

# THE LIBERTY BANNER.

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Vol. 1.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM.

NOGAL, LINCOLN CO., N. M., THURSDAY, APRIL 3, 1890.

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No. 8

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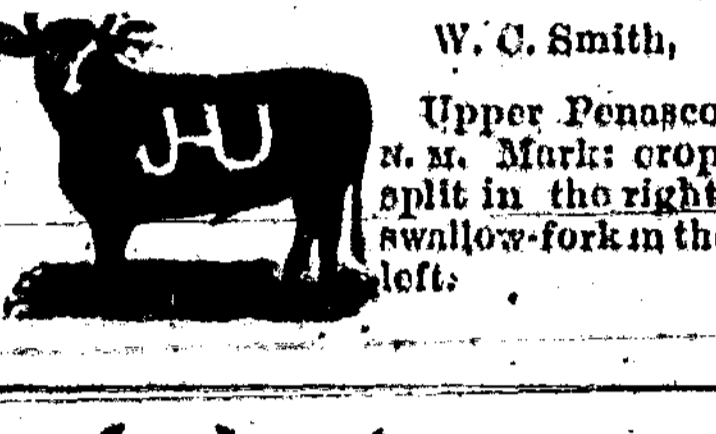
I have the best livery building in the county, plenty of the best feed and a liberal, generous feeder. Give me a trial and you will see how well I can do.



Wado Black, Weed, New Mex.



Geo. B. Barber, White Oaks, N. M.



W. C. Smith, Upper Penasco, N. M. Mark: crop, split in the right; swallow-fork in the left.



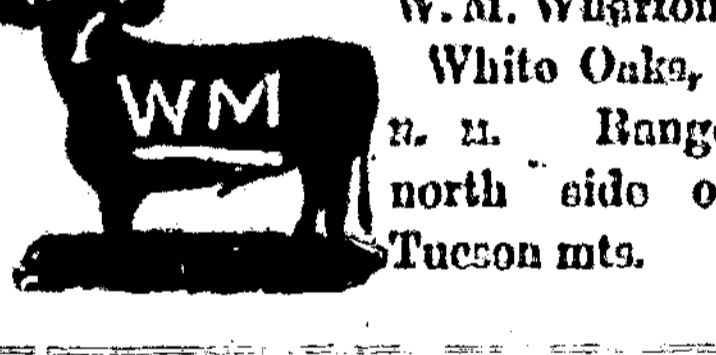
S. T. Gray, Fort Stanton, N. M.

The old cattle are branded on both sides.



R. C. Russell, Bonito, N. M.

Some of the cattle in other brands, not counterbranded. Range, Rio Bonito.



W. M. Wharton, White Oaks, N. M. Range north side of Tucson mts.

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The Banner \$1 a year.

## MINING NOTES.

The O. K. a new discovery showing free gold, is located about two miles from this city in a northeasterly direction. The ledge matter is four feet wide, and present indications are very favorable that the new find is of more than ordinary importance. The discoverers were Messrs. Rose and sons.

Uncle Ben Hopson has received returns from four tons of ore shipped to Socorro, which averaged \$297 per ton. Mr. Hopson expects to ship a car load of the same class in about six weeks, and will take the ore out in the meantime with the assistance of one man. He has commenced drifting from the bottom of his 50-foot shaft, and has 22 inches of ore which will average fully as good as that shipped to Socorro.

Eight car loads of coke per day are now being shipped from Trinidad to Arizona smelters. Heretofore these smelters have been supplied with coke from West Virginia.

Gypsum in Kansas.  
Topeka, Kas. March 20. - A valuable deposit of a most pure gypsum, or stucco, has been discovered at Hope, Dickinson county. The material has been known to exist there for some time, but the extent of the vein was not known.

The material is very valuable for manufacture of stucco plastering and a strong company has been formed to develop the find. It is pronounced by experts to be the richest and purest deposit of gypsum in Kansas. Citizen.

Good Work.  
The American Mining company at Cook's Peak, New Mexico, have broken the record. This company extracted in ninety days \$31,000 of bullion from their mines. That appeared to be good enough but four days ago they struck a large deposit of carbonate on a forty foot face carrying twenty to thirty ounces in silver, forty per cent. lead, and better than all a natural gauge of iron running 16 to 18 per cent. iron—furnishing thereby its own smelting flux. The ore carries also gold to the value of two dollars per ton. There is exposed to-day at least ten thousand tons of this carbonate ore in the workings so far as human judgment can determine. This looks too good to last, but we hope this is not the only deposit if it should prove to be such, for a few finds like this will place our mining record in the southwest in advance of Leadville and the noted carbonate camps of the northwest.—El Paso Times.

**MOGOLLONS.**  
In the upper Dry creek region several parties are actively engaged in prospecting and opening up a number of valuable finds, which were located last year. Of the Lily, owned by Luke Hussey and McCarthy, it is not saying too much to pronounce it as one of the most promising prospects in the Mogollon country. The developments consist principally of stripping the vein and open cuts, which as now exposed present to view one of the finest showings in the southwest. A tunnel on the vein has been started, which will gain foot for foot from the horizontal as it penetrates the mountain. An average of a dozen assays made from careful sampling of the pay streak in a vein eight feet wide, gave a value of \$600 per ton. The owners are now engaged in active preparations to open the mine thoroughly and develop it for all it is worth.—Sentinel.

The romance of mining has not yet disappeared from New Mexico. Such sudden changes in fortune as used to mark the early morning history of California, are still duplicated in this territory. An instance of this kind has but recently occurred in the Silver Creek district of western Socorro county. A mine over there has struck it rich. In the last few months he has taken out and shipped

some \$100,000 worth of ore, and now has, it is said, fully \$500,000 in sight. Yet a year ago he could not have raised \$20, and, to assist him in the absolutely necessary initial expenses, his wife took in washing and even worked with him on the mine with her own hands. But the property payed from the beginning. It has supplied the means for its own development, and has left a handsome residue in the pocket of its proprietor, with a fortune of half a million only awaiting to be taken. Such an account reads like the stories of old times rather than the sober facts of our present hard and practical life.—Democrat

Wishes Him Success.  
The Jicarilla water and mining company have filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of the territory at Santa Fe. The incorporators are A. A. Jones, Miguel A. Otero, D. C. Winters, of Las Vegas; Capital stock, \$1,000,000. Objects to lay out and construct ditches and own real estate in the territory. Principle place of business, Las Vegas. Optic, Las Vegas, N. M.

M. A. Otero is the son of the late Hon. M. A. Otero, who for three terms represented New Mexico in Congress. Some time early in the '60's Don Miguel A. Otero, Sr., and Rev. B. Bernard received some \$80,000 from a Jicarilla placer. We hope that the son will be as successful as the father, and be the means of opening up a now neglected mining district, but that possesses great productive possibilities in the future. The Bullion editor wishes him success upon his own account and in the memory of his father, who was at the same time one of the most honorable as well as distinguished sons of New Mexico.—Bullion.

Old Mine Timbers.  
Much timber from the old workings of the mines is now used for fuel for the boilers, and recently an assay was made of some of the ashes by Charles Harper foreman of the Con. Virginia. He found that they carried \$40 a ton, and immediately dumped a pile containing about 20 tons into the ore bins. The old timbers, very much of which is compressed by the immense weight it has sustained, has during its years of silent strain absorbed from its surroundings the precious metal in quantities sufficient to make it about the highest grade fuel ever used.—Virginia Enterprise.

There are nine mills dropping ninety stamps on Pinos Altos ore. Besides these mills, there is another big mill in the course of construction, south of Silver City. This will beat the ore of Minnie Grande and Mogul mines of Pinos Altos. These mines show extraordinary large bodies of ore in a true fissure vein.

**AFTER THE ELEPHANT.**  
A Royal Hunt in India Enjoyed by a Man from New Jersey.

The following account of a royal elephant hunt at Aynthia, India, was written home by a New Jersey man who happened to witness that interesting event:  
"The stockade in which the elephants are yearly captured," he says, "is a quadrangular piece of ground, enclosed by a wall some six feet thick, having an entrance on one side through which the elephants are made to enter the inclosure. Inside the wall is a fence of strong teak stakes driven into the ground close together, allowing only sufficient room between them to permit the passage of a man. In the center is a small house erected on poles and strongly supported and surrounded by stakes, wherein men are generally stationed for the purpose of securing the animals, but on this occasion the elephants were let loose upon an open plain behind the arena and then captured. The wild elephants being then in the bamboo jungles in the vicinity of Aynthia, having been decoyed from a great

distance in the interior and kept in readiness within a few hours' journey for the appointed day, and as we were informed of their near approach to us we remained and witnessed the wild beasts being lured by the timoneros.

"The sight to us was a novelty. You see over an immense plain at some distance a few tame elephants with their riders ahead of at least two hundred wild ones, large and small. You see them nearing you closer and closer, until they approach the stockade, when the tame elephants form a front—and fancy fifteen tame beasts hemming in some two hundred wild ones in a small space—when they were pressed forward through the entrance one by one. Here we experienced some excitement. Some go through quietly, others refuse, show fight, charge the line of front, and on several occasions broke through, when off go the tame elephants and bring them back, and so by patience and perseverance the whole number is driven in. The gate is then closed and they remain within the inclosure to await the pleasure of the King.

"Early the next morning the King arrived, accompanied by a large concourse of nobles. At about eleven o'clock he arrived at a sort of a grand stand and operations commenced. The beasts that had been penned up all night were let out through another gate opening into a plain, where such as the King admired were caught. Here again the scene was exciting. If an animal which he admires escapes, chase is immediately made after it by the tame elephants, the rider of which throws a lasso to catch the fugitive's feet. Having effected this, the animal upon which he rides leans itself with all its power the opposite way, and thus brings the other violently on the ground. It is then strongly bound and conveyed to the elephant stables. One large male made its escape through the front ranks and was lost among the ruins and jungle of the old city. Naturally enough accidents are of common occurrence, men being killed by the infuriated animals, which are frequently confined for two days in the inclosure without food. I am happy to say that no accidents of a serious nature occurred on this occasion. I have only to chronicle a few upsels of no importance. From the two hundred elephants that were decoyed the King selected some twenty of the best. The remainder were driven into the interior to await the ensuing year."—Newark Sunday Call.

**ORIGIN OF FRUITS.**  
Historical Facts Concerning Some Familiar Fruits and Vegetables.

What would become of the wanderer in the deserts of Arabia and Barbary if Providence suddenly decreed the extinction of the date palm? Thousands of human beings would inevitably perish, for the inhabitants of Fezzan live wholly upon its saccharine and delicious fruit nine months of the year. In Egypt, Arabia and Persia it forms the principal food of the people, and a man's wealth is computed by the number of date palms he possesses. When dried the fruit becomes an important article of commerce. Cakes of dates pounded and kneaded until solid enough to be cut with a hatchet supply the provision of the African caravan on their toilsome journey across the sunlit Sahara. The date stones or seeds are roasted and used as a substitute for coffee, or ground for the sake of their oil, and their residuum given as food to cattle. All are familiar with the manner in which dates in our markets are put up. There are several kinds known to commerce, the most important being "Fard" and "Persian." The former comes principally from Arabia, and the latter, of course, from Persia. Green peas—green peas

were not used as food in France until the middle of the sixteenth century. Some years later their edible qualities found approbation in England. Cabbage—the cabbage was highly esteemed by the Egyptians, and was the first "course" of all their repasts. It was no less valued by the Greeks and Romans. Cato called it a remedy for all evils; Erasistratus recommended it as a panacea for paralysis; and Hippocrates as a cure for colic. Asparagus was anciently cultivated on a very extensive scale; its stems in the Roman gardens weighing three pounds each. The cherry originally came from Cerasus, in Asia, and came to us through England, and to England through Italy. The apricot originally came from Armenia. The plum was anciently cultivated in Damascus, though certain species seem to have been derived from Africa. The apple came from Asia, according to some authorities; according to others, it is African, and reached Normandy through Spain and France. It is probable that the Baldwin is of American origin. The orange is traced from the Celestial Empire, China. The quince came from Crete, in Crete, so authorities tell us. The fig is claimed by the Athenians as indigenous to the soil of Attica, but it was probably brought from a region further East. The pomegranate is the fruit of a species of tree belonging to the order myrsinac. The outside rind is thin but tough, and its juice stains every thing it touches with an undelined but indelible blue. The average size is that of an orange. With in the grains are arranged in longitudinal compartments as compactly as corn on the cob, and they closely resemble those of pale red corn, except that they are nearly transparent and very beautiful. They are ripe about the middle of October and remain in good condition all winter. American Analyst.

## TYROLEAN FARMERS.

They Have to Fight a Fearful Struggle for Mere Existence.

The struggle for mere existence with these poor people (the Tyrolees) is a fearful one, something that an American farmer never dreamed of. The summer days are so few and so rainy that hay can only be made by tying the grass around poles to dry, free from the ground, and they may often be seen mowing in the rain, hoping that the sun will come out long enough to partly dry out the grass when cut.

The men when mowing generally have on white aprons, looking much like a lot of barbers or waiters pressed into service. This is due, probably, to the fact that the women do the most of the mowing, and when a man has to do it he wants to look as much like a woman as possible, so as not to be recognized.

Throughout the most of Europe the peasants or farmers live in villages and go every morning and evening from two to four miles to their land and back, at a great loss of time and thought.

It is a rare thing to see separate houses in this country. In Tyrol and Switzerland the houses are more scattered, and one may often see them perched so far up on the mountain side that it would seem impossible to get to them, and frequently a hamlet of a dozen or twenty houses will be found lying almost in the clouds, nearly at the timber line, in the most unexpected places.—Chicago Journal.

Wife.—"The 26th of next November we will celebrate our silver wedding. Don't you think we ought to kill the fat pig and have a big feast?" Husband.—"Kill the pig! I don't see how the unfortunate animal is to blame for what happened twenty-five years ago."

Another Civilized Allusion.  
A curious allusion is paradoxical definition. Dr. Bocheron, in a note to the Paris Academy of Sciences, lately stated that the patient in need for speech in the silent of a railroad train, yet hears the same in the midst of noise, as in a moving carriage or railway train, or in the street. The disorder, which is grave, progressive and sometimes hereditary, is named by some possession of the labyrinth of the ear.



THE LIBERTY BANNER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY ALLIANCE PUBLISHING CO. J. R. WHARTON, Editor and Business Manager.

Salt Lake City claims a population of 50,000 people based on the registered vote in the recent election.

General Robt. C. Schenck died at his home in Washington, March 23, in the eighty-first year of his age.

There is a movement on foot to have Hon. William E. Gladstone deliver the oration at the Worlds Fair.

The Ways and Means Committee has decided that all lead ores, and ores bearing lead, shall pay a duty of 1 1/2 cts. per pound on coming into the United States.

Let public schools be the campaign issue of the Statehood for New Mexico. With public schools statehood will come, and very probably not without them.

The agitation in Cuba in favor of annexation to the United States has reached formidable proportions. The governor has attempted to suppress the discussion of the subject, but in vain.

In many districts in Wyoming cattle and sheep have died so greatly on account of the deep snow that 'tis said many herds will be wiped out almost entirely. The same thing is true of parts of Oregon and Washington.

Patti the great operatic singer will realize a million dollars from her present American tour and that three fourths of this sum will be received west of the Mississippi River. This is an instance tending to show the great loss of the western half of this country.

It is estimated that eighty thousand of the farmers and farm laborers of Kansas have joined the farmer's Alliance. Between the Farmer's Alliance men and the Re-submissionists, the old time bloody-shirt flinging post-bellum Rebellion fighters in that state are liable to take a back seat. It is time.

Washington, D. C., March 10.—The members of the House, both republican and democratic, who represent agricultural districts are beginning to grow a little uneasy over the agitation among the farmers. That some legislation should be enacted soon which will tend to relieve the reported depression in agriculture they all agree.—Missouri World.

Mr. Perkins on Grain Gambling. Washington, D. C., March 21.—Judge Perkins to-day made argument before the house committee on agriculture in favor of the Butterworth bill to prohibit option dealing in farm products. The Kansas farmers have demanded legislation of this kind for several years and within the past two months hundreds of petitions have been received on the subject.—Missouri World.

The time of holding the world's Fair has again been fixed. The last decision, and one which will remain, it now seems, is from May till October 1893. The opening ceremonies or dedicatory exercises are to be held in 1892 some to commemorate Columbus' discovery. The time was extended without being urged upon the committee by the people of Chicago, in order to give ample time to foreign countries.

The biggest shipment of trees ever received at El Paso for one man's use arrived on the 27th inst., from Kansas, having been seven days on the road. The trees belong to George C. Richardson, who came here two months ago to locate. He bought a section of land at Llanoria mesa, ten miles from El Paso, and has been hard at work ever since, preparing to plant the trees that have just arrived.

The car load includes 8,000 trees and 4,000 choice rooted grape vines. The trees are apple, peach, pear, apricot, plum and quince. The grapes are choice California and eastern varieties.—Tribune

That's the Doctrine. "Senator Allison's recommendations in the matter of tariff revision are to reduce duties when touched at all, and to add, as far as is safe and practicable, to the number of articles on the free list. This, too, is the doctrine of the great masses of western republicans."—Globe Democrat.

This is also the doctrine of the great masses of western democrats, or rather it is the doctrine of the people. Therefore, on the tariff we are together, except so far as the manufacturers and monopolists are concerned. The people are agreed but the money power is against the reduction of the tariff, and hence the opposition that is made to a proper reduction. When a bill is introduced reducing the tariff on any article those interested in maintaining the tariff on that particular article, at once raise objection and frequently put up money to defeat reduction. The people are agreed, but the monopolists object.

Labor Conference Committee.

Berlin, March 17.—The international labor conference to-day appointed three committees—the first on work in the mines, presided over by Herr Hauchecor, head of the Berlin mining academy; the second on Sunday labor and presided over by Bish. op Kopp and having for its vice-president the Danish delegate, Tietgen; the third on the labor of women and children, presided over by Jules Simon, with the Hungarian delegate, Schuierer, as vice-president.

The emperor will receive the delegates at 5 o'clock to-morrow afternoon and after the reception he will give a banquet in their honor in the picture gallery of the schloss.

The Labor Conference.

Berlin, March 20.—The labor conference is making rapid and successful progress. The committee on Sunday work advises that the prohibition against labor on Sunday and church holidays apply only to women, young persons and children. The committee on children's work has resolved to forbid the employment of children within the school age, except certain well defined cases.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. J. E. Sligh is dead, and a sense of sadness and gloom has left its impress upon our town and community. The gentle, loving spirit has departed to other and higher realms, and she who was known only to be respected and loved, now rests in Nogal Cemetery. A lady by birth and education, a woman of rare, noble qualities of mind and heart, a faithful and affectionate wife and mother, she performed well her part. Such it seems the poet viewed when he said, "Sustained and soothed by an unflinching trust, approach thy last resting place like one who folds the drapery of his couch about him and lies down to pleasant dreams." The family of the deceased have the sympathy of the entire community in their great affliction.

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES.

The City Council of San Francisco has enacted an ordinance requiring the Chinese to move from their present quarters in the heart of the city to another locality. They are allowed sixty days to get out.

Statistics show that insanity increased one third, in Paris, and France, from 1872 to 1888. The increase is attributed to the use of alcohol among the working classes.

The prohibitionists and anti-prohibitionists of Colorado Springs are at war. Two months ago the residence of Mayor Stockbridge was burned, and recently he was re-nominated and the morning following he was again burned out. The Mayor is a prohibitionist.

The U. S. printing office is now at work printing the blanks for taking the census. There are 18,000,000 blanks, and they are to be used by 40,000 enumerators. 15,000 reams of paper is required to fill the order.

Cotton seed oil mills are being built in nearly all counties in Georgia. A few years ago cotton seed were almost worthless. Now mill lots of dollars are invested in these mills, with a prospect of heavy returns in the nearest time coming.

Drouth on the Texas border is causing a heavy loss in cattle already, and, if continued, it is said many people will have to leave or suffer. The drouth seems general in western Texas.

A novel idea is suggested by D. M. Clark, of New York, Iowa. He would have the government loan money to the states at 2 per cent, the states to the counties at 3 per cent, and the counties to the people at 4 per cent.—Raton Range.

The town of El Moro, Colo., was almost destroyed by fire March 24.

The mill of Thompson & Gales at Hillsborough runs steadily and is dropping twenty stamps on ore. The force at the mine is kept recruited to the regular standard. The value of the ore is better than heretofore, and the owners are well satisfied with the production.—Democrat.

Alliance Works.

Stanton, March 25.—Major Christman, Jacob Hiler and Mr. Price, representing the Farmers Alliance of the United States, have concluded to establish alliance agricultural works at Iron Gate Va. The works will employ from 300 to 500 hands and the products will go to every sub-alliance in the country, representing 4,000,000 members.

New Mexico's Production.

New Mexico produced 1,120,000 bushels of corn, 18 per cent of which remained on hand on March 1. None was shipped out of the country where grown, and 90 per cent of it was merchantable at 50 cents a bushel, the balance of it being worth 20 cents per bushel. The same territory produced 1,090,000 bushels of wheat, 27 per cent of which remains on hand. Two per cent was shipped out of the country where grown. The average weight per bushel was fifty eight pounds.—Agricultural Dept. Report.

It came out in the English court a few days ago that 100 wornout horses had just been shipped from that country to Germany, to Belgium to be used in the manufacture of sausage and that such shipments were a regular thing.

James Bortz, residing near Macungie, Pa., one day last week took a pair of boots to a cobbler for slight repairs. He said he had owned them for nineteen years, but had used them only on Sundays and on special occasions.

Defending Counsel For Courts Martial. Sec. Proctor has issued a general order to the army that hereafter commanding officers at posts where a general court martial is convened shall at the request of any prisoner who is to be arraigned detail a suitable officer as a counsel to defend such prisoner. If there be no such officer available at the post this fact shall be reported to the appointing authority for action.—New Mexican.

"Shall We Meet Again."

The fist of nation is an inexorable. There is no appeal from the great law which dooms us to dust. We flourish and fade as do the leaves of the forest; and flowers that bloom and wither in a day, have no trailer hold upon life than the mightiest monarch that ever shook the earth with his footsteps. Generations of men will appear and disappear as the grass and the multitude who through the world to day will disappear as the footprints on the shore.

Men seldom think of the great event of death until its shadow falls across their own pathway, hiding from their eyes the faces of loved ones whose living smile was the sunlight of their existence.

Death is the antagonist of life, and the cold thought of the tomb is the skeleton of all fondest. We do not want to go through the dark valley, although its dark passages may lead to paradise; we do not want to lie down in the damp grave, not even with primrose for bed-fallows.

In the beautiful drama of Lou the hope of immortality so eloquently uttered by the death-devoted Greek made deep response in every thoughtful mind.

When about to yield his young life as a sacrifice to fate, his Clemanthe asks if they shall meet again, to which he responds: "I have asked that dreadful question of the hills that look eternal, of the stars among whose fields of azure many raised spirits have walked in glory. All were dumb. But as I gaze on thy living face I feel that there is something in love which mantles through its beauty that cannot wholly perish. We shall meet again, Clemanthe."—George D. Prentice.

The largest funeral procession ever witnessed at Nogal was that of Mrs. J. E. Sligh last Tuesday. The day was very cold notwithstanding everybody went and many friends of the family from White Oaks, also attended. Rev. W. S. Thomas officiated assisted by Rev. Jos. M. Stephenson.

James Canon, March 23, 1890.

EDITOR LIBERTY BANNER: Seeing nothing from this part, will drop you a few dots. James Canon Alliance met March 10, and went through with business all right. We are not dead if we haven't been meeting for some time. We have about all recovered from the grippe. Mr. S. E. Kennedy is one of the latest sufferers, but he is improving. Rev. W. E. Newton has returned from Eddy to his mountain home. Our road supervisor, Mr. Alf Hunter, has been doing his duty, and now we have good roads for the traveling public. Success to the BANNER. J. P. Nelson.

Editor BANNER:

Please allow me through the BANNER, in behalf of myself and relatives to express our thanks and the deep gratitude we feel toward our many friends in Nogal and White Oaks, for the aid rendered and the love and sympathy extended to us in our sorrow for the death of our dear Mother. We regret that circumstances will not permit us to see them and thank each personally for their kindness.

Yours truly, Geo. E. Sligh.

The indications are for a cold, raw, late spring, says the authority, with heavy frost even up to the middle of May, followed by an unusually hot and dry summer. Mars is the ruling planet this year, and as he is a fiery, untamed star a series of dire disasters is predicted. The influence of Mars has given us a mild and pleasant winter, yet unseasonable, and the spring and summer will also be unseasonable, but not so agreeable as the winter. The changes of temperature will be sudden and often. Mars is the planet of war and discord and a terrible clash of arms may be expected among some of the nations of the world.—Optic.

Joseph Clark, a tramp, is at the city jail, with a bullet hole through his left arm and a scar from the ball on the right side of his face. He states that while beating his way on a freight train to Coolidge yesterday afternoon, he was shot by an Indian boy about half a mile from Legune. His head was laying on his arm when he was shot, the ball passing through the arm, and grazing the right side of his face. The train continued on to a water tank about twenty miles away, when he was let off and put on a freight train coming to Albuquerque, arriving here last night about 7 o'clock. The City Physician Ealy is attending the man.—Citizen.

Sale of New Mexico Cattle.

T. D. Andrew, of the Home land and cattle company, has just returned from Austin. While there he concluded the purchase of the one and two-year old steers belonging to George W. Littlefield, now on the Littlefield ranch in New Mexico. The prices were \$9 for the yearlings, and \$18 for the two-year-olds, the two's to be delivered on board the cars at Clayton, New Mexico, and the yearlings at the company's ranch. The purchase embraces 5,000 head of cattle. They are said to be an excellent lot.—Tribune.

This paper is doing a land office business in receiving letters addressed to the "Arizona Citizen," \$2.00 being the amount dropped into our rack box last week by persons desiring sample copies of this extensive advertised by a box.—Tombstone Free-Press.

C. L. PEARMAN, White Oaks, N. M. HARDWARE, Stoves and Tinware, Plows, Mowers, Etc. GUNS AND PISTOLS. Ammunition of all Kinds, Cheap.

CLEARANCE SALE! Goodman, Ziegler & Co.'s, White Oaks, N. M. Our entire stock of Winter Goods, as well as every other article in our store, positively at 25 : Per Cent. Reduction : 25 For the Next Twenty Days, In order to make room for our increased stock of Spring and Summer Goods, now on the road from the East. Call and See the Bargains.

—WHY— WILL YOU With High-priced Goods when you can go to YOUNG & TALIAFERRO, White Oaks, and get a first class article at a low price? Remember, spot cash buyers, that we will not be undersold by any firm in Lincoln county, and that White Oaks is the place to sell your produce. A wagon load don't stock this market.

THE COLORADO FARMER AND LIVE STOCK JOURNAL. OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE State Grange, Farmers Alliance, State Horticultural and Forestry Association, State Foultry Association, State Farmers Protection Association, State Wool Growers Association, State Dairy Association and State Bee Keepers Association. A LIVE FARM JOURNAL, published weekly at Denver, Colorado, Established in 1873, and giving twenty-four pages, and eighty-six columns well filled with fresh matter of interest to farmers and ranchmen. REGULAR PRICE OF COLORADO FARMER \$4.00 per year LIBERTY BANNER \$1.00 per year. We will send both papers for \$4.50



# THE LIBERTY BANNER.

Nogal, Lincoln County, New Mexico.  
PRICE—\$1.00 PER ANNUM.

Advertising rates will be made on application. With yearly advertisers liberal arrangements will be made.

## Local News.

Mr. John Phillips of Eagle Creek was in town Monday.

Watch crystals at P. G. Peters.

Remember C. L. Pearman, White Oaks is headquarters for Hercules Powder, D. T. Caps &c.

Bring your hides, pelts and eggs to A. Henley & Son, and be sure you will get top prices.

New goods arriving daily at G. Z. & Co. Boots and Shoes cheaper than any house in Lincoln Co., at G. Z. & Co.

Forty pupils attending the public school.

Time flies, but no faster than Young & Taliaferro's great bargain opportunity is going from your reach.

For John Deer Plows go to C. L. Pearman, White Oaks.

Cash tells the tale. Buy your goods for cash. Cash prices will surprise you. For further particulars call on Stewart. White Oaks.

Fresh garden seeds at P. G. Peters.

L. W. Parker and family left last week for San Pedro. Doc Roberts went along to move Mr. Parker.

A. Henley & Son are receiving new stock of groceries. Fresh goods, quick sales and small profits.

Garden Hoes and Rakes, Picks and Shovels. All sizes nails, at prices to close out. Levin W. Stewart.

Mr. Henry Fritz and Miss Tillie Fritz of Lincoln were at the Placer Hotel last Sunday night. Miss Fritz is going to Watrous, N. M. on a visit to her sister.

If you can't find the goods you want, the price you want, the style you want, have you looked in the right place? None talk that way who trade with Y. & T.

Mr. A. May will soon move to Nogal and open a blacksmith shop.

Mr. B. C. Russell has moved his family to town to send to school.

Flannel and dress shirts at special low prices. Underwear at your own price. Come and see for yourself. Goodman, Zirkler & Co.

Sidney Chick was in town a few days since. He is an applicant for the position of cattle inspector at Kansas City, and has the support of some of the leading cattle men of the country.

Water White Oil at 40 cents at P. G. Peters.

Messrs. Ira Sangers and H. B. Marsh of Lower Penasco were in Nogal a few days ago. They manufactured 600 gallons sorghum last year and when here had disposed of all except about 35 gallons. This looks as if the raising of sorghum is profitable.

Weather Strips beat the world to keep out dust. At C. L. Pearman's, White Oaks.

See those improved Coal Oil cans at P. G. Peters.

If in need of anything usually found in a general mercantile establishment, it will pay you to get our prices before going elsewhere. Come and see for yourself.

A. Henley & Son.

Just Received at the Cash Store, Best Sewing Machine Oil in square and three-cornered bottles at very low prices, also a full assortment of sewing machine needles at 40 cents per dozen.

All persons who desire to take stock in the Liberty Banner Publishing Co., should send the amount which they desire to invest in shares to W. L. Breese, Nogal, N. M.

Bring your eggs, hides, skins and pelts to P. G. Peters, Nogal, N. M. You can get top prices.

Secretaries who have not collected the 5 cents per capita National dues from the members of their respective Subordinate Lodges, will please do so at once and send them to the County Secretary to be forwarded.

W. L. BREESE, Sec'y.  
N. Mex., F. A. & I. U.

All the accounts of "the Nogal Nugget," were included in the sale of the press and fixtures of the office, and are now held by the Editor of the Liberty Banner for collection. The subscriptions due can be settled at the rate of \$1.00 a year. The amount due is considerable, and we want all persons who are bound to pay it to do so.

## Notice to Subordinate Alliances.

At last, County Alliance it was thought best to hold no meeting in April unless it was demanded by a sufficient number of sub-alliances; therefore unless it is deemed necessary for the good of the order, there will be no meeting until July 10th, 1890, at Eagle Creek school house, but all sub-alliances are required to make their regular monthly reports and send same with quarterly dues to County sec'y., J. P. Nelson, Upper Penasco, N. M.

J. N. Cox, Pres. Co. A.

A copy of the Alliance history will be given to the one having the greatest number of subscriptions to his or her credit on May 1, 1890. All others who send five or more subscriptions will receive the National Esquonist Almanac. These books are full of valuable information for everybody. Hurry up and secure a copy, and you'll never regret the time thus spent.

## TERRITORIAL NEWS.

Judge O'Brien will be here in time to hold the Mora district court, which begins April 7th.

The Edmonds act bearing upon polygamy and adultery is being enforced in Dona Ana county.

Frank Stegell and Mrs. Lizzie Green eloped from Carlsile, N. M. Mrs. Green leaves a husband and several children.

The name of Hon. S. B. Artell has been mentioned as chairman of the republican territorial committee.

Jacob Weltmer, a well and favorably known business man of Santa Fe, has been appointed post master of that city.

Leo White, the would-be bad man and general tough, languishes in the Santa Fe jail awaiting the action of the next grand jury on several cases of horse stealing.

The average annual sunshine of New Mexico exceeds that of Central Park observatory, New York, 1,200 hours, and that of Greenwich observatory, nearly 2,700 hours.

Quite a number of farmers and ranchmen in the vicinity of Deming are proving up and perfecting titles to their homesteads. It is a good sign.—Head Light.

A Texan and a Mexican raced their horses in El Paso Saturday for an \$500 purse. The Texas horse won, but the stakes are in Mexico and the Texan cannot get them.—Liberal.

Col. J. F. Chavez, late President of the council, was recently married to Miss Josephine Whittington of Las Lunas, N. M. They left at once for a visit to Mexico intending to visit the chief cities.

Ira G. Hodge, charged with being one of the parties who defrauded the state bank at Irving, Kan., out of \$10,000 was arrested at Denver Col., last week and taken east.—Enterprise.

Every farmer in Colfax County should put out some oats, wheat and flax. He should not depend on corn alone. We have great faith that this will be a good country for small grain, and would advise every farmer to give it a fair trial.

There is quite a striking epitaph on one of the tombstones in Pinos Altos graveyard which reads as follows: "Here lies the body of John Mahan, he had sand in his craw, but was slow on the draw, so we planted him here in the shade.—Miner.

The Rio Grande Broom factory has received an order from one large firm to take all the output of their factory from now till the new crop comes in, and then to take 5,000 dozen brooms of the new crop. The factory fears that it will be unable to raise broom corn enough this year for its needs.—Sierra Co., N. M., Advocate.

According to the medical experts of St. Louis, Mr. J. J. Cookrell, of this territory, has had no touch of insanity, but has had a slight attack of pea-paralysis, which will in no way impair the functions of his mind. He will soon return home as sound as steel.—Bismarck Range.

Cow-boy, John West is in jail at Springer. He was working on a ranch and got a notion he was being imposed upon by the boss and other hands, and so decided to kill them off. He got possession of all the guns on the ranch and opened the frolic by shooting at a cow-boy that had been sleeping with him, the bullet cutting his side. He next fired at the boss shooting him through the hand. They escaped, and after making the cook get his supper, he left the ranch, but was soon captured and now awaits trial for attempted manslaughter.

Santa Fe New Mexican: The contract for furnishing penitentiary supplies for the ensuing six months were let on Saturday afternoon. Brown, Manzanara & Co., of Las Vegas, got the grain, hay, and garden utensils contract; also the contract to supply linseed oil, putty, etc. They will furnish oats at \$1.35 per hundred weight, hay at 85 cents and corn at \$1. The bran contract fell to Abe gold, at \$1.14 per hundred weight August Kiekner secured the meat contract at \$0.25 per hundred, and Alejandro Baco the wood contract at \$3.04 per cord.

## RANCH AND RANGE.

The new federal quarantine law, which prohibits the movement of cattle from out of certain lines in Texas between the first of March and the first of December, is leading quite an impetus to the steer trade of Arizona and New Mexico.

When sheep were at the bottom and the majority of owners could see no ray of hope, there were a few long heads who quietly loaded up with all they could carry. These men are now smoking Havana cigars, if they prefer them to corn cob pipes. The cattlemen should learn a lesson from their experience; light seems to be breaking.—Texas Stockman.

G. W. Lang, to save railroad freight, left Yuma Sunday, with 900 steers for southern California. The animals were collected in various portions of Arizona, and will be driven over the Colorado desert. The herd swam the river and three were drowned. This is his second drive, the first being successful.—Tombstone Prospector.

Some thirty to forty thousand cattle will be driven from that part of Texas lying between El Paso and the Pecos river. These cattle are now being gathered, and most of them will be on the trail this month. Quite a number of these cattle were intended for the Cherokee Strip, but are now ruled out of that section by the recent proclamation of the president. Suppose, however, that they will be able to find grounds in the Chickasaw, Choctaw and other nations of the big Indian territory.—Enterprise.

One reason why so little trading was done during the recent convention is to be found in the fact that the northern cattlemen and the Texas cattlemen would not get together on prices. The latter wanted from \$1 to \$1.50 more per head than the former were willing to pay. The price offered was \$6 for 1-year-old steers and \$11 for 2-year-olds. The Texans, who desired to do as well this year as last, asked \$7 and \$8 for 1-year-olds; and one cattleman said he would let his starve before he would take less.—Gazette.

Over 30,000 head of beeves have been sold in New Mexico and south eastern Arizona in the past twenty days. The price runs from six to ten dollars for yearlings, nine to fifteen for twos, and fifteen to twenty dollars for three-year-olds, the price depending on the location of the cattle to shipping points. These sales were made to feeders in Kansas, Nebraska and Missouri. Montana and Wyoming parties are also heavy buyers in New Mexico at this time.—Tribune.

Several sales of steers, from yearlings up, have been made from this section within the past ten days, delivery to be made at either Las Cruces or Engle about April 25 next, the price for yearlings being from \$8 to \$10, the greatest number being sold at the latter figure, two-year olds at \$12, and three's and above at from \$15 to \$17. Sheriff Barola made a sale at the highest figure.—Republican.

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

D. J. M. A. JEWETT,  
Attorney-at-Law

White Oaks, N. M.

JOHN Y. HEWITT,  
Attorney-at-Law,

White Oaks, N. M.

Will practice in all the courts in the territory, and in the U. S. Land Office.

GEO. B. BARBER,  
Attorney-at-Law,

White Oaks, N. M.

Will practice in all the Courts of the territory, and before the U. S. Land Office.

J. E. SLIGH,  
Att'y-at-Law,

NOGAL, N. M.

T. W. HENLEY,  
Notary Public,

Nogal, New Mexico.

Office south end of town, at store house.

## In The Spring Months.

Nature should be assisted when the system is changing from the full habit of the winter months to the lighter diet of the warm season. Nothing does this as well as S. S. S. It stimulates the sluggish blood and rids the system of heaviness and the feeling of languor. If there is poison in the blood, it generally shows itself in the spring, and this is the season to help nature to drive it out and be cured.

S. S. S. Beautifies the skin and makes the complexion rosy and healthy.

S. S. S. Gives elasticity to the step and bount spirit.

S. S. S. Makes the feeble and delicate strong and robust.

S. S. S. Is a tonic to the whole body and increases vitality.

S. S. S. Is a simple vegetable medicine, harmless to the most delicate, yet so powerful as to cleanse the system of all impurities.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

A cyclone struck Louisville, Ky. on March 29, and it is estimated that about 2,500 houses were destroyed and from three to five hundred persons killed.

Not These Aphorisms On The Barn Door.

"Who enters here leaves pipe behind."

The horse will be all the better for working his way through the winter.

The man that knows the right use of a horse-blanket is a first class horse-man.

Too many horses eat up, during the winter, all they have earned during the summer.

The horse blanket saves feed and flesh—less substance is used to make animal heat.

Keeping matches in any other receptacle than an iron or tin box is tempting Providence.

Some people think a farm animal is like a postage stamp—no good until licked. They are sadly mistaken.

The farm horse, having only light labor, and not much of that, during the winter, should have less grain and more roughness than during the summer.

The man that puts iron bits in his horses' mouth in very cold weather, without first warming the bits, has altogether too much of the savage in his composition.—American Agriculturist for March.

## Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT LAS CRUCES N. M., March 3, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at Las Cruces, N. M., on April 18, 1890, viz: Marcus Mettes, of Tulare, N. M., who made Hd. Entry No. 808 for the E 1/2 of sec. 20, tp. 14 n. of range 10 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Francisco Sandoval, Juan Rafael Garcia, Jose Gomez and Francisco Gomez, all of Tulare, N. M.

SAMUEL P. MOORE, Register.

# P. G. PETERS,

Nogal, New Mexico,

Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes

Notions, Hardware,

Clothing, Groceries,

Drugs,

Miners' Supplies,

All Cheap for Cash.

Will Trade For

## COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Highest prices paid for

Hides, Pelts, Skins, Wool, Eggs and Grain

REMEMBER!

# The Cash Store.

Don't fail to see our  
Cheviots, Gingham, Denims, Jeans and  
Cotton Goods

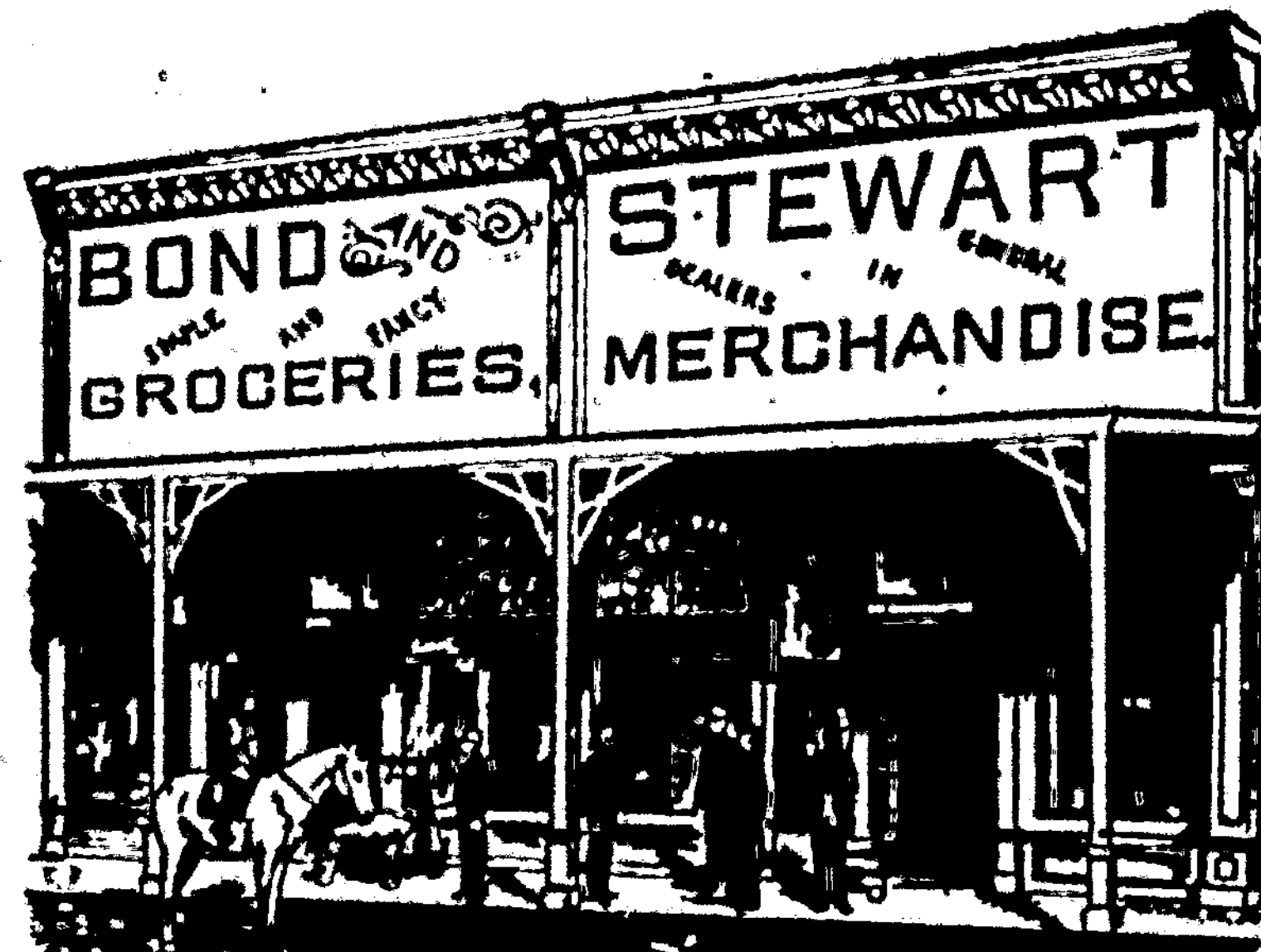
Before purchasing elsewhere.

All we ask is to try us.

The only Spot Cash Store

IN LINCOLN COUNTY.

LEVIN W. STEWART,  
SUCCESSOR TO



WHITE OAKS, N. M.

A. Henley & Son,

—DEALERS IN—

Dry Goods, Groceries and

Miner's Supplies,

Wines, Liquors and Cigars,

Nogal, New Mexico.

Our Motto,

"Quick Sales and Small Profits,"

Shall be strictly adhered to.

We keep everything in the general mercantile line, and when you want anything that you can't see in the house, ask for it. We propose to treat all our customers alike in every particular. Call on us when you come to town.



THE FARM.

The pig loves a little early grass as well as the other animals, and should have a shave.

Fall sown spinach should begin to start. If the bed has been manured rake it over.

Dampness is as injurious to young stock as cold. Dryness and warmth conduce to health and save food.

Lettuce will grow in the open air at this season if sheltered by a fence and the plot faces the south.

The average butter cow is said not to exceed 150 pounds per year, whereas it should be double that amount.

Cut out all the old wood from currants and gooseberries and put a good shovelful of manure at the roots of each bush.

If the ground is not frozen you may put out your onion sets as early as you wish. Onions thrive best in the spring, before the warm dry weather.

Success in gardening depends on the seeds. It is a waste of time and labor to use inferior seed. Be cautious and procure seed from the most reliable sources only.

Whenever the shoulders of a work horse are galled the harness should be examined to remove the cause. A horse in such condition should not be made to work until a cure is effected.

Apples are used as food at the experiment stations in making tests, and the results demonstrate that if they can not be profitably shipped to market they may be fed to stock with advantage.

A sandy soil becomes warm sooner than a heavy soil. While the seeds may germinate and appear earlier on a sandy soil, yet there should not be too much hurry in planting for fear of late frosts.

Clover hay, cut very fine and scalded, is an excellent ration for growing pigs that have been weaned. A mess of cut clover given once a day will promote their appetites and keep them in health.

A correspondent of the Live Stock Indicator says: "I can invest \$1000 in sheep and burn every pound of wool produced for five years and make more clear money than can be made on cattle, horses or hogs in the same length of time.

A calf born in fall or winter is worth two born in the spring for profit. A spring calf is so young that it gets little good from pasture the first season, for by the time it can fight flies successfully and crop grass enough to really aid in nourishing it winter is at hand, and it is placed on dry food.

Various tests show that the production of milk differs greatly in cows, some cows producing milk at a cost of one-third that produced by others. The importance of selecting only the best cow is plainly shown by the difference in cost of a field of milk does not always show the true value of the animal. The only mode of determining the profit is to keep a record of the receipts and expenses of each cow.

One of the greatest drawbacks to the growing of carrots and parsnips is the slow germination of the seeds, which permits the young weeds to take possession of the ground before the carrots and parsnips appear. As the rows are thereby obliterated it is difficult to use the hoe. To obviate this sow radish seed in the rows with the seed of carrots and parsnips. As the radish will quickly appear the rows will be plainly seen and can be worked out. When the radishes are large enough they can be pulled out and used on the table.

A Good Horse for Farmers.

The Cleveland Bays are 10 hands to 16 1/2 hands high, weigh anywhere from 1200 to 1600 lbs, and are always bay in color, with black points. They have the reputation of being the most easily trained and broken and the most docile of any known breed, even the gentle Percheron being placed second in this respect. Another thing in their favor is the fact that half bloods are hard to tell from full bloods as to size, weight and general appearance. These sell generally from \$300 to \$600. Full bloods sell for about the same figure as other breeds of English and French draught horses. They are a general purpose

horse in every sense of the word, good on the road as well as before the plow, willing workers, not inclined to balk under a heavy load, and capable of doing as much and as hard work as any breed of draught horses.—New England Homestead.

Secretary Woodward, of New York

thinks there is a place for sheep on every farm. They are weed-killers and soil renovators. They are good to feed along with cows. All animals object to eat the grass that grows up around their own droppings, but cows will eat close up to sheep droppings, thus utilizing the whole pasturage. The sheep will carry manure to and spread it on the higher and poorer lands, and nature will take care to carry it down. There is no better place for sheep than in the orchard, where they are preferable to pigs. They will find and eat the fallow fruit faster than pigs, and thereby destroy worms faster. Sheep are good, too, to produce a revenue, partly as a food product and partly for sale as wool and meat products. The time was when sheep were kept merely for the wool and the carcasses were thrown away. Now the meat is most important.—Philadelphia Press.

Nutmegs as a Medicine.

The medicinal qualities of nutmegs are worthy of a great deal of attention. They are fragrant in odor, warm and grateful to the taste, and possess decided sedative, astringent and saporific properties. In the following affections they will be found highly serviceable: Gastralgia (neuralgia of the stomach), cholera morbus, flatulent colic, dysentery, cholera infantum and infantile colic. In all cases nutmegs may be prepared for administration in the following manner, grate one or more nutmegs into a very fine powder. For children, give one-sixth to one third of a teaspoonful, according to the age, of this powder mixed with milk. For adults, from a half to two teaspoonfuls may be given in the same way according to the severity of the case. Every two hours is the best time to administer this remedy. Insomnia (sleeplessness) is very often effectually relieved by one or two doses of nutmeg, when much stronger agents have signally failed.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

CONSTITUTION

Of the New Mexico Territorial Farmers' Alliance.

DECLARATION OF PURPOSES.

Profoundly impressed that we the Farmers' Alliance, united by the strong ties of financial and home interests, should set forth our declaration of intentions; we therefore resolve:

- 1. To labor for the education of the agricultural classes in the science of economical government in a strictly non-partisan spirit.
2. To endorse the motto, "In things essential, unity; in all things, charity."
3. To develop a better state mentally, morally, socially and financially.
4. To create a better understanding for sustaining civil officers in sustaining law and order.
5. To constantly strive to secure entire harmony and good will among ourselves.
6. To suppress personal, local, sectional and national prejudices; all unhealthful rivalry and selfish ambition.
7. The brightest jewels which it garners are the tears of widows and orphans, and its imperative commands are to visit the homes where lacerated hearts are bleeding; to assuage the suffering of a brook or sister; bury the dead; care for the widows and educate the orphans; to exercise charity towards offenders; to console words and deeds in their most favorable light; granting honesty of purpose and good intentions to others; and to protect the principles of the Alliance unto death. Its laws are reason and equity, its cardinal doctrine inspires purity of thought and life, its intention is "peace on earth and good will toward men."

ARTICLE I.

NAME AND OFFICERS. Section 1. Name. This shall be known as the State or Territorial Farmers' Alliance of New Mexico, and is under the jurisdiction of the National Farmers' Alliance and Co-operative Union of America.

Sec. 2. Officers. The officers of this Alliance shall consist of a president, first and second vice president, secretary and assistant secretary, treasurer, lecturer and assistant lecturer, doorkeeper and assistant doorkeeper, sergeant-at-arms and trade agent. These officers shall be elected at each regular annual meeting and shall hold office until their successors are elected and qualified.

ARTICLE II.

Sec. 1. The president's duties are to open the Alliance according to the ritual; to see of a well-attended meeting; to preside over the body; to decide questions of order; to call special meetings when the good of the order demands it, and to expound the secret work.

Sec. 2. The vice president's duties are to assist the president, and in his absence perform his duties.

Sec. 3. The secretary's duties are to keep a correct record of the proceedings of this Alliance; to conduct its correspondence; to keep a roll of its members; to receive all members due the Alliance and pay the same promptly in the treasury, having his receipt for the same.

Sec. 4. The duty of the assistant secretary shall be to assist the secretary in the discharge of his duties.

Sec. 5. The treasurer's are to receive all money from the secretary and pay it out only on the order of the president and secretary.

Sec. 6. The chaplain's duties are to conduct the devotional exercises of the Alliance, and officiate at the funeral services at the death of a member of the order.

Sec. 7. It is the duty of the lecturer to read or deliver a lecture or address upon some topic of interest to the order at each meeting; of the assistant lecturer to assist the lecturer and to conduct candidates.

Sec. 8. The duties of the doorkeeper and assistant shall be to guard the door, take up the word, see that all are properly clothed, to have charge of the room and keep the house in order.

Sec. 9. The duties of the sergeant-at-arms shall be to preserve peace and order and to execute the mandates of the president.

Sec. 10. The duties of the trade agent shall be to look after the matter of the sale of the produce of the Alliance and the purchase of supplies, and such other business of a mercantile nature as may be required of him.

ARTICLE III.

Sec. 1. The president shall appoint at each annual session of the Alliance the following standing committees: viz: Committee on appeals, committee on finance, committee on state of the order, committee on constitution.

Sec. 2. The committee on appeals shall receive all appeals that may be presented to the Alliance, at least ten days before any regular session, and report thereon in writing.

Sec. 3. The committee on finance shall examine, audit and report upon all bills and claims presented, and the books and accounts and bonds at each session, report in writing the state of the finances, and at each annual session recommend such measures of finance as they may deem necessary.

Sec. 4. The committee on the state of the order shall, at each session of the Alliance, submit a report containing such information as they may deem interesting or instructive. They shall take charge of such reports, of officers, resolutions, petitions, etc., as may be referred to them, and recommend such measures in their judgment, will best promote the interests of the order.

Sec. 5. The committee on constitution shall examine and report on all amendments to the constitution and by-laws submitted to them.

ARTICLE IV.

Sec. 1. The revenues of this Alliance shall be derived from charter fees and supplies required by subordinate and county Alliances, and such per capita tax upon the membership of subordinate Alliances, and such fees for initiations as may be determined upon and voted at any annual meeting of the Territorial or State Alliance, and such special assessments as may be imposed by a two-thirds vote of the Territorial Alliance in regular meeting.

Sec. 2. The fees for charter and set of books and supplies shall be regulated by the Territorial Alliance, and now Alliances shall pay the necessary expenses of the organizing officers.

ARTICLE V.

Sec. 1. No person shall be admitted as a member unless he has been a resident of New Mexico for six months past, and not then unless he be a farmer, a farm laborer, mechanic, country school teacher, country physician or a minister of the Gospel, be of a good moral character, believing in the existence of a Supreme Being, be of industrious habits, be a white person and over the age of sixteen years. Further, when any member of the Farmers' Alliance shall engage in any business which would render him ineligible before initiation, said member shall at once be dismissed from the Alliance, and furnished by the secretary a written statement of the cause of his dismissal. Provided, that the above shall not apply to members of the Alliance who may be selected to buy and sell as merchants under the supervision of the Alliance.

ARTICLE VI.

Upon the application of nine or more eligible persons through any authorized organizer, the president and secretary of the territorial Alliance shall issue to the subordinate Alliance a charter authorizing them to do business.

ARTICLE VII.

Sec. 1. (Salaries of president and secretary in on the table until next meeting.) Sec. 2. The secretary upon assuming the duties of his office shall give a good and sufficient bond in the sum of \$500, and the treasurer in the sum of \$500 and, the trade agent in the sum of \$1,000.

ARTICLE VIII.

In case of appeals from the subordinate or county Alliances the parties who act as attorneys in the subordinate or county Alliances shall conduct the case, but this shall not bar any person from defending himself.

ARTICLE IX.

All amendments to this constitution shall be handed to the committee on constitution and by them revised and referred to the Territorial Alliance at a regular meeting of that body and require a two-thirds vote of all members present for an adoption.

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