Probate Clerk

Pecos Valley Register.

VOL. II. NO. 32 ROSWELL NEW MEXICO THURSDAY JULY 3, 1890. $3.00 A YEAR.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Ex-Secretary of War McCrary, of Iowa, died on the 23rd.

Josiah and Elizabeth Potts were both hanged at Elko, Nevada, on the 20th.

A convention of the millers of the country has been in session at Minneapolis.

Burglars cracked the safe of a Kansas City pool room last week and secured $9,800.

It is stated that Chicago's population according to the census will reach 1,250,000.

Two rival lottery concerns are making big bids to the Louisiana legislature for a franchise.

A tornado which swept over Illinois on the 20th injured several persons and did much damage.

The young Indians at the Haskell Institute at Lawrence, Kansas, have asked for the removal of the superintendent of the Institute.

The New York Court of Appeals has rendered a decision in support of the decisions in lower courts dissolving the sugar trust.

The editor of a colored paper at Leavenworth, Kansas, was assaulted upon the street because he had attacked the policy shops of the town.

It is reported that a company with a large capital is to go into business in Wyoming and raise horses to sell to Great Britain for her cavalry service.

Atchison, Kansas, was nearly inundated last Thursday by a flood which carried away bridges and small buildings and filled basements, including those of the leading newspapers.

The Australian subsidy to the San Francisco mail line will cease after November next unless the American government subscribes toward the expense of continuing the service.

The President has vetoed the Teller bill, which recently passed Congress, to change the boundaries of the Uncompahgre Indian Reservation in Eastern Utah, just west of the Colorado line.

The International Sunday School annual convention met in Pittsburg on the 26th. Twelve hundred delegates were present from all states and Territories and the provinces of Canada, including all the Evangelical denominations.

The standing in percentages of the clubs comprising the Western Baseball Association on the 20th was as follows: Minneapolis, .628; Milwaukee, .600; Denver, .571; Sioux City, .536; Des Moines, .488; Kansas City, .473; Omaha, .436; St. Paul, .366.

At a Fort Worth saw mill a circular saw was hurled from its place, horribly mangling and instantly killing the sawyers, Charles F. Whitney and Edward Clark, colored. Whitney's left leg was cut off at the hip, and Clark's body was cut in two.

The petrified remains of a man have been found on Jack Creek, Wyoming. The body is that of a man seven feet in height, and of proportionate build. The find will be unearthed and brought to Rawlins, and will finally be sent to the Smithsonian Institution.

During a married life of twenty-four years, Thomas Butler of Taylorville, Pa., never failed to kiss his wife before going to work in the morning. Because he would not kiss her the other morning, Mrs. Butler committed suicide by taking Paris green. She leaves five children.

The *Tin Plate Record*, of Pittsburg, editorially claims that every tin plate importer in this country has been harassed $10,000, and the English syndicate which controls the manufacturers and mines in Monmouthshire and Cornwall has augmented this sum to nearly $1,000,000 in order to defeat the tin plate clause in the McKinley bill.

The deputy at Ashland, Wisconsin, dropped dead in a chair in the evening just as he opened the jail doors to take out a squad of prisoners. The prisoners, many of them held for serious offenses, thought Burns was resting and made no effort to escape. When the jailer entered half an hour later the dead deputy was still guarding the prisoners.

An immense sensation was created in railroad circles at Omaha last Monday, when it had become known that suit had been begun by the Union Pacific against C. H. McKibben, late general purchasing agent of the road for the recovery of $60,000 of which he is alleged to have defrauded the company through contracts which he let at a high figure, dividing the differences with the contractors. The Union Pacific authorities claim that the company has lost $600,000 in this way.

The directors of the World's Fair have formally declared their preference for Lake Front Park with only one dissenting vote. A resolution was adopted instructing the committee on grounds to enter into negotiations with the city of Chicago, the Illinois Central railroad and all of the interested parties to secure an area of that lake front, of not less than one acre, to be bounded on the north by Monroe street. The directors are to hold another meeting June 26, which is just prior to the gathering of the national commissioners.

BRAZIL'S CONSTITUTION.

Scheme for the Government of the New Republic.

RIO JANIERO, June 23.—The new constitution has been elaborated by some of the most notable jurist consults and specialists of Brazil, under the immediate supervision of the minister, who certainly represents in a fair measure the talent and experience of the country. This constitution will be the fundamental law of the land only after the constituent assembly shall have approved it, which approval is not likely to be withheld long, as all feel the necessity of legalizing the government just as soon as possible. Immediately after the decreeing of the constitution, there shall be an election for senators and deputies, sixty-three of the former, (three for each state and federal district) and two hundred of the latter, according to the population. The two chambers will meet and begin their legislative labors together in a constituent capacity. Immediately after their first regular session and election of presiding officers, the provisional government will place in their hands the functions of government exercised by the latter since the change effected on November 15th last, and the assembly will at once select the new chief of state, who will then proceed to organize a regular cabinet of ministers. Then the assembly will revise the constitution, and afterwards promulgate it as revised Subsequently the two chambers will assume their regular functions as regular legislative bodies.

The following are the principal ideas contained in the constitution:

Parliamentarianism ceases. Brazil adopts the American system of a responsible executive, with secretaries responsible only to him and the people. The first election of the president will be in November next by congress, but the next official will establish that these elections subsequently shall be by means of electors. The people select electors in proportion to their delegations to congress. Each State has a separate meeting of its electors on the same day and the same hour. If no citizen shall obtain an absolute majority of the electoral college, then congress shall elect, choosing from the three persons who may have the largest number of votes. After this, in case no one is yet elected, congress shall again vote, dropping the third name and voting for the two who have the largest number of votes, so that the president elect shall have an absolute majority of the votes cast. The president shall be elected for six years and shall be ineligible for the next ten years succeeding his term of office. The secretaries of state are ineligible for the presidency during their term of office. The president of the Senate shall be vice president of the republic. In case of the absence or death of the president, his office shall be filled by the vice president, next by the speaker of the house of representatives, next by the vice president of the senate and lastly by the supreme tribunal of justice.

A Fire at Carrillos.

CERRILLOS, N.M., June 24.—Flames were discovered a few minutes before 11 o'clock last night issuing from the rear of White Bros.' restaurant on Front street. The buildings along the block were frame, with one or two exceptions, and the dry, hot weather had made them like tinder, so that the entire block was soon enveloped and at 12 o'clock was a mass of ruins. The town was almost without water, but the limited amount from the well and the railroad tank and locomotives present was used so judiciously, and the men worked so hard regardless of burning clothes and blistering flesh, that the flames did not extend beyond the square. Ten buildings with their connecting dwellings, sheds and out houses were burned to the ground along with their contents. No loss of life resulted, though there were several narrow escapes. Some persons had to jump in order to save themselves.

J. Brisben Walker's Scheme.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—The attempt to engraft upon the civilization of New York one of the most luxurious features of the capital of the ancient world, namely, the famous Roman baths, was successfully inaugurated at a dinner given by John Brisben Walker of Denver, the editor of the *Cosmopolitan* magazine, one evening last week.

Mr. Walker has long had a plan of vast proportions, involving a large outlay of money. Early last fall he sent a circular to the leading architects of the country offering three prizes for the best plans of a great public bath house, a public laundry and a tenement house co-operative kitchen. At the dinner a number of gentlemen whom he had interested in the plan met the committee of award and the names and the drawings of the winners of the prizes were announced and exhibited. The *Herald*, to-day, presented the front elevations of the house, the bath house and the laundry, together with the ground plans. In all of the plans the architects were guided by their knowledge of the famous public bath houses of the Roman empire.

Mr. J. L. Mullen, of the Blake mine, last evening received certificates of assay from Prof. G. W. Maxa, which shows that the ore from the Blake mine from the new strike made last week has an assay value of $87.16 and $162.96 per ton respectively. Mr. Mullen expects to have an output for this month of $8,000 bullion and sending one.—*Central City Register-Gulf.*

RAILROADS FOR AFRICA.

C. P. Huntington Expatiates upon the Possibilities of the Dark Continent.

Mr. Collis P. Huntington, the head and principal owner of the most extensive system of railways in the United States, was recently interviewed at the Normandie in Washington by a *Post* reporter and warmed up on the subject of railroad building in Africa. He said:

"One thousand miles of railroad in Africa properly planned will open up 7,000 miles of inland river and lake navigation, will surround the African slave trade and choke it to death. The English are willing to give the thirty-five miles of railroad they have built inland from Suakim to a company which will complete it to the Nile, with sovereignty under a grant from the Khedive to an enormous territory.

"From the Nile another link of road would reach Lake Nyassa, another would stretch from Nyassa to Tanganyika, which is but a short reach from the Congo to the west and the chain of lakes at the head of the Zambesi system to the south. The Congo railroad to connect Stanley Pool with navigable waters below the lower falls will be finished in two years. The materials will come from Belgium, as it is essentially a Belgian enterprise. Thirty-five cents a pound is the present price for carrying freight from Stanley Pool to below the falls, so there is a wide margin for profit in steam carrying. Ivory and rubber will be the principal exports. Cotton, cloth and rum are the principal imports.

The king of Belgium asked me how he could stop the importation of liquor into the Congo country. 'Station a health officer,' said I, 'at the port of entry, with orders to pour into the Congo all impure liquors, and not one cask in 10,000 will pass by him.'

"Fifty million dollars is all the capital needed to build the 1,000 miles of railroads to which I refer and put the necessary steamers on the lakes to connect. Then the slave trade will have to succumb. About all the African trade is in the hands of the Arabs. They are the Scotchmen of Africa, shrewd, energetic, and their word is their bond. They are cruel, but honest. The missionary stations are many of them getting very strong, and are rescuing hundreds from slavery. A Mr. MacKenzie, who is one of the best and ablest men I know of, saved 1,500 men, women and children by pledging the payment of a comparatively small sum, £2,000. MacKenzie speaks Arabic as fluently as the Arabs themselves and has gone fearlessly into tribes where armed forces had failed to go."

A Scourge in Honduras.

NEW YORK, June 20.—The *Herald* correspondent at Balize, British Honduras, under date of June 13, writes as follows:

"For some months British Honduras, as well as its neighboring republics, has been under the ban of a disease which, while said by some experts not to be yellow fever, is yet so terrible in its character as to kill off without a single exception everyone whom it attacks. Everyone who can do so is leaving Honduras for either England or the States, and shortly after 6 o'clock yesterday morning several sailing boats loaded with passenger were making for the steamer, only, however, to be sent back, it being stated that a passenger from Yambel had died while the steamer was at Livingston.

"New Orleans is closed as tight as a drum against British and Spanish Honduras, and if an outbreak should occur on the Aguan, there will be no possible means of getting out of the country, except by way of Mexico, which will mean a long, tedious and expensive trip.

"At Cayo, twenty-five miles northwest of Balize, it is reported that people are dying like sheep, and that the worst part of it is that nobody really knows what the disease is.

"European doctors call it yellow fever, but American medics differ from them. The only thing, therefore, positively known, is that in the course of five or six days it kills everybody it attacks."

A Close Call for the Tories.

LONDON, June 17.—In a division in the House of Commons this afternoon on the first clause of the licensing bill, the government won by only four majority. The announcement was greeted with prolonged opposition cheering. Several Parnellites and a number of government members were absent.

It is stated to-night that Archbishop Walsh has written a letter to the *Freeman's Journal* severely lecturing the absentee Parnellites who saved the government from defeat. He says unless they can give a satisfactory explanation of their absence he will find it hard to place further trust in the Irish party.

Stole a Train.

EARLVILLE, Iowa, June 21.—While the work gang of the Milwaukee road was eating breakfast at a boarding house near the railroad track to-day, a tramp entered the cab of the locomotive attached to the work train standing at the depot and opened the throttle. The train pulled out with lightning speed, and although the railroad men saw it start, they were unable to overtake it. Ten minutes later the engine of an incoming freight train was detached and pursuit was made. The work train was found standing on the track seven miles west, but no trace was discovered of the thief. Steam was up in the engine, but the tramp was evidently afraid to run by the town, and so deserted his stolen property.

Down an Embankment.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., June 18.—Perhaps the most destructive wreck both in life and property ever known in the territory of the Western North Carolina railroad occurred at Melrose station, at the southern side of Saluda mountain, about thirty-two miles from this city, on the Asheville and Spartanburg division last night. The two engineers and one fireman were killed and the other trainmen were seriously injured.

From the apex of Saluda mountain to Melrose, the scene of the accident, a distance of more than three miles, there is a fall of fully 600 feet. This fact has made the railroad authorities especially careful at this point, and an engine is kept constantly there to help all trains up and down the mountain. The track was very wet last night when a coal train started down, and soon after beginning the descent it became evident that the twelve loaded cars were too much for both engines to hold with all brakes down, and the speed gradually quickened during the heavy pressure until a speed of seventy-five miles an hour was reached, when the tracks spread and the entire outfit plunged heading down the mountain with a horrible crash, burying beneath the broken cars, ecres ties and earth the brave fellows who had stood to their posts.

The loss to the company in engines and cars alone will reach $70,000.

A Fast Horse.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 18.—A distinguished party of lovers of light-harness horse, consisting of Robert Bonner, K. C. Hamlin, Hamilton Busby, W. R. Allen, which arrived yesterday, were treated to a genuine surprise this morning. Bonner came here to see his four-year-old filly Sunol, now in Charles Marvin's hands for training. Marvin gave the filly an easy mile about nine o'clock and one hour later brought her out again. She was jogged the reverse way of track, taken back to the half-mile post and headed home. The first quarter was an easy one but at the three quarter pole Marvin gave Sunol her head. She came so smooth that few supposed it would be a very fast quarter.

Faster and faster she came around the turn and in a breath, almost, she had done the quarter in 31 1-5 seconds, or at the rate of 2:04 4-5 for the mile. Nine watches caught the time and all agreed precisely.

There was suppressed excitement among the spectators and joy in Bonner's face. The track was soft with exercise and the harrow, and in no condition for fast trials. All horsemen claim the last quarter is at least a second slower than the third quarter, and that had the track been prepared for fast work Sunol could have stepped the third quarter easily in 30 seconds.

A Cool-Headed Boy.

CINCINNATI, June 20.—An attempt was made to burn the Cincinnati House of Refuge last night by several boys in the institution. The entire destruction of the building and the loss of many lives was prevented by the bravery and coolness of Mike Kelly, an 11-year-old boy.

Three boys aged about 13 years were selected to do the work. One of the conspirators lighted a piece of paper and deliberately set fire to one of the beds in the dormitory.

The room was soon filled with smoke and in the excitement little Mike Kelly seized the fire hose and turned the water on the blaze. He rang the alarm bell with all his might which brought the guards and the officials to the scene.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors to-day the three leaders of the conspiracy were ordered severely punished. Mike would have been set at liberty, but he is a homeless lad and the directors appointed him to the command of the first division, composed of the good boys of the refuge. He is very proud of his promotion.

High Finds in Utah.

PRICE, Utah, June 18.—The greatest excitement has been created here over the recent discovery, near this place, of oil and asphalt, which now promises to be the richest find of any in the West. One company, composed of T. A. Wally, A. R. Willey and Henry Apple, and Dr. G. K. Hatsenpig of Denver, has already been organized, and 5,000 acres of this land secured. On one portion of the tract a spring has been discovered from which eight barrels of oil can be dipped every twenty-four hours.

A vein twenty feet wide, which assays 38 per cent. of asphalt, has also been found near here, from which thousands of tons can be taken without drifting. This has been tested by experts, who declare it to equal the Barber asphalt of Trinidad.

Graphite in large quantities can be mined in the same district.

Large works will be put up at this place during the next few weeks for the purpose of sinking oil wells and treating the asphalt.

Crop Report.

CHICAGO, June 17.—This week's *Farmers' Review* will say: "Correspondence from the thirteen States covered by our crop reports shows that rains have been abundant and timely all over the territory save in portions of Kansas and Nebraska. In the latter State drouth still prevails in the two lower tiers of counties. Local showers have fallen in other parts of the State, but not sufficient for the best growth of crops. In Kansas a majority of the counties in the central and western portions of the State need rain. In the eastern part of the State heavy showers have fallen

CONGRESSIONAL.

THURSDAY, JUNE 19.

SENATE.—The Senate resumed consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. After a short discussion the bill was laid aside.

The message of the President vetoing the bill to change the boundaries of the Uncompahgre Indian Reservation was presented, read and referred to the committee on Indian affairs.

Also the message of the President in relation to reciprocal commercial treaties with the Pan-American nations. Laid on the table.

In connection with the last mentioned subject, Mr. Hale presented an amendment to be offered to the tariff bill to the effect that the President of the United States is hereby authorized, without further legislation, to declare the ports of the United States free and open to all the products of any nation of the American hemisphere upon which more export duty is imposed whenever and so long as such nation shall admit American products and manufactures free of duty.

HOUSE.—With the opening of the session a struggle over the silver bill commenced which lasted all day. It had been referred to the committee on coinage, and Mr. Mills moved to have the journal corrected by striking out this reference. Upon this motion the House expended several hours in debate. The object of the silver men was to have the silver bill, as amended by the Senate, taken up without being referred to any committee. The Speaker stated that he had believed to be proper that the bill should be referred, hence his action.

The votes on various minor motions were very close, and Mr. Mills' motion was finally carried by 121 to 117. Mr. McKinley moved to reconsider, and pending action on this motion the House adjourned

FRIDAY, JUNE 20.

SENATE.—The postoffice appropriation bill and the consular and diplomatic appropriation bills were reported and placed on the calendar.

Mr. Stewart, rising to a question of personal privilege, denied the published statements of an encounter between Mr. Hogan and himself.

The consideration of the legislative appropriation bill was resumed, the question being on the point of order made by Mr. Allison against the amendment to increase the salary of the commissioner of the land office from $4,000 to $5,000 and of the assistant commissioner from $3,000 to $2,500. The point was not sustained.

Mr. Stewart moved to strike out the item of $3,000 for the executive officer of the geological survey. This gave rise to a long debate as to the merits and demerits of the geological survey. Major Powell was harshly criticised by Senator Stewart and others and defended by Senator Ingalls. At the close of the discussion the amendment was withdrawn by Mr. Stewart The bill was then passed.

HOUSE.—Yesterday's contest was renewed. The speaker announced that the pending question related to ordering the previous question on the motion made by Mills of Texas to approve the journal of Wednesday as amended by resolution of yesterday. The previous question was ordered. Yeas 130, nays 122.

The clerk then proceeded to read the journal of yesterday's proceedings.

The journal was read and approved.

Mr. Stewart of Vermont presented the conference report on the anti-trust bill.

Mr. Bland offered a resolution to get the silver bill before the House, but after a lengthy discussion the speaker ruled it out as Friday was private bill day.

SATURDAY, JUNE 21.

SENATE.—The House bill supplementary to the act of March 3, 1887, with reference to bigamy was taken up. It provides that all funds and property lately belonging to the Mormon church shall be devoted to the use and benefit of the common schools of Utah. The bill passed without a division, though there were some formal amendments made to it, which will require conference.

Mr. Edmunds offered an amendment to the sundry civil bill to pay to the widow of Chief Justice Waite $6,750, equal to the balance of his salary for one year, and appropriating $3,500 for a tablet in the interior of the Washington monument, stating briefly the history of the structure. Referred.

HOUSE.—After some preliminary skirmishing in regard to the status of the silver bill, the regular order was demanded and Speaker Reed proceeded to state his position on the mooted question and reference of the silver bill, which he had referred to the committee on coinage, weights and measures. He said the rules required such bills to be referred, and that a statement to that effect should be put in the journal and recorded. Such statement was made and the House saw fit not to permit it to become a part of the journal. That left a somewhat difficult question as to the status of the bill. Individually, the chair believed that the refusal to record the fact did not obliterate the fact itself. The chair believed that the bill had, under the rules, been properly referred.

Mr. Springer declared that the silver bill was only subjected to this treatment by the Republicans and their Speaker dodging the silver question.

Mr. Townsend, of Colorado, said he voted as he had because he felt it his duty to his people to endeavor to get free coinage.

Mr. Morrill, of California, contended, in opposition to the Speaker's ruling, that the bill was on the Speaker's table, open to the disposition of the House.

A long debate ensued, after which a vote was taken upon a motion by Mr. Kinley to table an appeal from the decision of the Speaker. By a vote of 144 to 117 the appeal was tabled, and the bill remained in the hands of the committee on coinage.

MONDAY, JUNE 23.

SENATE.—Mr. Ingalls offered a resolution instructing the committee on privileges and elections to inquire as to the date when, under the law and precedents, the terms of the Senators from Montana, Washington and North and South Dakota began. Agreed to.

The Senate resumed consideration of the agricultural college bill.

The Senate agreed to the conference report on the dependent pension bill, which now goes to the President.

HOUSE.—The House went into committee of the whole on District of Columbia business. The committee rose without final action on the District bill. The conferees on the general appropriation bill failed to agree. The House insisted upon a disagreement to the Senate amendments and adjourned.

TUESDAY, JUNE 24.

SENATE.—The conference report on the naval appropriation bill was presented and agreed to.

The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the postoffice appropriation bill, and it passed.

The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. A number of agreements were agreed to and the bill passed.

The Senate bills to adopt regulations preventing and in relation to collisions at sea were passed. The bills embody the rules agreed to by the international maritime conference.

The conference report on the pensions appropriation bill having been presented the bill passed.

HOUSE.—The House committee on coinage held a meeting to-day and took up the Senate amendments to the silver bill. The committee decided by a vote of 6 to 5 to recommend non-concurrence in the Senate amendments and to ask the House to order a conference. The committee on rules subsequently arranged that the bill be taken up at once and the vote to be had at 9 o'clock to-morrow.

Mr. Conger, speaking on the silver bill, said his judgment had not been influenced by the action of the Senate. That body had not debated nor considered the bill, it had passed and sent it back to the House. If the bullion redemption feature were stricken out, then the government was placed in the position of buying gold and silver bullion and paying for it in silver certificates, for that was the only money provided for the purpose. Now, free coinage meant that a man might take $100 to the United States mint and take away $100. He charged that a powerful lobby working in the interest of silver speculators was trying to force this free coinage bill through Congress.

Mr. Bland criticised the house bill and contrasted its provision with the Senate bill, to the advantage of the former. He wanted it understood that he was for free coinage, but if he could not get it he would vote for this bill if he could get two amendments, one providing that the notes outstanding should not be limited to the cost price of the bullion, and again that the notes should be redeemed in coin. This latter was important in order that the coinage should be kept up and that bullion should not be stored in the treasury simply as a commodity. The people would say there was just the same right to store cotton, lead, iron and wheat in the treasury as bullion. This would not be necessary under a free coinage, because silver would then be not a commodity, but a money.

Mr. Townsend, of Colorado, said that free coinage was the only way to secure a stable financial system, but he would say frankly that if he could not get free coinage he would vote for this $4,000,000 bill as offering a considerable improvement on the present coinage.

Gladstone's Vitality.

LONDON, Eng., June 22.—Mr. Gladstone has been in the thick of the political fight all the week. He has remained in the House of Commons late into the night with his men and hurling defiance at the troubled Tories with almost juvenile enjoyment. He recorded his vote in the great division on Thursday evening, when the government saved their bullion endowment bill by the startling majority of four, and his sonorous voice was heard distinctly amid the frantic cheers with which the Liberals hailed the announcement of the government's narrow escape.

Mr. William Smith, misnamed the leader of the House, is already aged and exhausted by the fray. Goschen gets more bilious and irritable every day. Balfour bites his nails night after night, and is growing physically more attenuated than the government's majorities. But in this same atmosphere, so disastrous to the Tories, the Liberal leaders thrive vigorously.

It has become commonplace to speak of Mr. Gladstone's marvellous vitality, but nevertheless it never fails to strike one as marvellous. Mr. Smith is nearly thirty years Mr. Gladstone's junior, but he looks an older man. The Grand Old Man was more than forty years old and a statesman when Balfour was born, yet the long lapse of time finds the older man's face the fuller and ruder, his step the lighter and briskier, his spirits the higher, and his energy the more superabundant.

A European Trade.

BERLIN, June 21.—During a prolonged sitting of the Bundsrath, Chancellor Caprivi explained the aims of the government in concluding an Anglo German agreement relative to African territory. He dwelt on the immense importance of the strategic value of Heligoland and recalled the fact that during the war of 1870 it was necessary to detach a large force to guard against a possible French landing at the mouth of the Weir and Elbe Rivers and lay submarine mines to protect the water approaches to Hamburg and Bremen. He produced an opinion from Von Moltke that Heligoland could be so fortified that it would be equivalent to a large increase in the Germany army in the event of a war."

The Bundesrath unanimously approved the compact and congratulated the Emperor and the Chancellor.

The report that England spontaneously offered to cede the island is in direct variance with the reports here. The opinion of the people of the island does not count with either government. Both know that the inhabitants are opposed to annexation to Germany; both on account of the dread of military service and of customs regulations. Germany will make concessions on these points for twenty years.

Leading Hamburg journals regret the granting to England of the protectorate over Zanzibar, because it will place the whole trade in the hands of the English East African Company.

Major Wissman has telegraphed similar news. All desire, however, that the acquisition of Heligoland balances the losses elsewhere. The *National Zeitung* reminds the malcontents that most of the region conceded to England never belonged to Germany.

It is said that on the foothills about La Veta, especially to the north, the loco weed is becoming worse every year. This year a large number of horses and cattle have been loosed. It is becoming so that it is unsafe to turn an animal on the range.

Pecos Valley Register.

Published every Thursday at Roswell, N. M.

ERWIN & FULLEN, Proprietors.

THURSDAY, JULY 3, 1890.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One copy, one year..... $3.00.
One copy, six months..... 1.50.

Subscribers failing to receive their paper on time will confer a favor by promptly notifying this office.

The Register invites correspondence from all quarters on live topics. Local affairs and news given the preference. Brevity, clearness, force and timeliness should be kept in view. Correspondents held responsible for their own statements. Use one side of the sheet only, write plainly and send real name. The REGISTER cannot be held responsible for the return of rejected communications.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Standing advertisements $12 per column, per month; half column $8 per month. Ad. occupying less than half column $1 per inch per month.

Transient advertisements $1.00 per inch, per month, in advance.

Locals, 10 cents per line, per week.

Advertisements contracted by the year and ordered out before expiration of term will be charged at transient rates and published until paid.

All accounts are due and must be paid promptly at the end of each month.

Democratic Call.

ROSWELL, N. M., May 17th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the Democratic Central committee of Chaves County N. M., in regular meeting held in Roswell, has this day and date hereby appointed the 20th day of August 1890 as the time for holding the County Convention, and that the same shall be held in Roswell the county seat of said Chaves County.

The purpose of said convention shall be the nomination of candidates as follows:

One candidate for Probate Judge; one candidate for Probate Clerk; one candidate for Assessor; one candidate for Sheriff; one candidate for Treasurer; one candidate for Coroner; one candidate for Supt. Public Schools; three County Commissioners; the election of 7 delegates to the Legislative District Convention; the selection of a County Central Committee composing of one member from each precinct. JNO. W. POE, Chairman.

ATTEST:
MARK HOWELL, Secretary. A. B. ALLEN, Member.

Notice of Election.

HEADQUARTERS DEMOCRATIC CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

ROSWELL, N. M., May 17th, 1890.

It is hereby ordered, by the Democratic Central Committee of Chaves County, regularly this day in session, that a primary election be held in the several precincts of the said County of Chaves, in the Territory of New Mexico, on Saturday August 9th, 1890. And that the several precincts be entitled to representation in the County convention as follows, to wit:

Precinct No. 1, thirteen (13) delegates; precinct No. 17, six (6) delegates; precinct No. 19 two (2) delegates. JNO. W. POE, Chairman.

ATTEST: A. B. Allen, Member.
MARK HOWELL, Secretary.

Signal Service, United States Army. METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

WEEK ENDING JUNE 29, 1890.

PLACE OF OBSERVATION. Garrett's Ranch, five miles west of Roswell, N. M.—Latitude 33 degrees 24 min.—Longitude 104 degrees 24 min.

TEMPERATURE.

DATE.	EXPOSED THERMOMETER. 8 A. M.	3 P. M.	MEAN.	SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS. MAXIMUM.	MINIMUM.	RANGE
22	85	82	83.5	85	65	18
23	85	85	85.0	85	65	20
24	85	85	85.0	85	65	20
25	80	81	80.5	81	67	14
26	81	72	76.5	72	66	6
27	76	64	70.0	64	61	7
28	76	78	77.0	78	63	15
Sum.	578	551	562.0	552	451	101
Mean	81.0	78.7	80.3	78.8	64.4	14.4

Highest Temperature, 85.
Lowest Temperature, 61.
Total Precipitation, .04.
Frost, 0.
Mean Temperature, twice daily, 80.3.
Maximum and Minimum, 71.6.

M. A. UPSON,
Voluntary Observer.

Forest fires are doing great damage in this territory. Already thousands of acres of forests have been destroyed in the mountains. Ex.

The Optic's guesser places the population of New Mexico at 165,000 souls—one fifth Americans, one-fifth Indians and three fifths Mexicans.

An American has been ordered to leave Germany because he expressed the opinion that President Harrison was a greater man than Emperor William.

In 1830 Chicago was fourth in population. By the eleventh census it reaches to second place with a population as large as New York had in 1860. In the last decade New York's population has increased 10 per cent and Chicago's over 100 per cent. Thus is the great west "getting there."

"Godey's Lady's Book" for July is looking as bright and fresh as if mid summer heat was unknown. The lover of morality, beauty, wit, humor, and cheerfulness of language, as well as the devotee of fashion, may find within it food to suit his or her particular taste. It contains within its leaves an encyclopedia of information to be found nowhere else. Every lady should be possessed of it. Godey Publishing Company, Philadelphia, Pa. Price $2.00 per year.

The special Pecos valley edition of the Lincoln (N. M.) Independent, will be issued on or about July 15 prox. Those interested in the Pecos valley and Southern New Mexico are anxious to see this forthcoming work, as they are promised a complete write-up of the country, illustrated by more than forty elegant photo-engravings, besides maps of the railroad and irrigating enterprises, etc. These engravings are to show the country just as it is, as they are exact reproductions of photographs.

No paper can be published without home patronage, and every man is interested in keeping up a home paper. If a railroad or a factory is wanted for any purpose, the newspapers are called upon for a free notice. If any of the societies have a supper or a reception of any kind, the newspaper is expected to give the necessary notice. The newspaper must puff the schools and everything else to advance the interest of the business men in the place, and then give them a handsome notice when they pass away. And yet some of them do nothing to keep up a home paper.

Under the Constitution of the United States Congress must take the census as often as once in every ten years, but it may take it more frequently if it sees fit. It begins to look as though it would be wise to pitch overboard the present census and begin all over again, since from nearly every city in the Union there comes the same complaints which San Francisco is making. If Congress would order the census to be taken on the 1st of October, and would weed out a lot of questions which are now being asked, the result would certainly be much more satisfactory than it will be under the pending enumeration.

FREE HOMES!

Akron, Colorado.

Akron is the county seat of Washington county, a division station of the C. B. & Q. railroad; 112 miles east of Denver. The offices of the railroad officials, round house, shops and eating houses are here. Akron is the leading city and great railroad center of eastern Colorado. The population is increasing more rapidly than any town in the west. We have here gold, silver, lead, iron, coal, lime, cement mines; elegant building stone; the best fire-clay, gas and mineral springs; a soil unsurpassed for fertility; rolling country, plenty of pure water, and abundant rains.

RESOLUTIONS TO ADVERTISE:—The following resolutions were adopted at a recent meeting of the West Side Improvement Co. Whereas, The property owners of Akron, having placed a large number of lots in the hands of the West Side Improvement Co.; one-third of which are to be given free of charge to persons in all parts of the United States; Resolved that the Secretary be authorized to expend sufficient money in newspaper advertising, circulars and such printed matter as may be required to bring before the people of the United States the advantages Akron offers for investment, business and residences, that the property placed in his hands for free distribution shall be distributed as he may deem proper.

JACOB FAHRNDRICH, Sec'y.

We want and we are going to have men of enterprise to work our gold, silver and coal mines. We want masons and carpenters to erect residences and business blocks. We want laborers in our lime, cement, fire-clay works. We want capitalists to increase our manufactories. We want business men, active, wide-awake, to take charge of our stores and business houses, to buy and sell goods. We want 25,000 active, energetic eastern farmers—no dudes need apply—to occupy the thousands of acres of government land lying tributary to Akron. What we want is to get people here. Come and see Akron for yourself. We insist that everyone going west shall stop at Akron. Our company will make you welcome. We have big-hearted people here, generous and noble. The West Side Improvement Company is amply supplied with money to entertain strangers. We are now arranging to have three Grand Transcontinental excursions from all parts of the country, in the next five months, commencing with Sept. 9th and 22d, Oct. 14th, 30 days limited from day of sale, with privilege to stop off west of the Missouri river, to Akron and Denver and in order that the incoming visitors shall have a decided monetary interest in the town, the Company has placed at the disposal of the Secretary a number of valuable building lots, with instructions to send a deed for one of these lots to each reader of this advertisement, who may send his or her name to the Secretary, with 25 cents to pay notary fee and postage. These lots are a free gift and entirely unincumbered, each deed containing an abstract of title from the government; the taxes paid for 1890. Many of these lots are now worth $100 each. On Dec. 11th, 1889, an excursion was run from Denver to Akron and many sold at from $15 to $250.

The giving of these lots free is no scheme or trick, but a straightforward enterprising business effort by enterprising people to build up our city. There is no obligation on the part of the holder of this deed to visit Akron this summer, but we know that a large number will be induced to come. All we ask of those who stay at home is that they talk Akron to their friends. With all this enterprise back of it, the city is sure to grow, and grow fast, and the lots that are now worth $100 cash, should by fall, when the street cars get to running, be worth from $500 to $1,500. These are facts, we mean business and want you to own a lot.

CLUB TRIPS TO COLORADO.

We cannot say how long this free distribution of free lots will last, but as in all other things, first come first served. Interest your neighbors in Akron. We will send you plenty of information so that you can talk it up. Get their names and send them to the Secretary West Side Improvement Company, with 25 cents for each deed to pay notary fee and postage, and notify him that these people wish a town lot. Dates of excursions named above. It is advisable that the club from each locality be as large as possible, as arrangements can be made by which (if there are 50 and 75 in one party) they can have an entire car to themselves.

The United States Government Land Office is located at Akron, and the West Side Improvement Company will locate homesteads and pre-emptions when desired.

Do you want to know about Akron? Write to the Post Master at Akron; to Wm. Sturdevant, President State Bank, Akron; H. S. George, County Treasurer; P. W. Clifford, County Assessor; J. E. Phillips, President Washington County Bank, Akron; L. O. Stevens, Attorney at Law, or to any of the banks or business men of Denver.

Do not fail to send us your address at once, with 25 cents to pay notary fee and postage, and obtain one of our city lots, which are now rapidly increasing in value.

J. FAHRNDRICH,
Secretary West Side Improvement Co.
Akron, Colorado.

A Lady poet sings the following: The lark came up to meet the sun and carol forth its lay, the farmer's son took down his gun and at him blazed away; the busy bee arose at 5 and hummed the meadows o'er, the farmer's wife went for his hive and robbed him of his store; the little ant rose early, too, his labors to begin, a greedy sparrow that way flew and took his antship in. O, birds, and ants, and bees, be wise, in proverbs take no stock, like me, refuse from bed to rise till half past eight o'clock.

No official announcement has been made by the supervisor of the census, but enough figures have been compiled to warrant the statement that the population of Denver is about 120,000.

Cerillos, a prosperous mining town in Santa Fe county, was almost wiped out by fire Monday night the 23d. The entire business portion of the town was consumed. Loss about $40,000.

Fine Job Work.

The REGISTER is headquarters for all kinds of job work. We have new presses new type and good paper, and will do your work cheap and guarantee satisfaction. When you need anything in our line call at the office.

Certificate of Apportionment of School Funds.

For Lincoln County, New Mexico: I, John K. Byers, County Superintendent for said County, pursuant to the requirements of Section 7, Chapter LIII., Laws of 1887, do hereby certify that I have duly apportioned the school fund of said County on this third Monday of June A. D. 1890. The amount subject to such apportionment, as reported by the County Treasurer, is 4026.45 dollars. The total number of school age, as reported by the several Boards of School Directors, entitled by law to the benefit of said fund, is 2258. The rate per scholar is $1.7824, which is apportioned to the several school districts as follows:

DIST. NO.	NO. OF SCHOLARS.	AMOUNT.
1	128	228.15
2	55	98.03
3	44	78.42
4	88	156.89
5	109	194.26
6	Not Organized	
7	150	267.36
8	124	220.94
9	61	108.73
10	34	60.60
11	117	208.54
12	39	67.73
13	Not Organized	
14	21	37.42
15	62	110.51
16	36	64.17
17	52	92.66
18	153	272.72
19	55	98.03
20	51	90.90
21	75	133.68
22	42	74.86
23	58	103.39
24	71	126.56
25	43	76.64
26	40	71.30
27	43	76.64
28	40	71.30
29	54	96.26
30	Not Organized	
31	51	90.99
32	Not Organized	
33	69	122.99
34	Not Organized	
35	53	94.47
36	32	57.04
37	98	174.58
38	30	53.47
39	42	74.88
40	48	85.56

Warrants have been drawn upon the County Treasurer in favor of the treasurers of the several districts for the above stated amount. School Districts No. 62, 7, 26, 39 and 40 have no treasurers.

JOHN K. BYERS,
County Superintendent.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, N. M. June 21, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at Roswell, N. M., on Wednesday August 6, 1890, viz: Richard F. Barnett, pre-emption D. S. No. 5368, for the n ½ se ¼ and se ¼ se ¼ sec. 2 tp 11 s r 24 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Samuel Cunningham, Taylor B. Lewis, Campbell C. Fountain, Charles Bands, all of Roswell, N. M. 27 WINFIELD S. CORBAN, Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, N. M., May 27th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at Roswell, N. M., on Saturday, July 19, 1890, viz: W. Robert Liles, pre-emption D. S. No. 5761, for the w ½ ne qr, se qr ne qr, and ne qr nw qr, sec 21, tp 13 s, r 26 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

John A. Donaldson, James S. Miller, Mark Howell, William Robert, all of Roswell, N. M. 26 W. M. CORBAN, Register.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, N. M., May 27th 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register & Receiver at Roswell, N. M., on Saturday, July 19th, 1890, viz: M. R. Lewis, H.d. No. 427, for the w ½ ne qr, and e ½ nw qr, sec 13 tp 6 s r 25 e.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Addison B. Allen, Jesus Hernandez, Charles W. Haynes, William H. Ewing, all of Roswell, N. M. 26 W. S. CORBAN, Register.

Notice of Contest.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, Roswell, N. M., May 30th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that McDowel Minter did on the 21st day of April, 1890, file his affidavit to contest with Timber Culture entry of William N. Piper, No. 725, Las Cruces series, made April 19th, 1889, for lots No. 5 and 6, sec 6, tp 11 s of r 24 east; affirming that the said Piper has not complied with the timber culture laws in that he has failed to break two and one-half (2½) acres of said land, as required by law.

Notice is hereby given that a hearing will be had in said case on Wednesday, July 23rd, 1890, before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.

25-30 W. S. CORBAN, Register.

TARIFF LITERATURE FOR ALL.

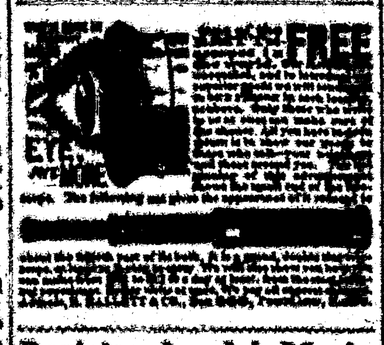
The AMERICAN PROTECTIVE TARIFF LEAGUE is publishing a most valuable series of Tariff documents. These are prepared with a view to state the facts and arguments for Protection, whether in the interest of farmers, laborers, merchants or professional men. Each issue of the series appeals to those engaged in separate industries, and presents indisputable facts—comparisons of wages, cost of living, and other arguments showing the benefits of Protection.

Any single one will be sent on receipt of 2 cents in stamps except "Wages, Living and Tariff," which will be sent for 4 cents.

The whole list will be sent for 20 cents or any twelve for 20 cents, or any five for 10 cents, postage paid. Order by number.

No.		Pages.
1	"Wages, Living and Tariff." E. A. HARTSHORN	16
2	"The Advantages of a Protective Tariff to the Labor and Industries of the United States." First Prize Essay, 1887. CRAWFORD D. HENDERSON	48
3	"Home Production Important to a Supply at Low Prices, of the Manufactured Commodities required for the People of the United States, and Adequate Home Production of these Commodities Impossible Without a Protective Tariff." First Prize Essay, 1888. C. [illegible]	32
4	"What are Raw Materials? Would Free Raw Materials be Advantageous to the Labor and Industries of the United States?" First Prize Essay, 1888. [illegible]	16
5	"Fallacies of Free Trade." [illegible]	24
6	"Some Views on the Tariff Question from an Old Business Man." GEO. DEARN	20
7	"The Protective Tariff: Its Advantages for the Poor." C. [illegible]	20
8	"The Wool Interest." Judge W. M. Lawrence	24
9	"Protection or Free Trade."—A Historical Review. E. [illegible]	20
10	"The Farmer and the Tariff." Col. THOMAS W. DUDLEY	16
11	"Protection as a Public Policy." [illegible]	16
12	"Reply to the President's Free-Trade Message." [illegible]	8
13	"Wool Growers and the Tariff." [illegible]	8
14	"The Vital Question: Shall American Industries be Abandoned and American Markets Surrendered?" [illegible]	8
15	"Home to German, with Addition." [illegible]	8
16	"The Tariff Question." [illegible]	8
17	"The Tariff Not a Tax." [illegible]	8
18	"Why Republicans Intend to Protect Industry." [illegible]	8
19	"What is a Tariff? Answers to a Working-man's Question." [illegible]	8
20	"The American Wool Industry." E. R. ANDREWS	8
21	"Wages and Cost of Living." J. M. WORK	8
22	"Reciprocity, Fairness, Industry." [illegible]	8
23	"A Short Talk to Workingmen." [illegible]	8
24	"Protection and the Farmer." Senator A. M. CULLOM	16

The American Economist, weekly, devoted to the discussion of all phases of the Tariff question, $2 a year; Specimen copies free. Address, AMERICAN PROTECTIVE TARIFF LEAGUE, 135 W. 23d St., New York.



Register for Job Work.

J. A. ERWIN,
Attorney, Solicitor & Counselor at Law,
ROSWELL, N. M.
Will practice in all the courts of the Territory. Office in Register office building.

G. A. RICHARDSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
ROSWELL, N. M.
Will practice in all the courts of the Territory and in the United States Land Office.

F. WILLIAMS,
Attorney at Law,
ROSWELL, N. M.
Will practice in all the courts of the Territory and before the United States Land Office.

E. H. SKIPWITH,
Physician and Surgeon.
ROSWELL, N. M.

L. M. LONG,
Civil Engineer, Land Surveyor & Notary Public,
ROSWELL, N. M.
Plans, specifications and estimates of all Mechanical work carefully made. Complete abstract of title to all the lands on the Rio Hondo and Pecos.

Walter E. Sparks,
Real Estate & Insurance
Makes investments, looks after property of non-residents, pays taxes, makes collections and prompt remittances.
ROSWELL, N. M.

DR. T. A. McKINNEY,
(Formerly of Las Vegas,)
Physician & Surgeon.
Obstetrics & Diseases of Women
AND CHILDREN
A Specialty.
Will arrive in a few days, and offers his services to the people of Roswell and vicinity.
Office at Zimmerman's Drug Store,
Roswell, - - New Mexico.

WM. B. MATTHEWS,
One of the editors of "Matthews & Conway's Digest. Author of "Matthews' Guide," Matthews' Forms of Pleading," etc.,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Late Assistant Chief of the Pre-emption Division and Examiner of Mineral Contests in the General Land Office.
Will practice before the U. S. Supreme Court, the Court of Claims, all the Departments, and Committees of Congress.
Contested and Ex-parte Cases under the Pre-emption, Homestead, Townsite, Timber Culture and Mineral Laws A Specialty.
Offices, Atlantic Building, 930 F Street, Washington, D. C.

REFERENCES.
Hon. N. C. McFarland, Ex Commissioner Gen. Land Office. Hon. S. M. Stockslager, Commissioner Gen'l. Land Office. Hon. Binger Hermann, Oregon. Hon. Thos. M. Bowen, U. S. Senator, Colorado. Hon. Isaac S. Struble, of Iowa. Hon. T. J. Anderson, Associate Justice Supreme Court Utah Territory. The Registers of the U. S. District Land Offices throughout the Land States and Territories. The U. S. Senators and Representatives in Congress from Virginia. Hon. Rob't. W. Hughes, U. S. District Judge E. District of Virginia. Hon. John Paul, U. S. District Judge Western District of Virginia.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT ROSWELL, N. M., May 19th, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at Roswell, N. M., on Saturday, July 12th, 1890, viz: C. D. Bonney on Hd. entry No. 382, for the lots No's. 1, 4, 5 and 6, sec 31 tp 11 s of r 26 east.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Patrick F. Garrett, Jas. R. Cunningham, Abraham B. Liles, Allen J. Ballard, all of Roswell, N. M. 26 WINFIELD S. CORBAN, Register.

W. H. LUMBLEY.

Brand, ZED left shoulder, side and hip.
Range: Arroya Seco, north side Capitan mountains.
P. O.: Ft. Stanton, New Mexico.

MILNE & BURR LAND AND CATTLE CO.

Postoffice, Roswell, Lincoln county, N. M. Range, on the Pecos and Berrendo rivers, Main brand. Horse brand same as cow on left thigh.

L. M. LONG.

P. O. Roswell, N. M. Range, Rio Hondo. Other brands.
Both on left side
Horse brand same as cattle, on right shoulder.

LEA CATTLE COMPANY.

J. C. Lea, Manager. W. M. Robinson, Range Foreman. P. O. Roswell, Chaves county, N. M. Range on the Hondo, Berrendo, Spring & Pecos rivers, and on the Agua Negra.
[illegible]
If side, and [illegible] on hip and hip. W side, [illegible] on hip or hips. Like on shoulder, [illegible] side and hips. Cross on side and hip. And various others and brands and marks.
Horse brands: Same as cow on left shoulder and left hip or shoulder.
Part branded only on left shoulder.

Send the REGISTER east to your friends.

ALBUQUERQUE NATIONAL BANK.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $200,000.
OFFICERS:—S. M. Folsom, President; John A. Lee, Vice President; H. S. Beattie, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:—John A. Lee, S. M. Folsom, J. A. Williamson, M. S. Otero, E. D. Bullock, A. M. Blackwell, C. H. Dane, J. E. Saint, M. Mandell.
DOES A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.
Gold dust purchased and advances made on shipments of cattle, gold and silver bullion, ores, etc. Superior facilities for making collections on accessible points at par for customers. Exchange on the principal cities of Europe for sale.

G. T. PARKER. W. S. GRAY.
PARKER & GRAY,
Harness And Saddle Manufacturers.
REPAIR WORK A SPECIALTY.
Make the best Stock Saddle in the Southwest and Guarantee them.
We solicit an inspection of our Stock and Prices.
Roswell, - - - New Mexico.

J. B. TROTTER. B. F. DANIEL.
TROTTER & DANIEL,
BUILDERS - AND - ARCHITECTS,
SOUTH MAIN STREET, ROSWELL, N. M.
Estimates and Plans furnished on all kinds of work on short notice.

GO TO
HERVEY & BLACKWOOD'S
SENATE SALOON,
—FOR—
Good Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

CARTER & MARTIN,
—DEALER IN—
General Merchandise, Ranch Supplies,
FARMING IMPLEMENTS, WAGONS, ETC., ETC.
Special Attention paid to all Orders, and to Forwarding.
Roswell, N. M., and Amarillo, Texas.

H. L. WHITE. W. L. HUGHES.
WHITE & HUGHES,
(Successors to H. L. White.)
Tonsorial Art Parlors.
Shop on Main Street.
Hot And Cold Baths
WORK FIRST-CLASS. CHARGES REASONABLE
Clothing cleaned and repaired neatly and cheaply.
Roswell, N. M.

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Photographic Art Gallery
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All sizes of Photos taken. Views of Farms, Ranches, Etc., a specialty.
Enlargements made to any size, either Bromide or Crayon.
All Work Guaranteed.

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DAVIS & SLACK,
Blacksmiths and Wheelwrights.
Custom Work Solicited.
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WHETSTONE & CAMPBELL,
SURVEYORS,
Civil Engineers and Architects.
MAIN ST., ROSWELL, N. M.

Yee Wah Lee Laundry,
JOE YUNG, Proprietor.
All kinds of laundry work done in a first class manner.
MAIN ST., ROSWELL, N. M.

D. R. HENDERSON,
Fine Watchmaker And Jeweler,
ROSWELL, N. M.
Will do all kinds of work in my line and guarantee satisfaction. Your patronage is respectfully solicited.
Fine Watch Work a Specialty
Shop in J. L. Zimmerman's Drug Store, Main St., Roswell, N. M.
Stage Work Promptly Attended To.

LIVERY,
FEED AND SALE
STABLE.
Horses Bought and Sold.
MENDENHALL & GARRETT.

Fence Your Farms!
We are now prepared to furnish
WOVEN WIRE FENCE,
That will turn anything from a rabbit to a cow at REASONABLE PRICES. Examine our fence and get our terms.
G. W. & J. A. DONALDSON,
Roswell, N. M.

Drugs, Stationery
& Toilet Articles.
PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.
J. A. GILMORE.

M. WHITEMAN,
—DEALER IN—
General Merchandise,
ROSWELL, N. M.

Edgar B. Bronson, President. Chas. B. Eddy, Vice President. Wm. H. Austin, Cashier.

The El Paso National Bank

OF TEXAS.

Capital, Surplus and Profit : $200,000.

United States Depository.

Collections promptly made and remitted. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. General business transacted.

Special Facilities Offered on Mexican Business.

Customers are offered free of charge our Herring's Safe Deposit Boxes in fire proof vault.

Pecos Valley Register.

ERWIN & FULLEN, Proprietors.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

—Attend the ball game to-morrow.

—Stanton is a hard team, look out boys.

—Our ball boys still keep up their practice.

—The long expected rain at last put in an appearance.

—It will be an interesting game, be sure you see it.

—Mrs. R. M. Parsons is visiting at the Diamond "A" ranch.

—Lincolnites have been numerous on our streets the past week.

—Mr. and Mrs. James Sutherlin were visiting in Roswell last week.

—Free dance at the new hotel building Friday evening, the 4th.

—James Ferrell, of the Diamond "A" ranch was in the city last week.

—This is a good time of the year to subscribe for your home paper.

—Jack Thornton and wife, of Lincoln, spent several days in Roswell last week.

—E. W. Dowe, contractor and builder of Lincoln, is taking in the sights of the city.

—Joe Reel brought down a load of passengers from White Oaks Thursday last.

—George White, a prominent young man of Lincoln was in town last week on business.

—L. W. Neatherlin, county assessor, paid the city a short visit the latter part of last week.

—Report of apportionment of school fund by J. K. Byers, county superintendent, this week.

—The regular monthly visitor, the collector, was circulating among the people Tuesday.

—Our shoemaker, Mr. N. Costa while "driving de bronk" met with a slight accident last Sunday.

—We are informed by the contractors that the hotel building will be turned over about August 1st.

—M. Whiteman, our enterprising merchant, returned Monday from his trip to the lower valley.

—Wm. Rosenthal, the Lincoln merchant, was initiated in the first degree of Masonry Friday night.

—Mr. George Peppin, a butcher of our neighboring town of Lincoln, was with us a few days last week.

—We are informed that express rates from the R. R. will be materialey reduced, after July 1.—Interpreter.

—Mr. Wm. DeLany, of Ft. Stanton, has been rusticating in Roswell several days for the benefit of his health.

—Garrett & Hill are making arrangements to build a two story adobe building on their lot on Overton Avenue.

—Mr. Robinson, representing Browne & Manzanares of Las Vegas, has been talking business to our merchants for several days.

—A young man employed on the court house was slightly injured by the derrick used in moving stone falling on him last Saturday.

—To the several young men who contemplate soon getting married we would whisper that we have plenty of wedding stock on hand.

—Rev. Caleb Maule will preach at the Farms school house on Sunday evening next at 8 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend.

—George Kimbell, proprietor of the Lincoln stage line, was in the Pride last week taking in the sights and attending to business matters.

—George Sena has returned to Lincoln. Before leaving Roswell he received his appointment as deputy U. S. marshal of Lincoln county.

—We are in receipt of a communication from White Oaks this week, which owing to failing to arrive in time we will have to omit until next week.

—J. A. Erwin, editor of the Register has been and is now quite sick, which accounts for the Register not being up to its usual standard this week.

—Judge E. T. Stone has his clip in the warehouse at Las Vegas, holding for a better offer than 14¾c., the best he has had yet. His clip is partly improved.—Stockgrower.

—Scott Truxton has rented the residence of W. M. Atkinson, and as soon as Mrs. Truxton returns from her visit to Ft. Stanton will move in town and become city folks.

—W. S. Cobean, our genial register, left Saturday for Ft. Stanton. He will spend the 4th with his family at the post. He expects soon to move his family to Roswell.

—Messrs. Jeff Grumbell and George Ulrick, residents of White Oaks, were visitors in the future great last week. They expressed themselves as well pleased with Roswell.

—Park Lea was taken dangerously ill again last week and for a time his life was despaired of. The doctors preformed a surgical operation on him and he is now on the road to recovery.

—We regret to announce the dangerous illness of Col. H. Milas. His kidneys are diseased and there is but slight hopes of his recovery. Dr. Skipwith and Dr. Sutherland are tending him.

—A fine rain fell on last Sunday evening, doing an immense good. This section of the country has been needing rain badly, and we rejoice with the farmers that it has at last come.

—There is water in the Hondo. The rain of Sunday caused that much desired article to put in an appearance in the river bed. Parties who have farms on the Hondo accordingly smile.

—Lester Hunt, from near En Dee, San Miguel county, is visiting his sister in this city, Mrs. J. A. Kimzey. He will return home about the latter part of the week, and in all probability Mrs. Kimzey will accompany him.

—George Doty was arrested at Eddy last Friday by Scott Jordon, on the charge of theft, Scott returned with his prisoner Saturday. Doty waved examination and gave a $500 bond to appear at the next term of court.

—James Donahoo, of Lincoln county, is in Las Vegas this week with his wool clip of 6,000 pounds. Says he tried the Amarillo market last year, and concluded to steer for the wool growers' headquarters this year.—Stockgrower.

—A Mexican was up before Justice Atkinson last week on the charge of stealing a pair of boots from F. Tackman, our shoemaker. The Mexican proved however that he was out of town when the boots were stolen, and was accordingly discharged.

—Two gentlemen by name of Scroggins, ministers of the M. E. church arrived in Roswell from the Bonito Saturday evening last. They held services at the church last Sunday and returned home Monday. They were here on business before the land office.

—D. C. Nowlin, county sheriff, Geo. Curry, county clerk, Wm. Rosenthal, merchant, and J. K. Byers, county superintendent, all of Lincoln, were in Roswell last week. They assisted at the instituting of the K. of P. lodge at this place. Call again gentlemen.

—A dentist has at last put in an appearance. Dr. Dearup, of White Oaks, came in last week, and has opened his office two doors south of the Texas House. The Dr. is a first-class dentist and those who are in need of his service will find him a pleasant and courteous gentleman.

—James J. Dolan turned over the land office business to his successor Quinby Vance yesterday. Mr. Dolan and family will go from here to Lincoln, where he has a fine residence and a large business house. Mr. Dolan's many friends here will be sorry to have him leave.—Mesilla Valley Democrat.

—Judge Friedrich and Will Ellis returned Wednesday afternoon from their Eddy trip. They report that the Roswell baseball boys litterally "wiped up the earth" with the Eddy team. The Independent feels sorry for the Eddyites, and glad for the Roswellians. It is now in order for the Eddy boys to do a lot of practicing, come up to Roswell, and cover up their shame with future glory.—Independent.

—Charley Perry on Saturday arrested two young fellows for horse stealing on a warrant swore out by the Littlefield Cattle Co. It seems that the young men had been working for the company and near Mescalero were given the bounce. They wished to come to town and objected to footing it in. One of the young men had a horse and the other one took one of the company's horses and rode it through the sand hills and turned it loose. The company missing the horse and supposing it was stolen swore out a warrant for their arrest. Their trial was held before Justice Miller, in the farms Monday, and resulted in one of the boys being discharged and the other being fined fifteen dollars.

Base Ball.

Manager Prager last week sent a challenge to the Ft. Stanton nine to play a game of ball on the grounds at Roswell on the 4th of July, for any sum under $100. On Monday evening he received a reply stating that the Post nine had accepted the challenge and would be here on that day, the purse to be $50 a side. The fort has one of the best nines in the territory and we think it will rustle our boys to beat them, but of course we expect them to do it. Every citizen of Roswell and neighboring country should attend the game, and we promise that you will see a close, well-played game of ball. The game will probably be called about 2 o'clock.

Bulls and Milch Cows.

I have for sale at my farm 3 and ½ miles southeast of Roswell, from thirty to fifty bull calves, ready for service spring 91. These are from Shorthorn cows by Pedigreed Hereford bulls. Also some choice milch cows. These are extra good cattle and I will make prices to suit the times. Address.

JNO. W. POE,
30-1c Roswell, N. M.

A Horse Wanted.

We have a good 2¾ inch, old Hickory farm wagon in good repair to trade for a horse or mare broke to drive single, must be a gentle driver and safe for ladies. The wagon will be put in at a fair price and will pay what a horse is worth. Inquire at the Register office for further particulars.

Of course there is money in printer's ink, but the man who makes the most intelligent use of it gets the most money out of it. It does not pay to advertise something that you have not got, or anything you can not do and do it well. The man who advertises a fraud must have a "good" fraud, he who advertises bargins in goods must be prepared to satisfy his customers.

DEATH OF ROBERT LITTELL.

Broke His Neck While Bathing in North Spring River.

On Sunday afternoon last Robert Littell in company with several friends went down to North Spring river to take a bath. There is one particular place in the river, where the water is quite deep and the banks straight, that is used as a bathing place, and it is the custom of the boys to dive head first from the bank into the water. Littell was the last of the party to enter the water, and strange to say not one of his companions saw him when he did go in, but the supposition is that he jumped head first from the bank. He only came up once, and at that time one of the boys saw him, but thought nothing of the fact, supposing he could swim. When they were ready to dress Bob was missed and search was at once made for his whereabouts. His companions were certain he was under the water and word was at once sent to town that "Bob Littell was drowned in the swimming hole." The word went like a shock all over the town, and it could hardly be believed that a strong man could be drowned in a little stream like that. It was but a short time until the banks of the river was crowded with friends to assist in the search that had been going on for the body from the time he was first missed. After an hours search the body was found in the deepest water and R. M. Parsons, dived down and brought it to the surface, where many willing hands took and placed it on the bank.

Dr's. Sutherland, McKinney and Bearup and many others worked faithfully to resuscitate him, but the doctors in making an examination discovered that his neck was broken. It is supposed that in jumping from the bank he hit his head on a mound of rock and dirt in the river and broke his neck. As soon as this discovery was made the sorrowful crowd dispersed and the body was brought to the city. An inquest was held and a verdict returned in accordance with the above facts.

His remains were interred in South Park cemetery Monday morning, being followed thither by a concourse of friends. The burial services were conducted by Rev. Maule and Scroggins.

Robert Littell was a recent comer to Roswell. He came here from White Oaks, where his parents and relatives, with the exception of one brother who is here, live; about one month ago to assist his brother, W. J. Littell, in making brick. Although a comparative stranger he was well known, and had already made many warm personal friends who sadly grieve at his sudden and shocking death. The Register extends to his relatives and friends in this sad hour of their affliction its warmest sympathy.

Your Home Paper.

From the Las Vegas Optic.

When you got married to the brightest and best girl in the country, where did you look for that notice that meant so much to you, and so little to nearly everybody else? To your home paper.

When your home was invaded by the blue-eyed girl, or the bouncing baby boy, to whom did you make it your business to convey early information as to the sex, the time and the weight? To the editor of that home paper.

In after years, when some manly young fellow takes the blue-eyed girl to a home of his own, or your once bouncing boy—now a man—is given a partership in the store, because he has just brought home somebody else's daughter and set up an establishment of his own, to whom do you personally exhibit the wedding presents and load up with the bride's cake, and to whom do you look for that complete description of the interesting event, down to the last pickle fork and individual salt, which, once more, means so much to you and a very few others, and so little to anybody else? To this same editor of that same home paper.

And when trouble comes in the house, and you add to your possessions that desolate bit of realty, the lot in the cemetery, and somehow the sun doesn't seem to shine just as it used to, and there's the flutter of crape at the door and the odor of the tuberose in the front parlor, and the chair that for years has been beside yours at the fireside, and opposite yours at the table, is vacant—when all this happens, who makes it his business to write in tender strain of the one whose life has grown to be a part of yours, and whose sympathy and good deeds to others have long been known and recognized, if never publicly announced? The editor of a home paper; and he's only too willing to do the little that he can to help you over the hard spot in the road.

And all these years have you advertised in this home paper, and done what you could to help the editor to fight your battles in municipal and county and Territorial matters, and encourage him as he has worked to build up the town and bring business to it?

Of course you have, and it has paid!

Grand Free Ball.

There will be a free ball given in the new hotel building on the evening of July 4th. A cordially invitation is extended to all to attend. Below we give program:

Grand March.
Waltz.
Quadrille.
Schottische.
Quadrille.
Polka.
Lancers.
Waltz.
Quadrille.
Schottische.
Star Quadrille.
Polka.
Quadrille.
Newport.
Waltz Quadrille.
Basket Quadrille.
Schottische.
Camille.
Quadrille.
Heel and Toe Polka.
Sicilian Circle.
Quadrille.
Virginia Reel.
Medley.
Home Sweet Home.

Arrangement committee:—J. P. Wells, R. F. Barnett, J. B. Trotter.

Finance Committee:—Nathan Jaffa, Scott Jordon, George Donaldson.

Floor Managers:—J. D. Lee, B. F. Daniels.

Music by Roswell string band.

A New Mexico Ranch.

Midland, June 28.—John A. Mullens has sold his ranch and stock of range cattle and horses to G. W. Littlefield of Austin, Texas, for $[illegible]. The ranch is in Chaves county, N. M.

JAFFA, PRAGER & CO'S. COLUMN.

100

!DOLLARS!

IN

PRIZES!

FOR

THE CHILDREN!!

To the little girls and little boys of Lincoln county:

We are anxious to see what improvement you have made this year in penmanship.

We want every boy and girl in Lincoln county, from 6 to 12 years of age, to write us a letter. You are to tell us your name and age, how long you have been going to school, what books you are studying, how many scholars are in your school, your teachers name, and as much more news as you wish to give us. Also your papas name, his occupation and address, so we can send your present in his care, should you win a prize.

No letters will be entered for competition after June 15th, so write early.

Your letters will be carefully read by a committee appointed for that business, and on the 4th of July a prize will be sent to each writer of the best letter according to age—one for a boy and another for a girl. In all there will be 14 prizes, one of which will be given to the 6 year old girl who writes the best letter, and one to the 6 year old boy; one to the 7 year old girl and one to the 7 year old boy, and so on to the 12th year. The persons who examine the letters will consider the composition as well as the penmanship.

The value of prizes to be given away amounts to One Hundred Dollars.

Letters to which prizes are awarded will be published in the Pecos Valley Register, with name of writer. All letters must be addressed to "Edith," care Jaffa, Prager & Co., Roswell, N. M., and she will acknowledge receipt of same.

Yours truly,

JAFFA, PRAGER & CO.

GARRETT & HILL,

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

WILL FURNISH

Plans and Specifications.

ESTIMATES MADE ON

MECHANICAL WORK.

We have now on hand a good line of home made Tables, Wardrobes, Washstands, Desks and Cupboards. Call and see for yourself.

A. M. Robertson & Co.,

DEALERS IN

Lumber, Doors, Sash, Shingles and

MOULDINGS, FENCE POSTS, &C.

Roswell, - - - New Mexico.

J. L. ZIMMERMAN,

Main Street, Roswell, N. M.

Druggist and Chemist.

POPULAR PROPRIETORY MEDICINES.

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye-Stuffs, Hair and Tooth Brushes,

Toilet Articles, Perfumery, Soaps, Sponges, and all Varieties of Druggists' Sundries. Cigars.

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Use. Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

J. S. Williamson. J. J. Sanders. Chas. Wilson.

Pecos Valley Mercantile Co.,

Dealers in

General Merchandise :--

--: And Ranch Supplies,

MAIN STREET, ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO.

THE : WHITE : HOUSE.

The Elete Resort of Roswell.

FINE WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS.

PRIVATE CLUB ROOMS IN CONNECTION.

Roswell, - - - New Mexico.

John W. Poe. J. S. Lea. W. H. Cosgrove

Poe, Lea & Cosgrove,

Dealers in

General Merchandise of Every Kind,

Roswell, New Mexico.

JENKINS & DAVIDSON,

Brick Makers, Builders &

CONTRACTORS.

We will build you a house with first-class brick cheaper than an adobe.

CALL ON US FOR ESTIMATES.

STANTON HOUSE,

Roswell, New Mexico,

Mrs. A. O'Neil, Proprietor.

M. C. NETTLETON,

THE ALBUQUERQUE JEWELER.

DEALER IN

Fine Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Solid Silverware, Clocks, Etc., Etc.

Fine Watch Repairing and Diamond Setting.

Manufacturer of Filigree Jewelry.

WATCH INSPECTOR FOR A. T. & S. F. R. R.

ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY FILLED.

TEXAS HOUSE,

Mrs. Wm. Fountain, Proprietress.

Board and Lodging at Reasonable Rates

M. A. Upson, Surveyor & Notary Public. F. P. Garrett, Real Estate Dealer.

UPSON & GARRETT,

Land Agents and Conveyancers,

ROSWELL, N. M.

Complete Maps and Abstracts of all lands surveyed in the Pecos Valley. Lands bought, sold and located for settlers.

Office:—Garrett's Ranch, Head of the Northern Canal of the Pecos Irrigation and Investment Co. Postoffice address: UPSON & GARRETT, Roswell, N. M.

SCOTT & FOUNTAIN,

BUTCHERS.

FRESH MEATS ALWAYS ON HAND,

ROSWELL, N. M.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Price 25 Cents.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.

Small Pill; Small Dose, Small Price.

DRINK LION COFFEE

A TRUE COMBINATION OF
Mocha, Java and Rio.

A BEAUTIFUL SOUVENIR
Picture Card Given
WITH EVERY POUND PACKAGE
LION COFFEE

When you buy your Groceries try a package LION COFFEE. It is the best in the United States—made up from a selection of Mocha, Java and Rio, properly blended and is conceded by all to make the nicest cup of Coffee in the land. For Sale Everywhere.

Woolson Spice Co., Manf'rs,
KANSAS CITY, MO. TOLEDO, O.

NINE-LITTLE VIRS FOR A DOLLAR FOR PRICE.

To cure Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Malaria, Liver Complaints, take the safe and certain remedy, SMITH'S

BILE BEANS

Use the SMALL SIZE (40 little beans to the bottle). They are the most convenient; suit all ages. Price of either size, 25 cents per bottle.

KISSING at 7, 17, 70! Photo-gravure panel size of this picture for 7 cents (coppers or stamps).

J. F. SMITH & CO.,
Makers of "Bile Beans," St. Louis, Mo.

OPIUM Morphine Habit. The only certain and easy cure. Dr. J. L. Stephens, Lebanon, Ohio.

PATENTS W. A. Redmond, Washington, D. C. Highest References. Advice Free.

WANTED AGENTS to handle White Mfg. Co.'s Rogers Address, F. M. TALLMADAY, Poplar Grove, Ill.

MARRY! MARRIAGE PAPER and particulars of marriage association that pays like to make free. Cupid's Monthly, Toledo, O.

FAT FOLKS Reduced 15 to 35 pounds easily by harmless vegetable medicine. No starving, no exercise, no inconvenience. Address Dr. W. F. BATMAN, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Please Mention this paper.

CANVASSERS WANTED No experience required; hardy NORTHERN GROWN NURSERY STOCK. Large commission or salary and expenses if successful; steady employment to the right men; outfit FREE. Reference required. Write at once; state age and address. NAT'L CO., St. Paul, Minn.

PENSIONS The great Pension Bill has passed. Soldiers, their widows, children and parents are entitled to Pensions. Fee $10 when you get your money. Blanks free. Joseph H. Mackey, Attorney, Washington, D. C.

CROSS'S PASTILLES A sure ASTHMA cure. Free by mail. 50 cts. a box. CROSS'S CO., Cleveland, O.

PENSION CLAIM W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successful Prosecuting Claims. Atty. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

SCHOOL FURNITURE WANTED [illegible]

DETECTIVES [illegible] Detective Bureau Co., St. Louis, Mo.

BEFORE PURCHASING [illegible]

COUNT TOLSTOI.

His Racket as a Granger—The Russian Novelist Repents Ibsen.

It was a sunny day, says *Puck*, and even the barren Russian landscape looked bright and cheerful, as though it felt that spring was close at hand and the rigors of the bitter winter nearly at an end. In a field near the roadside a large man, with unkempt hair and beard, was laboriously steering a plow over the surface of the ground, still frostbound and unyielding.

Two horsemen toiled slowly up the hillside road, the one evidently a Russian officer, the other, from his dress and appearance, an American or English civilian. As they passed the field the officer drew the attention of his comrade to the solitary laborer, and said something to him in a low voice. The civilian cast a glance of casual curiosity in the direction indicated, drew a note-book half out of his pocket and put it back again. The two passed on, and as they disappeared behind a clump of trees, the large man, with a despondent groan, sat down upon a stump, and, with a furtive look about him, drew from the pocket of his sheepskin ulster a clay pipe, which he returned to its place with a grimace of disgust, and then a package of cigarettes, of which he selected one and lit it.

"Darn me," said Count Lyof N. Tolstoi to himself in the purest Russian, "if I don't believe I have made a bad break. This communistic-manual-labor scheme was all right at first; but it ain't working worth shucks now. That was a newspaper correspondent. I know 'em when I see 'em—and he wouldn't so much as take a note—not a note! Sees the greatest novelist in the world breaking his blooming back behind a measly plow and won't so much as give me a three-line notice in his fool paper. It's no good. I ought to have tried something else.

"And then I don't ever seem to get the hang of a darned thing. Last spring I planted my wheat in hills and got the grand guy from every moujik in the deestrick, and I got an intimation from my brother in St. Petersburg that the Imperial insane asylum had an eligible padded cell at my disposal whenever I felt inclined to be funny again. Funny! Maybe he thinks it was funny when I tried to bleach my potatoes and got 'em all sprouted. How was I to know? Never saw the cussed things with their skins on in my life. Maybe he thinks it's funny jamming this old plow around. By thunder, I begin to think that moujik was right when he told me I oughtn't to begin plowing till the frost got out of the ground. Here I have been skithering that thing over this chilblained cast-iron soil the whole morning and have not made a scratch. Oh, it's sickening!

"Had a picture painted of myself doing this act. Much good it did. People said it looked just like any other old fool plowing. But what in thunder is a popular novelist to do to keep his boom going? These women are spoiling trade for us any way.

"Darn the whole thing! Darn the public! Here I am doing days' labor in a sheepskin coat that would knock out a ton of musk in one round—and what's my reward? Why, this blamed intelligent, enthusiastic, esthetic public goes off and takes up a Scandinavian duffer named Ibson, who doesn't do a blamed thing to boom himself except to sit still and let his hair grow for an advertisement.

"Oh, it makes me sick—hi there! Is that those chaps coming back? Jerusalem crickets! I'll get a notice out of that newspaper clam or I'll smash the plow!"

And grasping his agricultural implements firmly by the handles the count shouted "Gee! haw!" to the mule and cheerily, hopefully, and undauntedly tried to cut through a chunk of feldspar with his coulter, while the newspaper correspondent and the Russian officer put their whole souls and minds into the pressing business of taking a drink apiece out of the newspaper man's flask.

A Hitch on a Python.

It was during the cold weather, when snakes are partially or wholly torpid, that this adventure happened; had it been in the hot weather, when snakes are lively, the story might have had a different ending.

General Macintire and his party went one day to examine a hole or crevice under a rock where it was suspected a python lay hidden, and sure enough it was there, for they could see a bit of the tail end protruding from the hole. They let it alone at first, thinking that when the sun shone it might come forth to bask in its warmth. In this, however, they were disappointed, for on the following day the snake was not to be seen, but on closer examination the tail was found sticking out as before. Various efforts were made to dislodge it. A fire was lit in front and the smoke fanned inward, but this had no effect. The earth was even scraped away and the hole widened, when they could see the coils of the monster as thick as a man's thigh; but except that their operations were occasionally interrupted by the startling presence of the creature's head, which it occasionally poked toward the entrance, darting out its little forked tongue, it gave small signs of animation. They had even determined to try to draw it. We all three, therefore, proceeded—somewhat nervously, I must own—to lay hold of its tail. To this familiarity it showed its objection by a decided inclination to wag its caudal extremity, which had such an electrical effect on our nerves that we dropped it like a hot potato, and—what shall I call it—retired. A shot would, in all probability, have induced the snake to quit its refuge, but then the shot must have torn and disfigured its beautiful skin, which the general wished to secure uninjured as a specimen. In the meantime more efficient tools for digging had been sent for, and these now arrived, borne upon an elephant.

A bright idea now struck the party—they might draw the snake out with the elephant! Sufficient rope for the purpose was loosened from the elephant's pad, and this rope, about the thickness of a man's thumb, was hitched around the python's tail. Its remaining length brought up again to the pad and fastened there, thus doubling its strength. Now came the tug-of-war! A sudden jerk might have torn the skin; the mahout was therefore warned to put on the strain gradually. Little did we know what a tough and obstinate customer we had to deal with. Tighter and tighter grew the ropes, when "crack" went one of them. Still the strain was increased, when "crack"—the other had snapped also, leaving the snake in statu quo.

The snake was finally dislodged by counter mining, and killed with a charge of buckshot. When measured it was found to be twenty-one feet in length and about two feet in girth.—*Chambers' Journal.*

DOMESTIC SEAL RAISING.

An Opinion that They Would Thrive in the Great Lakes.

"The time is not far distant," said John Farrent, to a reporter of the Toledo *Blade*, "when a new industry will be inaugurated in this country, and that is the raising of seals. A seal is not alone valuable as a fur-producing animal, but it will yield from eight to twelve gallons of oil. The seal has great confidence in man. It may be readily tamed, and is a very docile animal. It exhibits much affection for its keeper, and is more intelligent than the dog.

"You look as though you doubted the practicability of such an enterprise," he remarked to the reporter. "Well, you will remember a few years ago some men in California determined to go into the ostrich business. People all over the United States thought they were missionaries, but nevertheless they expended a good deal of money in sending to Africa for ostriches and bringing them to California. Several of them died while being transported, but there was a sufficient number of them left to give the industry a fair trial. Even after the birds began to lay eggs people in California said the projectors of the enterprise had thrown their money away. But the incubation went on satisfactorily, and the young ostriches came out in a healthy condition, and it was not long until all admitted that it was a success. More ostriches were brought from Africa, and the industry flourished to such a degree that the authorities in Africa issued an order preventing the taking of any more ostriches out of the country. There are plenty of these birds in California now, as large and fine as the best specimens found in Africa.

"The seal industry promises as good results as ostrich farming. They may be successfully raised in any of the Western lakes. They would do well in Lake Erie. The small islands and rocky prominences in the lake would be just the places for them to come out and bask in the sun. They are very fond of getting out on a rock and warming themselves in the sun.

"The difficulty in the way of securing the full benefit of the increase of seals after they had been placed in a lake would be that as they were a migratory animal many of them would make their way to Canadian waters, and this fact would make it unprofitable for those who would go into the enterprise.

"But there are many good-sized lakes in Michigan which would be very suitable for the introduction of seals and their rapid increase. Rocky prominences might be made about the center of any of these lakes as basking places and the industry would flourish from the start. They would soon learn to go regularly to a given place for their food. It would be an immensely profitable enterprise.

"Some people have an idea that a seal will not thrive except in a very cold climate. This is a mistake. They will thrive in any fresh lake. In the Pacific Ocean, off the coast of California, there is a rocky prominence and there are many seals there. They are protected by law. It must be remembered that it is warm there.

"During the winter months a cheap house for protection could be built on the edge of the lake, to which the seals could come for air, as they must have this. Then houses would be necessary when the lake was frozen over. A seal can stay under water from fifteen to twenty minutes, when it must come to the surface for air.

"Please remember what I tell you, that within the next few years the seal industry will be inaugurated in Michigan, and it will come to stay and make big money for the men who invest in it, and you need not live many years to see Toledo ladies wearing sealskin sacques from seals raised in Michigan lakes."

Literary Fads.

The literary fad, like any other whimsical fashion, is of short duration. A fad appeals to the rich rather than to the refined. A book of real literary merit rarely finds favor immediately following its publication, that is, with the masses, and especially with the wealthy classes of people. But should it be introduced into fashionable society, it then, not on account of its merit, but on account of the influence of its introduction, becomes a thing to be rved over. It was many years after first publication before one of the greatest pieces of prose in the English language was even recognized by the learned, to say nothing of its recognition by the polite. The "Pilgrim's Progress" was a household word among the poor, years and years before the rich had ever heard of it, except, possibly, in a contemptuous way. Some of the greatest poetry received nothing but ridicule during the lifetime of the man whose masterful mind conceived it.

We venture to predict that not a single book that has raged during the past two years will be alive ten years from now. Surely "Robert Elsmere" will not live to see its tenth birthday. Mr. Gladstone could give it a glorious christening, but he cannot keep it alive. Haggard's "She," as light and flimsy as it has been declared, will live longer than "Robert Elsmere." One is a piece of imaginative work, the other deals with a question that must either pass away or grow tiresome. The force of imagination will never pass away. If there be an immortal spark in man, that spark is man's imagination.—*Arkansas Traveler.*

She was probably the only woman who could justly claim that she had "nothing to wear."

Bring up a child in the way he should go and when he is old just hear him take all the credit to himself for his virtuous youth.

The American miss who marries a foreign count hopes to become "Countess So-and-So," but usually ends with being Miss-Fit.

A Matter of Interest to Travelers.

Tourists, emigrants and mariners find that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a medicinal safeguard against unhealthful influences, upon which they can implicitly rely, since it prevents the effects that an unhealthy climate, vitiated atmosphere, unaccustomed or unwholesome diet, bad water, or other conditions unfavorable to health, would otherwise produce. On long voyages, or journeys by land in latitudes adjacent to the equator, it is especially useful as a preventive of the febrile complaints and disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, which are apt to attack natives of the temperate zones sojourning or traveling in such regions, and is an excellent protection against the influence of extreme cold, sudden changes of temperature, exposure to damp or extreme fatigue. It not only prevents intermittent and remittent fever, and other diseases of a malarial type, but eradicates them, a fact which has been notorious for years past in North and South America, Mexico, the West Indies, Australia and other countries.

Now that every one is wiping his feet on Mr. Quay we begin to see why he is named Matt.

The Short Line East

Is the Union Pacific Ry. Only line running solid vestibule trains from Denver to Chicago, via Council Bluffs and Kansas City. Free reclining chair cars; elegant day coaches. All meals served in Dining Cars between Denver and Omaha, Kansas City, Chicago, St. Paul, Salt Lake and Portland, at the popular price of seventy-five cents.

"That's the fellow I'm laying for," said the hen as her owner came out with a pan of cornmeal.

"Summer Tours, 1890."

Is the title of the new illustrated summer tourist book of the Michigan Central, "Niagara Falls Route." It is a practical guide and profusely illustrated. Sent to any address on receipt of six cents postage by O. W. RUGGLES, G. P. & T. Ag't, Chicago, Ill.

The man who sets out to live by his wits was recently found dead in an abandoned tenement. Verdict of the coroner: A victim of misplaced confidence.

Six Novels Free, will be sent by Cragin & Co., Philada., Pa., to anyone in the U.S. or Canada, postage paid, upon receipt of 25 Dobbins' Electric Soap wrappers. See list of novels on circulars around each bar. Soap for sale by all grocers.

"James, I am cleaning house, so be a good fellow and beat the carpet as usual." "No, I think I'll shake it this year."

Cats are of all colors in the day time, but at night every one is a sort of yeller.

Spend the Summer Months

In Platte Canon on the South Park branch of the Union Pacific Ry., Deansbury, Buffalo, Pine Grove or Crystal Lake. Cool, delightful and near to Denver; two trains daily—cheap rates, best camping and fishing in the State.

Matrimony is the only thing that offers man a safe refuge from himself, if he will only allow his wife to properly develop her capabilities.

DR. L. L. GORSUCH, Toledo, O., says: "I have practiced medicine for forty years, have never seen a preparation that I could prescribe with so much confidence of success as I can Hall's Catarrh Cure." Sold by druggists, 75c.

Tormented Husband (exasperated)—"Women are all alike! My wife cries when she wants anything, and my daughter wants something whenever she cries."

$100,000 for $20.

Boston (Mass) Record, Jan 8.

Golden fruitage has fallen from The Louisiana State Lottery Company plumb into the pocket of a well-known citizen of Boston. It is Alfred A. Marcus this time, and the plum struck him $100,000 worth. Alfred Marcus is a familiar figure on our streets, having had extensive dealings in real estate, and he is generally conceded a very shrewd business man. In religious circles he figures as one of the strictly orthodox Jews. He not only has built two synagogues, but in one of them on Church St. he is the rabbi, and there is seen every Saturday conducting the service and reading the sermon. One day last week he paid off the mortgage on one of his churches, which, it has leaked out, was due to his good fortune in securing the plum from the Louisiana State Lottery pie. It seems that a few days previous to the drawing of May 13th, he bought a whole ticket, No. 89,905. He paid $20 for the ticket, and on the May 13 drawing found his was the lucky number, (89,905) and had drawn the entire second capital prize of $100,000. The next morning going to G. H. Allen, of the Central National Bank, the money was sent for and received on Friday, May 23.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin Diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 40 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure to be properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayer said to a lady of the haut ton: "As you ladies will use them, I recommend Gouraud's Oriental Cream" as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the U.S., Canada, and Europe. One bottle will last months, using it every day. Also Gouraud's Poudre Subtile removes superfluous hair without injury to the skin.

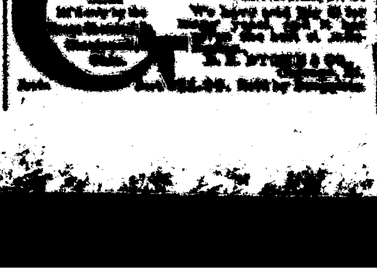
FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, 37 Great Jones St., N.Y.

Beware of base imitations. $1,000 reward for proof of any one selling the same.

BIRD TERRITORY The most wonderful Insecticide. Destroys the mites that infest poultry houses, makes them stay over, fluffed for life. Sell by all stores. Bird Book free. 209 North Third Street, St. Louis. Send also for a free sample of Cattle Powder, the best in the world, with free book.

SING. Author Character of the Song of Cage Birds, prepared to keep them in good health, while shedding feathers, growth & bird food. THE BIRD FOOD CO., St. Louis. Free sample by Dealers. Sent on receipt of Postage stamp. Cut this out.

RUPTURE
CURED OR NO PAY!
No Operation. No Detention from Business.
References:—Nat'l Bank of Commerce, and FIRST NATIONAL BANK, BROTTON.
PROF. O. E. MILLER & CO.,
Send for Circular.
Brooklyn.



A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION

Is Very Desirable, and Especially to Ladies.

Of beautiful feature and form. To obtain this easily is to take Swift's Specific, to rid the blood of all obstructions. Boils, pimples, blotches on the skin, eruptions, etc., evidence the fact that the blood is not in a good condition. These symptoms result from the effort of nature to throw off the impurities, in which she should be assisted by Swift's Specific. This will remedy the disturbance, and bring speedy and permanent relief by forcing out the poison, and will build up the system from the first dose.

NEW YORK CITY.—I was annoyed for a year with pimples and blotches on the face. I consulted prominent physicians and used different kinds of advertised medicines without benefit. Finally I tried Swift's Specific, and the smoothness of my skin was completely restored by the use of a few bottles.
CHARLOTTE RANDOW, Thalia Theater.

330 SANSOME ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.—I had been troubled with pimples and blotches on my face and body for years, and found no relief in any of the chemically prepared soaps and medicines prescribed for me by physicians. I concluded to try S. S. S., and four bottles cleared my skin entirely. Use my name as a testimonial to the merits of the S. S. S. remedy.
ALFRED P. ROBINSON,
Ruby Gold Gravel Mining Company.

Our book on blood and skin diseases will be mailed free to applicants.
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

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W. J. KINSEY IMPLEMENT CO.
DENVER, COLORADO,
WILL SELL, FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY,
MOWERS of STANDARD MAKES
—AT THE FOLLOWING—
MARVELOUSLY LOW PRICES

"TIGER," 4 ft. 3 inch cut,	$40.00.
Whiteley "SOLID STEEL," standard cut,	$40.00.
"EMPIRE," 4 ft. 3 in. and 4 ft. 6 in. cut.	$45.00.
No. 4, "CHAMPION" 4 ft. 6 in. cut,	$65.00.
No. 4, "CHAMPION" 5 ft. cut	$67.50.
"CHAMPION" Self Rake, 5 ft. cut,	$115.00.

You Will Never Have Such Another Chance.

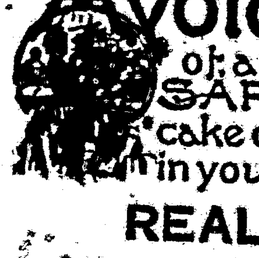
DO NOT FAIL TO WRITE US FOR OUR
Handsomely Illustrated Catalogue
182 PAGES—FINEST BOOK OF THE KIND EVER ISSUED,
MAILED FREE.
W. J. KINSEY IMPLEMENT CO.
PLEASE MENTION THIS PAPER.

PISO'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH.—Best. Easiest to use. Cheapest. Relief is immediate. A cure is certain. For Cold in the Head it has no equal.

CATARRH

It is an Ointment, of which a small particle is applied to the nostrils. Price, 50c. Sold by druggists or sent by mail.
Address, E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

"The best is aye the cheapest."

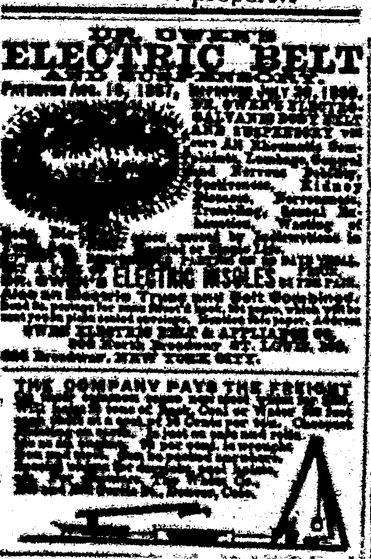


Avoid imitations of and substitutes for SAPOLIO.—It is a solid cake of scouring soap. Try it in your next house-cleaning.

REAL ECONOMY.

It is worse than nonsense to buy a cheap article with which to damage more valuable property. Scouring soap is, at best only a trifling expense, but with a poor and cheap article it is likely to do considerable damage to fine marble or other property.

DR. OWEN'S ELECTRIC BELT AND SUSPENSORY.



Patented Aug. 16, 1887, Improved July 30, 1889. DR. OWEN'S ELECTRIC BELT WITH ELECTRIC SUSPENSORY will cure All Rheumatic Complaints, Lumbago, Sciatica, and Nervous Debility, Nervousness, Kidney Disease, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Constipation, General Debilitation, Wasting of Energy, Impotency, Lost Manhood, etc., caused by indiscretions in Youth or Manhood, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nocturnal Emissions, Premature Decay, Want of Energy, Want of Ambition, Want of Nerve Force, Want of Vigor, Want of Life. Also for Lame Back, Weak Lungs, Consumption, Piles, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Kidney Disease, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Fits, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, Impotency