THE NOGAL NUGGET.

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. J. COCKRELL,

Attorney-at-Law,

JOHN P. HEWITT,

Attorney-at-Law.

White Oaks, N. M.

G. W. B. BARBOUR,

Attorney-at-Law,

White Oaks, N. M.

J. E. SLIGH,

Att'y-at-Law,

NOGAL, N. M.

T. W. HENLEY,

Notary Public,

Nogal, New Mexico

Office south end of town, at stage house.

THE

PLACER HOTEL,

NOGAL, NEW MEXICO

B. F. BROWN,

STANTON

HOUSE,

BY MRS. AMELIA FRITZ.

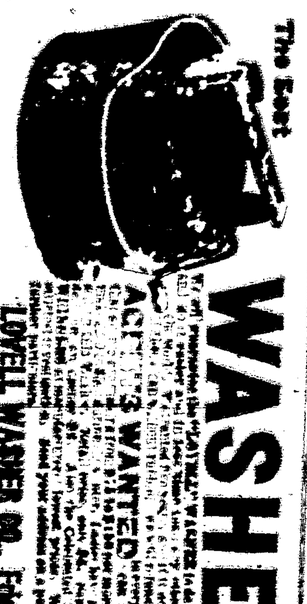
Lincoln, N. M.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable,

WALTER A. CHURCH,

PROPRIETOR.

NOGAL, NEW MEXICO



The Nugget $2 a year.

MY LADY TONGUE.

BY AMELIE RIVES,

AUTHOR OF "THE QUEEN OF THE DEAD," "ASMODEUS," "ON BONES ISLAND," ETC., ETC.

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the Colonel's favorite, "Trumpeter," as "Hackney" was lame, and Judith preferred a great sun-colored brute, rejoicing in the name of "Eyebrows"—why, no one [illegible], as the gallant steed certainly [illegible] alone. He had a blazed face and a blind eye, and enough daylight under him to have illuminated St. Peter's every cogn of disadvantage. But Boughton found that his rider had a firm grip upon him, along that told some[illegible] and the great raw beast jumped like a [illegible].

It was a pretty sight as they rode out the next morning. The sun was just rising behind a zone of dull gray clouds. Beryl-green and topaz-yellow met with the soft [illegible] of a [illegible] and heaven, and the moon, [illegible] with much watching, crept down [illegible] the naked acacia trees to the left. Over the brown lawn there was a light [illegible] of snow, and there was a [illegible] abroad, together with much rustling of withered grass and trees.

They had some hot coffee, which Judith poured out for them, and the red [illegible] of the green [illegible], and then they set out at a [illegible] for the meet.

Judith had plenty to do in attending to Eyebrows, who was disposed to coquette with every dead leaf that blew across his way, and Trumpeter was sufficient of a handful for Boughton's mind completely occupied.

"Ah, there's the music!" called the Colonel, over his shoulder. "Keep [illegible]. He'd bolt in a minute if [illegible]."

[illegible] the vow yowing of the [illegible] and [illegible] Judith [illegible] to speak [illegible] German [illegible] to see [illegible] about a week, [illegible] Boughton [illegible] "[illegible] over with [illegible] make this mellowed [illegible] of [illegible] No [illegible] and [illegible] eyes now. Her [illegible] said, with her [illegible] Boughton [illegible] Philip [illegible] Judy." [illegible] Judith [illegible] Philip [illegible] Judith [illegible] Philip [illegible] Philip [illegible] Philip

THE NOGAL NUGGET.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

TERMS, PER YEAR, $2.00, CASH.

H. L. HARRIS, Publisher.

Entered at the post office at Nogal, N. M., as second class mail matter.

Advertising rates will be made on application. With yearly advertisers liberal arrangements will be made.

Bro. Allen seems to be an "Interrupter" to the Lincoln "Independent."

The Roswell and Eddy papers are filled almost totally with irrigation items and ideas.

A copy of the constitution recently framed by the convention has been handsomely bound in Russian leather and forwarded to President Harrison.

A. R. Robbins of Las Vegas, has been appointed postmaster of that city. His predecessor was removed on the report of a post office inspector.

Mr. J. A. Erwin, editor of the Pecos Valley Register, passed through Nogal last week, en route to Albuquerque, to attend the editor's convention.

One W. J. Standen recently jumped a $50 board bill in San Marcial and was caught in Albuquerque, tried and sentenced to jail for 60 days, according to the law enacted by the last legislature.

The Sun, a new democratic paper just started at Santa Fe, is on our table. We exchange with pleasure, and wish it success, but fear it will find it an uphill business to combat with the "Santa Fe ring."

Two editors, named respectively Carson Parker and D. C. Russell, unfortunate beings, of Pueblo, Colo., have recently died in that city from intemperance. The latter was an officer in the confederate army under Longstreet.

A bill is to be introduced at an early day for the establishment of a penal colony in Alaska, where criminals of a certain class could be sent out from this country, something after the custom in Russia by which convicts are sent to Siberia.

The Socorro Advertiser strikes the Santa Fean thusly: "If an office holder is found dead by a citizen of Santa Fe, he conceals the body until he telegraphs his application for the dead man's office to Washington. No flies on a Santa Fe man."

The NUGGET and many friends in this section sympathize with the Hon. E. G. Shields, late register of the Las Cruces land office, in the loss of his mother, which occurred at Hanibal, Mo., on the 4th inst., just before Mr. Shields reached her bedside.

Mrs. Robert Tyler died in Montgomery, Ala., recently, aged 74 years. She was the daughter of Thos. Cooper, the tragedian, and Mary Fairlie, a celebrated belle of New York. In 1840 she married Robert Tyler, eldest son of President Tyler, and, upon the special request of the president and his wife, who was an invalid, she presided as "lady of the white house" during the first three years of President Tyler's administration.

The New Mexican says: Mr. W. B. Childers of Albuquerque, is mentioned for the chairmanship of the democratic central committee of New Mexico. The selection would by no means be a bad one. But if Mr. Childers really desires the position he will do well to pay the Albuquerque Blackmailer Democrat or its owner (of unsavory reputation) a few dollars "to shut up." The support of that blackmailing crew will defeat his aspirations in that line.

In reference to the proposed new federal election law, destined only to break the solid south and maintain republican supremacy, which they will attempt to pass the present congress, Senator Pugh says: "It will be impossible to pass such a bill. As for myself, I will remain in my seat night and day for weeks to prevent the senate from passing such a bill, and the other democratic senators will do the same. This is the most vicious of all the republican attempts to violate the constitutional rights of the states, and it will be resisted to the last by the democrats."

NOBLE, MAGNANIMOUS, MR. KIBBEE!

The editor returns home, this week, in time to express his appreciation of the attention with which he was honored by the Lincoln Independent of last week.

The magnanimous, knightly editor of the Independent reminds us of a bold, brave Frenchman who flourished in Louisiana during the early days of that state: War, of course, was not declared between the English and French-speaking people of that state, but the feeling, on the part of the French, was that of hatred towards the Americans. Another factor in the early settlement of Louisiana was the Indian. He was the natural enemy of the white man, and upon all occasions made it a point to wreak his vengeance upon the invaders of his hunting ground. Upon one occasion an American, passing from one settlement to another, was caught by the Indians, bound securely to a tree, scourged most unmercifully and left there, bound hand and foot, more dead than alive. By the time he had revived somewhat and recovered his voice, a Frenchman came passing by. The American at once besought the heroic son of La belle France to release him.

"Eh!" replied the Frenchman, "you tied to de tree?"

"Yes," answered the suffering man, "the Indians tied me here and have beaten me nearly to death; make haste and untie me!"

"R r-are, pitch and ta r-e; see if you can't get loose," replied the brave Frenchman.

"O, its no use," said the man whose raw flesh was still quivering with pain from the cruel blows which the Indians had bestowed upon his back, "I have tried to get loose; I can't do it; untie me."

"Oh, by gar; Americaine no can get loose, eh? Then Mr. Frenchman will take one leetle hand," and thereupon he gave the American a most brutal cudgelling and left him, still tied to the tree, to be released by more humane persons.

So with Mr. Kibbee; he waits until the order for the sale of the NUGGET is published in his paper, and assures himself that Mr. Sligh "can't get loose," and then, like the Frenchman, he "takes one leetle hand."

Mr. Kibbee knows that Parker & Wells, actuated by the savage instincts of the Indian, have entangled the NUGGET in the meshes of fair promises in its beginning, and foul betrayal afterward, which has resulted in its loss to Mr. Sligh. Then when Mr. Sligh cries out against such injustice, Mr. Kibbee, thinking himself safe, and to curry favor with the apparently successful men, coolly says he has been "praying for somebody to choke him off," and now that Mr. Sligh no longer has "control of the columns of a newspaper," will sail in and give Mr. Sligh a few blows.

Brave, magnanimous, knightly Mr. Kibbee! As Shakespeare says:

> "He who fights and runs away,
> Will live to fight another day."

Mr. Kibbee has changed that old rhyme:

> He who fights a man, tied and bound,
> Will live to fight another round.

The National Democrat says Senator Ingalls has declared himself in favor of a law exempting the children of union veterans from examinations under the civil service law as a means of securing appointment. There is only one step beyond this to take, and we might as well take it if we are to adopt the proposition of Senator Ingalls, and that is to exempt all descendants of union veterans from the necessity of earning a living. The republican party is determined to create an hereditary class of some sort in this country, and we should be glad to have the party show its full hand before 1892.

The Gallup News-Register, which, by the way, has been greatly improved lately, says: Geo. Powell, who lives near Hillsborough, New Mexico, is credited with the sale of fourteen hundred dollars worth of vegetables this year from five acres of ground. The Fort Wingate gardens can double discount this record and so can any intelligent man, who will find water to irrigate that number of acres of Pueco valley land near Gallup, and cultivate it properly.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Geronoimo's Gang.

Chicago, Jan. 9.—A special to the Times from Washington says Gen. Crook has just returned from Mt. Vernon barracks, Ala., whither he went to investigate the condition of the Apache Indians confined there. He tells a sad story of their sufferings and the wrongs they have endured at the hands of the United States. He says: "Ninety of the children of these Apaches were taken from them and sent to the school at Carlisle, Pa. Forty of them died. When I went into the camp the Indians crowded around me, shook hands, pulled at my arm, patted me on the back and hugged me. They stood and looked at me with tears in their eyes, too full for utterance. They had given up hope and never expected to see me again. Chato touched the medal President Cleveland had given him and which he still wore in his breast, and said reproachfully: I thought I got this for being faithful and keeping my word; yet I am here. Oh, these people are in a pitiful condition! All they want is a place to live in and something to do. They will farm! They will work! They will raise up their children and have a future if they are only given a chance." Gen. Crook was asked who is responsible. "I scarcely know," said he. "It was the fault of both the army and the Indian office."

Campbell Inaugurated.

Columbus, Ohio, January 9.—The ceremony attending the inauguration of James E. Campbell as governor was unusually elaborate and interesting. Not only from all parts of the state, but from the adjoining states democratic clubs came to participate in the rejoicing of the local democracy. Gov. Foraker was present, and by his gentlemanly bearing evoked the first democratic cheer of his life. To night the members of the legislature and specially invited guests will attend a ball at the governor's mansion.

New Oklahoma Boom.

Oklahoma City I. T., January 9.—Great excitement exists in the city today, owing to the fact that the land office at Guthrie has accepted what is called the Murray plat, which if it obtains, will bring within the city limits twenty acres of valuable land adjacent to the city on the north.

Three hundred people, men and women, have been on the ground all day in the rain and sleet, staking lots and preparing to build houses. Scenes of the memorable 22d of April were re-enacted to-day.

Judge Kelley Dead.

Washington, Jan. 11.—Judge Kelley, of Pennsylvania, died at 6:20 Thursday evening. At his bedside were Mrs. Kelley, his daughter, Mrs. P. O. Horstman, his sons, William D. Kelley, jr., and A. B. Kelley, Dr. Stanton and Private Secretary Weirick.

Judge Kelley has served in the lower house longer than any other member, and for this reason is often called the "Father of the house." He for many years has been known as "Pig Iron Kelley."

Gen. R. E. Lee's Birthday.

Savannah, Ga., January 10.—The birthday of Gen. Robert E. Lee, which, in Georgia, is now a legal holiday, was observed to day all over the state. The courts, offices and banks were all closed. In some places public meetings were held and speeches were delivered, which extolled the life and services of the confederate soldier.

Nine Hangings for One Day.

Fort Smith, Ark., January 10.—Of the nine murderers now in the federal jail, who are to be hanged on Thursday, January 16th, all but one have made professions of religion and confessed their crimes. The one is Geo. Tober, a young negro, who holds out that he is innocent. Seven of the nine are full-blooded Indians. As all of them are aggravated cases, it is quite likely the whole nine will hang.

Fisherman's Luck.

Davenport, Jan. 11.—The Mississippi river has never been as low as it is now, and the unheard of stage is furnishing a great many interesting incidents. At several places within the past week it has been waded, notably at this point. Here and there have long forgotten wrecks been exposed all along the upper river. One of the richest discoveries has just been made on the fifteen mile rapids, which extend for that distance above this point. More than thirty years ago a barge laden with a valuable cargo of bar lead bound to St. Louis from the smelters of Dubuque was jammed hard upon one of the sharp jagged rocks which now thickly line the steamboat channel and settled and sank in a pocket. It could never be located and was a total loss. Within the past day or so a poor fisherman named John Suiter has discovered the resting place of this mass of metal, and is now engaged in rescuing it. The owners have long since disappeared, and Suiter will probably be undisturbed. The find makes him independently rich.

New Advertisements.

Dissolution.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name and style of Bond & Stewart, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Arthur J. Bond retiring. Levin W. Stewart will continue the business of the late firm and will and is hereby authorized and empowered to collect all debts due the firm, and will pay and hereby assumes all the liabilities thereof.

ARTHUR J. BOND,
LEVIN W. STEWART.

To my Friends, Patrons and the Public at Large: Having sold my entire interest in the firm of Bond & Stewart to Levin W. Stewart, I gratefully thank you, one and all, for your kind and lavish patronage in the past, and sincerely hope that you will continue to bestow upon my worthy successor (Mr. Stewart) the liberal patronage and support deserving of one who is a thorough business man, well and widely known, and for doing business on a strictly square basis. Most respectfully yours,

ARTHUR J. BOND.

Refering to the above cards, I hereby gratefully acknowledge all past favors and bespeak your kind continuance of same. I shall do all in my power to merit your good wishes, and keep your patronage.

LEVIN W. STEWART.

White Oaks, N. M., Dec. 31, 1889.

FOR SALE! OR WILL TRADE FOR CATTLE,

One pair of good

American Mules.

Best pair of mules in the county. Come and see me or address me at Nogal, New Mexico.

FRED MAYER.

Nogal, Dec. 25, 1889. 3-21

BEST
D. M. FERRY & CO.
SEED ANNUAL
D. M. FERRY & CO.
DETROIT, MICH.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT LAS CRUCES, N. M., December 16, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at Las Cruces, N. M., on Monday Jan. 27, 1890, viz: Henry Metcalf, on D. S. No. 3416, for the N½ of nw¼, sw¼ of nw¼ and nw¼ of sw¼, sec. 23, tp. 14 s. ra. 9 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: P. Coghlan, H. K. Parker, of Tularosa, N. M.; Joseph Rush, of Las Cruces, N. M.; J. P. Morris, of El Paso, Texas.

SAMUEL P. McCREA, Register.

3-21

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT LAS CRUCES, N. M., December 18, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at Las Cruces, N. M., on Jan. 31, 1890, viz: Rosario Lopez, of Tularosa, N. M., who made homestead application No. 838 for the sw qr of nw qr of sec. 33, and se qr of sec. 32, tp. 14 south of ra. 9 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Martin Lopez, Luis Valencia, Francisco Bernal, of Tularosa, N. M.; Natividad Prado, of La Luz, N. M.

SAMUEL P. McCREA, Register.

3-21

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT LAS CRUCES, N. M., December 18, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at Las Cruces, N. M., on Jan. 31, 1890, viz: Jose Gonzales, of Tularosa, N. M., who made homestead application No. 832, for the sw qr of se qr, s ½ of nw qr and nw qr of sw qr of sec. 14, tp. 15 s, ra. 9 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Martin Lopez, Luis Valencia, Francisco Bernal, of Tularosa, N. M.; Natividad Prado, of La Luz, N. M.

SAMUEL P. McCREA, Register.

3-21

1890

NEW : ARRIVALS : AND

Seasonable Dry Goods!

J. C. DELANY'S

New stock of Dry Goods consists of ladie's, gent's, misse's and children's All-Wool,

Cashmere and Merino Hose,

Ladie's fine Wool and Cashmere Underwear, Gent's White, Scarlet and Grey natural wool Underwear, equal in quality and price to any in the territory. Men's Cardegan Jackets, all prices, all shades and colors. Ladie's

Wool Hoods, Wool-Knit Jerseys and Wool Coats,

Infant's Toboggans, Bootees and Wool Coats, ladie's imported Beaver-Fur trimmed

NEWMARKETS.

Overcoats, Overcoats!

Gent's Overcoats from $3 50 to $25 00, all sizes, to suit great and small. A few choice Goat and Wolf Buggy Robes, at bed-rock prices. Another large lot of our celebrated $5 00 Blankets, best value in the county. Three cases of Comforts, at prices below zero.

FLANNELS!

Scarlet and white Wool Flannels, Canton Flannels, bleached and unbleached; Kentucky Jeans, Muslins, Ginghams, and a large line of staple Dry Goods.

DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS!

Our Dress Goods department is now complete with a splendid line of Imported and Domestic Fabrics. All-wool Henrietta Cloaks, Imported Mohairs, French and English Cashmeres, Serges, all-wool Flannels; ladie's Cloaks, everything that the most fastidious could desire.

Notions, Perfumes, Toilet Articles, Handkerchiefs,

Gloves, etc., etc., in fact a general stock of first class dry goods, at lowest prices. Come and see us and be convinced.

J. C. DeLANY,

Post Trader, Fort Stanton, New Mexico.

—WHY—

WILL YOU

With High-priced Goods when you can go to

YOUNG & TALIAFERRO,

White Oaks,

and get a first class article at a low price? Remember, spot cash buyers, that we will not be undersold by any firm in Lincoln county, and that White Oaks is the place to sell your produce. A wagon load don't stock this market. 3-15

SASH, DOORS,

MOULDING

CEILING, SIDINGS, SHINGLES

—AND ALL KINDS OF—

LUMBER,

Always on hand at

Ed. R. Bonnell's,

White Oaks, N. M.

THE NOGAL NUGGET.

Nogal, Lincoln County, New Mexico.

PRICE—$2.00 PER ANNUM.

Local News.

The commissioners court has adjourned over to next Monday.

Men's and Women's Arctics, cheapest in the county. J. C. DeLany.

Pable Pino, who lives about four miles east of town, has a child down with small pox.

Mr. L. W. Bourne was elected justice of the peace of precinct No. 12, (Bonito) and J. H. Skinner constable.

Get the best! That means, trade with Young & Taliaferro, White Oaks.

The Mexicans over on the Salado, had a big pony race last Saturday, in which, as usual, the loser lost his all.

Johnson & Wortley can show up more coal and better coal than any mine in the county. Seeing is believing.

Cow boy Hats at prices to defy competition. J. C. DeLany.

Quite a heavy snow fell here last Saturday night, and the wind which accompanied it was fierce and cold enough.

Mr. Alf. C. Watson's family have returned to their former home in Nogal from San Pedro, and we learn Mr. Watson will return about March next.

We are against high prices: are you with us? Young & Taliaferro.

Bond & Stewart of White Oaks, once a very popular firm, have dissolved partnership, Mr. Stewart continuing the business under his own name. See notice of dissolution in this issue.

W. S. Loyd of Three Rivers, we see it stated, is hopelessly insane, and that he will have to be taken to the asylum. Mr. Loyd is one of the pioneer citizens of this country, and his sad condition is to be regretted.

Bacon, Hams, Lard, direct from packing house, cheaper than the cheapest. J. C. DeLany.

Messrs J. B. Trotter of Roswell, and T. B. Wilson of Eddy, both former citizens and business men of Nogal, during her palmy days, spent a portion of this and last week in our midst. Things appear quite natural to them yet.

Spend a dollar with Young & Taliaferro and you get two back in satisfaction.

We are glad to state that Mr. Sebo Gray has concluded to move his family to town. He comes in order to get his children to school. This will be a valuable accession to our community and we have a good school for the children.

ew Groceries, new groceries. Fresh stock just received by J. C DeLany, Fort Stanton.

Mr. S. J. Slane, who left about a week since for Puntadeagua, about 100 miles distant, in search of a horse, which had been gone over a year, returned Sunday. He found his horse in the possession of a Mexican, who had him up and was training him for a race.

Men's, women's boy's, misse's, children's and infant's boots and shoes, all prices and styles. J. C. DeLany.

A very unusual incident happened in the family of Mr. Henry Emmerson, of Bonito recently. We understand that his wife was delivered on Saturday week and on the following 24 hours was delivered again, thus presenting the anxious father with twins, a boy and girl. The girl baby, unfortunately, died. The good lady and little one left are doing well, so we learn.

You can bless your lucky star that led you to a store where there was so wide a choice, so great a variety, so grand an opportunity to fill all your wants without emptying your purse. Young & Taliaferro.

An editor, who is evidently having a "hard row to hoe," muses thusly: "Lives of poor men often remind us, honest toil doesn't have a chance; more we work we leave behind us bigger patches on our pants. On our pants, once new and glossy, now are patches of different hue, all because subscribers linger, and will not pay us what is due. Then let all be up and doing; send in your subs, be it ever so small, or when now or whenever called on, we shall have no patch on all."

The Election.

The election for precinct officers of this precinct passed off very quietly last Monday. A great deal more interest would have been manifested in it had the weather not been so cold and disagreeable, which kept many voters at home. About sixty votes were polled, counting a few illegally voted and thrown out. Following is the vote, as rendered by the judges, A. M. Eastman, C. H. Brown and Ben Parker:

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Ayres, C. B	40
Turpin, A.	16

FOR CONSTABLE.

Gallatan, Thomas	39
Parker, W. L.	18

FOR SCHOOL DIRECTORS.

Vega, Jose	55
Russell, R. C.	50
Church, W. A.	36
Peters, P. G	27
May, M. B	1

Thus, C. B. Ayres is our justice for the ensuing year, Thomas Gallatan our constable and Messrs Vega, Russell and Church our school directors; all good and honorable men, and we trust will give the people entire satisfaction in their official capacity.

Our citizens were thrown into a feverish excitement last Monday over the report that Mr. Dick Russell was down with small pox at the residence of his brother, R. C. Russell, who lives six or seven miles south of us. There is no doubt but that this loathsome disease will finally reach town, but we think with proper precaution and a liberal use of disinfectants its invasion can be retarded to a large extent. Let everybody stay at home, attend to their own affairs, tell no tales and the d—l will perhaps not be so keen to contaminate us with his disease. Mr. Russell has the sympathy of everybody, and especially on account of his family.

Messrs Sebo Gray and Ruf. Russell returned from White Oaks Sunday, whither they went to participate in the horse race which came off there last Saturday between the Spencer mare and the Guise "Blue." They report that the judges awarded the purse, $50, to the mare, she having run out two feet ahead, but claim that the blue pony did not run up to his record. The betting was lively indeed, as we understand it aggregated two whole cigars. Our White Oaks friends are certainly not very much "stuck" on horse racing, or they were suspicious of its not being a fair contest.

We suggest that our citizens get together and fix up a comfortable pest house, so that in case the small pox does visit us, we will be ready to receive it with open arms and take better care of its subjects. Its evidently bound to visit us and it won't do to delay preparations until it does come, as then the excitement will get the best of any arrangement. It will not cost much to put a house in proper shape and the News suggests that steps be taken at once with that view.

The following remedy is recommended for the influenza. Spray the affected membrane with a ten per cent. solution of quinine freely and frequently, and take four or five times a day a pill made as follows. Quinine, three grains, camphor, one half grain; belladonna, one fourth grain.

SIMPLE FOR PREVENTATIVE.—Sulphate of zinc, 1 grain; digitalis (fox-glove), 1 grain; 1 teaspoonfull sugar mixed with 4 oz. water. Dose—1 table spoonfull every hour for 24 hours.

A Cure for Diphtheria.

The following remedy is said to be the best known, at least it is worth trying, for physicians seem powerless to cope with the disease successfully. At the first indication of diphtheria in the throat of a child make the room close; then take a tin cup and pour into it a quantity of tar and turpentine, equal parts. Then hold the cup over a fire so as to fill the room with fumes. The little patient, on inhaling the fumes, will cough up and spit out all the membranous matter, and the diphtheria will pass off. The fumes of the tar and turpentine loosen the matter in the throat, and thus afford the relief that has baffled the skill of physicians.—Scientific American.

Items from the Lincoln Independent.

It is rumored that a party of masked men have been waylaying parties between here and Stanton, and that one Mexican is now nursing a bullet hole in his leg on account thereof.

E. J. Wilcox says that the cattle raisers in the vicinity of Fort Sumner have combined their forces and placed thirty cowboys on corn-fed horses to keep the cattle from drifting too far down the country. The cattle that stampeded from Clayton during the fierce storm some weeks ago, will not be gathered till next summer.

James Browne, ex-Receiver of the Las Cruces land office, is now traveling agent for the El Paso *Times*. There are lots of people up this way who have a deep longing to personally interview the ex-Receiver and hear from his own lips the "beautiful story" in explanation of his conduct while in office.

A White Oaks correspondent pertinently writes:

Apropos of the land office troubles, settlers in three neighboring land districts are mourning over the loss of money deposited with land officers to pay for their dearly won homes. In one of the Arizona land districts the amount reaches $30,000. In the Las Cruces district the total is yet unknown, but it reaches a very high figure. Under the present laws nobody is responsible but the defaulter, who cannot pay. The Receiver's bondsmen are only responsible for such sums as he has receipted for on behalf of the U. S. deposits by settlers with the Receiver, and prior to the issuance of the final receipt, are at risk of the depositor; he has no security but the integrity of the Receiver. Some change in the law is necessary herein. Meanwhile a change in the practice of the Land Department, will give substantial relief. Under the present practice final proofs are not considered by the Receiver until the money is deposited with the Receiver. Not infrequently there is a delay of months in the acceptance of proofs. Meanwhile settlers are compelled to trust to the personal integrity of the Receiver, without any real security. If the practice be changed so that it will be the duty of the Register to examine proofs when received and notify settlers that they have been accepted and passed to the Receiver, and that payment must be at once made, very little opportunity will remain for peculation. The Las Cruces land office, under Mr. Browne's administration, was as far as five months behind in the issue of final receipts. The circumstances at the time suggested a shortage, and that he took the money of *G.* to cover a responsibility to *A.* incurred months before, and it proves that such was actually the fact. The change of practice suggested is imperatively necessary, at least until a change in the law can be made which will extend the security of the Receiver's bond over all money coming to his hands, as well before as after the issuance of receipt on behalf of the United States.

The Fort Worth Road.

A large force of men and teams arrived at Fort Worth on Dec. 27 from the front of the Fort Worth & Rio Grande, to go to work on Monday on the Fort Worth & Albuquerque. The company has already expended $60,000 for terminals and right of way and will have thirty miles under way by January 1. Contracts have been made for the first fifty miles of steel. The St. Louis, Arkansas & Texas, Fort Worth & Albuquerque and Fort Worth & Denver are negotiating to build a union station together, and J. P. Smith and A. T. Byers have visited St. Louis to see the Cotton Belt officials about it.—St. Louis Railway Register.

The Taos Valley Herald truly says: The attractions in New Mexico for the immigrant are more numerous and diversified than those of any other country on the continent. The fertile and well watered valleys, the many mines of gold, silver, iron, copper, and of other precious metals, add stones; beautiful streams, magnificent scenery, its health giving climate, its relative position as a geographical center and its millions of acres, form the foundation for a grand, glorious and prosperous country.

Rotary Snow Plow in New Mexico.

The use of the Colorado Midland's rotary snow shovel on the Denver, Texas, and Fort Worth seems to have created a mild sensation. A local paper says: "It was put to work in a big cut where the snow was about 20 feet deep and made excellent headway, throwing an avalanche of snow 50 feet into the air at every revolution of the great plow, which literally bored itself throuh a mass as compact as sand. When about the center of the cut, a strange sight was witnessed. Those who were standing on either side of the plow were suddenly deluged with a shower of beef steaks. On all sides fell porterhouse, sirloin, round steaks, small steaks, shoulder steaks, with occasionally a slice of liver or a nicely cut rib roast. It was thought at first that the engine had left the track and was boring its way through a butcher shop. Investigation, however, disclosed the fact that a herd of Texas cattle had crowded into the cut and had frozen and been buried in the drifts. Manager Meek immediately declared that no well regulated road should be without a rotary snow plow."

Missing Men.

On Christmas day a party of six men started on the trail of three cattle thieves, from La Mesa, and up to yesterday had not been heard from. A bunch of cattle, numbering about one hundred, belonging to different parties in the neighborhood were being held in the foothills, the herders going out to see if they kept together, every other day. The day before Christmas they were reported missing and the sign riders cut the trail, going in the direction of old Mexico, the cattle being driven by three horsemen. A party of six men was immediately organized and started in pursuit. The next day one of them returned for a supply of provisions, stating that they had found where a camp had been made and the cattle held over night near the Potrillos mountains. He went back with the supplies and since that time none of the party have been heard from. Grave apprehension is felt for their safety, as the thieves did not have over forty eight hours start being impeded with the cattle herd the pursuing party should have caught up with them at least the second or third day.—Republican.

For some time past an unknown Mexican desperado has been terrorizing the mining camps of Georgetown with his gun, and had shot several inoffensive citizens who had ventured to protest at his behavior. A few days ago officers attempted to arrest him, but he got the drop on them and they were compelled to fall back. His success made him all the more bold and last Saturday he again fired at a man in the suburbs of the town, the ball passing through the citizen's hat. Yesterday a couple of officers hunted him down and arrested him, and were taking him to jail when they met a mob of masked men who took the prisoner away from them and going into a neighboring grove hanged him to a tree and riddled his body with bullets. An old bullet wound was found on the desperado's body. Nothing is known of his identity save that he was a companion of the notorious Mexican Pilar, known to many in Silver City.—Silver City Sentinel.

The epidemic of influenza, or la grippe, has caused a demand for quinine never before equaled in the history of the American market. The demand comes from all parts of the country. From an estimate of a prominent manufacturer it is believed that over 25 tons of drugs have been consumed in this country in the past two weeks, and yet there has been no drug trust formed.

The annual bar meeting of N. M., recently held in Santa Fe, elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Frank W. Clancy, president; G. C. Preston, vice president, 1st district; H. B. Ferguson, vice president, 2d district; John Y. Hewitt, vice president, 3d district; W. J. Mills, vice president, 4th district; E. L. Bartlett, secretary; Eugene A. Fiske, treasurer.

The Silver City Enterprise, in speaking of a former New Mexico jurist, says: Ex Judge J. W. Henderson was pulled in St. Louis last week, along with several other gentlemen, for indulging in the game of "draw." The judge rode to the forfeiture on the hoodlum wagon like a little man.

A. Henley & Son,

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DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES

—AND—

Miner's Supplies.

Best Brands of

Wines, Liquors and Cigars,

Nogal, New Mexico.

Our Motto,

"Quick Sales and Small Profits,"

Shall be strictly adhered to.

We keep everything in the general mercantile line, and when you want anything that you cant see in the house, ask for it. We propose to treat all our customers alike in every particular. Call on us when you come to town.

F. J. McCOURT,

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HARDWARE,

STOVES and TINWARE.

I am Prepared to Furnish all Classes of Builder's Hardware at the Lowest Market prices.

Nails, Iron Pipe, Barb Wire,

at Bed Rock Prices.

Tin Roofing and Eave Troughing a Specialty.

Manufacturer of

All kinds of Tin, Sheet Iron and Copper work. Repairing Neatly and Promptly Done.

White Oaks, - - - New Mexico.

A Rich Treat In Store for Our Readers!

UNCLE AARON;

Or, A Wife Redeemed!

A SPLENDID LITTLE SERIAL STORY,

—BY—

MRS. ISOBEL H. FLOYD.

"WHERE YER ODIN'?" HE SAID.

The above short Serial is a charming little tale—a Pathetic Life-Picture — and full of quiet interest from first to last. No one can read it and not feel that it has done them good. It teaches a lesson, brings it home and impresses it on the heart in a manner that leaves a lasting influence on human character.

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—AND IT—

Will Shortly Appear in These Columns.

It will run but a few weeks, and will be given in liberal installments until complete.

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Come to Make Sure of the Opening Chapters.

We also have other attractive features to follow, announcement of which will be made in due season. In the meantime,

Don't Forget Uncle Aaron!

HE IS A CHARACTER YOU WILL WANT TO KNOW.

MEMPHIS' GOVERNMENT.

How the Metropolis of Tennessee Ceased to Be a Municipality.

Charles Dudley Warner, writing in *Harper's Magazine* about Memphis and its principal troubles, explains: Upon these circumstances the city resorted to a novel expedient. It surrendered its charter to the State, and ceased to exist as a municipality. The leaders of this movement had two reasons for it—the will not to repudiate the city debt, but to gain breathing time, and that municipal government in this country is a failure. The Legislature erected the former Memphis into the taxing district of Shelby County, and provided a government, for it. This government consists of a legislative council of eight members, made up of the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners, consisting of three, and the Board of Public Works, consisting of five. These are all elected by popular vote to serve a term of four years, but the elections are held every two years, so that the council always contains members who have had experience. The Board of Fire and Police Commissioners elects a president, who is the executive officer of the taxing district, and has the power and duties of a mayor; he has a salary of two thousand dollars, inclusive of his fees as police magistrate, and the other members of his board have salaries of five hundred dollars. The members of the Board of Public Works serve without compensation. No man can be eligible to either board who has not been a resident of the district for two years. In addition there is a Board of Health, appointed by the council. This government has the ordinary powers of a city government, defined carefully in the act, but it can not run the city in debt, and it can not appropriate the taxes collected except for the specific purposes named by the State Legislature, which specific appropriations are voted annually by the Legislature on the recommendation of the council. Thus the government of the city is committed to eight men, and the execution of its laws to one man, the president of the taxing district, who has extraordinary power. The final success of this scheme will be watched with a great deal of interest by others cities. On the surface it can be seen that it depends upon securing a non-partisan council, and an honest, conscientious president of the taxing district—that is to say, upon the choice by popular vote of the three men to rule the city. Up to the time this article went to press it has worked exceedingly well, as will appear in a concise review of the condition of the city. The chief thing mentioned was that the president was accused of using temporarily the sum appropriated for one city purpose for another.

The Supreme Court of the United States decided that Memphis had not evaded its obligations by a change of name and form of government. The result was a settlement with the creditors at fifty cents on the dollar, and then the city gathered itself together for a courageous effort and a new era of prosperity.

AN ARRANT HUMBUG.

Old Rum That Age Lends Great Value to Wines Without Foundation.

Now, what are the real facts about old wines? asks the *Mirror*. After fermentation, which is a process of decay, wine will deteriorate unless preventive measures are taken, such as keeping the wine in a cool or even temperature, the addition of alcohol, boiling (the vinous ferment of the flor and mud, like the odor of modern flat jars), and the complete exclusion of the ordinary atmosphere by good corks, by sealing wax or by oil. The most common method for preservation with in modern times is by adding alcohol, and by corking and sealing. The alcohol in wines prepared for England is often in such proportions that the wine ceases to be any thing like the juice of the grape, and too often is as strong as a glass of brandy and water. But with all these precautions there is a time when even the best of wines loses their character.

When I first went to reside in Portugal a property was made me of a few bottles of port wine of the famous vintage of 1847. Port wine, having naturally more sugar, has consequently more alcohol, and thus more of resistency to decay and deterioration. This port, when I drank it, was in its fifteenth year, and it had become the color of sherry, and was more like a liqueur, and very fine. The port of the vintage of 1847. About the same time I also tasted some port wine that was nearly seventy years old. It was recently white, and seemed to have no recognizable character. In 1846 Mr. Rabello, the Brazilian Consul at Oporto, made me a present of several bottles of port wine of the vintage of 1815. Mr. Rabello had heard of my taste for old Portuguese wines, from fancying to obtain a certain number of pipes of famous vintages had been laid down. Except every of these aged wines, to the late William Gibbs, Esq., of London, that the [illegible] of his own age, but the port, in which nothing there was question of the wine, should that it was his service, and that he should look up to it with reverence.

When I came to open my bottle of 1815, I found it which contained the dark red of port, about the color of water, and the most [illegible] of port. Up to the time of this vintage it was not the custom to use port of liquor to port wine; it was a little of that which had been distilled from port. The 1815 wine had probably been thus treated, but with all the sealing wax and a cool good cork, the beverage was as [illegible] and tasted as if it had been water dipped up from a pool and bottled. Therefore I doubt if the Madeira wines so seriously advertised in England as those of 1784, 1840 and 1811 have any virtue in them, even if they be genuine wines of those dates. They are really insipid stuff not worth a penny a gallon.

Benefits of Advertising.

Talk about the benefits of advertising! Down in Florida not long ago a family lost a child which they supposed had strayed away from home and got lost. After searching in vain for three days the frantic parents placed an advertisement in the nearest newspaper. Imagine the surprise of the parents upon going to the door the next morning to see a monster alligator upon the door step, where he had dragged the child alive and then died himself. The "ad" cost them but twenty-five cents, and it gave them back their darling child; they sold the alligator's hide for five dollars, and the parents are showing the child in all the show museums of the land at fifty dollars per week. Does advertising pay?

How to Restore Colors.

It is customary, says the *Scientific American*, to use ammonia for the purpose of neutralizing acids that have accidentally or otherwise destroyed the color of fabrics. This must be applied immediately, or the color is usually imperfectly restored. After careful use, an application of chloroform will bring out the colors as bright as ever. Pink goods and all stripes dyed with aniline colors, faded from exposure to light, will look as bright as ever after sponging with chloroform. The commonest chloroform will answer the purpose very well.

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GOOD COAL

COAL.

Coal for Sale! Fine Coal claim for Sale!

Coal delivered any quantity at $5 per ton on the dump, or will deliver it at Nogal, Fort Stanton and Lincoln at $5 per ton. Address

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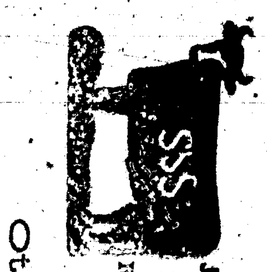
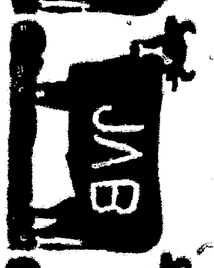
L. D. PUCKETT, NOGAL, N. M. Range on Carrizoso plains.



J. E. Sligh, Man. P.O., Nogal, N. M. Range on east slope, San Andreas mts.

Other Brands:



J. A. BROWNING, Upper Pecaco, N. M. Range in Cox Canyon adjoining to the Pecaco.

Toledo Weekly Blade, 1888.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR.

The most popular Weekly newspaper in the United States, [illegible] and the only [illegible] exceeded in [illegible] a circulation [illegible] every county of the [illegible] States, better department in [illegible] than any other dollar paper published.

Announcement Extraordinary.

In December we will commence publication of the most powerful [illegible] serial story of modern times. This is from the author of the Boy Travelers series of [illegible] Thomas W. Knox, is now engaged in writing a story, for which we paid [illegible] to the interest of [illegible] that their children read it, and [illegible] the [illegible] of every community in the broad land. [illegible] be urged by those who have an interest [illegible] the story. The other features of the Weekly Blade need not be stated here. The [illegible] well known. Send for a free sample copy and [illegible] specimen!

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We invite every reader of this paper and every friend of this paper to write us for two specimen copies. First, write a special card [illegible] for a [illegible] of the Weekly Blade that you may get a full account of Knox's longest and most [illegible] story. [illegible] Second, write a card for [illegible] for another free specimen. [illegible] and we will send you a perfect [illegible] of the story. Send the money to a friend of yours if you [illegible] the same time.

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