

Pecos Valley Register.

VOL. II. NO. 17

BOSWELL, NEW MEXICO THURSDAY, MARCH 20, 1890.

\$3.00 A YEAR.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Two thousand shirt makers are on a strike in New York.

The Cattlemen's Convention is in session at Fort Worth.

An American fleet is giving exhibitions in European ports.

A mother and seven children were burned in their home near Montreal last Saturday.

Herr Krupp, the cannon manufacturer of Germany, had an income last year of \$1,395,000.

Warner Miller of New York is the newly elected president of the Nicaragua Canal Company.

Secretary Windom decides that Chinese merchants cannot land in the United States.

A Pennsylvania coal mine is on fire and eight men imprisoned, who are supposed to have perished.

Several earthquakes have occurred at Kutais, Asia, Russia. Three villages were destroyed.

Judge David Dudley Field in his recent Boston speech urged the necessity of compelling citizens to vote.

Two men were arrested last week while trying to set fire to a large lodging house in Spokane Falls, Washington.

A grand jury in South Carolina recently censured the Supreme Court, the laws of the State, and the country sheriff.

A man claiming to be from Colorado ran a muck in Chicago the other day and shot four people, including two policemen, one of whom will die.

Another battle between the French forces and those of the King of Dahomey resulted in the killing of 400 Dahomian warriors, some of whom were women.

The Senate committee which is investigating the leakage of Senate proceedings in secret session, are summoning all the members of the Senate to swear that they didn't do it.

In Dallas, Texas, a robber threw a big stone through the window of a jewelry store and then reached in and took a tray of diamonds. Many people were about, but he avoided arrest.

Senator Stanford has submitted to the Senate a scheme for the issuance by the Government of bonds to farmers with their property as security. The bonds to be at a low rate of interest and negotiable. Upon these bonds the farmer may draw currency as the National banks do now and with equal advantage.

Mwanga, king of Uganda, Africa, who, after being disposed was driven from the country, has returned and with the aid of the missionaries conquered the rebels, and has resumed authority in Uganda. He has proclaimed himself a Christian and given the principal posts to Protestants and Catholics, and a dangerous rivalry has sprung up between them.

A Panama dispatch says that news from Casanero, Bayota, says that Indians in want of provisions promised them by the government, to the number of 8,000, raised prosperous plantations of Santa Elena, and others, burning the buildings and stealing the cattle. It is feared that dreadful results will follow unless troops are sent at once to protect the inhabitants, and furnish the Indians the supplies promised.

A dynamite gun and a torpedo thrower in course of construction at Birmingham, England, by Lieutenant Graydon, late of the United States navy, is attracting considerable attention. The gun is fifteen inches caliber and is expected to be capable of throwing six hundred pounds of dynamite a distance of three miles. Public demonstration will be made early in May under the auspices of the English government.

The Senate committee on military affairs has ordered a favorable report upon the bill to appropriate money to reimburse the States of California, Nevada and Oregon for expenses incurred to aid in suppressing the rebellion. The amounts are, to California, \$125,000; Oregon, \$75,000, and Nevada, \$100,000. Whenever the State paid interest on the loans to meet these expenses that amount, after being determined as, shall also be paid back to them.

Wyoming statesmen suggest a novel scheme for populating their Territory, so as to secure statehood. A member of the legislature has presented a bill to that body which provides for taking such unmarried men in the Territory over thirty-five years old \$4.50 a year. A supporter of the measure says: "If 1,000 unmarried men from Chicago should start for Wyoming this month I would guarantee that 50 per cent of the number would not be single a year. It takes a tight hand disposition to block a match out here. Our school trustees want women for teachers; our young chaps want pretty, entertaining girls to parties; our bachelors want sensible, middle-aged women for life partners. Lots of women from the East have come to Wyoming within the last few years, yet the demand is far greater than the supply. There are hundreds of young girls working like slaves for a mere pittance in Chicago, who could go to Wyoming, get a school room and do for a week, and then not have to look for one. The school room is the greatest attraction the government has to offer."

News from the Orient.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 9.—The steamer Belgic arrived this morning from Hong Kong and Yokohama, bringing advices that the abolition of Serrano has been determined upon by the Chinese troops that were trying to quell them that the commander of the Chinese, Hsiao Tung, had been led into ambush, and all but ten slaughtered, gave up the campaign against the rebels and opened friendly negotiations with them. The natives upon receiving promises of large concessions agreed to abandon their hostile attitude toward the Chinese authorities. Brigandage, however, is still rampant.

Viceroy Chang Hi Tung is said to have retained the assistance of four mining and metallurgical engineers to prospect for coal and iron mines in the country through which it is planned to make a trunk railway, between Hankow and Peking Pass. He is reported as his influence goes, to be thinking seriously of constructing this line which has received the nominal sanction of the emperor, but is still adverse to the employment of foreign capital or foreign material. A railway engineer attached to the German legation has been engaged to make a preliminary survey of the country. The *Overland China Mail* says: "We fear that if the Hankow railway has to pass through the coal and iron mines are opened and rails manufactured in China, it is more likely to be the end than the beginning of the next century before the big trunk line is completed."

Japan newspapers are full of articles on the political situation and the programme of the parties. Some papers urge the appointment of Mr. Mutzo, Japanese minister to the United States, to be president of the new house of representatives on February 11th, the 25th anniversary of the Jimmu Tennes accession and the founding of the Imperial line also the anniversary of the granting of a new constitution was celebrated.

Fires took place in the village of Hodo gava February 8th, and destroyed 370 buildings.

The industries of Japan are in a distressed condition. Influenza is epidemic there.

A Kansas City Disgrace.

The charges made by Alderman Ford concerning the frightful condition of prisoners confined in the workhouse, are found to be true.

Two reporters from the Times investigated the matter and find that about seventy-five male prisoners are crowded into narrow and filthy cells, rocking with vermin, and not provided with sanitary regulations. The men are constantly manacled with shackles weighing from five to twenty-three pounds, and therefore prevented from bathing.

For these seventy-five prisoners there are but two guards. The guards say that on account of the desperate character of the men it is necessary to shackle them to prevent their escape.

It is thought likely a new brick prison will be erected, provided with proper sanitary regulations and a sufficient number of guards to watch the prisoners to do away with the shackles.

Mexico Takes the Drummers.

LAREDO, Tex., March 9.—The treasurer of the State of Tlaxcala, Mexico, has issued a circular to the treasurers of all municipalities within the State instructing them to enforce the collection of the drummers' tax rigidly in the future under penalty of heavy fine and removal from office. A New Orleans hardware drummer arrived in the city last night and reported that he had had a hard time avoiding the tax. On account of former acquaintance with the treasurer of Guadalupe he was allowed to depart in peace with the admonition to go and sin no more and to be fined the next time he returned. The tax is equivalent to a prohibitory measure, as it amounts to \$125 every four months, consisting of federal, state, municipal, and school taxes. This tax must be paid in every city the drummer enters, and is a hardship which neither they nor those they represent can stand.

What Western Farm Mortgages Have Done.

What has been done with this vast borrowed capital? Labor has been employed. Thousands of villages, towns and cities have been built. Thousands of miles of railroads have been constructed. Millions of acres of land have been subjected to private dominion, have become a part of the estimated wealth of the country, and have been set to producing what the world wants. Farm buildings of all sorts have been constructed, and farm machinery purchased. The cattle industry has been enormously developed. Mines have been opened, churches and school houses have been erected. States have been founded. The growth which occupied a hundred years in the older States, has been crowded into ten. The mortgage did this. The people were an industrious, hard-working and ambitious people. The money which has been loaned them has not been squandered. If the loans made to the West had been large, the increase in the wealth of the West had been astonishing. The money advanced to the West is all there—represented by property, real and personal, which is rapidly giving back its increase. It is all there, engaged in producing results. —Prof. James Willie Hood in *The Struggle for America*.

The people of Colorado consume about five thousand pounds of butter per year. Three in five of these pounds are made at home. The remainder comes in from abroad—manufactured in what is known as the West.

PAN-AMERICAN SHIPS.

A Line of Vessels on the Pacific to Unite the Americas.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—The committee of the Pan-American conference on communication by the Pacific has at last come to a resolution.

The plan proposed is that the countries represented at this conference will grant subsidies to the steamship line which the committee recommends should be established, in proportion to their respective population. Each country will pay so much percentage of the subsidy as her percentage in the total amount of the population of the agreeing nations.

To begin it is proposed to have six steamships built of iron and steel. As the United States has 65,000,000 inhabitants, and that would be about two-thirds of one-half of the total amount of the population contained in the countries this plan would reach, she is entitled to about four ships, which are to sail under the flag of this country.

Mexico, who has the next largest population, will have a right to one ship, and as the total population of all the Central American countries is small, and the subsidies they will pay accordingly so small, they will unite themselves to Mexico with the sole intention that the flag of Mexico will be used instead of that of any of the Central American States.

Again, South America will have the remaining ship of the six, with which the start is proposed. The flag under which this ship is to sail will be determined by her sailing under the colors of the nation which will pay the largest subsidy; in other words, the country which has the largest amount of population, and this line of steamers is to leave San Francisco, go down as far south as the southern port of Chili, making stops at all ports.

Therefore, although a nation may not have a ship sailing under her colors, she will have all the benefits in union with her sister countries.

The subsidy it is proposed to start with will be about \$500,000 per year.

The committee of communication by the Gulf of Mexico and Caribbean Sea will recommend that the United States pay the subsidies of the Gulf of Mexico line, because now most all the countries, bordering on the gulf pay the several lines a very heavy subsidy, and they could not assume more expenses of this class than those they at present have.

Mexico, for instance, pays the American lines to New Orleans and other American ports very heavy subsidies besides those she pays to the French, German and Spanish lines.

A Bad Man.

MARQUETTE, Mich., March 6.—Warden Tompkins of the penitentiary shot the notorious train robber and murderer Holzhay through the hand to-night, in order to disarm him. Holzhay had by some means secured a table knife and ground it down to a point, and was threatening the life of a fellow prisoner. The warden's shot carried away all the fingers of his right hand.

Holzhay first seized a deputy keeper around the neck and threatened to cut his throat. Deputy Warden Hawley tried to get near them, but he was compelled to do so because of Holzhay's threat to kill the keeper. Finally the keeper escaped, when Holzhay seized a fellow-convict named Meservey in the same manner, keeping his body between himself and officers, so if they shot him they must necessarily kill the other convict.

Warden Tompkins was sent for and for over two hours argued with and threatened the desperado but to no effect. Finally he sat down, still holding Meservey in front of him, but Tompkins sent men around to the other end of the corridor who momentarily distracted Holzhay's attention, when the warden succeeded in planting a bullet in the hand which held the knife.

Holzhay's probable intention was to stab the night-keeper and get out. He will probably do no more mischief now, as he is badly crippled.

Emperor William's Reform.

LONDON, March 7.—What is by many regarded as the first practical result of the German Emperor's sudden interest in the working people's condition is the announcement just made of a reduction of the hours of labor in the imperial arsenal from twelve to ten. This concession has caused a great outcry from manufacturers and mine owners, who are aware that this precedent will cause a demand from their workmen for a similar reduction of hours, as well as an increase of wages.

The *Kreuz Zeitung* says the mischief worked by allowing workmen additional time to spend in drinking and dissipation affairs above their comprehension will be incalculable, and it seems to believe its words, too.

The inspired *Westphalia Gazette* sees nothing but ruin in store for the coal mine owners, and it would not be strange if these predictions of disaster, repeated daily as they are, should have an effect on those surrounding the emperor, if not upon the monarch himself.

The landed proprietors and capitalists are furious at the proposition to tax incomes at an accelerating rate, but as the *Westphalia Zeitung* points out, they will soon, if the measure becomes a practical one, learn to restrain themselves from the luxury and prodigality.

CONGRESSIONAL.

THURSDAY, MARCH 6.

SENATE.—The bill to increase the efficiency and reduce the expense of the signaling corps of the army, and for the transfer of the weather service to the Department of Agriculture, was reported and placed on the calendar.

HOUSE.—The entire morning was consumed in discussion of the bill for compulsory attendance of witnesses before registers and receivers of land offices, but no action was taken.

The House then went into committee of the whole and proceeded to the consideration of public building bills.

The bill called upon appropriating \$200,000 for a public building at San Jose, California, was the object of a vigorous attack from the Cannon of Illinois. He criticized the action of the committee on public buildings and alleged that there was "pork in the pot."

Mr. Milliken replying to Mr. Cannon said that if there were not for the friends of the bill, the gentleman from Illinois would suggest that he had never seen a man attempt to impute to another man that he had "pork in the pot" that he was not the first fellow to get his hand into the pot.

Mr. Cannon said that he had criticized the committee, as he had the right to do. He had not criticized the gentleman personally. "And if the gentleman," he continued, "is his real source by intimidation or by intimidation to allege that if it had not been for his friendly relations with me he could urge against my character or otherwise, our relations here end. Now let us have it out."

As he was uttering these words he was slowly approaching Mr. Milliken, and as he finished the sentence he tapped that gentleman on the shoulder, and the laughter which he had been holding throughout the colloquy both gentlemen manifested a great deal of excitement, but the House was very good humored and thoroughly enjoyed the controversy, which ended by Mr. Cannon declaring that he would not impute anything against the gentleman, who was as nearly perfect as any man in the world.

The bill was reported favorably.

The bill for post offices in Washington, D. C., was passed by the House.

FRIDAY, MARCH 7.

SENATE.—In the Senate to-day public building bills on the calendar having been reached, the following were passed: Oakland, California, \$300,000; Cheyenne, Wyoming, \$140,000; Helena, Montana, \$100,000. The bill appropriating \$300,000 for Salt Lake City, Utah, was also passed. The bill moved to reduce the appropriation to \$400,000. Mr. Paddock opposed the amendment on the ground that the building site would cost \$100,000.

The bill went over without action, and a bill educational bill came up as unfinished business.

HOUSE.—The committee on elections reported a resolution in the Alabama contested election case of Tracy vs. Clark, deciding Mr. Clark entitled to a seat.

The House then went into committee of the whole on private calendar. Without transacting any business of importance, the committee on the calendar recessed until the opening session, to be for the consideration of pension bills.

SATURDAY, MARCH 8.

The Senate was not in session.

HOUSE.—The morning hour was consumed in discussion of a bill for compulsory attendance of witnesses before registers of land offices. Passed.

The House then, in committee of the whole, resumed consideration of public building measures. The first bill called upon was that increasing from \$50,000 to \$50,000, the limit of the cost of the public buildings at Newark, New Jersey, and making an appropriation of \$300,000 increase.

Mr. Blount raised the point of order that it was not within the power of the committee on public buildings and grounds to recommend an appropriation of public buildings, and that the committee had no jurisdiction to do so.

Mr. Piomb offered a resolution, which was agreed to, calling on the Secretary of the Interior to report to the committee of withholding patents for lands within the limits of Union Pacific land grants.

The bill appropriating \$500,000 for a public building at Salt Lake City, Utah, was passed.

HOUSE.—The Senate resolution was concurred in providing that the Senate and House committees on immigration jointly investigate the working of various laws of the United States and several States relative to immigration. The resolution was amended to direct the joint committee to investigate the effect on American workmen likely to follow the purchase of Alaska by the United States.

The following bills were passed: For taking the census of Alaska; for preventing the introduction of contagious diseases into States.

A resolution was adopted appointing a committee to investigate the election of Mr. Breckenridge of Arkansas.

TUESDAY, MARCH 11.

SENATE.—Mr. Mitchell introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution providing for the election of Senators by a direct vote.

Mr. Merrill offered a resolution, which was agreed to, directing the Secretary of the Interior to report any information in the possession of his department in relation to authorizing a lottery company by the Indian territorial government of the Creek nation.

Mr. Hoar called up the resolution reported by him yesterday for the exclusion from the Record of the sentences interpolated by Mr. Call in his remarks in the discussion with Mr. Chandler some weeks ago. After some discussion the matter went over.

HOUSE.—In pursuance of an agreement Saturday, public building day, the bills passed by the committee of the whole came up for consideration. The bills were ordered and were passed by the House. They provided for the erection of buildings at various minor towns, with an aggregate expenditure of \$1,150,000.

Mr. Baker, from the committee on territories, reported the bill for the organization of the Territory of New Mexico, which was passed.

MORE OF THE KARA OUTRAGES.

LONDON, March 3.—Further particulars of the Kara outrages have just been received. The third, hunger-strike among the prisoners was to obtain the removal of the odious Gov. Masukoff, who had ordered a lady to be dragged from her bed in her night dress and stripped. She was subjected to the coarsest insults and then clothed in the prison dress. The first strike lasted eighteen days and ended in Masukoff tendering his resignation, which Gov. Korf declined to accept. The second strike lasted eight days, when Masukoff asserted that he had been ordered to another prison. When this was discovered to be a lie there was a third strike, which lasted twenty-two days. The prison surgeon declared that Mrs. Sigida was too ill to be flogged and that her heart was weak. He expressed the opinion that to further carry out the sentence would be illegal. Shamutin, Chief Director of Prisons, upon learning the surgeon's decision, telegraphed this laconic message: "Execute the sentence without the surgeon's presence." Superintendent Villi hesitated, and the official who figured in the first-named incident performed the flogging.

A Gay Captain.

New York, March 4.—A letter from Hamilton, Bermuda, on how Commander McCull of the Enterprise celebrated Washington's birthday with a wild debauch, shocking the hotel full of people and scaring a lot of American girls out of their wits by leaping, when half drunk, out of a window fifteen feet to the ground and running up and pulling their arms. Sunday evening the commander spent with several officers in a saloon. The commander waxed patriotic, and removing his silk hat stood on the corner table, saying: "That hat, gentlemen, represents George Washington, anybody who touches that hat touches George and I'll fight him. What! Nobody wants to touch George? Then we'll open another bottle."

The orgie wound up in a grand free fight in the streets of quiet old Hamilton, in which the paymaster, who was in the crowd, got whipped and McCulla was bodily thrown out of a carriage. A police officer tried to arrest McCulla, but he and a man whipped the officer and were put aboard by some Americans before the officers got there.

McCulla has asked for a court martial and will get it.

Europe Can't Buck America.

New York, March 5.—A Home special to the *Herald* says: All Rome was excited to-day over a trial of "Buffalo Bill's" cowboys on wild horses furnished by the Duke of Sermoneta.

For several days the Roman authorities have been superintending the erection of extra barriers to keep the savage steeds from reaching the audience.

The animals came from the duke's famous herd on the Pontine marshes, and he claimed that no cowboy on earth could ride one. The cowboys laughed at the boast. Then the duke dared them to mount any one of the six. Every man, woman and child expected that two or three men would be killed in the experiment. Over 3,000 carriages were driven to the Prati di Castello, and an audience of 20,000 people braved the dripping rain. Lord Dufferin and many other diplomats were present in the special tribune. Among the Romans were the wife of Premier Crispi and some of all the noble houses.

Two of the wild horses were driven into the arena. They had neither saddle or bridle on. Buffalo Bill announced that they would be conquered in five minutes. The cowboys lassoed, saddled, bridled and mounted the horses. The animals leaped in the air, writhed, bucked and reared madly, but all in vain. In five minutes they were ridden easily around while the Romans roared and shrieked with delight.

Buffalo Bill now dares any Roman to ride his bucking broncho.

A Wreck on the Lake Shore.

BUFFALO, March 6.—The train on the Lake Shore from the west, due a Buffalo at 9:10 p. m., broke in two near Hamburg to-night. The front part of the train, consisting of engine, tender, smoker and two coaches were quickly brought to a standstill. The rear half, composed of five heavy Pullmans, came on down grade and smashed into the second day coach. The Pullmans being the heavier, lifted the day coach into the air and then plied on top of the other. Both day coaches and the Pullmans were full of passengers. Four persons are reported killed and ten injured, one fatally. The railroad people refuse to give any information. An Associated press reporter went on a relief train as surgeon's assistant, as no reporters were allowed.

The injured number nearly twenty, more or less seriously hurt. It is not thought now that more than two or three will die.

Death of Abraham Lincoln.

LONDON, March 5.—Master Abraham Lincoln, son of Robert Lincoln, United States minister, who has been suffering from poisoning arising from a malignant carbuncle on the left side below the armpit, died at 11 o'clock this morning. During the morning the lad was in a comatose condition and unable to retain nourishment though he suffered no pain. The Lincoln family were at the bedside from early morning until he died. He passed away quietly.

BLUEBEARD'S EXECUTION.

Children Will be Glad to Know That he Met His Deserts.

Gilles de Retz was condemned on the 25th of October, 1440, to be strangled and afterward burnt, writes Louis Froehotte in the *Arene*.

Now the whole population of the town of Nantes fasted for three days to obtain the remission of his sins, and the children were whipped that they might never forget the memorable event.

The different monastic orders in the vicinity followed the original to the place of execution, chanting hymns and dirges.

The strangled body was thrown on a woodpile, but not allowed to be burnt. By permission of the duke of Brittany noble damsels—no loss—carried it away, swathed it in burying clothes with their own hands—was it not a touching spectacle?—and had it removed to the Carmelite monastery, where it was interred in great pomp.

I wonder what more could have been done if, instead of abusing and killing 140 children, he had sacrificed 10,000!

O, middle ages! To think there are those in this nineteenth century who sincerely revere you, and regret you are no more!

There still remain vestiges which recall the trial and punishment of the malefactor. First the tower of Le Bouffay, a construction dating from the tenth century, in which the dramatic scenes of the famous trial were unfolded; and next a small ruin of a peculiar kind.

There is to be seen at this day at the entrance of one of the bridges at Nantes the remains of an obelisk monument erected on the spot where Gilles de Retz was executed. It is a niche in which there was a statue of the virgin commonly known as the Virgin of *Cre-tait*, a name originating from the popular superstition which attributed to the Madonna the power of giving milk to nurses. The statue was destroyed long ago, but the niche still preserves its reputation, and often enough small offerings are to be seen on it.

Now, by what process did popular tradition identify the atrocious slayer of children with the savage baron who killed his wives as fast as he married them.

It would be hard to say. The historical facts are the crimes and execution of Gilles de Retz.

MRS. REED'S LONGEVITY.

A Story of a Man's Inhumanity to a Woman.

Man's inhumanity to man is a thing compared to his inhumanity to woman, says the *Chicago Herald*. The woes of an Iowa widow are proof of this. Mrs. Margaret Graham was a young and fair widow when she received an offer of marriage from a wealthy man whom she was disposed to wed. But she was prudent and she had money, so she consulted her friend neighbor, J. B. Reed, in whom she had abiding faith. Reed was married. He told the widow that he did not want her to marry the rich man. Why because he wanted her himself? His wife was ill. She would not live long. Could the widow wait? She could and did. One year rolled itself up into a bundle and took its place on the shelf of the dusty past. Still Reed's wife ate three meals a day. Three years added their chips to the log-pile and drew out of the game when the bottom got too high for them. Mrs. Reed slept and ate and wore with painful regularity. Five years purchased tickets in the lottery of life and drew blanks. Mrs. Reed's lungs filled themselves with pure air every five seconds. Seven years took to themselves wings and went to find the north pole of forgetfulness. This was too much for Mrs. Reed. She went, too. And Mr. Reed who had borrowed the widow's money all those years, took to himself a young and blushing bride. The widow is a widow still.

The Wife He Wanted.

She—I confess, William, that your proposal gives me much pleasure. I would be foolish to pretend that it does not, yet—

He—Yet what? What possible objection can you have to becoming my wife? You know that I love you, and am able to provide for you—

She—Yes, but I fear that I would be but a sorry housekeeper.

He—Why so?

She (weeping bitterly)—Because I have never been to a cooking school.

He—All the better, dearest; all the better.

She—All the better?

He—Yes. You will stay at home and attend to the cooking instead of wanting to go out and lecture on the culinary art. You are just the kind of a wife I want.—Boston Courier.

The Politician.

I pray that in one year more I may find some way of escaping from this unblest custom house, for it is a very grievous thralldom. I do detest all of these—all, at least, that are held on a political tenure, and I want nothing to do with politicians. Their hearts wicker away and die out of their bodies. Their consciences are "buried" in India rubber, or to some substance as black as that and which will stretch as much. One thing, if no more, I have gained by my custom-house experience—to know a politician. It is a knowledge which no previous thought or power of sympathy could have taught me; because the animal, or the machine, rather, is not in us;—HARRINGTON.

Pecos Valley Register

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COUNTY OFFICERS.

Sheriff, D. C. NOWLIN, Lincoln. Probate Clerk, Geo. C. GIBBY, Lincoln. Assessor, W. W. HAYWARD, Lower Pecos. Treasurer, H. J. YOUNG, White Oaks. Sup't. of Schools, F. H. JACKSON, White Oaks. Probate Judge, W. H. BOYER, Lincoln.

THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Composed of Lincoln, Sierra, Dona Ana and Grant counties, with headquarters at Lordsburg. District Judge, Hon. JOHN H. MOYER. District Attorney, H. C. WALKER, Las Cruces. District Clerk, W. H. BOYER, Lincoln.

LAND OFFICE.

The land office for the district to which Lincoln county is attached is situated at Roswell, Lincoln county, N. M. The officers are: Register, JOHN H. MILLS. Receiver, FRANK LEHNEY.

SCHOOL DIRECTORS DIST. NO. 19.

O. A. RICHARDSON, School Directors Dist. No. 19. J. M. HUGHES, School Directors Dist. No. 7. J. D. CONNOR, School Directors Dist. No. 7. M. L. PERKINS, School Directors Dist. No. 7.

Signal Service, United States Army. METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

WEEK ENDING MARCH 19, 1900.

PLACE OF OBSERVATION: Garrett's Ranch, 50 miles east of Roswell, N. M. Latitude 32 degrees 51 min. Longitude 104 degrees 21 min.

Table with columns: DATE, TEMPERATURE, WIND, etc. Rows for March 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31.

THAT NEW RAILROAD.

The Pecos Valley Hoon to Hear the Report of the Iron Horse.

El Paso Tribune. "I expect to see construction begin within 45 or 60 days," said President E. B. Bronson of the El Paso National bank, to a Tribune reporter who inquired this morning about the Pecos river railroad company's plans.

The work of location was begun ten days ago. The new road will probably connect with the T. & P. somewhere in the Pecos valley, the exact point to be determined by the survey. The road is to be pushed through at once to Roswell, a distance of 183 miles, passing through the new town of Eldly at 90 miles.

What Does It Mean?

AMARILLO, Tex., March 12. Mr. John Courtney, of the firm of Ward & Courtney, railroad contractors, has just arrived here with 100 mule teams and as many scrapers and men, and is camped on the West Amarillo creek, near town. Just what he is here for he will not make known at present, but many rumors are afloat as to early railroad movements.

Twenty tons of dead cats was the precious cargo which arrived the other day at Liverpool from Alexandria. The number of cats was 180,000. They were taken from the tombs of ancient Egyptians about one hundred miles from Cairo. The cat was anciently a sacred animal in Egypt, and at its death it was embalmed and buried with great ceremony.

The poor editor was dying but the doctor placed his ear to the patient's heart and sadly muttered: "Poor fellow, circulation most gone." The doctor raised himself up and gasped: "The fellow has the largest circulation in the country!" Then he took back upon his pillow, with a triumphant smile upon his face. He was consistent to the end.

HURRAH! HURRAH! HURRAH!

THE HONDO RESERVOIR A SURE GO!

\$100,000 Deposited to Begin Work With Immediately, and Plenty More to Follow as Needed.

The Pecos valley has for some time past been the boast of New Mexico. Its rich lands and bright flowing streams combine a wealth that have been eagerly sought during the past year by enterprising men and capitalists from the north and east, the advancement of our valley during the past twelve months has been exceedingly rapid and the improvement great, but the most important, we believe, yet assured for this favored spot is the building of the system of reservoirs as proposed by the First New Mexico Reservoir & Irrigation Company.

There are three reservoirs, two storage and one distributing. The area of the storage reservoirs is 5 1/2 square miles or 3,520 acres, and its capacity is 4,371,463,218 cubic feet of water. The area of the distributing, 0.24 square miles or 2,074 acres, with a water capacity of 1,679,000,001 cubic feet, making a grand total capacity of 6,042,454,122 cubic feet. Now when we come to figure in billions the average person has little or no conception of the quantity, we can by comparison have a much better idea of it.

What would have been the result of this concern had it not been for the effort of Mr. Sparks is difficult to say. We have already intimated the original stockholders were discouraged by their failure to put the enterprise on its feet, and Mr. Sparks took it off their hands and brought it immediately, as has been seen, into practical working shape. Mr. Sparks possesses the confidence of men of business in the east and is himself a chivalrous business man. It is certainly a fact that we are indebted to him for the present satisfactory condition of the concern. He is a good organizer and check full of energy and business, and we are glad to say is rapidly becoming identified with the progressive interests of our country.

Hurrah for the Reservoir! Hurrah for Roswell! Hurrah for Chavez County! Hurrah for the Pecos Valley! Hurrah for the First New Mexico Reservoir & Irrigation Company.

STANTON ITEMS.

From our Special Correspondent. Dr. Johnson and party returned from a very successful hunt in the White Mountains, Friday. Fifteen wild turkey were brought in besides a lot of other game.

Dr. Johnson, who is only assigned for temporary duty here, expects to leave for Prescott, Arizona, his permanent post, about the middle of April. His successor has not yet been ordered here. We all regret that any such change is necessary. There is every indication of a water famine at the peak during the summer season, but little snow has fallen in the mountains from which our water supply is derived. We seldom use water ourselves but do not like to see other people suffer.

1st. Sergeant Martin Fogarty, Co. B, 10th Inf'ty, received his appointment as commissary sergeant a few days ago, and will leave for San Carlos, his new station, about the 24th. Sgt. Fogarty entered the service in 1870, and, excepting one year, his service has been continuous since. He has held the position of 1st sergeant for fifteen years, and has a record that is well known here. We congratulate him on his promotion and wish him success in his new position.

J. A. ERWIN, Attorney, Solicitor & Counselor at Law, ROSWELL, N. M. Will practice in all the courts of the Territory and in the United States Land Office.

G. A. RICHARDSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, ROSWELL, N. M. Will practice in all the courts of the Territory and in the United States Land Office.

E. H. SKIPWORTH, Physician and Surgeon, ROSWELL, N. M.

L. M. LONG, Civil Engineer, Land Surveyor & Notary Public, ROSWELL, N. M. Plans, specifications and estimates of all mechanical work carefully made. Complete abstract of title to all the lands on the Rio-Hondo and Pecos.

N. COSTA, Boot and Shoe Maker, Roswell, New Mexico. First-class work done promptly and guaranteed.

L. A. STEPHENS, PRACTICAL JEWELER AND WATCH MAKER, ROSWELL, N. M. Fine Watch Work a Specialty.

BREAD! BREAD! Nice light bread for sale at the OLD BAKERY of MRS. N. COSTA.

Barber Shop and Bath Room. H. L. WHITE, Prop. Hot And Cold Baths PATRONAGE SOLICITED. ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO.

SWEET JERSEY MILK. Nice sweet, rich Jersey Milk and Cream for sale. MRS. N. COSTA. A. H. WHITSTONE. J. CAMPBELL.

WHITSTONE & CAMPBELL, SURVEYORS, Civil Engineers and Architects. MAIN ST., ROSWELL, N. M. G. E. DEXTER. J. CLEGGAN.

Baxter & Cleghorne, Restaurant & Short Order House, Roswell, N. M.

Meals at all Hours. Tables supplied with the best market affords and money can buy. Give us a trial. Charges reasonable.

Economical Men! THE TIRELESS TOLLER FOR TRAILS! Yours, business as usual. No. 1. HURRAH.

HONEST CLOTHING. Ask your dealer for M. L. HUNTLEY & Co's. If you are not in the hands of some of our goods, you are in your own hands. We are not here to do it. If you are not in the hands of some of our goods, you are in your own hands. We are not here to do it.

Senator Cobean is still with us, but has caught the "Pecos fever." He falls corner lots, grand canals, reservoirs, railroads, business blocks from feet, desert blossoming like the rose, etc. In fact a stranger would take him for a full fledged Roswellite already. We are sorry to see this premature attack. We predict that direct contact will dispel some of these illusions and reduce his temperature to normal.

During the past week a large number of steers have been sold in Dona Ana and Lincoln counties to Kansas and Nebraska parties for feeders. The prices realized are \$8 to \$9 for yearlings; \$12 for 2 year olds and \$17 for 3 year olds. These are better prices than have been obtained for the past three or four years. -New Mexico.

The Mississippi river and its tributaries are on a grand rampage, and have been playing havoc with towns and crops.

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AMARILLO ADVERTISEMENTS.

CARTER & MARTIN, IDEALERS IN-

General Merchandise, Ranch Supplies, FARMING IMPLEMENTS, WAGONS, ETC., ETC.

Special Attention paid to all Orders, and to Forwarding.

AMARILLO CLUB, J. J. IVERS, Prop'r. FRANK ANDERSON, Mgr.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS. Next Door to BURNS, WALKER & CO.

T. K. BLEWIT, DEALER AND JOBBER IN Groceries, Grain, Produce, Flour, & FRUIT, VEGETABLES, ETC., ETC.

Bloomington Nursery, BLOOMINGTON, ILLINOIS.

We carry a complete stock of all goods in our line, and can supply you at exceedingly low prices with Fruit Trees of all kinds. Your Patronage is Solicited. Will call on you this fall and take orders for spring delivery. Do not place your orders until you have consulted our agent.

PARKER & GRAY, Harness And Saddle Manufacturers.

REPAIR WORK A SPECIALTY. Make the best Stock Saddle in the Southwest and Guarantee them. We solicit an inspection of our Stocks and Prices.

TROTTER & DANIEL, BUILDERS AND ARCHITECTS.

SOUTH MAIN STREET, ROSWELL, N. M. Estimates and Plans furnished on all kinds of work on short notice.

Hervey & Blackwood's SENATE SALOON.

Good Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

-BIG BARGAINS- Sash, Doors Blinds, MOULDINGS, And Lumber of all descriptions, and everything in Building Material at the New Mexico Planing Mill, E. LAS VEGAS, N. M.

TEXAS HOUSE, Mrs. Vm. Fontaine, Proprietor.

FOUNTAIN & MINTER, BUTCHERS. FRENCH MEATS ALWAYS ON HAND.

M. WHITEMAN, General - Merchandise, ROSWELL, N. M.

CHINESE LAUNDRY, YEE WAH LEE, Proprietor.

LEA CATTLE COMPANY. J. C. LEA, Manager. W. M. Aikin, Manager. F. G. Rowell, Manager. J. M. Hoon, Manager. J. M. Hoon, Manager. J. M. Hoon, Manager.

MILK & BUREAU LAND AND CATTLE CO. P. O. Roswell, N. M. J. M. Hoon, Manager. J. M. Hoon, Manager. J. M. Hoon, Manager.

L. M. LONG, P. O. Roswell, N. M. J. M. Hoon, Manager. J. M. Hoon, Manager. J. M. Hoon, Manager.

W. E. LUMLEY, Roswell, N. M. J. M. Hoon, Manager. J. M. Hoon, Manager. J. M. Hoon, Manager.

ROBERT B. HOOKER, President. CHAS. B. EDDY, Vice President. W. H. AUSTIN, Cashier.

The El Paso National Bank

OF TEXAS.
Capital, Surplus and Profit : \$200,000.
United States Depository.

Collections promptly made and remitted. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. General business transacted.

Special Facilities Offered on Mexican Business.

Customers are offered free of charge our Herring's Safe Deposit Boxes in fire proof vault.

Pecos Valley Register.

ERWIN & FULLEN, Proprietors.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy, one year, \$2.00.
One copy, six months, \$1.50.
Subscribers failing to receive their paper on time will confer a favor by promptly notifying this office.

The Register invites correspondence from all quarters on live topics. Local affairs and news given the preference. Brevity, clearness, force and fairness should be kept in view. Correspondents held responsible for their own statements. Use one side of the sheet only, write plainly and send real names. The Register cannot be held responsible for the return of rejected communications.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Reading advertisements \$15 per column, per month. Half column \$8 per month. Ad copy less than half column \$1 per inch per month. Transient advertisements \$1.00 per inch, per month, in advance.
Special rates for long runs, per week.
Advertisements contracted by the year and ordered out before expiration of term will be charged at transient rates and published until paid.
All accounts are due and must be paid promptly at the end of each month.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

Western mail arrives: Daily at 10:00 p. m.
Departs: Daily at 7:00 a. m.

TEXAS RIVER MAIL.

Arrives: Wednesday and Friday at 8:00 p. m.
Departs: Thursday and Saturday at 7:00 a. m.
W. H. COSGROVE, P. M.

ROSWELL LODGE, A. F. & A. M.

Meets on the first Saturday on or after full moon. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.
W. S. PRAGER, W. M.
JAMES H. LEA, Secretary.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Court opens at Lincoln on the 21st of next month.

The Pecos Valley will be the next railroad built in New Mexico.

John Varner will take charge of the business of Carter & Martin at Roswell.

The Pecos Valley R. R. is going right along and the dirt will soon begin to fly.

Rev. Rhoads will preach in the school house Sunday morning and evening.

Eddy has a "hen on." Roswell's hen is off and has laid a golden egg with more to follow.

Rev. Gibbons will preach at the old Farms school house on the fifth Sunday of each month.

We are on the eve of the grandest era of progress in the Pecos valley this generation will ever see.

The court house will be built on a good foundation and become of permanent value to Chavez county.

B. S. Mendenhall made the trip from Pecos to Roswell in three days instead of from Eddy, as we by mistake, stated last week.

Carter & Martin's goods that have been on the road so long are now arriving and the new store will soon be ready for business.

Bud Wilkinson is building a business house on his Main street lot south of the Texas House. D. J. Gorman and McDonald are doing the work.

A. B. Allen spent a day or two in Roswell this week. He says they have applied for a postoffice up the river and expect its establishment soon.

See the announcement of the new Senate saloon, and then go and see the Senate itself. Hervey & Blackwood are its proprietors, and they are popular caterers and genial fellows.

Merchants and business men are invited to inspect our new line of job stock and material when in need of any commercial printing. We have a first-class department in that line connected with the Kaminers Row.

Over 5,000 acres of land under the Hopds reservoir was filed on the first day after the reorganization of the company. There remains yet as choice land as the sun shines on to be had, but it will not last long.

Charles Hamilton got a serious fall Wednesday afternoon from a scaffold on which he was painting at Poe, Lea & Cosgrove's store building. The scaffold turned while he was at work. It is feared his injuries are serious, but how bad we have not learned.

Almost every time a man gets drunk in Roswell he begins to yell like a Comanche Indian, and keeps it up till he gets so full he can't wag his tongue. What kind of whiskey do you drink? We recommend a change to a quiet kind for while and give the town a rest.

S. A. Clements advertisement appears in this week's issue. We are personally acquainted with both him and his mill and very heartily recommend both to our people as first-class articles. Our contractors will do well to figure with Mr. Clements for mill work.

James R. Brent drove up from Eddy to Roswell in one day, and would have got in on good time if he had not missed the bridge over the canyon south of town. His bridge was overturned and caused considerable delay, but he got in all the same at 6 P. M. It was a good drive.

"THE WHITE CAPS."

Las Vegas is Again Visited by a Party of Armed and Masked Horsemen.

From the Albuquerque Citizen, March 1st.
It has been known for sometime that there was a secret organization of men in the country southwest of Las Vegas. Sometime in November a party of armed men, on horseback, one night suddenly made their appearance in Las Vegas and after making various demonstrations left without doing any damage. Court was in session at the time and the day following Judge Long called the attention of the grand jury to the fact. Nothing, however, came of it and the matter was almost forgotten.

The Optic says: Last night, about 12 o'clock, another party of armed and masked men, numbering between 200 and 300, on horseback, suddenly appeared on Prince street, in East Las Vegas, and after parading the principle streets of the East side, and scattering a lot of doggers headed "Our Platform," and signed "The White Caps," along their line of march, they proceeded to the West side and marched around the plaza. They then proceeded to the residence of Sheriff Lorenza Lopez, and remained for some time in front of and around his house. From there they proceeded to the court house and jail where they remained for a short time and then disappeared as suddenly as they had appeared.

There was not a word spoken by them during their stay in front of Sheriff Lopez's residence or at the jail. The following is the dogger or circular they scattered on the streets as they passed along, and it may be found an explanation of the demonstration made last night:

"OUR PLATFORM."

"Not wishing to be misunderstood, we hereby make this our declaration. Our purpose is to protect the rights and interests of the people in general, and especially those of the helpless classes.

We want the Las Vegas grant settled to the interest of all concerned, and this we hold to be the entire community within the grant.

We want no "land grabbers" or obstructionists of any sort to interfere. We will fight them. We are not down on lawyers, as a class, but the usual knavery and unfair treatment of the people must be stopped.

Our judiciary hereafter must understand that we will sustain it only when "Justice" is its watchword.

The practice of "double dealing" must cease.

There is a wide difference between New Mexico's "law" and "justice." And justice is God's law, and that we must have at all hazards.

We are down on race issues, and will watch race agitators. We are all human brethren, under the same glorious flag.

We favor irrigation enterprises, but will fight any scheme that tends to monopolize the supply of water common to the detriment of residents living on lands watered by the same streams.

We favor all enterprises, but object to corrupt methods to further the same.

We do not care how rich you get so long as you do it fairly and honestly.

The people are suffering from the effects of partisan "bossism" and these bosses had better quietly hold their peace. The people have been persecuted and hocked about in every which way to satisfy their caprice. If they persist in their usual methods retribution will be the reward.

We are watching "political informers." We have no grudge against any person in particular, but we are the enemies of bullies and tyrants.

We must have a free ballot and fair count, and the will of the majority shall be respected.

Intimidation and the "indictment" plan have no further fears for us. If the old system should continue, death would be a relief to our suffering. And for our rights our lives are the least we can pledge.

If the fact that we are law abiding citizens is questioned, come out to our homes and see the hunger and desolation we are suffering; and "this" is the result of the deceitful and corrupt methods of "bossism."

Be fair and just and wear with you, do otherwise and take the consequences." "The White Caps," 1,500 Strong and Gaining Daily.

We understand that Mr. Morrison with Carter & Martin's Roswell store is asked to return to Amarillo to take charge of the store there. We think that firm will make a mistake if they take Mr. Morrison away from here. He is well liked by our people and will build up a good business. We hope they will change their plan in regard to him.

The Roswell base ball club is now an organized body. A meeting was held last week and an organization effected. W. S. Prager was elected manager and treasurer; L. L. Wells captain and Fred Mendenhall secretary. The boys will now go to practicing in earnest and get ready to meet all challenges. Rootie Eddy, we're after you.

Mrs. Chinkales, who lives near Roswell, and is of Scotch origin, claims to be a descendant of Ellen Douglas, the heroine of Scott's "Lady of the Lake," and has in her possession as a family heirloom a brooch that once belonged to her. It has been in the family for over 100 years.

THE COURT HOUSE

Will be Built on a Bare Foundation.

Again we say, as when the contract for the court house building was let to the Pauley Jail company, the county is to be congratulated that a firm so experienced and careful as they are to build it, because it is a guarantee for a first-class house. When the question of the foundation, being insufficient, arose, they stopped all work until that was settled; this has been done and work will proceed at once. New plans for the foundation have been adopted; instead of beginning with concrete work near the top of the ground they excavate until solid clay is reached where strong concrete work will be placed as a base for the stone foundation. The ground is to be prepared first by draining the entire block with permanent ditches, which are to be dug 6 feet deep and 3 feet wide around the square and the water carried off by a ditch towards North Spring river. This drainage was required by the Pauley Jail company before they would agree to guarantee the court house for a twelve months, but with the aid of which they are willing to insure the walls will not crack within that time. The funds for draining the ground are being raised by subscription, and it is the understanding to ask the successors of the present board of county commissioners to allow the expense from the public funds next year. The additional expense to the foundation assumed by the contractors is considerable, and willingly assumed by them in order to make a good and durable job, and we think the taxpayers can well afford to assume two or three hundred dollars for the purpose of securing the thirty thousand to be invested in the court house. We hope to see the work now start in good earnest.

Masonic Installation.

On last Saturday night the beautiful Masonic hall was dedicated to free masonry and the new officers of the Roswell lodge were duly installed by E. T. Stone, under a commission from the grand lodge as special Grand Master, assisted by Past Master, S. Jaffa, of Trinidad lodge. The Masons invited some of their friends in to witness the ceremonies, and had the lodge very tastefully decorated for the occasion. After the regular ceremonies of dedication and installation, which were very interesting to both Masons and visitors, the lodge was "called from labor to rest," and assisted by their wives and lady friends a most bounteous banquet was spread in the main hall. It was a marvelous feast, being prepared as it was upon one days notice. Two long tables fairly groined under the weight of a most palatable supper that was partaken of with a zest and heartiness that was truly complimentary to the ladies who prepared it.

After supper the attendants were entertained and odified by a most excellent essay upon "Masonry" by Nathan Jaffa, who is a young but earnest and admiring Mason. His essay was good not only as a brilliant eulogy on the grand principles and precepts of the order, but in a literary way was an excellent effort. Speeches were also made by Mr. S. Jaffa, W. S. Prager and others, that were listened to with great interest by all present. Two recitations, by Willie Day and Ella Lea, were especially interesting, and added much to the enjoyment of the evening.

The evening was indeed a most happy one and we believe beneficial for both the lodge and its visitors.

The officers elected and installed are as follows: W. S. Prager, W. M.; J. W. Poe, S. W.; J. P. White, J. W.; Nathan Jaffa, S. D.; Geo. T. Davis, J. D.; E. T. Stone, treasurer; W. H. Cosgrove, secretary; Wm. Kautz and E. H. Lea, wardens; and Mr. Slack, Tyler.

The Roswell lodge is now in good working order and we believe one of the best, though not the largest, in the territory, they have a beautiful room for a home and own the building it is in.

Resolutions of Respect.

From the Kingston Staff.
At a regular meeting of Veteran Post No. 12, G. A. R. of New Mexico, held March 23, 1900, at their hall, the following resolutions were adopted in memory of Capt. John H. Mills, Department Commander:

Resolved—That while we mourn the death of our beloved commander and comrade in arms, like true soldiers we bow in submission to the inevitable, and as patriots once more renew our vows for the illustrious heroes who have crossed the river and are camped with the advance.

Resolved—That by the death of Capt. John H. Mills, the G. A. R. of the Department of New Mexico lost a devoted commander, and the order an honored member; and that we his comrades and members of Veterans Post extend to his bereaved family our heartfelt sympathy, and pledge anew our faith to that grand principle "To care for him who has borne the battle and for his widows and orphans."

Resolved—That these resolutions be spread upon the records of Veterans Post, and that a copy be forwarded to his wife at Roswell, N. M., and they also be printed in the Kingston Weekly Staff.

C. T. BARR, W. H. MARLOTT, Adjutant, Commander.

New arrival of spring stock consisting of Swiss milk, India and Victoria lewies, Irish and Butcher's lines, F. K.'s lewies, chilles, chubbrays, satines, etc., at Jaffa, Prager & Co.

Neat and artistic work done by Gus Siber, with Garrett & Hill. Satisfaction guaranteed.

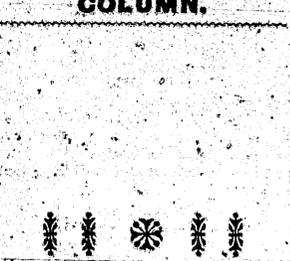
Fresh Colorado garden and flower seeds of all varieties selected to this climate at Jaffa, Prager & Co.

Subscribes for the Register.

A complete line of men's and boy's clothing and finishing goods just received at Jaffa, Prager & Co.

JAFFA, PRAGER & CO'S.

COLUMN.



JUST RECEIVED!

A FULL LINE OF

Jno. Deere

Plows,

Cultivators,

Harrows,

Double Shovels,

Hay Rakes,

Mowers,

Sulkeys,

Etc., Etc.,

AT

Rock bottom Prices

SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

—

CLOTHING

TO ORDER!

We carry a line of about 600

styles of samples for clothing,

and you can find any color,

weight, or style just the same as

in a large city.

We take your measure, guarantee a fit, and make you a suit or a pair of pants, as good as any merchant tailor.

Our goods will be made up by Mills & Acertle, of St. Louis, and their reputation as Merchant Tailors is too well established to require special mention.

Your measure will be taken by our Mr. Jaffa, who has about 10 years experience in that line, and is as much at home in measuring you for a full dress or wedding suit as a plain business suit. Give him a trial and let him convince you.

Our prices are the same as if you order direct from St. Louis.

JAFFA, PRAGER & CO.

—

Decorative floral border

JOHN W. POE, J. S. LEA, W. H. COSGROVE

Poe, Lea & Cosgrove,

Dealers in

General Merchandise of Every Kind,
Roswell, New Mexico.

J. L. ZIMMERMAN,

Main Street, Roswell, N. M.

Druggist and Chemist.

POPULAR PROPRIETARY MEDICINES.

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye-Stuffs, Hair and Tooth Brushes,

Toilet Articles, Perfumery, Soaps, Sponges, and all Varieties of

Druggists' Sundries, Cigars.

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Use. Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

A. M. Robertson & Co.,

DEALERS IN

Lumber, Doors, Sash, Shingles and

MOULDINGS, FENCE POSTS, & C.

Roswell, New Mexico.

BOOTH & McDONALD,

Wholesale & Retail Liquor Dealers.

Choice Wines & Cigars.

Ranch Trade Solicited. Bottle Goods A Specialty.

Main Street, Roswell, N. M.

W. A. JENKINS, P. F. GARRETT.

W. A. JENKINS & CO.,

General Machine Agents,

DEALERS IN

ALL KINDS FARM IMPLEMENTS,

And Solicits the inspection of Implements before parties purchasing elsewhere.

GARRETT & HILL,

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

WILL FURNISH

Plans and Specifications.

ESTIMATES MADE ON

MECHANICAL WORK.

Geo. T. Davis, W. F. Slack.

:- DAVIS & SLACK, :-

BLACKSMITH & WHEELWRIGHTS.

CUSTOM WORK SOLICITED.

Fine Steel Work A Specialty.

ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO.

STANTON HOUSE,

Roswell, New Mexico,

Mrs. A. O'Neil, Proprietor.

Drugs, Stationery

& Toilet Articles.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

J. A. GILMORE.

LIVERY,

FEED AND SALE

STABLE.

Horses Bought and Sold.

MENDENHALL & GARRETT.

HODSOLL'S

Photographic & Art Gallery

Roswell, N. M.

All sizes of Photos taken. Views of Farms, Ranches, Etc., a specialty.

Enlargements made to any size, either Bromide or Crayon.

All Work Guaranteed.

M. A. Upton, Notary Public, Roswell, N. M.

UPSON & GARRETT,

Land Agents and Conveyancers,

ROSWELL, N. M.

Complete Maps and Abstracts of all lands owned in the Pecos Valley. Loans bought, sold and leased for parties.

Opposite Green's Branch, Head of the Northern Canal of the Pecos Irrigation and Drainage Co. Roswell, N. M.

