely owing to our rich soil, our matchless climate and the abundance of water always at hand for irrigation, it is in a great measure owing to the fact that the base or underlying formation of the Lower Pecos Valley is limestone, and it is conceded and acknowledged by all familiar with the subject that fruit grown in a limestone country is superior in size and quality to any other.

Therefore the Anous advises the settlers in this section to be alive to the fact that they have the best fruit lands in this or any country and in starting their orchards and vineyards to be very careful and only plant the finer varieties, and in a few years they will command the highest prices in markets that are always waiting for their products.

The suggestion made by the Anous last week that our citizens take steps to organize a commercial club has met with a favorable response from all sides.

When organized the board of directors will, in addition to their duties as such, be an ex-officio board of immigration and advertisement, who in a local way will do all in their power to make known the incomparable resources of the Pecos Valley, and induce a proper class of immigrants to come here, purchase land and become bona fide residents.

A club of the character contemplated will undoubtedly be a source of great benefit, not only to Eddy, but the entire Pecos Valley.

The Anous enters a mild but firm protest against a bad practice some of the boys have of occasionally firing their pistols off as they leave town. This only occurs at night and not only alarms the nervous and timid, but is liable to result in something more serious.

The other night, for instance, a horse belonging to a resident in the western part of town was accidentally shot and killed. We have a deputy sheriff and constable whose duty it should be to follow up and arrest those who do promiscuous firing, and after one or two heavy fines had been imposed the practice would cease.

The beautiful Pecos Valley, the future home of thousands of industrious, prosperous farmers and fruit growers, the site of hundreds of cheerful homes, enthroned in happiness and embraced in sunshine.

Building Notes. Notwithstanding the high price of building material, several new frame dwellings are in course of construction.

Dr. Scott's handsome brick office on the corner of Canon and Shaw streets is nearing completion. It is quite an ornament to that portion of town.

H. A. Havens has built a thirty-foot addition to his blacksmith shop, and will soon have two forges going. He has in his employ now one of the best wagonmakers in the territory.

The McLenathan & Campbell brick building on Canon street, just above the postoffice, is nearly completed. The plastering and flooring will be finished this coming week.

Territorial News.

White Oak Interpreter. The several attachment cases against the property of Peter Lamar were decided by Justice McCourt on Saturday.

Diphtheria is prevailing to an alarming extent about Raventon. Five deaths have occurred in the last few days, all among Mexican families.

John Callon and Miss Maggie E. Kane were married last Thursday evening. Lieutenant O. D. Rhodes was married to Miss Mary F. Counsellman last Wednesday.

D. D. Dare, publisher of the Sunday News, punched his editor, W. W. Barnett, last Wednesday.

The office of the land commissioner of the Atlantic and Pacific road will hereafter be located in Chicago.

General A. E. Carr, with his regiment of 400 men and 20 officers, has gone to the seat of the Indian troubles.

Frederick H. Merritt, bookkeeper for the New Mexico Cattle Breeding company, was killed near the ranch of Messrs. McIntosh Brothers, in south Santa Fe county, on the evening of Tuesday, December 2, by the accidental discharge of a pistol.

Pecos Valley News. Dr. T. L. Dean has returned and will make this his future home.

T. F. Moore, the railroad contractor, has taken his family to Denver. Charley Hardoin has returned to Pecos City from Eddy and will make this his home.

The charter for the Pecos City Building and Loan association has been forwarded to Austin and as soon as it has been filed with the secretary of state the association will be ready for business.

Santa Fe New Mexican. A. M. Sullenberg will contest the seat of P. I. Jaramillo to the council.

Miners and teams are in urgent demand at the Cerillos coal mines. I. F. Loughborough has a second charge against him for a violation of the United States postal laws.

Los Vegas Optic. Grouse have recently been killed near this city.

Deming Headlight. At least \$50,000 worth of hay has been cut this season on the plains of Southern New Mexico.

Emigrants continue to pass through Deming, bound for the Diaz and Juarez Mormon colonies in Mexico.

The owners of the Flower Queen mine in Cook's Peak district have just made a year's lease of their property to Messrs. Lowman, Cook and Falster.

Favorable reports continue to come in from Cook's Peak district. It is to-day the hottest producer in Grant county, and the greater the development the larger are the ore bodies.

Kingston shaft. Kingston shipped over twenty cars of high grade ore last month.

The Thompson & Galles mill and mines at Hillsborough have been sold to eastern capitalists.

Navajo Gold Fields.

The Durango Herald says: "The excitement continues to grow regarding the placers and other mineral wealth in the Sierra Carrizosa. That there is immense wealth in these mountains is positive. It is equally certain that these mountains are on the Navajo reservation at the northern end and on the unused portion, but still on the reservation.

The distance from Durango is, by the wagon road to Farmington, fifty miles, and thence to the Carrizo mountains, twenty-five miles. The Rio Grande Southern railway is now making a grade straight toward the country. It is now impossible to keep parties from going in. The whole United States army could not protect these mountains now that it is known to a certainty that gold exists. It will be the Black Hills over again and as utter a failure on the part of the government to maintain titles where paying minerals are found. Better much for the general government to arrive at the conclusion at once to treat with the Indians. Probably it will require the sacrifice of many lives and much property to do this. The gold is there and the gold will be had in spite of all obstacles.

The Legislature. The following, says the Albuquerque Citizen, are the legally and honestly elected members of the council and house: Council—Pedro I. Jaramillo, Juan Santistevan, T. B. Catron, Pedro Perea, E. S. Stover, J. Frank Chavez and J. A. Ancheta, seven republicans; T. B. Mills, O. Vigil, two peoples' ticket; democrats, Narcisco Valdez, Matias Contreras and G. A. Richardson.

House—Alexander Reed, Pedro Sanchez, John A. Young, J. B. Mayo, R. M. Reed, Melquiades Chavez, Frank Hubbel, J. D. Gutierrez, Gregorio N. Otero, Filomeno Perea, Jose Baca y Barola, eleven republicans; Pablo Herrera, Nestor Montoya, Felix Garcia, Pablo Arhgon, four peoples' party; W. C. McDonald, A. B. Fall, Wm. Burns, Canuto Torres, W. Z. George, Louis R. E. Pavlin, J. H. Walker, L. S. Garcia, E. E. Sanchez, nine democrats.

Roswell Items. Chavez County Herald. We regret to report the severe illness of Miss Lou Howell.

Skipwith and Keeper's new drug store-room is nearing completion. Nathan Jaffa has returned from Trinidad, where he has been for several weeks past.

We are glad to announce the probable recovery of Charlie Harvlok, who was taken sick last Saturday.

The Eddy boys still hunger for a ball game. They howl and wail and would make it appear that they have forgotten where Roswell is located.

The furniture for the new school house arrived Saturday and is being put in place this week. We are reliably informed that school will be opened in the new building on the 15th inst.

Roswell has the champion of the territory in each of the following sports: The champion foot runner, the champion rifle shot, and the champion boxer, according to Queensbury rules, and a man that will lay himself down on the flat of his back and challenge the territory for a man that can hold him there.

Does Irrigation Pay? Of course it does, and every intelligent, level-headed farmer and fruit grower is realizing that fact. It has paid whenever lands could be irrigated, and now we find the Lincoln Journal, a representative western newspaper, publishes an editorial strongly advocating irrigation for the western portion of both Kansas and Nebraska.

Public sentiment is changing on the subject. Two years ago it was considered a slander upon that region to hint that irrigation would be of any assistance to agriculture. Now it is conceded throughout both states that means for bringing water to the growing crops will not only make the harvests sure every year, but will increase the yield per acre, and enhance the value of every acre of ground within the reach of such service.

An important action has just been taken by the people of Norton, Graham, Decatur, Sheridan, Rawlins, Thomas, Sherman and Cheyenne counties in Kansas. At a meeting of industrial citizens at Oberlin last week it was decided to hold an irrigation convention in the same city on the 10th day of December.

The people of the counties named have been invited to send delegates, and a number of state officers and prominent journalists are to be present. The whole subject of irrigation on the plain is to be discussed, and it is thought the convention will be able to formulate plans for intelligent and effective work in northwestern Kansas.

If your watch needs repairing send it to Hickox & Hixson, Shelton Block, El Paso, Texas.

Notice—Timber Culture. U. S. LAND OFFICE, ROSWELL, N. M., October 21st, 1900.

Notice of Publication. LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, N. M., November 26, 1900.

Dr. H. C. Van Norman, Physician and Surgeon, NEW MEXICO.

Kelly & Blodgett, Dealers in

General Merchandise

Furnishing Goods

SUITS MADE TO ORDER.

Imported and Domestic Cigars and Fine Tobaccos.

Stationery, Books, Periodicals, Novelties, Etc., Etc.

GREENH AND CANON STREETS.

A. D. Wallace, Agent,

Hides, Peltries and Country Produce of all Kinds.

Dry Goods and Notions. The only Strict, Absolutely Cash House in the Pecos Valley.

EDDY, - - - NEW MEXICO.

Parlor Restaurant and Bakery,

EDDY, - - - NEW MEXICO. \$6 PER WEEK, 35 CTS. A MEAL, \$25 A MONTH.

D. R. HENDERSON, WATCHMAKER & JEWELER

EDDY, NEW MEXICO. Fine watch repairing a specialty. Jewelry and Music Boxes carefully repaired.

A. A. Mermod, U. S. Commissioner,

Authorized to take final proofs and filings on public land claims.

W. F. BENGNER'S Tin Shop,

EDDY, NEW MEXICO. All kinds of Tin, Copper and Sheetiron Work to Order.

Meat Market, McLENDON & PLEDGER, Props.

The neatest and cleanest meat market in New Mexico. The best of everything that the market affords.

C. A. RICHARDSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW

ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO. Will practice in all the courts of the territory and in the United States Land Office.

Notice. OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY

Whereas by satisfactory evidence presented to and understood it has been made to appear that "THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF EDDY," in the town of Eddy, in the county of Lincoln, and territory of New Mexico, has complied with all the provisions of the statute of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of banking.

Notice—Timber Culture. U. S. LAND OFFICE, ROSWELL, N. M., October 21st, 1900.

Complaint having been entered at this office by Albert E. Krull, against Harry K. Matthews for the unauthorized use of timber culture certificate No. 23, Las Cruces series, dated November 14, 1899, upon the NE 1/4 NW 1/4 and NE 1/4 SW 1/4, section 16, township 36 N., range 17 East, in Lincoln county, New Mexico, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that said Harry K. Matthews claims said timber culture certificate to have been obtained by him in violation of the law, and that the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at the office of A. A. Mermod, United States Commissioner at Eddy, New Mexico, on the 15th day of December, 1900, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

Notice of Publication. LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, N. M., November 26, 1900.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before A. A. Mermod, United States Commissioner, at Eddy, New Mexico, on the 15th day of December, 1900, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

Fred H. Peitz, U.S. Deputy Mineral Surveyor

AND NOTARY PUBLIC. Land attorney and real estate agent.

Surveyor of the H. L. & L. Co. Local agent for Texas and Pacific Railroad company's lands.

Complete Abstracts of all Lands in Eddy County.

Taxes paid for non-residents. Lands surveyed and subdivided. Reports made as to value, quality and occupancy of lands. Titles adjusted.

Eddy, Eddy Co., N. M.

Welden & Son, Contractors,

Eddy, New Mexico. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

Dr. J. H. HARRISON, Resident Dentist.

Having decided to permanently locate in Eddy, I offer my services to the people of Eddy county and vicinity with a feeling of assurance that with twenty years experience and a strict attention to the wants of my patients, I can give entire satisfaction. All work warranted first-class. Fort Worth prices duplicated.

F. V. PIONKOWSKY, Real Estate Agent,

Land Attorney and Notary Public. Has Complete Abstract of all Lands in Eddy County and the Pecos Valley.

Office in P. L. & L. Building, EDDY, NEW MEXICO.

Dean & McLean, Contractors & Builders,

EDDY, N. M.

Job Work Promptly Done

ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

E. KRAUSE, ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT.

EDDY, N. M.

THE EDDY ARGUS

Entered at the postoffice at Eddy, New Mexico, as second class matter, January 17, 1899.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
One Copy, one year..... \$2.50
One Copy, six months..... \$1.25

It is evident, since the last rain, that our sidewalks need more gravel.

Work on the new depot grounds has been under way for several days.

The house "with a hole in the ground" on Greene street, is being floored.

No one has occasion to find fault with the kind of weather we have had this week.

Dr. J. H. Harrison, the dentist, has gone on a professional and social visit to Las Cruces.

For lodgings, comfortable and clean, at from 25 to 50 cents, inquire at the Star restaurant or of L. M. Chase.

Take your butter, eggs, chickens and vegetables to the Hotel Hagerman and get a good price for them.

Look out for the grand display of holiday goods which will soon be on sale at the Eddy drug store, next door to the postoffice.

Shields & Mermod are agents for Colorado, Texas and Indian Territory coal. Call and leave your orders for fuel and save money.

Messrs. Kelly & Blodgett have, in connection with their other business, gone into the commission and forwarding line, and are prepared to receive and forward produce of all kinds.

The second quarterly meeting of the Methodist church for the Eddy mission will be held on Saturday and Sunday preceding Christmas at Black River school house.

Flontkowsky & Co. will in a short time be prepared to do a general commission and forwarding business at this place. The business ability of the couple partner insure them success.

The stage line, now owned by the popular Dan Lucas, runs from the seven-mile station, leaving here at 8 o'clock in the morning and returning at about 5 o'clock. The trip from Eddy to Pecos is now made by daylight.

A number of young cottonwood trees on Main street that, until a few days ago, were thriving, are now dead, the bark having been eaten entirely off of them by the infernal, insectivorous burr-o's. Down with the burr.

The telegraph line between Pecos City and Eddy has been completed to the sixty-mile switch, and an office opened at that place. The line between Eddy and that point, a distance of twenty-nine miles, will be completed by the first of the year.

The last shipment of furniture for the new addition of the Hotel Hagerman arrived to-day (Friday), and will soon be put in place. Mr. Hart, the manager, has shown excellent taste in his selections and made the Hagerman the best furnished hotel in New Mexico or Western Texas.

The Argus suggests that our citizens offer a few purses for races to take place on New Year's day. There are a number of good saddle horses in this section whose owners would enter them in short races, even if the purses were small. The period between Christmas and New Year is generally one of pleasure and good times, and a little sport would add greatly to the occasion.

A Mexican named Ignacio Maradnes, living across the river in "Chihuahua," took a couple of shots at a countryman last Tuesday afternoon. He was arrested and taken before Judge Tomlinson, who bound him over in the sum of \$1,000 to appear before the next grand jury, under a charge of assault with intent to commit murder. In default of bail he will go to the county jail.

Last Tuesday Willie Davis, a lad employed at the Hotel Hagerman, met with a painful accident while hunting antelope a few miles from town. The rifle got out of order, and when he shot the firing pin was blown out and entered his cheek under the right eye, inflicting a bad wound. Under the skillful treatment of Dr. Van Norman he is improving.

For the finest watches, clocks, jewelry and precious stones go to Hickox & Hixson's, Sheldon Block, Overwear and underwear And all the wear-between in quantities enormous, Are always to be seen, With footwear and headwear, And wear of different names, In the handsome double clothing store Of Lightbody & James.

Argus Oddities.

A bird in hand to bear—A parrot's address to the rising sun.

Hart, the horseman on Black river, has a pony that he calls Resolution—because anybody can pass him.

Who will now assert that there is nothing in a name? "Sitting Bull" has again hatched out a lot of trouble.

The boarder meek, Does not stay long When coffee's weak And butter strong.

The holiday season is a sad, sad time for the husband's pocketbook. It generally costs him about five dollars for half a dozen cabbage-leaf cigars.

A great deal has been said about the ingratitude of the Indian, but recent developments show that he is anxious to lick the hands that fed him.

From the looks of some people it is a puzzle how they ever became married, except upon the hypothesis that their courtship was conducted like a fancy ball—in mask.

A porous plaster is said to be good for a weak back. But one was found on the sidewalk yesterday in front of the Argus office that looked as though it had been no good for several weeks back.

There isn't much difference between whisky and remorse, after all. After a fellow has had a jag of one he generally has a fill of the other. (We wish it to be distinctly understood that the above is not evolved from personal experience.—Ed.)

Some men, it appears, are born lucky, and among them is a young fellow in Eddy who recently lost a purse containing \$50 in bank notes and \$8 in checks. It was about all the money he had and he felt rather broken up over the loss, but here is where the luck came. A few days after the young fellow went broke, Dave Kemp found his pocketbook with the money all there and returned it to him. This is luck.

Jerry Cazier arrived here with his grading outfit a few days ago from Roswell, where he has been working on the upper or northern canal of the Irrigation and Improvement company. He expects to begin work on the eastern canal within a few days. No contractor in the southwest enjoys a better reputation for good work and promptness in fulfilling contracts than Cazier.

The railroad bridge across Black river will be completed by Monday. Construction trains will then cross and track-laying rushed forward to this place. The contractors say they will be able to lay the remaining seventeen miles before January 1. (Pecos City correspondent of the Fort Worth Gazette please note.)

The Argus is gratified to be able to state that C. B. Eddy has sufficiently recovered from his recent severe illness that to-day he was able to indulge in the luxury of a short drive.

A. L. Kibor, of the Star restaurant, not only furnishes his customers, but supplies many others with fresh fish and oysters. His kindness in this respect is appreciated by the Argus.

Long Tom Bowman, the honest peddler from Pecos, brought in a load of goat skins yesterday and found ready sale for them at the hide house on Greene street.

If you want a good smooth shave, a neat hair-cut or a clean shampoo, go to John Leitbauer in the Krause building on Canon street.

One ton of coal is equal to three cords of mesquite roots and will cost you only half as much. Leave orders at Shields & Mermod's.

Kelly & Blodgett have the neatest and one of the most complete, if not the most extensive store in New Mexico, or western Texas.

The Rev. Mr. Cox will hold the usual service in the school house on Sunday. He is expected back from Pecos Saturday evening.

J. Otis Burt has returned from a protracted visit to his home at Syracuse, New York.

Vegetables of all kinds for sale in any quantity at bottom prices, at the popular vegetable house on Greene street.

Coal, Coal, Coal! Colorado, Indian Territory and Texas coal. Leave your order at the office of Shields & Mermod.

Election Notes.

Whichever is elected, Kemp or Slaughter, the county will have a good officer.

Who will occupy the important office of under sheriff or principal deputy in case Slaughter is elected—or ditto in case Kemp wins the sheriffalty?

Both Kemp and Slaughter have warm personal and political friends who are exerting every effort to elect their favorite. Of course both cannot win, but the best men will be elected.

So far the canvass has been singularly free from personalities or trumped up charges against either candidate, or any friction calculated to make bad blood. Both candidates have made an honorable struggle for the office.

Next Tuesday the 10th the legal voters of Eddy county will again cast their ballots for their choice for sheriff. At the general election in November both candidates received the same number of votes, and on this county must have a sheriff the special election was ordered.

To be the first sheriff of Eddy county is a prize well worth struggling for; he should be intelligent, vigilant and brave—a man of sober habits, good judgment and calm discretion. Which of the candidates comes nearest filling the bill?

Personal.

John A. Eddy returned to his home in Colorado last Sunday.

Dan Gilchrist has returned from Lincoln, where he was in attendance in court.

I. N. Smith, a prominent farmer of the Pecos county, was in town during the week.

James White and Charley Williams prominent El Pasoans came in on Wednesday's stage.

H. P. Selden, contractor for track laying on the Pecos Valley railway, was in town Thursday.

L. Wallace Holt, accompanied by his wife, came down Thursday from their Seven Rivers farm.

W. C. Bradbury, the well known contractor, paid this place a flying visit during the week.

Captain W. C. Mann paid El Paso a visit during the week, as a witness on an important suit.

D. M. Downs and wife, accompanied by F. E. Downs, went to Roswell this week on a brief visit.

R. H. Pierce returned from Dallas and Fort Worth last Tuesday, where he had been purchasing goods.

D. H. Dean, contractor for the building of the telegraph line from Pecos to this place, came up last Wednesday.

A number of piano and organ firms, with headquarters at Dallas, was in town during the week.

L. E. Roeter, immigration agent for the Texas and Pacific, was in town during the week, gathering material for the purpose of advertising this section.

T. H. Garrett, a prominent lumberman of Kansas City and Texarkana, Texas, came in Wednesday. He contemplates starting a branch yard at this place.

W. A. Hawkins is expected to return this (Friday) evening from Lincoln and Roswell. He will be accompanied by Judge Freeman, who will remain a few days inspecting the reservoir, canals and other points of interest in the valley.

Honorable G. A. Richardson, councilman-elect from Lincoln, Chaves and Eddy counties, and Honorable A. B. Fall, assemblyman-elect from Dona Ana county, arrived at Eddy Thursday night from Roswell. The first named is on his way to Kansas City, while Mr. Fall returns to Las Cruces.

Dissolution of Partnership.
The partnership heretofore existing between H. A. Havens and T. H. Johnson, under the firm name of Havens & Johnson, doing a general blacksmithing and wagonmaking business in the town of Eddy, New Mexico, has this day been dissolved, T. H. Johnson retiring. All accounts due to or against the firm to this date will be collected by and paid by H. A. Havens.

H. A. Havens will continue the business of blacksmithing and wagonmaking at the old stand on lower Canon street, where he is prepared to do all work in his line at reasonable rates.

Turkey Shooting.

There will be a turkey shooting match on Christmas eve and Christmas day, across the river, near the bridge. Here is a chance to get a cheap turkey. There will be five dozen turkeys on the ground.

SUGAR BEETS.

Shall We Demonstrate that We Can Make Them and then Have a Factory?

The Argus has repeatedly called the attention of the settlers in the Lower Pecos Valley to the fact that the soil, the climate and other conditions of this section are peculiarly favorable to the cultivation of the sugar beet. This is an industry that is attracting the attention of shrewd agriculturists in all sections of the country, and already an enormous amount of capital is invested in plants for extracting sugar from the beets. So important has the subject become that in the late report of the secretary of agriculture he says that in his opinion the manufacture of beet sugar may be successfully pursued in the United States. He reaches this conclusion from the various tests made in the cultivation of the sugar beets and the quantity of saccharine matter obtained from them, which in every case is in excess of that

OBTAINED FROM THE GERMAN BEET.

It does not require such a large amount of saccharine matter to make the beets profitable both to the raiser and the manufacturer. For instance, the beets raised in Kansas yield an average of about eleven per cent, those in California from eleven to thirteen per cent, while samples of beets raised in this territory, in the Rio Grande valley, contained sixteen per cent, the largest percentage of saccharine matter obtained from any samples submitted for analysis to Spreckles, the leading manufacturer of beet sugar in the United States. Then it cannot be denied that the soil, the climate and the abundance of water in the Lower Pecos Valley are especially adapted and calculated to the growth and development of the sugar beet, as it has already been demonstrated that no section of the country equals this, acre for acre, in the quantity and quality of turnips, onions and other root crops. With these facts before them the farmers will ask, "How can the crop be made profitable?"

IN THIS WAY.

Clara Spreckles, before referred to, and who is the largest individual sugar manufacturer and refiner in the world, has a standing proposition that whenever any section or community shall guarantee him one thousand acres of sugar beets, of average percentage in saccharine matter, he will erect at that place a sugar plant to cost not less than sixty thousand dollars, and will purchase for spot cash all the sugar beets delivered at the factory. In this valley the quantity that could be produced would be limited only by the demand for them. And it must be borne in mind that the demand will steadily increase, for the reason that under the McKinley bill the government offers a bounty of two cents per pound on all beet sugar manufactured in the United States. This in itself gives a large profit to the manufacturer of beet sugar and will enable that industry to prosper under conditions not heretofore granted. This certainly will stimulate the cultivation of the sugar beets, as it creates a new and constantly increasing demand for them, and the Lower Pecos Valley, with its many advantages, natural and otherwise, should take the lead and be the first to meet the requirements of Mr. Spreckles' offer, and cause him to erect a sugar factory giving employment to several hundred people, and affording our farmers a good market for one of the surest and most profitable crops they could raise.

We Demand Protection.

The Eddy Argus man, in a good-natured way, goes at our address of the Woman's Column in the Herald in a manner that, if we understand the nature of the sex, will be liable to breed a full crop of scabs all over his face, and the entire absence of a crop of hair. We have turned the editor over to the tender mercies of the address, and may God have mercy on his soul.—Chaves Herald.

The Ladies' Guild and a number of the members of the Young Men's Christian Association are preparing articles for sale for the Episcopal fair to be held during the coming holidays.

See the low price in the window, And the low price in the store, And the elegant assortment, You can ask for nothing more, If you want to be in fashion, And admired by the dames, Buy your hats and shoes and clothing From Lightbody & James.

New Store, NEW GOODS, NEW PRICES.

Exorbitant Frontier Prices Done Away With. A Fair Profit Only Desired. Give me a call. I can save you money on

Dry Goods, Groceries

BOOTS, SHOES, AND EVERYTHING USUALLY KEPT IN A GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORE.

R. H. Pierce

B. A. NYMEYER, Civil Engineer, Notary Public and Land Atty. J. O. CAMERON, Attorney at Law.

Nymeyer & Cameron, Real Estate & Insurance Agents

EDDY, NEW MEXICO.

Collecting a specialty. Property placed in our hands will be sold on reasonable commissions. Reliable information given in regard to Valley Lands, and parties wishing to file on Choice Public Lands will do well to apply to us. Correspondence solicited in regard to Eddy property. Taxes paid for non-residents and value of land reported upon. Timber and Desert Land Claims looked after for non-residents and the requirements of the law complied with at as reasonable figures as work can be done.

Livery, Sale and Feed Stable

DAN LUCAS, Proprietor.

The Largest and Best Stable in the Territory.

EDDY, - - - NEW MEXICO.

WM. A. FINLAY,

DEALER IN

LUMBER,

Shingles, Sash, Doors, Nails, Barbed Wire, Fence Posts, Etc.

EDDY, - - - NEW MEXICO.

BERLA & COMPANY, Plumbers and Gas-Fitters.

Leave orders with McLenathen & Campbell, EDDY, N. M.

Pecos Valley Drug Store,

Dr. JAS. A. TOMLINSON, Proprietor, Opposite Argus Office, EDDY, NEW MEXICO.

Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Fine Toilet Soaps, Brushes, Combs, etc. Perfumery and Fancy Toilet Articles in Great Variety. Prescriptions carefully compounded and orders by mail answered with care and dispatch.

MILLER & CO., House and Sign Painting.

Paper Hanging and Decorating a Specialty. EDDY, - - - NEW MEXICO.

The Pecos Valley is the Richest IN THE WEST.

The Town of Eddy is its Commercial Center. If you wish to Know More Write Us.

McLenathen & Campbell, Real Estate and Insurance Agents.

EDDY COUNTY.

A DESCRIPTION OF THE PECOS VALLEY IN THE STATE OF TEXAS.

The Pecos Valley is situated in the extreme southern portion of the Territory of New Mexico, bounded on the north and east by the State of Texas, on the south and west by the State of Arizona. It is a fertile and beautiful country, and is one of the most valuable sections of the Territory. The Pecos River, which is the life-giving artery of the valley, flows from the north to the south, and is the source of the Pecos Valley Irrigation and Improvement Company. The valley is a beautiful and fertile country, and is one of the most valuable sections of the Territory. The Pecos River, which is the life-giving artery of the valley, flows from the north to the south, and is the source of the Pecos Valley Irrigation and Improvement Company.

THE TOWN OF EDDY.

This charming and at the same time progressive town is located on the right of western bank of the Pecos River, on a flat skirted by low hills to the north and west, with just sufficient slope eastward to the river and southward with the stream to impart a gentle flow to the sewage system that flows on either side of every street, for the north-south line of the town is a straight line, and the streets are laid out exactly to the cardinal points of the compass, eighty feet in the clear, flanked by sidewalks ten feet wide. The blocks are 200 feet east and west by 800 feet north and south, each penetrated by a north and south alley twenty feet wide, and these half blocks are divided into lots 25 feet front and 150 feet in the business portion of the town and 50x150 in the residential portion. One entire block has been set aside for a court house, another for public school buildings and play grounds, another for a public park, and the whole of the ample river front has been reserved for railroad purposes, side-tracks, depot, etc. Although less than eighteen months old, the town is one of the best built and liveliest in the southwest. It has a large adobe school house where about 65 scholars are in daily attendance, under the careful supervision and intelligent teaching of Miss Edith Ohl. It has a magnificent two-story

HOTEL OF SIXTY ROOMS.

with wide, cool verandas, the entire structure having cost over \$50,000, and is under the able management of E. Oscar Hart, who exerts every effort to contribute to the comfort of his permanent and transient guests.

It has a splendid two-story brick and iron building, occupied by the First National bank of Eddy, and the offices occupied by the Pecos Valley Railway and the Irrigation and Improvement Company.

It has a large and well stocked livery stable, a sale and feed corral, a blacksmith and wagon shop, two firms of contractors and builders, two real estate and insurance firms, a brick yard and a lime kiln, a lumber yard, four grocery stores, two of which carry stocks averaging \$25,000, two drug stores, a physician and dentist, two barber shops a butcher shop, a billiard hall, a paint and paper hanging establishment, besides many other business houses and residences of brick, and many beautiful and cozy cottages, restaurants, etc., of wood—but not a drop of intoxicating liquor on sale anywhere, prohibition being a condition inserted in every deed given by the Pecos Valley Town Company. The Episcopalians, the Methodists and the Baptists each have an organized church and hold services and Sunday schools regularly, and the two first named have already taken steps for the erection of communion church edifices.

THE SOIL.

With an abundance of good water at command, a soil that might be used elsewhere with profit as a fertilizer, and a climate of matchless gentleness and salubrity, the Pecos Valley is destined to become one of the most remunerative farming and fruit growing regions within the jurisdiction of the United States. Almost any kind of grain, grass, fibrous plant, bulbous or edible root, garden vegetable, berry, fruit or forest tree that will grow anywhere will grow here with astonishing luxuriance, wheat, barley, oats, corn, alfalfa, clover and timothy; agave, cotton, jute, ramie, okra and sorghum cane; the native and introduced potato, peanut, onion, beet, carrot, turnip and radish; beans, peas, pepper, domestic sage, cauliflower, cabbage (weighing from five to forty pounds), lettuce, spinach, etc.; watermelon, muskmelon, cantaloup, pumpkin weighing from 20 to 100 pounds, squash from 20 to 250, cucumbers from one to five, and tomatoes from one half to three pounds each, strawberries, grapes and all kindred fruits; the peach, prune, the giant peach from Persia, apricot, apple, quince,

ENGLISH AND BLACK WALNUT,

soft-shell almond, olive, cherry, and the famous apple of all flourish in the Pecos Valley when properly watered, as shown by actual experiment on farms strung along the valley from Roswell to Pecos City, a distance of 125 miles. The valley is destined to become the finest vineyard and orchard of the continent, the symmetry, size and flavor of the fruits being unsurpassed, and the yield a satisfactory one as to quality. In the older settled portion of the valley, about Roswell, apple trees six years old yield three to four barrels each year, peaches as many bushels, plums four to six bushels, peaches 400 to 600 pounds, and it is not uncommon to see 25 or 30 worth of peaches or plums taken from a single tree. Almonds in a comparatively permanent bearing, and the alfalfa and clover of the Pecos Valley yields four to five crops per annum, or eight to twelve tons per acre. The following figures relate to the yield per acre per year of the various crops mentioned:

Wheat, 40 to 60 bushels.
Barley, 40 to 60 bushels.
Corn, 40 to 60 bushels.
Oats, 40 to 60 bushels.
Alfalfa, 20 to 30 tons.
Clover, 20 to 30 tons.
Sorghum, 20 to 30 tons.
Cotton, 20 to 30 bales.
Potatoes, 20 to 30 tons.
Apples, 20 to 30 bushels.
Peaches, 20 to 30 bushels.
Plums, 20 to 30 bushels.
Strawberries, 20 to 30 bushels.
Grapes, 20 to 30 bushels.
Figs, 20 to 30 bushels.
Pumpkins, 20 to 30 bushels.
Squash, 20 to 30 bushels.
Cucumbers, 20 to 30 bushels.
Lettuce, 20 to 30 bushels.
Spinach, 20 to 30 bushels.
Cabbage, 20 to 30 bushels.
Peas, 20 to 30 bushels.
Beans, 20 to 30 bushels.
Carrots, 20 to 30 bushels.
Turnips, 20 to 30 bushels.
Radicis, 20 to 30 bushels.
Onions, 20 to 30 bushels.
Beets, 20 to 30 bushels.
Sage, 20 to 30 bushels.
Cauliflower, 20 to 30 bushels.
Cabbage, 20 to 30 bushels.
Pepper, 20 to 30 bushels.
Domestic sage, 20 to 30 bushels.

THE EAST CANAL.

On the east side of the Pecos River, runs nearly parallel to the general course of that stream about six miles back from it. This ditch, now started, will be twenty five feet wide at the bottom, and will carry seven feet depth of water. Its projected length from the point of divergence is twenty miles, and it will bring under irrigation more than 25,000 acres of rich land. The valley on the east side also slopes gently from the line of the ditch to the river. The distance between the canals will be generally about fourteen miles, and every step of the land lying between is tillable and can be readily irrigated from one canal or the other. This is only a brief description of part of the great irrigation system of this valley. The western canal commences near Roswell and extends southward toward Eddy. They are nearly, if not quite, as extensive as those in Eddy county, and will ultimately turn one continuous chain system, covering a distance of about 150 miles, thoroughly irrigating one of the largest and richest valleys on the American continent. Besides these, there are other ditches and laterals of less magnitude, but representing much labor and a large outlay of capital, and every year, as the land comes into use, hundreds of miles of laterals will be added to these already in operation.

THE CANALS.

is simply incomparable. The altitude at the town of Eddy is about 5,000 feet above the Gulf of Mexico, from which it is distant about 100 miles. Here the temperature rarely falls to 32 in the coldest winter months (1910), the heat in the summer months reaches 100, the days are sunny and bright, and from 100 days in the year the sun shines. The Pecos River carries its average flow of 1,000 cubic feet per second, and is the source of the Pecos Valley Irrigation and Improvement Company. The high altitude produces a climate which is healthy and invigorating, and is especially adapted to the rearing and fattening of all varieties of stock, and generally profitable to all agricultural pursuits, as many residents of this county and Eddy will readily testify. No farther proof need we give the fact that the

sources of the southwest, have all combined to some degree, and that not distant—make Eddy a favored spot for agricultural, fruit growing and manufacturing center. These things show the following facts as headed, and some are now being constructed toward Eddy. The Pecos Valley and El Paso starting from Wichita Falls on the Fort Worth and Denver, the Chicago and Rock Island coming through the western portion of the Indian Territory from El Paso, the Gulf of Colorado and Santa Fe, running from Galveston, and already completed to El Paso, Texas, less than 100 miles distant, is to be built up through the Pecos Valley and Eddy on to Albuquerque, where it will connect and be consolidated with the Atlantic and Pacific and California Southern systems. But independent of these, Eddy is now, through the Pecos Valley, starting from the Texas and Pacific at Pecos City, connected with the whole railway system of the United States, Mexico and Canada, giving it a position, so far as pertains to rapid and easy communication, unequalled by any town in the west or southwest. What does all this do?

It brings the fruit lands of the Pecos Valley 1,500 miles nearer the eastern markets than any other section west of the Rocky mountains. It opens an avenue to the markets of the world, not only for the products of the Lower Pecos Valley, but for that immense territory embraced in northeastern Dona Ana, Lincoln and Chaves counties and northwestern Texas. It brings the agriculturist, the fruit-grower, the stockman and the wool-grower in competition with sections that have heretofore been more favored, and opens to them the most remunerative markets in the union. It will afford cheap and rapid transportation for the immigrant, the sightseer, the invalid, for building material, for the necessities of life, for farming and agricultural implements: in fact, all and everything that goes to build up and make prosperous a country blessed by nature and peopled by progressive and enterprising citizens.

DETAILED INFORMATION

will be promptly and cheerfully furnished to home-seekers, invalids, and those seeking for business opportunities or speculative or permanent investments where large returns are assured, on application in person or by letter to the Pecos Irrigation and Improvement Company, Eddy, New Mexico, for facts relating to the climate, soil, price, terms and location of lands, water, etc., and all matters pertaining to the valley at large; and to the Pecos Valley Town Company, Eddy, New Mexico, for information in relation to town property, price of lots and building material, cost of building, business opportunities, etc.

PAUSE AND CONSIDER.

The above has but poorly described some of the unrivaled natural advantages of Eddy county, and briefly set forth what the efforts of energetic men have done to develop them. Having read of these things pause and consider for a moment. Here nature has lavished her choicest gifts. The land is fertile and peculiarly adapted for irrigation; the Pecos, with its steady flow, has water enough within its grassy banks the year round to irrigate many hundred thousand acres of land. Heaven, too, has smiled upon the beautiful Pecos valley and left it untroubled in a matchless climate. And behind all this, and without which it would have slept in its wonderful beauty for centuries to come as it has in the past, are the originators of this vast irrigation enterprise that is to revolutionize this section; spirits of indomitable courage, of great executive ability, who, with the magic wand of capital and energy, have tapped the Pecos, and behind the plains smile with fields of golden grain, the alfalfa of the valley is laden with perfume of orchards, and the hillside are dotted with fruitful vineyards. It is these restless spirits, born with the energy of the great, that have made this valley one of the choicest and choicest spots of the union.

IF YOU DESIRE TO ACQUIRE A LEGAL TITLE TO GOVERNMENT LAND IN THE PECOS VALLEY.

Many persons in writing for information regarding the Pecos Valley ask the questions: What are the prices, terms of payment, etc., of the lands? Others ask if there is any unoccupied government land, or whether it is principally in the hands of the Pecos Irrigation and Improvement Company. In answer to these queries we will state that the company retained to own no land in the valley but their right of way. All the land, excepting that portion filed upon, belongs to the public domain, and may be acquired under the several acts of congress, viz: Homestead, pre-emption, timber culture and desert land.

THE FOLLOWING IS A SYNOPSIS—TAKEN FROM THE UNITED STATES LAWS—OF THE STEPS NECESSARY TO ACQUIRE A TITLE UNDER ANY OF THE CONGRESSIONAL ACTS ABOVE MENTIONED.

HOMESTEAD.

Only such lands as are entirely devoid of timber may be entered under this act, and not more than 160 acres can be allowed in any one section.

On an entry of 160 acres the entryman is required to plow five acres the first year, the second year he must plant that five acres to an agricultural crop of some kind and plow an additional five acres. The third year he must plant the five acres to a crop of some kind and the fourth year he must cultivate and plant the five acres to a crop of some kind, and the fifth year he must cultivate and plant the five acres to a crop of some kind, and the sixth year he must cultivate and plant the five acres to a crop of some kind, and the seventh year he must cultivate and plant the five acres to a crop of some kind, and the eighth year he must cultivate and plant the five acres to a crop of some kind, and the ninth year he must cultivate and plant the five acres to a crop of some kind, and the tenth year he must cultivate and plant the five acres to a crop of some kind, and the eleventh year he must cultivate and plant the five acres to a crop of some kind, and the twelfth year he must cultivate and plant the five acres to a crop of some kind, and the thirteenth year he must cultivate and plant the five acres to a crop of some kind, and the fourteenth year he must cultivate and plant the 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