The Outlook

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THE OUTLOOK

A Weekly Newspaper Devoted to the Interest of White Oaks and Lincoln Co., N. M.

Published Every Thursday.

Lee H. Rudisill, Editor and Pub.

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NATIONAL TICKET.

For President,
THEODORE ROOSEVELT,
of New York.

For Vice-President,
C. W. FAIRBANKS,
of Indiana.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.

For Delegate to Congress,
W. H. ANDREWS,
of Bernalillo County.

For Councilman—9th District,
A. J. TENKE,
of Luna County.

COUNTY TICKET.

For Sheriff, Henry Lutz.
For Treasurer, John H. Canning.
For Probate Judge, Francisco Gomez.
For Probate Clerk, Romolo Montano.
For School Superintendent, Lee H. Rudisill.
For Assessor, Robert A. Hunt.
For Commissioner 1st District, Epifanio Sanchez.
For Commissioner 3d District, F. L. Krause.

Postmaster General Henry C. Payne died in Washington city since our last issue. He was a man of national reputation and had been at the head of the post-office department since 1902.

The Santa Fe New Mexican thinks that the late floods will result in the early completion by the Santa Fe railroad of the Belen cut-off, from Puerco on its main line below Albuquerque, through Abo pass, to connect with its other line building west through Oklahoma.

A girl in Denver has lately made $50,000 in a coal oil operation. The oil was in a gallon can held by her rich aunt while starting a fire, and the girl was her nearest of kin. This is all right for the girl, so long as she does not try to work this same old antiquated deal.

It is to be presumed that the emblems adopted by the republican and democratic parties this coming election, will be the flag and the rooster, respectively. This is as it should be. Old Glory always stays in the air and always will do so, while a fighting cock is doomed, sooner or later, to go with his head down and his tail feathers making a trail in the mud. The appropriateness of the emblem becomes more apparent when we remember that the rooster always does a lot of crowing just before his downfall.

Word comes from Roswell that the lower stories of most of the buildings were flooded, from one to five feet deep, and forty-two buildings were melted down or washed away entirely. At last accounts some of the inhabitants were trying to trade their naked lots for ranches, goats, sheep or anything that has hair and wool on it up here in Lincoln county.

This year there can be no valid reason why any republican should oppose his county ticket. There is not a scrub on it. The objection so often urged against former tickets, that certain persons on them were incompetent or dishonest, or both, does not hold when it comes to the different individuals composing the ticket selected by the late republican convention. It is composed of representatial citizens of Lincoln county, and each candidate is worthy in every way and should secure the support of every voter who believes in republican principles and republican supremacy.

The question now agitating the democratic party is to find out who is running their National Campaign. A hotel man from Indianapolis by the name of Taggart, was supposed to be in charge, then came the statement that Sen. Gorman was to give the matter his personal supervision without entirely displacing the former boss, and now the dispatches announce that Judge Parker, in order to instill a little life into the lagging cause has determined to take the bit in his teeth and do a little sprinting of his own. Teddy needs something a little more strenuous on the part of his opponent in order to make the race interesting, even if it does only come in spurts.

The editor of the Capitan News seems to think most of the generals in command and a majority of the soldiers of the Union Army during the war of the Rebellion, were democrats. It is universally conceded that all who were in the Confederate Army were democrats and if one-half of the troops on the other side were of the same political faith, then we must say the democratic party must have had a hades of a row along about '61 to '65. The writer knows of one regiment of Yanks which voted in 1863 and out of over 800 cast just nine were democratic, and there was no intimidation either. It is to be presumed that this was a fair average of the relative political standing of the soldiers in the Union Army.

The Santa Fe New Mexican of October 7th, says:

"W. H. Andrews, republican candidate for delegate to congress, reached the territory yesterday from Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and went immediately to Tierra Amarilla to be present at the republican county convention and ratification meeting there on Saturday next. Senator Andrews proposes to devote every day from now on until election to the republican campaign and expects to visit every section of the territory. He will do aggressive and energetic work and has no fear of the outcome. That the people will be pleased with his personality, and his appearance admits of no doubt and that they will like him all the better after becoming personally acquainted with him is sure."

The report is being circulated in certain parts of the county that Mr. Canning, our candidate for treasurer, is still connected with the Taliaferro Mercantile and Trading Co., and is being used by his opponents to defeat his election. Just how much of a misdemeanor it would be for him to be connected in a business way with the democratic candidate for the same office it is hard for the average mind to determine, yet it is being used for political clap trap.

A statement is made by Mr. Canning in this issue over his own signature, denying any connection with the firm mentioned. His word is as good as his bond and if the matter needed any further confirmation it can readily be obtained of Mr. Taliaferro.

From the latest reports it seems that the damage along the lower Bonito and the Hondo valleys was much greater than at first reported, and will reach at least $100,000, by the destruction of growing crops, orchards and washing away of the soil. From the Hulbert ranch to the junction with the Ruidosa, the flood took out about everything, and there the waters of the two streams coming together struck the saloon of J. E. Wharton, landing it high and dry against a tree on the premises of Rev. Pope, some distance down stream. After guzzling the contents of this saloon, the already giddy waters went on a tear sure enough and had it about all their own way down to the Pecos, leaving ruin, and in many cases, destitution in their path. Outside of this valley Lincoln county managed to absorb about all the water that fell, doing but little damage outside of washing out some of the roads; and the ranges will be all the better for the soaking they got.

TOUGH ON J. JAMS.

A Kansas City paper tells of a man in that town who has had sixteen distinct attacks of delirium tremens and is still hunting for a different brand of snakes. Never fear, Jim will fetch him yet. Like some kind of medicine he never fails.

WHY SENATOR ANDREWS SHOULD BE ELECTED.

The best thing for the people of New Mexico to do in the present campaign is to work and vote for W. H. Andrews for delegate to congress.

The reasons are obvious. He is a man who does something. His acquaintance with men of prominence and influence both in the east as well as the west is quite extensive. He has a broad insight as to governmental affairs and could do the territory much more good than an inexperienced man.

Besides congress, without the slightest doubt, will be strongly republican in both its branches and the advantages of having a man there who affiliates with the majority can readily be seen, while on the other hand, if the democratic candidate should be elected we would simply have Money and "My relatives" to look after the varied interests of this great and growing commonwealth.

A BUTTONED-UP ORACLE.

A party of democratic editors called on Judge Parker at Esopus a short time ago and fired oratory and other harmless missiles at him for an hour, thinking no doubt to draw out some of the latent force and garnered wisdom supposed to be hid away somewhere in the cold storage chamber of his mentality for the purpose of piecing out the deficiencies so conspicuous in his letter of acceptance.

About all they got was this: "I shall not take up your time with any reference to the great issues upon which our party, through its platform and candidates, confidently appeals to the people for endorsement."

Not much slogan about that! It was to get something from this famous oracle, concerning the "great issues" of the campaign, that these men had gone up to the temple at Esopus. What would Teddy have said? Certainly nothing evasive.

The people love a strenuous man. One who is not afraid to say and do something, and do it openly and above board.

JOE BAILEY'S JABBERWOCK.

In a political speech made at Brownwood, Texas, a few weeks ago, Senator Bailey is quoted as saying: "If you hold an election tomorrow and exclude those who cannot read and write, the republicans could not carry four states." Well, now, statistics do not read that way. Suppose we take ten representative states, five republican and five democratic. Counting the native born white males of twenty-one years old and over, and omitting the foreign born and negroes in each, gives the following percentage of illiteracy: Alabama 11 per cent, Florida 9 per cent, Georgia 18 per cent, Louisiana 19 per cent and Texas 8 per cent, all democratic. California 1 per cent, Vermont 4 per cent, Illinois 2 per cent, Iowa 1 per cent; these last are republican states.

Following up Senator Bailey's unjustified assertion, let us compare the two states, Texas and Iowa, as to educational statistics, since they were admitted to the Union by the same congress and are therefore nearly the same age as states.

Texas with a population of 3,048,710, has a school enrollment of 712,629.

Iowa with a population of 2,231,853, has a school enrollment of 560,173. Texas employs 16,170 teachers, Iowa 29,073. Texas for schools has expended $5 223,551, Iowa $9,556,890, during the same time.

Neither Senator Bailey's bald-headed assertions nor his knock down arguments whether directed against a defenseless fellow member of congress or accounting for republican votes seem to count as against the facts.

THE EXCHANGE BANK!

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.

Transacts a General Banking Business—Issues Drafts on all Principal Cities of the World—Accords to Borrowers every accommodation consistent with safety. Accounts solicited.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

LUCKY LINCOLN.

There is no other county in the territory of New Mexico that possesses more attractions or has grander opportunities for improvement than this county of Lincoln. Future developments will some time prove her resources to be inexhaustible, while the people who settle within her borders, will find her climate that happy medium that best conduces to health, vigor and the enjoyment of life.

Nature in the first place has made an equitable division of her territory into mountain, plain and valley. About every mountain range within her limits carries the precious metals, in paying quantities, while her iron and coal deposits are simply immense. Her plains afford grazing ground for vast herds of cattle and sheep, and the hill country a pasturage for goats, while her valleys produce all the different cereals in abundance, so if she was cut off entirely from the outside world there would be no difficulty in supporting many times her population.

Even on the Mesas water has been procured at no very great depth and the land is being rapidly taken up and ranches established away from the water courses which will ere long make their owners comfortable and prosperous.

Within the county lies the Gallinas, Jicarilla, Capitan, Patos, Carrizo, Ticson, Nogal and White mountain ranges, opening a field for the prospector unexcelled anywhere in the southwest.

With all these advantages who can doubt that the future of this county is a bright one? Add to all this the fact that her people are progressive, peaceable and law abiding. She has one railroad traversing her entire limits, with others heading her way, so that one could not well miss it by coming here and staking a claim.

THE OUTLOOK is not engaged in any emigration scheme, any further than a sincere desire to see the country build up as it deserves to, but speaks from his knowledge of the facts.

NEW MEXICO GAME LAWS.

As there are a good many inquires as to the latest provisions of the game laws of the territory, a synopsis of the same is here given for the guidance of those who wish to hunt without being hunted:

OPEN SEASON FOR GAME.

Deer with horns—with gun only—November and December, each year. Limit, one deer.

Elk, antelope and mountain sheep—killing absolutely prohibited.

Wild turkey and mountain grouse—with gun only—October, November and December.

Quail—with gun only—October, November, December, January and February, each year.

Pheasants, (every species), killing absolutely prohibited.

OPEN SEASON FOR FISH.

Mountain trout (every species) with rod, hook and line only—May 15 to October 15. Size limit not less than six inches. Weight limit 15 pounds per day.

Bass (large and small mouth species), May 15 to October 15—with rod, hook and line only. Weight limit 25 pounds per day.

Game or fish killed or caught within the territory of New Mexico, must not be sold at any time.

Where water is taken by ditch for irrigation or other purposes from streams wherein are living fish, as mentioned in the act, wire screens must be placed at the intake of such ditches.

It is unlawful for any railway, express company or any of their agents or employes to receive or have in possession for transportation any of the above mentioned game or fish.

Use of dynamite, drugs, sawdust, etc., is a felony.

TALIAFERRO

Mercantile and Trading Company.

—DEALERS IN—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

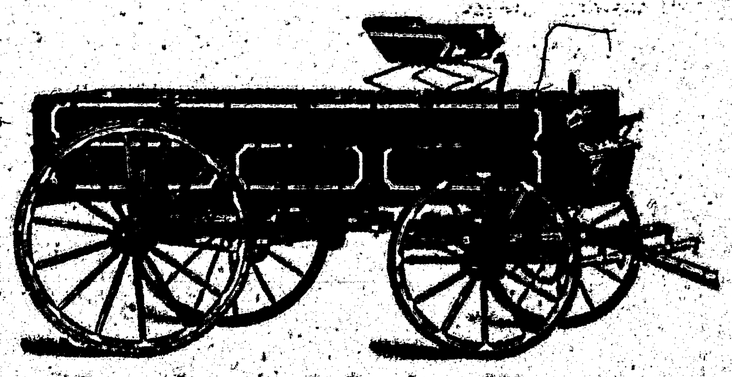
Sole Agents for Chase & Sanborn's Coffee, Hamilton & Brown's Shoes, Famous Monarch Canned Goods.

—WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF—

Schilling's Baking Powder, Teas, Spices, Extracts.

MONEY CHEERFULLY REFUNDED IF GOODS ARE NOT FOUND AS REPRESENTED.

STUDEBAKER WAGONS,



Buggies and Spring Wagons,

all kinds at

PAUL MAYER'S

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO

With all due deference to Editor Bok, a woman's best beauty spots are her eyes.

Mrs. Maybrick is going to write a book, but that's not the worst. It will probably be dramatized.

The Meriden woman who was jilted at the altar is to be congratulated. She had a narrow escape.

However a woman may detest to be stared at, she nevertheless is silently pleased by this form of flattery.

Travelers say that Havana now is a clean and healthy city. How queer it must seem to the old residents!

Rockefeller thinks of starting a bank in London, but "Uncle Russell" will keep on burying his in the back yard.

The Japanese-Russian war has proved one thing beyond dispute. The newspaper war correspondent is out of date.

Those gold mines discovered in Japan were found on government property. At least it is government property now.

Princess Louise of Coburg says her friendship for Count Mattasich is idealistic. No one will deny that she idealizes it.

Grand Duke Boris expects to return to the front in three weeks, if his engagements with the chorus girls don't delay him.

A diamond worth $200 that was lost at Winsted, Conn., fourteen years ago has been dug up by chickens. That is a feat to crow over.

Burglars are offered $500 to return booty having a cash value of $4,000. It is believed that burglars of the indicated brand are scarce.

The man who claims that he does not remember having committed bigamy is finding the awakening of his recollection a painful process.

And now a course of housekeeping is to be introduced into the Chicago public schools. Where are the children going to learn to read and write?

Two of the players belonging to a baseball club in Memphis are named respectively Kane and Abel. The umpire will do well to keep his eye on Kane.

Now that the Chinese are getting progressive and cutting off their queues, why don't some of them revamp their names, while they are about it?

Any one going to Panama to make money now has the government's word for it that the most indispensable feature of his equipment is a return ticket.

A three thousand acre patch of ground near Boston is to be devoted to the raising of cranberries. Good land! Is Boston getting tired of b—k—d b—ns?

A Silesian doctor announces the discovery that breathing coal dust is a cure for consumption. Remember this when you find your ton of chestnut coal to be half slack.

The Turkish minister of the navy, it is said, saved $12,000,000 out of his $8,000 salary. Just imagine that chap a New York police captain for a year or so!—New York Telegram.

A Russian captain reports that he insulted the Japanese commander "by striking him and throwing him into the water." The Russian seems to know what an insult is, all right.

The czar, it is said, proposes to decorate some of the war correspondents. There is a general consensus of opinion that those at Chefoo and Shanghai should be decorated good and proper.

Despite the ingenuity and exertions of the makers of flying machines, recent experiments prove once more that the inventions have not yet succeeded in making these trifles light as air.

The sultan's life was saved the other day by a shirt of mail. This indicates that the sultan, in spite of the many things that come up to disturb him, generally manages to keep his shirt on.

Mr. and Mrs. Trasch were the sole guests of the St. Regis hotel in New York on its opening morning. Various persons who can't afford to pay $20 a day for a room have been saying that it was a weaky place, anyway.

For the first time since he renounced his American citizenship, William Waldorf Aster is paying a visit to New York. He will be surprised to find how the country has prospered since he cruelly abandoned it to its fate.

The richest man in Mexico, Gen. Luis Terrazas, governor of the state of Chihuahua, said to be worth $100,000,000, is going to make a visit to the United States. Somebody ought to teach him to play poker while he is over here.

RAILROADS IN NEW MEXICO.

Railway construction in the last few years has wrought a great change in the eastern half of New Mexico, and the work is not yet completed.

When the Rock Island built its line across the territory from the Pan Handle of Texas to El Paso it opened up a part of New Mexico that had been a sealed book to all but stock growers and a few adventurous prospectors. The general public knew practically nothing about that part of the territory. Following the construction of that line came the new road from Santa Fe, tapping the Rock Island near the point where the latter crosses the parallel upon which Albuquerque stands. It is but in accord with natural development that a company is now building a line from Albuquerque to connect with the one from Santa Fe.

This new road will put Albuquerque in connection with the Rock Island system and open for it an outlet to the East in competition with the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe. Albuquerque will also get the benefit of new connections with Santa Fe and El Paso.

All this is good for New Mexico, and in a measure it improves the relations between this city and that territory. But if Denver is ever to obtain competitive connection with points in the central and southern parts of New Mexico it will be through an extension of the Denver & Rio Grande system. Ever since General Palmer formed the original scheme of building the Rio Grande there has been talk of such an extension, but it does not as yet seem to be in sight.

It would be well for both Denver and New Mexico if the Rio Grande were extended all the way to El Paso, with branches running to Silver City and various points in the southeastern part of Arizona.—Denver Republican.

Pecos Valley Oil Fields.

With more than two townships of oil-bearing land in the Pecos valley, New Mexico, a syndicate headed by Los Angeles men and backed by eastern capital proposes to supply the fuel for the long desert haul of three transcontinental railroads.

The 80,000 acres, lying in a basin with a formation similar to the strata and incline of the Pennsylvania fields, are checkered with holes that reach down to oil sand and expert California opinion is that the field cannot fail.

The project has been financed on an elaborate scale and a few months will determine whether the Southern Pacific, the Santa Fe and the Rock Island will cease to draw on southern California wells for their fuel supply over the great southwestern deserts and depend on New Mexico for their oil as well as much of their coal.

The owners of the vast mineral belt declare that a ready railroad market, and the character of the oil for fuel, give them immunity from the Standard Oil squeeze. They do not intend to be forced out nor to sell to that concern.

Thomas E. Teegarden, D. L. Casselmann and D. A. Casselmann are the Los Angeles men who, undertaking the big project, have enlisted the support of New York, Chicago and Milwaukee capitalists.

Teegarden returned yesterday from San Francisco, where, in consultation with Peck, plans were outlined and capital guaranteed for an aggressive development of the New Mexico fields, already so well opened that Los Angeles experts pronounce them beyond the speculative stage.

There are several rigs at work in the field. More have been ordered here and will be shipped at once. L. G. Sarnow, who has drilled as many wells in California as any other man, will have charge of the drilling.

The opening of these fields will follow a year of sluggish development or assessment work to allow a quiet extension of territory until at last these men hold possessory mineral title to most of the lands that appear to be embraced in the oil zone. The fields are located at McMillan Station, in Eddy county, near Carlsbad.—Los Angeles Examiner.

F. M. Bradford has been appointed postmaster at Russia, Otero county.

The penitentiary authorities now have thirty-three convicts at work on the Santa Fe end of the Scenic Route road and twenty-four on the Las Vegas end. Very satisfactory progress is being made and the construction work is as durable and solid as it can be made by the most skilled and competent workmen.

Word comes from Kelly, a mining town in Socorro county, that during a thunderstorm George T. Wilkins was struck by lightning and instantly killed. He was on an ore wagon hauling ore from the Kelly mine to the railroad station when killed. He was about twenty-seven years old and leaves a widow and two children.

Former Governor W. T. Thornton, who now resides in Guadalajara, Mexico, has gone to Chicago to confer with capitalists regarding the project of building an electric street railway system in Guadalajara. Mr. Thornton, on behalf of the syndicate, has made an offer to pay the city of Guadalajara $400,000 for the franchise for the proposed electric railway system. Since leaving New Mexico Thornton has become heavily interested in important industrial projects in that country.

A Santa Fe dispatch of September 24th says: Grading on the Albuquerque Eastern is being prosecuted with vigor, fifty men being employed on the work at present. They are under the supervision of J. W. Orchard. Thousands of ties are piled up at Moriarty and along the grade to Tijeras pass. On Monday the work of track-laying is to commence with a force of 100 men and fifty teams. This force is to be increased to 150 men and 100 teams. A camp has been pitched at Frost Station. Later a camp will be established between Tijeras canon and Albuquerque. Work is to be rushed on the Albuquerque Eastern as well as the branch from Frost to the Hagan coal fields and is to be completed by March 1, 1905. Chief Engineer J. E. Farrell, with a corps of [illegible] engineers, [illegible] on the [illegible]

NAVAJO FIRE DANCE.

Graphic Description of These Indians by Colonel Sellers.

Colonel D. K. B. Sellers has returned to Albuquerque, says the Journal, after a most interesting trip to the wildest and most remote part of the Navajo reservation. Colonel Sellers penetrated to the heart of the Carrizo mountains, near where the four corners of New Mexico, Arizona, Colorado and Utah come together. The object of his trip was primarily to interest some of the Indians in the project of coming to the Territorial Fair and giving a rendition of the sacred fire dance.

The country is what is known as the Black Horse country and is nearly 150 miles north of Gallup. Black Horse is the great man of the region. He is the leader of a band of natives who have absolutely refused to accede to the demands of the United States or to come when summoned by the federal authorities. A strong body of troops, including detachments from Fort Wingate and Fort Defiance, under the command of Captain Plummer, who is well known in Albuquerque, were sent out to round up the refractory clan, but the Indians stood pat and would not sign a treaty. Black Horse still continues to be the leader of the northern Navajos, and while he does not make trouble he has successfully defied his Uncle Sam's efforts to make him submissive. The federal officials have the greatest respect for him. He always goes heavily armed, accompanied by a bodyguard of ten Navajos, the pick of the tribe, Bear Face, who is to come to the fair, being one of the guard, and his principal lieutenant. Black Horse lives in lofty isolation and allows no white man to hunt or prospect on his domain. If one makes such an attempt he is not shot, but is forcibly deported from the big chief's preserves.

It was into this forbidden region that Colonel Sellers, by dint of his wide acquaintance among the Indians and the regard in which he is held by them, managed to penetrate.

"As I was going along a road up in the mountains," said Colonel Sellers, in describing his trip, "I suddenly came upon a number of Navajos hauling green pinon branches and piling them up in a pyramid which had reached a height of twenty-five feet or more. I knew they were preparing for some kind of a dance and by using what Navajo lingo I possess I inquired if it was going to be a fire dance. They said 'no' and said something else I couldn't understand. But I stayed and watched and presently an old buck mounted the pile accompanied by his three daughters, all of whom appeared to be under 20 years old. It then dawned upon me that this was an auction. It was carried out much as a white man's auction, the old man clapping his hands and yelling and the young braves making bids. Finally the youngest girl was sold for twelve ponies and six sheep, and the older sisters brought about the same. A dance was gone through with before and after the sale. When the girls were sold and got down from the rude auctioneer's stand the joshing they got from the old squaws was a caution.

"It was the most comical and interesting ceremony I ever saw and the jabbering and yelling of the bidders and the auctioneer was frightful.

"There are only three Navajos who are considered eligible to lead the fire dance. Bear Face is considered the best qualified of the three. So for that reason I hunted up Bear Face. I found him in his hogan and after some persuasion got him to come down to the Farmington Fair. There Sheriff Jim Elmer and some more friends of the Navajos came to my assistance and we worked upon the old man until he consented to bring a party of fifty bucks to Albuquerque. It will be the first time that Bear Face or any of his followers have been to a town and the sights of the city will be marvelous to them.

"Bear Face is one of the most grotesque human beings I ever saw. His whole countenance was clawed out of shape in a fight with a bear. He has only one eye, which is away around on the side of his face. Both ears were torn off, his nose is crushed out of place and his mouth is fearfully distorted. If you should take a big squash and stamp on it with both feet you might get a fair representation of the face of this fearfully disfigured Indian. He is a frightful spectacle.

"The most curious thing about the fire dance, and something which is not generally known, is the fact that the Indians daub the entire body with adobe to prevent being burned by the flaming torches of cedar bark used in the dance. A thin paste is made of adobe and smeared all over the naked body of the Indian, completely incasing him in a covering of mud, which, being almost the exact hue of the Indian's skin, is not noticeable. With gypsum and red clay the Indian then streaks himself all over from head to heel and is ready for the dance. It is very rarely that one gets his back burned by being beaten with the torches, as the adobe hardens and completely protects him.

"The dance at the fair will be one of the only three or four real sacred fire dances that have been given for many years. The real fire dance is as different from the Yabecha as a waltz is from a quadrille. It is very seldom given and this may be the only opportunity of a lifetime to see the weird ceremony just as it is given in secrecy among the Indians. The fire dance will be given in the city on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights of the fair. On the other nights Indian girls will be auctioned off, rough riding and other dances and races will be given.

"The fire dance is always given for the healing of some Indian who is ever after looked up to by his fellow braves as having received, so to speak, the thirty-third degree.

"Jim Elmer, Bert McJunkin, Navajo Bill and Al Dustin are four men who know more about the Navajos and can manage them better than any other white men living. They will command the expedition from Farmington and will have charge of the Indian sports in the [illegible] the fair. The Navajos [illegible] on the [illegible] Corralles about Sunday, [illegible]. Besides the Indians there will be an imposing caravan of fifty teams from Farmington, bringing visitors and fruit to the fair. The caravan will be one worth seeing. They will be met at the outskirts of the city by the cavalrymen and escorted to their camping place."

Governor Names Delegates.

Governor Otero has appointed the following delegates to the international congress of military surgeons:

W. R. Tipton, surgeon general, Las Vegas; J. F. Pearce, major surgeon First infantry, Silver City; J. A. Massie, assistant surgeon First infantry, Santa Fe; H. M. Smith, assistant surgeon, First cavalry, Las Vegas; P. M. Carrington, surgeon in charge in United States hospital, Fort Stanton; F. A. Bushnell, surgeon, United States army commanding at Fort Bayard; J. H. Sloan, Santa Fe, and Francis T. B. Fest, M. D., Las Vegas.

He has appointed the following delegates to the irrigation congress at Albuquerque on October 11th and 12th: Ivan Grunsfeld, R. W. D. Bryan, Albuquerque, Bernalillo county; William M. Reed, E. A. Cahoon, Roswell, Chaves county; C. M. Boyne, H. C. Abbott, Raton, Colfax county; H. D. Bowman, Las Cruces; Oscar Snow, Mesilla Park, Dona Ana county; F. G. Tracey, L. O. Fullen, Carlsbad, Eddy county; William D. Murray, Central; B. W. Randall, Lordsburg, Grant county; E. R. Wright, Celso, Santa Rosa, Leonard Wood county; Henry Lutz, Lincoln; W. C. McDonald, Carrizozo, Lincoln county; J. A. Mahoney, B. Y. McKeys, Deming, Luna county; W. L. Brethernton, Gregory Page, Gallup, McKinley county; J. A. Rolls, Watrous; J. R. Aguilar, Wagon Mound, Mora county; W. A. Hawkins, A. J. King, Alamogordo, Otero county; T. W. Heman, Benito Baca, Tucumcari, Quay county; V. Jaramillo, El Rito; B. C. Herandez, Terra Amarilla, Rio Arriba county; W. E. Lindsey, Portales; T. C. Hunt, Mexico, Roosevelt county; E. A. Miera; Charles A. Scheurch, Bland, Sandoval county; Granville Pendleton, Aztec; Jay Turley, Santa Fe, San Juan county; F. H. Pierce, F. E. Olney, Las Vegas, San Miguel county; Chase L. Inney, D. M. White, Santa Fe, Santa Fe county; W. S. Hopewell, Santa Fe; Max Kahler, Hillsboro, Sierra county; C. T. Brown, A. D. Coons, Socorro, Socorro county; T. P. Martin, Taos; Simon Chaves, Penasco, Taos county; J. Franco Chaves, Santa Fe; William E. McIntosh, Chilili, Torrance county; E. U. Fracio, Gallegos; C. Otto, Clayton, Union county; Solomon Luna, Las Lunas; John Becker, Belen, Valencia county.

Knights of Pythias.

The Pythian grand lodge of New Mexico closed its two days session at Las Vegas September 22nd. Almost every lodge in the territory was represented. Wednesday night a banquet was tendered by the local knights. The following officers were elected:

Grand chancellor, E. W. Clapp, Lordsburg, by acclamation; grand vice chancellor, Julius Uhlfelder, Elizabethtown; grand prelate, L. A. Carr, San Marcial; grand keeper of the records and seal, C. E. Perry, Las Vegas (re-elected); grand master of exchequer, G. N. Petty, Deming; grand master-at-arms, A. R. O'Quinn, Carlsbad; grand inner guard, W. H. Pill, Socorro; grand outer guard, M. G. Keenan, Springer; supreme representative, William H. Berger, Belen.

Sheep Sold to Texas.

Sheepmen of western Texas are going over New Mexico in large numbers and the result of their pilgrimages is shown in the number of sheep which are now trailing across the territory into Texas. It is claimed that large purchases are being made and the fleecy animals in the sheep-raising counties in eastern New Mexico are being thinned out.

In the past week the following sales have been reported: John Yelhart of Carlsbad to R. L. Carruthers of San Angelo, 3,800 muttons at $2.50 per head; Carlsbad parties to A. W. Mills, McKenzie & Ferguson, G. S. Long and K. Prosser, 24,000 sheep at $2.75 and $3.00 per head.—Santa Fe New Mexican.

Rodey to Run Independent.

A Las Vegas dispatch September 26th says: The convention of San Miguel county Independent Republicans sprung a surprise to-day by renominating for Congress the present delegate, B. S. Rodey, who was defeated in the convention of regular Republicans by W. H. Andrews. It was disclosed that a telegram was received this afternoon from Louis Galles which announced that Mr. Rodey had authorized his name to be used and that he would make the race for Congress on the independent ticket.

Frank Owen, manager of the Santa Fe Light and Water Company has been authorized to expend $20,000 for extension of its water mains. This is in addition to $30,000 for augmenting the water supply, so that additional land can be brought under irrigation. The present wrought iron mains are to be taken up and will be replaced by cast iron pipes of greater dimensions and of the greatest possible strength and durability.

Special Agent J. P. Marshall, of the Lewis & Clark Centennial Exposition, which will be held in Portland, Oregon, next year, was in Santa Fe last week arranging for a New Mexico exhibit at the Portland Fair. In speaking of the New Mexico exhibit at the St. Louis World's Fair, Mr. Marshall had the following to say: "New Mexico has a very fine mineral, fruit and cereal exhibit now at St. Louis, which, upon the closing of that exposition, could be moved to Portland, as easily as returned home, and be in the good company of the foreign, United States government, eastern and western exhibits which would be shipped there immediately upon the closing of the St. Louis Exposition. In the meantime the Legislature could take up the matter of replenishing and increasing it."

HOAR, OF MASSACHUSETTS, GONE

Noted Statesman Passes Away at the Age of Seventy-eight—In the Senate Over Twenty-Seven Years.

Worchester, Mass., Sept. 30.—George Frisbie Hoar, senior United States senator from Massachusetts, died at his home in this city at 1:35 o'clock this morning.

The end followed a period of unconsciousness that had continued since early Tuesday, and came so gently that only the attending physicians were aware of the exact moment of dissolution.

The attending physicians despaired of the senator's life six weeks ago, but such was the vitality exhibited by their distinguished patient that even they were surprsed and the public was at times led to cherish faith in an ultimate recovery.

George F. Hoar was born at Concord, Massachusetts, August 29, 1826. He studied in early youth at Concord academy; graduated at Harvard college in 1846, and studied law and graduated at the Dane Law School, Harvard University. He settled at Worcester, where he practiced. He was city solicitor in 1860 and president of the trustees of the city library. He became a member of the state House of Representatives in 1852 and of the state Senate in 1857. He was elected representative to the Forty-first, Forty-second, Forty-third and Forty-fourth Congress, but declined a re-nomination for representative in the Forty-fifth Congress.

Mr. Hoar received the degree of doctor of laws from William and Mary, Amherst, Yale and Harvard colleges. He was elected to the United States Senate as a Republican to succeed George S. Boutwell, took his seat March 5, 1877, and was re-elected in 1883, 1889, 1895 and 1901.

Mr. Hoar was one of the managers on the part of the House of Representatives of the Belknap impeachment trial in 1876; a member of the electoral commission in 1876; regent of the Smithsonian Institute in 1880; president and vice president of the American Antiquarian Society, president of the American Historical Association, trustee of the Peabody Museum of Archaeology, trustee of Leicester academy; member of the Massachusetts Historical Society, the Historic-Genealogical Society, the Virginia Historical Society and corresponding member of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences, and trustee of the Peabody fund.

For nearly thirty years Senator Hoar has played conspicuous parts in the great events of this nation. He has played them as a masterly debater, an erudite scholar and a learned jurist.

TO ANNEX PART OF KANSAS.

Story of Proposed Annexation Comes From Pueblo.

Denver, Sept. 30.—A Pueblo dispatch says: "An effort at a solution of the Kansas-Colorado water suit is in progress, and if the efforts of those most interested in the case are successful a strip of the western portion of Kansas about 100 miles wide will be annexed to the state of Colorado and the litigation now before the Supreme Court at Washington will be thrown out.

"Agitation along this line has already started and prominent politicians in both Kansas and Colorado are exerting every effort to get the passage of a bill through the legislatures of both states whereby the western portion of Kansas can be taken into Colorado. This, it is thought by those who have given the irrigation question much study, will solve the difficulty and both states will be benefited to a great extent.

"L. P. Worden of Syracuse, Kansas, and C. H. Kennison of Garden City, Kansas, a candidate for representative from his county, are in Pueblo in the interest of the plan."

A Wichita, Kansas, dispatch, says: "Judge S. S. Ashbaugh, attorney for the Kansas-Colorado case, pronounces the story of the cession of a part of Kansas to Colorado as simply absurd and ridiculous. He states the case does not concern 100 miles in Kansas alone, but 300 miles, and he is fighting for the entire Arkansas river valley."

A Topeka, Kansas, dispatch, says: "Kansas politicians ridicule the report sent out from Pueblo that a portion of western Kansas is likely to be ceded to Colorado. None of the state officers are in the city to-night, but assistants in the attorney general's office say the story is purely of Colorado origin, and that if the proposed cession were to be made it would not help matters in the least as regards the irrigation case, as the entire Arkansas valley must be considered in the settlement.

JAPANESE ADVANCING.

Capture Da Pass and Press Steadily Northward.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 30.—News from Mukden is that the Japanese have at last begun the offensive. They have captured Da Pass and are pressing on General Kuropatkin's left flank.

The war office is unable to confirm this officially, because Kuropatkin's dispatches are following the Emperor, but the general staff announces that all indications point to the news being correct. It is believed that the Russians abandoned Da Pass without serious resistance.

Several other passes of the Da range, eastward of Bentsaipuize (twenty miles southeast of Mukden) are also in the hands of the Japanese.

Kuropatkin is evidently drawing his forces to the less mountainous country northwestward, where he may decide to give battle. Meanwhile, sharp fighting is regarded as imminent southeast of Mukden, whence the Japanese are expected to deliver their main attack, the flank movement from the west being of secondary importance.

Da pass, or Ta pass, meaning great pass, is situated about forty-five miles south of Mukden and about the same distance northeast of Liao Yang. It is about twenty-five miles south of the [illegible]

Recommends Pe-ru-na.

Philip Hichborn, Rear Admiral United States Navy, writes from Washington, D. C., as follows:

"After the use of Peruna for a short period, I can now cheerfully recommend your valuable remedy to any one who is in need of an invigorating tonic."—Philip Hichborn.

No remedy ever yet devised has received such unstinted eulogy from so many renowned statesmen and military men as Peruna.

Our army and navy are the natural protection of our country. Peruna is the natural protection of the army and navy in the vicissitudes of climate and exposure.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

When poverty comes in at the window love crawls under the bed.

TEA

Every nation has its notion of tea.

Most families have one too.

Many an angler who tries to catch fish succeeds only in catching rheumatism.

Try One Package.

If "Defiance Starch" does not please you, return it to your dealer. If it does you get one-third more for the same money. It will give you satisfaction, and will not stick to the iron.

The man who is trying to reform the world generally keeps a dog that barks all night.

THE BEST WATERPROOF CLOTHING IN THE WORLD

BEARS THIS TRADE MARK

MADE IN BLACK OR YELLOW

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES

ON SALE EVERYWHERE

CATALOGUES FREE

SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS

A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS., U.S.A.

TOWER CANADIAN CO., LTD., TORONTO, CANADA.

LEWIS' SINGLE BINDER

THE BEST QUALITY

5 CENTS CLEAR

ALWAYS RELIABLE

Your jobber or direct from Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Denver Directory

A $40 Saddle for $25 C.O.D.

For a short time only we offer this saddle, steel horn, double cinches, wool-lined 32-inch skirts, 2 1/2-inch mirror leathers, genuine leather-covered stirrups, warranted in every respect, and equal to saddles sold for $40 everywhere. Catalog free.

The Fred Mueller Saddle & Harness Co.

1412-1416 Larimer St., Denver, Colorado

STUDEBAKER'S Manufacturers the Best Harness in the World. Write for Catalogue. 16th and Blake Streets.

STOVE REPAIRS of every known make of stove, furnace or range. GEO. A. FULLER, 508 LAWRENCE ST., Denver. Phone 78

„Oxford Hotel„

Denver. One block from Union Depot. Fire-proof. O. H. MOHER, Mgr.

The Colorado Tent & Awning Co.

Lawn Swings, Camp Furniture, Largest Cotton Duck House in the West. Write for Illustrated Catalogue. Denver, Colo.

CENTRAL Business College

Established 1887. Oldest, largest and most progressive in Colorado. Courses: Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Telegraphy. Send for beautiful catalog and [illegible] catalogue, free. G. St [illegible] President; [illegible] Secretary, Denver, Colorado.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

Miss Nellie Holmes, treasurer of the Young Woman's Temperance Association of Buffalo, N. Y., strongly advises all suffering women to rely, as she did, upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Your medicine is indeed an ideal woman's medicine, and by far the best I know to restore lost health and strength. I suffered misery for several years, being troubled with menorrhagia. My back ached, I had bearing-down pains and frequent headaches. I would often wake from restful sleep, and in such pain that I suffered for hours before I could go to sleep again. I dreaded the long nights as much as the weary days. I consulted two different physicians, hoping to get relief, but, finding that their medicine did not seem to cure me, I tried your Vegetable Compound on the recommendation of a friend from the East who was visiting me.

"I am glad that I followed her advice, for every ache and pain is gone; and not only this, but my general health is much improved. I have a fine appetite and have gained in flesh. My earnest advice to suffering women is to put away all other medicines and to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—MISS NELLIE HOLMES, 540 No. Division St., Buffalo, N.Y.

Miss Irene Crosby, prominent in Social Life in East Savanah, Ga., adds her testimonial to the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—"It always gives me pleasure to find an article of real value and unquestioned merit. I have found Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound well calculated to relieve and cure the various troubles arising from irregularities and menstrual pains.

"Much suffering could be spared if we only paid more attention to proper living and diet, but as long as women do not do this, your Vegetable Compound has come to the front as a true friend in need. I have been very pleased indeed with the relief it has brought me. I find that I have perfect health now, and that my mind is also more clear and active since I used your Vegetable Compound. It has been of great benefit to me, and I gladly recommend it. Very sincerely yours, MISS IRENE CROSBY, 313 East Charlton St., East Savannah, Ga."

Remember that every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about her case or symptoms she does not understand. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and is cheerfully given to any ailing woman who asks for it.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST SHOE MAKER

W. L. DOUGLAS UNION MADE $3.50 SHOES FOR MEN.

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. The reason W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world is because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes and the high-grade leathers used, you would understand why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day, and why the sales for the year ending July 1, 1904, were

$6,263,040.00.

W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom. Look for it—take no substitute. Sold by shoe dealers everywhere. Fast Color Eyelets used Exclusively.

Superior in Fit, Comfort and Wear.

"I have worn W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes for the last twelve years with absolute satisfaction. I find them superior in fit, comfort and wear to others costing from $4.00 to $5.00."
R. E. McCUE, Supt. Coll., U.S. Int. Revenue, Richmond, Va.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is conceded to be the finest Patent Leather made.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE GIVING FULL INSTRUCTIONS HOW TO ORDER BY MAIL.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

It's cheap enough $25 to California

One way ticket, only $25.00—
Denver to California—
Sept. 15 to Oct. 15—
Good in tourist sleepers and chair cars.
Personally conducted excursions through Southwest Land of Enchantment.
Harvey meals.

Santa Fe

ALL THE WAY

Ask J. P. Hall of A., T. & S. F. Ry. at 1766 Lawrence Street, Denver.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D.C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WORST COUGHS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. 25 CTS.

Howard E. Burton, Assayer and Chemist. Specimen prices, Gold, Silver, Lead, $1; Gold Silver 75c; Gold, 50c; Zinc or Copper, $1. Ornside terms. Mailing envelopes and full price list sent on application. Correspondence and Umpire work solicited. Leadville, Colo. Reference Carbonate Nat'l Bank.

BEGGS' BLOOD PURIFIER CURES catarrh of the stomach.

Making inquiries into the cheapest forms of producing light, experimented with Cuban fireflies among other things. The insects were placed in the center of concave mirrors and the most delicate instrument in the government observatory was employed to measure the amount of heat radiated by them.

A sperm candle was used for comparison and a flame spot from it which was just as big as the firefly was thrown into the mirror.

The instrument recorded the heat from the candle at once; but no movement was caused by the insect, although the instrument was so delicate that, had the firefly produced even as little as one eighty-thousandth part of the heat produced by the tiny spot from the candle, it would have shown on the records.

It was different with light. Comparing the flame spot of the candle and the light from the insect, the instrument showed that the firefly gave one-eighth as much light as the candle, size for size. Compared with the full flame, it was found that the insect gave light amounting to one sixteen-thousandth part of a candle.

Sparrows Attack a Cat.

Forty sparrows desperately fighting a large cat for the possession of a young bird, made things interesting on Wednesday afternoon at Charles street and North avenue.

The cat had caught a young sparrow and started north on Charles street, when a few other birds saw him. They flew at the cat so savagely that he was compelled to hunt for shelter. More birds joined in the attack, and when the cat reached the Northampton hotel he ran against the windows in the quest for a place of safety. "Jerry" Grover of the hotel opened the door and declares that nearly fifty birds were after the cat, which was compelled to drop the young bird, which was dead. The cat was given shelter in the hotel until the army of birds disappeared.—Baltimore Sun.

Prohibition in Georgia.

"Georgia," said Congressman Livingston of that state, at the Riggs House, "is almost a prohibition commonwealth. Out of a total of 137 counties, 126 have voted that no intoxicants shall be sold within their borders. In the few remaining counties that voted 'wet' the saloons must close at 10 at night and not reopen earlier than 6 o'clock in the morning. We live in a part of the Union where temperance is a common virtue and where the baneful effects of overindulgence in liquor have been reduced to a minimum."—Washington Post.

Weightman's Quinine.

Old Weightman made the greater part of his fortune of $30,000,000 to $130,000,000 in quinine, of which the annual world's consumption is approximately 14,000,000 ounces or 6,720,000 grains. You and I and every one we know have taken a few grains now and then. Twenty-five, thirty, forty years ago the profit in handling this most staple and stable of drugs was enormous. The market has been cornered many times.—Victor Smith in New York Press.

Lesson For Women.

Jersey Shore, Pa., Sept. 26 (Special)—"Dodd's Kidney Pills have done worlds of good for me." That's what Mrs. C. B. Earnest of this place has to say of the Great American Kidney Remedy.

"I was laid up sick," Mrs. Earnest continues, "and had not been out of bed for five weeks. Then I began to use Dodd's Kidney Pills and now I am so I can work and go to town without suffering any. I would not be without Dodd's Kidney Pills. I have good reason to praise them everywhere."

Women who suffer should learn a lesson from this, and that lesson is, "cure the kidneys with Dodd's Kidney Pills and your suffering will cease." Woman's health depends almost entirely on her kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills have never yet failed to make healthy kidneys.

"I think I'll go and hear Bishop Potter to-day." "Saloon or church?"

TEA

How does it happen that all good tea comes to Schilling?

It doesn't; not all; not all.

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like Schilling's Best.

His Friend—Huh! Dat's no setter! The Caesar—The dickens he ain't! He don't do nuttin' but set around all day!

RIGHT NOW

Is the time for the man who is renting, or who is tired of hail and alkali, rust and long hauls to market to learn about Romeo, where all the land is close to railway, where there is no alkali, no hail, good water rights, and where potatoes pay BIG MONEY. Easy terms and low prices to experienced Colorado farmers this season. The Conejos County Land & Investment Company, 816 Majestic Building, Denver, Colo.

Many a man's reputation for wisdom is due to the fact that he leaves the most of his remarks unsaid.

FREE BOOK FOR MEN

who are in need of medical aid. Address R. B. Emmett, 203 Nassau block, Denver.

You can't tell from the fatness of a pocketbook how many unreceipted bills it contains.

ELITE SHINGLE STAIN.

The best roof stain on the market. Sample color boards to select from. Ask your dealer or write us. The Humphrey-Jones Mer. Co., 1621 Arapahoe St., Denver, Colo.

Girls waste kisses on each other because they know where to get plenty more.

When You Buy Starch

buy Defiance and get the best, 16 oz. for 10 cents. Once used, always used.

"Julia, what has been in your mind most since your marriage?" "The fact that I was given away as part of the ceremony."

The Austrian government has ordered twenty-two torpedo boats from a Glasgow firm.

The Associated Fraternities of America have decided to hold the next annual convention at Portland, Oregon, in July, 1905.

The main building of the University of Minnesota was totally destroyed by fire September 24th, entailing a loss of $125,000, fully insured.

At the meeting of the Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., at San Francisco, the Washington, D. C., canton won the first prize of $1,000 in the competitive drill.

It is stated that 8,000,000 bushels of wheat have been purchased in Oregon and Washington, principally in the latter state, by Eastern buyers for shipment to the East by rail.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen at their ninth biennial convention in Buffalo re-elected all their grand officers, from John J. Hannahan, grand master, down through the entire list.

Porto Rico's 1,007 public schools opened September 26th with 60,000 pupils enrolled. In the first school year during American occupation there were 800 schools, with 25,000 pupils.

Admissions to the World's Fair at St. Louis continue to average more than one hundred thousand a day, and the total admissions since the Fair opened are considerably above twelve millions.

While at San Francisco a few days ago C. M. Schwab is reported to have said that the Union Iron Works in that city would be enlarged and made the finest in the United States, if not in the world.

The board of lady managers of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition has abolished the office of secretary because of friction between the incumbent and persons connected with the board of lady managers' house.

Timber men who have visited Columbia county, Oregon, report that recent forest fires in that section have destroyed timber to the value of $7,000,000. Most of the timber destroyed was owned by eastern capitalists.

Dr. Juan N. Navarro, Mexican consul general at New York, died in that city September 25th at the age of eighty-one years. During the French invasion of Mexico he was surgeon general of the Mexican army.

At a business meeting of the Associated Fraternities of America, in the Temple of Fraternity on the World's Fair grounds at St. Louis, a resolution for the erection of a sanitarium in southwest New Mexico for consumptives, to be known as the National Fraternal sanitarium, was adopted unanimously.

The jury at Gallatin, Tennessee, in the case of the state against Standard Oil Agent Holt of Nashville and Agent O'Donnell Rutherford of Gallatin for alleged violation of the anti-trust law, brought in a verdict acquitting Rutherford and assessing a fine of $5,000 against the Standard Oil Company and a fine of $3,000 against Holt.

In an address in Binghampton, N. Y., Rev. Dr. Silas Swallow, prohibition candidate for President, said that nothing has ever done as much good for the prohibition cause as Bishop Potter's "desecration of a consecration," as it has called attention to the nefariousness of the liquor traffic as nothing else has ever done.

During the summer just closed more than 100,000 pounds of bones of prehistoric reptiles and animals were gathered on the Laramie plains in Wyoming, and were shipped to various museums throughout the country. The rarest specimens, including some entirely new, have been added to the collection of the University of Wyoming.

The steamer Arctic, commanded by Captain Bernier, with the Canadian expedition under Major Moodie, sailed from Sydney, Nova Scotia, September 22nd, for Hudson bay and the North. The party will remain three years. Captain Bernier expects to make an attempt to reach the North Pole in the Arctic, after completing the present trip.

The British expedition to Thibet left Lhassa September 23d, marching in the direction of the Chumbi valley. In bidding farewell to Brigadier General MacDonald, commander of the British military forces, the venerable regent invoked the blessing of heaven on his head for sparing the monasteries from violation, and presented him with a golden image of Buddha.

The steamer Celtic, which arrived at New York September 24th, from Liverpool and Queenstown, brought the largest number of passengers ever brought to that port on a single steamer, 310 saloon, 329 second cabin and 2,288 third-class passengers, a total of 2,937, which, together with her crew of 381, made a grand total of 3,318 persons on board of the big liner.

Secretary Taft, under authority of the act of Congress of April 27th, last, has served notices on the city of Chicago and the street railway companies owning or controlling the tunnels under the Chicago river to alter all the tunnels so that there shall be a depth of water of at least twenty-two feet over them. April 15, 1906 is fixed as the date when the lowering shall be completed.

As a remedy for desertion in the army, Brig. Gen. Frederick D. Grant, commander of the Department of the Lakes, in his annual report recommends the abolition of the practice of sending deserters to post prisons, where the work is little more than light exercise. As a substitute for post prisons General Grant suggests sentencing deserters to military prisons with long terms at hard labor.

Judge Gray, to whom was referred the controversy of the Pensylvania anthracite coal miners on the check weighman question and which had previously been adjusted by Carroll D. Wright in favor of the miners, has also decided the issue in the same way. His decision was ratified by both W. L. Connell and T. D. Nicholls, president and secretary respectively of the board of conciliation. The former representing the operators and the latter the miners.

Backs Give Out Under the Burden of Daily Toil.

Lieut. George G. Warren, of No. 2 Chemical, Washington, D. C., says: "It's an honest fact that Doan's Kidney Pills did me a great lot of good, and if it were not true I would not recommend them. It was the strain of lifting that brought on kidney trouble and weakened my back, but, since using Doan's Kidney Pills I have lifted six hundred pounds and felt no bad effects. I have not felt the trouble come back since, although I had suffered for five or six years, and other remedies had not helped me at all."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A traveling man met a pretty girl at a hop and proposed to her. She accepted him, on the jump and has never regretted the step.

TEA

There is a deal of comfort and refreshment cheer and positive joy in a timely cup.

A fashion article assures us that "some very pretty things will be seen in fall gowns." Can't be any prettier than some we have seen in summer gowns.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Little Harry—I'm hungry; I didn't get half enough dinner. Little Elsie—What did you have for dinner? Little Harry—Company.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—WM. O. ENDELEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

"Did you find any hard problems in your lesson, Bobby?" asked the teacher. "No, ma'am," answered truthful Bobby; "I didn't look for any."

The Best Results in Starching

can be obtained only by using Defiance Starch, besides getting 4 oz. more for same money—no cooking required.

More people would dance if they could escape the demands of the fiddler.

TEA

When tea is good, do you know why it is good; and, when it is bad, do you know why it is bad?

George P. Money, who is running for Congress in New Mexico, is vigorously stumping the territory. Money talks.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

No matter how mean a man is he consoles himself by saying, "Oh, there are others!"

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

It's so easy being good in a novel that it discourages people from trying anywhere else.

Sensible Housekeepers

will have Defiance Starch, not alone because they get one-third more for the same money, but also because of superior quality.

Some men are so exclusive that they seem ashamed to know themselves.

Start in they will buy Defiance Cold Water Starch for laundry purposes they will save not only time, but because it never sticks to the iron, but because each package contains 16 oz.—one full pound—while all other Cold Water Starches are put up in ¾-pound packages, and the price is the same, 10 cents. Then again because Defiance Starch is free from all injurious chemicals. If your grocer tries to sell you a 12-oz. package it is because he has a stock on hand which he wishes to dispose of before he puts in Defiance. He knows that Defiance Starch has printed on every package in large letters and figures "16 ozs." Demand Defiance and save much time and money, and the annoyance of the iron sticking. Defiance never sticks.

A jolly man always finds himself in good company.

TEA

Whether tea is the most important thing in the world or not we want it right and we want it steady.

Write for our Knowledge Book. A. Schilling & Company, San Francisco.

Many a man has gone down to history as a hero because he was too scared to run.

World's Fair Visitors.

Persons attending the great Exposition at St. Louis should secure a room close to the Fair and in a safe brick building. Hotel Epworth has all the conveniences of a first-class modern hotel, within four minutes' walk of Convention and Administration entrance. Rooms $1.00 per day and up. Meals at reasonable prices. From Union Station, go to Olive street, take Delmar Garden car, going West to 6600. Our boys meet all cars.

In ye ancient times Lot's wife was considered the salt of the earth.

Defiance Starch is put up 16 ounces in a package, 10 cents. One-third more starch for the same money.

In accordance with the eternal fitness of things a book of love-poems should be bound in calf.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

When a promissory note gets old enough to have whiskers it is time to take it to a note shaver.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is adapted to both sexes and all ages. Cures Kidney and Liver complaint, and purifies the blood. At all druggists.

It sometimes happens that when a man offers to stake his reputation on a think he would win by losing.

ELITE SHINGLE STAIN.

The best roof stain on the market. Sample color boards to select from. Ask your dealer or write us. The Humphrey-Jones Mer. Co., 1621 Arapahoe St., Denver, Colo.

Man is the only animal that uses a handkerchief. Women's handkerchiefs are merely for show.

The Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, send Home Eye Book free. Write them about your eyes

It seems quite natural that the burglar should take things for granted.

TEA

Is tea generally so bad?

It is rather uncertain generally, there is no difficulty in getting it good.

In every package of Schilling's Best Tea is a booklet, How To Make Good Tea.

An Ohio genius has worked himself to death trying to invent a labor-saving machine.

Do Your Clothes Look Yellow?

Then use Defiance Starch, it will keep them white—16 oz. for 10 cents.

It takes more than a club to kill time.

Beautiful Catalogue Free!

Send for it and make your purchases by mail

We have every facility for promptly and satisfactorily serving out-of-town patrons through the Mail Order Department of this, the largest Department Store in the great West. Our stocks embrace good goods of most every kind. Wearables for men, women and children of every nature, and all that is needed in house furnishings. Entire stock represents two million dollars—all new—all up to date—all reliable—and our prices are the lowest possible. Give us a trial order. Satisfaction guaranteed.

THE DENVER DRY GOODS CO.
DENVER, COLORADO.

For Man

For Over 60 years

For Horses

Mexican Mustang Liniment

Has been the STANDARD REMEDY for curing aches and injuries

For Cattle

For Poultry

THREE-BUTTON DOUBLE-BREASTED SACK SUIT.

Fall Suits!

See the very attractive line of Fall and Winter Samples, of E. V. Price & Co., Chicago, we are showing this season. Over 300 samples to select from.

Suits to Order from $14 up.

Pants to Order from $4 up.

We also have a full stock of Ready-made CLOTHING which we are closing out at very low prices. YOURS FOR BUSINESS,

ZEIGLER BROTHERS.

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.

Beef by the quarter 5 cents per pound at Trent's.

For Slickers, Rubber Coats and Rubbers, go to Zeigler Bros.

L. W. Stewart left for El Paso Monday morning on business, "Fare thee well but not forever" isto.

A full stock of Blankets and Quilts just received at Ziegler Bros.

Miss Lorena Sager returned from Alamogordo, on the borders of the milky, sandy saline sea, last Monday evening.

New Outing Flannels, Percales, Flannels, etc., just received. ZIEGLER BROS.

A certain married man in this town last Sunday evening stayed at home long enough to allow the ruling queen of the nursery to attend prayer meeting and then put himself on record against the theory that babies ever got tired of noise.

William Kennedy returned from Roswell a few days ago. He would have loaded with melons for his return trip but could not procure a diver's apparatus in order to gather his load. All crops in the valley had to be harvested with a diving machine when he left.

A person traveling through Lincoln county at the present time might readily imagine they were in some parts of Michigan or Wisconsin. Every dry lake is full of water, the grass is green and everything is taking on a thrifty, satisfied appearance once more. There has been no frost up to the present time and stock is getting in fine shape to go through the winter, while the ranges are rapidly recovering from the late unprecedated drouth.

We want a correspondent in every town and mining camp in Lincoln County to give THE OUTLOOK all the items of importance which can be picked up in each particular locality. Not mere personals detailing unimportant movements, but items with some meat in them, and of general interest to the public. Just such things as you would want to read yourself. If you do not want to write out a detailed account of happenings send in the facts and we will try to put them in readable shape, without drawing too much on the imagination. What is wanted is a short, concise statement of what is going on over the whole county. Who will be the first to grapple on.

See the new goods Ziegler Bros. are receiving this week.

S. O. Wiener returned from his Chicago trip a few days ago. He had been east to buy goods and visit his people. While on his return trip his train ran into a freight this side of Dalhart and was thrown from the track, injuring quite a number of people, but none of them fatally. Before they could get back the bridge over the Canadian river had partially washed out, leaving the passengers between wreckage and deep water. They afterwards went dodging around all over Oklahoma and Texas, hunting dry land, and finally, after about ten days, pulled into El Paso for a square meal. Mr. Wiener then took the El Paso-Northeastern and got as far as Alamogordo just in time to strike another wash out between that place and Tularosa, where he was held up for another four days. Verily, the lines of the wayfaring man runneth extawampus as well as zigzag in the southwestern country these days.

HEART'S DESIRE.

A few months ago Emerson Hough, the famous author of "The Mississippi Bubble," paid White Oaks a flying visit while journeying through southeastern New Mexico, collecting material for future use in his literary work.

White Oaks has the honor of furnishing the background—the "Heart's Desire" — to Mr. Hough's charming short stories published in the Saturday Evening Post. It was here in the shadow of Lone Mountain, Baxter, Patos and grand old Carizo that Mr. Hough's mind was imbued with the subtle magnetism, the expanding and uplifting qualities of the southwestern frontier. This was over twenty years ago when Mr. Hough was a mere fledgeling from college and in his own words "thought he was practicing law."

The characters in his stories are in the main, real ones, with names but slightly changed and in some cases not at all. Tom Osby is the same Tom Osby that the author traveled with from Las Vegas to this wild frontier mining camp, at the time of his first advent, and Tom, who has quit the road and taken to himself a wife and a permanent home at Tularosa seems to have so woven his wierd stories of the wild southwest and his own personality, into the receptive mind of the author that the impressions cling to him through all the intervening years since he first came wool gathering to the valley of "Heart's Desire."

Billy, the Kid, Jim Carlysle—whom the former killed while attempting his capture at the Greathouse ranch—Judge Lecompte, of Lecompton, Kansas, notoriety—John Y. Hewitt and Col. George W. Prichard, now leading attorneys of the territorial bar, Doc. Paden and Dr. A. G. Lane, who have been probing and poulticing our people all these years; W. C. McDonald, once a marker of mineral claims, sections and town lots, now manager of the Carrizozo Cattle Company. George L. Ulrick, once and always Mack's right hand, now with the Exchange Bank—not the bank established by Chandler & Co., once so humorously described by Mr. Hough—Jones and Stanley Taliaferro, formerly proprietors of the Golden Era, in whose office the author did about his first journalistic work, Charlie Bull, at times disposed to be a little cynical, yet with his dry humor and guileless manner endeard himself to every man, woman and child in the town, Jim Brent, then and always a peace officer, E. W. Parker, manager of the Southwestern stage line and about everything else in sight from his outlook, and Who brought a mint of money into camp and saw that it was invested too. William Watson, first and last a seeker of hidden treasure, and if you substitute old Jim for John Brothers, you will have the veritable landlord of the hotel at "Heart's Desire," whom the author claims to have "stood off" for many a square meal—all these names are familiar to those of us who have persistently clung to these hills and this wonderful valley where twenty odd years ago we were a part in the winning of this particular portion of the West.

Some of the actors in these stirring scenes of the long ago have passed to the unreturnable beyond. Some have gone to other fields of activity, but quite a company of us—it matters not how much we go and come, nor how far we journey hence, it matters not how we try to graft ourselves on to other places and other scenes—in the end, like Longfellow's Arcadians, we are sure to wander back to our own "Heart's Desire."

See the New Millinery—Fall Hats just received at ZEIGLER BROS.

To The Public.

I wish to emphatically contradict the rumor that is being persistently circulated around the county, that I am connected in business with the democratic candidate for treasurer.

I severed my connections with the Taliaferro Mercantile Co., of White Oaks, on February 1, 1909, and since that time have not been directly or indirectly interested in any kind of business with Mr. Taliaferro. I make this public announcement in view of the fact that it is currently reported that we are business partners. J. H. CANNING.

Winter Underwear.

Come to us for your winter underwear. We have a nice line of reliable goods just received from the eastern markets and at bottom prices. ZEIGLER BROS.

Mineral Application No. 20.

U. S. Land Office, Roswell, New Mexico, September 15, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that M. G. Paden, George W. Prichard and Adin H. Whitmore whose postoffice address is White Oaks, New Mexico, have this day filed their application

TO THE PUBLIC!

Having returned from the eastern markets and purchasing

Right lines at right prices

IT WILL BE TO THE INTEREST OF YOUR POCKET-BOOK TO GIVE ME A CALL. GROCERIES ALWAYS FRESH AND AS LOW IN PRICE AS QUALITY WILL JUSTIFY.

White Oaks, New Mex. **S. O. WIENER.**

Claim bearing gold, situated in the Jicarilla Mining District, Lincoln county, New Mexico, and described by the field notes and plat on file in this office, as mineral survey No. 1135, in T. 5 S. R. 12 E., unsurveyed, said survey No. 1135, being described as follows:

TRACT A.

Beginning at Cor No 1, a porphyry stone 24x12x6, set 12 inches in the ground with mound of stone chiseled 1—1135 and 5—1135. Whence the ¼ cor on the S side of sec 34, bears S 1 deg E. 9323. 8 ft. No other bearings available. Thence N 89 deg 4 min W Va 12 deg 41 min E 411.5 ft to corner No 2. Thence N 47 deg 39 min E Va 12 deg 16 min E 421.1 ft to cor No 3. Thence N 20 deg 26 min E Va 12 deg 36 min E 678.3 ft to cor No 4. Thence S 29 deg 58 min E Va 12 deg 27 min E 497.8 ft to cor No 5. Thence S 20 deg 27 min W Va 13 deg 42 min E 215 ft to cor No 6. Thence S 46 deg 37 min W Va 13 deg 27 min E 427.8 ft to cor No 1, the place of beginning. This tract is segregated from the balance of the location by M. S. 1145, Zulu Lode. Area 6.670 acres.

TRACT B.

Beginning at cor No 7 on line 3—3 of M S 1145, Zulu lode, at No 51 deg 15 min E (given in the field notes of survey as N 50 deg 55 min E), 193.0 ft from cor No 2, a granite stone 24x11x8 inches set 12 inches in the ground, with mound of stone chiseled 7—1135. Whence cor No 4 of tract A of this claim, bears S 6 deg 27 min W 332.2 ft. Thence N 6 deg 27 min E Va 12 deg 20 min E 1187.7 ft to cor No 8. Thence N 20 deg 19 min E Va 12 deg 35 min E 621.8 ft to cor No 9. Thence N 1 deg 5 min W Va 12 deg 44 min E 1606.1 ft to cor No 10. Thence N 10 deg 57 min E Va 11 deg 53 min E 582.8 ft to cor No 11. Thence N 43 deg 57 min E Va 12 deg 27 min E 559.2 ft to cor No 12. Thence N 52 deg 13 min E Va 12 deg 22 min E 530.3 ft to cor No 13. Thence N 57 deg 20 min E Va 12 deg 28 min E 771.7 ft to cor No 14. Thence S 81 deg 20 min E Va 12 deg 37 min E 618.7 ft to cor No 15. Thence N 28 deg 36 min E Va 12 deg 55 min E 771.7 ft to cor No 16. Thence N 1 deg 26 min E Va 12 deg 58 min E 533.8 ft to cor No 17. Thence N 53 deg 32 min E Va 12 deg 36 min E 1503.7 ft to cor No 18 Thence N 65 deg 13 min E Va 11 deg 58 min E 1119.9 ft to cor No 19 Thence N 3 deg 21 min E Va 12 deg 7 min E 1001.7 ft to cor No 20 Thence N 24 deg 9 min W Va 13 deg E 692.8 ft to cor No 21 Thence N 20 deg 24 min E Va 12 deg 13 min E 639.6 ft to cor No 22 Thence N 5 deg 36 min E Va 12 deg 35 min E 1238.3 ft to cor No 23.

Thence S 89 deg 34 min E Va 12 deg 19 min E 412.5 ft to cor No 24 Thence S 9 deg 11 min W Va 12 deg 25 min E 1518.7 ft to cor No 25 Thence S 16 deg W Va 12 deg 13 min E 371.2 ft to cor No 26 Thence S 10 deg 7 min E Va 12 deg 45 min E 1117.5 ft to cor No 27 Thence S 3 deg 41 min W Va 12 deg 9 min E 640.8 ft to cor No 28 Thence S 62 deg 14 min W Va 12 deg 14 min E 1233.0 ft to cor No 29 Thence S 55 deg 40 min W Va 12 deg 51 min E 1338.4 ft to cor No 30 Thence S 1 deg 37 min E Va 13 deg 5 min E 435.5 ft to cor No 31 Thence S 28 deg 58 min W Va 13 deg 5 min E 768.5 ft to cor No 32 Thence S 75 deg 38 min W Va 18 deg 13 min E 1002.8 ft to cor No 33 Thence S 53 deg 10 min W Va 12 deg 37 min E 614.2 ft to cor No 34 Thence S 58 deg 3 min W Va 12 deg 24 min E 318.6 ft to cor No 35 Thence S 58 deg 55 min W Va 12 deg 30 min E 352.3 ft to cor No 36 Thence S 10 deg 51 min W Va 12 deg 35 min E 580.7 ft to cor No 37 Thence S 00 deg 50 min E Va 13 deg E 1004.4 ft to cor No 38, in an arroyo, course NW Thence S 20 deg 18 min W Va 12 deg 30 min E 621.3 ft to cor No 39 Thence S 6 deg 27 min W Va 12 deg 15 min E 1121.2 ft to cor No 40 On line 3—4 of M S 1145, Zulu lode Thence N 29 deg 50 min W Va 11 deg 50 min E 206.3 ft to cor No 41 Thence S 51 deg 15 min W Va 12 deg 47 min E 398.7 ft to cor No 7, the place of beginning. Area Tract A 6.670 acres. Tract B 116.734 acres. Total area 123.404.

Adjoining claims so far as known: On the south are South Ancho Placer, Paden and Prichard claimants, M S 1145 Zulu lode, Peters and Price claimants, segregates this claim into tracts A and B. On the east El Oro, East Ancho, Faisano and Pino Verde, placer claims unsurveyed, American Placer Company et al claimants. On the north North Ancho Placer, unsurveyed, American Placer Company et al claimants. On the west the Conservative Placer, unsurveyed, G. O. Hopkins et al claimants. The Villa del Lobo, East Rico and South Rico Placers, unsurveyed, American Placer Company et al claimants.

Any and all persons claiming adversely, any portion of said surface ground, are required to file their adverse claims with the Register of the United States Land office, at Roswell, in the Territory of New Mexico, during the sixty days, the period of pub ication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the Statute.

HOWARD LELAND, Register.

SLIGH & CANNING, Proprietors.

—CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

First-class Goods at Reasonable Prices.

STRICTLY ONE PRICE TO ALL.

Nogal, New Mexico.

Mineral Application No. 21.

United States Land Office, Roswell, New Mexico, September 15, 1904.

Notice is hereby given that M G Paden and George W Prichard, whose postoffice address is White Oaks, New Mexico, have this day filed their application for patent to the surface ground of the South Ancho Placer Claim bearing gold, situated in the Jicarilla Mining District, Lincoln county, New Mexico, and described by the field notes and plat on file in this office, as mineral survey No 1135 in T 5 S R 12 E unsurveyed. Said survey being described as follows: Beginning at cor No 1 a prophyry stone 24x20 x4 set 12 inches in the ground, with mound of stone chiseled 1—1135 Whence the ¼ cor on S of sec 34 T 5 S R 12 E bears S 3 deg 4 min W 6838.6 ft Thence N 12 deg 13 min W Va 12 deg 26 min E 1397.4 ft cor No 2 Thence N 50 deg W Va 11 deg 19 min E 42 ft. to cor No 3 Thence N 36 deg 35 min E Va 11 deg 19 min E 31.3 ft to cor No 4 Thence N 12 deg 13 min W Va 11 deg 19 min E 1097.4 ft to cor No 5 Thence N 89 deg 4 min W Va 12 deg 41 min E 411.5 ft to cor No 6 Thence S 12 deg 13 min E Va 12 deg 16 min E 2557.6 ft to cor No 7 Thence S 89 deg 49 min E Va 13 deg 26 min E 410.1 ft to cor No 1, and the place of beginning. Area, 23.473 acres. Adjoining claims so far as known: On the north the Ancho Placer Claim of this survey, Paden, Prichard et. als claimants. On the east mineral survey 1144, Argonaut lode, Peters and Price claimants. On the northeast El Oro Placer Claim, unsurveyed, American Placer Company, claimants.

Any and all persons claiming adversely, any portion of said surface ground, are required to file their adverse claims with the Register of the United States Land Office, at Roswell, in the Territory of New Mexico, during the sixty days, the period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the Statute.

HOWARD LELAND, Register.

Professional Cards.

A. H. Hudspeth, — John Y. Hewitt

Hewitt & Hudspeth,

Attorneys-at-Law

HEWITT BLOCK. WHITE OAKS.

GEO. W. PRICHARD,

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WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.

Practice in all the courts of the Territory.

MINING LAW A SPECIALTY.

GEO. B. BARBER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO.

Practice in all the courts of the Territory.

J. E. WHARTON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

ALAMOGORDO, NEW MEXICO.

Special attention given to cases in Lincoln as well as Otero county.

HOTEL OZANNE,

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.

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IN CONNECTION WITH

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Shortest line between El Paso, Texas, and Santa Fe, New Mexico and all points in Northwestern New Mexico and Southwestern Colorado.

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Vega Blanca	9 00 a m	Vega Blanca	4 15 p m
Kennedy	9 25 a m	Kennedy	3 50 p m
Clark	9 45 a m	Clark	3 30 p m
Stanley	10 25 a m	Stanley	2 55 p m
Moriarty	11 00 a m	Moriarty	2 20 p m
McIntosh	11 25 a m	McIntosh	1 55 p m
Estancia	11 50 a m	Estancia	1 30 p m
Estancia	12 50 p m	Estancia	12 50 p m
Willard	1 27 p m	Willard	12 20 p m
Progresso	1 55 p m	Progresso	11 50 a m
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Torrance	3 20 p m	Torrance	10 45 a m

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