Probate Clerk

THE LIBERTY BANNER.

Our Motto: Equal Rights for All and Special Privileges to None.

Vol. II. | PRICE--ONE DOLLAR Per Annum. | NOGAL, LINCOLN CO., N. M., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1891. | PRICE--ONE DOLLAR Per Annum. | No. 1

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

the National Farmer's Alliance and Industrial Union.

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Secretary—J. H. Turner........ " "
Chm'n Ex. B'rd—C. W. Macune " "

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[illegible]

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Secretary—W. M. Wharton...................."

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President—Chas. McIlleary...............Farmington.
Secretary—E. O. Bonham .... "

OLIO.

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Secretary—E. F. Taylor ....

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

[illegible] Mission. Preaching at Nogal first [illegible] month at 11 a. m. At Texas Park [illegible] each month at 11 a. m. At [illegible] Sunday at 7:30 p. m., and at [illegible] the third and fourth Sundays at 11 a. m., [illegible] respectively. W. T. [illegible], Pastor

Bonito Mission. Preaching at Parsons the first Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. At Baker's school house, the second Sunday at 11 a. m. At Eagle creek school house, the third Sunday at 11 a. m. At the Coe school house, the fourth Sunday at 11 a. m. W. F. Gibbons, Pastor

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

H. B. FERGUSSON,

ATT'y AT LAW

Albuquerque.........N. M.

Will attend the District Court at Lincoln.

B. Fall. R. L. Young.

FALL & YOUNG

Lawyers.

Las Cruces, N. M.

Will regularly attend court in Lincoln County.

D. J. M. A. JEWETT,

Attor'y-at-Law

White Oaks, N. M.

JOHN Y. HEWITT,

Attor'y-at-Law

White Oaks, N. M.

Will practice in all the courts in the territory and in the U. S. Land Offices

GEO. B. BARBER,

Attor'y-at-Law,

White Oaks, N. M.

Will practice in all the courts of the territory and before the U. S. Land Offices.

T. W. HENLEY,

Notary-Public,

Nogal, New Mexico.

Office south end of town, at store house

LINCOLN HOTEL.

—OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE—

LINCOLN, N. M.

Strictly first-class in all its appointments. Table always supplied with the best. Clean beds and comfortable rooms. A health resort.

WHELAN & CO., Prop's.

THE

PLACER | HOTEL,

NOGAL, NEW MEXICO.

[illegible], Proprietor.

[illegible]

WHAT THEY ARE DOING IN THE LEGISLATURE.

The new liquor license law was signed by Gov. Prince on the 3d inst.

The council's county surveyor bill has been favorably reported in the house.

Only fourteen more working days remain for the Territorial legislative session.

The public printing is a plum not yet disposed of, over which there will be a fight.

A bill in the house proposes to raise the bounty on coyote scalps to two dollars.

The house, by a vote of 19 to 4, passed the bill abolishing the office of district attorney, and creating the office of county attorney.

There are 110 convicts in the penitentiary at Santa Fe, and out of this number ninety have asked for pardon at the hands of the governor.

A bill has passed the house providing that all discharged convicts shall be sent out of the city of Santa Fe when turned out of the "pen."

Senator Mills' constituents were very much torn up over the passage of the high license bill. One day's mail brought him fifteen letters opposing it.

In the general appropriation bill in the council the assessor of Lincoln county is allowed $900 a year; in Eddy and Chaves counties they are allowed $500.

The *New Mexican* demands a law taxing national banks. The editor of that paper is certainly getting reckless. The national banks are the especial pets of the government, and as this Territory seems to have let them escape heretofore, it seems a waste of time to bother about them just when the people are rising up to abolish them.

President Chavez, of the council, has introduced a pill prohibiting all forms of gambling, providing heavy penalties *for* violations of the act, and gives one half the fines imposed to informants. This is certainly a timely measure and should be enacted as a law. Poker playing seems to be one of the chief industries in New Mexico, and one that can be spared.

Mr. McDonald's juror bill provides that a list of all residents competent under the law for jury duty shall be prepared by the county assessor on or before the 1st day August of each year, the same to be entered in well bound books and become a part of the records in the office of the clerk of the district court. Each of these names shall, by the clerk, be transcribed upon slips of white paper two inches long and one half inch wide, and these slips shall be placed within a revolving glass wheel, sealed and locked, and the district judge and clerk, in the presence of any citizens who may assemble on the occasion, shall draw a sufficient number of the slips from this wheel to fill the list of grand and petit jurors, and no citizen whose name is not so drawn shall be competent to serve as a juror.

As might well be expected the late attempted assassination of Republican Senators is laid to Democratic influences by Republican organs, and in return wholesale recriminations will be indulged between the old parties, and in all of it there is nothing so conspicuous as the fact clearly demonstrated that the real interests of the people of this Territory are "not in it" at all, but is a fight for supremacy and spoils. If one fourth of the accusations charging rascality, thievery, fraud, corruption and scoundrelism generally, be true as charged to the leaders of the old parties by the party organs on each side—and no doubt each is telling the truth about the other, then surely it is high time the people who want good government and care nothing for parties should take to the middle of the road, go straight ahead and keep clear of such [illegible].

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION!

Senator Ancheta Shot and Severely Wounded by a Shot Fired Through a Window at Senator Catron's Law Office. The Shot Intended for Mr. Catron.

From the Santa Fe *New Mexican* of last Friday we gather the following particulars of an attempted assassination at the Territorial capital on last Thursday, in which Senator Ancheta, of Grant county, was seriously but not fatally wounded. It has been customary for the members of the council to assemble almost every evening at Senator Catron's office to discuss the work of the succeeding day's session and agree upon a plan of action. The room in which these meetings were held has a double door, composed of glass from top to within three feet of the floor, and which now answers the purpose of a window, the doors being closed. It was here that Senators Mills, Catron, Perea, Stover, Ancheta and Richardson assembled. Mr. Richardson was not present when the shots were fired, having excused himself and left some time before. About a half an hour after the gathering of the Senators, and while discussing one of Senator Mills' bills, two shots were fired, the window glass crashed, and suddenly all was excitement in the room. Senator Ancheta sprang forward from a reclining position and almost falling from his chair and the blood spurting from his neck. Handkerchiefs and legal documents were used freely in wiping away the blood from Mr. Ancheta's wounds as rapidly as possible to ascertain the extent of his injuries and a physician sent for. On examination it was found that five buck shot had entered the neck and shoulders, causing wounds quite serious, yet not considered fatal.

Barney Spiers, a saloon keeper, saw the two horsemen who fired the shots. He was on his way home and going towards Mr. Catron's office, and observed two men on medium sized horses, riding hurriedly down toward Catron's office, but gave them little attention until they checked their horses in front of the window and almost instantly both fired. Putting spurs to their horses the assassins dashed around the corner and one of them in endeavoring to dodge Spiers, came near colliding with a post. The men left town at a break-neck speed. Shortly after the shots were fired a dozen or more citizens took up the trail and followed the assassins, keeping the search up all night, tracking the parties beyond the cathedral and several miles south on the Pecos road.

The men are described as being of medium size, one a little taller than the other and having a black mustache; both wore black slouch hats. One of them rode a newly shod horse, on the left hind foot of which the shoe was broken. The other horse was not shod and was easily tracked because the foot-print showed the right hoof to have been broken off on one side.

Senator Ancheta, after having his wounds dressed was conveyed to the St. Vincent hospital. It is thought he will be out in eight or ten days.

Intense excitement prevailed in Santa Fe the next morning after the shooting, a meeting was called at 2 p. m. at the court house, which was attended by about 500 people, and a committee appointed to co-operate with the Governor in an endeavor to bring the parties to justice.

The legislature passed a bill authorizing the Governor to offer a reward of $20,000 for the apprehension and conviction of the assassins.

In an interview with Senator Catron he expresses the opinion that the shots fired were intended *for* him, and said he had time and again been warned by friends that his life was in danger, and that a certain element intended to make way with him. He said the condition of affairs in that county that had existed for two years was undoubtedly the origin of this attempted assassination.

Andrew Jackson and Grover Jackson.

Citizens' Alliance, Washington, D. C.

The Democrats of different parts of the country have been celebrating the birth of one of their patron saints, Andrew Jackson. Jackson was famous for several things. But the greatest act that he ever done, and the one he ought to be remembered for above all others, was his strangling to death the United States national bank. There are no small amount of people who live to-day, who are unaware the United States had a curse called a national bank previous to the present robbing machine. But such was the case. There was one remarkable thing about these Democratic jubilees this year, that is worthy of a passing notice. It was the number of invitations that Grover Cleveland received to be present and speak. There are some of our good Democratic friends that are wont at times to compare Grover to Andrew. But just where the comparison comes in is what is bothering us. And just why Grover Cleveland should be in so great a demand to become the orator upon the anniversary of the birth of Andrew Jackson is another matter that we can not comprehend. The difference between the two Jacksons, Andrew Jackson and Grover Jackson, was this: Andrew Jackson, when he was President of the United States, found a United States national bank, with a capital of $35,000,000, that was using its power and influence in the politics of the country, and he took it by the throat and strangled it to death and took the funds and distributed them among the several States. Grover Jackson, when he become President of the United States, found a United States national bank with upwards of $200,000,000, and also in their possession over $12,000,000 of the public funds. He, instead of strangling the monster, let it have $48,000,000 more of public funds to influence the politics of the country with. In view of these *facts* to have him eulogize Andrew Jackson seems to partake too much of a farce.

We see upon our streets every day men who are ragged, old and patched; whose boots are worn out and leaky; whose sheltering roof is a hovel or mortgaged, windowless shanty; whose table is spread with water and corn bread; whose children are overworked and illiterate. What's the cause of all this wretchedness and poverty? Isn't there any nice, warm respectable, clothes on hand in the country? Isn't the man an honest toiler and would he not lift the debt and own his home if possible? Isn't wheat only sixty cents a bushel and isn't he and his family just as likely to enjoy the comforts as any one? Isn't there a free school system in this state, and isn't there any good books or papers in our land? What's the cause? Some say its the high tariff. Well for goodness sake, if a paltry reduction of only seven per cent on the few dollars it would take to make life pleasant, if seven per cent will do it, take it off at once. The proposition of the tariff reformers is too silly to consider for one moment.—*Alliance Voice, Batesville, Ark.*

Unless the government soon returns to honest moorings the love of country will almost die out in the breasts of the farmers and toilers. Passing strange indeed that in this the boasted land of liberty there are millions of men who have positively worn the collar of the worst kind of slavery. It has been of a kind that was alike abject and degrading. Their agonized cries of distress have cleft the air as wild as the accents of freedom's farewell. But a battalion of mute congressmen, standing rigid and statue like, point to our magna charter and for answer to these piteous appeals utter the one word—unconstitutional.—*Farmers' Vidette.*

Production, Distribution and Consumption of Wealth.

Industrial Age, St. Paul, Minn.

Wealth is produced, distributed and consumed. How to secure an equitable balance between these is the great consideration that should engage the attention of the economic student. Wealth is produced by labor and in the very nature of things but a small fraction of it must be consumed by the laborers. If these laborers who create this wealth, fail by any means to secure all that they need for the purposes of consumption, it demonstrates that something is grossly wrong with the system by which it is distributed and exchanged. To discover what is the nature of this wrong and to devise the means by which it can be removed, is the work in which every true reformer is engaged. We find by observation that the wealth created by labor, as a rule, passes from the possession of the laborer, and into the hands of the non-producer by means of our systems of interest, rent, profit and taxation. This *fact* is obvious by every observer, and such being the *fact*, it follows as a logical sequence, that whatever measure of reform that reduces the sum total of the wealth that it takes to pay interest, rent, profit and taxation, will leave the amount of this reduction in the hands of the laborers that produce it. And if the entire amount was saved labor would have all that is produced. This is the great economic question of the day in a nutshell. The very nature of the evil of which the wealth producers of the country complain, point out with unerring certainty the nature of the remedy. Every step, tending toward the reduction of the sum total of interest, rent, profit and taxation is a step toward the needed reforms. No one need to go astray in the study of this question. It is entirely a question of reducing the demands made upon reduction to meet the demands of the non-producers. These demands are all legal demands, and the producers are the law making power just as soon as they choose *to* exercise that right. The people have an unquestioned right to abolish all laws that do not bear equally upon all classes of people, and to establish such rules regulating the production and distribution of wealth as will secure equal justice to all. This being a question of law it must be settled according to law—in other words—by a wise and independent use of the ballot.

Independent politics a failure and the man a fool who casts his vote with a third party? Ah, no! The influence of the Alliance victory at the polls is visible already. The republican and democratic statesmen and writers are advising congress and the legislatures to frame laws in harmony with our demands. The error of the policy of the contraction is admitted. Many are advising the issuance of greenbacks in place of the withdrawal of the national bank currency. All advise a more strenuous supervision of railways and telegraphs, and the bitter opposition to all our presidents to the free coinage of silver is condemned by the toilers and tillers. A step or two more and each of the old parties would endorse our whole platform, which is just what we desire. In fact, the alliance people are the only ones who gained a safe and reliable victory. The g. o. p.'s are now on probation, and uneasy and unsteady sets the crown upon their heads.—*Batesville (Ark.) Alliance Voice.*

Let the Illinois legislature now elect A. J. Streeter and seat him alongside of Kansas' Peffer, and if South Dakota will follow up with another, there will be a fine trio of Senators from the West representing the farmers.

The legislature is threatened with a fight on a proposition to remove the capitol to Albuquerque.

That New Political Farce.

Advocate, Topeka, Kan.

We find the following in the *American Banker* of January 10:

The proposition of that new political farce, the Farmers' Alliance, in regard to usury and interest laws as they affect certain states in the west, are viewed with considerable alarm. If the plan to reduce the legal rate to 6 per cent. should succeed, it would result in debarring that state from the further influx of capital. In no case will it cheapen money, because money is the only property that is absolutely independent and can not be coerced.

The question naturally arises, why is money the only property that is absolutely independent, and how was this position of independence obtained?

Is money in and of itself so much superior, so much more desirable or necessary that it should take precedence over all other earthly possessions? Is it so much more essential to the sustenance and maintanance of human life, that it alone should be master, king and supreme dictator? Why should this thing money, which is but a creation and creature of law and of human government, be accorded divine right over land, over labor, over farm products, over the products of the loom, the mill and the mine? Can we eat money or wear it? Will money "independent" of the products of land and labor, appease hunger or protect men from the wintry blasts?

To ask the questions is to answer them.

If, then, money does not inherently possess "independence," how did it acquire it? How does it come that the *American Banker* can thus boldly and unblushingly make its flaunting assertion? The question above furnishes the key to the answer of the last question. It is legislation which invests money with its great power to tyrannize over every kind of property. By the very statement above quoted we may see that howsoever money may lord it over all other property, there is one power over which it is independent, that is the power of legislation. Else why should the *American Banker* "view with alarm" the proposition of the legislators of Kansas to reduce the legal rate of interest to 6 per cent?

Every lover of freedom, every man who sincerely desires that genuine prosperity should come to dwell within our borders will hale with joy this confession of the great organ of Wall street that the situation is "viewed with alarm."

The farmers and laborers and the tradesmen of the country have for some time been viewing the situation with alarm, while Wall street has smiled serenely. The tables are now turning and the producers and laborers are doing the smiling.

If the Farmers' Alliance movement in Kansas is a mere "political farce," why does the *American Banker* take it so seriously? Farces are played for the amusement of the people, but Wall street doesn't see anything funny about it.

The truth is the *American Banker* knows that the "independence" of money and all its power to control, to wreck business, to enslave labor and impoverish the masses, all rest upon legislation. And the people are indicating a temper to have a hand in legislation and turn it into broader channels. Men and not money are going to be "absolutely independent."

The Alliance is growing rapidly on the Pacific coast. That whole section seems to be ready for the movement, and is taking hold of it with earnestness and vigor. If the present rate is continued, California will be the banner Alliance State in the near future. The press of the section seem to catch the idea, and the Alliance finds friends wherever it goes.—*National Economist.*

THE LIBERTY BANNER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
ALLIANCE PUBLISHING CO.

J. F. McDOWELL, Editor.

Entered at the post office at Nogal, N. M., as second class mail matter.

THURSDAY, FEB. 12, 1891,

THE politicians are not slow in some places in placing themselves in line with the Alliance demands. An indication of the Alliance influence was given in Ohio a few days ago. The State Alliance sent a telegram to the general assembly asking a repeal of the law exempting manufactured products from taxation for one year after production. Before the house adjourned that evening the bill was passed with but few dissenting votes.

AH, WE'RE getting there! The North Carolina legislature passed a resolution in both houses instructing senators and representatives in Congress in regard to financial reform, adopting the principles of the Ocala platform. The vote in the house was ayes 96; nays 13. In the senate ayes 49, with no negative votes reported. The Illinois house has passed a resolution favoring the election of United States Senators by a direct vote of the people. By a vote of 91 to 25 the Kansas house declared in favor of free coinage of silver, and against the force bill

ONE thousand farmers and 500 Knights of Labor met at Galion, O., on the 20th of January upon the occasion of the annual meeting of the State Farmers' Alliance and the Knights of Labor. The state secretary reported 700 sub Alliances with 25,000 members. In his opening address the President denounced as pernicious the voting for bankers, lawyers and millionaire for office. The Alliance reiterates the demands of the National Alliance, with the additional demand for one cent postage; condemn the press for its unjust course toward the farmers and pledge them to withold support from any paper that misrepresents their interests; demand the suppression of trusts; declare that all bonds and mortgages in excess of the value on the tax duplicate of corporate property or real estate become a general credit; demand that no corporate company shall issue stock in excess of one and one third its assessed value; demand that the assets or income of railroads shall not be used in excessive salaries, demand that the soldiers, their widows and heirs shall be paid the difference between their face of their contract and the coin value of the sum paid, with compound interes at 6 per cent. and that a graduated income tax be levied to provide funds to meet this just demand; and demand such a reduction in railroad rates for transportation of freight as will correspond to the depression in farming lands and farm products, and that passenger rates be reduced to 2 cents per mile.

IT is said that U. S. Hall, the President of the Missouri State Alliance, has been over to Springfield, Ill, using his persuasive powers on the three F. M. B. A. members of the Illinois legislature and trying to induce them to vote for Palmer, the Democratic nominee for U. S. Senator. U. S. Hall has for several years been recognized as a tool in the hands of the Democratic politicians in Missouri, and the business assigned him is to line up the Alliance with the Democratic policy and make it an auxiliary to that party, and failing in this to so neutralize its power and influence in Missouri as not to interfere with the plans of the ring politicians with which that state is cursed. He fought the sub-treasury plan and other measures adopted by the Alliance in national convention at Ocala, Fla. Hall, and Livingston, President of the New York State Alliance, who was brought out to Topeka by Ingalls' henchmen to induce the Alliance members of the Kansas legislature to violate their solemn pledges to the people by voting for the re-election of Ingalls, ought to travel in pairs, as they are a fine brace in poker parlance a good pair to draw to, both of them sheep in wolves' clothing.

TO THE ALLIANCE BRETHREN AND CITIZENS OF LINCOLN COUNTY:

We beg leave to call your attention to the following statement: At the County Alliance held at Coe's school house, January 1890, a committee was appointed to purchase a newspaper outfit, to the end that we might have at least one paper in New Mexico that would be a true representative of the interests of the farmers and producing classes generally, and wholly independent of the influence of the politicians and political rings. That committee purchased the press and material of the Nogal *Nugget* and began the publication of the LIBERTY BANNER. In order to do this it was necessary that the members of the committee should assume personally the responsibilities of the venture. They assumed the same, giving their individual note for the necessary funds to make the purchase, and assumed the payment of all indebtedness which might result from establishing and conducting the paper until such time as it would become self sustaining.

The paper has now reached the first mile stone, having finished the first year of its life. The income has almost balanced the expenses up to this time, but it is now desired to enlarge the paper and improve the volume of matter published each week and this will add additional expense. Hence we now appeal to all Alliance people and lovers of right and justice to come to our aid and help us to sustain the paper at its present high standard. We now have a paper worthy of the Alliance and its friends, and if all such will come to its aid its career will be long and of untold benefit to us and the community at large.

There remains yet $500 of the $1,000 of stock untaken. The Alliance members throughout the county should at once subscribe for and take up this stock, and thereby enable us to complete the payment of the balance due on the paper. The shares are $5 each, and every Alliance member should at least own one share. Come at once to the aid of the paper, and by helping to maintain it do something for yourselves and the general good. J. E. WHITTEN,

Chairman Board of Directors.

A. C. STONE, Sec. *Pro tem.*

WHEN placed in charge of this paper we received the very short and simple instruction from the management to make it a good Alliance paper. This is its mission the propagation of ideas, the cultivation of principles in harmony with the demands of the Alliance, and the dissemination of the same among the people. In the ordinary acceptation of the term the BANNER is not intended to be a newspaper. While it is intended to give as much of current, general, local or county news as possible, this will be secondary to the real objects of this paper. One of the first things we learned in the paper business many years ago was our inability to please everybody, and we quit trying soon after we made the discovery. Why, we very often do not satisfy ourself. In the conduct of the paper we want to be guided by what is right and shall hug up close to the principles of the Alliance and its demands. Many years ago we lost all hope of ever finding a remedy for our economic ills in either the Republican or Democratic parties, and therefore, we will waste no wind or effort in trying to line up with either of them, but shall favor independent political action, and in this respect be in full accord with the movement all over the country not only in the Alliance, but the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association, the Knights of Labor, and numerous kindred organizations are moving on this line. Even the old Grange organization is mustering courage to speak out and is formulating demands that bode no good to plutocratic rule. What we, as a people, want is relief, and we've waited too long for it now depending upon the two old parties to help us out. They helped us in just where we are to day, and it is worse than folly to expect them to help us out. Let the Alliance take the middle of road and go straight ahead.

STATEHOOD.

It does not matter now what the motive may have been in rejecting the proposition to make New Mexico State, the result is most fortunate. We lost a measure before the legislature memorializing Congress to give us an enabling act. While our ideas advanced on this question are of a character not calculated to have any weight with our Solons, the measure should not be adopted, and if it is congress should not act upon it. New Mexico is not ready for statehood. A great work must be wrought here before we take such a step—one that involves great issues and the future welfare of our whole people.

The admission of this Territory, when it is accomplished, should be with the great idea, first and foremost, of benefiting the people, and giving them the best form of government, and in harmony with our advanced civilization and progressive ideas in political economy. It would be quite unfortunate to the people of the territory to have a measure of that kind forced upon them at a time when the political influences in the territory are at war with each other with the no more important motive than the acquirement of spoils. The last two decades can very truly be called the "Spoils Era." The exodus has begun and we will emerge from it by and by, when the people shall have repossessed themselves of the government. That time is coming, but there is much to do yet before the dawn of the new era that shall make all men free. Plutocracy must and will be dethroned, and in its stead will be set up a government of the people, by the people and for the people, recognizing the universal brotherhood of man, and relegating to rear as a miserable folly, a curse and a disgrace to our country the present infamous spoils system, so demoralizing and ruinous in its effect.

Beyond this there is a work to do in this Territory—a work that must be accomplished by education. There must be a getting together of the producers and a unity of action along the lines of financial and labor reforms regardless of race conditions in short, our American people and our Mexican people must unite in a common cause, and feel a mutual interest in advancing interests that must be held in common if we are to advance in the material development of this Territory. In other words the American and Mexican people of this Territory must go hand in hand, and to this end the two races must be brought in closer relationship, amity and confidence cultivated, which can only be done by education. This should be one of the chief aims of the Alliance and no doubt will be.

FROM SECRETARY BREECE.

FT. STANTON, N. M., Feb. 6, 1891.

ED. BANNER.—The Banner still bristles with the kind of facts that the order in New Mexico has so long been pining for. The truth cannot be presented too quickly, or too forcibly. The need of united action becomes more apparent every day. Men with families are daily turned out of the very homes they have reared, or they are forced to leave them and become tenants upon the land they had improved. Agricultural products are so "cornered" that the profits are all reaped by men who have done nothing to produce them. "The Big Four" regulate the beef market in fact we pay a tribute to monopoly on almost every necessary of life.

To raise the price on manufactured articles of every kind the output is limited, men and women are thrown out of work or forced to work at starvation wages. The wages received in many of our cities by the wage-slaves is not sufficient to procure one good and wholesome meal per day, saying nothing of the other expenses, clothing, fuel, room rent, and other mouths at home depending upon them for support. Six to twenty cents a day to feed and clothe one or more persons looks like the minimum had been reached in the salaries of girls in some of our city factories, especially where the income from this work is a princely fortune each year to the proprietor. The avarice, and greed the hog there is in each man! Truly labor has been driven to the last ditch by organized monopoly. We must educate and unite, or be swept under the swelling tide of corruption that is rushing down upon us from high places.

Too great confidence in the integrity of erring man and ignorance of what was actually being done by our trusted *mis*representatives has been our besetting sin. Give us more light that we may read aright the truths placed before us. Dispel ignorance by every possible means, and learn in whom to place our trust. And, in the light of the new religion, "The Fatherhood of God, and the Brotherhood of Man," we may study principles and not party, measures not men, and thus obtain relief by a united and intelligent ballot, rather than experience a repetition of history through the barbaric period.

W. L. BREECE.

What Fools We Mortals Be.

Nonconformist, Winfield, Kan.

The organs of plutocracy tell us that the poverty of the masses is caused by laziness, extravagance, overproduction and ignorance. Mr. Plutocrat let's apply your opinion to yourself. Are you lazy? That's no name for the vice that afflicts you. You are the very essence of laziness. You do nothing but scheme. You don't perform one particle of productive labor. You live entirely on the labor of others. Your very wife and daughters are too lazy to dress themselves. Are you poverty stricken? No, you revel in luxury? Are you extravagant? That silk hat you wore, cost more than a week's wages of the average laboring man. That bottle of wine, drank at your dinner to day cost more than two week's wages of the average working girl. We saw your wife down the street this afternoon; the clothes she wore cost more than the annual wages of the female clerk who waited on her. Your family spent last summer at Saratoga Springs. Every day they were there it cost you fifty dollars. Are you poor? No; you are getting richer every day. But you say that it is not extravagant to live in luxury when one has plenty of money. Yes, we see. One can afford to spend freely when they have an army of honest toilers to produce it for them. It's the system of slavery that enables you to live in luxury by the wreck of human life.

Again, have you an overproduction of the good things of life? Couldn't your family on one fifth of what they now spend live better than the family of the average skilled mechanic? Far better. Does a superabundance of the good things of life, in other words, *overproduction*, make you poor? Oh no; overproduction enables you to live on the fat of the land, but the poor devils who produce it by honest labor are denied the necessities of life. So *laziness, extravagance* and *overproduction* affects you exactly opposite from what it does the masses. Now we come to *ignorance* and at once admit that if the masses were not ignorant of what their natural rights really are, you couldn't hold your privileges six months. But the masses are going to school, and the result of that schooling will compel your children to earn their living by honest effort.

Not Afraid.

The attitude of capital toward labor is a gigantic blunder, because it is opposed to christianity, which most capitalists profess and which few of them or any other class practice. Heretofore, labor has been the under dog in every fight in every clime, and has submitted to its fate through ignorance and cowardice. Our republic is built upon the principle that all men are born free and equal, and are entitled to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. Every man, however ignorant, is given a vote, and schools are open for his children. Thus labor becomes intelligent and manly and begins to think. "There's something wrong," says labor. So labor strikes sometimes wisely, often unwisely, always to the detriment of individuals, but always in behalf of the brotherhood of men. Grown arrogant by the power and traditions of constrictor, capital, like the Bourbons seems to have learned nothing. It forgets that labor is no longer abject. Labor may be unreasonable, brutal, even mad at times, but it has ceased to be afraid. It has attained the dignity of self respect. Why does not capital see the handwriting on the wall and meet labor in the spirit of Christ? Why this church going if it lead not to the golden rule? Labor asks for arbitration Why not?

A. Henley & Son,

—DEALERS IN—

Dry Goods, Groceries and

Miner's Supplies,

Wines, Liquors and Cigars,

Nogal, New Mexico.

Our Motto,

"Quick Sales and Small Profits,"

Shall be strictly adhered to.

We keep everything in the general mercantile line, and when you want anything that you can't see in the house, ask for it. We propose to treat all our customers alike in every particular. Call on us when you come to town.

Goodman, Ziegler & Co.,

EXCHANGE DEALERS

In Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps, Carpets, Gents Furnishing Goods, &c, &c.

White Oaks, N. M.

Mail Orders promptly attended to.

IT WON'T HURT YOU

To look over our stock and *get our prices, and it may do you good. It has done others good by introducing them to the best and cheapest house in this neck of the woods.*

It Won't Hurt You.

to get a bargain just once, So you will know what a bargain looks like; a real bargain, *a bona fide bargain, a bargain that speaks for itself.*

It Won't Hurt You.

to save money just once, and go away from the Store better off than when you came in, both in pocket and in purchase.

We are the money saving, bargain making merchants.

WHEN YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY CALL ON

Young & Taliaferro

WHITE OAKS.

MANDELL BROS. & CO.

—ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.—

Agents For

John Deer Plows

AND

Agricultural Implements.

All Kinds Of

HARDWARE

THE LIBERTY BANNER.

PRICE—$1.00 PER ANNUM.

Advertising rates will be made on application. With yearly advertisers liberal arrangements will be made.

Local News.

—A th[illegible]-inch snow fall came Sunday night, which will further assure a good crop in this section.

—We shall present our readers next week with a full text of the new school law, as passed by the legislature.

—Jerry Dolton moved to the J. E. Wharton ranch in the Park yesterday, which he will occupy this season.

—The card of the Lincoln Hotel, Messrs. Whelan & Co., proprietors, will be found in this issue. Good hotel. Call on 'em.

—C. H. Brown was the recipient of a handsome present in the shape of a large comfort—a gift from Judge Friedrich, last Monday evening.

—A. S. Mays and Allen Highrower have been looking after their "interests" on Eagle creek and Gavalan for several days. Don't think there are any mavericks over there.

—The editor of the BANNER will preach next Sunday at 2 p. m., at the Coe school house on the Ruidoso. His subject will be "The Fatherhood of God, and the Brotherhood of man." No collection will be taken.

—Persons who send us correspondence may sign any name they choose, but their real name should accompany the same. This is a rule of all printing offices and we shall insist on its observance, therefore govern yourselves accordingly.

—Take hold in earnest in your neighborhood and get all the subscribers you can for the BANNER. It is going to stay right with you in Alliance matters, and in advertising Lincoln county's resources. Only one dollar a year—the cheapest paper in New Mexico.

—To make the BANNER a grand success we must have the co-operation of all of our Alliance people. If you are not taking the paper subscribe for it at once, and induce your neighbors all to take it. The larger the subscription list the more advertising and better rates for the same.

—B. F. Brown is sinking a well on his barn lot, and has given Tom Meadors strict orders that he is to strike water, not gold. They have to be careful in matters of that kind in this country. Why a fellow can't hardly hoe his potato patch without striking gold, silver, copper, lead, iron or coal! Wonderful country!

—Judge Friedrich, of Lincoln, has been in town for several days on legal business and a guest at the Placer hotel. We found him a "formerly of Kansas man," having resided in Topeka for a number of years, and studied law under his brother, Col. D. A. Friedrich, a noted lawyer for a number of years at the Kansas capital, but now at San Francisco.

—The following resolution was ordered by the county Alliance at its late meeting here:

Resolved, That we, as delegates and visiting members of the County Alliance, tender to the good people of Nogal and vicinity our thanks for their generous hospitality during our stay in their midst, and especially to the school board for its kindness in opening the school house for our meetings.

—Mrs. Jas. Denivan, for many years a resident of Nogal canon, got lost in the mountains between Nogal and Benito, Wednesday of last week, and wandered around all day. She brought up at Ben Dragg's at one time, and they insisted that she should remain over night, but thinking she had her bearings correctly she started home, again became bewildered and wandered until near dark, when she reached the ranch of Thos. Hill's, near the head of Kraut gulch, where she was cared for until morning when she returned home.

—In company with Mr. Geo. Coe, President of the Lincoln County Alliance, the editor of the BANNER will start on a tour of the county next Monday visiting the sub-Alliances, our first meeting being in James canon on Wednesday evening the 18th. Our succeeding meetings will be arranged by the brethren to suit their convenience. We go in the interest of the Alliance cause and the LIBERTY BANNER. We want to take all the subscriptions we possibly can and hope the friends will come prepared to subscribe for the paper. We may be absent two weeks.

Notice to Settlers.

Notice is hereby given that the plats of T. 9 S. R. 14 E. & T. 10 S. R. 15 E. have this day been received from the Surveyor General and will be filed in this office March 2, 1891 in accordance with the instructions received from the General Land Office, after which date filings for the same will be received. T. 9 S. R. 14 E. is what is known as the Salado township, and lies north and west of Fort Stanton military reservation, T. 10 S. R. 15 E. is the one in which Eagle creek and the Rio Ruidoso join, and will be known as the one in which J. N. Coe's ranch is situated.

WINFIELD S. COBEAN,
Register.

Hecker's Buck Wheat Flour is the chief. We have it and you can take your choice of sweets to go with it—Honey—comb or strained, Maple Syrup, N. O. Molasses, Sorghum or glucose.

YOUNG & TALIAFERRO,
1-50 tf. White Oaks.

County Alliance.

We were unable to give a full report of the proceedings of the meeting of the County Alliance last week.

The following officers were present: Geo. W. Coe, president; A. A. Breece, vice president; W. M. Wharton, secretary; A. C. Storm, treasurer; E. W. Peebles, door keeper. R. J. Copeland was appointed chaplain *pro tem*. The following delegates were present: C. E. Littlefield, Lower Bonito Alliance; M. L. Gorton and J. J. Stewart, Lincoln Alliance; O. P. Humphrey and W. P. Allred, Eagle Creek; J. F. McDowell, Nogal. Visiting brethren: J. E. Wharton, J. N. Coe, L. D. Puckett, Sr., L. D. Pucket, Jr. B. L. Breece, T. J. Copeland and others whose names we failed to get.

In addition to the first days proceedings reported in our last issue, the first business on the second day was the appointment of the following committee on reorganization and effective work: C. E. Littlefield, L. D. Puckett, Jr. J. E. Wharton, A. A. Breece and W. L. Breece, which made report at afternoon meeting and which was adopted.

The following gentlemen were appointed a committee to draft constitution and by-laws, and submit the same to the sub-Alliances in the Territory by publication in the LIBERTY BANNER: J. E. Wharton, J. N. Coe and W. L. Breece.

On motion, the President appointed one delegate from each Alliance as a committee on aid for the Dakota sufferers. And it was further ordered that secretaries of sub-Alliances may collect any money subscribed and forward the same to the county secretary, and he to forward the same to the aid committee of South Dakota.

On motion the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the present policy of the LIBERTY BANNER is satisfactory to this Alliance.

W. L. Breece the Territorial Secretary, exemplified the secret work.

In the selection of place for July meeting of County Alliance there were several candidates offered, but James Canon, was finally chosen, and the President was requested to call a meeting in April if he deemed it advisable.

An open meeting of the County Alliance was held Wednesday evening and was well attended by the citizens of Nogal and vicinity, and was addressed by the editor of the LIBERTY BANNER, which concluded the proceedings of this meeting.

A Trip to the Oaks.

In company with Messrs. J. N. Coe and A. A. Breece we visited our neighboring city of White Oaks last Thursday and remained until Friday.

White Oaks is distinguished for being the boss town in Lincoln county—the Boston of Southwestern New Mexico, having more "culchah" to the square inch than any locality in the White or Capitan mountains. How could it be otherwise with such cultured and aesthetic gentlemen in their midst as Messrs. Langston, McCaffrey, Allen, Osanne, Young, Pearman, Watson, Hemon, Timony *et al*? Nestled amidst the hills and mountains it is really a beautiful place, and with the growth and development of the mining interests bids fair to become quite a city in time.

We found them up and coming on the question of a division of the county, but since they have heard from other portions of the county their order is somewhat cooled, and their better judgment tells them that the time is not ripe for a scheme of that kind now. Wait awhile, fellows, and when we get a railroad or two, this country on a boom, more thickly settled, if you'll be real good in the mean time, the people may let you have a slice, but not now. S'mother day.

All four of the mines—South and North Homestake, Lady Godiva and Old Abe, are in operation attended with the most encouraging results. We did not have time to visit the mines and reduction works, deferring that to some other visit we hope to make in the near future.

While there that prince of good fellows, Deputy Sheriff Langston, took us under his charge and introduced us to a number of gentlemen for which he has our thanks. But we have it in for him and will pay him up in "tax in kind" for some of the whoppers he stuffed us with on our Malpai ride—especially that "White Cap" business.

We dropped in on Bro. McCaffrey and Allen, at the *Leader* and *Interpreter* offices, and found them getting ready for make-up, and enjoyed a pleasant chat with each of them, and especially with the Major, in talking over our Kansas experiences in later '60s and early '70s. We found Bro. Allen has been an extensive traveler in his time, having "mortialed the silent messengers of thought" on the other side of the globe in Australia.

Took supper at the Carizo hotel—a most excellent hostelry, and spent the night with the Keith brothers in their comfortable and hospitable bachelor quarters. We believe that is not exactly the name they usually give their abode.

We enjoyed a very pleasant chat with Mr. Timoney, the brother-in-law of the postal department of the city, whose good wife is the courteous P. M.

Nursery Stock for Sale.

I have, at my ranch on the Rui Dóso, between 1,000 and 1,500 choice, native grown, apple trees for sale. They are three years old, large and thrifty, selected varities, mostly winter apples. Any one wishing good trees to plant this spring will do well to call on soon, or address.

J. N. COE,
Lincoln, N. Mex.

The Majesty of the Law.

The people of Nogal and vicinity have been attending court for several days during the past week, and great interest has centered in a case, or rather cases wherein B. F. Brown, and his son Charlie, have figured as defendents, and R. J. Nugent appeared as the prosecuting witness.

Some where about the middle of last December Mr. Nugent assaulted Mr. Brown, Sr., with a quirt, or riding whip, and the latter resented the indignity by sticking a jack knife into Mr. Nugent's belly, which did the gentleman's bread basket no serious injury.

Complaint was lodged with Mr. C. B. Ayres who was then justice of the peace of this precinct, but some how Bro. Ayres couldn't get the hang of the law, and after three ineffectual attempts to get the Browns into court his time expired, and the judicial ermine fell upon the shoulders of Judge Thos. W. Henley. Mr. Nugent filed a new complaint with Judge Henley, and the case against the elder Brown, on a peace bond, came up for hearing last Saturday. Mr. Nugent conducted the prosecution in behalf of the Territory, while Judge Isaac Friedrich, of Lincoln, appeared in behalf of the defendant. After hearing the testimony offered in the case and argument of counsel the court discharged the defendant.

The Browns were next held on the charge of an assault with intent to kill and the case set for last Monday at 10 a. m. B. F. Brown's case was first called, and the evidence offered was about the same as that brought out in the trial Saturday before, resulting finally in the discharge of defendant, the defense proving conclusively to the court that Brown acted in self defense.

On motion of Judge Friedrich Chas. H. Brown was discharged without hearing, and this ended the cases against them.

These were Judge Henley's first cases since he was elected, and he is highly commended for his dignity as an official, and the wisdom of his rulings and decisions, and the general sentiment is that Nogal precinct made no mistake in electing Mr. Henley.

Items from Pine Springs.

Messrs. A. J. Lewis and J. A. Baird are getting the dirt out of their ditch preparatory to putting up a saw mill, and in a short time we will hear the saw buzz.

Rev. J. C. Gage will move to Weed—our loss and Weed's gain.

It is rumored that there is to be a wedding in James canon soon. Hope so; we are fond of such affairs.

James canon failed to have a representative at the County Alliance. Froze up! We must have a Sam Jones to wake us up. It is too bad that we are standing still in the cause, after we have gone so far, especially in this county. Wake up, Alliance people!

Sorry to report the death of Mrs. John Hansen, who was buried on the 22th ult., after a prolonged illness. A large number of friends attended the funeral conducted by Rev. S. A. Kennedy. Mr. Hansen has the sympathy of a host of friends in his sad bereavement, but the greatest consolation is that Mrs. H. was a Christian.

Your paper is getting better with every number. Stir them up to a sense of their responsibility in Alliance matters.

With best wishes for the "BANNER" and its noble editor I am, Yours Truly,

SANDY.

PERSONALS.

D. T. Russell, of Parsons, was here several days last week.

Deputy Sheriff Walters, of Lincoln, has been here for several days on business, leaving for home Tuesday morning in company with Judge Friedrich.

Levi Leonard came over from Gavalan Tuesday evening in company with S. M. Chynoweth, late of San Jose, Cal. who is employed to teach the Eagle creek school.

Rev. W. T. Dash was in town Tuesday enroute to Eddy where he goes to attend district conference that convenes next week. It is possible that he may not return in time for his regular appointment here.

It won't hurt you, but do you good, to try that N. O. Molasses, at $1.25 per gallon, at Young & Taliaferro's, White Oaks. 1-50 tf.

It won't hurt you to pay 50 cents for a pound of Raspberries at Young & Taliaferro's, at White Oaks. Others may charge you more. 1-50 tf.

Tribute of Respect.

Resolutions of respect drafted at a special session of Roswell Farmer's Alliance and Industrial Union, of New Mexico, Jan., 30 1891.

Whereas, It has pleased the Divine Harvester to glean from our midst our beloved Brother Edmund T. Stone, and whereas, by his death this Lodge has lost one of its honored and most beloved members, and as the earthly ties thus broken will never be united until the Arch Trumpeter shall announce that the harvest of souls has been garnered and time is no more, therefore be it

Resolved; That a copy of these resolutions be presented to the family of the deceased, a copy forwarded the NOGAL BANNER, a copy sent to the Roswell *Register* with a request to publish.

Go forth in the highways, ye sons of man,
And gather together the golden grain;
Toil on till the Lord of the Harvest come,
Then share ye the glory of the Harvest Home!

W. B. MEEKS,
JNO. A. PURVIANCE,
HENRY WRIGHT,
F. P. BANTA,
J. W. MULLENS,
Committee.

HENRY WRIGHT, Secretary.

Little Creek Babblings.

I accept your invitation and send you a few bits of gossip from Little Creek.

Mr. Tate Crawford has began plowing, F. M. Armstrong is hauling timber for a new house, and Mr. Humphrey is building a brush fence, so Little Creek is improving.

A dance and supper at O. P. Humphry's the night of the 6th inst., was well attended and enjoyed by all present.

The way the little birds are chirping over here indicate a wedding soon, but I would not give it away for a whole pumpkin.

Archie Roland is on the sick list.

If this escapes the waste basket I will come again. PROGNOSTICATOR.

New goods at A. Henly & Son's. Dry goods, groceries, hats, boots, shoes, and in fact, most everything.

Mince meat, apples, eggs, cranberry sauce, currant jelly. Stewart of White Oaks.

Creamery Butter—3 pounds for $1.00. Special price by the tub, at Young & Taliaferro's, of White Oaks. 1-50 tf.

New evaporated fruits. Raisins citron currants. Stewart of White Oaks.

Take your eggs to A. Ridgeway White Oaks.

Lots of new goods arriving at P. G. Peters.

Flour $3.50 at P. G. Peters.

Go to P. G. Peters for pure spice.

W. A. JENKINS. P. F. GARRETT.

W. A. Jenkins. & Co.

Calls the attention especially of the readers of the Banner to the fact that they keep on hand Machinery and Plows. Such as, The Osborne Mowers, Self Binders, Full Circle Hay Presses, Hay Stackers, Rakes, Spring tooth all steel Harrows, Cultivators, Corn Planters, Check Rowers, And the most complete stock of Plows and lowest prices in New Mexico away from the R. R. And we mean just what we say, COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

Roswell, N. M.

A. RIDGEWAY.

GROCERIES.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE

ONE BLOCK EAST OF POST OFFICE,

WHITE OAKS.

P. G. PETERS,

Nogal, New Mexico,

Dry Goods, Boots & Shoes
Notions, Hardware,
Clothing, Groceries,
Drugs,
Miners' Supplies,

All Cheap for Cash

Will Trade For

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Highest prices paid for Hides, Pelts, Skins, Wool, Eggs and Grain

REMEMBER!

The Cash Store.

Don't fail to see our Cheviots, Ginghams, Denims, Jeans and Cotton Goods

Before purchasing elsewhere.

All we ask is to try us,

The only Spot Cash Store

In LINCOLN COUNTY.

LEVIN W. STEWART,

SUCCESSOR TO

WHITE OAKS, N. M.

E. J. Post & Co.,

WHOLESALE HARDWARE, AGENTS FOR

Great Western Stove Co's Stoves, Buckeye Mowers and Reapers, Fairbank Scales Chieftain Hay Forks, California Plow Co. Studebaker Wagons and Carriages.

A Full and Complete Stock of

Wagon Wood-Work, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Etc.

Manufacturers of everything in the Sheet Iron, Copper and Tinware Line.

ALBUQUERQUE, N.

Mail or Telegraph Orders Promptly Attended To.

City Shoe Store,

A. Simpier, Prop'r

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

BOOTS AND SHOES.

ALBUQUERQUE,..............................N. M.

Those wishing to purchase boots and shoes will do well to write to A. Sim only exclusive shoe dealer in Albuquerque, N. M. P. O. Box 54.

Mr. Livingston of New York.

Advocate, Topeka, Kan.

Republican journals, in general, and the Topeka *Capital*, in particular, have been for several days manufacturing Ingalls buncombe from the sayings of the President of the New York State Alliance who has been sojourning in this city. The *Capital* does not inform its readers of the unceremonious manner in which it was found expedient to cut short Mr. Livingston's address at the Ingalls' caucus, but it is willing to make use of such of his sayings as can be made serviceable in reflecting upon the character of the Alliance in Kansas, and its relation to the National organization. There is not the least doubt in the mind of any Kansas Alliance man who has met Mr. Livingston that he has been sent here as an Ingalls striker. He has all the characteristic ear marks, and his conduct since his arrival in this city will admit of no other interpretation of his mission. We know nothing [illegible] man's character or standing at home, but this much we can say: If the New York State Alliance has any use for him we would advise the brethren of that state to recall him as soon as possible. We have no use for him in Kansas. A president of the state Alliance who will come all the way from New York for the purpose of lending his aid to the emissaries of monopoly in their efforts to defeat the will of the people as unmistakably expressed at the ballot box, and secure the return to the United States senate of a man whose whole influence and very vote have been given in the interest of corporations and monopolies during all the years of his Senatorial career, certainly needs to be converted, born again and baptized in the true faith before he can be accepted by our people as a friend of the farmers and laboring men of the country. He says he is going from here to California. We apprehend that there, as here, he will find his most congenial associates among the boodlers of the old parties. He is evidently at home in such company, and is perfectly familiar with their methods. He is a wolf in sheep's clothing. Look out for him.

Uncle Sam's Auction Sale

Farmers' Friend.

I will sell on my farm between the Atlantic and Pacific, on March 14th, 1893, all of the following described property, to wit:

Twenty tons of fat office seekers.

Twenty three car loads of Associated presses, used to press hayseeds.

Five hundred head watered stock.

Two dozen trusts, Grinder's patent.

Five dozen eye heaters.

Sixty dozen land grabbers.

Three thousand national banks. My hired men fed them well and they are good stock for the butcher.

Half a dozen stock exchanges; can also be used for dehorning cattle.

Two hundred yards imperishable bonds, all have patent expansion balance and are set in dust proof cases.

One gilt edge bondmill and premium elevator.

40 car loads No. 1 censors.

Twenty five car loads of [illegible] cal treasurers.

Fifty tons perverters.

Forty five cases of eye glasses, used to discover technicalities.

Thirty cases hardened mortgage machines.

A large assortment of cut and dried caucuses.

Will also sell one half of my patent right factory, and many household articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at ten o'clock.

Terms:—Spot cash.

Some of the U. S. Satan's agents will be here, and will kindly loan you of my money at thirty six per cent, if you give mortgage.

If their supply of money should not be sufficient for the demand, then they will send a dispatch to my treasury, and it will be forthcoming the same day.

A free dinner of dressed beef and standard oil will be served on the grounds.

Reason for selling is that my hired men have mismanaged affairs so bad-ly that my boys have decided to do all the work on the farm themselves. Hence the above named property will be no longer needed on the farm.

UNCLE SAM.

Willing to Meet Half Way.

Jas. Cockrell, in National Economist.

As a member of the Alliance away out here in Republican Illinois and the Republican northwest, where all Alliance men, after agreeing with our brothers of the south to bury the bloody garment, to do away with sectional hatred by meeting them half way, have knocked our old Republican party into a cocked hat, it amuses and disgusts me to see Alliance men in the south striving to bring the Alliance into the fold of the old time-worn, battle-scarred, wooden-legged and moss-covered Democratic party. Gentlemen, it won't work. In laying down our old Republican party we don't aim to pick up that other old tool of King Shylock, the Democratic party with its hellish old wealth centralizing and misery-begetting specie basis, Jewish system of money. Brother E. N. Macey, give us a rest on your grand principles of Democracy with a Democratic party that never did nor never will carry them out. We might sing you a song of Abraham Lincoln Republicanism, but we are not going to bore you with the music, for the reason that we have learned that Abraham Lincoln Republicanism and the Republican party are two very distinct and different things. Brother Macey, you tell us that the demands of our organization are all Democratic, but the leaders of your old Democratic party tell us that our demands are paternalism, socialism agrarianism, and that they are unconstitutional.

We might tell you that they are purely Republican, and that everybody ought to help us to get the Republican party to carry them out; but we are not going to do that, because we started to meet you half way, and that would be asking you to come all the way. But suppose we take the plan hinted at in the closing of Brother Macey's long article, go ahead organizing and educating the farmers of the north and the farmers of the south, all demanding the very same thing, but remain divided into two parties, the Democratic and Republican, the same two old war parties, the same two old parties that are owned and run by all the evil influences that are centralizing the wealth of the country, making the wealth producers, manufacturing tramps, criminals, paupers and prostitutes, and without united action on the part of the toiling millions, north and south, will make us a nation of plutocrats and slaves. Gentlemen, lay aside your old monopoly ridden Democratic party. We are now ready to meet you half way to join drives on both old machines. From this on we are going to send men to Congress who are independent of both old parties, and we would like to see you sending the same kind of men from the south, and you had better do it; for by sticking to your old party, by training under the Democratic banner, you will most assured-ly strengthen the Republican party, and every Alliance man that returns to the Republican party on account of your actions will take up the fight [illegible] he [illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] brothers, do you not hear that mighty roar? It is the crash of business firms falling over the precipice of bankruptcy! Do you hear that cry of despair? It is the wail of starving mothers with famishing babes. Do you not hear that heart-rending cry of misery that is going up from the victims of pampered lust, who, driven to the verge of starvation, have [illegible] the last means of life, bartered virtue for bread? Do not see that lifeless body on the pavement, the skull crushed to fragments and the brains spattered on the wall like mud! It is the corpse of the woman who, having tramped the streets of the [illegible] in search of employment, and [illegible] been turned from the door of [illegible], has flung herself from the [illegible] under the roof of a [illegible] tenement, and sought by suicide, in another world, that peace which a Christian civilization had denied her in this. All this, and a thousand [illegible] greater [illegible] around us [illegible] of our [illegible] system of laws and [illegible] who call themselves Christians, who have the power to remedy the [illegible] quarreling over party differences.

Christianity and Governments.

Kansas Agitator.

There is not a Christian nation today upon the face of the earth—there never has been. All the boasting of American preachers and religious press of American Christianity, of a Christian nation is disproved by the facts. Many American laws are anti-Christ. There is a vast amount of form, but there is little of the spirit of Christ. Christ fed the hungry, healed the sick, caused the blind to see, and the lame to walk. The true Christ is a living reality, and everything he touches responds to the touch. Neither Catholic Rome or Protestant England, or free America, have touched the masses to feed, to heal, to clothe, to make happy. The systems that prevailed in ancient Egypt prevails in Rome. The awful poverty of the masses of ancient Persia is being duplicated in Protestant England. Ancient Greece has her counterpart in free America. There is no Christ in governments that create titled millionaires and palaces on one hand, and miserable hovels and paupers on the other. There is no Christ in a government that licenses a traffic that fills the country with wrecks of poor fallen humanity, or breaks the hearts of wives and mothers, and whose very breath is poison to the nation. The government that is moved by the spirit of Christ's will, must eradicate the evils of extreme poverty and vice of the toiling millions. It will restrain the strong, strengthen the weak, cultivate health and morals and shut the doors of temptations.

What A Pity!

Plow and Hammer.

If you question the honesty of the leaders of the two old political parties, your friends will question your sanity.

If you point out the corrupting influences of a Quay or a Brice, the ardent admirer of his party charges you with being unjust to his party.

If you make the mass of the party responsible for the acts of the leaders, then you are accused of abusing those whom you expect to influence to cast off their allegiance to party [illegible].

If you [illegible] the [illegible] of all and equal and exact justice to all classes, you are charged with trying to boost into power demagogues.

What a pity that the masses of the old parties are so blind to their own interests as to allow the political bosses to control them, body and soul! The ardent desire of all true Independents is to better the condition of the country by putting the power into the hands of the masses instead of allowing the self-constituted leaders to dictate the platform, enforce and demand class legislation and bring to the level of the brute the workingmen of the land.

What a pity that the whole people do not at once arise and shake off the tyranny of the monopolies and assert their independence by declaring that from henceforth they will fight for home and manhood. The [illegible] are ripe for the change. Agitation and organization are being [illegible] [illegible]. Everywhere and [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] that they are [illegible] that are [illegible] with the teachings of the old parties. Get ready, be prepared to stand for the right, and then we can turn our eyes of pity upon the poor dupes that have been the victims of the politicians.

It is a little amusing to see the way some labor papers pull Governor Boies, of Iowa, on account of something that he said at the Cleveland banquet. Do it known that Boies [illegible] the infamous tramp law, passed by a republican legislature, that makes it a crime in Iowa, punishable with imprisonment, to be in a condition that [illegible] [illegible]. Also, no man was [illegible] to the railroad interests of Iowa, and after he was elected it was [illegible] that he was elected by railroad influence to give a [illegible] to the republicans, who under Governor Larrabee [illegible] some wholesome railroad legislation. Post up, gentlemen, post up [illegible].

[illegible] was reported [illegible] at [illegible] from Santa Fe [illegible] to the apprehension of the assassin.

Farmers who have lost their homes through usury and mortgage foreclosure, would now relish an opportunity of a seat in the Wall street stock exchange gallery to look down into the cess pool of iniquity and there behold the serpents writhe with agony of despair, because their stocks will no longer hold water, and because their prospects in the future to skin the farmers have been blighted. The Farmers Alliance should continue to organize and press this victory of currency and transportation reform to a successful conclusion.—*Alliance Record, Montgomery Ala.*

THE ALLIANCE DEMANDS.

Adopted in National Convention at Ocala, Florida, Dec. 2-9, 1890.

First. We demand the abolition of National Banks; we demand that the government shall establish sub-treasuries, or depositories, in the several states, which shall loan money direct to the people at a low rate of interest, not to exceed two per cent. per annum, on non-perishable farm products, and also upon real estate, with proper limitations upon the quantity of land and amount of money. We demand that the amount of the circulating medium be speedily increased to not less than $50 per capita.

Second. We demand that Congress shall pass such laws as shall effectually prevent the dealing in futures on all agricultural and mechanical productions, preserving a stringent system of procedure in trials, such as shall secure prompt conviction and the imposition of such penalties as shall secure the most perfect compliance with the law.

Third. We condemn the silver bill recently passed by Congress, and demand in lieu thereof the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

Fourth. We demand the passage of laws prohibiting alien ownership of land, and that Congress take prompt action to devise some plan to obtain all lands now owned by aliens and foreign syndicates, and that all lands now held by railroads and other corporations in excess of such as is actually used and needed by them, be reclaimed by the government and held for actual settlers only.

Fifth. Believing in the doctrine of equal rights to all and special privileges to none, we demand that our national legislation shall be so framed in the future as not to build up one industry at the expense of another. We further demand a removal of the existing heavy tariff from the necessaries of life that the poor of our land must have. We further demand a just and equitable system of graduated tax on incomes. We believe that the money of the country should be kept, as much as possible, in the hands of the people, and hence we demand that all national and state revenue shall be limited to the necessary expenses of the government, economically and honestly administered.

Sixth. We demand the most rigid, honest and just state and national government control and supervision of the means of public communication and transportation, and if this control and supervision does not remove the abuses now existing, we demand the government ownership of such means.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Roswell, N. M., Jan 9, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before [illegible], Probate Clerk, at Lincoln, N. M., on Saturday, Feb. [illegible], 1891, viz: [illegible], Homestead No. [illegible] [illegible]

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: [illegible], N. M., [illegible] W. Henley, [illegible], N. M., [illegible] P. Howell and [illegible], N. M.

[illegible] WEIFIELD S. COSGAN, Register.

The American Nonconformist

By [illegible]

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WINFIELD, KANSAS.

[illegible]

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FEATURES

FOR

1891.

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ADVOCATE PUBLISHING CO.,

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P. O. Nogal, N. M.

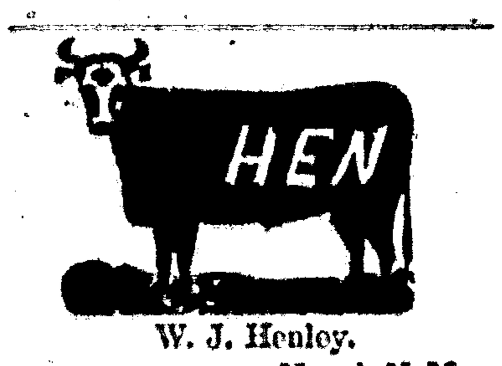
Range, on east slope, San Andreas mts.

Other Brands:

L. Jennings & R. C. Russell.

Nogal, N. M.

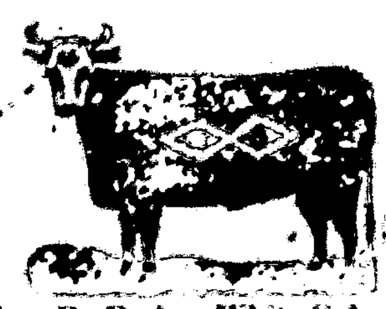
Ranch and range Mogado Canon, N. M.



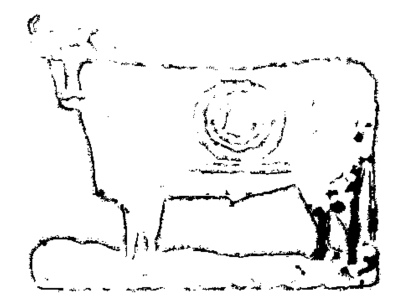
W. J. Henley.

Nogal, N. M.

Range Nogal and Surrounding country.

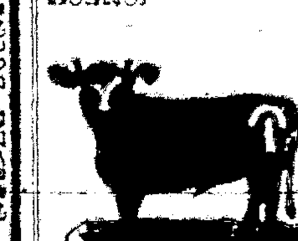


Geo. B. Barber, White Oaks, NM



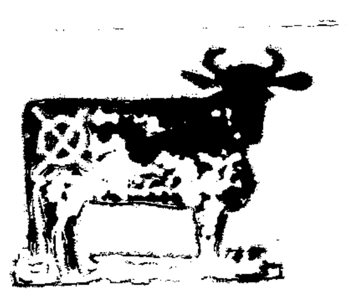
R. C. Russell, [illegible], N. M.

Some of the cattle in other brands and counterbranded. Range, Rio Bonito.



P. F. Brown, Nogal N. M.,

Range, Nogal and Dry Gulch.



Geo. W. Coe, Fort Stanton, N. M. Horse brand same on left shoulder. Range on the lower [illegible].

W. M. Whar[illegible], White Oaks N. M. Range [illegible] side of [illegible] mts.

To Our Alliance People:

[illegible]

THE INFAMOUS CONSPIRACY!

Concocted by the Money Power at the Commencement of the Late War to Enslave the Producing Classes.

Read and Ponder the Effect of this Dastardly and Damnably Cruel Wrong Inflicted Upon the People.

THE HAZZARD CIRCULAR, ISSUED IN 1862, TO THE AMERICAN BANKERS.

"Slavery is likely to be abolished by the war power, and chattel slavery will be destroyed. This, I and my European friends are in favor of, for slavery is but the owning of labor and carries with it the care for the laborer, while our plan is for capital to control labor by controlling wages. This can be done by controlling money.

The great debt that capital will see to it, is made out of this war, must be used as the means to control the volume of money. To accomplish this, the money must be bonded, and the bonds must be used as the banking basis.

We are now waiting to get the Secretary of the Treasury to make the recommendation to Congress. It will not do to allow the greenbacks to circulate as money for any length of time, for we cannot control them, but we can control the bonds, and through them the bank issue.

THE BUELL CIRCULAR SENT BY THE BANKERS' ASSOCIATION TO THE BANKS.

DEAR SIR:—It is advisable to do all in your power to sustain such daily and prominent weekly newspapers, especially the agricultural and religious press, as will oppose the issuing of greenback paper money, and that you also withhold patronage or favors from all applicants who are not willing to oppose the government issue of money. Let the government issue the coin, and the banks issue the paper money of the country, for then we can better protect each other. To repeal the law creating national bank notes, or to restore to circulation the government issue of money will be to provide the people with money, and will, therefore seriously effect your individual profit as bankers and lenders. See your member of Congress at once, and engage him to support our interest, that we may control legislation.

Notice For Publication,

LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, February, 2 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before George Sena, Probate clerk at Lincoln, N. M., on Wednesday, March 25, 1891, viz: Charles E. Littlefield Hd. [illegible] (R S) for the N. W. ¼, Sec. 14, Tp. 11, S, R. 13 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Amos R. Baker, Jesse M. Drazel, John H. Bingham, William W. Drazel all of Ft. Stanton, N. M. WEIFIELD S. COSGAN, [illegible] Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, N. M. February 2, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before George Sena, Probate Clerk, at Lincoln N. M., on Wednesday March 25, 1891, viz: T. [illegible], Homestead [illegible] for the [illegible] Sec. [illegible], and N. W. 1/4 S. W. 1/4, Sec. [illegible], Tp. 8, S. R. 17 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz: Romaldo [illegible], Francisco B. Y. Valencia, Juan Domingo Beltran and Urbano Ramirez all of Lincoln, N. M.

203 [illegible] WEIFIELD S. COSGAN, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, N. M., Jan. 9, 1891,

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before George Sena, Probate Clerk, at Lincoln, N. M., on Saturday, March 7, 1891, viz: Jose M. Vega, Homestead No. 1,1[illegible], [illegible] for the [illegible] Sec. [illegible], Tp. 8, S. R. 13 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: [illegible], Jose Torres, Tomas Chaves and [illegible], all of Nogal, N. M.

140 WEIFIELD S. COSGAN, Register.

George A. Hyde. William A. Hyde.

Livery, and Feed Stable

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PROPRIETORS.

NOGAL, NEW MEXICO.

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Coal for sale in any quantity at $3 per ton on the [illegible] and deliver it at Nogal, Fort Stanton and Lincoln at $6 per ton. Address

WORLLEY & JOHNSON,

310 Fort Stanton, N. M.

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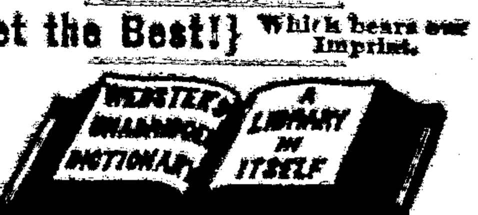

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