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MOTHERS IN FICTION.

Chiefly Conspicuous by Their Absence and Not Always Admirable.

A vigorous search has recently been made in novels for the admirable mother in fiction, and it gave the searchers a shock that she failed to materialize. The father, the brother, sister, cousins, aunts and even grandmother, are often drawn with a loving pencil, but the mother is always a subordinate character if introduced at all.

Perhaps because his own mother was so unsatisfactory Dickens never put one in a novel of his that deserves to be mentioned in connection with his benign fathers. Here is the list:

"Our Mutual Friend"—Mrs. Wilfer (outrageous).

"Dombey and Son"—Mrs. Skewton (a libel on the sex).

David Copperfield's mother is an amiable fool; Mrs. Steerforth impossible and horrible; Mrs. Heep a mate for her husband; Mrs. Micawber a caricature.

In "Bleak House"—Lady Dedlock a mother who abandoned her child; Mrs. Jellyby one who neglected her children for a hobby.

In "The Tale of Two Cities" the mother dies before the story begins.

Then there is Mrs. Coleman (a criminal). Mrs. Merdle and Mrs. Gowan (worldly), and Mrs. Meagles (nice but weak-minded in "Little Dorrit"). Dickens' mothers are all objectionable.

Thackeray's only concession is Mrs. Pendennis. Mrs. Edmonds' maternal qualities are not strong.

Who does not love the gentle Vicar of Wakefield and his homely, tender philosophy? His gentleness is illustrated by his constant excuses for his nagging wife.

George Eliot ignores mothers. Mrs. Poyser is the most successful, but she comes of the lower order. Mrs. Harleth and her whole family are ruled by Gwendoline. Mrs. Tulliver and Mrs. Deane in "The Mill on the Floss" are almost imbecile. The wonder is that they had such remarkable children.

Jane Eyre has two thoroughly cruel and offensive, Lady Ingram and Mrs. Reed.

Pisistratus' mother in Bulwer Lytton's novel, "The Caxtons," is a tender and loving woman—an exception to the rule. Charles Reade has one respectable mother, Mrs. Little ("Put Yourself in His Place"), but Wilkie Collins falls in with the custom very naturally.

Ouida's mothers are nearly all detestable.

Robert Elsmere is the one exception. The tiresome hero of that novel would have done well to have been endowed with his mother's intellect, cheerfulness and vigor. But interesting as she is, her maternal influence did not go far. Amelie Rives has a cruel and heartless mother in "The Witness of the Sun," who sacrifices her son's happiness to satisfy her selfish passion. In Mrs. Catherwood's stories the mother is conspicuously absent. And so on and so on indefinitely.

COUNT ZICHY'S JOKE.

How a Hungarian Nobleman Outwitted a Vienna Customs Officer.

The famous Hungarian, Count Zichy, who lived on a princely income in Vienna, was, in his younger days, well known all over Europe on account of the bets he made and generally won. Once, when there was a heavy duty imposed on every head of cattle entering the Austrian capital, he made a bet that he would carry a lamb duty-free through the gate of Vienna, and that the gatekeeper, who acts as imperial officer, adjusting and receiving the duty, would be glad to let him pass.

Next morning, the Count, disguised in the clothes of a butcher, his butcher-knife in his hand, his shirt sleeves rolled up, and carrying a heavy sack on his shoulder, made his way to one of the fashionable gates of Vienna, says the New York Ledger. But the watchful officer soon espied him.

"What have you in that sack, fellow?"

"A dog, sir."

"A dog? Dog yourself! Down with that sack! I know fellows like you sometimes carry dogs in sacks through the gates, and sell them for mutton in town. Down with your sack!"

"But it's nothing but a dog, and a bad dog, too. I will—"

"Never mind what you will. Down with your sack!"

The officer pulled the sack from the supposed butcher's shoulder, cut the string, and sure enough, out jumped one of the biggest dogs in Vienna. The dog rushed against the faithful Government servant, landed him several steps away in the gutter, and then left for parts unknown. After him went the young butcher, shaking his big knife before the eyes of the frightened officer, and exclaiming:

"I'll settle you after I catch that dog!"

About two hours afterward, the face of the butcher again appeared before the raised window of the gate-office.

"I have just caught that dog again. Would you like to look at him?"

"Get away! Get out, you and your infernal dog!" And with a crash the window went down, and the smiling butcher entered Vienna.

But no dog was that time in his sack, but the fattest lamb that could be found in the suburbs of the capital.

A Tip to a Correspondent.

Gluck, the celebrated pianist, used to take his piano out of doors to play and we suggest that you follow his example. Take it away out-doors, the farther the better. The summit of Pike's Peak might do very well for a stirrer, and then if any one objects kill him, Annie, kill him! You certainly have some rights that the neighbors are bound to respect.

THE COURTEOUS SWEDES.

Points Which Attract the Attention of Travelers in Oscar's Kingdom.

The beautiful politeness and courtesy of the Swedes is a thing that is very striking to visitors, writes a contributor to Temple Bar. They have a large assortment of bows, bobs, courtesies and hat-liftings, according to age and sex, but the lifting of the hat to mere acquaintances reaches, I fancy, much lower down in the social scale than elsewhere in Europe; it looks odd to see the butcher-boy in a blouse elaborately taking off his hat to the baker's assistant. I suspect, on examination, Swedish hats would be found to contain a little extra stiffening, in order to enable them to stand the wear and tear of these greetings in the market-places.

On one occasion, when going by steamboat to Upsala, I noticed a very quaint example of this National trait. The steamboat, as it nears Upsala, passes through many shallow reaches of the Malar lake, where the depth of water is insufficient to allow of the passengers being landed in the ordinary manner directly on to landing stages, and so have to be taken on shore in small boats. The ferryman on shipping his complement of passengers would first take a dozen strokes or so in order to clear the screw of the steamer, and then would carefully lay aside his oars, rise from his seat, and take off his hat with a solemn bow to the people sitting in the stern whom he had just taken off the deck of the steamer. He would then row on again and put them ashore. This did not occur as an isolated instance, but regularly every time the passengers had to be landed by shore-boats.

The women of the middle and lower classes are little if at all behind their husbands and brothers in this matter. Their good temper and pretty behavior are worthy of all praise. The servant girls in Dalecarlian peasant dress, the *cafe-mamsellks* and the young persons employed in shops all make the prettiest of all possible little bob courtesies, and so, oddly enough, do the young ladies of good family up to the day of their confirmation, which ceremony takes place rather later than with us, generally about the age of sixteen. From that day forth they put their hair up and take to bowing.

The Upsala students amuse one a good deal by the elaboration and ceremoniousness of their manners. Any day during the vacation a few of them may be seen gathered around a table in the garden cafes of Hasselbacken or Tivoli, drinking their punch. They are mostly lads under twenty, but they bow to each other, and make little civil speeches, and pledge each other with solemn salutation, all according to the strictest Swedish etiquette, as if they were middle-aged gentlemen of high dignity and position but slightly acquainted with one another. They certainly take themselves very seriously.

The custom of pledging or health-drinking is a survival from very ancient times. The glass is raised, a slight bow made, the word *skal* (literally bow) pronounced, followed by another slight bow, when the glass is replaced on the table, generally empty; it is not *de rigueur*, however, that it should be so, but in Denmark, where a similar custom obtains, the glass must always be drained to the last drop. To English eyes it appears quaint to see this complicated ceremonial observed toward each other by college companions not yet out of their teens.

Another point which soon attracts the attention of visitors is the punctilious honesty and truthfulness of the Swedes; this is best seen in the many little incidents of daily life. When asking for places at the theater, for instance, the ticket clerk never fails to inform you if, owing to the crowded state of the house, a better position would be secured with a cheaper ticket than the one asked for. Again, when parcels are taken out by steamers from Stockholm to country places in the neighborhood they are just thrown out on to the quay, where they frequently remain half the day without being claimed. It never seems to occur to any one that they could possibly be taken by any one but their rightful owners. On a trip of any length, as for instance to Gothenburg by canal, a little book lies in the saloon of the steamer in which each passenger keeps his own account of the number of meals, cafes, cognacs, etc., he may take during the journey. But, indeed, it is impossible to talk to a Swede for any length of time and not see how incapable of any meanness or dishonesty he must be. There is nearly always a simplicity and straightforwardness of manner the very antipodes of affectation, which is certainly a very pleasing attribute, and which can scarcely fail to convince the least observant person that he has before him a man who thoroughly respects himself, and who walks very steadfastly on the straight line. The Swedes, you feel, are a nation of gentlemen down to the coal-heavers and the wharf-men.

Who Wants a Crown?

A real crown of pure gold studded with a thousand diamonds and valued at $37,500 is to be put up at auction at Singapore. It formerly belonged to the Malay Sultans, and is being sold by the estate of the late Sultan of Perak.

Drastic Recommendations.

"Are you sure you are strong enough for my work?" "Oh! yes, sir, you may be sure as to that. Why, the last man I worked for was bigger than you, and I knocked him down and broke three of his ribs with one blow."

THE DOCTOR'S WIFE.

At the Mercy of the Gratitude of Her Husband's Patients.

"Most persons suffer occasionally from the kindness of their friends," said a physician's wife to the New York Evening Sun's Woman About Town, "but the person who really needs to pray to be saved from it is a doctor's wife. She is so at the mercy of the gratitude of her husband's patients, and that gratitude does take such grotesque ways of demonstrating itself. My earliest and hardest experience as a victim in this way occurred when we were first married. We were settled in a small town and had just fitted up the dearest little cottage home you ever saw, into every detail of which—in coloring, draping and furnishing—I had put my whole soul and whatever artistic instinct I had been endowed with.

"One of the first persons to call on us in our new home was a patient of my husband, a rich and disagreeable and hideously ugly old woman, who imagined herself to be the victim of every disease she could hear of, and who was, in consequence, the source of a good round income to us.

"When she rose to leave she said, looking about my little parlors: 'My dear, your rooms are charming, but I see one thing they need, and I shall have that made for you at once.' We were in a state of delighted anticipation from that time on, an anticipation stimulated from time to time by hints of our benefactor. 'It will cost a great deal of money,' she would say, 'but it will be worth it, I am sure.'

"One day it came, a great flat package, which we opened as quickly as we could. There, set in a huge gilt frame, done in the brightest possible oils, was a life-size portrait of the old woman, that was, if possible, an exaggeration in ugliness of what nature had done for her. It was the work of a local artist, and was just the most unspeakably hideous product of paint and inability that I ever saw.

"In five minutes after the arrival of the portrait came the wheezing original to superintend its hanging, and nowhere in the room could it go but in the conspicuous place where my most cherished etching hung. There was no help for it. We couldn't afford to alienate the affections of a thousand a year, and up it went. It staid there five years to spoil my pretty parlor and bias my temper, and the first thing I did after the old soul died and was decently interred was to cut the canvas to little bits and use the frame for kindling."

A TOUGH CUSTOMER.

Experience of a Collector With a San Francisco Artist.

"I struck the hardest game of my life to-day," said the agent of a very successful collecting firm to the San Francisco Examiner. "I tackled my man for twenty dollars that he owes a restaurant. He's an artist—paints landscapes and portraits—and you see his name all covered with taffy in the newspaper week in and week out.

"'I'm sorry,' says he, stopping work on his picture, and pushing his velvet smoking-cap onto the back of his head while he looked lazily at the bill, 'but I can't pay this for a few months yet.'

"'Why not?' says I.

"'Because,' says he, 'I have a more pressing liability.'

"'More pressing than a board bill?' says I, sarcastically.

"'Yes, a good deal,' says he. 'I'm buying a pair of shoes on the installment plan, and the second shoe is to be delivered to-day if I can make a partial payment. The coin's here,' says he, tapping his vest pocket.

"'All right,' says I, 'but you just give that coin to me on account or I'll sell you up.'

"'Sell what up?' says he.

"'Why, these here pictures,' says I, sweeping my arm in a comprehensive way around the studio.

"'These pictures?' says he. 'All right, my boy, go ahead. If you can sell them I'll be much obliged to you. It's more'n I can do.'

"With that he lighted up his pipe and went on painting as tranquil as a summer day. I admired him and asked him out to have a drop of something.

"'Excuse me,' says he, standing back and regarding his picture with one eye closed, but not even glancing at me; 'I never have any social relations with my trades-people.'

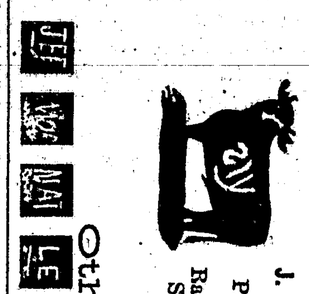
"I was faint when I got down to the street."

The Worst Form of Slavery.

To do wrong, or, what is the same thing, to refrain from doing right, when the time for action arrives, because we are afraid of what other people may say or think, is the worst form of slavery. To break such bonds we need a deeper consecration to truth and duty. We may admit all the arguments against such bondage, and yet fail to escape from it; but, if we are faithful and loyal to the good and the right—if in our inmost heart we love and honor them above all things—we shall find continually growing within us that moral courage which wins for us our best freedom. **Tobacco and the Teeth.**

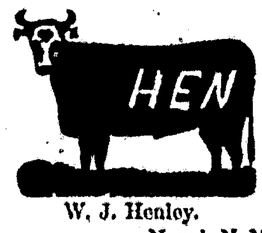
The use of tobacco does not decay the teeth; the nicotine discolors them and the excessive use of the teeth by tobacco chewers naturally wears them down much more rapidly than if they were used simply to crush the food. Teeth, when worn down to the gum from this or other causes are in the condition so often described as "double teeth all the way round," presenting, as they do, a broad, smooth surface, not unlike the appearance, though slightly smaller, than the tops of the real double teeth.

B. F. Brown,
Nogal N. M.,
Range Nogal and Dry Gulch.



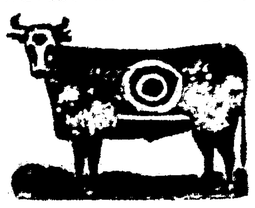
J. E. Sligh, Man.
P. O., Nogal, N. M.
Range, on east slope, San Andreas mts.

L. Jennings & R. C. Russell.
Nogal, N. M.
Ranch and range Mogado Canon, N. M.

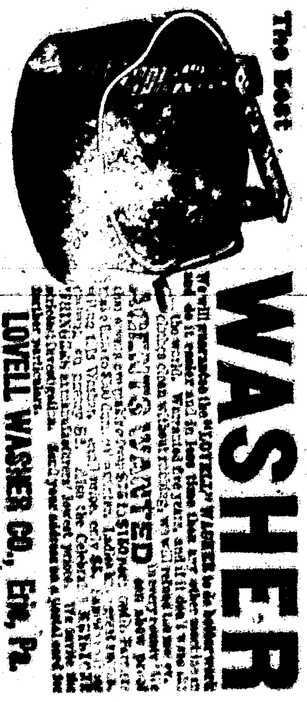


W. J. Henley.
Nogal, N. M.
Range Nogal and Surrounding country.

Geo. B. Barber, White Oaks, N. M



R. C. Russell, Bonito, N. M.
Some of the cattle in other brands' not counterbranded. Range, Rio Bonito.



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Ex-Mayor Daniel F. Beatty, of Beatty's Celebrated Organs and Pianos, Washington, New Jersey, has returned home from an extended tour of the world. Read his advertisement in this paper and send for catalogue.

BEATTY

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From a photograph taken in London, England, 1887.

Dear Sir—We returned home April 8, 1890, from a tour around the world, visiting Europe, Asia, (Holy Land), India, Ceylon, Africa (Egypt), Oceanica, (island of the Seas,) and Western America. Yet in all our great journey of 30,974 miles, we do not remember of hearing a piano or an organ sweeter in tone than Beatty's. For we believe we have the sweetest toned instruments made at any price. Now to prove to you that this statement is absolutely true, we would like for any reader of this paper to order one of our matchless organs or pianos, and now is the time to make a great bargain. Particulars Free.

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THE LIBERTY BANNER.

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and Business Manager.

Entered at the post office at Nogal, N. M., as second class mail matter.

The Czar of Russia has issued an order expelling Hebrews from the Empire. A million Jews are thus to be exiled.

A sample "package" of civilization for Africa is the contents of a ship that recently sailed for that dark continent. It carried fourteen missionaries, 460 tons of gun powder, eleven cases of gin and 10,000 casks of rum.

Mr. Jas. Kibbee, of the Lincoln Independent, has bought the Roswell Register and says it will be democratic. We're glad he has gotton off the fence politically and wish the Register success.

We have received a copy of the catalogue of the Tenth Annual Fair and Exposition to be held at Albuquerque from September 15 to 21 instant. The enterprise of this appociation is commendable, and from present indications, the fair and exposition is to be a grand success.

Dr. Locke said, "The end of government is the good of mankind"; and Professor Huxley says, "Accepting this as true, I do not see how any limit can be laid down as to the extent to which the government may be rightfully carried."

Those now endeavoring to make a state of New Mexico have presented a draft for a fundemental law that they dare not discuss. As the Index has repeatedly demonstrated it will not bear comparison with the constitutions of other states, and investigation of the numerous contrasts it presents plainly establishes its inherent and utter viciousness. But its advocates carefully avoid all discussion and base their advocacy on mere assertion. They can do nothing else. San Juan Co. Index.

For reason, sufficient unto himself, Mr. Geo. Curry announced his intention to withdraw from the democratic ticket as a candidate for assessor. But, after solicitation of the leading democrats of the county, he has decided that he will stand to arms and go to the end of the race, come what may. We are in receipt of a letter from Mr. Curry stating that he will remain on the ticket, so there will be no meeting of the Central Committee to select a successor.

We acknowledge receipt of two maps of New Mexico sent out by the Bureau of Emmigration from Santa Fe. They are corrected up to April 1 and are the most complete maps of the Territory we have seen. The Bureau will publish about Sept. 1, a work entitled "New Mexico," and a copy of this map will appear in that work. The first edition is to be 12,000 copies. It is calculated to accomplish much good and should be well circulated, provided the plain facts are given without any effort to deceive. New Mexico has natural resources enough to satisfy home seekers and there is no need of misrepresentation. The truth will accomplish more and give final satisfaction.

It is especially remarkable that in none of the continental countries of Europe is the working day limited to fewer than ten hours, while in the most of them it is eleven hours. In France a day's labor is fixed at twelve hours, exceptions are made which permit some manufacturers to require their employes to work thirteen and fourteen hours. In most of the countries the law as to hours is disregarded, which in a measure, is often the case here, where we have organizations to demand recognition of the rights of labor. While the eight-hour law in Indiana is not wholly disregarded, little effort is made to enforce it. Even though it is not strictly enforced, however, it means something, and it is a good thing for labor to have such a law for its protection and benefit. There will surely be a time when it will be generally complied with, but necessarily slow progress is made in bringing about adjustments to the provisions of such a statute.—Optic.

The Democratic County Convention was held at Lincoln last Thursday and Friday. Forty four delegates including proxies composed the convention. Permanent organization was affected by the election of the following officers: M. Cronin, President, Jose Jurado, Vice President, J. E. Wharton, Secretary and Geo. Sena, Interpreter. The convention by a large majority adopted the "two thirds rule" for the nomination of candidates, and decided to vote by ballot. The general sentiment was that no one should be nominated who could not obtain two thirds of the convention, as a bare majority is sometimes obtained by improper methods. Hence the adoption of the "two thirds rule." A day and a half was occupied balloting for sheriff which finally ended by a committee being appointed, consisting of one delegate from each precinct to report as to the strength of the candidates and make a recommendation. The committee reported that Capt. D. W. Roberts appeared to be the strongest candidate and asked that he be nominated. W. C. McDonald, in behalf of the White Oaks delegation then withdrew Mr. Langston, and the twenty third ballot was ordered and resulted as follows: J. T. Fubank 13⅓, D. W. Roberts 20⅔. Mr. Roberts was declared the nominee of the democratic party, thus ending the only hitch in the proceedings of the convention. Mr. J. K. Byres contested with W. J. Taliaferro, for the nomination for probate clerk and three ballots were taken which resulted in Mr. Taliaferro,s nomination. The convention was practically unanimous in selecting the remainder of the ticket. While some of the delegates manifested some chagrin as the first impulse of defeat, all acquiesced good humoredly at the close of the convention, and departed for home with the best of feeling.

Meeting of the N. M. S. A. & I. U.

Pursuant to a proclamation from our worthy President J. N. Coe, the anual meeting of the Territorial Alliance and I. U., will convene at Albuquerque, N. M., at 10, o'clock A. M. Sept. 18, 1890. The meeting will be called during the Territorial Fair, which will commence on Monday Sept. 15, three days prior. The basis of representation will be one delegate from each sub-alliance. Prominent among the *objects* to be attained, will be the adoption of a *State Alliance Constitution and By Laws*, and the inauguration of a plan, to complete the organization of the Territory. Among the enjoyable and instructive features of the meeting will be, "*a feast of soul and a flow of reason*," from Bro. Ben Terrell, the National Alliance Lecturer. No man who loves *home* and *family* better than "*party*," can afford to miss hearing this great Lecturer, who is so ably championing the reform movement which is now quaking the very structure of our government from turret to foundation stone. The news papers in this territory, favorable to our cause are requested to announce the time of meeting.

A general invitation is hereby extended to all lovers of *Liberty, Home* and *Country*, and, especially would we urge the members of our order in this Territory to be present at this meeting. Bro. L. L. Polk, Pres. of the National Alliance, has been solicited to be present and let us make of this meeting a Grand Alliance Rally, and the dawning of a day of prosperity, for the cause of "*right* over *might*" which shall know no darkening clouds. In conclusion I will say that we hope to clasp in glad recognition the hand of our Knights of Labor Brethren, and trust that much of mutual interest may be reached, and that we may know each other better in the great work of reformation.

Yours Truly,
W. L. Breece, Sec.
N. M. S. A. & I. U.

The value which attaches to the importance of a geological survey in this country has already stimulated a desire on the part of Walter C. Hadley to have a complete survey made of the Lake Valley region. The services of Prof. Webster have been secured and he will soon enter upon his duties in that very interesting locality.

Onyx in New Mexico.

Mrs. L. J. Cadwell, of Chicago, accompanied by Col. M. N. Burchard president of the Chicago Jewelers' association, were at the Palace hotel, Santa Fe, one day last week *enroute* East from Silver City. Mrs Cadwell is the sole owner of the ricolite and green onyx quarries now being opened in Western Grant County. This is one of the most remarkable discoveries, in N. M. They lie in the form of a true fissure vein, fifty feet in width and over a mile long. The stone is taken out in blocks three to four feet square and is shipped to Chicago, where it is becoming very popular for house decoration, inside and out.

The stone is susceptible of a very high polish, and is of a variety of colors, dark green and cream, striped and mottled, also pink and salmon. in fact it carries what are termed the "late colors" in stone. It is very tough, is superior to the Mexican onyx, and is the only stone of the kind in the world that can be carved. Contracts have just been signed to the Alhambra theater and hotel, the Kenwood hotel and other large buildings in Chicago for decorative purposes.

Mrs. Cadwell offers blocks of it to be used in the construction of New Mexico's pavillion at the World's Fair.—Ex.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

Extracts From Our Exchanges.

Three varieties of marble, white, red and mottled are found near Hillsboro, N. M.

A 1000 ton pocket of ore has been struck in the Bennett mine in the Organ mountains.

Steps are being taken to incorporate Santa Fe, the capitol of New Mexico.

Four train robbers were trailed by blood hounds and captured at Trinidad, Colorado.

The annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic in Boston is noted as being one of the grandest ever held since the organization of that body of veteran soldiers.

Orders have been issued from the war department, transferring the head quarters of the department of Arizona from Los Angeles to Santa Fe. Gen. McCook will be in command of the department.

The floods on the Mangus have been the severest known for twenty years; at the H W ranch the valley is three quarters of a mile in width and the water for several hours extended from bank to bank. The damage to fences and ranches and property generally is very great.

Associated Press dispatches convey the information that the secret police of St. Petersburg have unearthed another Nihilist plot against the life of the Czar. The conspiracy is reported to be one of the most desperate and widespread of any that have yet come to light, its danger laying in the prominent positions held by the foremost men in the plot. A professor in the imperial university and two officers of the army are known to have been among them.

Col. Wheelock G. Veasey, one of the interstate commissioners, who has been elected commander-in-chief, of the G. A. R., is a native of new Hampshire and has just passed his fiftieth year. He was graduated at Dartmouth college with honor, and is one of the present board of trustees. He was also graduated from the Albany law school, and taking up his residence at Rutland, Vt., was admitted to the bar of Vermont in 1860. Upon the breaking out of the war he enlisted as a private, and in 1862 became colonel of the 10th Vermont regiment. He served with great distinction through the war and won credit for his gallant fighting on many fields. Upon the muster out of his regiment, Judge Veasey returned to the practice of his profession, being associated in business for a while with Mr. Proctor, now secretary of war. He was for ten years judge of the supreme court of Vermont and resigned that position when appointed an interstate commissioner.

New Advertisements.

W. A. Jenkins. P. F. Garrett.

W. A. Jenkins. & Co.

Calls the attention especially of the readers of the Banner to the fact that they keep on hand Machinery and Plows. Such as,

The Osborne Mowers, Self Binders, Full Circle Hay Presses, Hay Stackers, Rakes, Spring tooth all steel Harrows, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Check Rowers, And the most complete stock of Plows and lowest prices in New Mexico away from the R. R. And we mean just what we say, COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

Roswell, N. M.

THE ODELL
TYPE WRITER.

$20 will buy the ODELL TYPE WRITER with 78 characters, and $15 for the SINGLE CASE ODELL, warranted to do better work than any machine made.

It combines SIMPLICITY with DURABILITY SPEED, EASE OF OPERATION, wears longer without cost of repairs than any other machine. Has no ink ribbon to bother the operator. It is NEAT, SUBSTANTIALLY, nickle plated, perfect and adapted to all kinds of type writing. Like a printing press, it produces sharp, clean, legible manuscript. Two or ten copies can be made at one writing. Any intelligent person can become an operator in two days. We offer $1,000 to any operator who can equal the work of the DOUBLE CASE ODELL.

Reliable Agents and Salesmen wanted Special inducements to Dealers.

For pamphlet giving Indorsements, &c., address,

ODELL TYPE WRITER CO.,
85 and 87 5th Ave. CHICAGO, ILL.

The Progressive Farmer,
Raleigh, N. C.
L. L. Polk, Editor.

Official Organ of the North Carolina Farmers' State Alliance.

8 Page 48 Column Weekly—All Home Print.

Only $1,00 per Year.

Wholly and entirely devoted to the promotion of the Alliance and to the advancement of the agricultural interests of the country. Send for specimen copy. Address. THE PROGRESSIVE FARMER, Raleigh, N. C.

OUR PREMIUMS.

THE NATIONAL ECONOMIST is the official organ of the Alliance and Industrial Union of America, and it is published at Washington, D. C., at $1 *per annum*. The ECONOMIST publishing Company publishes the ECONOMIST ALMANAC, a valuable compilation of facts and statistics worth many times the publishers price. We will give one of these for a club of three annual subscribers.

Alliance men do you want to post yourselves as to Alliance history, and history of the labor reformation? If so send for copy of Morgan's history. We will give a copy for a club of of fifteen subscribers. The publisher's price is $2,25.

C. L. PEARMAN,

White Oaks, N. M.

HARDWARE,

Stoves and Tinware, Plows, Mowers, Etc.

GUNS AND PISTOLS.
Ammunition of all Kinds, Cheap.

Goodman, Ziegler & Co.,

EXCHANGE DEALERS

In Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps, Carpets, Gent's Furnishing Goods, &c, &c.

White Oaks, N. M.

Mail Orders promptly attended to.

FOR BETTER OR WORSE.

is the obligation of matrimony, that's why the man had no show when he brought his wife back, claiming she was "all worse and no better."

We take Goods Back

when they don't turn out as represented. But we are not troubled much that way, as our goods are

All Better and No Worse.

Our record for good goods is unimpeachable and stands Side by Side with our record for

The Lowest Price.

You may regret wedlock, but you'll never regret trading with,

Young & Taliaferro
WHITE OAKS.

THE
COLORADO FARMER
AND
LIVE STOCK JOURNAL.

OFFICIAL ORGAN
OF THE
State Grange, Farmers Alliance, State Horticultural and Forestry Association, State Poultry Association, State Farmers Protection Association, State Wool Growers Association, State Dairy Association and State Bee Keepers Association.

A LIVE FARM JOURNAL,

published weekly at Denver Colorado, Established in 1879, and giving twenty-four pages, and ninety-six columns well filled with fresh matter of interest to farmers and ranchmen.

REGULAR PRICE OF COLORADO FARMER.....$2.00 per year
" " " " LIBERTY BANNER.....$1.00 "
" " " " both papers.....$3.00 "
We will send both papers for.....$2.25 "

THE LIBERTY BANNER.

Nogal, Lincoln County, New Mexico.

PRICE—$1.00 PER ANNUM.

Advertising rates will be made on application. With yearly advertisers liberal arrangements will be made.

Local News.

Alliance Organizing Officers.

E. D. Sharp—Aztec, San Juan County, appointed for San Juan and adjoining Counties.

Candida Barela—Taous County, appointed for Taous and Colfax Counties.

J. P. Nelson—Upper Penasco, N. M., appointed for Lincoln and Dona Ana Counties.

J. W. Mullens—Roswell, N. M., appointed for Chaves and Eddy Counties.

Rev. S. L. Barker—Rociada, N. M., appointed for Mora and San Miguel Counties.

Miss Lillie Roberts returned from a visit to the I—X ranch yesterday.

Take your eggs to A. Ridgeway, White Oaks.

Mr. Thos. W. Henley has been to Socorro on business.

Boots and shoes, a complete assortment at goodman Zeigler & Co's.

Over 2,000 head of steers belonging to the Carrizozo Co., and J. O. Nabors have started for Liberal, Kansas. Mr. S. J. Slane also sent a bunch.

Go to P. G. Peters for pure spice.

Theo. W. Heman, Capt. Timmony, Gus Schinzing, Pete Reid and Ed Eubrick, of White Oaks, passed down Tuesday to attend the Republican County Convention at Lincoln Wednesday.

For adjustable double shovel plows. call on C. L. Pearman, White Oaks.

We insert in our columns this week the card of the Winchester Arms Co. This firm has a reputation second to none as regards the quality of fire arms and also for fair and honorable treatment of customers.

New goods at A. Henly & Son's. Dry goods, groceries, hats, boots, shoes, and, in fact, most everything.

The republican primary convention was held at the Peters' store building last Saturday afternoon. Nat Moore was elected chairman and C. B. Ayres secretary. The convention elected C. B. Ayres, Jesus Sandoval and M. M. Gaylord delegates to the county convention at Lincoln.

Mirrors—a very large assortment for sale at very low prices. Stewart of White Oaks.

Do you want a first-class piano organ, sewing machine, or the latest and best Webster's Unabridged Dictionary? If so consult our advertising columns and be sure you get the best by dealing with our advertisers. We publish no "cheap John" advertisements, preferring only those that are known to be reliable.

A full line of spring and summer goods just received. Styles and prices to suit everybody, Goodman Zeigler & Co. White Oaks.

Each sub-alliance in the Territory should call a meeting at once and elect a delegate to the Albuquerque meeting Sept. 18, 1890, and as many of the members as can possibly do so, should act as an escort for delegates.

Let us all go there to work and act together as a unit. In Union there is strength. W. L. Breece,
Sec'y. N. M. S. A.

Do you need boots & shoes? If so remember I have a very large variety to select from.—Stewart of White Oaks.

Eddy, N. M., Aug. 16, 1890.

To LIBERTY BANNER: I will preach the funeral of Mr. L. Hale's little 7 year old girl at the home of Mr. Crouch on the Ruidoso, the first Sunday in September, 1890, the 7th. day. Dear brethren do pray for the spirit of God to aid us on that occasion.

Yours in Christ.
J. Midd Hill.

Lots of new goods arriving at P. G. Peters.

John Deere plow points, all sizes C. L. Pearman, White Oaks.

The cow cut of Mr. Geo. W. Coe, of Ruidoso, is new to our columns, having appeard a few days since. We ask all our readers to take notice of brands advertised by us, and, when convenient, notify owners of strays, thus doing to others as you would like to have them do to you, and at the same time conferring a favor upon the owners of the paper.

We have neglected to refer to the advertisement of the Lincoln Hotel which appeared in our columns a short time since. Whelan & Co. have one of the most delightful places in the country, and to such as are seeking health or recreation they offer superior attractions. Besides the general public are provided ample hotel and livery accommodations.

People are so Startled at Young & Taliaferro that they Jump Out of their (old) Shoes and into a new pair.

Flour $3.80 at P. G. Peters.

Mr O. C. Davis & wife went to White Oaks last Tuesday and, while absent, Al Fessendon, who spent some time in jail at Socorro for appropriating some blankets, provisions &c. belonging to Mr. Foster, of Mound Springs, took Davis' horse which was staked, and departed towards the Pecos. Mr. Davis wrote Sheriff Nowlin, and yesterday got word that the Sheriff had his man and horse and desired him to come for them at once. He started for Lincoln this morning.

Black blasting and hercules powder, any quantity, at C. L. Pearman's.

Nogal Public School.

School opened Monday, Aug. 18, for an additional term of three months with W. L. Breece as teacher, seconded by Edward Coe.

In addition to the regular studies, we are informed by Prof. Breece, that much attention will be devoted to the principles of Penmanship and Book-Keeping.

We have here the largest and best equipped school building in the county and Nogal citizens are to be commended for their public spirit and enterprise in this direction.

Young & Taliaferro are thankful for night-time and Sunday. Else business would wore them out.

News for the BANNER.

EAGLE CREEK, AUG. 11, 1890.

The Baptist Association has just closed its meeting at this place. We have had a jolly time here. It has been a feast of good things to the visitors, they having feasted on cabbage, beans, roasting ears &c. It has kept the women busy cooking for those hearty old preachers; but they prepared lots of good things. The preachers did well. The school house was full of attentive hearers Sunday and Sunday night. The people showed their appreciation of the preaching by giving Elder John Hunter, $20.

Crops seem very promising here, and the people have plenty to eat. Those people from the rich Pecos Valley where the beef is so poor they can't eat it, and the cows are too poor to milk, enjoy these mountains and the good water.

Tom Friday.

NOTICE.

I hereby notify the public that the cattle branded S I D on right side, are mine, and that no person has any right to sell them. I once gave a bill of sale of them in consideration of $30 borrowed money and I afteward paid the debt, and now have a bill of sale conveying the cattle back to me. I warn all persons not to buy said cattle except from me.

1-28 Sid Willcoxon.

Notice For Publication.

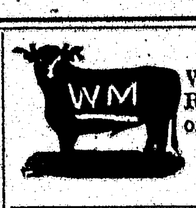
LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, N. M.
AUGUST 5, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before George Curry Probate Clerk at Lincoln, N. M., on Wednesday Sept. 25, 1890, viz: Jennie O. Parker. Hd. application No. 82, (R. S.) for the E. ½ S. E. ¼, and E. ½, N. E. ¼, Sec. 8, Tp. 10, S. R. 13, E. She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Charles B. Knowlton, Samuel Howell, Lewis W. Bourne and John H. Skinner, all of Bonito, New Mexico.

WINFIELD S. COBEAN, Register.

Smith Bros. own about 500 acres of good mountain land, recently purchased from the Maxwell grant company, on which they have seventy-five acres of oats, corn, alfalfa, timothy, rye, clover, potatoes, and all kinds of vegetables, ect., all of a thrift and excellence that cannot be surpassed in any clime. All of the above mentioned crops are grown without irrigation, and no failure has been made in any season. They have standing on their ranch today oats six feet high, and a second crop of rye four feet high.—Baton Range.



W. M. Wharton
White Oaks, N. M.
Range north side of Tucson mts.

Geo. W. Coe, Fort Stanton, N. M.
Horse brand same on left shoulder.
Range on the lower Ruidoso.

NOTICE TO ALLIANCES.

New Rituals, National Constitutions, Working Bulletins, County Secretareis Reports, Sub-Secretaries Reports, and Sub-Alliance Constitutions, are now ready.

The "New Ritual" contains the burial services and the new constitution of the National Farmers Alliance and Industrial Union.

The National Constitution also contains the Statuary Laws of the N. F. A. & I. U., with a Useful Manual of Parlamentary Usage.

New Rituals 5 cts. each, or 60 cts., per doz. National Constitution 2½ cts. each, or 25 cts. per doz. Sub-Alliance Constitution 1½ cts. each, or 15 cts. per doz. County and Sub-Alliance Reports 1 ct. each. Working Bulletins 1 ct. each.

In writing for any of the above works please do so under seal of your alliance.

W. L. BREECE,
Secretary N. M. S. F. A.
Nogal, N. M.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL N. M.
JULY 14, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before George Curry Probate Clerk, at Lincoln N. M., on Saturday August 30, 1890, viz: William A. Hyde, pre-emption D. S. No 3260, for the S. ½ S. W. ¼, Sec. 30, and N. ½ N. W. ¼, Sec. 31, Tp. 10 S. R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz.

John Dotson, J. W. Tanner, Martine Dotson, Frank Phillips, all of White Oaks, N. M.

WINFIELD S. COBEAN,
Register.

Notice of Publication.

TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO
THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT
COUNTY OF LINCOLN.

A. Henley & Sons.
vs.
D. O. H. Coston. } No. 780

The said defendent D. O. H. Coston is hereby notified that a suit in assumpsit by attachment has been commenced against him in the said District Court, within, and for the County of Lincoln, Territory aforesaid, by said A. Henley & Sons, plaintiffs to recover the sum of Seventy and 85.100 dollars, damages sustained by reason of money lent and advanced, money had and received, goods wears and merchandise sold and delivered and on account stated and that unless you enter your appearance in said suit, on or before the first day of the next October term of said Court, commencing on the 20th. day of October, A. D. 1890, judgement by default will be rendered against you.

WATSON & LUND,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

A. L. Christy, Clerk.
By W. E. Martin, Deputy.

GUNS FOR ALL KINDS OF GAME

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO.,
New Haven, Conn.

Ammunition

EVERY VARIETY OF

Send for 80 Page Illustrated Catalogue.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Mining Application No. 5.

U. S. LAND OFFICE ROSWELL N. M.
MAY 28, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that Erastus W. Parker, attorney in fact for Rolla Wells, whose Post Office address is Whith Oaks Lincoln Co., New Mexico has this day filed his application for a patent for fourteen hundren and seventy four (1474) linear feet of the Copper Stain Mine or Vein bearing Gold and Silver with surface ground six hundred (600) feet in width situated in Nogal Mining District, County of Lincoln, and Territory of New Mexico, and designated by the field notes and official plat on file in this office as Lot Number 747 in Township No. 9, S. R. 11 & 12, east of New Mexico, Principal Meridian. Said Lot No. 747 being described as follows, to-wit;

Bdginning at Cor. No. 1, Location corner a Granite stone 22x10x12 in. in diameter Set ⅔ in. in ground, chiseled 1-747; whence, the Cor. to Sec's. Nos. 12 and 13, Tp. 9, S. R. 11 E. and Sec. Nos. 11 and 14 Tp. 9, S. R. 12 E. bears N. 11 ds. 26 min. E. 660, 8 feet; thence N. 1 ds. 08 min. E. 808 feet to corner No. 2, location corner a Granite Stone 20x10x5 in. set ⅔ in. in ground, chiseled 2-747; thence N. 26 ds. 56 min. E. 666 feet to corner No. 3, a Granite Stone 20x4x6 in. set ⅔ in. in ground, chiseled 3-747; whence location corner bears N. 3 ds. W., 12 feet, summit of Church Mountain bears N. 48 ds. 30 min, W.; thence S. 56 ds. 45 min. E. 600 feet to corner No. 4, location corner a Granite Stone 20x8x12 in. set ⅔ in. in ground, chiseled 4-747; thence S. 26 ds. 50 min. W. 433.56 feet intersect the 4-3 line of survey 579 A, Helen Rae Load, Rolla Wells claimant, at 215.5 feet N. 81 ds. 08 min. E. from corner No. 4. 666 feet to corner No. 5, location corner a Granite Stone 24x5x9 in, set 2-3 in. in ground chiseled 5-747; thence S. 1 ds. 08 min. W. 808 feet to corner No. 6, location corner a Granite Stone 20x6x8 in set 2-3 in. in ground, chiseled 6-747. Corner No. 4, survey No. 575 A, bears S. 65 ds. 53 min. W. 46 feet; thence N. 56 ds. 45 min. W. 600 feet to corner No. 1, place of beginning.

Total area claimed 18,53 acres less area in conflict with survey No. 579 A, 2,42 acres, and less area in conflict with survey No. 575 A. .064 acres. This survey is located in Sec's. 12 and 13 Tp. 9, S. R. 11, E. and Sec's 11 and 14 Tp. 9, S. R. 12, E. (unsurveyed.)

Magnetic variation 11 ds. 10 min. to 12 ds. 35 min E. containing 18,53 acres.

The location of this Mine is recorded in the Recorders office of Lincoln County New Mexico in Book M. page 175, of mining locations.

The adjoining claimants are Rolla Wells.

Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of said Copper Stain Mine or surface ground are required to file their adverse claims with the Register of the United States Land Office at Roswell in the Territory of New Mexico, during the sixty days period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the Statute.

W. S. COBEAN,
Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Mining Application No. 4.

U. S. LAND OFFICE ROSWELL N.M.
MAY 28, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that Rolla Wells, by his atty. in fact Erastus W. Parker, whose Post Office address is White Oaks, Lindoln Co., New Mexico, has this day filed his application for a patent for fifteen hundred (1,500) linear feet of the Grover Cleveland Mine or vein bearing Gold and Silver, with surface ground six hundred (600) feet in width, situated in Nogal Mining District, County of Lincoln, and Territory of New Mexico, and designated by the field notes and official plat on file in this office as Lot Number seven hundred and twenty-three (723) in Township No. nine (9) south (unsurveyed) of Range No. twelve (12) east of New Mexico Principal Meridian. Said Lot No. 723 being described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at Corner No. 1, Location corner a porphyry stone 20x5x6 in., chiseled 1-723, whence, the ¼ Cor. between Sec. No. 14, Tp, 9, S. R. 12 E., and Sec. No. 13, Tp. 9, S. R. 11 east, bears N. 54 ds. 48 min. W. 1,179 ft.; thence S. 10 ds, 30 min. W. Va. 11 ds. 10 min. E. 1,500 ft. to Cor. No. 2., Location corner a porphyry stone 24x6x8 in., chiseled 2 723; thence N. 64 ds. 03 min. W, Va. 13 ds. 00 min. E. 600 ft. to Cor. No. 3, (no location corner found) a Granite stone 20x8x10 in., chiseled 3-723; thence N. 10 ds. 30 min. E. Va. 12 ds. 20 min. E. 1,500 ft. to Cor. No. 4. Location corner a Granite stone 22x4x6 in. chiseled 4-723; thence S. 64 ds. 03 min. E. Va. 12 ds. 04 min. E. 600 ft. to corner No. 1, place of beginning.

This survey is located in fractional township No. 9 S. R. No. 12 E. (unsurveyed), area of this claim 19,91-100 acres; area in conflict with survey number 568 209-1000 acres; area in conflict with survey number 639 1, 16-100 acre.

Improvements a Disc, open cut 3x5, 25 ft. long, with shaft in same 5x5, 15 ft. deep; an open cut 4x4, 20 ft. long; an open cut 6x7, 12 ft. long; a shaft 4x6, 48 ft. deep; an open cut 5x7, 30 ft. long.

Improvements by other parties, none. Adjoining claims survey's number 568 and 639 and the John Rae Lode on West, Nat. Moore claimant. No others known. Address of applicant, St. Louis Mo.

Magnetic Variation 11ds. 10 min. to 13 E. containing 19,91-100 acres.

The location of this Mine is recorded in the Recorders office of Lincoln Co., New Mexico in book O, page 233 & 234 Mining Deed Records.

The adjoining claimants are surveys Nos. 568 and 639 and John Rae Lode.

Any and all persons claiming adversely any Portion of said Grover Cleveland Mine or surface ground are required to file their adverse claims with the Register of the United States Land Office at Roswell in the Territory of New Mexico during the sixty days period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the Statute.

W. S. COBEAN.
Register.

FOR SALE.

If you wish to purchase a nice home near Nogal, write to, or call on L. JAMISON, Nogal, N. M.

P. G. PETERS,

Nogal, New Mexico,

Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes
Notions, Hardware,
Clothing, Groceries,
Drugs,
Miners' Supplies,

All Cheap for Cash

Will Trade For

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Highest prices paid for
Hides, Pelts, Skins, Wool, Eggs and Grain

REMEMBER!

The Cash Store.

Don't fail to see our
Cheviots, Ginghams, Denims, Jeans and Cotton Goods
Before purchasing elsewhere.

All we ask is to try us,
The only Spot Cash Store
In LINCOLN COUNTY.

LEVIN W. STEWART,

SUCCESSOR TO

WHITE OAKS, N. M.

A. Henley & Son,

—DEALERS IN—

Dry Goods, Groceries and
Miner's Supplies,
Wines, Liquors and Cigars,

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AN INDEPENDENT STAND.

The growth of the farmers' alliance, which is now making its influence felt so strongly in the west and south, has been something remarkable. It is a recent organization, and is a combination of some of the oldest organizations of farmers in the various sections of the country where it now flourishes. The national organization was completed only a year ago, but it now has branches in no less than twenty-five states, and its membership is said to be over 2,000,000 with a prospect of 3,000,000 before its next anual convention. It has not made much of an impression in the eastern and middle states yet, but it is cutting a wide swath in the politics of the south and west where it is either controling the party conventions or making nominations of its own on a farmers platform. From indications there is good reason to believe that the alliance will elect congressmen [illegible] in this way to give it the balance of power in the next congress, and it is altogether likely that it will wield a big influence in the next presidential campaign.—Albuquerque Democrat.

If, indeed, the farmers' alliance, which has succeeded in obtaining a tolerably substantial footing in parts of New Mexico, as elsewhere, has really and actually come to stay, its first influence could not be better felt than for economy and simplicity in public affairs. The way of it is long and difficult. We have entered upon a period of prodigality. The public sense seems to be corrupted by wealth. It is in part a reflection from private life. The swiftness with which private fortunes, great and small, are accumulated, has spread its debasing influence till the ideals of the people have become foul. The most potent factors in our legislation are laws, confessedly needless for the national defence, or general welfare which tax everybody to build up private fortunes for a few. The prodigious bounties of the tariff, a necessary evil attendant upon the nation's war needs have not only been maintained, but increased, and finally now announced as a permanent policy, even though the logic of it is to shut us out of the world and make us the commercial Ishmaelite, with our hands against evry man. So be it, it is declared. We will lock ourselves within this continent of tax, without limit, our own people, that private fortunes may be accumulated, private business be maintained at public expense. The public surplus accumulated by this process is a standing invitation for schemes of prodigality. It is like the public tables of Rome, the price that the patricians paid for the privileges. Who, were they to rebuke a mob that demand to be fed at the public expense? Whence come their wealth? With what grace shall Congress and other tariff-created millionaire protect against schemes of general grab, or even squirm when their own fat is fried out?, It is a sort of a blackmail against which they can never protest. They know too well whom they bleed and plunder. So the farmers of the country are confronted with two great elements that work "in and in" towards general prodigality: The rich who find their riches and increase them in class legislation and the general raiding spirit that regards public office a vast camp of spoils and schemes of pillage. Between the two, and in sympathy with each other, is the great body of the people—the beast of burden, the business and farming community. To them and appeal [illegible] or the other. If the farmers' alliance does not run away with itself it may prove to be the beginning of the appeal which will rescue affairs from sutlers and camp-followers and bring them back to the days of their administration as a public trust; enkindle again the spirit which once dealt with them austerely and in a spirit of jealous regard.—Optic.

The Lower Penasco Country.

[Eddy Argus.]

It is a fine country. It is a broad, level valley with rich, deep soil. But it lacks one great essential: water. The forty settlers in the valley tax the Penasco river to its utmost capacity. This is especially true during dry years like the present.

The crops look fine this year, and tend to demonstrate what irrigation will do. In Chas. White's neighborhood it has not rained since last October, yet the corn and other crops cannot be beaten anywhere. On Mr. White's farm, for instance, there is corn so high that the ears cannot be reached by a man of medium size.

The Lower Penasco valley is a fine grazing country, and thousands of cattle and sheep grow fat in it. Mr. Peter Corn is perhaps the most prosperous sheep man. He has a flock of several thousands, from the proceeds of which he has recently built himself a comfortable five-room dwelling. Among the the popular and influential cattlemen is Will T. Henderson. He is not rich, but he has a comfortable, cosy home, presided over by a vivacious and intelligent little wife, and his doors are always open to the tired wayfarer.

The writer recently made a tour of the Lower Penasco country, and he found an industrious and intelligent people. The majority of them live poorly now, but they will gradually surround themselves with comforts, and in a few years, with sure crops and good prices, they will be on top of the pile, as it were.

There are several beautiful places on the Penasco, and they serve to show what can be done by the new settlers. Among these places we mention that of Squire Gilbert. It is a veritable oasis, and when one gets there he wishes he could stay indefinitely. Acres of cottonwood and other trees from one to four feet in diameter. Acres of fruit trees. Acres of grain and grass. Lots and lots of fine stock. Fresh milk, butter and eggs. Vegetables. Melons. If we owned the Gilbert farm we would never leave it for a single day. We would send a hired man to town for our mail.

The Argus predicts for the Lower Penasco country a bright future. In a few years there will be many homes in the valley that will rival that of Mr. Gilbert.

[Lincoln Independent.]

A Mexican by the name of Casimero Billesques, who lived at Picacho was found dead on a hill near that place the latter part of last week. He was afflicted with heart disease and it is supposed death was caused from the altitude he had attained on climbing the hill.

Henry Wright, of Roswell, brought in Romaldo Aragon, brother of the notorious Nicolas, now deceased, for flourishing a six-shooter at a dance on the Berrendo several days ago, for which offence he was fined $100 and cost and put in the county jail for three months.

Dance at Coeville.

A dance is to be given at Cooville on the Ruidoso, Wednesday night, August 20th, in honor of Miss Belle Brown and Miss Lillie Anderson, who will soon depart for their homes. Friends are cordially invited.

By the Committee.

Quite a number of Indians were in Lincoln the past week selling ponies, buckskin, moccasins and various kinds of trinkets, and on the other hand buying leather, tinware and dry goods One old chief bought a suit of clothes—five yards of flaming red table-cloth—which he wrapped around himself and pranced off, as much as to say, "big Ingin me."

Melvin and John Mackey, and another man, together with about ten witnesses, were brought in from the Lower Penasco last Friday by Capt. Roberts as law breakers. A preliminary hearing was had before Justice Cardova and John Mackey was bound over to await the action of the next grand jury on a charge of shooting at Mr. York.

C. L. Hubbs, formerly connected with the Albuquerque Citizen, and grand secretary of the I. O. O. F. of New Mexico, passed through Lincoln on his way to Roswell last week for the purpose of establishing a lodge at that place. The installation took place Saturday night and we understand quite a number were initiated. Roswell now has three lodges in good working order, namely: A. F. & A. M., K. of P. and I. O. O. F.

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

It is a singular fact that great men seldom leave direct decendants. Napolian, Wellington and Washington all proved this rule. Shakespeare only left two daughters, whose children died without issue. Probably the nearest relative of the great poet now living is one Thomas Heart, a resident of Australia, who is said to be the eight in decent from Shakespeare's sister Joan. Walter Scott's line ended with the second or third generation.

In an article in Harper's Monthly Julian Ralph says: "The city of Brimingham, Englanp, builds, owns, and runs its own street railways, gas-works, water-works, ect., and produces a great part of the food consumed by its people." He pronounces it the best governed city in the world.

The decrease in live stock in Colorado, Wyoming, Texas and New Mexico commenced four years ago, but since then it has been great. In 1888 Texas claimed 2,000,000 more bovine numbers than she has to-day, and Colorado, Wyoming and New Mexico and four years ago about 1,000,000 more than they have now. In Kanses, Nebraska, Iowa and the northwes there has been a shrinkage of as many more. Hard winters and low prices for beef have brought this about.

Texas fever has made its appearance among cows near the city limits of Chicago, and last week about twenty died from the effects of that disease. Inspectors of the health department have made post mortum examinations and pronouced the disease true Texas fever. The supposition is that the animals contracted it from refuse which dropped from the railroad cars in which cattle were being transferred into that city.

Rev. Dr. Bliss, editor of the Dawn, says: "The church to day seems dying of fine talk. What it needs is action. It needs to lead. Peter, Paul, Augustine, Ambrose, Savonarola, Wickliff, Wesley, Newman, Kingsley were men of iron will. They could distinguish between good and evil in reforms, but especially they could choose the good and carry it into action. They did not readily discriminate between religion and politics; they recognized all life as of God, and they strove to lift all life to God."

The city of Glasgow, Scotland, owns her street railways, and street-car fare there is one half a penny, a little less than one cent of our money. So the reform goes on. The end of private monopoly is at hand. Let it not be said in the good time coming that the United States of America lagged in the face of progress behind the effete monarchies of the Old World; that monopoly and its hateful spawn, plutocracy, found a last refuge in free America.

Speculation runs high in the minds of commission men and cattle owners as to what price range cattle will bring on the market after the corn-fed steers are all in, says the Cheyenne Journal. The general impression is that forty days more will see the last of the fat cattle from the feed lots Will the glut of grass cattle hold down prices? is the leading question. Two hundred and fifty thousand is a liberal estimate for all the range country north of New Mexico. Half of these will be returned to Nebraska farms for feeders, so that the range cattle from the northwest will cut but a small figure in the autumn markets. Of native grass beeves, there will be but compartive few. The corn states have nothing left above yearlings and the usual supply of grass natives will be lacking. Texas is already sending forward its grass cattle, and have now veary nearly cleared up south Texas. North Texas has but few beef steers; the twos have all been shipped north last year. This leaves the Indian Territory as the main point of supply for the fall season and the Journal believes that any ripe northwest grass cattle that may reach the market will sell high—higher in proportion than corn fed cattle have sold any time this year. They must be fat, however, if prices are to be obtained.

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