Probate Clerk

Pecos Valley Register.

VOL. II. NO. 13 ROSWELL NEW MEXICO THURSDAY FEBRUARY 20, 1890. $3.00 A YEAR.

BY TELEGRAPH.

China proposes to introduce silver coinage.

Mr. Powderly has sued Edward Callaghan for libel.

General Salamanca, captain-general of Cuba, is dead.

Nellie Bly took in $1,400 at her first lecture in New York.

The oystermen in Chesapeake Bay have been suffering from storms.

The new court house at Dallas, Texas, was burned a few days ago.

The National Electrical Association has been in session at Kansas City.

The window-glass trust has again advanced the price of their product.

The French government is negotiating for a loan of 850,000,000 francs.

In a colliery explosion in England the other day 150 miners lost their lives.

Rumors that England is about to partially remonetize silver are again current.

It begins to seem doubtful whether a world's fair will be held anywhere in 1892.

English bankers are opposing the plan of the government to issue silver notes.

The Senate Committee on Territories has reported favorably the bill to admit Idaho.

A tow boat on the Mississippi, near Memphis, struck a bridge pier and sank. Seven men were drowned.

The Parnellite members of Parliament have re-elected Parnell chairman and adopted a vote of confidence in him.

A man seventy-five years old living in Winnipeg, shot and killed his son and daughter-in-law, both over fifty years old.

The different labor unions are making elaborate preparations for the eight hour movement to be inaugurated May 1st.

Osborne's library, in Paris, containing many unique historical documents, was destroyed by fire on the 11th. Loss, $400,000.

Experts have determined almost beyond doubt that Secretary Tracy's house was fired by superheated steam pipes.

A movement is on foot in army circles to relieve regular soldiers from menial duties that they have in the past been called upon to perform, and which are said to account for a large number of desertions.

A Montreal club has created some excitement by passing resolutions favoring the "establishment of an independent nationality in the vast domain of British North America, free from all European attachments."

A Russian decree, just promulgated, authorizes the issue of a further redemption loan of 90,000,000 roubles at 4 per cent. Count Walonieff, formerly minister of the interior, is dead.

The munificent offer of Andrew Carnegie of Pittsburg, to expend not less than $1,000,000 in public libraries in that city was presented to the council the other day and accepted. Charles J. Clark, another millionaire, has offered a site valued at $100,000 for the central building.

The steamship Lania, from Hamburg, arrived at New York on the 9th with passengers of the Scevia, which on the 22d of January broke a shaft and put back to Queenstown. After making five days of the voyage the Lania passed through a large field of ice in latitude 46, 26; longitude 46, 32, and sighted at least fifty icebergs.

The other day Mr. Ingalls' mail contained a small pink-wrapped box. On being opened the box was found to contain a cartridge with the following in black ink: "Election pills for 'Old Cuff' or for Ingalls, from Jackson, Mississippi. Come to see us, old Ingalls." Mr. Ingalls was not alarmed at the contents, but both he and the secretary thought it prudent to lay the cartridge carefully away as it was possible that it might be more destructive than an ordinary cartridge. On examination, however, it proved to be a buckshot cartridge containing nine large buckshot and a charge of powder. Even this, it was thought, was not particularly a pleasant present, and the joke may turn out to be a sorry one for the perpetrator, as it is a violation of the postal law to send explosives through the mails.

In the House of Commons the other day Sir William Vernon Harcourt brought up the Pigott forgeries on a question of privilege. He declared that the London *Times* in publishing the forged letter, was guilty of a breach of privilege. He said: "Since the suit for libel has been decided in favor of Mr. Parnell and since it has been admitted that the letters used as a cover to the assault on him were forgeries, the House is afforded an absolutely sure basis whereupon to act. It is now obvious that the object of the publication of the forgeries on the day when the coercion bill had its second reading was to influence a division in Parliament. It was a gross and palpable outrage upon the House. A more flagrant breach of privilege could not be conceived. Some reparation should be made for this use of poisoned weapons."

ANOTHER RUSH FOR LAND.

The Sioux Reservation Opened.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., Feb. 11.—The firing of a cannon yesterday announced that the President had issued a proclamation opening the reservation. This was the signal for town site boomers who were secreted in the heavy timber on American Island to get upon the coveted bottom on the west side of the river. Immediately the representatives of various combinations sent here for the purpose of securing this tract were in motion, and teams with loads of lumber started on the dead run across the river, but it was evident plainly that local town site boomers had secured the important advantage by reason of their closer proximity to the land.

It was a grand sight viewed from the high bluffs where several thousand people had gathered to see as many more take part in this exciting event. The Indian police, numbering nearly one hundred men had been placed on guard to prevent any premature invasion, but they stood dazed and helpless as they viewed the great and irresistible rush for the reservation. The most novel sight was the moving of a large building, under which had been placed heavy timbers and wheels. This, with other wagons, was pulled across the river by galloping horses.

It took but a few minutes for several sections of the valuable bottom to be literally covered with claimants and it will take a score of lawyers to solve the problem as to who are the rightful owners. The local townsite boomers undoubtedly secured the advantage over other organized boomers by a few minutes, but among the boomers are a number who intend to secure homestead filings if possible, which will complicate the matter to such an extent as to result in a protracted legal struggle.

While the rush was going on for the bottom land, many other intending settlers rushed promptly into the uplands and began at once the erection of houses, and these are prepared to defend their rights as against later settlers, determinedly guarding against any invasion of their land.

The United States Marshal Fry and Indian Agent Anderson, assisted by his deputies and the Indian police, were soon at work vigorously attempting to eject the invaders. The forces at their disposal were entirely inadequate to the requirements of the occasion, and while many were notified and escorted to the river, there was not a large enough force to keep them there, and they quickly returned to their claims.

To-night the settlers encamp on their claims. If it should transpire that the proclamation did not name a future day for opening claims, a settlement would undoubtedly hold good, regardless of the fact that the claimants were ejected. A new land office is to be opened at once and be in running order by the time the lands are surveyed, when filings will be tendered by settlers. The land is as yet unsurveyed and the settlers have for the present to secure squatters rights.

The proclamation throws open to settlement 9,000,000 acres of land, and will be disposed of to settlers under the provisions of the homestead law. In addition to the fees, each settler will be required to pay $1.25 per acre, and upon full payment of the money due will be entitled to a patent.

The Czar's Bulgarian Policy.

VIENNA, Feb. 8.—The disclosures during the examination of Major Pantiza and the other Bulgarian officers arrested at Sofia pointing to M. Hitrovo, the Russian minister at Bucharest, as the prime mover of the plot to assassinate Prince Ferdinand and proclaim a regency, presumably composed of pro-Russians, have created considerable excitement in political circles here.

They have also confirmed the strong suspicion hitherto entertained that Russia's professions of indifference regarding the continued occupancy of the Bulgarian throne by Ferdinand were merely put forth to cover her designs to the end establishing the supremacy of the Czar in the Balkans.

The Gentiles Ahead.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Feb. 10.—The municipal election, in this city, the result of which is attracting the attention of the entire country, passed off quietly today contrary to general expectation. The city has been crowded for days with special police, detectives and Deputy United States Marshals for the purpose of preventing the illegal voting which each party claimed the other would resort to for the purpose of carrying the day. It was anticipated that any attempt to challenge and arrest voters would create trouble which would result in a riot and bloodshed. This, however, was not realized, and though the excitement was so intense that half the business houses were closed, bands paraded the streets and the thoroughfares were jammed with excited citizens who realized that upon the result of to-day's battle depended the future of the Mormon Church as a political organization, the voting passed off as quietly as in some little hamlet for a country justice.

Only six arrests were made for attempting to vote illegally and these were made without any demonstrations from either side.

At 10 o'clock the crowds upon the streets became so great that the street cars were compelled to stop running, and all traffic is suspended. The excitement is increasing, and the celebration will doubtless continue until morning.

Notwithstanding the great excitement, a spirit of good nature prevails and there is no disposition to quarrel or raise a disturbance.

Wanamaker's Telegraph Scheme.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 11.—Postmaster-General Wanamaker, before the house committee on post offices and post roads, to-day discussed fully the proposition in his annual report for the establishment by the government of a limited postal telegraph. He submitted a plan providing for a lease by the government for ten years of wires for carrying on business and for the delivery of telegrams by carriers on the first delivery after receipt of telegram. The scheme, he insisted, is practical and free from objections.

Mr. Wanamaker proposed a union of post and telegraph on a basis that would not interfere to any appreciable extent with any existing rights but would offer incalculable services to classes not now enjoying the use of the telegraph to any large extent. He is directed to negotiate and secure leased wires, such as great newspapers have from city to city, or brokers or bankers have connecting their offices and distant cities, that the public might communicate through their business offices—post offices—from city to city, or by messages dropped in their mail boxes. People had now, he continued, in their business offices clerks who could soon learn the tick of the machines, carriers who traveled over the same streets traversed by telegraph boys, and stamps for the payment. That dispenses with book keeping and all that was needed to build up the service was the authority and the wire. He declared most emphatically that such service was the legitimate work of the post office, and the people were right in stoutly demanding telegraph facilities at postal stations. Mr. Wanamaker then stated the provisions of the bill.

Nothing in the act should be so construed as to prohibit any telegraph company from performing a general business for the public as the same is now done. Postal telegraph charges in any one State shall not exceed 10 cents for messages of twenty words or less, counting address and signatures, nor over 25 cents for any distance under 1,500 miles, nor over 50 cents for any greater distance. The rates and rules and regulations are to be prescribed by the postmaster-general. The bill also provides for the establishment of a system of postal telegraph money orders at a rate not to exceed double the rate now charged, in addition to double postal telegraph charges.

More Russian Brutality.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—An evening paper publishes a dispatch from Paris, which states that a cipher letter has just been received by a Russian refugee of that city, dated December 23, which gives the details of a horrible tragedy in the political prison at Kara, in Eastern Siberia. Mme. Nadyda Sihida, of noble birth and a teacher in the high school at Moscow, was found last year with revolutionary papers in her possession and sentenced to penal servitude. On her arrival at Kara, the handsome, refined woman, soon attracted the attention of the director of the prison, who took an early opportunity to insult her. Mme. Sihida boxed the ears of the director, who, in revenge, had her stripped and flogged in the presence of all the men in the prison. Through shame and fear she suicided with poison the same day. Several of the female political prisoners, fearful of similar treatment, followed her example.

A few miles from the woman's political prison at Kara is that occupied by the male political convicts, who, on hearing of the tragedies, revolted en masse. The troops were called out and awful scenes followed; shooting, flogging and torturing going on by the wholesale. The Russian authorities have suppressed the facts.

A Chat With General Sherman.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—General Sherman, who celebrated his 70th birthday here yesterday, said to a reporter:

"I feel about as well as I did at 50 years, and that is pretty well, too. I'm almost the last of the Generals in command during the war remaining. Grant, McClellan, Thomas, Sheridan, McDowell, Joe Hooker, Hallack, Meade, Hancock are all gone. John Pope is living, at 69 years, with his sister, Mrs. Yeating of St. Louis, and Rosecrans is Comptroller of the Treasury at Washington, and they are all that are left."

"To what do you attribute the preservation of your sturdy health and good spirits?" asked the reporter.

"Regular habits, freedom from care and an inherited good constitution," replied the general. "You see, since my retirement from the army, six years ago, I have steadfastly refused to engage in any private business. It is too risky. I've had many offers, but it is too risky and especially for a fellow with no business training or ability. Look at Grant. He would be alive to-day but for that bank business."

"No, I'm content to be quiet, and I am gradually withdrawing from all clubs, societies and the like, except my army societies. It's too much to be constantly appearing, dining, speaking and all that. As soon as I appear my good friends set up a din of applauding and cheering, and it is too much for a man of my age. Between you and me, I think it is senseless, too.

"You know when I reached the statutory age of 64, several senators offered to make an exception of me if I would continue at the head of our armies, but I said no. What our army wants is promotion should be from the bottom, not from the top. (Here the boys a cheer."

A Brazilian Decree.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Feb. 8.—The following is the text of the decree, dated January 7, for the separation of church and state:

"Marshal Deodora Da Fonseca, chief of the Provisional Government, constituted by the army and navy, in the name of the nation, hereby decrees:

"Article 1. Both the Federal and State authorities are prohibited from making laws or regulations or performing administrative acts for the establishment or prohibition of any religion, and from making distinctions on account of religious and philosophical beliefs and opinions between the inhabitants of this country or in the services whose cost is defrayed by the public treasury.

"Art. 2. All religious denominations have equally the right to liberty of worship and that of governing themselves in accordance with their respective creeds without being disturbed in the private acts pertaining to the exercise of this right.

"Art. 3. The liberty hereby instituted embraces not only individuals in their individual acts but also churches, associations and institutes in which they are united to all which belongs the right to organize and maintain their corporate existence, without interference of the government, in conformity with the respective creeds and discipline.

"Art. 4. Patronage, with all of its institutions and prerogatives, is hereby abolished.

"Art. 5. The legal capacity of churches, and religious denominations to acquire and hold property is hereby recognized within the limits of the laws relating to mortmain, and they shall be maintained in the possession of their present property, including their places of worship.

Art. 6. The Federal Government will maintain the salaries now paid to the priests and other functionaries of the Catholic church, and for one year will continue to give state aid to the religious seminaries, and every State is at liberty to maintain clergymen of this and other churches in any manner not conflicting with the provisions of the preceding articles.

"Art. 7. All provisions to the contrary are hereby repealed."

Mexico Makes a Concession.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Secretary Rusk recently made an urgent remonstrance through Secretary Blaine against the imposition by the Mexican government of irksome quarantine regulations in regard to American hogs. To-day a telegram was received from United States Minister Ryan stating that the government of Mexico will issue orders discontinuing the obnoxious rules. Secretary Rusk is much gratified at the removal of this restriction and regards it as being a possible forerunner of a more liberal policy in regard to American meat productions on the part of other foreign countries, a change of policy which he thinks would be facilitated should Congress confer upon him full powers in the matter of meat inspection.

Forcing Prohibition.

LATHROP, Mo., Feb. 7.—An exciting time occurred this morning during the feminine crusade against the liquor dealers of the town. Local option is in effect, but two saloons have been running wide open all the while. At 9 o'clock this evening the best ladies of the town gathered in the public hall and held an indignation meeting. They said that the two or three stabbing affrays in the town of late were traceable to the saloons and they proposed to close them up. Accordingly the meeting adjourned to the streets where the ladies, arrayed in their best, marched to the saloon of Thomas Ward. The saloon people heard of their coming and barred the doors. The mob of women broke through the fastening and smashed the mirrors, glasses and bottles, winding up by destroying the bar and turning the lager into the street. Then they visited Ward's warehouse. Here they offered to stop if Ward would leave town, but he refused, and they overpowered him and broke in the head of every barrel and keg in the place.

They paid a similar visit to the saloon of A. J. Carroll, where they destroyed everything in sight.

Then the infuriated mob went to three suspected drug stores and left appalling messages. Trouble is feared to night. Lathrop is a bright town. It is in Clinton County and is usually very quiet. The town is now wild.

Death in a Colliery.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—An explosion occurred to-day in a colliery at Aberschan, Monmouthshire, and 300 miners were imprisoned for several hours. An opening was finally effected, and at noon 200 were rescued, but numbers of those were taken out severely injured.

Rescuing parties are still searching for those in the mine. It is feared that it will be impossible to rescue the miners who are still imprisoned. Forty bodies have been taken from the mine and fifty miners are still imprisoned. It is not known whether they are dead or alive.

The owners estimate that 130 persons lost their lives by the explosion.

The cause of the explosion was the flooding of the pits adjacent to that in which the explosion occurred, thus forcing gas into the pit where work was in progress and where it was ignited.

The explosion had tremendous force, being heard a mile away.

DESTRUCTIVE AVALANCHES.

Great Loss to Life and Property in The Northwest.

SPOKANE FALLS, Wash., Feb. 5.—The town of Burke, Idaho, in the Coeur d'Alene mining district, has been nearly destroyed by disastrous avalanches. Half the business houses are in ruins.

Three men were killed and the terror-stricken inhabitants have fled to the towns of Gem and Wallace, fearing a repetition of the disaster.

Particulars are meager, as the wires to all points in the mines have gone down, leaving no means of communication.

The disasters occurred yesterday afternoon and this morning. With scarcely a moment's warning a tremendous mass of snow and rocks swept upon the town from the west side of the narrow gulch in which it is situated.

Five men were buried beneath the snow. Two were rescued, but the others are dead and their bodies have not yet been recovered.

The ill-fated town lies in a narrow gulch, through which Canyon Creek pours its waters into the south fork of the Coeur D'Alene. It had about two hundred inhabitants, who have deserted their wrecked or menaced homes and places of business. The nearest town is Gem, also upon Canyon Creek, and three miles down the stream.

Yesterday another disastrous avalanche swept down upon a boarding house connected with the Custer mine, which is situated upon Nine Mile Creek, about five miles from Burke. The boarding house was full of miners, six of whom were killed. Others had a narrow escape, and a number were more or less injured.

The disasters are not a surprise to those familiar with the topography of that section. The towns are situated in very narrow gulches, on either side of which abrupt mountains rise.

The snow-fall this winter has been unprecedented in the history of the country. Within the last few days it has been raining hard, which had the effect of loosening the deep snow banks and precipitating them upon the town and houses below.

Later—Later reports from Burke indicate that no lives were lost there. Mr. and Mrs. Wise and Jack Wait and wife were buried in a snow-slide, but all were rescued with slight injury.

At the Custer mine, however, the disaster was worse than at first reported. Six men were killed outright. Among these were Jack Galbraith, foreman of the mine; Mike Flynn, cook, and Tom Mahoney, a young miner.

Forty men are employed at the mine in two shifts, and one shift was below and the other was eating dinner at the time the avalanche rushed upon the boarding house.

RESTLESS INDIANS.

The Navajos Said to be Thirsty For Revenge.

Special to the Denver Republican.

DURANGO, Colo., Feb. 6.—The Navajo trouble or prospective uprising is unchanged so far as known to-night.

Many of the old residents of Southwest Colorado and Northern New Mexico, who are familiar with the Navajo Indians, say they have no fears of an uprising, as the better counsel of the old men, who escaped in the terrible war when the tribe was nearly wiped out, apparently is against more trouble with the blue coats.

A courier arrived late last night from Farmington, New Mexico, and brought a letter from F. L. Pierce, a merchant of that place.

Mr. Pierce says reports have been circulated to the effect that the Indians had murdered several people in the last few days. As far as can be learned there is no truth in any of the stories, and Mr. Pierce believes there will not be any trouble. He admits, however, that the braves have armed themselves and congregated in force, making threats that unless the family of the Indian killed in the trouble a few weeks ago is reimbursed with either money or ponies they will kill every white in that section.

It is a well-known fact that about ten days ago a band of twenty-five bucks went to Jewett and entered the store of White & Green while Mr. White was in Durango. Mrs. Green being alone, the Indians raised a big war cry and made all kinds of threats but finally went away without molesting any one.

The young bucks are reported anxious to fight, but are restrained by the older members of the tribe, who still remember the Navajo war of 1863, when the tribe was nearly exterminated by the Government.

Referring to the present trouble One-Eyed Pete, an old chief, said to a white man: "Me no want fight, but young bucks want to fight."

It is claimed by the oldest settlers and those best acquainted with the Navajo tribe, that there will be no serious trouble notwithstanding the threats now being made, as the Navajo horses are very poor at this season of the year, and the old bucks, remembering the whipping they received nearly thirty years ago, may keep them subdued. But they will try to scare the whites into paying the $200 or ten head of horses.

Frank Quinn, who brought the news to Durango last evening, is a farmer, living five miles this side of Farmington. He was considerably excited and predicted serious trouble unless something was done to appease the Indians.

CONGRESSIONAL.

THURSDAY, FEB. 6.

SENATE—After some miscellaneous business the Senate took up the bill to provide a temporary government for the Territory of Oklahoma, adopted some amendments and laid the matter over.

Mr. Blair spoke two hours on the educational bill, and then yielded the floor to conclude on Monday.

HOUSE—In the House the Democrats carried out their policy of silent protest against the rulings of the Speaker by declining to vote upon the question of approving the journal. The instrument, however, was approved—yeas 153; nays 0—a constitutional quorum being counted by the Speaker.

The committee on rules reported the new code, and it was ordered printed and recommitted.

The Senate direct tax bill was referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. Perkins reported from the Committee on Indian Affairs, and the House passed it after a short discussion, a bill extending two years the time within which the Kansas Pacific Railroad Company may construct its line through the Indian Territory.

FRIDAY, FEB. 7.

The Senate was not in session.

HOUSE.—After prayer the Speaker stated that the journal clerk had been busy in preparing a new code of rules for publication, and that consequently the journal of yesterday's proceedings was not ready to be presented to the House, but would be ready subsequently. Therefore the usual contest over the approval of the journal did not take place. The House transacted only routine business and adjourned till Monday.

MONDAY, FEB. 10.

SENATE—A bill was reported appropriating $150,000 for a public building at Cheyenne, Wyo.

The bill to provide a temporary government for Oklahoma was taken up, and Mr. Plumb offered an amendment to include within the boundaries of the Territory the public land strip known as "No Man's Land." Mr. Plumb admitted that this is a tract of land 125 miles from Oklahoma, but argued, nevertheless, that the jurisdiction of the new Territory should be extended over No Man's Land. Several Senators opposed the amendment.

Mr. Blair spoke two hours on his educational bill.

HOUSE.—The conference report on the bill appropriating $75,000 for the removal of snags from the Missouri River and $75,000 for the improvement of the mouth of the Columbia River was agreed to.

The Committee on Rules reported back the new code of rules and the House proceeded to consider it.

Mr. Cannon explained the provisions of the code. He criticised the rules that previously governed the House. In the last Congress, he said, the business of the people was piled up on the calendars and not 5 per cent. of that business had been considered by the House. Almost as much time had been given to the consideration of the minority as to the consideration of the business of sixty millions of people.

Discussing the rule permitting the Speaker to count a quorum, he said that if the Democrats wanted to go to the country as against the principle contained in the rule, the Republicans were ready to meet them and let the people choose.

Mr. Mills said that the proposed code would reverse legislative action and run back upon the track upon which the Government had been running forward for a century. It was founded upon the proposition that the minority had no rights. The great object of the Government, as proclaimed by the Declaration of Independence, was to secure the inalienable rights of the citizens. The minority had asked for rules, but for rules which, while providing for the procedure of business, would preserve and protect the rights of the minority.

TUESDAY, FEB. 11.

SENATE—Senator Hoar introduced a bill, which stipulates that representatives to the next Congress shall be elected from districts as they are now constituted. His aim is to prevent gerrymandering in Democratic States.

Other bills introduced were: Establishing a public school system in Utah; providing for the inspection of meats for exportation, prohibiting importation of adulterated articles, food or drink, and authorizing the President to make proclamation in certain cases; to create an agricultural commission to investigate the present depressed condition of the agricultural interests of the country.

HOUSE—The new code of rules was again taken up. Mr. Cannon proposed to limit the debate upon them until one o'clock Tuesday, but the motion was voted down, and Mr. Springer's resolution accepted, naming five o'clock Friday as the time for closing the debate.

A lively discussion ensued and the Democratic members attacked the clause of the code which provides that 100 members shall constitute a quorum in Committee of the Whole.

WYOMING NOTES.

Benjamin F. Fowler has been confirmed as U. S. Attorney.

Marshall Kelley, a sheep herder, twenty miles north of Cheyenne, committed suicide recently.

It is reported here that the Hopkins coal mine at Rock Springs has been sold to Omaha parties for $150,000.

A bill was introduced in the legislature the other day to deposit the public funds with the bank which will pay the most for their use.

The colored miners who were brought from the East to work in the Union Pacific coal mines at Dana have refused to go to work. Thirty of them went East this morning and the remainder of the 200 will follow them. They were union men and claimed that the matter of wages was misrepresented to them by one Clapson, the agent who brought them here. Clapson denies their statement. It is said that the railroad pays more at Rock Springs and Carbon than it is willing to pay at Dana. The white miners nearly all left there on account of dissatisfaction. Many of the colored miners are reported to be in destitute circumstances.

The students of Washburn College, Topeka, Ks., are in open rebellion on account of some objectionable railings of the faculty.

Pecos Valley Register.

Published every Thursday at Roswell, N. M.

ERWIN & FULLEN, Proprietors.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1890.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Sheriff.....D. C. NOWLIN, Lincoln.
Probate Clerk.....GEO. CURRY, Lincoln.
Assessor.....L. W. SKATHERLIN, Lower Penasco.
Treasurer.....G. B. YOUNG, White Oaks.
Sup't. of Schools, F. H. RICHMOND, White Oaks.
Probate Judge.....FRAN. ROMERO, Lincoln.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

First District.....M. CRONIN, Lincoln.
Second District.....T. W. HENLEY, Nogal.
Third District.....A. GREEN, Seven Rivers.

THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Composed of Lincoln, Sierra, Doña Ana and Grant counties, with headquarters at Las Cruces.
District Judge.....HON. JOHN P. MCFIE.
District Attorney.....E. C. WADE, Las Cruces.
District Clerk.....A. L. CHRISTY, Las Cruces.

TERMS OF COURT.

Doña Ana.—Second Mondays in March and Sept.
Lincoln.—Third Mondays in April and October.
Sierra.—First Mondays in May and November.
Grant.—Third Mondays in February and August.

LAND OFFICE.

The land office for the district to which Lincoln county is attached is situated at Roswell, Lincoln county, N. M. The officers are:
Register,.....JOHN H. MILLS.
Receiver,.....FRANK LEAMEY.

PRECINCT NO. 7.

FRED W. JOYCE,.....Justice of the Peace.
SCOTT JORDAN,.....Constable.
C. C. PERRY,.....Deputy Sheriff.
G. A. RICHARDSON, GEO. T. OVARD, J. M. BIGGS, } School Directors Dist. No 18
J. B. CUNNINGHAM, A. C. ROGERS, M. L. PIERCE, } S. Directors S. Dist. No. 7.

Signal Service, United States Army.
METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

WEEK ENDING FEBRUARY 15, 1890.

PLACE OF OBSERVATION: Garrett's Ranch, five miles east of Roswell, N. M.—Latitude 33 degrees 24 min.—Longitude 104 degrees 24 min.

DATE.	TEMPERATURE.					
	EXPOSED THERMOMETER.			SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.		
	8 A. M.	8 P. M.	MEAN.	MAXIMUM.	MINIMUM.	RANGE
9	37	39	37.0	40	26	15
10	39	49	44.0	60	21	39
11	31	29	30.0	29	23	6
12	27	27	27.0	27	24	3
13	25	42	33.5	45	20	25
14	42	40	41.0	40	24	16
15	29	45	38.0	48	19	29
Sum.	217	264	250.5	289	156	130
Mean	31.0	40.0	35.8	40.5	22.3	18.6

Highest Temperature, 60.
Lowest Temperature, 19.
Total Precipitation, .15.
Frost 4th, 10th, 13th and 12th.
Mean Temperature, twice daily, 36.8.
Maximum and Minimum, 31.5.

M. A. UPSON,
Voluntary Observer.

Just before his death Capt. J. H. Mills, commander of the G. A. R. department, turned over all matter connected with the next annual encampment to his assistant adjutant general, Fred Buchanan, of Socorro, to whom all communications should be addressed.

Upon the heels of the successful Australian ballot box system comes the agitation in favor of the adoption of the Torrens land system in the United States. Torrens was the name of an Austrian who had a law passed by which the titles of all the land has been searched by the government, registered and guaranteed. Under this arrangement the transfer of real estate is as easy and simple, almost, as the transfer of personal property.

Col. E. W. Wynkoop appointed by Gov. Prince some time ago as adjutant General was chosen by the board of managers of the penetentary as warden of that institution, Col. Wynkoop is one of the especially deserving men in the territory and his promotion to the present position affords great satisfaction to his many friends. We are certain that the duties of the warden will be faithfully discharged.

Judge James O'Brien, just appointed chief justice of New Mexico, is a resident of Houston, Minnesota, and is rather prominent in the politics of his state. He is about 45 years old and is a gentleman of marked legal ability. At present he is practicing law at Houston, but he has been a judge of the district court in the state. He was a delegate to the Chicago convention in 1868, and was an earnest supporter of Mr. Harrison.

We are in receipt of the third annual report of the Cattle Sanitary Board of the Territory of New Mexico. It is apparently a full and complete report of the operations of that board for the past year. They report that no contagious or infectious diseases of any kind or character has affected the cattle of New Mexico, owing, they think, to the complete sanitary law of our territory and the manner in which it has been enforced.

The senate committee on irrigation, which visited the arid region last summer, completed in Washington a few days ago the hearing of testimony in regard to the reclamation of arid land. It is now engaged in preparing a report. It will doubtless be several weeks before this report is completed and submitted to the senate. If it contains all the testimony collected by the committee, it will be a valuable document on the subject of irrigation.

Deputy Sheriff Serapio Romero returned yesterday from Gallup and Albuquerque. In the case of John H. Wood, the ex-postmaster at Gallup, the deficit amounts to $1,168, and though he has paid the amount he is under bonds of $1,000 for an examination trial. A. M. Swan, the present occupant, has fallen short $981. Of this he claims that $800 had been sent by him and was lost in the Albuquerque postoffice robbery. Swan is under $1,200 bonds, and the preliminary trial has been set for Saturday.—New Mexican.

Tribute to Our Dead.

From the Las Vegas Optic.

As announced in The Optic yesterday, Captain John H. Mills, register of the land office at Roswell and department commander of the G. A. R., died at his residence in Roswell early yesterday morning, the news being telegrahed from Fort Stanton to Col. T. B. Mills, brother of the deceased, in Las Vegas. The sad intelligence reached here too late to permit of any extended notice of the event in yesterday's issue, but The Optic is enable to-day to give a brief sketch of the distinguished dead which will be read with interest by all who knew him. John H. Mills came of soldier stock. His grandfather, Col. John Mills, was an officer in the American army in the war of 1812, and was mortally wounded at the battle of Sackett's harbor, in 1813. He now lies burried in the national cemetery at Albany, New York, and over his grave the state of New York has placed, a $5,000 monument as a testimonial to his valor and fidelity. The father of the subject of this sketch, Theodore Mills, was a West Point by education, and was adjutant of an Ohio regiment raised to take part in the Mexican war. Capt. John H. Mills was one of seven children, all of whom are dead now except Col. T. B. Mills, of Las Vegas, and Dr. T. C. Mills, now living in Mexico. Captain Mills was born in Ashtabula county, Ohio, May 2d, 1845, and moved to Kansas in 1857. He learned the trade of brick and stone masonry, in which he was engaged when the civil war broke out. Although but a youth, the soldier blood in his veins asserted itself, and he run away from home and joined, on September 5th, 1862, the Eleventh Kansas regiment, as a member of the company E, whose captain was Edmund G. Ross, late governor of New Mexico. At the battle of Prairie Grove, Arkansas on December 7th, 1862, he was badly wounded in the left leg above the knee, the thigh bone being badly shattered. This wound unfitted him for field service during the remainder of the war, but he was not mustered out until near the close of the great struggle. After the war he followed in Kansas the vocation of a contractor for buildings and railroads, and in 1870 moved to Little Rock, Arkansas, where he engaged in contracting and, also, in the land business. In 1879 he removed to Las Vegas and was the contractor for the Stone hotel and bath house at the hot springs, near here. He went to Socorro in 1881, where he was superintendent of the Socorro tunnel company. In 1882 he went to Mexico and lived both in Sonora and Chihuahua, where he engaged in mining and contracting. In 1884 he returned to Socorro and built the court house there. About that time his wounded leg was giving him much trouble, and an operation being necessary to save his life, his left leg was amputated near the hip. Captain Mills was an enthusiastic member of the G. A. R., and was a charter member of Slough post No. 6, of Socorro. He filled nearly all the positions in the post, and was one of the most active members. He was elected department commander at Albuquerque last March, and was looking forward with great pleasure to the annual meeting to be held at Socorro next month. Captain Mills was united in marriage to Miss Mary Kate Brott in Topeka, Kansas, in 1866, but no children were born of the union. His widow survives him, and was present at the time of his death. Last May he was appointed register of the land office at Roswell, and was discharging the duties of that position when his fatal illness set in. He has been unwell for several months past, because of blood poisoning resulting from his old wound, and his death was not unexpected. He will be buried temporarily in Roswell, by directions of his brother, Col. T. B. Mills, of this city. Such is a hastily written sketch of one of the best and truest and bravest of the citizens of New Mexico, illustrated by all the virtues of a sturdy, honest, generous nature. He will be sorely missed by his old comrades in New Mexico, and they, with all others who knew him, will realize that a good and true man has gone over to the great majority.

The New Mail Route.

C. C. Fountain was the successful bidder on the mail route from Roswell to Ft. Sumner, and has begun on the contract to carry the mail between the two points. They are now carrying it on horse back until they get hacks etc. arranged, when they will put on a complete service for passenger and express traffic. We do not know how soon that will be.

Dr. George T. Gould, of The Democrat, left this morning for a trip through the southern part of the territory. He will solicit business and collect data for the May immigration edition of the The Democrat. Considerable space of the big edition will be devoted to the improvement of our arid lands by the water storage and irrigation system. Every town and village in New Mexico that lays south of Albuquerque will be visited by the doctor, and as The Democrat and its representatives have always been warmly received, both as to patronage and in a social way, it will no doubt be welcomed through its able and efficient representative.—Albuquerque Democrat.

Dr. Gould is one of the best newspaper writers in the Territory and the Pecos valley and its numerous and stupendous irrigation enterprises will afford a magnificent subject for his pen; no part of New Mexico or even the arid west is doing so much to reclaim the country as the Pecos valley; our irrigation companies are not wild cat schemes to invegle money from confident capitalists, but bona fide working companies.

We Have Been There.

Some of our acquaintances express surprise that we prefer railroading to editing a paper, and one, a trifle more enthusiastic than the rest, thinks our refusal to enter active journalism is prima facia evidence that we are a ——fool. Perhaps so. We once edited the "Skowhegan Farmer's Friend." At the close of the third week of our editorial labor, an irate stranger who had requested information how to raise a crop of pickled pork, and whom we had advised to wash his swine in a strong solution of salt brine and vinegar, called at the office. He seemed to be mad (?) He opened the campaign by kicking us clean out of the editorial chair; then he playfully jammed our system into the empty ash barrel that stood behind the door. Before we had time to rise to a point of order, this horny fisted soil tiller had resurrected us from the ash barrel and was beating a symphony in "C" sharp on the office floor with our manly form. This completed, he grasped us by the basement of our Sunday pants, and wafted us out of the second-story window—out on a cold and muddy pavement; and then after smashing things in the office and taking all of the exchanges with him, returning to the bosom of his family. We like fun; and, (as the farmer was the stronger of the two), we were willing to overlook his seeming undue familiarity on so short an acquaintance; but when we found that our salary as editor for the week amounted to $18.75 and that the doctor's bill who repaired the damages inflicted by that granger amounted to $19.25, we decided it was time to quit. We did so. We may have missed lots of glory, but we have also undoubtedly missed many an impromptue licking. Hence we have no kick coming that we wot of, and are happy.—Ex.

Plant Trees.

The Board of Trade will hold its regular meeting next Monday evening in the land office building, at which arrangements will be made for the proper observance of Arbor day. It is hoped that a full attendance will be had not only of the members but of all the citizens interested in our town. It is the aim to plant at least one thousand trees in town that day, and this ought to be engaged in by everybody. Nothing tends to beautify a town so much on these prairies and wide valleys as green trees in summer time, and the planting of them should not be neglected. At this meeting a program of exercises will be arranged, if possible, to make the day especially interesting and pleasant. One of the most attractive features of the meeting will be an address by Dr. Gould, on the subject of Forestry in relation to the west. The Doctor is, as we all know, one of the most interesting speakers in New Mexico, and to hear him is a treat that ought not to be missed by any one. Attend the meeting of the Board of Trade and be benefited by the address as well as encourage the good work of tree planting in our town. Every tree that is planted adds not only to the beauty of the town but to the value of the property in it, so that we lose nothing by diligently observing the day.

Statehood for New Mexico.

From the Denver Times.

Senator Wolcott's bill for the admission of New Mexico into the union will be strongly and ably supported, not only by our junior senator, but by many other senators from the west.

The people of New Mexico are ready for statehood, and the grounds upon which the territory bases its claims for admission are good ones.

A steady tide of immigration has poured into that sunny territory for the past five years, and it now has its share of wealth and intelligence, and in these particulars compares favorably with other candidates for statehood.

The progress made by New Mexico in the past five years is simply wonderful, and statehood will materially assist that section in making greater and more rapid strides forward. There are enough men in both houses of congress who are familiar with our southern neighbor, and there is no danger but what her claims will be ably presented.

Minister Fred. Douglass writes to a friend: "I am quite satisfied with my position in Hayti. There is a chance of being of some service here. It is the black man's country, and though there is much to regret in its condition there is also much to commend. The people are called lazy, but they do manage to export $7,000,000 produce per annum."

The Nogal Nugget is no more, but the Liberty Banner, the Alliance paper, has taken its place this week, with J. E. Whorton as editor and business manager. It will be printed at Nogal. The editor says the Banner will not be a political paper, a fact which remains to be seen. Its appearance is good and we wish for the Banner all the success it deserves.

The people of San Juan county held a mass meeting a few days ago, to discuss the impending trouble with the Navajo Indians. The following resolution which was adopted, expresses the sense of the meeting:

Resolved, That the American people of San Juan county have millions for defense, but not a dime for a compromise with the Indians.

They have the correct idea in Lincoln county. They want the American flag to float over their school house. Good! Go ahead and let the flag float! And let the other counties in New Mexico follow suit, the quicker the better.—New Mexican.

A Plucky Journalist.

The editor of the Mifflin, Pa., Blade has had a halcyon and vociferous time in getting a delinquent subscriber to pay up, but he is still alive to tell the tale. The subscriber contracted to haul him a half a cord of good, competent stove wood every year in return for the boon of his weekly paper. On these terms he had the paper twelve years and had forgotton to haul any wood. The long suffering editor had dunned him until his throat was sore and finally served notice on him that if six cord of wood were not forthcoming by a certain date by gum he wood haul him up before a court and ascertain whether an editor had any rights that a white man was bound to respect.

This apparently brought the rural subscriber to his senses and he hauled the wood and dumped it all over the front dooryard of the editor, and as he hurled the sticks from the wagon he indulged in loud talk and profanity to the disturbance of the peace of mind of the innocent wife and children of the victim.

When the last stick had been shot with a curse into the dooryard, the countryman in a loud voice commanded that his dinged paper be stopped, as he had no use for it whatever, except to wad his gun.

The editor, however, was happy. He gathered the precious wood into a pile and proceeded to commence to cook his breakfast with it on the following morning. The family had barely said grace when a tremendous explosion in the kitchen startled them. One end of the stove had been blown out the window and the coffee was spilled and the kitchen more or less demolished.

The editor was not to be bluffed, and he put the stove together again and threw in another stick or two of wood. The family then sat down at the table once more, but there was another blow up. The other end of the stove was gone, several yards of plastering were burst off the kitchen wall and things were in a bad shape.

The editor then examined the wood pile and found that ever blessed stick had been bored and a couple of ounces of powder inserted in each. But he was not to be beaten. He went down to the machine shop and rented the boiler and fire box for a six-horse power engine, made of wrought iron, and set it up for a stove. The entire neighborhood is kept in an uproar by the constant firing from his Columbiad, but he is bound to get the worth of his money out of the wood. But every week he has a few paragraphs roasting the evil minded granger who turned his kitchen into a torpedo pit.—Lincoln Journal.

WASHINGTON MATTERS.

NEW MEXICO'S CHIEF JUSTICE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—The president to-day nominated Judge O'Brien, of Minnesota, to be chief justice for New Mexico.

THE NOMINEE ALL RIGHT.

To the New Mexican.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—President Harrison to-day settled the controversy over the chief justiceship of New Mexico by appointing to the position Judge O'Brien, of Minnesota, a stauch Republican, able lawyer, and altogether excellent man for the office. Citizens of the territory now in Washington are much pleased over the result. [Signed] NEW MEXICANS.

John G. Gantt, the celebrated printer has been in this city the past three days, says a Columbus special. This remarkable man is known in almost every printing establishment in the central and southern states, is 70 years of age and has been constantly on the tramp since the close of the civil war. The longest tramp he ever made was in 1884, when he left this city and traveled through all the states between here and Florida, and returned by the same route, reaching Cassopolis, Mich., just six months from the time he left here. He kept a careful record of the number of miles walked and the entire length of the journey was 2,200 miles. For a man then 70 years of age this certainly was a remarkable feat. This veteran printer has a great failing for drink, but his constant indulgence does not seem to have weakened his mental faculties, and he possesses a remarkable fund of information, picked up by reading and experience. He recently started a very unique paper called Gantt's Typographical tourist. It is published "on the road" and gives interesting items concerning the craft.—Printers Auxiliary.

A Montreal man has been condemned to pay the sum of $1 as damages for having called upon a person in a factory with a view of collecting a debt. The court held that the domicile of the debtor is the proper place at which to demand money that is owing. It further declared that to ask on the street for money that is due constitutes an assault. It is a good thing that such a stupid law does not hold in New Mexico. Some men can never be found at their domicile. Then, too, if a man owes a debt he owes it anywhere and everywhere, and the creditor in demanding pay is only asking for his own. According to the same interpretation if a man borrowed anything of you, you could only go to his house to ask the return of it though he might be using it in his office or shop.—Ex.

The New Mexican is making life hur densome to the democratic paper in this city.—Albuquerque Citizen.

AMARILLO ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. MARTIN,

—DEALER IN—

General Merchandise, Ranch Supplies,

FARMING IMPLEMENTS, WAGONS, ETC., ETC.

Special Attention paid to all Orders, and to Forwarding.

Amarillo, - - Texas.

AMARILLO :-: CLUB,

J. J. IVERS, Prop'r. FRANK ANDERSON, Mg'r.

—FINEST QUALITIES OF—

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

Next Door to BURNS, WALKER & CO.

Amarillo, - - Texas.

• T. K. BLEWIT, •

DEALER AND JOBBER IN

Groceries, Grain, Produce, Flour, &

FRUIT, VEGETABLES, ETC., ETC.

Amarillo, - - - Texas.

Bloomington :·: Nursery,

BLOOMINGTON, ILLINOIS.

We carry a complete stock of all goods in our line, and can supply you at exceedingly low prices with Fruit Trees of all kinds.

Your Patronage is Solicited.

Will call on you this fall and take orders for spring delivery. Do not place your orders until you have consulted our agent.

L. HALE, Agent, Ruidoso, New Mexico.

Arbor Day Proclamation.

In accordance with a custom useful and beautiful in itself, and rapidly becoming general in all parts of the country, I, L. Bradford Prince, governor of New Mexico, do hereby appoint Saturday, March 1st, and Tuesday, April 1st, as arbor days in this territory; the 1st of March to be observed in the county of Bernalillo and all counties to the south thereof; and the 1st of April in all counties to the north. The great extent of New Mexico and the difference in climate arising from variation of altitude has made it necessary to designate two days for this purpose.

And I earnestly request that all the people of the territory observe these days by the planting of trees, shrubs and vines, about the homes and along the highways, as well as in the public grounds and cemeteries of New Mexico, thus contributing to the wealth, comfort and attractiveness of our territory. This is especially necessary in New Mexico, where such planting has been too much neglected in the past. Every line of acequias should be a line of beautiful trees, rendering the scene attractive and adding value to all adjacent land. If every property owner will plant along the acequias within his own boundaries on this occasion, the improved appearance of the country within five years will be most gratifying.

Let every citizen devote one day to this purpose.

I especially recommend that in all of our schools this day be observed, by the planting of trees in the school house grounds where practicable, and by calling the attention of the children to the importance of the cultivation of trees and their care and preservation.

Witness my hand and the great seal of the Territory of New Mexico, at Santa Fe the capital, this 12th day of February, in the year of our Lord 1890.

L. BRADFORD PRINCE,
Governor of New Mexico.

[SEAL.]

By the Governor:
B. M. THOMAS,
Secretary of the Territory.

Population Statistics.

In 1700 when our first census was taken, one-thirtieth of the population of the United States lived in cities of 8,000 or over; in 1900, one twenty-fifth; 1810 and 1820, one-twentieth; 1830, one-sixteenth; 1840, one-tweth; 1850, one-eighth; 1860, one-sixth; 1870, one-fifth; 1880, 22½ per cent, or nearly one-fourth. From 1700 to 1880 the whole population increased twelve-fold and the city population eighty-six-fold. The population of our country is now estimated at about 60,000,000, of whom about fourteen million or nearly one-fourth, reside in cities, and of this number about one fifth or two million are young men. If, as has been estimated, only 5 per cent of the young men are actual church members, only 15 per cent attend church regularly, and that 25 per cent is the limit of those who ever go to church, three-fourths of our young men or 21,000,000 never go to church at all.

Notice For Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, N. M., January 30th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register & Receiver at Roswell N. M., on Saturday March 1st, 1890, viz: Boomer C. Kent on Hd. Entry No. 1004 for the nw ¼ sw ¼ Sec. 24 s ½ s e ¼ and sw s e ¼ Sec. 23 tp 15 s r 26 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Rufus Donahoo, Taylor Lewis, Mack Minter, James Hampton, all of Roswell, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the law and the regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

JOHN H. MILLS, Register.

J. A. ERWIN,

Attorney, Solicitor & Counselor at Law,

ROSWELL, N. M.

Will practice in all the courts of the Territory. Office in Register office building.

W. M. LUMKLEY,

Brand, "ED" left shoulder, side and hip.

Range, Jarvis Spring, south side Capitan mountains.

P. O. Ft. Stanton, New Mexico.

LEA CATTLE COMPANY.

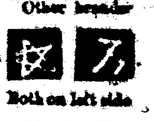
J. C. LEA, Manager.
W. M. Atkinson, Range Foreman.
P. O. Roswell, Lincoln county, N. M. Range on the Rondo, North Spring & Pecos rivers, and on the Agua Azul, Blackwater and Bonito Ranches, all in Lincoln county.
Ear marks, crop and split left, split right.
Brand as in cut on left side, but sometimes on right side. Ear marks sometimes reversed.
ADDITIONAL BRANDS:
W side, and also same on side and hip. W side, J H on hip or loin. LEA on side, or shoulder, side and hip. Cross on side and hip. And various other old brands and marks.
Horse Brand: Same as cow on left shoulder and left hip or thigh.
Part branded only on left shoulder.

MILNE & BURR LAND AND CATTLE CO.

Postoffice, Roswell, Lincoln county, N. M. Range, on the Pecos and Berrendo rivers.
Main brand.
Horse brand same as cow on left thigh.

L. M. LONG.

P. O. Roswell, N. M. Range, Rio Hondo. Other brands

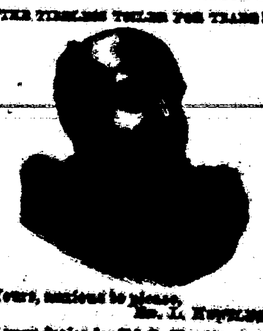


Both on left side

Horse brand, same as cattle on right shoulder.

Economical Men!

"THE TIMELESS TOILER FOR TRADE!"



Yours, anxious to please,
E. L. HUNTLEY.

Ask your dealer for E. L. Huntley & Co.'s

HONEST CLOTHING

If our goods are not in the hands of local STORE-KEEPERS in your section, you can PROCURE THEM from the BEST KNOWN and largest MAIL-ORDER Wholesale Clothing House in the world, at prices that will MAKE YOUR eyes gaze and KEEP YOU guessing how we manage to DO IT. If your DEALER does not keep our goods, send to us and we WILL furnish you a Suit or Overcoat, express or post paid, on receipt of price. We will win and keep your patronage if you try us with an order! We have built up this business business by FAIR DEALING, moderate, and by doing by others as we would be done by.

E. L. HUNTLEY & CO., Boyds Corporation.

In ordering Suits or Overcoats observe strictly following rules for measurement: Breast measure, over vest, chest measure. Waist measure, over pants. Length measure, from crotch to heel.

Reference—First National Bank of Chicago, capital $1,000,000; Continental National Bank of Chicago, capital $1,000,000.

E. L. HUNTLEY & CO., Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in Clothing for Men, Boys and Children, 132 and 134 Market St., Chicago, Ill. P. O. Box 2187.

EDGAR B. BROWN, President. CHAS. B. BODY, Vice President. WM. H. AUSTIN, Cashier.

The El Paso National Bank

OF TEXAS.

Capital, Surplus and Profit : $200,000.

United States Depository.

Collections promptly made and remitted. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. General business transacted.

Special Facilities Offered on Mexican Business.

Customers are offered free of charge our Herring's Safe Deposit Boxes in fire proof vault.

Pecos Valley Register.

ERWIN & FULLEN, Proprietors.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy, one year.....$2.00.
One copy, six months.....1.50.

Subscribers failing to receive their paper on time will confer a favor by promptly notifying this office.

The Register invites correspondence from all quarters on live topics. Local affairs and news given the preference. Brevity, clearness, force and timeliness should be kept in view. Correspondents held responsible for their own statements. Use one side of the sheet only, write plainly and send real name. The Register cannot be held responsible for the return of rejected communications.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Standing advertisements $12 per column, per month; half column $8 per month. Ad. occupying less than half column $1 per inch per month.

Transient advertisements $1.00 per inch, per month, in advance.

Locals, 10 cents per line, per week.

Advertisements contracted by the year and ordered out before expiration of term will be charged at transient rates and published until paid.

All accounts are due and must be paid promptly at the end of each month.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

Eastern mail arrives: Daily at 10:00 p. m.
Departs: Daily at 7:00 a. m.

SEVEN RIVERS MAIL.

Arrives: Wednesday and Friday at 8:00 p. m.
Departs: Thursday and Saturday at 7:00 a. m.

W. H. COSGROVE, P. M.

ROSWELL LODGE, A. F. & A. M., Meets on the first Saturday on or after full moon. Visiting brethren are cordially invited. W. S. PRAGER, W. M.
FRANK H. LEA, Secretary.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

—Arbor Day.

—The REGISTER force is again on top.

—Saturday is Washington's birthday.

—Get your trees ready to plant Saturday week.

—The cemetery ought not to be neglected on Arbor day.

—There will be 1,000 trees planted in Roswell on Arbor Day.

—"Be sure you are right and then go ahead" on the court house.

—Tickets for the ball Friday evening can be purchased at any of the stores.

—There is an air of thrift and business throughout Roswell that is very encouraging.

—The rock haulers have begun to deliver the rock on the ground for the Whiteman block.

—Rev. Caleb Maul will supply the pulpit for Rev. Rhoads next Sunday by request of the latter.

—Judge F. H. Lea and his whole family have been down with la grippe. The Judge thinks it no slight disease.

—The Lincoln County Leader laments over the loss of some of White Oaks citizens who recently removed to Roswell.

—The grip has had a pretty full sweep in and about Roswell. Most of the people have been in bed a day or two with it.

—The band will play upon the street at 4 p. m. Friday, to remind the people of their masked ball in the evening at the school house.

—Mrs. Jas. Sutherland was pretty sick last week but now is up and comfortable. The "La grippe" had most of the ranch in tow.

—C. B. Grant has sold his blacksmith business to Davis & Slack, and he will open a shop in a few days on the south end of Main street.

—Capt. P. F. Garrett, after a severe and protracted tussle with La Grippe is again out, looking a little the worse for his sickness, however.

—A. M. Robertson & Co. have added a fine line of wall paper to their stock. They have a large assortment, and of various grades and prices.

—The arrangements are all completed for the ball to-morrow (Friday) evening. Only those receiving invertations will be allowed to purchase tickets.

—It is the opinion of the people that the question of the court house foundation should be settled, and that it must be secure beyond the least question of a doubt.

—C. S. McCarty and wife were visiting in Roswell and up at the Diamond A Ranch last week. Mc. has one eye on the political track upon which he expects to run next fall.

—Mendenhall & Garrett are putting up a Fairbanks wagon scale on the street in front of their livery house. It is needed, tons and tons of freight and hay will be weighed on it.

—A foolish man, "Is like a man that without a foundation built a house upon the earth; against which the stream did beat vehemently, and immediately it fell; and the ruin of that house was great.

—A name for the new hotel is just now troubling the stock holders: We suggest "The Alpha," as not only euphonic and easy to remember but suggestive of the beginning of the brick era in building for Roswell.

—Mr. Geo. Ovard has set out an orchard on his place of about 200 apple trees of the choicest varieties, he will irrigate by use of a windmill and water tank.

—Mrs. J. A. Erwin spent several days at the Diamond A ranch last week in the genial society of Mrs. Jas. Sutherland. She reports a delightful visit even though la grippe held her in charge for two or three days.

—Dr. Gould, local editor and able representative of the Albuquerque Democrat, arrived in our little city Monday. He is here for the purpose of getting data for a writeup of the Pecos valley in an immigration edition of that paper to be published in May next.

—J. A. Erwin, editor of the Pecos Valley Register, and Geo. T. Ovard, a prominant farmer and Alliance advocate of the same section, spent several days in Nogal last week. These are affable gentlemen and extra good citizens.—Liberty Banner.—Thanks.

—Let the commissioners build on a sure foundation, lest they "Be likened unto a foolish man, which built his house upon the sand; and the rain descended, and the floods came, and the winds blew, and beat upon that house; and it fell, and great was the fall of it."

—The water is again running through the new ditches on Second and Main streets, it is now, by the effecient work of the board of trade, under the management of Wm. Atkinson, kept from running over the streets and is a great improvement over the old ditches.

—Davis and Slack is the name of a new firm in Roswell, they succeed C. B. Grant in the blacksmith business on the corner of Main and Fourth street. Mr. Slack is a practical man, a well known mechanic in Las Vegas and a recent addition to the population of our city.

—Sidney Prager and Joe Jaffa made a fortunate purchase of eight lots on Pennsylvania Avenue on the corner of First and Second streets. They were offered $200 bonus for their purchase before the transfer was made. Property in the southwest part of town is increasing in value very rapidly.

—Carter and Martin are getting in stock now every day and will soon have their new store room full to over flowing of goods. Mr. Morrison, who is now in charge of the business here, we learn has about concluded to remain in Roswell. We are glad of it for he is one of the pleasantest of men and a good business man.

—G. M. Davidson has employed Mr. Latell of White Oaks, a first-class brick mason, to work on and superintend the construction of the hotel block. Mr. Latell is what is know as a trimmer on buildings, we understood he is second to none in his line, doubtless under his care the work will move along without any hitch or stop.

—Mrs. George Buck gave her husband a pair of valentines on the 14th, in the shape of twins, a boy and girl, bright and hearty babes that help to keep up the reputation of the productive Pecos valley. The REGISTER wishes for them long and happy life and for the happy parents much joy in the continued contemplation of their beauty and virtue.

—We recommend to the school board to arrange for the planting of trees on the new school grounds on Arbor day. It would be a good plan to have the school children in line with a tree each to plant there for their own, they would take pride in seeing the tree grow and would care for it instead of breaking it down while attending school. Get the children interested.

—The base ball fever has begun to rage in Roswell, and as the days grow warmer we expect it to consume the young men of the town. Why not organize a good club and send a challenge to our neighboring town Eddy? They have material enough down there for a good club. We might have a friendly turn or two at each other in a base ball contest. What does Eddy say?

—Wm. McClellan and family left on Sunday last for Roswell. Mr. McClellan has leased a confectionery establishment, will carry on business in that line at Roswell.—Interpreter.

The above named parties are here and installed in business with Mr. Stephens our jewelery and confectioner. We understand they expect to start a bakery in connection with the candy business.

—Dick Nowby, and Mr. Brison, of Kansas, started for Roswell this morning in a team furnished by Chaffin & Duncan. Mr. Brison goes to buy sheep, and Dick carried a roulette wheel along with him, which he will operate in Roswell.—Optic.

The gambling business seems to thrive pretty well in Roswell, but we do not believe a roulette wheel will be a profitable or agreeable addition to that branch of industry(?) in town.

THE LAND OFFICE.

Practically Closed Pending The Appointment of a New Register.

Upon the death of Hon. J. H. Mills, late Register of the Roswell land office, Receiver Frank Lesnet wired the department for instructions as to the management of the office, in reply to which he received the following telegram.

WASHINGTON D. C. Feb. 14, '90.
FRANK LESNET, Receiver
Roswell N. M.

Take charge of public property till a new Register is appointed, keep office open for convenience of public but transact no business requiring joint action of both officers. LEWIS A. GRAFF, Com.

This practically closes all the business of the office for the reason that there is very little business that does not require the joint action of both officers. We understand from Mr. Lesnet that filings will be received and placed upon file in the office to be acted upon when the office re-opens by the appointment of a new Register. Such filings will receive the benefit of any priority of date, because when they are received officially it will be as of the date in the filing papers and not the date of action which may be several months hence.

In the matter of final proof on claims already published, Mr. Lesnet says he will hear the proof but that no action will be taken on them until the Register is appointed, no new publication notices will be issued however. There is no telling how soon the appointment will be made but we think the matter will not be delayed longer than necessary which will in all probability be 60 days before the new Register is appointed and qualified.

In Memoriam.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Roswell Lodge A. F. & A. M., at their last meeting:

Whereas, It has pleased the Great Architect of the universe to remove from our midst our late brother, John H. Mills, and

Whereas, It is but just that a fitting recognition of his many virtues should be had. Therefore be it

Resolved by Roswell Lodge of Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, that, while we bow with humble submission to the will of the Most High, we do not the less mourn for our brother who has been taken from us.

Resolved, That, in the death of John H. Mills, this lodge laments the loss of a brother who was ever ready to proffer the hand of aid and the voice of sympathy to the needy and distressed of the fraternity, and who as a friend and companion was dear to us all.

Resolved, That the heartfelt sympathy of this lodge be extended to his family in their affliction.

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread upon the records of the lodge, and a copy thereof be transmitted to the family of our deceased brother, and be published in the Pecos Valley REGISTER.

W. S. PRAGER,
JOHN W. POE, } Com.
J. PHELPS WHITE.

—The Hotel is going up quite rapidly, the brick work is up nearly to the top of the windows of the first story and it looks very much like a building. There was a little flare-up last Friday when the masons began to lay brick, Mr. Prager thought the brick were not hard enough to make a good wall and he stopped the work, but after some investigation the masons began again and have been as busy as bees since. The prompt action of Mr. Prager in this matter when there was a question of doubt as to the sufficiency or security of any part of the building, is just what we want to see in regard to the building of the court house, in fact we believe the Commissioners ought to manage that building just as they would one for themselves, we know there is none but would do as Mr. Prager did in the hotel matter in any building they were interested in. In regard to the court house foundation we think they should stop all work until they are certain there is no risk to run, this we understand has been done and The Pauley Jail company have been notified of the general feeling in regard to the matter, and the Commissioners do not intend to do any thing more until they are heard from.

—Now that South Park cemetery is fenced and in order, why are not the graves in the old cemetery removed there. This should be done at once, we urge the cemetery trustees to attend to the matter. Persons having friends burried in the old cemetery should see to moving them because the old grounds are open and uncared for and will remain so, while the South Park will be kept in good order and beautified.

—G. M. Davidson & Co., have moved their brick kiln down the Hondo about a half a mile below town where Mr. Davidson has bought 10 acres of the Las Cattle Co for a permanent yard. Mr. Davidson says he has started the brick business down there not to stop again until frosts of next fall compells him to. This firm have a contract to build, in addition to the court house and hotel, a two story 25 foot front business room for M. Whiteman on South Main street just north of his present store.

—Fred Joyce esq., says if takes a good Justice of the Peace two weeks to qualify and do it right. We have no doubt but that Mr. Joyce is duly installed in his position and we believe he will discharge his duties honorably.

—Those desiring tickets for the ball can secure them at Zimmerman's drug store.

—No school was held for several days last week on account of the La grippe

Neat and artistic work done by Gus Siber, with Garrett & Hull. Satisfaction guaranteed.

• JAFFA, PRAGER & CO'S. •
COLUMN.

JAFFA, PRAGER & CO.

General Merchants

—AND—

BANKERS,

Carry the Best and Most Complete Stock of

Everything

to be found in the Pecos Valley.

A general Banking Business transacted.

P. S. A FULL LINE OF HARNESS AND SADDLES & SADDLERY HARDWARE.

Work Shop in Connection.

JOHN W. POE. J. H. LEA. W. H. COSGROVE

Poe, Lea & Cosgrove,

—Dealers in—

General Merchandise of Every Kind,

Roswell, New Mexico.

A. M. Robertson & Co.,

—DEALERS IN—

Lumber, Doors, Sash, Shingles and

MOULDINGS, FENCE POSTS, &C.

Roswell, - - New Mexico.

BOOTH & McDONALD,

Wholesale & Retail Liquor Dealers.

Choice Wines & Cigars.

Ranch Trade Solicited. Bottle Goods A Specialty.

Main Street, Roswell, N. M.

W. A. JENKINS. P. F. GARRETT.

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BLACKSMITHS & WHEELWRIGHTS.

WORK PROMPTLY DONE. CHARGES REASONABLE.

All Kinds Repair Work A Specialty.

Main St., Roswell, N. M.

J. A. HILL,

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

WILL FURNISH

Plans and Specifications.

ESTIMATES MADE ON

MECHANICAL WORK.

STANTON HOUSE,

Roswell, New Mexico,

Mrs. A. O'Neil, Proprietor.

LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE.

Horses Bought and Sold.

MENDENHALL & GARRETT.

DO YOU KNOW

—THAT—

J. H. Carper

Can repair your old Sewing Machine and make it do as good work as when new, no difference what kind of Machine it is?

Charges reasonable and satisfaction guaranteed.

Needles, Shuttles and Parts supplied for all Machines. Also

GENUINE OIL.

Will also take old Machines at their value as part payment on new Machines.

Address, J. H. CARPER,
Roswell, N. M.

L. M. LONG,

Civil Engineer, Land Surveyor & Notary Public,

ROSWELL, N. M.

Plans, specifications and estimates of all Mechanical work carefully made. Complete abstract of title to all the lands on the Rio Hondo and Pecos.

TEXAS HOUSE,

Mrs. Wm. Fountain, Proprietress.

Board and Lodging at Reasonable Rates

L. A. Stephens,

PRACTICAL JEWELER AND WATCH MAKER

ROSWELL, N. M.

Fine Watch Work a Specialty

E. H. SKIPWITH,

Physician and Surgeon.

ROSWELL, N. M.

HODSOLL'S

Photographic • Art • Gallery

Roswell, N. M.

All sizes of Photos taken. Views of Farms, Ranches, Etc., a specialty.

Enlargements made to any size, either Bromide or Crayon.

All Work Guaranteed.

M. A. UPSON, Surveyor & Notary Public. P. F. GARRETT, Real Estate Dealer.

UPSON & GARRETT,

Land Agents and Conveyancers,

ROSWELL, N. M.

Complete Maps and Abstracts of all lands embraced in the Pecos Valley. Lands bought, sold and located for settlers.

OFFICE:—Garret's Ranch, Head of the Northern Canal of the Pecos Irrigation and Investment Co. Postoffice address:- UPSON & GARRETT, ROSWELL, N. M.

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PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

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First-class work done promptly and guaranteed.

Roswell, New Mexico.

G. A. RICHARDSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ROSWELL, N. M.

Will practice in all the courts of the Territory and in the United States Land Office.

LA GRIPPE OR INFLUENZA.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM

has such a magical effect upon Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis and all difficulties of the Throat and Lungs that it had been found of great value in curing the Cough attending this new epidemic, so rapidly spreading.

It quiets the Bronchial Irritation, causing Free Expectoration, and Contains no Opium in any form.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM

Is Sold by Druggists Generally.

Price 25cts., 50cts., and $1 a Bottle.

C IF U

can solve this puzzle. $100 $1.00 will be distributed among the first 100 persons who return this puzzle, showing by plain lak lines how to reach the window in the center without crossing a black line. The first person showing the correct way to enter will receive $50; the second, $20; the third, $10; the next 10, $5 each; the next 100, $1 each. Should you not get one of the largest amounts you have 100 chances for one of the smaller sums. Competitors must send 50 cts. in payment for the Chimney Corner six months. It comprises 16 pages, 64 columns, elegantly illustrated; comment is unnecessary, as the Chimney Corner has been a household word for years. Contest closes April 8. Names and addresses of winners will appear in Chimney Corner April 15. For only 50c. you may get $50. Write to-day and be the fortunate. One cent stamp same as cash. THE CHIMNEY CORNER, Chicago, Ill.

DRINK LION COFFEE

A TRUE COMBINATION OF

Mocha, Java and Rio.

A BEAUTIFUL SOUVENIR

Picture Card Given

WITH EVERY POUND PACKAGE

LION COFFEE

When you buy your Groceries try a package LION COFFEE. It is the best in the United States—made up from a selection of Mocha, Java, and Rio, properly blended and is conceded by all to make the nicest cup of Coffee in the land. For Sale Everywhere.

Woolson Spice Co., Manf'rs,

KANSAS CITY, MO. TOLEDO, O.

MERCHANTS WRITE YOUR JOBBER FOR PRICES.

$75 TO $250 A MONTH can be made working for us. Persons preferred who can furnish a horse and give their whole time to the business. Spare moments may be profitably employed also. A few vacancies in towns and cities. J. F. JOHNSON & CO., 1100 Main St., Richmond, Va.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY, KAVA FOURNIER.

FOR MEN ONLY. Over 10,000 cases successfully treated in the leading Paris hospitals. Used in daily practice by all French physicians. Medals and Diplomas of Honor, Paris Expositions. Acts with magical rapidity in new cases. Cures absolutely those chronic cases which other remedies only relieve.

Full package remedies sent C.O.D., express prepaid, $2. Handsome pamphlet free.

Kava Fournier Agency, 18 E. 12th St. N. Y.

Morse's School Shoes,

Made in our large factory at Omaha, Nebraska. Ask your dealer for them. Refuse to take any others. If not kept in your town, write us asking where to get them. They wear longer and fit better than any other shoes. Shoes have always been made too narrow. We make them wide. A reward of Fifty Dollars in gold paid for every pair of our own make of shoes that contains a particle of shoddy, or anything but solid leather. We make 150 styles of Women's, Misses and Children's Sewed and Standard Screw, Grain, Glove, Kid and Dongola. Elegant styles, wide and good fitting. We also carry 150 styles of Men's Goods, Rubbers, &c.

W. V. MORSE & CO.,

Shoe Manufacturers, Omaha, Neb.

Wales' Goodyear Rubbers are the best.

It is a trifle difficult, just now, to tell whether it is whisky or influenza that has the grip on the red nosed individual.

Hark! to the sounds of humanity's wails! Millions of people with aches and with ails. Headaches and humors, a merciless flood, Weakness of lungs and disorders of blood. Yet there's a helper that certainly saves, Thousands of people from premature graves. The remedy is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures coughs, relieves asthma, checks bronchitis, purifies the blood, heals sores, eruptions and unsightly pimples and is without a rival for all the ills that spring from a disordered liver. All druggists.

Don't hawk, and blow, and spit, but use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Of druggists.

When the carpet manufacturers' Trust gets started the American housekeeper will indeed be floored.

It is so Everywhere.

E. B. Ball, druggist at Hiattsville, Kan., has this to write about Allen's Lung Balsam: "It is the best selling throat and lung remedy, and gives general satisfaction. I cheerfully recommend it." Buy the large $1.00 bottle for Lung Diseases.

The threatened corner in French sardines doesn't affect the Maine canners. They are no sardines!

Consumption Can be Cured!

Not by any secret remedy, but by proper, healthful exercise, and the judicious use of Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites, which contains the healing and strength-giving virtues of these two valuable specifics in their fullest form. Prescribed by physicians. Take no other.

A large "robin roost" is reported in Indiana. The largest robbins' roost on this continent is in Canada.

Catarrh Can't be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you have to take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is no quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, price 75c.

"In vino veritas" doesn't always come out right. Some men lie dreadfully when they are drunk.

Ask your dealer for "Tansill's Punch."

The *Challenge*, published at Denver, is an aggressive, wide-awake Prohibition paper. Send for a sample copy. Subscription only $1.00 a year.

"ONE FOOT IN THE GRAVE."

How often do we hear the above said of some poor pilgrim o'er life's thorny path, whose tottering step, pallid face, unnatural glitter of the eye and hacking cough, and its accompanying involuntary pressure of the hand over the lungs, the seat of the dread disease—consumption—that causes the remark! Too frequently, alas! and in the interests of such unfortunates this is penned, to assure them that their steps need tend no longer towards that narrow receptacle that awaits all—that is, until life's allotted space is covered—from any such cause, for the scientific researches of Dr. R. V. Pierce, of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., resulting in his "Golden Medical Discovery," have wrested from Nature a remedy which never fails to cure this scourge of our race (which is really nothing more nor less than Scrofula of the Lungs), if taken in time and given a fair trial.

For Scrofula in all its myriad forms, whether affecting the lung-tissues or other organs or parts, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a sovereign remedy, and the only one that is sold by druggists, under a positive guarantee from its manufacturer, that it will benefit or cure, if taken in time and given a fair trial, or money paid for it will be refunded. Enlarged glands, tumors or "bunches," are dissipated by its use; old sores or ulcers healed; "white swellings," hip-joint disease, and kindred ailments, permanently cured. It's a medicine, not a beverage; a concentrated vegetable extract, without sugar or syrup in its make-up. Don't begin drinking. An peculiar and marvelous in curative properties as in its composition. Its mission is to cure, not palliate.

"Golden Medical Discovery" invigorates and strengthens the liver and lungs, sharpens the appetite, improves digestion, purifies the blood, cleanses the system, and builds up both flesh and strength when reduced by "wasting diseases." It leads all other preparations in amount of sales. There's nothing like it for the diseases for which it is recommended, so don't be fooled into accepting any substitute, said to be "just as good." Try an honest to your intelligence when unprincipled dealers try to palm off something else upon you, just to make a little better profit? Ask honest dealer whether this statement must, without qualification, stand unchallenged, Women's Diseases, Leucorrhœa, Inflammation, Ulceration, Prolapsus, Backache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Dyspepsia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Epilepsy, Fits, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Antedating Menstrual Decline, Dragging Pains, Bearing-down Pains, Pain in the Back, Kidneys, Liver, Bowels, Piles, Female Weakness, Leucorrhœa, Irregularities, Prolapsus, Anteversion, Retroversion, Bloating, Falling of the Womb, Gravel, Ulceration, Inflammation, Dropsy, Catarrh, Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sleeplessness, Mental Anxiety, Loss of Flesh, Lung Troubles, Bronchitis, Coughs, Consumption (in its early stages), Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Night Sweats, and kindred diseases, permanently cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Sold by druggists, under a positive guarantee from its manufacturers, that it will benefit or cure, if taken in time and given a fair trial, or money paid for it will be refunded. See guarantee printed on bottle-wrapper. Price $1.00, or six bottles for $5.00.

$500 REWARD [illegible]

Morse's School Shoes,

Made in our large factory at Omaha, Nebraska. Ask your dealer for them. Refuse to take any others. If not kept in your town, write us asking where to get them. They wear longer and fit better than any other shoes. Shoes have always been made too narrow. We make them wide. A reward of Fifty Dollars in gold paid for every pair of our own make of shoes that contains a particle of shoddy, or anything but solid leather. We make 150 styles of Women's, Misses and Children's Sewed and Standard Screw, Grain, Glove, Kid and Dongola. Elegant styles, wide and good fitting. We also carry 150 styles of Men's Goods, Rubbers, &c.

W. V. MORSE & CO.,

Shoe Manufacturers, Omaha, Neb.

Wales' Goodyear Rubbers are the best.

TOYS OF ANTIQUITY.

Marvels of Ingenuity That Were Made by Old-Time Inventors.

A thoughtful looking little old gentleman sat in the Girard House last evening watching the people pass in and out and listening to snatches of conversations which were wafted to his ears, says the Philadelphia press. He sat alone in a corner smoking a pipe with a long, slender stem. His black coat was ornamented with braid, and his gray hair was topped by a black silk skull cap. The gentleman is Auguste Blanc, of Paris, an inventor of mechanical toys. He has spent his life in this work, and each ensuing year brings him additional interest in it. Mr. Blanc has a marvelous fund of anecdote, especially about the wonders of automata, and takes great pleasure in talking about the latter.

"Puppets or Marionettes were patronized," he said, "both by the Greeks and the Romans; and automata, which are the inventions now principally dealt in, also go back to a remote period. Vulcan's tripod on wheels has the authority of Homer; Daedalus made moving statues; Archytas of Tarentum, in 400 B. C., invented a wooden pigeon that could fly in the air. In the six-teenth century Regiomantamous made an iron fly which moved through the atmosphere, and afterward an automatic eagle, which, on the arrival of the Emperor Maximilian at Nuremburg, flew forth to meet him.

"But one of the most wonderful of such inventions of which we have record was a group of automata constructed by Philip Camus for Louis XIV. This consisted of a coach and four horses that started with a crack of a whip, the horses prancing, trotting and galloping in turn. It ran along until it got in front of the king, when it stopped. When a toy footman descended, and, opening the carriage door, handed out a lady 'with born grace,' as the records tell us. The lady made a courtesy, presented a petition to the king, re-entered her carriage and was driven rapidly away. Such is a description of this most wonderful automaton," concluded Mr. Blanc. "I never saw the toy itself, of course, but the description just given to you tallies word for word with an authentic record. I memorized the latter at one time, so marvelous did it seem to me."

Why They Were Beaten.

Along Broadway a day or two ago, says a New York Star man, I met a short, stout man, full of 70 years ago. It has been a number of years since he was a familiar figure in our national life; but there was the same serene shaven face and determined cast of countenance that once were seen in the United States senate chamber, and again in the house of representatives. Any one who can recall Senator W. W. Eaton, of Connecticut, will remember what a strong, positive character he has always been, and what a striking figure he cut in the democratic party while he was in congress. The last time he ran for a seat in the lower house he was beaten, and as I saw him to-day, a good story following that contest is recalled. After his defeat he paid a visit to Washington and met his old friend Oscar Turner of Kentucky, who had also been defeated. He was as picturesque a character as Eaton.

"How did you come to get beat, Turner?" said Mr. Eaton.

Why, hang it, they nominated a one-legged confederate soldier against me, and you can never beat a man with one leg in Kentucky, when he lost it in the army," was Turner's reply.

"But Eaton," retorted Turner, "what excuse have you for being beaten?"

"Because," replied Eaton, "I was in a worse fix than you were. They nominated a man against me who had no head, and you can never beat that kind of a man in Connecticut."

How Gold Rings Are Made.

Gold rings are made from bars nine to fifteen inches long. One of these bars, fifteen inches long, two inches wide, and three-sixteenths of an inch thick, is worth $1,000, and will make 800 four-pennyweight rings. A dozen processes and twenty minutes' time are required to convert this bar into merchantable rings. First a pair of shears cuts the bar into strips; then by the turn of a wheel a guillotine-like blade attached to the machine cuts the bar into slices, one, two, or three-sixteenths of an inch wide. A rolling machine next presses out the slices and makes them either flat or grooved. Each strip is then put under a blowpipe and annealed. The oxide of copper comes to the surface, and is put into a pickle of sulphuric acid, after which the ring is stamped "14k," "16k" or "18k," according to quality. Next it is put into the shape of a ring of the size desired. The ends are then soldered with an alloy of inferior fineness to the quality of the ring. Many people think that rings are molded because they can't see where they are soldered. The ring spins through the turning lathe, is rounded, pared and polished, first with steel filing, then with tripoli and rouge.

How to Detect Counterfeits.

Take a United States bill of any denomination and hold it up to the light and you will see two lines running entirely across it lengthwise; upon examination you will find these two consist of a silk thread, a red one and blue one. Every genuine bill has this mark of genuineness; without these marks a bill may be put down as counterfeit, no matter how good the engraving on it. No paper mill dare make that sort of paper, and that is the government's only protection on its currency.

A New Keepsake.

Mr. Freshwood—Brother See-it, will you tell me why it is that from Genesis to Revelations all the consolations of Scripture are for the widow and fatherless, without a word for the widower?"

Brother See-it—Ah, Brother Freshwood, the Almighty does nothing in vain. He gave the widower the chance to console himself, and knew that he would always do it without any help from Scripture.—Dealer's Magazine.

THE ARIZONA "KICKER."

A Few Paragraphs Intended to be Amusing.

Detroit Free Press: We extract the following from the last issue of the Arizona Kicker:

On Monday evening a committee of prominent citizens waited on us and tendered us the nomination for lieutenant governor of this state, accompanied by such words of praise and esteem as brought tears to our eyes. While we had to decline the nomination, owing to the pressure of our private business, the spirit which actuated these gentlemen will make a better man of us. There is everything to encourage a western editor to git up and hump himself like a jack-rabbit carrying sail before a pack of coyotes, and we wouldn't exchange our present position with Mr. Wanamaker if he would throw in ten Sunday schools to boot.

More than three months ago the Kicker very kindly but firmly informed Judge Gridley that this wasn't the climate he was seeking after, and once or twice since we have courteously inquired why he didn't get a movement on him. Saturday night a committee waited on the judge. It had a rope along, and the rope was used to elevate the tardy traveler off his feet several times. When let down he had a gargle for sore throat put up at the nearest drug store and then walked. It was a hint not to be disregarded, and he will now honor some other town with his presence. He was not a subscriber to the Kicker.

Last week we advised Piute Joe, who runs the little doggery just beyond the post-office, be given two days time in which to pack his traps and vacate the place. We thought two days very liberal time, but Joe differed with us, and, encouraged by that old sot, Steve Springer, he laid for us in front of the Pacific hotel as we went to dinner. The first thing we knew Joe's bullets were flying all around us, and he standing only six feet away. He blazed his six shots, wounding two of our citizens, as reported elsewhere and then we took him by the neck and broke him in two over a hitching post. We were entirely unarmed, but we know Joe was cross-eyed, and couldn't shoot for shucks. The doctor says he will be in bed for several weeks, and perhaps be a cripple for life.

As for Steve Springer, we are looking for him, and as soon as we can lay hands on his carcass we will make him wish he had been born a skunk.

A subscriber in Massachusetts writes to inquire if this climate is good for asthma. That's according. We have known men to come here and get their breath within a week and others to lose it inside of three days. A great deal depends on the patient. If he comes here with his mind made up to play our game, drink our whisky and mix in our society his asthma will soon leave him. If he comes in the opposite spirit some one of our townsmen will very likely feel it is his solemn duty to give the weary sufferer rest.

Colds, coughs, and incipient consumption cured by Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, a remedy of fifty years' standing, known and used all over the world. Do yourself the favor to give it a trial. You will be amply repaid.

The Frenchman says: "When I start out in search of a wife I'm going to Havre"

To promptly relieve and permanently cure Rheumatism or neuralgia, use Salvation Oil. For sale by all druggists at 25 cents a bottle.

It is the common belief that a man can't see a sea-serpent until he is half seas over.

Why not *save your clothes*, by using the best, purest, *most economical* soap, Dobbins' Electric. Made ever since 1864. Try it once you will use it *always*. Your grocer keeps it or will get it. Look for the name, *Dobbins*.

All those who pass through the door to success will find it labled "push."

For Throat Diseases and Coughs use Brown's Bronchial Troches. Like all *really* good things, they are imitated. The genuine are sold only in boxes.

Even the homeless man may have a title clear to the mansions in the skies.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Woman is more plucky than man. She is never afraid of the overhead wires—in bonnet frames.

Lucky Hamilton Ladies.

Hamilton (Ont) Times, January 4.

The *Times* received word to-day that Mr. John B. Young, of No. 38 Hannah Street west, had been so fortunate as to hold a winning ticket in The Louisiana State Lottery. A reporter called on Mr. Young, and that gentleman was reticent about giving any particulars of the affair. He, however, told the *Times* representative that his wife had taken a chance in the great lottery, the drawing taking place on Dec. 17. The ticket which she held (in which Mrs. Young's sister had a share) was a one-fortieth of No. 98,436, which drew the first capital prize of $600,000. The share which comes to the Hamilton ladies is $15,000. Mr. Young told the reporter that he received the money promptly from a New Orleans bank, by draft through one of our leading banks here. It is needless to say that the ladies are receiving congratulations on account of the good fortune. They would not have gone into the affair but for a friend who urged them to try their luck for once.

New York ball-players prefer their aunt to any other relative—their peasant, we mean, of course.

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State of Ohio Treasury Dept., Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 6, 1889.

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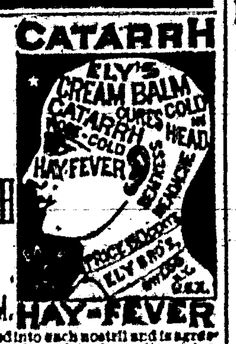

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