

WHITE OAKS EAGLE.

PUBLISHED IN THE CENTER OF THE STOCK GROWING and MINING COUNTRY OF THE SOUTHWEST.

Volume 9 No. 38

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO, THURSDAY, SEPT. 27, 1900.

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Our Immense Stock of Fall & Winter Dry Goods, Shoes, Etc. Etc. Etc.

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Shelton-Payne Arms Company.

Wholesale and Retail Fire Arms, Ammunition, Saddles, Harness and Leather Goods. We make a Specialty of Fire Arms, Ammunition and Stock Saddles. All mail orders given prompt Attention.

305 North Oregon St., El Paso, Texas.

E. T. COLLIER.

Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes. Glassware and Notions.

Groceries, Hardware, Granite and Tinware. Miner's Supplies.

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Krakauer, Zork & Moye,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN HARDWARE, Arms, Ammunition, Wagons and Wagon Material, Agricultural Implements, Paints, Varnishes, etc.

Agents for Bain Wagons, Ideal Windmills, and Atlas Dynamite. Mining Supplies a Specialty.

El Paso, Tex. and Chihuahua, Mex.

BROWNE & MANZANARES Co.

El Paso, Texas.

Wholesale Grocers, Wagons and Agricultural Implements, McCormick Rakes and Harvesters.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR Wool, Hides, Pelts and Furs.

NOTICE OF SUIT. In the District court of the Fifth Judicial district of the Territory of New Mexico, within and for the County of Lincoln.

John Y. Hewitt, Administrator of the estate of Edwin R. Bonnell, deceased, Plaintiff,

vs. Viola J. Bonnell, widow of the late Edwin R. Bonnell; Irwin Bonnell, Harvey L. Bonnell, Bert J. Bonnell and Daniel N. Bonnell, heirs of said Edwin R. Bonnell, deceased; and Viola J. Bonnell, as guardian of Minnie Bonnell, Charles Bonnell, Edna Bonnell, and Archie Bonnell, minor heirs of said Edwin R. Bonnell deceased, Defendants.

The above named defendants are hereby notified that a suit has been commenced against them in the said district court within and for the county of Lincoln, Territory aforesaid, by said plaintiff, for the purpose of having an account taken of all the real estate of which the said Edwin R. Bonnell died seized and possessed; to have said real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary, sold for the payment of the debts of the said decedent's estate and for such other relief as equity may require and said court may deem just.

Said defendants are further notified that unless they enter their appearance in said cause on or before the fourth day of October, A. D. 1900, judgement by default therein will be rendered against them.

Plaintiff's attorney is R. E. Lund, whose postoffice address is White Oaks, New Mexico.

JOHN E. GRIFFITH, Clerk of said District Court.

"My baby was terribly sick with the diarrhoea," says J. H. Doak, of Williams, Oregon. "We were unable to cure him with the doctor's assistance, and as a last resort we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I am happy to say it gave immediate relief and a complete cure." Buy it of Dr. Paden.

SEAMON,

El Paso, Tex. Box 97.

SHIPPERS. PRICE LIST FOR ABAYAS: Gold and Silver \$1.00 Copper \$1.25 Lead \$0.75

HAS THE LABORER'S WAGES INCREASED?

Following is a treatise of this subject by the Chicago Record, with statistical tables showing the daily and annual earnings of the wage earner for several years together. The figures are taken from reports compiled by republican officials, and are certainly not overdrawn, as the party advertises itself as the guide and keeper of the working man and the vigilant protector of his every interest. The Record says:

Whether there is ground for the claim so frequently made of the wage earners since the advent of the present administration, or whether, as is claimed by its opponents, this boasted prosperity is enjoyed only by the favored few, is a question which seems susceptible of statistical demonstration. It is, however, true, as has been said, that like sausage, whether statistics are good and reliable or not depends upon who makes them.

As throwing light upon this question it is my purpose to contrast statistics from sources that seem most reliable with those quoted by the Chicago Tribune in its issue of the 3d ult. from proo slips of the republican "textbook" for the campaign of 1900.

These statistics said to have been reported by labor organizations, show an increase of wages for different industries, ranging from 3 per cent for glass workers to 1,500 per cent for stage employees. According to the table presented there was an increase in wages in the latter industry of 25 per cent in 1897 over the wages of 1896, 200 per cent in 1898 over those of 1897, and on top of this an increase in 1899 of 300 per cent. For nearly every class of wage-earners a large though not equal percentage of increase is shown.

For railway employes the following increase is shown:

	1897	1898	1899.
	pr ct	pr ct	pr ct
Eng's L small	12	30	30
Fire'n "	"	"	10
Laborers	5	7	10

On page 692 of the bulletin of the national department of labor for July, 1900, may be found a table of average daily compensation of all railway employes of the United States, as furnished by the statistician of the interstate-commerce commission. As the figures are obtained from the employing railway corporations they cannot be supposed to conceal any increase that has occurred. From the table it appears that the "substantial increase" enjoyed by conductors since 1896 amounts to 8 cents per day, or but 2 per cent, and that instead of an increase of 45 per cent in the pay of railway engineers the increase was less than 2 per cent. The increase shown for fireman, other trainmen and laborers amounts to but 4 cents per day for each class.

The figures, however, take no account of an important element which must be considered in any inquiry with reference to the condition of railway employes. This is the fact that in recent years the work has been nearly if not quite doubled. More powerful engines draw trains of double length with no increase of crew to handle them. The fireman shovels double the amount of coal for the same wages and has lost his opportunity for promotion, for with experienced engineers laid off and waiting for an opportuni-

ty to take an extra run his chance to rise has almost vanished. He and other trainmen are besides unable long to continuously stand the strain of the increased labor of their positions. The decrease of earnings from this cause it is impossible to statistically demonstrate.

As the advertised advance agent of prosperity Mr. McKinley promised wage-earners an immediate increase in wages and employment to follow his election. To convince the public that this promise has been fulfilled is evident purpose of statistical table quoted by the tribune. But who made this sausage? What labor organizations furnished the data, and who is the statistician that summarized the numerous quotations that would be required to obtain a result at all representative? As we are not informed let us further inquire as to the true condition of wage-earners by comparing statistics more worthy of confidence.

The states of Massachusetts and Pennsylvania obtain and publish annually very complete statistics of their manufacturing industries. As the statisticians in charge of the collection of this information are republican appointees these statistics are only open to the suspicion that manufacture from whom the information had been obtained may have considered it for their own interest to conceal the full extent of the decline in wages. They cannot be denied as the work of calamity howlers.

The Pennsylvania report (department of internal affairs, part 3, page 416) of 1898 gives comparative statistics for 901 identical establishments representing 101 industries for the years 1896, 1897, and 1898. It gives also statistics for a smaller number of identical establishments for each year since 1892. For the 901 establishments the following figures are given:

	1896	1897	1898
Average days Oper'n	228	228	228
As earnings \$404.52	\$78.68	\$88.02	\$88.02
" daily wages	1.51	1.56	1.51

Thus, though working on an average eighteen more days in 1898 than in 1896, there was a decline of \$10.60 in the average year's earnings. For the 358 establishments for which statistics are given since 1892 the figures are as follows:

	Days in operation.	Average annual earnings.	Daily wages.
1892	294	\$490.55	\$1.66
1893	268	463.89	1.73
1864	276	418.00	1.49
1895	288	444.72	1.54
1896	276	440.64	1.59
1897	287	429.58	1.49
1898	298	453.73	1.52

The Massachusetts report for 1897 (page 174) presents comparative statistics for 4,695 identical establishments for the years 1896 and 1897, showing average annual earnings as \$426.66 in the former and 283.33 days in the latter year. The average time worked was 281.03 days in the former and 283.33 days in the latter years. Thus there was \$5 less pay for over two days' work more.

The report for 1898 (page 72) gives statistics 4,701 establishments for the years 1897 and 1898, which show average annual earnings as \$422.26 in 1897 and 421.48 in 1898. The working time had increased from 284.05 days to 286.28 days. Thus there was paid 79 cents less for over two more days' work.

The Massachusetts and Pennsylvania reports for 1899 are not yet at hand. That they may show some slight increase in average wages during that year is not unlikely. But that they will show an increase at all commensurate with the increased cost of living is altogether improbable. The statistics presented, however, seem sufficient to conclusively disprove the claim of a great increase in wages immediately following the advent of the present administration.

Compared with the reports of earlier years according to the Massachusetts manufacturing returns average annual earnings decreased from 1892 to 1898 \$30.73, and such earnings were one-third of a dollar less in 1898 than in 1894, the year following the disastrous panic of 1893, a panic which, though world-wide, may in a measure at least be attributed to legislation for which the republican party and its leaders are responsible.

The reports quoted plainly indicate that the measure of prosperity enjoyed by wage earners in the protected industries of Massachusetts and Pennsylvania since the advent of the present administration is but an increased amount of labor at reduced wages. If there has been any considerable increase in wages outside of the protected industries it must have been in spite of and not because of protection, for the protective policy is claimed to affect such industries only indirectly through the increased wages paid in protected industries.

The disastrous effect of this policy through fostering trusts and combinations to increase prices is forcibly illustrated by the conditions existing in this city in the building trades. When wage-earners demanded a slight increase of wages to meet the great increase in the cost of living they were met by a lock-out, which has thus far been maintained since early spring chiefly because of existing high prices of building material. With cheap building material offering a profitable investment in buildings the labor unions could easily have succeeded in enforcing their demands. The result of a policy fostering trusts and high prices has thus been a decreased demand for products at home through the decreased ability of wage-earners to purchase and a growing necessity for foreign markets to be obtained even at the expense of bloodshed and an enormous outlay of treasure, which expense must finally fall upon the wage-earner.

The most reliable statistics indicate not only a fall in wages since the panic of 1893, but that there has been an almost continuous decline from the high wages preceding the panic of 1873, a panic resulting not only from legislation for which republicans are responsible, but occurring during a period of republican rule.

The data of the Aldrich report fairly summarized indicate a decline in the gold value of wages since 1872 and 1873 of not less than 20 per cent. When during the last campaign I called the attention of a writer of republican campaign literature to the fallacious character of the summary of the data of the Aldrich report he declared it "a good enough Morgan" for that campaign. Doubtless republican spellbinders will consider the statistics of the republican "textbooks" a good enough "Morgan" for this campaign. Can success be again attained by such methods?—H. L. Bliss in Chicago Record.

OF LOCAL INTEREST.

White Oaks needs more houses; everything is full.

Commissioners' court convenes at Lincoln Monday.

District court will be convened at Lincoln October 15th.

The public schools opened Monday with 160 pupils in attendance.

William Wiley has repaired his barber shop this week, giving it a new dress of paper.

The Old Abe mine has telephone connection between the mine, mills and pump station.

Joe Capuano is fitting up his old stand for a shoe shop, where he will soon again "mak-ee" the boot for the "cowpunch."

The K. of P. lodge has rented the up-stairs over Paul Mayer's grain store in the Hewitt block, and is having it fitted up for occupancy.

The Taliaferro M. & T. Co. is getting ready for their immense stock of general merchandise. The up-stairs of their building is being fitted up for goods.

A. B. Fall has announced that he is not a candidate for the democratic nomination for delegate to congress. Mr. Larazola will be the nominee of the party.

Two new residence properties going up in White Oaks now. Many more are needed. People are living in tents which will be uncomfortable in the winter season. Rent houses are badly needed.

The weather bureau here has been out of order for several days. Should Mr. Ozanne fail to get control of this matter immediately it will be necessary to petition for his removal from office. Such weather as we have had for three days is very inconvenient, besides it interferes with business.

DEMOCRATIC PRECINCT PRIMARY

The democratic precinct primary met at the band hall, Hewitt block, Saturday night, the 22nd, and elected 12 delegates to attend the democratic county convention to be held at Lincoln on the 29th instant. The following delegates were chosen:

W. C. McDonald, J. J. McCourt, John A. Haley, J. P. C. Langston, John M. Kieth, Max Gobarra, Sabino Gonzales, Paul Mayer, Geo. L. Ulrick, Chas. Bull, Jones Taliaferro and J. E. Wharton.

The delegation was instructed to vote as a unit, those present casting the vote of the entire delegation—no proxies allowed.

Following the selection of delegates to the county convention, a Bryan democratic club was organized, those present signing as charter members, John A. Haley was elected president and J. J. McCourt secretary of the club. The regular meetings of the club will be held at the band hall Tuesday evenings of each week.

LINCOLN DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY.

The Lincoln democratic primary was held in the court house at that place Saturday, the 22nd. The assembled democrats were called to order at 2 p. m.

Sipio Salazar was elected chairman. The primary was addressed by Judge Hall and Attorney S. F. Matthews. A large number of democrats were in attendance, and everything passed off without the least ripple of dissension.

The following delegates were selected to attend the democratic county convention on the 29th:

Capt. Bata, Sipio Salazar, Juan de la Garza, Manuel Gonzalez, Porfirio Chavez, Geo. W. Peppin, H. Moeller, Cleto Chavez.

HUNNY'S LIGHTNING OIL.

Cures Catarrh, Neuralgia, Sprains, Camp Colic, Diarrhoea, Cuts, Headache, Rheumatism. Good for man and beast. Failing, money refunded. Sold at Paden's Drug Store.

M. S. Webb for Drugs and Books. Orders promptly filled. El Paso, Texas.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. N. W. Ellis is visiting in the city.

John A. Brown is buying a large stock of furniture.

S. M. Wiener & Son's fall and winter goods are arriving.

Col. G. W. Stoneroad, of Jicarilla, was in the city yesterday.

Prof. E. S. Coombs came in Sunday from Carthage, Ill. He came via Roswell.

Ernest Langston attended the meeting of the K. of P. Grand Lodge at Albuquerque last week.

Sam Nied has begun the erection of a residence property on the site purchased sometime ago for that purpose, in the west end of the city.

M. B. May, of Nogal, called at the Eagle office Monday. The Nogal district has had a very heavy rain fall recently.

Miss Williams, Mrs. Dr. Paden's sister, returned from a week's visit with Mrs. N. W. Ellis, of I-X ranch, yesterday.

Ziegler Bros. are distributing handsome souvenirs, among their customers, of the greatest business buildings of Chicago.

GRAND LODGE KNIGHTS PYTHIAS.

The grand lodge Knights of Pythias, of New Mexico, convened in annual session at Albuquerque on the 9th, inst. with Grand Chancellor, C. C. Clark in the chair. The reports of officers of the order showed it to be in excellent condition, with more than 1,000 members in New Mexico.

The election of officers resulted as follows: C. C. Clark, Kelly, N. M. re-elected grand chancellor; William Kilpatrick, Gallup, vice chancellor; B. F. Adams, Albuquerque, grand prelate; C. E. Perry, Las Vegas, grand keeper of records and seals; So. Spiegelberg, Santa Fe, grand master of exchequer; P. B. Hellar, Silver City, grand master of arms; E. W. Clapp, Lordsburg, grand inner guard; C. M. Houck, Raton, grand outer guard; E. L. Browne, Las Vegas, William Kuchenbeck, Gallup, supreme representatives to the international convocation to be held in San Francisco in 1902. A new constitution and statutes was adopted. The lodge adjourned Wednesday, the 22nd.

COPPER SHIPMENTS.

Cox and Roberts are now making regular shipments of copper ore to El Paso from newly developed claims in the Oscura mountains. The ore yields about \$15 per ton over and above expenses.—El Paso Times.

P. E. Peters is also shipping from the Oscura district, and a number of other owners are getting ready to take out ore for the market. Oscura is fast becoming a producing copper district, and capital is now beginning to inquire about the possibilities of this camp from various sources. The price of copper is still going higher, and those acquainted with situation claim it will be impossible to supply the demands of the market for months to come.

These conditions insure the rapid development of the Oscura district.

REPUBLICAN NOMINEES FOR COUNTY OFFICES.

Sheriff—Alfredo Gonzales
Clerk—Isidro Analla
Assessor—Billie Sevier
Supt. schools—Acasio Gallegas
Prob. Judge—Luciano Trujillo
Treas. and Collector—H. Lutz
Com. Prec. 1—J. V. Tully
Com. Prec. 2—Chas. Fox
Com. Prec. 3—Jose Serrano

BIDS FOR BUSINESS.

Watches for sale at Wiley's Sweet Potatoes—Collier.

A full line of our celebrated school shoes just received.—Taliaferro M. & T. Co.

See the handsome new capes and jackets Ziegler Bros. have just received.

Apples, peaches and grapes.—Collier.

See our new line of neckwear; its all right.—Taliaferro M. & T. Co.

We have the very best stock of novelty dress goods ever shown in White Oaks. See them and be convinced.—Ziegler Bros.

Ink and mullage, pencils and pens, tablets and envelopes, legal cap and typewriter paper, at News Stand.

Fine lot of pickles, sweet and sour, in bucket and in bottle.—Collier.

For a nobby, bran new suit of clothes or top coat see Ziegler Bros' new stock and you will look no further.

School begins Monday next. Remember we are headquarters for school supplies of all kinds.—Taliaferro M. & T. Co.

Ladies' shirt waists—just the thing for fall and winter wear—just unpacked at Ziegler Bros.

Will order what you want in the book line if not found in my stock.—John A. Haley.

Flannelettes, outing flannels, new ginghams, percales, etc., in latest fall patterns, just received at Ziegler Bros.

A few more boys' 40c waists left; just the thing for school wear.—Taliaferro M. & T. Co.

Ladies' wrappers and skirts—new fall stock just received at Ziegler Bros.

We wish to inform the public that we have the agency for four different styles of wind mills of the latest improvement.—Taylor Son.

REPUBLICAN PRECINCT PRIMARY.

The republican primary was held at Bonnell Hall Saturday evening, September 22nd, for the purpose of selecting six delegates to attend the county convention to be held at Lincoln September 26th, 1900.

Wm. Watson was elected chairman, and James H. Parker, secretary.

The following delegates were duly elected:

Chas. D. Mayer, T. W. Heuman, Wm. E. Blanchard, R. E. Lund, Jose Serrano, Marshall St. John.

No instructions were given to the delegates.

CURED CHRONIC DIARRHOEA.

"I suffered for years with diarrhoea and thought I was past being cured," says John S. Hallway, of French Camp, Miss. "I had spent so much time and money and suffered so much that I had given up all hopes of recovery. I was so feeble from the effects of diarrhoea that I could do no kind of labor, could not even travel, but by accident I was permitted to find a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and after taking several bottles I am entirely cured of that trouble. I am so pleased with the result that I am anxious that it be in reach of all who suffer as I have." For sale by Dr. Paden.

LETTER LIST.

Letters remaining uncalled for in the White Oaks Postoffice, Sept. 25th, 1900:

J. L. Walker, Juan Torres, Mrs. Shilby, W. G. Spivey, Mrs. Walt Smith, Henry Rynerson, Maple P. Reynolds, D. Phillips, A. J. Mann, Geo. N. Langston, Thos. Hardy, Geo. W. Hall, Casildo Haaber, H. E. Holmes, John Evans, Marshal Covey, Mrs. W. J. Cox.

THE LESNET HOTEL

White Oaks Avenue, Solicits Your Patronage.

Table Furnished with the Best the Market Affords. Reasonable rates and best of service.

Send for Rules for Self-measurement for the Best Cow Boy Boot in the WORLD.

THE ROKAHR BOOT CO.
CHAS. ROKAHR, MGR., EL PASO, TEXAS.

LARRY FISHER.
From Alamogordo, Would be Pleased to Paint and Hang Paper for the People of White Oaks.

The News Stand

is Headquarters for Books, Stationery, Etc. A fine line of Candy Cigars, Tobaccos. Give me a Call.

JOHN A. HALEY.

PAUL MAYER

Livery Feed and Sale Stable.

Good Stock and Rigs.
White Oaks Avenue.

TO THE DEAF.

A rich lady cured of her Deafness and Noises in the Head by Dr. Nicholson's Artificial Ear Drums, gave \$10,000 to his institute, so that deaf people unable to procure the Ear Drums may have them free. Address No. 12898, The Nicholson Institute, 780 Eighth Avenue, New York, U. S. A.

Rich, red and pure blood can be had by using Dr. Simmons' Sarsaparilla. Only 50 cents per bottle and 50 full doses for an adult, sold at Paden's Drug Store.

MUSIC! MUSIC! MUSIC!!!

This is to notify the music-loving public that I am the duly authorized agent of the W. G. Walz Co., El Paso, and will be glad to fill your orders for small musical instruments, sheet music, music books and all kinds of musical merchandise.

JNO. A. HALEY.

Dr. Simmons' Sarsaparilla effectually aids weak, impaired and debilitated organs of both sexes. Its action is quick and lasting. Fifty cents and 50 doses, sold at Paden's Drug Store.

A WASHINGTON HAND PRESS.

The EAGLE is making preparations for power machinery, and will sell a Washington hand press at a very reasonable figure. This is a first class machine, and is as good as new. It must go; who wants it?

Watch Us — This Fall!

WIENER & SON.

Potter & White, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

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General Merchandise, Country Produce, Hay and Grain. Highest Prices paid for Hides, Pelts, Etc. Standard Liquors & Fine Cigars.

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Expert Taxidermist.

Deer, Antelope and Mountain Sheep heads mounted true to nature. All kinds of furs tanned and lined in latest styles. Agents wanted for Badger Tanning Fluid.

310 San Antonio St. EL PASO, TEX.

GREAT MARK DOWN

in millinery—All Pattern Hats and millinery materials at 1/2 to 1/3 off of the Original Prices.

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Albuquerque, N. M.

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Gold..... \$ 50 Gold and Silver, \$ 75 Lead..... \$ 50 Gold, silver, copper, 1.50

Samples by mail receive prompt attention. Rich Ores and Bullion Bought.

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Established in Colorado, 1856. Samples by mail or express will receive prompt and careful attention. Gold & Silver Bullion Refined and Assayed ON PURCHASE. Concentration Tests—100 lbs. or car load lots. Write for terms. 1736-1738 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

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