

THE OUTLOOK

A Weekly Newspaper Devoted to the Interest of White Oaks and Lincoln Co., N. M.

Published Every Thursday.

Lee H. Rudisille, Editor and Pub.

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The Carrizozo troops fought nobly, but—

There was quite a trade in White Oaks on election day.

It will be four years more of Teddy, and about seventy million people in this country are rather glad of it.

The present cold snap following so soon after the presidential election is the result possibly of the chill received by the Parkerites while out hearing the news.

What is most needed in this country at present is a system of politics that will give both sides the victory. Until this is accomplished there will be souls that hunger and hearts that bleed.

An Arizona justice of the peace fined everybody in the room two dollars each, because a dog fight interrupted the proceedings. Three of the parties refused to pay the fine and were sent to jail. The dogs are still at large.

A dispatch from Esopus, Nov. 9th, says: "An hour after Judge Parker arose today he was out on his farm seeing that the plowing was properly done and later he went for a horseback ride." This may be well enough but his fences seem to have been badly down no later than last Tuesday. "My name is plain Brooks Parker, I am a granger now, I raise the beet and carrot And milk the brindle cow."

The friends of Colonel George W. Prichard will be pleased to learn that he has been appointed Solicitor General of the territory, that office having recently been left vacant by the death of Edward L. Bartlett. Gov. Otero could not have made a better selection than this. Col. Prichard is one of the very foremost lawyers of the territory and his appointment will no doubt give universal satisfaction. The duties of the office are not new to him as he served in this same position when Lionel A. Sheldon was governor of the territory under the Garfield administration. Although he may have to be at Santa Fe quite frequently, his residence will still be here at White Oaks for the present.

WE SCOOPED 'EM

As to National and Territorial Tickets.

They Stood Pat and Mixed Us In County Affairs.

A Great Political Earthquake Ripped Up the Country from Boston Common to Frisco Bay, Leaving the Territory of New Mexico Still Hanging on the Ragged Edge.

In Tuesday's election the latest dispatches show that the republicans licked the platter clean so far as the states north of the old Mason and Dixon line are concerned, giving Roosevelt 325 electoral votes out of a total of 476, with Missouri yet to hear from. Enough republicans have been elected to insure them a large majority in the next House of Representatives.

In the Territory, in spite of the three-cornered fight, put up by Mr. Rodey and the democratic party managers to defeat Senator Andrews, that gentleman pulled out with from four to five thousand majority and he will be New Mexico's next delegate in Congress. This will be good news to a very large majority of the people of Lincoln county when they come to lay politics aside and begin to work for each other's interests.

Of the county ticket it looks as if the republicans had elected the treasurer, assessor, superintendent of schools, probate judge and one commissioner, P. L. Krouse, while the democrats have elected the sheriff, probate clerk and one commissioner, Salazar.

As near as the OUTLOOK can learn the majorities for these candidates is given as follows:

Sheriff—Owen 72, Treasurer—Canning 40, Probate Clerk—Kimbrell 48, Assessor—Hurt 88, School Superintendent—Rudisille 175, Probate Judge—Gomez 80, Commissioner 1st District—Salazar 27, Commissioner 3d District—Krouse 30.

A full vote by precincts will be given next week.

This result was not wholly unexpected, save in the defeat of Estolano Sanchez, who, it was at first thought, would carry the county by a larger majority than any man on either ticket.

LETTING THEM DOWN EASY.

A Chicago judge has decided that the word "damn" is not profane. It is evident this decision was made to help the ministers out on a very knotty question of morals. They were seeking a way to harmonize matters and gradually draw the democratic members of their demoralized flocks back into the fold after they are through discussing the results of the election.

OUR GOVERNMENT OF THE PHILIPPINES.

So many gross misrepresentations have been made as to the relations of the United States with the Philippines and our management of the civil and military government of the islands that we take the liberty of publishing the report of Luke Wright the civil governor lately made to the secretary of war, showing the real conditions over there. This report, is so clear and concise that, now that the campaign is over, ought to set at rest the baseless charges made by persons of the Atkinson-Schurtz type as to real conditions there.

General Luke Wright is a lifelong democrat, a Tennessean by birth, and was a major-general in the Confederate service so there ought to be no political bias in his very comprehensive report. General Wright says:

"With reference to your telegram, quoting recent utterances of Judge Parker upon administration conditions here, and requesting a statement of facts relating thereto, I report as follows:

The statement that any considerable number of officials has proved corrupt, inefficient or despotic does great injustice to a body of hard working, self-respecting Americans, whose character and service will compare favorably with those of employees of the federal or state governments. Whilst there have been a number of defaults by subordinates, they are few as compared with the whole, and have been detected promptly and punished. Total defaults since July 1901, beginning civil government, \$78,559. Government protected by insurance.

We have a comprehensive civil service law, rigidly enforced, under which antecedents and qualifications of employees are scrutinized. Defaulters, with few exceptions, appointed during disturbed conditions, prior to the inauguration of the law. Complaints of oppression acts exceptional and promptly investigated and corrected. Relations between the American officials and Filipinos as a rule cordial.

Nothing warranting the statement that towns are in ruins, lands are going out of cultivation; people ill fed, unable to get work and country ruined agriculturally. Towns in same state as before the insurrection, save few burned by insurgents, which have been rebuilt and reoccupied. Towns generally populated as before. Sanitary conditions greatly improved, demand for labor generally equals and in some cases exceeds supply, and at increased wages.

In 1901 and 1902 epidemics sura rinderpest destroyed probably 70 per cent of animals used in

agriculture, causing considerable distress, which the commission relieved by inaugurating public works through the aid extended by congress. Have succeeded by inoculation in checking the rinderpest. Those localities most seriously affected have drawn from those where the disease did not prevail, and this, together with the animals imported and notural increase, has caused steady increase, so that at present there is under cultivation nearly all lands heretofore cultivated.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904, exports were \$30,226,127; imports, \$33,221,250. Exports fell off as compared with the previous year because of the decrease in copra and sugar crops, due to phenomenally small rainfall in certain sections and to plague of locusts in others.

Present crops in all lines exceptionally good, and the prices remunerative, and there is not now and will not be for the coming year any suffering from the lack of food. Enrollment in public schools in 1902 was 184,202 and in 1904, 263,558.

Taxation is not oppressive. Customs duties average about 18 per cent ad valorem, as compared with 25 per cent under Spanish regime. Industrial taxes also are less than Spanish. Receipts honestly applied for the benefit of the people.

It is not true that there are whole districts in the hands of the ladrones. There have been occasional instances during the last year of depredations of few ladrones, who find concealment in remote mountain fastnesses and raid isolated settlements of natives and steal their carabaos. They have been relentlessly pursued by the constabulary and scouts who are natives, usually commanded by American officers. As a result of this policy ladronism is no longer popular or profitable.

In 1903 there were about 18,000 American troops in the islands. This year there are only about 12,000. It may be stated generally that life and property are as safe as in the United States. These general statements as to the peace and order are intended to apply to all of the islands inhabited by civilized Filipinos, except the island of Samar. It has a population in the mountains of the interior many of whom have never seen a white man, are semi-savage and have a weakness for raiding towns along the coast. Similar half-wild men are found scattered through the mountains of the archipelago, and until their country is opened up by roads and schools are established, occasional disturbances of the character indicated may be expected.

Statements that newspapers are bought up or browbeaten into silence, that men of influence who criticize the commission are ostracized, that all organs of expression of public opinion are controlled, and that there is no free expression of the popular mind, are wholly unsupported by facts. The right of free expression of opinion through press or otherwise is recognized here as in the United States, and practiced with the same freedom; the only limitation being responsibility for libelous and seditious utterances; the law relative to these being drawn from federal and state statutes of the Union. Theatrical plays are not censored. The only possible excuse for such a statement is that something over a year ago a crack-brained playwright produced a play in Tagalog, full of insurrectionary utterances and culminating in the tearing down and stamping upon the American

THE EXCHANGE BANK!

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and some of his fellow actors were prosecuted and convicted. It is equally untrue that men in private life are subjected to espionage, or that detectives in the guise of servants are employed. All these statements are the veriest of nonsense, without a scintilla of fact to support them."

Governor Wright closes his report with the statement that Mr. Parker has "evidently been grossly deceived."

Thomas Taggart has gone back to his big tavern in Indianapolis. The bar of public opinion was too much for his mental caliber and he concluded to stick to his old job.

For Teddy came down like a wolf on the fold.

And gobbled the votes before they were polled—almost.

For Parker fell down in the midst of the fray.

And the glint of his boom soon faded away—like a ghost.

The OUTLOOK man takes this occasion to thank his friends both republican and democratic through the county for the mark of confidence expressed in the unpreceded majority given him for the office of superintendent of schools at Tuesdays election. Especially does he feel under obligations to democratic friends in his home precinct for giving him the only majority received by any candidate on the republican ticket. He hopes by his future official acts to merit the confidence so freely given.

This week we send out our usual number of papers and we hope our friends will make it a special point to show them to their neighbors and induce them to subscribe. Now that the election is over, we intend to make the OUTLOOK a live paper, devoted to the industries of the various communities, and to do this we must have the hearty co-operation of all who are willing to take a hand in building up Lincoln county and her development. A paper cannot live without support, and to aid us in this enterprise, please send in your subscriptions at once. Terms \$1.00 per year, if paid in advance.

Mrs. W. C. McDonald and daughter Frances have returned from St. Louis, where they have been for the past two months, seeing the World's Fair and visiting with friends. They may come up from the ranch soon and spend the winter months in White Oaks.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.
Whereas, It is a universal custom in the United States to set aside at the close of each year a special day for the purpose of giving thanks to Almighty God for all the mercies and blessings bestowed upon us during the year; and

Whereas, The President of the United States has issued a proclamation designating Thursday, the 24th day of November, A. D., 1904, as Thanksgiving Day.

Now, therefore, I, Miguel A. Otero, Governor of the Territory of New Mexico, by virtue of the authority in me vested, do hereby ordain and proclaim Thursday, the 24th day of November, A. D. 1904, as Thanksgiving Day and a public holiday within the limits of the Territory of New Mexico; and I earnestly urge that all business be suspended on that day, that the Territorial institutions and public schools be closed, so that all may assemble in places of worship and unite in thankful tribute to the Almighty Father, for the general prosperity and peace which our Territory has enjoyed and implore a continuance of those great blessings. Let us endeavor to assist those among us who may be in need and distress, so the day may be made one of good deeds.

Done at the Executive Office this, the 7th day of November, A. D., 1904.

Witness my hand and the great seal of the Territory of New Mexico.

MIGUEL A. OTERO,
By the Governor:
J. W. RAYNOLDS,
Secretary of New Mexico.

G. W. Harbin and C. L. Kennedy paid White Oaks a visit this week. These gentlemen are principally interested in the Free Gold Mining and Milling Company, as well as the Rico Company, out in the Jicarillos. Mr. Harbin has lately returned from the east and will start his placer machine in a short time. This plant is located in Junna gulch, in the heart of the richest gold deposits of these mountains and the company has reason to expect rich returns when operations are fairly under way. The machinery has been tested thoroughly on the ground and works very satisfactory, and there seems to be no reason why they should not win out.

A car load of fine potatoes from Greeley, Colorado, just received at Ziegler Bros., which are being sold at very low prices.

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GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

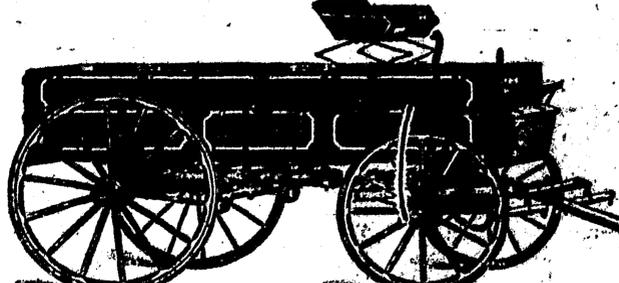
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all kinds at

PAUL MAYER'S

That \$10,000 bill may be "in circulation," but it is slyer than a sea serpent.

Every once in a while there comes a day on which Uncle Sam does not launch a new warship.

Have you any friends in Alaska? If you have, you can communicate with them now by cable.

The gultan of Turkey has settled down into his dull, monotonous, uninteresting groove again.

The czar's baby has inspected the Baltic fleet, but declines to give his opinion of it for publication.

There is talk of annexing Delaware to some other state, but the other states are manifesting no enthusiasm.

"The ideal Harvard student," says Pres. Eliot, "is gentle, quiet and serene." Except when he thinks of Yale.

How will the average man regard the rapid growth of the movement to increase the world's supply of milliners?

You haven't happened to come across that \$10,000 bill, have you, that the U. S. treasury says is still in circulation?

Mr. Gurney is no doubt wondering how Byron managed without the aid of an automobile to awake to find himself famous.

President Eliot of Harvard says the college "sport" must go. Yale men will insist, however, that Harvard has no "real sports."

A Philadelphia doctor says piano-playing is good for the spine. The trouble is, however, that it is often bad for the spleen.

Electricity will remove hair, the fashion writers say. Certain hair restorers also, it is said, are good things to make the hair come out.

A great many trusting souls that have been taking flyers in wheat are discovering that there is more than one kind of whirlwind campaign.

That London chauffeur who, as dispatches state, accepted \$50,000 to give up his wealthy sweetheart puts upon himself about 166,666 times too high a value.

More than 700,000 gallons of Scotch whisky were consumed by fire in Aberdeen the other day. No wonder the fire was very much put out the next morning.

A single seed planted in New Jersey last spring produced a ton of pumpkins. But such things would never happen if pumpkins were worth their weight in beef.

Even though the Cuban senate has appropriated \$800,000 to encourage immigration, the crowd still overlooks the pearl of the Antilles in seeking the gem of the ocean.

Somebody asks the question: "Does housework make women ugly?" If you don't wipe your muddy shoes on the entry mat before walking on that clean carpet, you'll find out.

The municipality of Venice has decided to supplant the gondolas with electric motor boats. Romance on canvas to do with a persistence heretofore equaled by the oldest inhabitant.

The New York woman who proposed marriage to seven men, and being rejected by the whole seven, killed herself, should have kept at it until seventy times seven had turned her down.

It is offered as a timely suggestion to amateur hunters who have gone to the woods with the opening of the hunting season that to shoot a fellow hunter, thinking him a deer, is no part of the game.

A \$50,000 automobile race, fought by the winner in less than five hours and a half, is at least a manlier adventure for our young millionaires than dog banquets and monkey dinners can provide.

A man was arrested in New York a day or two ago for loud laughter on the streets. He was probably a visitor from the country who still found himself annexed to his pocketbook after making the rounds.

A Wisconsin court has decided that a parent may hurt his boy's physique with a paddle, but he must not injure his dignity. Most boys would like to have that decision turned around. The recovery would be sooner.

A Harvard professor has been run over and killed by an automobile which was operated by a student. It may become necessary for the college to adopt rules providing that students must leave their automobiles at home.

Prof. De Vries of the University of Amsterdam has evolved a brand new theory of the origin of species. How ever, while the eminent biologist is pondering the right about how we are here, we may all rejoice that we're here, anyway.

FIGHT WITH WYOMING ROBBERS.

How Middaugh Was Killed.—Possibly Has Two Encounters With Flying Outlaws.

Cody, Wyo., Nov. 3.—A new story of the attempted hold-up and the murder of Cashier Middaugh was told today by a man who was in the bank at the time, and is in part as follows: It was 2:20 when the two bandits rode up to the bank and dismounting, left their horses at the curb. They boldly entered the bank, brandishing their six-shooters, and commanded those present to throw up their hands. The assistant cashier was busy at his desk with a depositor, two patrons were in the corridor and another was talking to Cashier Middaugh in the latter's private office.

There are three doors opening from this office, one into the interior of the bank, another into the corridor and the third into the alley. Mr. Middaugh took in the situation at a glance and quickly closed and locked the door leading into the corridor. He then went out the side door into the alley, intending to go to the street and give the alarm.

The smaller one of the two robbers, noted Mr. Middaugh's movements, quickly dashed out of the front door and intercepted the cashier shortly after the latter left the side entrance. Middaugh grappled with the outlaw and succeeded in getting a hold on his pistol arm.

The robber worked the trigger, but the bullets all went wild save the last one, which lodged in Middaugh's hip. The cashier was unarmed and quickly dropped the robber's arm. The latter stepped back, loaded his gun in a twinkling and fired another shot at the cashier. The bullet entered Middaugh's left breast, high up, passed close to the heart and came out through the neck under the left ear. Middaugh gave a cry of pain and half ran, half stumbled out across the street and on the opposite side fell dead.

The second robber, who had been engaged inside the bank, became alarmed when he heard the shooting on the outside, fled from the place and joined his companion at the curb. The pair mounted their horses, and putting away their empty revolvers and drawing rifles from the scabbards on the saddles, began firing as they sped up the street and out onto the prairie. A number of citizens appeared in the street with guns, but the aim of all was bad and the bandits escaped injury.

The posse that started out under Deputy Sheriff Chapman overtook the outlaws fourteen miles from Meeteetse and exchanged shots with them, the bandits getting away unhurt. The trail was followed to a point where it led through the mountains and there it was lost. The posse went on into Meeteetse, where fresh horses and additional men were secured.

The party returned to the trail at midnight and followed the tracks of the fleeing murderers through the darkness and over a rough country until daylight, when they suddenly came upon the two men in camp on the Greybull river, a few miles northeast of Meeteetse. The outlaws responded to the demand to surrender with a volley from their rifles. The fire was returned by the officers, but no one was hurt. The robbers quickly mounted and fled in the direction of Thermopoli.

The fact was discovered early in the day that the outlaws had changed horses but once since leaving Cody and that their mounts were rapidly tiring. The officers secured fresh mounts at each ranch, and were thus enabled to maintain a decided advantage over the outlaws.

The rewards offered for the bandits aggregate several thousand dollars. Private citizens subscribed over \$1,500, the city offers \$500, the county \$500, the First National and Cody National banks \$500 each, and the state will probably give \$500.

A courier came into Meeteetse last night with the news that the murderers had been surrounded in a forest on Commonwood creek and that their capture is likely to occur at any time.

Russian Firing Was Unprovoked.

Hull, England, Nov. 3.—That George Henry Smith and William Leggett were, at about 12:30 a. m. on October 22, while out fishing with trawlers aboard the British trawler Crane, with board of trade marks exhibited and regulation lights burning, killed by shots fired without warning or provocation from certain Russian war vessels at a distance of about a quarter of a mile.

This is the text of the jurors' verdict at the coroner's inquest on the fishermen victims of the North sea tragedy. The government asked the jury not to find a verdict of wilful murder or manslaughter, because "delicate negotiations are going on which should not be made more difficult, and they ought not to let any one think they had prejudiced the case before having heard both sides."

In consequence the jury simply set forth the facts proved by the evidence of physicians, experts on explosives and the trawlers themselves.

Death by Bursting Reservoir.

Charlotte, N. C., Nov. 3.—A reservoir of the municipal water works, located near the center of Winston-Salem, North Carolina, broke at 6 o'clock yesterday morning, causing the loss of nine lives and the injury of four or five persons. The north side of the reservoir, which is thirty feet high, tumbled over, falling upon the home and barn of Martin Peoples. There were about 80,000 gallons of water in the reservoir and the streams rushed northeast to the Southern railway cut and thence to Holopogon, a distance of half a mile. Four treatment basins were washed several hundred yards.

The reservoir was built in 1881 by a company composed of sixty citizens. Ten years ago it and the water works plant were sold to the city. The latter then was added to the list of the reservoir, which was full at water when the company was

DESTROYED BY RUSSIAN MINE

Loss of One of Japan's Best Battleships.—Report Confirmed by Associated Press.

Paris, Nov. 4.—The Associated Press was put in a position today to state positively that its dispatches from Chefoo, Port Arthur and Tokio, to the effect that the Japanese battleship Yashima had been sunk by a mine off Dalny, which dispatches were denied by the Japanese authorities at the time, have finally been officially confirmed. The Japanese government has notified foreign governments of the loss of the ship. The number of men who went down with the vessel is not known, but it is believed to have been small. The official details show that the Yashima struck a Russian mine and later attempted to make Dalny harbor, but this proved impossible, and she sank in deep water.

The loss of the Yashima has been concealed by the Japanese, though the Russian authorities have believed for some time that the reports that the battleship had been destroyed were correct. It is important, since it is now disclosed that Japan has only four modern battleships remaining.

These are the Asahi, Fuji, Mikasa and Shikishima. Another vessel classed as a battleship is the Chinyen, taken from China in 1894, but she is old and not of much fighting value.

The Yashima was one of the finest battleships of the Japanese navy. Her displacement was 12,340 tons, about the size of the American battleship Maine, and she had a speed of nineteen knots. She carried a heavy battery of four twelve-inch, ten six-inch and four other guns of smaller caliber. The Russian squadron at Port Arthur includes five modern battleships more or less damaged, and Rear Admiral Rozhkovsky's command, which is now en route from the Baltic to the Far East, also numbers five battleships. In view of the inferiority of the Japanese in battleships, their armored cruisers' strength is important, they being greatly superior to the Russians in this respect.

Methodist Bishops Assigned.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 4.—The Methodist bishops, who have ended their semi-annual conference here, have selected as the commission on unification of the different Methodist churches in Japan, Bishop Cranston; Rev. A. B. Leonard, who is the missionary secretary; Rev. C. W. Smith, Pittsburg; Lemuel Skidmore, New York; and C. Z. Lincoln, Troy, New York.

The bishops have before them for further consideration the matter of alleged restriction of religious liberty in Bolivia.

Bishop Walden announced the appointment of the following committees: Unification of book concerns, H. H. Begg, Denver, and R. A. Booth, Eugene, Oregon; consolidation of benevolent societies, F. D. Board, California, and G. I. Cockran, Los Angeles.

Assignments of bishops to the spring conferences were made as follows:

- Bishop Joyce—Northwest Kansas, at Smith Center, March 15; Kansas, at Junction City, March 22; southwest Kansas, at Peabody, March 29. Bishop Warren—Lincoln, at Colorado Springs, Colorado, March 2. The conferences in Europe were assigned to Bishop Burt; those in Mexico to Bishop Wilson, and those in South America to Bishop Neesley.

Land for Sugar Company.

Pueblo, Colo., Nov. 4.—In the county clerk's office on the 2nd inst. there were filed the deeds of transfer which gave the Bessemer Ditch Company title to nearly 10,000 acres of land, together with the water rights east of Pueblo and along the Arkansas river. The deeds are to H. C. Baker, who appears as a grantee in behalf of the Bessemer Ditch and Irrigation Company. The Excelsior Ditch Company and Rocky Ford High Line Ditch Company joined with the grantors conveying the property. There is no consideration named in the deed, but it is known to be in excess of the market price. It is said that the deal is made in behalf of the American Beet Sugar Company, so as to assure the company a sufficient crop of beets to maintain the several factories built and to be built. The negotiations have been in progress about three months and a large part of the purchase price has already been paid. It is known that the deal amounts to more than \$200,000.

Those who appeared as grantors of deeds filed today are E. M. Saunders, John Ross, L. A. Wurts, John Gill, Elizabeth A. L. Price appears as trustee for the estate of George M. Chittcott and Sterling Crawford.

Port Arthur Doomed.

Chefoo, Nov. 4.—Port Arthur is doomed. The correspondent of the Associated Press here has received information, the reliability of which is beyond question, that the Japanese now occupy positions which place the east side of the town at their mercy. The last assault has gained for them positions which insure their ability to enter the main forts whenever they are ready. Terrible explosions here indicate that the Russians have exploded mines and destroyed other property.

The Japanese calculate that if the Russians do not surrender now they will be capable of prolonging the fighting by making their final stand at Essoi promontory and Tiger's Tail for a month longer, with the hope of continuing the struggle. Long before the second Pacific squadron arrives in the Pacific the Japanese flag is now believed will wave over the wrecked citadel.

General Stopped Wounded.

London, Nov. 4.—A dispatch to a news agency from St. Petersburg says Lieutenant General Stoenoff, commander of the Russian troops at Port Arthur, is reported to be wounded in the leg.

PRELIMINARY PORT ARTHUR'S FALL.

Fierce Attack Has Lasted Six Days.—General Important Positions Captured.—Russian Ships Destroyed.

Tokio, Nov. 2.—Imperial headquarters tonight published reports covering the operations against Port Arthur during August, September and October. The chief interest centers in the tremendous attack begun October 26th and still continuing. Hundreds of Japanese guns began battering against the northerly and easterly forts October 26th, the infantry moving forward with desperate rushes where the artillery had prepared the way, while the pioneers and sappers were running mines against the Russian forts.

The reports record a series of desperate encounters at close range and tell a dramatic story, saying: "From 8:30 a. m., October 26th, the forts on Sungshu and Rihlung mountains, the eastern group of forts on Keekwan mountain, and a fort lying to the north of the latter were bombarded with our siege guns and naval ordnance, and 250 shells took effect.

"The naval guns directed against the Sungshu and Rihlung forts sent many effective shells. The parapet of Rihlung mountain fort was demolished, and openings were made in the fort. Several portions of the cover were destroyed.

"Two of the most important covers of Sungshu mountain fort were destroyed by our shells. One 15-centimeter gun was dismounted and another damaged. One gun on the northern fort of East Keekwan mountain was destroyed.

"A large mine exploded on the slope of Rihlung mountain, but none of our men was killed thereby. "The enemy holding Sungshu and Rihlung mountains, under the protection of a shell fire, undertook several night attacks, but all of them were repulsed.

"October 27th the bombardment with our siege guns was continued and the fire of our naval guns was directed against Sungshu, Itz, Anshu, Paifu and Rihlung mountains and also against the dock yard and the warships.

"October 28th the bombardment with heavy and other siege guns was continued, and its effect was good. "A conflagration occurred in the old city and a second conflagration was observed in a factory at the northeast base of Golden hill, which lasted for three hours.

"October 29th the bombardment was continued with an increased number of shells. The same morning at dawn one hundred of the enemy assaulted our line extending toward Rihlung fort, but were repulsed with heavy loss.

"Simultaneously a similar force of the enemy assaulted our mine projected against Sungshu mountain. Our men bravely withstood the attack, but were forced to lose a portion of the mine, which, however, was regained in the afternoon.

"A mine directed against Rihlung mountain fort reached the outer limit of the fort last night. A portion of the outer limit of the fort was blown up.

"Against the outer casemate of the eastern point of the fort lying north of east Keekwan mountain dynamite was applied twice last night, causing wide openings and killing several of the enemy inside.

"Our bombardment is proving increasingly effective. A number of shells from our heavy guns are taking effect.

"Five Russian ships which were being used in clearing mines were also bombarded. Three of them were heavily damaged and the other two were set on fire."

FIGHT WITH ROBBERS.

Cashier Middaugh Killed While Defending Bank at Cody, Wyo.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 2.—Two unknown bandits made an unsuccessful attempt to rob the First National bank of Cody City between 3 and 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. In the fighting between the robbers and the bank officials Cashier I. O. Middaugh was instantly killed.

The robbers, who had been seen in the vicinity of Cody for several days, rode up to the bank, dismounted and entered the front door. Cashier Middaugh and Assistant Cashier Henkle and Dr. E. Howe were the only occupants of the place at the time.

They were commanded to throw up their hands, but instead of complying they opened fire with sixshooters. The robbers were taken by surprise and backed toward the door, firing their sixshooters as they went. Middaugh and his assistant emptied their guns and secured more ammunition. Middaugh ran out to give the alarm, but one of the outlaws ran around the building and intercepted him. The two fought a duel and Middaugh, with a bullet in his breast, ran across the street and fell dead.

The battle aroused many citizens and in a few minutes a score of men were in the street with guns. The robbers mounted their horses and as they rode down the street hid out on to the prairie, kept up a running battle with excited citizens. Deputy Sheriff Chapman and a large posse was soon in pursuit.

About ten minutes after the robbers and their pursuers left town heavy firing was heard in a field north of the city, but no one was injured in the chase.

The robbers were overtaken four miles southwest of Cody, where a pitched battle was fought. One of the outlaws was shot from his horse, but was not seriously wounded and remained. Both escaped and headed toward Meeteetse. Deputy Sheriff Chapman's horse was killed and other mounts were wounded.

companies adopt a standard method of computing prospective ages of risks. To ascertain how many years a person of given age is ordinarily expected to live, the present age is deducted from eighty, and two-thirds of the remainder will indicate the likely future span of life. Actuarial schedules are a unit in this system of calculation. In illustration of the above statement: Age twenty, deducted from eighty years, shows that forty twelvemonths are the allotment, while age sixty from eighty, leaving balance of twenty, represents that thirteen years and three months should, in favorable routine, elapse before the insured individual's life is classified in the past tense column. Thus it will be observed that insurance corporations go the Biblical allowance of "threescore and ten" ten years better.—New York Press.

A man has to be terribly wicked to live up to the reputation he gets in politics.

TEA

Schilling's Best is a Challenge: almost nobody takes the money, almost nobody takes the money.

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like Schilling's Best.

Horses may become extinct, but the donkey will remain with us until society has ceased to be.

"Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy cured me of Bright's Disease and Gravel. Able physicians failed." Mrs. E. P. Lutzer, Burghill, O. \$1.00 a bottle.

When a girl sets her cap she might just as well set it for a capitalist.

Wiggle Stick. WASH BLUE. Costs 10 cents and equals 20 cents worth of any other kind of bluing. Won't Freeze, Spill, Break. Nor Spot Clothes. DIRECTIONS FOR USE. Wiggle Stick around in the water. At all wise Grocers.

"Is Count Fucash engaged to your daughter?" "No," answered Mr. Cumrox, "he isn't exactly engaged. But she has an option upon him."

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 80,000 testimonials. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Lefton, N. Y.

A man educates himself to get the better of men, and a woman can do it without any education.

Lewis' "Single Binder" straight cigar, made of extra quality tobacco. You pay 10c for cigars not so good. Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Turn about's fair play, methinks. For instance, when Men set up the drinks, the drinks Upset the men.



Young women may avoid much sickness and pain, says Miss Alma Pratt, if they will only have faith in the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to tell all young women how much Lydia E. Pinkham's wonderful Vegetable Compound has done for me. I was completely run down, unable to attend school, and did not care for any kind of society, but now I feel like a new person, and have gained seven pounds of flesh in three months. "I recommend it to all young women who suffer from female weakness."—Miss ALMA PRATT, Holly, Mich.

FREE MEDICAL ADVICE TO YOUNG GIRLS.

All young girls at this period of life are earnestly invited to write Mrs. Pinkham for advice; she has guided in a motherly way hundreds of young women; her advice is freely and cheerfully given, and her address is Lynn, Mass.

Judging from the letters she is receiving from so many young girls Mrs. Pinkham believes that our girls are often pushed altogether too near the limit of their endurance nowadays in our public schools and seminaries. Nothing is allowed to interfere with studies, the girl must be pushed to the front and graduated with honor; often physical collapse follows, and it takes years to recover the lost vitality,—often it is never recovered.

A Young Chicago Girl Saved from Despair.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to thank you for the help and benefit I have received through the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills. When I was about seventeen years old I suddenly seemed to lose my usual good health and vitality. Father said I studied too hard, but the doctor thought I differed and prescribed tonics, which I took by the quart without relief. Reading one day in the paper of Mrs. Pinkham's great cures, and finding the symptoms described answered mine, I decided I would give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. I did not say a word to the doctor; I bought it myself, and took it according to directions regularly for two months, and I found that I gradually improved, and that all pains left me, and I was my old self once more."—LILLIAN E. SIMONIAN, 17 E. 22d St., Chicago, Ill.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the one sure remedy to be relied upon as this important period in a young girl's life. Write it she can go on with courage and safety the work she must accomplish, and fortify her physical well being so that her future life may be insured against sickness and suffering.

\$5000 REWARD if we cannot furnish you the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Percheron and Shire Stallions. When you go to buy a horse stop at Lincoln, Neb., and see Watson, Woods Bros. & Kelley's Percheron and Shire Fifty Head on Hand! MENTION THIS PAPER WHEN WRITING. WATSON, WOODS BROS. & KELLEY, Lincoln, Neb. Beggs' Cherry Cough Syrup. Thompson's Eye Water.



wife of C. B. Fane, a prominent resident of Glasgow, Ky., says: "I was suffering from a complication of kidney troubles. Besides a bad back, I had a great deal of trouble with the secretions, which were exceedingly variable, sometimes excessive and at other times scanty. The color was high, and passages were accompanied by a scalding sensation. Doan's Kidney Pills soon regulated the kidney secretions, making their color normal, and banished the inflammation which caused the scalding sensation. I can rest well, my back is strong and sound, and I feel much better in every way."

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents per box. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Farm Land in Indian Territory.

The available farm land in Indian Territory is estimated at 15,000,000 acres. These figures are taken from the records of the Dawes commission. Of this fifteen per cent. was in cultivation last year. There are about 2,000,000 acres of land where pine is found in commercial quantities and there is an abundance of hard woods of all kinds. The latest statistics obtainable give the value of farm animals at \$55,000,000. The per cent. of the population engaged in agriculture is exceeded in only three states—Mississippi, Oklahoma and Arkansas.

Soup From Leather.

Rawhide, or even leather, if boiled for hours, will make a nutritious soup. Many a man has bridged the awful gap by boiling his boots, whence the phrase to express the final extreme, "I'll eat my boots first." According to a story going the rounds of the press, Mark Twain was once put to this final resort, and recorded afterward that "the holes tasted the best."

'STOMACH ON FIRE

ONLY A SKELETON CROUCHING BY A STOVE.

Mrs. Doherty has an Extraordinary Experience and Undergoes a Marvelous Change.

Mrs. E. Doherty, of No. 115 Coates street, Moberly, Mo., is today a picture of robust health, and yet five years ago, she barely escaped death from progressive emaciation. To a reporter she told the following story:

"In 1897 I began to have distressing attacks of indigestion that continued for two years. My stomach was constantly sore and burned as if it was on fire. It became finally so delicate that it would not retain even plain water. My inability to take food reduced my weight to ninety-eight pounds, and faintness and dizziness kept me in bed most of the time. I was really starving to death and besides I was extremely nervous. The doctor was perplexed. He gave me tonics which did me no good, and prescribed exercise which I was too weak to attempt.

"One day when I was so faint and chilled that I could do nothing but crouch down on the floor by the fire, my father brought me a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I found on trial that they would stay on my stomach unlike everything else. I really felt better after three doses and I kept on using them. Food began to taste well and to stay down. The pain and the burning in the pit of my stomach lessened and at last went away altogether. My weight began to increase until it reached 165 pounds and my neighbors, who were convinced that I was wasting to death before, were astonished at the change. I resumed my housework and have hardly had occasion to call a doctor since. I have recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to several friends, and I say to the pale, thin ones particularly, if you want to get strong and well take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People."

These pills cure stomach trouble by their tonic action, building up the digestive organs and enabling them to do the work that nature intended them to do. They are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, fifty cents a box or six boxes for two dollars and a half, by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. A diet book giving useful information will be sent free on request.

Bride or Wife?

The important question, when does a bride cease to be a bride? is decided by the London Queen, which says she becomes a wife at the expiration of six weeks after the wedding.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASCORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Ayer* Is Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Children who say smart things soon grow up and are lost in the shuffle.

TEA

There is such a thing in the world as tea-toper, slave of the cup; one can hardly imagine it.

Ex-Governor George K. Nash of Ohio died suddenly at Columbus October 28th of heart failure.

The president has issued a proclamation appointing Thursday, November 24th, as Thanksgiving Day.

A telegram from John H. Fessler, consul at Amoy, China, states that the consulate has been burned, with most of the records.

Baron Sternberg, the German ambassador, expects to sail about November 22d for a few weeks' visit at his home in Saxony.

The supreme council for the United States, Scottish Rite Masonry, has elected M. W. Bayless, Washington, D. C., sovereign grand commander.

The attendance at the World's Fair in St. Louis for the week ending October 29th was 749,368, and the total attendance up to that date 15,933,925.

Colonel A. M. Flagg, who until a few weeks ago was editor of the Duluth News-Tribune, committed suicide at Duluth November 1st by drowning.

Secretary Hay's note to the powers inviting them to convene in conference at The Hague has been cordially received by the diplomatic corps at Washington.

The secretary of the Merchants' Exchange at San Francisco estimates the present population of California at 1,756,000, an increase of 300,000 since the census of 1900.

The British naval force now at Gibraltar is composed of fourteen battleships, thirteen first-class armored and other cruisers and a strong flotilla of torpedo boat destroyers.

The Louisiana Purchase Exposition Company on the 31st ult. reduced the balance due upon the United States government loan of \$4,600,000 to \$191,851 by depositing \$500,000.

In a cock-crowing contest at Paris, for which hundreds of roosters had been trained in all parts of France, a little bantam won the prize by crowing thirty-two times in half an hour.

The army general staff has decided to dispatch American army surgeons as attaches to the Japanese and Russian armies operating in the Far East, providing the consent of the authorities can be secured.

The trotting record of Maud S., a mile in 2:08 1/2, was beaten with the same kind of a vehicle, a high-wheel sulky, by the trotting champion, Major Delmar, at Memphis, October 26th, the time being 2:07 flat.

The remains of former President Kruger of the Transvaal republic, who died in July last, were removed from the cemetery at The Hague October 31st and taken to Rotterdam for conveyance to South Africa.

Many cotton mills in the Eastern states that have been shut down on account of dull trade are resuming operations. At Augusta, Maine, 1,300 operatives went to work at a ten per cent. reduction in wages.

According to the September report of the Santa Fe, the road is in a prosperous condition. The gross earnings were \$6,156,340, an increase of \$285,039. The net earnings were \$2,598,152, an increase of \$109,039.

The Trans-Mississippi Congress at St. Louis recommended the appointment of a special committee by Congress to investigate the arbitration laws of New Zealand and other countries which may have such laws.

Great discontent is reported in Colombia. Apparently President Reyes with his political enemies in the majority in both houses of Congress, cannot control the situation. Paper currency is being issued in unlimited amount.

The Supreme Court has decided, after six years of litigation, that the famous Lopez ranch of Tamaucaics rightfully belongs not to Lopez, but to J. O. Brittonson. The value of the property is \$3,500,000. Brittonson bought the ranch in 1898.

M. Santos-Dumont says he hopes in a few weeks to be ready to take an eight-day cruise in the air. The new airship he has had constructed is larger than he has hitherto used. It has sleeping accommodations for two persons, four motors and a boiling apparatus.

According to a financial statement issued November 1st by the World's Fair Company, covering a period from the opening, April 30, to October 1, there was a balance in the treasury at the latter date of \$841,254. The total receipts were \$22,673,721 and the total disbursements \$21,832,468.

France and the United States expect to begin the negotiation of an arbitration treaty at Washington soon after the elections. The treaty will be known as the Hay-Jusserand arbitration treaty, and, according to the present program, will follow closely the lines of the British-French arbitration treaty.

Advices have reached the insular bureau at Washington that by legislation contained in one of the appropriation bills recently passed at Manila, the strength of the Philippine constabulary has been reduced at one stroke by 1,200 men. The reduction will take effect at the beginning of the next fiscal year, leaving the strength of the force at 6,000 men.

The United States Supreme Court has ordered a re-argument in the case of the Creede & Cripple Creek Mining and Milling Company, against the Uinta Tunnel, Mining and Transportation Company, involving the Little Mary and Ocean Wave lode claims, in the Cripple Creek district. The case is set for argument January 3d.

In a sermon at Hartford, Connecticut, a few days ago, Bishop McCabe of the Methodist church said: "I do not want wars and I do not like them, but there is just one war I would like to live to see. I would like to see the United States and the British government form an alliance and make Turkey stop her Armenian murders."

The monthly comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures shows that for the month of October, 1904, the total receipts were \$48,890,808, an increase as compared with October, 1903, of \$2,027,399. The expenditures for last month were \$52,948,122, an increase as compared with October, 1903, of \$1,032,644. The deficit last month, therefore, was \$3,957,314, as against a deficit of \$1,947,245 for the corresponding month last year.

Rapidly coming into use near large Eastern Cities.

"Electricity is proving to be of immense benefit to suburban dwellers and railroads are electrifying their lines for this travel. I am not surprised that the Colorado & Southern proposes to electrify part of its system," said Geo. B. Beard, an electrician of New York, at the Brown Palace hotel yesterday, says the Denver Republican.

"The Erie will electrify its lines in New Jersey for about sixty miles of track, and it will connect with the new tunnel under the Hudson river between Jersey City and Manhattan. This means that the Erie will be enabled to handle double the number of passengers it now does and also that these thousands of people daily can be handled much easier and more rapidly than by steam. Several other important eastern roads are to electrify their lines out of the big cities, and I believe that in a few years there will be no steam used for suburban travel.

"Indianapolis and Cleveland have demonstrated what can be done by electric lines, and the constant improvements being made insure the future of electric lines for passenger travel. I do not think that electricity will ever play a very important part in freight traffic. In handling freight a large number of loaded cars makes the profit, and therefore steam is necessary, and I doubt if electricity ever cuts such a figure on long distances."

Cured Her Rheumatism.

Deep Valley, Pa., Oct. 31.—(Special.)—There is deep interest in Green county over the cure of the little daughter of L. N. Whipkey of Rheumatism. She was a great sufferer for five or six years and nothing seemed to do her any good till she tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. She began to improve almost at once and now she is cured and can run and play as other children do. Mr. Whipkey says:

"I am indeed thankful for what Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for my daughter; they saved her from being a cripple perhaps for life."

Dodd's Kidney Pills have proved that Rheumatism is one of the results of diseased Kidneys. Rheumatism is caused by Uric Acid in the blood. If the Kidneys are right there can be no Uric Acid in the blood and consequently no Rheumatism. Dodd's Kidney Pills make the Kidneys right.

The more ciphers attached to the widow's mite, the more men sigh for it.

TEA

Is there anything good that isn't advanced by good tea? Is there anything bad that isn't kept down by good tea?

South Africa Slang.

South Africans have their own characteristic colloquialisms and slang, and as a result of their surroundings frequently use Kaffir and Dutch words that render their conversation puzzling to a "new chum." For example, the variety of meanings attached to the word "Ikona" (the first Kaffir word Tommy Atkins learns in that country) which may signify "haven't got," and, inversely, "I want," or "not to be caught," proves an early stumbling block. But it is with the ordinary slang that it is proposed to deal.

In the first place the colonial loves to draw, particularly in describing anything. "Man! It's such a le-ette thing," he will say. Or "Man! we want r-i-i-ght over there." He addresses man, woman or child as "Man." It may be observed, Nobody ever steals (unless the police catch him), he only "jumps" the article, or, since the war, "commandeers" it. As in America, all shows are "stores," while public houses become "canteens," a la millaire. Having entered the canteen, he will have either a "shandy" of beer and lemonade (the staple drink of the colonial), a "long" or a "pony" beer. Should he go on a spree, he is only "having a birthday." With his "skoff" or food, he prefers tea to anything else, the water being doubtful in "most places.—Tit-Bits.

"I ain't got no objections at all to do man what assumes to be superior," said Uncle Eben, "provided he makes an honest effort to live up to his own representations."

BY PROXY.

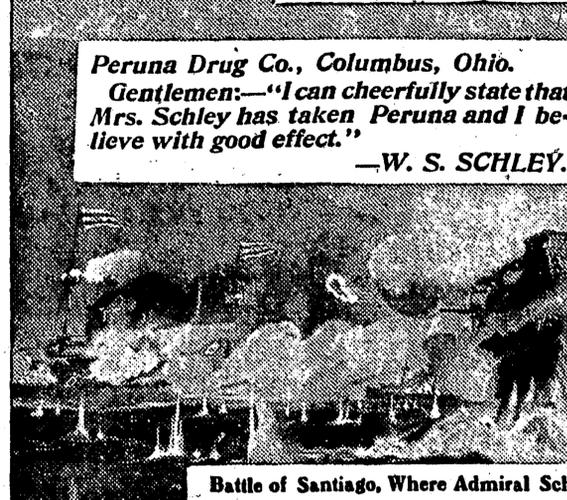
What the Baby Needed.

I suffered from nervousness and headache until one day about a year ago it suddenly occurred to me what a great coffee drinker I was and I thought may be this might have something to do with my trouble, so I shifted to tea for awhile but was not better, if anything worse. "At that time I had a baby over months old that we had to feed on a bottle, until an old lady friend told me to try Postum Food Coffee. Three months ago I commenced using Postum, leaving off the tea and coffee, and not only have my headaches and nervous troubles entirely disappeared, but since then I have been giving plenty of nurse for my baby, and have a large, healthy child now.

"I have no desire to drink anything but Postum and know it has benefited my children, and I hope all who have children will try Postum and find out for themselves what a really wonderful food drink it is." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Both tea and coffee contain quantities of a poisonous drug called Caffeine that directly affects the heart, kidneys, stomach and nerves. Postum is made from cereals only, scientifically blended to get the coffee flavor. Ten days trial of Postum in place of tea or coffee will show a health secret worth more than a gold mine. There's a reason. Get the book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

Admiral Schley Uses Pe-ru-na



Battle of Santiago, Where Admiral Schley Made History.

ONE of the greatest naval battles in the world was the Fight Off Santiago. Never since the dispersion of the Spanish Armada has there been more of a GREAT NAVAL BATTLE.

ing victory in the onward march of civilization than in the notable event of July 23, 1898, in which the great hero, Admiral Schley, took a leading part. It was a great naval battle. Without a moment's warning it began. Quick decision, undaunted courage, excellent discipline, resolute self-confidence—these combined in Admiral Schley to produce that dash and daring so characteristic of the American soldier.

A man must think quickly in these days. There is no time for slow action. New enterprises arise in an hour. Old ones pass away in a moment. A multitude of great themes clamor for notice. A man must take sides for or against by intuition, rather than logical deduction.

One day this fighting admiral, Schley, happened to be in company with other w o r e on various topics of popular interest. The subject of Peruna was

He—I wish I had money enough to travel; I wouldn't be here. She—Wouldn't that be delightful? Ask Your Druggist for Allen's Foot-Ease. "I tried ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE recently, and have just bought another supply. It has cured my corns, and the hot, burning and itching sensation in my feet which was almost unbearable, and I would not be without it now.—Mrs. W. J. Walker, Candor, N. J." Sold by all Druggists, 25c.

"I am told that Bilks is a bad egg." "Yes, and the worst of it is that he's broke."

TEA

Good tea is better than poor coffee, and costs less money.

Go by the book. Write for our Knowledge Book, A. Schilling & Company, San Francisco.

The New Jersey man who has not been able to get any sleep in twenty years should move or buy some bug poison.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, it has a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by a catch, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Does anybody know, Can anybody say, Who doctored the rabbit's tail, In such a funny way.

Pilo's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. ENDALST, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

The politics of many an orator depends on the party offering the highest price for his head.

Write MURINE EYE REMEDY Co., Chicago, if your eyes are sore or inflamed, and get oculist's advice and free sample MURINE. It cures all eye-ills.

An orator is willing to raise his voice if his audience will raise the cash.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 30c a bottle.

Love is never satisfied until it gets both arms full. Some flat buildings are owned by sharps—so the tenants think.

TEA

There's a difference in advertisements. Also in tea.

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like the scolding a best.

"Why," asked the fat policeman, "do you say the prisoner is a married man?" "Because," replied the great detective, "he is wearing safety pins instead of suspender buttons."

FREE BOOK FOR MEN Who are in need of medical aid. Address R. B. Emmet, 208 Nassau block, Denver.

Of course there are exceptions, but when a girl's shoestrings are dragging she's untied-y.

In His Home.



Battle of Santiago, Where Admiral Schley Made History.

perished,—its popularity as a catarrh remedy, its national importance, its extensive use.

One asked his opinion. Without a moment's hesitation, he said: "I can cheerfully say that Mrs. Schley has taken Peruna and I believe with good effect."

Like the Battle of Santiago, the thought was sprung upon him without any warning, and he disposed of it with the same vim and decision as he did with the Spanish fleet led by the ill-fated Viscaya.

His words concerning Peruna have gone out into the world to be repeated by a thousand tongues, because he has said them.

Like the news of his victory over Cervern, his words concerning will be by the and passed from mouth to mouth, across oceans and continents.

Except for an in-born manly independence, in a country of free speech, these words never would have been uttered by an officer in such a notable position as that of Admiral Schley. Except for a world-wide notoriety and popularity, such as Peruna enjoys, no remedy could ever have received such outspoken public endorsement by such a man.

ADMIRAL'S WORDS CARRY WEIGHT.

Peruna caught up multitudes of admirals.

ADMIRAL'S OPINION OF PE-RU-NA.

Peruna caught up multitudes of admirals.

THE FISH BRAND SLICKER A VALUED FRIEND

"A good many years ago I bought a FISH BRAND Slicker, and it has proven a valued friend for many a stormy day, but now it is getting old and I must have another. Please send me a price-list."

(The name of this worthy doctor, obliged to be out in all sorts of weather, will be given on application.)

A. J. TOWER CO. TOWERS
Boston, U. S. A.

TOWER CANADIAN COMPANY, Limited
Toronto, Canada

Wet Weather Clothing, Suits, and Hats for all kinds of wet work or sport.

Denver Directory

STOVE REPAIRERS of every known make of stove, furnace or range, Geo. A. Patten, 1331 Lawrence St. Denver. Phone 727.

Oxford Hotel

Denver One block from Union Depot. Free breakfast. J. H. Morse, Mgr.

The Colorado Tent & Awning Co.

Lawn Swings, Camp Furniture, Large Cotton Duck House in the West. Write for illustrated catalogue. Denver, Colo.

CENTRAL Business College

Established 1882. Largest and most progressive in Colorado. Courses: Short-hand, Bookkeeping, Typewriting, and all the latest and descriptive catalog free. Cash over \$500 on the products of this college. Free. 301 Enterprise Bldg., Denver, Colo.

DENVER BEST LAUNDRY SOAP

Write for price and for our new Premium list. The Greyville Soap Mfg. Co., Denver.

A-B SOAP

Contains Pure Naphtha.

Strawberry and Vegetable Dealers

The Passenger Department of the Illinois Central Railroad Company have recently issued a publication known as Circular No. 12, in which is described the best territory in this country for the growing of early strawberries and early vegetables. Every dealer in such produce should address a postal card to the undersigned at Dubuque, Iowa, requesting a copy of "Circular No. 12."

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

For Sprains and Strains

FOR Burns and Scalds

FOR Cuts and Bruises

Mexican Mustang Liniment

WE WANT YOUR NAME and will send you prospectus SUCCESSFUL GOLD, SILVER, COPPER, LEAD, ZINC AND QUICKSILVER Mining Companies, if you will send us your name and address. Mining Maps Free. ARBUCKLE-GOODE COMMISSION CO., 325 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo.

St. Jacobs Oil

Known the world over as the promptest, surest cure for **Rheumatism and Neuralgia**



Fall Suits!

See the very attractive line of Fall and Winter Samples, of E. V. Price & Co., Chicago, we are showing this season. Over 500 samples to select from.

Suits to Order from \$14 up.
Pants to Order from \$4 up.

We also have a full stock of Ready-made CLOTHING which we are closing out at very low prices.

ZEIGLER BROTHERS.

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.

THREE-BUTTON DOUBLE-BREADED SAUK SUIT.

WANTED:—Hides, Sheep Pelts, Wool and Goat skins. We will pay the highest market price for the same.

Albert Zeigler will leave Saturday of this week for Trinidad to visit his family who took up their residence there several months ago.

The friends of Mrs. E. W. Parker will learn with much regret that she has been very low with typhoid fever, at her home in Pan Yan, New York. At last accounts she was slightly on the mend.

S. C. Wiener and George Queen have gone to Lincoln together, the former to be in readings next Monday to canvass the vote cast at the last election, and the latter to sit down, for the first time, in the county seat.

The first installment of the "beautiful" began to arrive this Thursday—morning, and the feathery mist is still veiling the brown landscape with a mantle of white about four ply and an inch thick at this writing.

E. H. Talbert, the Jicarilla merchant, came in Wednesday for grain and other supplies on which he was running low. He reports a fair amount of business doing and considerable assessment work being done in that camp.

Roy Trent has returned to the parental roof after several months wandering the wide world over, but confined principally to Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas. He now wears his best suit of clothes and a proud smile like a fellow on a visit, but if the truth were told he is glad to get back and will probably remain at home during the winter at least.

John Gullacher started to Roswell Friday morning to bring up a large drove of sheep, lately purchased on the Folix. He will locate them, for the present, near the lake, about four miles northwest of White Oaks. Every one will wish John success in this new business venture, and he has the pluck and energy to win it if any young man can.

Winter Underwear. Come to us for your winter underwear. We have a nice line of reliable goods just received from the eastern markets and at bottom prices.

We have just received a large shipment of shoes from the Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis. These are good shoes and we are selling them very cheap.

Col. George W. Prichard returned last Sunday evening after a round of campaigning with Senator Andrews and party. The Colonel has made for himself quite a name as a public speaker, judging from the attention he has received from the democratic papers in the towns he has visited on the trip. He seems to have demoralized them about as badly as a Japanese field battery does a detachment of Russian cavalry.

Mayfield Hunt, the Carrizozo merchant, will start for California in a few days to look up a desirable business location in the Sun-down state, on the shores of the great salt sea. His family, now on a visit with relatives and friends in Iowa, will join him later. Mr. Hunt has been very successfully conducting the company store at Carrizozo for several years past and his friends will regret to see him leave for a locality which is always in leaf.

The wind has whispered it in the bows of the pinon trees that two of White Oaks most estimable young people will soon ask some justice of the peace or clergyman to hook them up in double harness for life's rocky road. But don't sit out on the fence these cold nights trying to catch this "still, small voice," until you get the chills, in order to learn particulars. Better stay inside and hug the parlor stove, or one another in the dim, uncertain light, as the parties most interested are doing, and wait.

Advertised Letter List. The following is a list of unclaimed letters lying in the post office at White Oaks, New Mexico, for the month ending Oct. 31, which if not called for in thirty days will be sent to the dead letter office at Washington, D. C.:

Sonor Trinidad Martoney. Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say advertised. JOHN A. BROWN, Postmaster.

The very latest, just before going to press, is that Missouri has given her electoral vote to Roosevelt. Now let Kentucky rise up and make the vote unanimous.

Societies.

K. of P.

Baxter Lodge No. 9, K. of P. Regular meetings Thursday evenings of each week, at the K. of P. Hall. Visiting Knights are always welcome.

JOSEPH SPENCER, C. C. A. H. HUBBARD, K. of R. and S.

I. O. O. F.

Golden Rule Lodge No. 16, I. O. O. F., meets at Pythian Hall, Tuesday nights.

CHARLES SPENCER, N. G. J. C. KLEPINGER, Secretary.

G. A. R.

Kearney Post No. 10, Department of New Mexico. Meetings first Monday of each month. Comrades from other posts always given the glad hand and salute returned.

J. H. DRIGNER, Post Com. L. H. RUDISILL, Adj't.

This week's issue was held back on account of election returns which were unusually late reaching this place.

Strayed or Stolen.

One sorrel horse branded thus: "E. K." on left thigh. One blue mule branded thus: A circle with "A. V. A." in center. I will pay a liberal reward to any one giving information as to the described property or \$50.00 for the arrest and conviction of parties found with this stock.

G. W. BARRETT, August, N. M.

Notice for Publication.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., Nov. 5, 1901. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the U. S. Commissioner at his office in Lincoln, New Mexico, on December 20, 1901. Viz: PHILIP H. BLANCHARD, upon Homestead Application No. 129, for the NW 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 14, T. 7 S., R. 14 E.

Notice for Publication.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., Nov. 2, 1901. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the U. S. Commissioner at his office in Lincoln, New Mexico, on November 20, 1901. Viz: WILLIAM E. BLANCHARD, upon Homestead Application No. 129, for the NW 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 14, T. 7 S., R. 14 E.

Notice for Publication.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., Oct. 10, 1901. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the U. S. Commissioner at his office in Lincoln, New Mexico, on November 20, 1901. Viz: WILLIAM E. BLANCHARD, upon Homestead Application No. 129, for the NW 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 14, T. 7 S., R. 14 E.

Mineral Application No. 20.

U. S. Land Office, Roswell, New Mexico, September 15, 1901. Notice is hereby given that M. G. Paden, George W. Prichard and A. H. Hubbard whose names are

claim bearing gold, situated in the Jicarilla Mining District, Lincoln county, New Mexico, and described by the field notes and plat on file in this office, as mineral survey No. 1135, in T. 5 S. R. 12 E., unsurveyed, said survey No. 1135, being described as follows:

TRACT A.

Beginning at Cor No 1, a porphyry stone 24x12x6, set 12 inches in the ground with mound of stone chiseled 1-1135 and 5-1135. Whence the 1 cor on the S side of sec 34, bears S 1 deg E. 932.3 ft. No other bearings available. Thence N 89 deg 4 min W Va 12 deg 41 min E 411.5 ft to corner No 2 Thence N 47 deg 39 min E Va 12 deg 10 min E 421.7 ft to cor No 3. Thence N 20 deg 26 min E Va 12 deg 36 min E 678.3 ft to cor No 4. Thence S 29 deg 58 min E Va 12 deg 27 min E 497.8 ft to cor No 5. Thence S 20 deg 27 min W Va 13 deg 42 min E 215 ft to cor No 6. Thence S 46 deg 37 min W Va 13 deg 27 min E 427.8 ft to cor No 1. the place of beginning. This tract is segregated from the balance of the location by M. S. 1145, Zulu Lode. Area 6,670 acres.

TRACT B.

Beginning at cor No 7 on line 2-3 of M S 1145, Zulu lode, at No 51 deg 15 min E (given in the field notes of survey as N 50 deg 55 min E), 193.6 ft from cor No 2, a granite stone 24x11x8 inches set 12 inches in the ground, with mound of stone chiseled 7-1135. Whence cor No 4 of tract A of this claim, bears S 4 deg 27 min W 322.2 ft. Thence N 6 deg 27 min E Va 12 deg 20 min E 1187.7 ft to cor No 8. Thence N 20 deg 19 min E Va 13 deg 35 min E 621.3 ft to cor No 9. Thence N 1 deg 5 min W Va 12 deg 44 min E 1616.1 ft to cor No 10. Thence N 10 deg 57 min E Va 11 deg 53 min E 582.3 ft to cor No 11. Thence N 43 deg 57 min E Va 12 deg 27 min E 559.2 ft to cor No 12. Thence N 52 deg 13 min E Va 12 deg 22 min E 530.3 ft to cor No 13. Thence N 57 deg 20 min E Va 12 deg 28 min E 771.7 ft to cor No 14. Thence S 81 deg 20 min E Va 12 deg 37 min E 618.7 ft to cor No 15. Thence N 28 deg 36 min E Va 12 deg 55 min E 771.7 ft to cor No 16. Thence N 1 deg 26 min E Va 12 deg 58 min E 533.8 ft to cor No 17. Thence N 53 deg 32 min E Va 12 deg 36 min E 1503.7 ft to cor No 18. Thence N 65 deg 13 min E Va 11 deg 58 min E 1119.9 ft to cor No 19. Thence N 3 deg 21 min E Va 12 deg 7 min E 1001.7 ft to cor No 20. Thence N 24 deg 9 min W Va 12 deg E 682.3 ft to cor No 21. Thence N 20 deg 24 min E Va 12 deg 13 min E 639.6 ft to cor No 23. Thence N 5 deg 36 min E Va 12 deg 35 min E 1238.3 ft to cor No 23.

Thence S 89 deg 34 min E Va 12 deg 19 min E 412.5 ft to cor No 24. Thence S 9 deg 11 min W Va 12 deg 25 min E 1518.7 ft to cor No 25. Thence S 16 deg W Va 12 deg 13 min E 371.2 ft to cor No 26. Thence S 10 deg 7 min E Va 12 deg 45 min E 1117.5 ft to cor No 27. Thence S 3 deg 41 min W Va 12 deg 9 min E 640.8 ft to cor No 28. Thence S 62 deg 14 min W Va 12 deg 14 min E 1233.0 ft to cor No 29. Thence S 55 deg 40 min W Va 12 deg 54 min E 1338.4 ft to cor No 30. Thence S 1 deg 37 min E Va 13 deg 5 min E 435.5 ft to cor No 31. Thence S 28 deg 38 min W Va 13 deg 5 min E 768.5 ft to cor No 32. Thence S 75 deg 28 min W Va 13 deg 13 min E 1002.8 ft to cor No 33. Thence S 53 deg 10 min W Va 12 deg 27 min E 614.2 ft to cor No 34. Thence S 58 deg 3 min W Va 12 deg 24 min E 318.6 ft to cor No 35. Thence S 53 deg 55 min W Va 12 deg 39 min E 392.3 ft to cor No 36. Thence S 10 deg 51 min W Va 12 deg 35 min E 580.7 ft to cor No 37. Thence S 60 deg 50 min E Va 12 deg E 1604.4 ft to cor No 38, in an arroyo, course NW. Thence S 20 deg 18 min W Va 12 deg 30 min E 621.3 ft to cor No 39. Thence S 6 deg 37 min W Va 12 deg 15 min E 1121.2 ft to cor No 40. On line 3-4 or M S 1145, Zulu lode Thence N 29 deg 50 min W Va 11 deg 50 min E 203.3 ft to cor No 41. Thence S 51 deg 15 min W Va 12 deg 47 min E 398.7 ft to cor No 7, the place of beginning. Area Tract A 6,670 acres. Tract B 116-

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On the south are "South Ancho Placer, Paden and Prichard claimants, M S 1145 Zulu lode, Peters and Price claimants, segregates this claim into tracts A and B. On the east El Oro, East Ancho, Paisano and Pino Verde, placer claims unsurveyed, American Placer Company et al claimants. On the north North Ancho Placer, unsurveyed, American Placer Company et al claimants. On the west the Conservative Placer, unsurveyed, G. C. Hopkins et al claimants. The Villa del Lobo, East Rico and South Rico Placers, unsurveyed, American Placer Company et al claimants.

Any and all persons claiming adversely, any portion of said surface ground, are required to file their adverse claims with the Register of the United States Land office, at Roswell, in the Territory of New Mexico, during the sixty days, the period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the

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Vega Blanca	9 00 a. m.	Vega Blanca	4 15 p. m.
Kennedy	9 25 a. m.	Kennedy	3 50 p. m.
Clark	9 45 a. m.	Clark	3 30 p. m.
Stanley	10 25 a. m.	Stanley	3 20 p. m.
Murlarty	11 00 a. m.	Murlarty	2 55 p. m.
McIntosh	11 25 a. m.	McIntosh	2 30 p. m.
Estancia	11 50 a. m.	Estancia	1 55 p. m.
Estancia	12 50 p. m.	Estancia	1 30 p. m.
Willard	1 25 p. m.	Willard	12 50 p. m.
Progreso	1 55 p. m.	Progreso	12 20 p. m.
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Torrance	3 20 p. m.	Torrance	11 30 a. m.

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