Probate Clerk

White Oaks Eagle.

Published in the Center of the Stock Growing and Mining Country of the Southwest.

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POPE LEO XIII PASSES AWAY

The Great Pontiff Breathed his last in the Palace of the Vatican, at 4:04, July 20.

BRIEF SKETCH OF HIS LIFE

ROME, July 20. 4:40 p. m. The pope died shortly after 4 o'clock this afternoon.

His last moments were comparatively peaceful and painless, and were preceded by a period of insensibility.

Around his bedside at the final moment were cardinals, relatives and members of the papal court.

Before lapsing into unconsciousness, the dying pontiff feebly moved his lips in an effort to speak. His last articulate words were those used in bestowing the benediction.

Gradually the shadow of death spread over the pontiff; his extremities became cold, and his features assumed the fixed rigidity of death.

Dr. Lipponi bent over him and noted his last fluttering heartbeats, which gradually became slower and slower until they finally stopped.

News of the pope's death spread rapidly throughout Rome and caused a most profound sensation.

The entire city is in mourning.

Brief Sketch of Leo XIII.

Leo XIII. was born at Corpineto, Italy, March 2, 1810. He was a son of Count Ludavico Pecci, and was baptized by the names of Vincenzo and Gioacchino. He was educated in the Jesuit college at Utenbo and in Rome, where he excelled all his classmates in scholarship.

He became a domestic prelate and referendary of the signature in March, 1837, received priestly orders in December, and was made prothonatary, apostolic, and apostolic delegate at Genevento, Perugia and Spoleto, successively. In 1843 he was created Archbishop of Dannetta in partibus Belgium, to qualify him for the office and sent to Belgium where he [illegible] three years. In 1846 he was [illegible] Bishop of Perugia, and in December, 1853, a cardinal.

In September, 1877, Pius IX. selected him for the office of cardinal camerlengo of the holy Roman church, in which capacity he acted as head on the death of the pope, February 7, 1878.

A conclave of sixty-two cardinals assembled in the Vatican for the election of a new pope February 18, 1878. On the first ballot cardinal Pecci had nineteen votes, the others being scattered; on the second, 34; and on the third (February 20) 44. Thereupon the vote was made unanimous and he was proclaimed pope. He assumed the name of Leo XIII and was crowned in the Sistine Chapel March 3.

Twenty-four hours after death the body of the pope is embalmed, and it then lies in state. It is next removed to the Sistine chapel. Then follow nine days of funeral service—Novendalia—which the Roman [illegible] prescribed for the pope. [illegible] of the dead prelate a [illegible] candles and twenty [illegible] candelabra burn day and

MANCHURIAN WAR CLOUD DISPELLED

Russia Will Present no Further Bar and China Will Sign the Commercial Treaties.

TRIUMPH FOR AMERICAN DIPLOMACY

WASHINGTON, July 16. The Manchurian question has been settled satisfactorily to the government.

Assurances have been received from the Chinese government, that it will in the near future open as treaty ports several ports now closed to the world's trade.

The Russian government has conveyed formal assurance to the United States government that it will not in any way oppose such opening.

The state department is highly gratified at the outcome, feeling that it has secured not only the American commerce but for the commerce for the world at large a very substantial gain.

Secretary Hay is generally given the main credit for having brought about this advantageous settlement. It is regarded by his friends as of the nature of a personal victory, inasmuch as the diplomatic negotiations directed toward this end have engaged his best endeavors, since he assumed the portfolio of state, and both President McKinley and President Roosevelt, while they themselves studied the problems deeply and had mature and keen opinions, gave the brilliant secretary practically a free hand in advancing the negotiations.

The Manchurian question, that has now, it is believed, been settled for a long time to come, involved the trade privileges of the United States and other nations in one of the greatest undeveloped but potentially profitable markets on earth. Open ports in Manchuria mean that the United States will be free to enjoy to the utmost the benefits due from the acquisition of the Philippines, the construction of the isthmian canal, and the extension of transcontinental railway lines, steamship lines, and ocean cables toward the New West, the old East or Orient.

Russia has again and again evaded our inquiries and neglected our demands, all the time showing outwardly the most cordial friendship. The United States has taken the lead in the movement for an "open door" and while she has had at times the co-operation of other powers to the extent of sending identical notes, she has carried on the diplomatic campaign practically without outside suggestion or assistance.

Only a month ago, Russia blocked a treaty the United States had with much trouble negotiated with China, providing for the opening of the Manchurian ports. Representations made to Russia at this time, and the "unofficial statement" that came direct from Oyster Bay, must have caused the czar's minister to stop and think whether it would pay at this time to arouse the antagonism of the United States over a matter of trade privilege.

The news today, while the state department will give out as yet only a bare outline or intimation of the nature of the settlement, indicates that the United States has secured all it has asked for during the past four or five years of diplomatic intercourse bearing directly on the question.

Incidentally, state department officials say that Russia's action indicates that the liberal element in the ministry of that country is for the time being supreme.

WORLD'S FAIR MINERAL EXHIBIT

To the Mine Owners and Operaters of New Mexico:

New Mexico is preparing a great exhibit of its vast resources from its various mines and quarries to be displayed at the City of St Louis next year. This exhibit will attract the attention of investors from all over the civilized world and every mine, quarry and prospect should appear on the printed list, which will give a detailed description of each property in New Mexico.

The plan is that each sample, whether of ores, precious gems, building stone or other mineral products, shall each be properly labeled and numbered when placed on exhibition; this will refer to and correspond with the number in the publication, where a description of the property, with name and address of the owner, extent of development, character of deposit, etc., will be given. Any good photographs furnished that you may have of your mine, mill or croppings will be included and reference given to the mine to which it belongs.

We do not care particularly to have a display of small and pretty pieces of minerals, simply because they glitter; but, we wish what may be considered average samples of the ore or deposit. Samples should be as large as conditions will admit in the mining and handling of the same; smaller pieces varying in sizes should be sent, also, in order that a small sample may be given to any one who might feel an interest in any particular property. Samples weighing a ton or more will be greatly appreciated. All samples should be substantially wrapped before they are sacked, boxed or crated, in order to avoid injury during transit; full and complete labels giving name of mine, owner, locality, approximate assay values or chemical analyses should accompany each lot. Specimens of the wall rock are desired; accompanied, also, by pieces of the characteristic country rock.

Any printed literature and reports, made by mining engineers and geologistis, of the district, or on any particular mining properties, are much desired and needed in making the publication as complete as possible.

The Territorial Board of Worlds Fair Managers designated Albuquerque the collecting point of the mineral exhibit, at which point the same will be displayed at the annual Territorial Fair next fall, previous to its shipment to St Louis. This arrangement will doubly display the exhibit and provide a way for those to see the collection who would not be able to visit St Louis. It is, therefore, necessary that all shipments be consigned to the undersigned, at Albuquerque, during the last week in August; and only in extraordinary cases should shipments reach Albuquerque later than September 10th, in order that sufficient time be had in which to place the exhibit in proper shape, ready for the opening of the fair on October 12th.

Valuable specimens and private collections will be looked after under a special surveillance and guarantee of the safe return of the property in as good condition as when received.

We wish to include in the exhibit everything of mineralogical, geological and metallurgical importance in the economy of the Territory.

All railway freight will be paid and adjusted by the World's Fair Commission. A hearty response is expected from every mining district in New Mexico. Some of the mining camps have already met and selected committees to see that they are fully represented with a creditable display of their mineral resources at the greatest exposition the world has ever known.

Yours very sincerely,

F. A. JONES,

Director of Mineral Exhibit.

Albuquerque, N. M., July 11, 1903.

About Judge Smith.

The following is a sketch of the career of Judge Clement C. Smith of Michigan, who has been appointed associate justice of New Mexico to succeed Daniel H. McMillan.

Clement C. Smith, judge of the fifth judicial circuit of Michigan and lawyer of recognized ability was born December 4, 1844, Fort Wayne, Ind., and was brought to Michigan in infancy by his parents who settled near Nashville, Barry county. His early life was spent in work upon the farm and in attendance upon the district school. In 1865-66 he attended the law department of the University of Michigan and was admitted to the bar in the spring of 1868, beginning the practice of law at Nashville. In 1869 he formed partnership with Harvey Wright at Middleville, which continued for about six months. He then returned to Nashville, where he resumed practice, which he continued alone until 1875. In that year he was elected probate judge of Barry county, and removed to Hastings. This office he held for eight years. In 1880 he formed a partnership with Philip T. Colgrove, which he continued until Judge Smith was called to the bench. On January 3, 1898, he was appointed by Governor Rich to the fifth judicial circuit, and at the election following he was elected for the unexpired portion of the term and also for the full term which expired December 31, 1899.

Patronize Our Home Schools.

The Santa Fe New Mexican aptly says of our custom of sending away to schools out of New Mexico:

"This is the time of the year when parents begin to think of the schools and colleges to which to send their children. They consult the catalogues and more than these, the advertising pages of magazines and newspapers. Thousands of private academies and schools as well as smaller colleges throughout the United States draw their pupils by advertising. Somehow, most of the schools and colleges of New Mexico have not yet learned this lesson. It is for that reason many parents in New Mexico get the idea that there are no up-to-date well-equipped institutions of learning in the territory. The consequence is that towards September the local papers will bristle with personals of boys and girls going to Salina, Kansas, Lexington, Missouri and other smaller or larger towns east or west of New Mexico, to get their education, instead of personals of boys and girls going to St. Michael's College, or the Loretto Convent, or to Mesilla Park, or to the New Mexico Military Institute at Roswell. It is all a matter of persistent advertising which the outside schools do abroad as well as at home and which the New Mexico educational institutions do not."

BEGINNING OF OSTRICH FARMS

Domestication of the Great Birds Was First Undertaken by Cape Colony Farmers.

Fifty years ago, the domestication of the ostrich was an idea scouted by most of the zoologists who had given time and thought to the subject. The young, it was believed, could not be raised in a state of captivity. The great demand for ostrich feathers was then met by hunting and killing wild birds, and the [illegible] predictions that the species would soon become extinct. But in the early sixties, a French scientist named Gosse issued a pamphlet in which he argued that the domestication of the ostrich was feasible and practicable, and not long afterwards a brood of ostriches was reared in the city of Algiers, says Success. Gosse's pamphlet and news of the experiment in Algiers became familiar to two farmers in Cape Colony, who determined to undertake the domestication of ostriches in South Africa. Beginning with two birds, which they caught and placed in an inclosure, in a twelvemonth they had a brood of 80, which marked the birth of a new industry which has played a potential part in the development and commerce of a vast region. Large tracts of land in South Africa, which could not be profitably used for any other purpose, are now devoted to this business, and feathers to the value of $6,000,000, from nearly 400,000 domesticated birds, are now annually sent abroad from Cape Colony.

RETURNING TO INCINERATION.

The Disposition of Human Dead by Cremation Becoming General in Civilized Countries.

Recent statistics show that there is a constant and growing tendency to return to the custom of cremation, that prevailed throughout the civilized world before the Christian era, excepting among the Egyptians, Chinese and Hebrews. The disposition of the human dead by incineration has been meeting with more and more favor, that has in no wise been retarded since the first cremation society was formed, in London, in 1874. That same year a crematory was erected in Milan, and two years afterwards one was built in Lodi, Italy. In two years more there was one in Gotha, Germany, and afterwards they began to appear in all lands. The first one in this country was erected in Washington, Pa., in 1883, and the one in Fresh Pond, L. I., came two years afterwards. In this latter eight bodies were cremated the first year and 76 in the second year. In 1900 the total had passed the 600 mark, and during the last year it reached 654. There are now 26 crematories in the United States. In the year that New York's first crematory was opened only 46 bodies were cremated in the entire country, while last year the number was 3,646.

A Use for the Appendix.

It will be sad news to the Appendicitis Club, which rejoices in the absence of the vermiform appendix, to learn that the doctors have discovered a use at last for the organ from which many have been separated in recent years. After all, nature generally knows what she is about, even though the doctors do not always find out.—Albuquerque Journal Democrat.

Advertised Letter List.

Letters remaining uncalled for in the White Oaks postoffice July 1, 1903.

Mr. Paul Wagner
Mr. Willie L. Fons
J. T. Ridgeway
M. A. Gutierrez
James Knox 2
Sr. Santiago Martinez
Miss Vernig Cheron
Sr. Don Elias Baca.

Respectfully
JOHN A. BROWN, P. M.

SMELTER TO BE REBUILT

Silver City May Have Better One Than Before.

It is reported that some of the principal officers of the Comanche Mining and Milling company that owns some extensive mining properties in this locality, will arrive in Silver City the middle of this month to look over the proposition of erecting a smelter.

The company had made a payment of $7,000 on the Silver City reduction works which were burned recently.

It is now said by mining men that this company will undoubtedly erect a new smelter at this point to handle the ores of Grant county on a more profitable and cheaper scale than could have been done with the old smelter that was burned.

The stacks as well as numerous other expensive masonry work were not damaged by the fire and the old site would make an ideal location for the erection of a new smelter, which could be built for less than the company would have to pay for the former one of the Hearst people.—Bisbee Record.

A Lesson On Prospecing.

Mining Reporter.

A lesson that cannot be too strongly impressed on the prospector's mind is that mining work proper and prospecting work are of essentially different character. A prospector who has located and is now developing his vein should by all means confine his work, as much as possible, to the vein or ore body. His work should be designed not so much for beauty or convenience, but rather for the purpose of finding out what value his property may have. Long and commodious cross-cuts and well-timbered vertical shafts might well be deferred until he is sure that he has something which is worth going to the necessary expense in doing such work. For this reason, an incline shaft is more valuable in opening up a prospect than a shaft which is sunk vertically and out of the ore body, the former prospect the vein for every foot of depth it attains and gives valuable hints as to the course and pitch of ore shoots. In mining operations proper, all such work as shaft, cross-cuts and drifts are designed for convenience and for cheap handling of material.

E. P. N. E. TIME CARD.

Effective April 5, passenger trains will run as follows: No. 1 changed to No. 3 and No. 2 changed to No. 4. Nos. 43 and 44 abandoned, but will run as specials semi-weekly.

	No. 4 NORTH-BOUND.		
Leave	El Paso at	8:00	p.m.
Arr	Hereford at	8:49	"
Arr	Jarilla Junction	9:28	"
Arr.	Alamogordo	10:35	"
Leave	"	10:50	"
Arr.	Toularosa	11:15	"
Arr.	Oscura	12:20	a.m.
Arr.	Carrizozo	1:00	"
Leave	"	1:10	"
Arr.	Ancho	2:14	"
Arr.	Corona	3:33	"
Arr.	Torrance	4:49	"
Arr.	Merino	4:17	"
Arr.	Pastura	5:35	"
Arr.	Santa Rosa	6:25	"
	No. 3 SOUTH BOUND		
Leave	Santa Rosa	10:30	p.m.
"	Pastura	11:34	"
"	Marino	1:20	a.m.
"	Torrance	1:47	"
"	Corona	2:12	"
"	Ancho	3:11	"
Arr.	Carrizozo	4:00	"
Leave	Carrizozo	4:10	"
"	Oscura	4:44	"
"	Toularosa	5:42	"
Arr.	Alamogordo	6:05	"
Leave	"	6:20	"
"	Jarilla Junction	7:25	"
"	Hereford	8:15	"
Arr.	El Paso	9:00	"

No change of passenger time on A. & S. M., Dawson Railway or Capitan branch.

An Italian Joke.

A Genoa paper tells this delightful story at America's expense: When the Duke of Veragua, the descendant of Christopher Columbus, visited Chicago, he inquired at a telegraph office the charge of a telegram to the city of Columbus of ten words. "Fifty cents," answered the official, "not including the signature, which is wired free." Whereupon the duke wired: "Mayor Columbus: Shall visit your city next Monday or Tuesday." And he signed it: "Cristobal Colon de Toledo y Larreategui de la Cedra Ramirez de Baquedancy Gante Almirante y Adleantado Mayor de las Judias, Marques de Jamaica Duque de Veragua y de la Vega, Grande de Espana, Senator del Reine; Caballero de la insigne orden del Tolson d'Oro, Gran Cruz de la Concepcion de Villavicoisa, Gentil Hombre de Camarra del Rey de Espana.

In the Santa Fe district alone during last year over 120,000 acres of public lands were filed upon and entered says the Santa Fe New Mexican. This shows at what a rapid rate our public domain is being settled by stockmen and farmers. Territory, however, yet contains many thousands of acres of public domain that will make as many comfortable homes for an energetic immigration.

It is reasonably certain that the Dalhart Dawson road will be built. That section of New Mexico has an unprecedented era of prosperity.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico,
June 25, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the United States Commissioner at Lincoln, New Mexico, on August 15, 1903, viz: Leo Oswald, Homestead Application No. 3058, for the w½ nw¼, Sec. 27 and n½ ne¼, Sec. 28, T. 7 S., R. 13 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Robt. Leslie, Wm. Kenedy and Ira Morris, of White Oaks, N. M. and Phillip Blanchard, of Lincoln N. M.

HOWARD LELAND, Register.
First publication July 2, 1903.

BOERS ON ROCK ISLAND. The Rock Island company has accomplished wonders in the way of settling up northwest Texas since their entrance to this territory, and what they have done so far is a small percentage of what the future has in store. The management has through the energy of its foreign emigration agencies induced a large number to locate along their lines who have secured choice farms and ranches at moderate investments, and who are now successful and happy. Within the next few months something like a million acres of patented railroad land in Dallam county will be placed on the market and some five hundred Boer families have been induced to locate.

We are agents for **Hamilton & Brown's Shoes** None better

The only place in town that you can buy CHASE & SANBORN COFFEE. It is the best.

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Supreme Court Term.

The Supreme Court meets at Santa Fe the first Wednesday after the first Monday in January.

Terms of District Courts.

FIRST DISTRICT

At Santa Fe, United States Court First Mondays in March and September.

Santa Fe County First Mondays in March and September, at Santa Fe.

Rio Arriba County Fourth Mondays in April and October, at Tierra Amarilla.

San Juan County Second Mondays in April and October, at Aztec.

Taos County Third Mondays in May and September, at Taos.

SECOND DISTRICT

At Albuquerque, United States Supreme Court Third Mondays in March and September.

Bernalillo County Third Mondays in March and September, at Albuquerque.

McKinley County First Monday in June and third Monday in November at Gallup.

Sandoval County To be designated by District Judge.

Valencia County First Mondays in March and September, at Los Lunas.

THIRD DISTRICT

At Las Cruces, United States Court First Mondays in April and October.

Dona Ana County First Monday in April and October at Las Cruces.

Grant County First Mondays in March and September, at Silver City.

Luna County Second Mondays in June and December, at Deming.

Otero County First Mondays in May and November, at Alamogordo.

Sierra County Fourth Mondays in May and November, at Hillsboro.

FOURTH DISTRICT

At Las Vegas, United States Court Second Mondays in May and November.

San Miguel County Second Mondays in May and November, at Las Vegas.

Coltax County Third Mondays in March and September, at Raton.

Mora County Fourth Mondays in April and October, at Mora.

Quay County To be designated by District Judge, at Tucumcari.

Union County First Mondays in March and September, at Clayton.

Wood County Fourth Mondays in April and October, at Santa Rosa.

FIFTH DISTRICT

At Socorro, United States Court Third Monday in May and fourth Monday in November.

Socorro County Third Monday in May and fourth Monday in November at Socorro.

Chaves County Second Monday in April and Third Monday in October at Roswell.

Eddy County Fifth Monday in March and first Monday in October, in Carlsbad.

Lincoln County First Mondays in March and September, at Lincoln.

Roosevelt County Third Mondays in March and October, at Portales.

Saddle for Sale.

New $850 saddles made in Laramie Wyoming improved Versalia tree. Cheap for cash. Make inquiry at this office.

Subscribe for the Eagle.

The Roswell Journal has sold its entire plant, subscription list and good will to the Roswell Record. The Record proposes to have press reports soon and the combination of the two plants both among the best in the Territory assures a first class paper for the Pearl of the Pecos.

The Czar Nicholas and President Roosevelt seem to have arrived at the parting of the ways and the Czar has all but snubbed the president. He opinionates that Mr. Roosevelt does not voice the sentiment of the American regarding Russia's treatment of the Jews and advises him that if he asked nothing of Russia he will not be refused.

The Game Law.

The following synopsis of the present game law of New Mexico which has been prepared by the warden will be of interest to persons who expect to visit our hills during the present season.

The open season for different kinds of game is as follows.

Deer (with horns) may be killed with gun only November and December each year limit one deer.

Elk, Antelope and mountain sheep killing absolutely prohibited.

Wild turkey and mountain grouse with gun only October, November and December.

Quail with gun only October, November, December, January and February.

Pheasants (every species) killing absolutely prohibited.

For fish the open season is

For mountain trout (every species) with rod, hook and line only May 15 to October 15. Size limit not less than six inches. Weight limit 15 pounds per day.

Bass (large and small mouth species) May 15 to October 15 with rod, hook and line only. Weight limit 25 pounds per day.

Game or fish killed or caught within the territory of New Mexico must not be sold at any time.

Where water is taken by ditch for irrigating purposes from streams wherein are living fish, wire screens must be placed at the intake of such ditches. Size of mesh ¼ inch.

Use of dynamite drugs, or throwing saw dust in streams etc., a felony.

Penalty, a fine not less than $25 for each offense.

$375 for Letters from Farmers.

The Rock Island System offers $375 in cash and transportation for letters relative to the territory along its lines in Arkansas, Indian Territory, Oklahoma, Texas and New Mexico.

Letters should deal with the writer's experiences since he settled in the territory in question. They should tell how much money he brought with him, what he did when he first came and what measure of success has since rewarded his efforts.

Letters should not be less than 300 nor more than 1,000 words in length and will be used for the purpose of advertising the Southwest.

For circular giving details, write John Sebastian, Passenger Traffic Manager Rock Island System, Chicago, Ill.

Canada's Wheat Crop.

Canada expects a record crop of wheat this season. It is now estimated that 100,000,000 bushels of wheat will be harvested in the Dominion.

At the Eagle Office.

The Eagle has just got in and shelved the finest stock of stationery ever brought to White Oaks. We have all grades and colors and sizes of Envelopes, Letter Heads, Bill Heads, Ladies Calling and Gentlemen's business and professional Cards, finest grades and latest patterns, ready cut and strictly up-to-date. We also have just put in many new type faces and are prepared to do all kinds of job printing. Try the Eagle Job Office and you will get good service.

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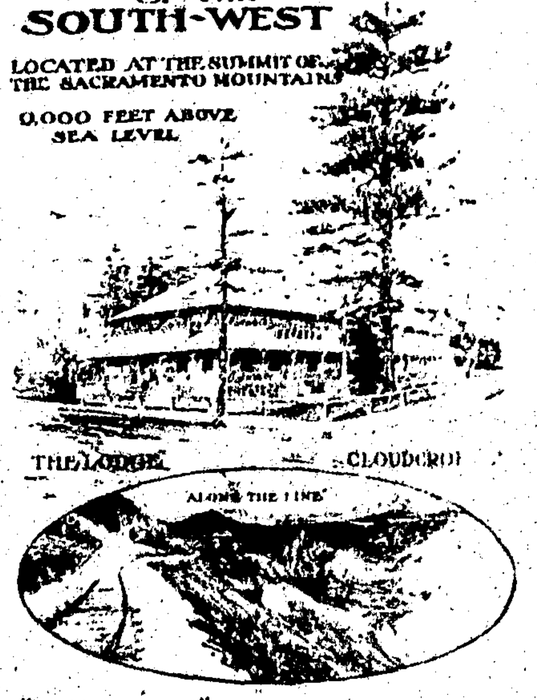

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THURSDAY, JULY 23, 1903.

New Mexico Mineral Exhibit.

The best opportunity the people of this Territory have ever had to gather a mineral display is now at hand. By a careful perusal of the article from F. A. Jones, director of mineral exhibit, to be found in another column, it will be seen what the manifold advantages are for an effort on the part of the people to collect the greatest array of minerals that are so abundant in New Mexico.

There are two excellent reasons why this exhibit should be made. First, the minerals gathered from all parts of the Territory are to be displayed at the Albuquerque fair in October, where it will be seen by a great number, after which the commission will ship the entire display to St. Louis, where it will be witnessed by more people, perhaps, than ever before came together. Second, the cost of handling the display, such as railway freight, etc. will be borne by the commission, thus taking the burden from the individual, leaving only to be borne the preliminary expense of preparation, which will be only nominal.

The assurance is also given by the Commission that individual collections sent will be given special care, and the collections returned to the senders in as good shape as when received. There are, no doubt, many valuable collections of this nature in the various mining camps of the Territory, and an opportunity for doing so much good for the mining industry should not be neglected.

Many camps, it is said, have already met and selected committees to see that their resources are properly placed before the world. What has White Oaks done, or what will be done? How about Jicarilla, Nogal, Capitan and Bonito? Lincoln county is one of the richest mineral counties in the Territory, but, as a rule, we have been content to drift along and let things take their course, following the Micawber idea, for "something to turn up." How much longer will the people of Lincoln county endure and survive this passive existence? We see neighboring sections reaching out and placing their advantages before investors, and our more promising properties are lying idle for lack of capital to successfully operate them.

Never again, probably, will a more favorable opportunity present itself, so little cost with such great possibilities. Let's get to work, organize and rub off the moss.

Venezuela is again in the throes of a revolution. Ciudad Bolivar, a city on the Orinoco, is being besieged by the government's forces, and is defended by General Rolando, of the revolutionary army. This time there seems to be some real fighting in operation, the besieged and besiegers contesting every foot of ground, and the casualties being much greater than usually follow South American wars.

The government at Washington received a very emphatic no, when inquiry was made to learn if the Czar would receive the Kishenif petition.

The Shoe on the Other Foot

The lynching of negroes in the South has long been a fervid theme for the Northern press, and no words have been strong enough to express their horror and indignation of such a practice. But the last year or two a sudden hush has fallen upon the black man's friend of the North, there has been a cessation of burning editorials on "Southern outrages," for our brethren of the North have at last discovered that human nature is the same on both sides of Mason and Dixon's line. The truth of this statement is aptly illustrated by the burnings and hangings in various Northern states, where the negro has practiced his fiendish outrages.

The same papers which, in the past, indulged in the hottest castings for the South, are now engaged in attempts to explain and excuse the practice at their own doors, a practice that has been of rather frequent recurrence of late.

The Indianapolis Sentinel NOW speaks like this:

"The Sentinel has several times urged on the attention of orderly and well-meaning negroes the fact that one of the chief causes of race feeling in this country is the disposition of negroes to shield criminals of their own race, thereby forcing a race issue when there is no occasion for one, and apparently putting the race in sympathy with crime. We have urged the suicidal character of this policy on the part of the race so largely in the minority as the negro race is in this country. If anybody needs the protection of law they need it, and the only sane course is for them to stand for law and order."

Referring to the recent race riot in New York, the same paper goes on to say:

"The affair did not occur in the south, but in a northern city. On its face the riot was clearly the result of race prejudice. It is gratifying that intelligent negroes in Indianapolis see the abyss to which such a course leads, and that they are taking steps to draw the line between law-abiding negroes and criminal negroes. They should remember that the worst enemy of their race is the white man who countenances negro criminals for political or any other purposes."

No truer statement was ever made than that contained in the last sentence. It is the white man, the carping hypocrite who expects to gain political preferment by the suffrage of the negro, who is responsible for the existing race prejudice, and our strenuous president is not the least of these; for since his expressions on the subject, which are strangely intermixed and wonderfully ptacticed, where it would be of service to him, the race feeling has become embittered, and the stench of burning flesh has almost been perceptible to nostrils in the White House.

The unanimity of the Republicans in Kentucky should argue a Republican victory in that state even with the heavy odds of Democratic fraud and counting machine to overcome. What Kentucky needs above everything else is a decade or more of firm, honest Republican rule. New Mexican.

Yes, by all means this should be done. Then assassinations, which is the principal industry in the mountains of eastern Kentunky, where ignorance and republicanism rule, would be transferred to the state capital. The state house, surrounded by the bayonets of the militia, affords a safe refuge for the assassin of republican prochivities.

The people of the United States had become accustomed to Republicans claiming, as beneficiaries, the bounties of providence, but were little prepared for the proposition that crime was a virtue, and that out of the postal and other scandals that have startled the country, that it could not be "otherwise than favorable to the Republican party." They have long since assumed responsibility for the "full dinner pail," Kansas great wheat crop, and many other conditions that our fathers believed were brought about by a higher hand, and the people had became somewhat accustomed to the claim, yet, are surprised at the proposition that they are, also, in league with Old Nick.

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ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

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Jicarilla Items.

Mr. Chinn, of Colorado, who has been in camp for several months prospecting and locating some ground on the west of Ancho Gulch, has made a very valuable strike of gold and copper. He has about 600 tons of ore taken from a 30 foot shaft which averages $60 per ton. He intends to do quite a lot of work in the near future. His partner has recently sold a claim in Colorado for a handsome sum, which will give them a good start in life and let them rest on the easy seat for the balance of their lives. Mr. Chinn has been in the mining business 40 years, and during that time has located some very valuable claims, some in Colorado and Arizona, and now with this one in New Mexico, which may be the best of them all, and from all reports the ore is well defined between walls.

Phil Reasner has made a very rich strike of ore on his claim. Good luck Phil, stick to it but dont work too hard.

A. Ririe, of Roswell, and Mr. Crozier, of Bonito, were in camp looking over some claims with the intention of purchasing the same. Mr. Crozier is late of Cripple Creek and says the formation on the surface resembles that camp. Mr. Ririe is a late graduate of the Military Institute.

Mr. Carr, of the Rico Placer Company, has just completed a fine eight room house on their ground, close to Juana Gulch. The carpenters have now gone over to the divide, between Rico and Ancho, to build a five room house and several smaller ones.

We had two services here last Sunday at the home of Phil Reasner by the Rev. Copeland.

Mr. Hopkins starts for New York tomorrow to look over some machinery and other things which he thinks will be the very thing for his Placer Company.

W. S. Ross and son have bought the herd of goats from E. R. Cline about 1400 in all, price not given.

Mark Hanna, the ohio statesman, has given the Salvation Army $3500 to build a citadel at Cleveland and in his donation address advises them he would, if he had time, like to engage in Salvation Army work. The Roswell Journal suggests that the results of the Ohio State Convention may have put this Saul of Tarsus, in position to be benefited spiritually by the soothing effects of being a laborer in the vineyard, but that he would become greater benefited by going among them and listening to the glowing exhortations of General Booth's Army which would do his soul good and lead him into the paths of righteousness and peace.

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General Merchandise.

Men's, Boys' Ladies and Children's Shoes

Our Prices are Right.

HEWITT & HUDSPETH.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
WHITE OAKS, N. M

Notice of Special Election.

Notice is hereby given to the qualified voters of precinct No. 8, in the county of Lincoln, Territory of New Mexico, that a special election will be held in the said district on the first day of August, A. D. 1903, in the room first door west of the office of the White Oaks Eagle, in the town of White Oaks, for the purpose of voting upon a levy of 2½ mills on the dollar of taxable property of the district, to be applied to the payment of the expenses of conducting school and to the payment of interest on School House Bonds. Also a levy of one mill on the dollar of taxable property of the district, to be used as a sinking fund for the payment of out standing bonds of the district. The election will be held by the school directors, beginning at 8 o'clock A. M. and closing at 5 o'clock P. M.

At this election only legal voters residing in and paying taxes in said district are qualified to vote.

A. Ridgeway
Jas. M. Simms.
Frank J. Sager.
School Directors.

Hot weather and copious rains are making dollars for the agricultural interests of Lincoln County.

ZIEGLER BROTHERS'

JULY CLEARANCE SALE

of all Summer Goods.

IT is our plan at this season of the year to put in force a vigorous and decisive low range of prices, in order to accomplish quickly an absolute CLEARANCE. IN pursuance of this policy we have cut prices, until we feel certain that Bargain Seekers will, wherever possible attend this SALE.

Summer Skirts, nicely made in Covert or Duck, former price $1.50 to $2.50, now $1.00
Women's Shirt Waists this Season Styles, formerly $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, now your choice 75c
Ladies' Lawn and Calico Wrappers, nice and attractive Styles, cut from $1.75 each to $1.00

A great many small Remnants of Ginghams, Lawns, Percales, Sateens, etc., at Eastern Cost and less
Men's Summer Underwear and Shirts at greatly reduced prices.

We have not enough space to quote many goods, but we will guarantee a great saving on all Summer Dry Goods and Clothing.

YOURS FOR BUSINESS,

ZIEGLER BROTHERS.

LOCAL and PERSONAL NEWS.

Mrs. N. A. Davies left for the Bonito Monday.

Perfecto Archuleta is building himself a residence.

Prof. Harper, an Illinois school teacher, is in the city.

H. Biggs, the saw mill man, was in from Texas Park.

Geo. E. Sligh has gone east on business for his company.

Harry I. Comery has been in the city for a few days.

John Patton was in White Oaks Saturday from Carrizozo.

James Moulton is over from his mesa ranch, above Nogal.

S. M. Wharton made a business trip to Alamogordo this week.

A. H. Norton and Robt. Reynard came in from Jicarilla Saturday.

H. Marx, the Fort Worth whiskey drummer, passed through White Oaks.

We sell Imperial, Rose of Kansas and Imboden's Best flour. T. M. & T. Co.

Elmer Lindsey and family are on the South Fork of Bonito fo a week's outing.

J. D. Brotherton came in from Jicarilla where he has been busy doing his assessments.

Jones Taliaferro and Mr. Francis went to Gallina to look at the old Hickory Group of mines.

Capt. D. W. Roberts and J. W. Whitmire were here Friday returning home to Estey City from Jicarilla.

Sam Neid has gone to Carrizozo to build a cistern and also to do the rock work on F. M. Hunt's residence.

Jesse Vandervoort was in mingling with the boys Saturday and Sunday.

Sam Fambrough, A. Patos ranchman, was trading with our merchants Monday.

W. J. Mahan has a contract to furnish timber to the Biggs-McPherson saw mill.

Will Tompkins was up from Carrizozo Sunday, visiting his parents and others.

C. B. Hatfield, manager of the American Placer Co., Jicarilla, was in the city Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Rice and their daughter, Miss Irene, came in from Parsons Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smith are the happy parents of a 9½ pound boy, born to them last Thursday. Mother and babe doing well.

Misses Bessie and Myrtle Nabours, of Estey City, accompanied by a cousin from Texas, are visiting Miss Ruth Tompkins and other friends in White Oaks.

Henry Lutz, of Lincoln, ex-treasurer and collector of the county, was in White Oaks Saturday. He has been buying sheep for the Jaffa Prager Sheep Company, and will deliver 10,000 head of wethers to buyers at Ancho Monday.

Mrs. Thomas H. Walsh and daughters, Misses Mabel and Ethel, left Thursday night for Los Angeles, California. Mr. Walsh accompanied the family as far as El Paso, from which point he will return to White Oaks. The young ladies expect to enter some California College this fall. White Oaks loses this family with the deepest regrets socially and intellectually they occupied an exalted position. The best wishes of their numerous circle of friends attend them in the land of their adoption.

Rev. Samuel Allison came in yesterday morning from Marfa, Texas.

Frank Stewart, of Chicago, is visiting his friend, Edward Fox, Jicarilla.

B. Stephenson, school teacher from Indian Ty., and his family are spending the summer at Cloudcroft.

Roy Gumm and Sterling Lacy spent Sunday with friends in town. They did not try walking on their return to Jicarilla this time, however.

Jicarilla is soon to have a daily mail, and a telephone too, think of that. We hope she may have a railroad and all other conveniencies right-away that is all the harm we wish those good people.

All parties indebted to us, their accounts being over due, must make satisfactory settlement during the present month or their accounts will be placed in the hands of a collector. T. M. & T. Co.

Wallace and John Gumm have purchased the Coghlan ranch fruit and have gone down to gather and put it on the market. The fruit is now beginning to ripen and there is an abundance of it. The scarcity in the mountains makes a good home market, and the boys will probably handle the crop to good advantage.

The Jicarilla camp is doing more work than any other in the county with the single exception of Capitan. Many thousands of dollars have been taken from the rich gulches of the Jicarilla, and for years people have wondered from whence it came. This year's development there, however, has shown some substantial leads, and it is now believed that the camp will turn out to be a great producer—not only of gold extracted from the deposits, but from rich gold-bearing leads that are now and will be uncovered.

Teachers Elected.

The school directors met this week and elected B. Stephenson principal and Mrs. W. L. Gumm assistant; the position of second assistant was not filled, the board believing that the school this year would not justify the employment of the three teachers.

Prof. Stephenson is spending the summer near Cloudcroft, where his family has been for some time but he has taught the past three years in the Indian Territory and for a number of years before that in Texas; is a graduate of the Sam Houston State Normal, and comes highly recommended. Mrs. Gumm is well known by the patrons of the White Oaks school, having taught two or three terms here some years ago. The board is to be commended for its selection of teachers, and we believe events will justify their action.

A Sale of Goats.

F. R. Cline, who went into the goat business two years ago, purchasing the herd of John W. Owen, has sold out, hoof and hair, to W. S. and Joe Ross, Jicarilla terms private. Mr. Cline does not quit the goat business because he thinks it unprofitable, on the contrary, he believes the graded goat business to be a very lucrative one, but his health has not been such lately that would permit him to give his herd the attention that would bring about success, and other interests needing his personal supervision, he closed out his live stock interests.

Dr. M. M. Milligan and Mr. Franklin, of Las Vegas, are investigating the mineral conditions of the Jicarilla camp, and have expressed themselves as well satisfied with the camp, and expect to invest.

LINCOLN COUNTY SUMMER NORMAL.

Many Reasons Why Every Teacher Should Attend the Normal this Summer.

NOTICE OF SUPERINTENDENT.

Advantages of Attending Lincoln County Summer Normal.

The Lincoln County summer normal will be held at Capitan, beginning the first Monday in August and continuing for four consecutive weeks.

Following we enumerate some of the many advantages of attending this normal.

1st. Superior Faculty. Prof. D. M. Richards of the Las Cruces A.& M. College has again accepted the position of conductor of the Lincoln County summer normal. All who attended the normal at White Oaks last year can testify to his superior ability as an instructor and to his tact and skill in disposing of and answering the questions that come up before such a body. He is gentlemanly, kind, and courteous and his enthusiasm and long experience in school work are of untold advantage to the teachers for they cannot help but catch the spirit of enthusiasm and gain many helpful ideas from his practical suggestions.

County Superintendent E. L. Coe is a young energetic worker in the ranks and will lend every assistance to make the normal a success.

Second. Double Course of Study. Besides the regular normal course of study that is prepared by the Territorial Board of Education there will be a higher normal course by the aid of the teachers in attendance, giving considerable time to the study of methods, management, discipline and other subjects of equal importance to the successful teacher.

Teachers who are not preparing to take the examination and those who can spare the time from their regular studies will here find a great advantage over the single course as followed by most normals.

The younger teachers will learn much from the instructions, suggestion, and experience of the older ones while all will find their minds all the brighter and their enthusiasm all the greater for having come in close contact one with another.

Third. Length of Term. Every one can readily see the advantage of a four weeks' term over a shorter one. It takes considerable time to organize and get to practical work and thus about the time the organization is completed and the teachers become interested in their work a short term normal closes, having accomplished but little real good. But where the term is as long as four weeks the time is sufficient to do much more real work and much better work, not having to pass so quickly over the subjects and giving time for the double course of study as before mentioned.

Fourth. School Building. The normal will hold its session in the Capitan public school building which is the finest in the county, having been erected at a cost of several thousand dollars. It is neatly and comfortably furnished.

Fifth: Climate and Scenery. To the many teachers who live in a lower altitude and who wish to recuperate and strengthen their physique or escape the scorching rays of a summer's sun, we offer a climate unexcelled in the South West. Capitan is beautifully situated at the foot of the Capitan Mountains and has an altitude of over 6,300 feet. The warmest summer days are not too warm to comfortably study.

Sixth. Accessibility. Capitan is in easy reach of all teachers in the county and those in adjoining counties it being reached by the El Paso & Northeastern and has stage line connections with Roswell, Lincoln and other adjacent places [illegible]

Boards have been [illegible] the teachers while attending the normal.

In this way several teachers can join together and do their own housekeeping and reduce their board bill considerable. Water will also be furnished free. The [illegible] hotels have offered most liberal terms on board or rooms.

W. F. Dolle,
Chairman Normal Committee.

Capitan, N. M., [illegible]
Editor Eagle: I beg to announce through the medium of your paper that our next Normal Institute, held at Capitan, N. M., applicants for second grade certificates will be required to be examined in arithmetic, geography, orthography, reading, grammar, history, physiology, elementary pedagogy and penmanship. Those applying for first grade certificates will be examined on the same subjects and also on civil government, elementary algebra, advanced pedagogy and elements of zoology and botany. Applicants for [illegible] certificates will be examined in the same subjects as those for second grade.

[illegible]
County Supt. of Schools.

Teachers' Institute.

The regular Teachers' Institute will be held at Capitan, beginning on Monday, August 3rd, [illegible] four weeks. The regular examination of teachers takes place on Friday, August [illegible]

As heretofore, teachers are required to attend the County Institute at least two weeks, but as little teaching can be done in such a limited term it has been decided that we have two weeks longer session than usual, and it is to be hoped that all teachers will attend the full time.

Edw. L. Coe,
County Supt. of Schools.

The Eagle's Clubbing Offer

Eagle subscribers (new and those renewing) may now take advantage of the following clubbing offers:

Eagle and Three-a-Week World, one year [illegible]
Eagle and Twice-a-Week Republic, one year [illegible]
Eagle and The Commoner, one year [illegible]
" Mines and Minerals, one year [illegible]
" The Saturday Edition of Colorado Springs Mining Record, one year [illegible]
Eagle and Cosmopolitan, one year [illegible]

Eagle subscribers will be allowed rates on all publications issued by the new agencies of this country and Europe by subscribing through this office.

New Schedule.

The following is the schedule of departures and arrivals of mails, Carrizozo to White Oaks, now in effect:

Leaves White Oaks [illegible] at [illegible] p. m.
Arrive Carrizozo [illegible] at 8:30 p. m.
Leave Carrizozo daily, after receipt of mail from train but not later than 8 o'clock and arrived at White Oaks in two hours and thirty minutes.

Postmaster Brown informs us that under this new schedule mail for railroad closes at [illegible] 30 p. m.

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ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION.

TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO, }
Office of the Secretary. }

CERTIFICATE

I, J. W. Raynolds, Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico, do hereby certify there was filed for record in this office, at 9 o'clock A. M., on the fifteenth day of June, A. D. 1903, Articles of Incorporation of Oro Vista Placer Company, (No. 3457.) E. and also, that I have compared the following copy of the same, with the original thereof now on file, and declare it to be a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole thereof.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal, this fifteenth day of June, A. D. 1903.

[SEAL.] J. W. RAYNOLDS,
Secretary of New Mexico

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
OF THE
ORO VISTA PLACER COMPANY

Know all men by these presents that we, the undersigned citizens of the United States, desiring to organize a corporation for pecuniary profit, under and by authority of the laws of New Mexico, do hereby agree to and accept for ourselves, our associates and successors, the following Articles of Agreement

ARTICLE I.

The name of the corporation shall be Oro Vista Placer Company, and its principal place of business shall be in the town of White Oaks, County of Lincoln, New Mexico, with a branch office in such other place or places as the Board of Directors shall determine.

ARTICLE II.

The general nature of the business of the corporation, shall be to acquire, own, buy, sell, and lease mines, petroleum and natural gas claims and properties and the mining of gold, silver, copper, and other ores, also coal and the development and operation of petroleum and natural gas wells from and on the property or claims owned or leased by this corporation; and to separate and reduce ores; mill quartz; to acquire and use tramways, roads, railroads, telephone and telegraph lines, water power and water ways in connection with the operation of said mines, claims and properties, and to acquire, own, plat, sell, lease or rent town sites, town lots and other real estate as may or can be acquired or disposed of under and by virtue of the laws of New Mexico and the United States

ARTICLE III.

The corporation shall commence business on the 15th day of April 1903, and continue fifty years from said date, unless sooner dissolved in manner provided by law

ARTICLE IV

The capital stock of the corporation shall consist of seven hundred and fifty thousand shares, of the par value one dollar per share.

Two hundred thousand shares of the capital stock shall be set apart and held as contingent treasury stock and remain unsold as a contingent fund for futher use until its sale is authorized by a majority vote of the capital stock actually issued and shall have no voting power until sold and entered upon the books of the corporation and cash paid into the company's treasury, therefore, when it shall have the same voting right and power as each and all other shares have.

Two hundred and fifty thousand shares of the capital stock shall be set aside and held as treasury stock; such part or all of said stock to be sold in such amouni and at such price, to be used in the development of claims and property and such other business of the corporation as these articles provide and the Board of Directors determine.

The remainder of said capital stock shall be issued in consideration and on deliver of a due and proper deed under the laws of New Mexico and the mining laws of the United States to the following mining claims and properties, situated in the Jicarilla Mining District in the County of Lincoln, Territory of New Mexico, known and designated by the following names to wit Olive, Hattie, Phoenix, Philippine, Manhattan, Roosevelt, Cleveland, Harrison, Grant, Garfield, Monroe, King Snipe, Jack Snipe, The Wanderer, The Last Rest, The Northerner, and Jacks Peak, a total acreage of about three hundred forty acres together with the development, improvement and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

The aforesaid mining claims and properties to be taken by the corporation at the face value of three hundred thousand shares of its capital stock and to be recieved and accepted by this corporation in full payment for said stock and said stock when so issued shall be fully paid and forever treated and considered as non-assessable and it shall be conclusively presumed as against all persons dealing with the corporation, whether creditors, stock holders, or others, that the amount paid for said mining claims and properties, was at date of said location and purchase the value of the same and all persons shall be forever barred and estopped from setting up any proceedings at law or equity that the said stock is not fully paid up.

ARTICLE V.

The capital stock of this corporation shall be non-assessable, the law and court decisions, if any there be, to the contrary notwithstanding and all of said stock when issued and paid for at the price agreed upon, shall be fully paid and forever non-assessable; and it shall be conclusively presumed as against all persons dealing with the corporation, whether creditors, stockholders or others, that the amount paid for the capital stock and accepted on the corporation was, at the date of purchase, the value of same; and all persons shall be forever barred and estopped from setting up any proceedings at law or equity, that the said stock is not fully paid up.

ARTICLE VI.

The business affairs of the corporation shall be managed by a Board of Directors, consisting of five or more, not exceeding eleven stockholders of the corporation, who shall be elected at the annual meeting of the stockholders on the fourth Thursday of September of every year, except in case of a vacancy in said Board or the maximum number provided be not elected, the Board of Directors may fill such vacancy, or, deeming it for the best interest of the corporation, may elect additional directors up to the said maximum number to serve until the next annual meeting.

The officers shall be a president, vice president, secretary, treasurer, and general manager. These officers shall be elected by the newly elected directors, at or about the time of the annual meeting of said stockholders, except to fill a vacancy. Their duties shall be such as are usual to such officers or as the by-laws prescribe or the Board of Directors require.

Until their successors are elected and qualified, the Board of Directors and officers shall be as follows

The directors O. B Taneyhill of Waterloo Iowa, Geo. W Harbin, Geo. E. Sligh, John H Canning, of Nogal, N. M. and Frank C. Fallerday, Thomas Sinnock.

Officers O B Taneyhill, president; G. W. Harbin, vice president; J. H. Canning, secretary and treasurer; Geo. E. Sligh, manager.

ARTICLE VII

The highest amount of indebtedness, or liability, to which the corporation shall at any time be subject, shall not exceed one-third of its capital stock credited upon its books. In no event shall it exceed the limit prescribed by the laws of New Mexico, for like corporations.

ARTICLE VIII.

All incumbrances or conveyances of real or personal property, shall be in the name of the corporation, by its president and secretary on the order of the Board of Directors. No indebtedness shall be contracted by the corporation or held binding against it except the same is authorized by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE IX.

The private or individual property of the stockholders of the corporation shall not be liable for any of the corporate debts or liabilities at any time or under any circumstances; and no amendment to these articles shall ever be made, in any wise changing or modifying this provision.

ARTICLE X.

These articles may be amended as now or hereafter provided by law, except Article 9, which shall not be altered or amended at any time but shall forever remain as drafted herein, and all laws making provisions now or hereafter for amendment to Articles of Incorporation, in New Mexico, shall not apply to said Article 9

IN WITNESS whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names and affixed our scrolls for seals this 31st day of March, A. D. 1903.

JAS. R. SKINNER, [SEAL.]
E. M. WYATT, [SEAL.]
THOMAS SINNOCK, [SEAL.]
GEO. E. SLIGH, [SEAL.]
JOHN H. CANNING, [SEAL.]
O. B. TANEY HILL, [SEAL.]
GEO. W. HARBIN, [SEAL.]
FRANK TALLERDAY, [SEAL.]
P. C. DINGS, [SEAL.]

STATE OF IOWA, }
BLACK HAWK CO. } SS

Before me a Notary Public in and for the County of Black Hawk in the State of Iowa, personally appeared O. B. Taneyhill, Geo. W. Harbin, Frank G. Tallerday and E. M. Wyatt, personally known to be the persons whose names are subscribed to the above document and a party thereto, on oath depose and say that they each signed the same of his own free will and for the uses and purposos therein set forth.

Witness my hand and seal this 6th day of April, A. D. 1903.

[SEAL.] C. B. STITSON,
Notary Public,
Black Hawk Co., Iowa

STATE OF ILLINOIS, }
COUNTY OF ADAMS. } SS

Before me a Notary Public in and for said County of Adams and State of Illinois, personally appeared Thomas Sinnock, to me personally known to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument of his own free will and accord and for the uses and purposes therein set forth.

Witness my hand and notarial seal this 6th day of April, A. D. 1903.

[SEAL.] THOMAS R. PETRI
Notary Public.

TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO, }
COUNTY OF LINCOLN. } SS

On this 16th day of April, 1903, before me a Notary Public in and for said County, personally appeared Geo. E. Sligh and John H. Canning, who are known to me to be the same persons who signed the above and foregoing Articles of Incorporation and acknowledged the execution of the same

Witness my hand and seal the day and year last above written

[SEAL.] EUGENE L. STEWART,
Notary Public.

STATE OF IOWA, }
BLACK HAWK CO. } SS

Before me a Notary Public in and for the County of Black Hawk in the State of Iowa, personally appeared James R Skinner and P. C. Dings, personally known to be the persons whose names are subscribed to the above document and a party thereto, on oath depose and say that they each signed the same of his own free will and for the uses and puposes therein set forth.

Witness my hand and seal this 6th day of April, A. D. 1903.

[SEAL.] A. A. HUNGERFORD,
Notary Public

ENDORSED

No. 3457, Cor. Rec'd, Vol. 5, Page 248. Articles of Incorporation ORO VISTA PLACER COMPANY.

Filed in the office of Secretary of New Mexico, June 15, 1903, 9 a. m.

J. W. RAYNOLDS,
Secretary

I, Leslie Ellis, Clerk of the Probate Court and ex officio Recorder of the County of Lincoln, New Mexico, do hereby certify that the attached Articles of Incorporation of Oro Vista Placer Company were filed for record in my office on June 18, A. D. 1903, at 4:30 o'clock p. m. and the said Articles of Incorporation are duly recorded in Book D of C. & A. page 410 to 415.

In Tertimony Whereof I have hereunto signed my name and affixed my official seal this 20th day of June, A. D. 1903

[seal] LESLIE ELLIS
Probate Clerk & Ex-Officio Recorder.

Hotel Baxter

Has the very best of accommodations to be found in this section of New Mexico. Come and see us.

F. M. Lund, Prop'r.

S. A. Neid

CONTRACTOR and BUILDER
ESTIMATES Furnished on Stone and Brickwork, and Plastering

Lime and Cement

STATEMENT

Of the condition of the Exchange Bank, White Oaks, New Mexico, at the close of business, June 30th, 1903.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	$84,058.36
Overdrafts	150.10
Furniture and Fixtures	1,327.75
Real Estate	250.29
Cash and Sight Exchange	28,082.34
Total	$114,409.04

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock	$30,000.00
Undivided Profits	4,544.33
Deposits	77,903.54
Due Other Banks	1,964.17
Total	$114,409.04

I, Frank J. Sager, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief

FRANK J. SAGER,
Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of July, A. D. 1903

[SEAL.] EUGENE L. STEWART,
Notary Public.

Correct: Attest
Geo. L. Ulrick
W. C. McDonald, } DIRECTORS.

J. Q. WELCH,
DENTIST.
Office in Hewitt Block
All Work Guaranteed

Clothes Cleaned and Pressed.

I am now prepared to do first class work in this line. Four Years experience. Work Guarenteed.

Your Patronage Solicited.

WALKER W. HICKS,
Leave Orders at EAGLE Office.

Virtue In Crime.

St. Louis Republic

If all the United States Senators comprising the division commandery of Mr. Roosevelt's political organization were blessed with the statesmanlike instincts of the gentleman from Massachusetts, the organization might enjoy an era of invincibility. With a rare power of divination Senator Lodge perceived that it was about time for somebody to say something in defense of the administration against the scandal bogie which looms larger and more menacing day by day. Accordingly the Senator rises up to call the administration blessed.

When you tally up the situation, how silent the great Republican state leaders have been at time when the administration needed defenders. The people's censure had swelled in volume as the scandal grew with never a Senator to open his mouth until Lodge arose. The togaed bosses have seemed singular leteaogic and unloyal. Of course, Platt and Quay are excused they are not expected to talk. Nor is Aldrich it might be considered immodest in him to defend the machine. Nor should we care especially to hear from Addicks, who, though himself not a Senator, yet occupies a Senator's relation to the administration. But there are a number of lofty and disinterested dispensers of Federal patronage to the States, such as Lodge, from whom a word fitly spoken would doubtless be acceptable and helpful to Mr. Roosevelt in these strenuous and troublous hours of scandal.

Senator Lodge stated with an air of finality that he cannot see how the effect of the postal and other department scandals can be otherwise than favorable to the Republican party. There is something to still the trouble breast! There is oil on the waters! There is logic and lucidity and especially optimism. All is grist that comes to the Republican mill even scandals.

The great Republican party, in the phrase of a contemporary, has long "usurped the functions of Providence in the matter of crops and full dinner pails, and it would seem now that even its sins are to be ascribed to its virtues. It is to be hoped that everybody will grasp the universal absolutism of the proposition that good is essentially good even though it appears otherwise, because an understanding or this is necessary to an appreciation of the Republican party, to an appreciation of "prosperity," to an appreciation of many things. Perhaps Mr. Roosevelt's famous saying concerning the trusts will help us to catch the spirit of optimism and the principle of absolutism "In contemplating the lesser evils we should not forget the greater good."

Just as to the pure all things are pure, so to the Republican booster all things are excellent. We should not view the postal grafts as grafts, the swindles as swindles, the defalcations as defalcations, but we should contemplate the all-pervasive sixty-per-cent scheme of looting the Government as a necessary means to a virtuous and proper end—the building up of the Republican machine and the perpetuation of prosperity.

Senator Lodge's boost is timely and apt. A majority of the people were just becoming settled in the conviction that Republican rule was pretty rotten and that it would be a good thing to turn the rascals out and will hold its at the books. As it is, we must bring ourselves to realize that the unparalleled frauds are highly beneficial and that the scandals redound to the credit of the administration.

Let the other Senators who represent the machine push the proposition along. Optismism is infectious, and doubtless they will have no difficulty in overcoming the popular mind. At least they will retain their pull with the machine.

The stock interests of Lincoln County are rapidly growing in importance. Every branch of the industry is prospering, and the early rains have made the prairies and uplands vast meadows on which the increasing herds are fattening.

Making A Man.

Take a bonie baby boy, jolly, fat and rosy
See him on his mother's lap, sweet as any posy
Tub him well, and scrub him well, let him kick and frolic.
Milk enough for growing child, stopping short of colic.
Open window day and night, sunshine, fun and gambol
When his daddy walks abroad Tommy joins his rambles
Stuff him not and cut him not, coddle not, or waddle.
Hardy little man he is as soon as he can toddle
Bricks and toys, and picture books, until he's nearly seven
Let him learn that hate is hell, love and goodness heaven
By the winter fireside tell tale of knight or fairy,
Of printed books for tiny eyes, parents should be wary
When to school he trots away, makes him true and fearless.
Pure and clean in limbs and mind, noble-hearted, peerless.
Learn to swing an ax, or plane, ply the saw or hammer
Better use his fingers well than cram his head with grammar.
Build up lots of common sense, character and kindness.
Heavy goods in rotten drums, surely, foolish blindness.
Send him out adrift in life, strong self-reliant
Calm or storm, he meets them both, steadfast and defiant.
Fond of labor, love to neighbor, reverent and humble.
Taking all the ups and downs without frown or grumble.
When the boy is ninety-odd toll the bell not sadly,
Ripened fruit for kingdom come going homeward gladly.

Tid Bits.

He Was Shot in Old Kentucky.

A Killeen, Texas, poet gets off the following on Kentucky.

"He was shot in old Kentucky where they make the mountain dew, and the mothers feed their babies on hot revolver stew, where you wake up in the morning shot full of bullet holes, and find your sole companions are disembodied souls. He was shot in old Kentucky where their aim is always true, and the principal amusement is shooting people through, where the doctors use as medicine for all the human ills, a dose or two of bullets instead of giving pills. He was shot in old Kentucky, where feuds grow on the trees, and bullets from the rifle buzz through the air like bees where the instruments they play on when they give a dance or hop, are the musical revolvers, and they call off with a pop. I have heard that old Kentucky is a fine commonwealth, that the women are all noted for their beauty and their health but I'll stay in old Killeen, where the women cut less figure, and the men are not so hasty, nor so quick to pull the trigger."

Large Public Land Entries.

The counties of Chaves, Eddy, Lincoln, Roosevelt and part of Otero, which constitute the Roswell Land District, show very large amounts of land to have been selected for settlement for the fiscal year ending July 1, 1903. The total number of acres entered in the entire district, including Homestead, Desert and other entries, during the year, as shown by the Roswell Record, is 635,310. Roosevelt county leads in the number of acres entered for homestead purposes, with Chaves a close second and Eddy third. Eddy heads the list in the desert entries, Roosevelt second and Chaves third. The eastern part of the district is filling up more rapidly than any section of New Mexico.

TAMAULIPAS COLONY

TERMS SECURED BY BOERS AND IRISH WARRIORS IN MEXICO

Easy Conditions to Be Granted to the People Who Wish to Leave the Lands Where the British Rule.

Captain William S. O'Donnell of Ireland, who is associated with a boer general, Gideon D. Joubert, in an effort to colonize the state of Taumalipas with families of Boers and Irish, is in t[illegible] Captain O'Donnell came in la[illegible] Mexico City, where he s[illegible] of a land contract.

He leaves tonight for [illegible] for Ireland. General Jo[illegible] York and will sail soon fo[illegible] secure families.

The contract was sig[illegible] the City of Mexico be[illegible] Butler, United States se[illegible] Carolina, and Henry B[illegible] City capitalist, with he[illegible] Yrok, as the parties of [illegible] the two officers above na[illegible] the second part.

The land to be co[illegible] Hacienda San Jose de [illegible] acres situated in the st[illegible] This is to be purchased [illegible] gold, payable in ten ann[illegible] $52,000 each, the first to [illegible] 1, 1906. Five per cent i[illegible]

With the land goes [illegible] and 1,000 head of horses [illegible] used by the Boer and [illegible] the latter are to develop [illegible] lands so as to pay for [illegible] labor. The settlers a[illegible] fence the property an[illegible] site of five thousand acre[illegible]

The promoters are to [illegible] the land January first o[illegible] families are ready and w[illegible] all that is necessary is to [illegible] portation.

The colony is to be p[illegible] and all its members are [illegible] from military service and [illegible] of years.—El Paso News.

Good for Carter

Chicago, July 18.—M[illegible] son desires to beco[illegible] national committeeman [illegible] hopes to be regarded as [illegible] Illinois in directing the d[illegible] of the state and the part[illegible] national politics. He is [illegible] posed to the proposed [illegible] the party and will make [illegible] ognition along this line.

The annual picnic of the Chicago democratic club, composed of the lieutenants and followers of the mayor, was made the vehicle today for calling attention to Mr. Harrison's aspirations and his attitude in regard to the control of the national party. In order to give a national character to the demonstration the speakers included several prominent democratic leaders from Missouri, Kentucky, Iowa and other states of the middle west. In defining his attitude Mayor Harrison said:

"Most of this talk about re-organizaton comes from men who, however eminent, are not especially noted for their loyalty to the party of late years. The platform enunciated by our last national convention is the political creed of the party and will continue so to be until another national convention shall change it. Of course, it is the privilege of any one, inside or outside the democratic party, to urge an alteration of the platform, and when such an appeal shall be made it will be determined upon its merits and not upon the supposed importance of the handful of gentlemen who are assuming to tell the party what to do."

POPULAR SHERIFF SHORT

The Shortage Was Discovered by Traveling Auditor Charles V. Safford.

HAS SINCE PAID THE AMOUNT.

It is reported that Sheriff M. C. Stewart, of Eddy County, considered [illegible] best sheriff's in the ter[illegible] his accounts to [illegible] dispatche[illegible] the [illegible]

[illegible] present and listened to the sermons which are preached by a white minister and interpreted by one of the tribe.

They told how an Indian could receive Christ as his savior and pass to the real "happy hunting grounds." An invitation was then extended to have all come forward and acknowledge their religion.

Geronimo, with a number of his tribe, came forward and told of their wrongdoings. They were then taken to Medicine creek and baptized. And now Geronimo, "the warrior terrible," has professed himself a Methodist.

A New Mexico Moses Many a time has the Rio Grande been compared with the Nile, but a further startling parallel may now be drawn. A good lady who stood on the bank of the stream saw floating in the current a basket; in the basket was a child. This daughter of Pharoah rescued the little one and took it to her home. It is argued that the New Mexico Moses after forty years will lead the people of the territory out of the land of bondage into the long promised land of state liberty. It will probably require forty years and another Moses to accomplish such a desi[illegible] rate.

THE REP[illegible]
OF THE FOLLO[illegible]
CANNOT [illegible]
OF THE
Southwest