Advertising!
Merchants ... is the best advertising ... Man.

THE OUTLOOK.

Job Printing..
Done Neatly and at the Most reasonable prices

VOLUME 1 WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO, THURSDAY, AUGUST 17, 1905 NUMBER 49

Professional Cards.

GEO. B. BARBER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO.
Practice in all the courts of the Territory.

J. E. WHARTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
ALAMOGORDO, NEW MEXICO.
Special attention given to cases in Lincoln as well as Otero county.

A. H. Hudspeth, John Y. Hewitt
Hewitt & Hudspeth,
Attorneys-at-Law
HEWITT BLOCK, WHITE OAKS.

GEO. W. PRICHARD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.
Practice in all the courts of the Territory.
MINING LAW A SPECIALTY.

HOTEL OZANNE,
WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.
Now open for business. Clean beds and an excellent cuisine awaits the traveling public.

Societies.

G. A. R.

Kearny Post No. 10, Department of New Mexico.
Meetings first Monday of each month.
Comrades from other posts always given the glad hand and secrets returned.
J. H. LAUGHLIN, Post Com.
J. H. RUPIGLLE, Adj't.

K. of P.

Baxter Lodge No. 9, K. of P. Regular meetings Thursday evenings of each week, at the K. of P. Hall. Visiting Knights are always welcome.
JOSEPH SPENCER, C. C.
A. H. HUDSPETH, K. of R. and S.

I. O. O. F.

Golden Rule Lodge No. 16, I. O. O. F., meets at Pythian Hall, Tuesday nights.
CHARLES SPENCE, N. G.
J. C. KAUFFMAN, Secretary.

Church Directory.

Plymouth Congregatonal Church.

Services every Sunday as follows: Sunday School at 10 a. m.
Christian Endeavor Society at 7:00 p. m.
Preaching at 11 o'clock A. M. and on Sabbath evenings immediately after close of Christian Endeavor services.
DR. H. G. MILLER, Pastor.

Methodist Church.

Preaching every fourth Sunday

Placer gold bought.
S. C. Wiener.

The 'Outlook' is pleased to report to the many freinds of Mr. Fred Pfingston that his condition is favorable to a speedy recovery.

Dr. Miller is once more on his feet. Mrs. Miller and Ray joined him last Thursday.

Mrs. J. J. Mc. Court and family after several weeks sojourn amid old scenes and freinds, left on Tuesday for a short visit to Carrizozo Ranch.

Mrs. Boulden of Philadelphia Pa. is making an extended visit to her daughter Mrs. E. B. Chow Jr. She reached here last Thursday.

Mrs. Wm. Glenn has returned from a visit to her mother Mrs. J. E. Wharton at Alamogordo.

Mrs. W. C. Mc. Donald came up from the ranch and made a short visit to her daughter Mrs. M. B. Parker last Tuesday.

Paul Mc Court and Frances Mc Donald daughter of the energetic manager of the Carrizozo Cattle and Horse Ranch spent Saturday visiting their relatives who are summering in our delightful mountain resort.

To whom it may concern:
Frank J. Sager is hereby authorized to collect and receipt for money due us. Any one owing us will oblige us by making prompt settlement with Mr. Sager.
Zeigler Bros.

Many peole have expressed regret and disapointment that Mrs. J. Mc. Court did not sing some of her sympathetic and helpful songs at the Congregational service last Sunday night. Mrs. Mc. Court was always a favorite songstress in White Oaks and many desired to hear her during her visit. But requests and urging could not overcome the sad memories of the past, hence her failure to appear.

Highest market prices for hides and pelts.
S. C. Wiener.

Mrs. H. B. Tompkins who has been visiting her sons family at Alamogordo for several weeks returned home last Thursday, her son Ed, wife and baby coming up with her. The big house on the North side will for a while be like in the days of old, full of life.

Mr. M. B. Parker came up from El Paso last week to spend a few days of his vacation with his family who are summering in our delightful climate.

Mrs. G. P. Glenn wife of a prominent ranch man near Varney in this Territory and mother of our townsman Wm. Glenn died at Alamogordo last Monday the 7, ult. She leaves a family of three sons and five daughters.

Our former friend Isaac May, now of Alamogordo was in town last Wednesday and friends

Our efficient Superintendent of Public Instruction and Editor of the "Outlook", L. H. Rudisill and wife are down at Tularosa attending the joint Teachers Institute of Otero and Lincoln Counties.

Attorney A. H. Hudspeth is again about town looking fine after his trip to Santa Fe and Las Vegas in the interest of some of his clients.

We receive fruit twice a week.
Taliaferro.

George L. Ulrick returned last Saturday from an extended trip of observation and business to the lower end of the county and along the line of the E. P. & N. E. He reports the ranges in splendid condition and the cattle as never in better shape.

Blue Valley butter is A. 1. We receive it once a week, and we guarantee it fresh and sweet.
Taliaferro's.

Miss Ruth Tompkins and Miss Nellie Mc. Mains went down to Tularosa last Sunday night to attend the Teachers Institute now in session.

Fruit Jars, Jelly Glasses, Crocks and Jars.
Taliaferros

Dr. Thurman S. Williams, having finished the work in his line at this place has gone over to the Mescallero agency to attend the dental work demanding services in that point.

A. B. Stroup Ex-Suprentendent of the City Schools at Albuquerque during the past two years, spent some time in our midst last week. Mr. Stroup represents the firm of Maynard and Merril Company Publishers of school books, in New York City.

We have pure cider vinegar, from the Coe farm, Ruidoso.
Taliaferro

—Next Sunday at the Congregational church Dr. Miller will speak in the morning on 'Voices from the Desert'—at night 8 o'Clock 'Voices from the Sea. Every body cordially invited.

Judge J. A. Haley editor of the Capitan News was in town this week and paid the Outlook office a very pleasant visit.

Mr. Frank Crumb had the pupil of his eye severly injured while at work at the "Old Abe" mine last Tuesday. Dr. Paden attended to the injured member.

He Stopped His Paper

Once upon a time a man got mad at the editor and stoped his paper. The week he sold his corn for four cents below the market price. Then his property was sold for taxes because he didn't read the treasurer's sales. He was arrested and fined $8 for going hunting on Sunday simply because he didn't know it was Sunday, and paid $300 for a lot of forged notes that had been advertised two weeks and the public cautioned not to negotiate for them. He then paid a big Americ

1880 1905
We are STILL IN THE RING
With a General Assortment of
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
That We Are Selling At Low Prices.
ONE PRICE TO ALL.
Pride of Denver flour, $3.25 per 100 lbs.
5 lbs. lard, 55cts.
10 lbs. " , $1.05
TALIAFERRO MERCANTILE and TRADING CO.

Advertised Letter List.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters lying in the post office at White Oaks, N. M. for the month ending July 31st. 1905, which if not called for within 30 days will be sent to the dead letter office at Washington, D. C.
Toney Sheeler.
J. L. Bishop.
Wm. C. Kennard.
Persons calling for the above letters will please say advertised.
John A. Brown, P. M.

FOR SALE.
... Special prices in ...
WELCH & TITTSWORTH.
CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO.

FOR SALE.
Bedroom and kitchen furniture, sewing machine, extension table and ice cream freezers.
MRS. WINGFIELD.

Location notices and proof of labor blanks can always be had at the OUTLOOK office.

The song service at the congregational church last Sunday was enjoyed by a large congregation. The choir rendered their several selection splendidly and the instrumental parts delighted every body. Special mention should be made of the duet "Ariel" by Mrs. Watson and Dr. Malus, and the special parts in the other selections rendered by Miss. Edith Parker and Miss Ida Hoyle. The instrumental duet and solos by Miss. Sager on the organ and Prof. Beyrs on the violin were excedingly pleasing, as the Prof. is generally at his best when rendering high class music. It was a delightful service from first to last.

Bad Blood, and a Drunken Row Results in a Killing.

As the "Outlook" goes to press it recieves word from Arabella, that on Saturday night, Deputy Sheriff Antonio Cordova, shot and killed Salvino Sedillo, at a dance. There was a drunken row Sedillo was quarreling with the grandfather of Cordova and Antonio ordered him to stop, when Sedillo picked up rocks and struck Cordova over the eye and knocked

THE EXCHANGE BANK!
WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.
Transacts a General Banking Business—Issues Drafts on all Principal Cities of the World—Accords to Borrowers every accommodation consistent with safety. Accounts solicited.
INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

NOGAL MERCANTILE CO
John H. Canning, Proprietor.
...-GRADE
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
—THE STORE WHERE YOU GET A SQUARE DEAL—
ALL THE TIME.

I am now located
at the
ZIEGLER STORE BUILDING.
Will Always Carry a Full Line of First Class Desirable Merchandise.
COMPETITION MET
On All Lines.
Would like to see all old customers and many new ones—Prompt Service—Low Prices—GOOD CLEAN MERCHANDISE.
Yours for Business,
S. C. WIENER.

Your money back, if every thing we sell is not as represented.
Taliaferro.

Marshall Parker is not a "Micawber", don't wait till the expected turns up. He has gone down to the Tho Rivers to work for Gunn Bros; until his expected comes his way.

Alamogordo having tried all the other kinds of liquids known to expert concocters will now drill for water. Wm. Lane the water wizard, formerly of White Oaks, will put down a test well a thousand feet through the sand at some point near that place this

THE OUTLOOK

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.

Mr. Paine who, with the mercury at 80, invented a new brandy cocktail, is well named.

Of all hypocrites the cantaloupe is the most consistent. It always looks better than it is.

To weaken an enemy's navy a good plan would be to make it a present of a few submarine boats.

Of course Marshall Wilder's new baby isn't old enough yet to appreciate fully how funny papa is.

Right away after Dr. Osler announced that freckled girls made the best wives the sun got busy.

James M. Beck says many Americans suffer from moneyphobia. Can furnish him with one immune.

A Chicago doctor says that two vacations a year are needed to keep one in good health. Show this to the boss.

Dr. Adler says he has discovered perpetual motion. Perhaps he has been down cellar observing the gas meter.

It is well to have a gray cat for the mascot of the Peary expedition, because the cat has such a trick of coming back.

Inspired, doubtless, by the example of the maple scale and the seventeen-year locust, the army worm has mobilized again.

J. Pierpont Morgan has fallen from his high estate. He now talks for hours with such unimportant people as King Leopold.

A New York doctor claims to have solved the problem of perpetual motion, but Edison is still working on his horse-must-go battery.

Now that it has had its picture taken again the sun spot may retire and quit trying to attract attention by making trouble on earth.

Field Marshal Lord Roberts is of opinion that harping on Waterloo and Trafalgar is [illegible]or substitute for considering the [illegible]sting situation.

Prof. H. W. Wiley, the government expert, has gone abroad to study Irish and Scotch whiskies. It's a great privilege to be a government expert.

"Girls with plump arms appear particularly attractive with short sleeves," says a fashion note. The same sort of girls don't look bad with short skirts.

Edward Everett H[illegible] says [illegible]body should sleep [illegible] each twenty-four. Mr. Hale is an old man now and has no baby in the house.

A Wisconsin boy saved four heiresses from death by drowning the other day. The laws of Wisconsin make it impossible for him to marry them all.

"Seems like the boll weevil wasn't King Cotton's worst enemy, after all," says the Boston Traveler. At last our country is united. Boston uses Atlanta English.

New York's smart set is not as smart as one might guess from reading the small bills, judging from the way it allowed a common blackmailer to play horse with it.

It is proposed to christen the battle ship Vermont with maple sirup. Vermont maple sirup is a sweet and sticky compound made of glucose and molasses in Chicago.

The New York incendiary who dived six stories to save himself from capture did the best job of his life. He won't dive again, and incidentally he won't set any more fires.

Giovani Morosini, the New York banker, has during the hot spell slept on a bed over which six electric fans were kept going constantly. It sometimes pays to have money.

Denver will have the largest American flag ever made at the coming G. A. R. encampment. It will be 115 feet long and 85 feet wide. There cannot be too much of "Old Glory" around.

If it is really possible to go from the Atlantic to the Pacific in two days and a half by train—although nobody has ever done it yet—what's the use of trying to perfect the flying machine?

The British Gen. Moody says the nickname "Tommy" applied to British soldiers prevents self-respecting men from enlisting. The nickname "Mikado" applied to our sailors does not work that way.

[illegible] rises to remark that she will [illegible] resignation any disposition of Mont-

NEW MEXICO NEWS SUMMARY

New Mexico County Finances.

The New Mexican publishes a summary of a report made by Traveling Auditor Charles V. Safford to Gov. M. A. Otero regarding the financial status of the territory, its counties, tax collections and assessments. Never before, says the New Mexican, have these matters been presented so graphically and forcibly. Traveling Auditor Safford has a genius for financial statistics that is proving of great value to the territory. The report shows that on January 1, 1904, there was in the treasuries of the different counties the great sum of $668,486.08, to which was added during the year $1,678,267.39. The disbursements were $1,803,919.12, which left a balance at the beginning of this year of $542,834.35. San Miguel county led with receipts during the year of $194,849. Then came Bernalillo, with $189,470; Chaves, $126,003; Colfax, $103,759; Socorro, $77,389; Santa Fe, $73,580; Dona Ana, $73,052; Eddy, $68,801; Union, $67,841; Guadalupe, $65,185; Valencia, $62,233; Otero, $56,967; Luna, $53,940; Quay, $52,432; Lincoln, $47,113; Mora, $41,743; McKinley, $41,145; Sierra $40,801; Rio Arriba, $32,170; San Juan, $26,770; Taos, $22,634; Sandoval, $21,425; Roosevelt, $19,875.

While San Miguel leads in receipts Bernalillo leads in expenditures, having spent last year $252,285, or almost $65,000 more than its income, reducing the amount in its treasury from $91,000 to $28,000. In round numbers the annual expenditures of each county were: San Miguel, $203,000; Chaves, $146,000; Colfax, $128,000; Grant, $109,000; Socorro, $94,000; Santa Fe, $84,000; Eddy, $68,000; Dona Ana, $65,000; Guadalupe, $59,000; Valencia, $58,000; Otero, $57,000; Quay, $56,000; Lincoln, $55,000; Luna, $53,000; Mora, $41,000; Sierra, $39,000; Rio Arriba, $35,000; McKinley, $34,000; San Juan, $30,000; Taos, $24,000; Sandoval, $21,000.

Grant county had the largest surplus in its treasury at the beginning of this year, $49,000. Then came Colfax, with $44,000 and Valencia with $42,000. San Miguel had $39,000; Union, $38,000; Eddy, $36,000; Dona Ana, $31,000; Bernalillo, $28,000; Socorro, $28,000; Otero, $20,000; Lincoln, $19,000; Luna, $17,000; Mora, $17,000; Taos, $17,000; Chaves, $17,000; Sierra, $16,000; Rio Arriba, $16,000; Santa Fe, $15,000; Guadalupe, $15,000; Quay, $9,000; Sandoval, $7,000; San Juan, $5,000; and Roosevelt, $3,000.

G. A. Rothgeb, a Las Vegas pioneer, who established the Las Vegas brewery twenty years ago, died on the 7th inst, of neuralgia.

Miss Edith Rohwald, teacher at the Indian school in Santa Fe, has been ordered to Fort Apache, Arizona, to teach in the Indian school there.

W. E. Dudley of the New Mexico mounted police, recently arrested W. L. Smith, alias Hudson, at Jarilla, Otero county. He is wanted at Clearwater, Kansas, on a charge of criminal assault.

A. K. Forsyth, a wealthy former merchant of Roswell, and one of the [illegible] thousands [illegible] on account of [illegible] conditions, but the surveys have already been carried to such a point that plans and specifications are being prepared for the main canal in Mesilla valley.

Most water users are fully awake to the benefits which will accrue to them with the completion of the government irrigation system, and are eager to cooperate by pledging their lands through the Water Users' associations formed for the purpose in both Texas and New Mexico.

Both the Rio Grande project and the Yuma project on the Colorado river in Arizona and California, involve complicated international questions, and it is probable that a draft for a treaty between the United States and Mexico will be submitted for the consideration of the Department of State in the near future.

Work on the Hondo project under the contract of the Taylor-Moore Construction Company, which has been taken over by the United States, is partially completed. Recommendations have been made that the contract for constructing the earthwork on embankments 3 and 4, consisting of 200,000 cubic yards, be re-let. It has been decided to finish the remainder of the work on force account. Plans have been completed for the canal system under this project, and final surveys are being made.

Rapid progress is being made in the investigation looking to the practicability of enlarging the irrigation system at Carlsbad.

Six-Ten Block of Coal.

John W. Sullivan, superintendent of the New Mexico Fuel and Iron Company's coal fields at Magdalena, when in the city recently, informed a representative of the New Mexican that the company was preparing to take out a block of coal to send to the Territorial fair at Albuquerque that will tip the scales at six tons. This is just twice as large as the largest block sent to the Louisiana Purchase Exposition at St. Louis last year from these fields. The work of taking this enormous piece of mineral from the vein is an undertaking of no little magnitude. The process is as follows: The earth will be dug from the sides and ends of the block, after which strong iron bands will be placed around it. The next step will be the digging of several tunnels under and over the rock, after which more iron bands will be securely fastened. These bands will prevent the block from crushing and crumbling. After the rock has been securely bound, the rock will be taken [illegible]

Gila Reserve Enlarged.

Four hundred and ninety-six thousand eight hundred acres have recently been added to the Gila forest reserve in New Mexico, says a Washington correspondent. The addition included several tracts forming an almost continuous strip of a little mountain township in width, beginning with range 16 west, on the south, and extending along the southern, eastern and northern boundary of the reserve almost to the western line of range 12 west on the north.

Formerly the eastern boundary of the reserve followed closely the summit of the Black range, one of the highest and most prominent mountain ranges in New Mexico. The range extends, however, beyond both the southern and northern boundary lines for a distance of twenty-six miles, respectively, with an average elevation of 9,000 feet, reaching in a few peaks, 11,000 feet. The steepness of these slopes, which are drained by a great number of streams flowing eastward to the plains, taken in connection with the thin, rocky and loose soil, has resulted in most destructive erosion.

Equally disastrous results from erosion have been experienced on the slopes forming the southern boundary of the reserve and constituting the water sheds of the Rio Mimbres, Bear creek and other streams.

The leading industry of these regions, grazing, has suffered seriously from this washing of the soil, while the future development of the agricultural resources of the country is effectually blocked. The effect upon the productive power of the range has been most serious. Steep, rocky hillsides have already lost their thin covering of soil and have been rendered is capable of retaining moisture for any length of time, which is resulting rapidly in inability of the soil to support a growth of grass. The inclusion of these mountain slopes within the forest reserve will insure government protection to all of the water sheds and thereby preserve both the water supply and pasture lands of these regions from further injury.

The government has already established a nursery near Fort Bayard, in the center of a large tract of denuded land which urgently needs to be planted in order to protect the watershed supplying water to the military hospital at that point. From this nursery bed as a center at least 25,000 acres of denuded land can be planted.

All of that region will be greatly benefited by this extension of the reserve boundaries, which, while protecting the water, wood and grazing resources of the reserved tracts, will allow the fullest possible use of all of the resources for all legitimate purposes.

New Mexico Reclamation Work.

B. M. Hall, supervising engineer of the United States reclamation service, who is in charge of operations in New Mexico, Texas and Oklahoma, has been spending a few days in the [illegible]ington office.

Mr. Hall reports that [illegible] the valley of the Rio Grande [illegible] suspended on account of flood conditions, but the surveys have already been carried to such a point that plans and specifications are being prepared for the main canal in Mesilla valley.

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New Mexico Summer Home.

On his recent trip to New Mexico, H. U. Mudge, second vice president of the Rock Island, decided to establish a permanent summer home for himself and family northeast of Santa Fe, New Mexico. He stated to a friend in Santa Fe, New Mexico, recently, that he was about to purchase a forty-acre tract of land in one of the valleys of the Santa Fe range upon which he would erect his summer residence. The house will be finished in time for occupancy next summer.

"I will build a good, substantial summer residence on the tract which I am purchasing," said Mr. Mudge, "and I expect to occupy it during my vacations for rest and recreation through the summer months as long as I live and my physical condition permits."

Mr. Mudge knows the upper Pecos country thoroughly and says that after camping there every summer for the past twenty-five years he has found it to be the most ideal summer resort in the United States.

People who have been through the Santa Fe range say that Mr. Mudge certainly exercised good judgment in selecting that part of the country for the location of his country seat. The climate is unequaled and the country near Santa Fe will some day be one of the greatest summer resorts in the world. The Santa Fe and D. & R. G. railroads are now doing a little advertising to show the people of the United States some of the advantages of New Mexico. It is probable that they will soon commence making rates to the upper Pecos Valley for summer excursionists.—Topeka State Capital.

Active One-Armed Veteran.

Dr. William Sparks of the Upper Pecos left for his home this forenoon after spending yesterday in Santa Fe buying supplies. He drove a four-horse team and the distance to be covered is forty-eight miles. That this is quite a feat for a seventy-year-old veteran goes without saying, especially when it is remembered that part of the road to Glorieta within this county, the portion over Apache hill, is in execrable condition. Dr. Sparks is a native of Illinois, a veteran of the Civil War, and a pioneer on the Upper Pecos where he owns two ranches, one near Cowles and the other near Rociada. Despite the fact that he is one-armed he is a wonder as far as physical endurance, sturdiness and activity are concerned. He will ride for miles every day over the mountainous range looking after his bunch of cattle, and with his own hands built the pretty Mountain House home on Sparks' hill. In anticipation of the speedy completion to the Pecos of the Scenic Highway, he is putting up tent cottages and a large livery barn and will establish a regular stage line from Santa Fe to Cowles. He asserts that after the road is completed all the trade of the Upper Pecos will come to Santa Fe for instead of forty-eight miles it will then be only twenty-seven miles to Cowles.

Last week C. N. Sparks, a son of Dr. Sparks, killed a mountain lion measuring eight feet nine inches from tip of nose to tip of tail, and the week before a five-year-old bear was killed by William F. Lewis near the Mountain House ranch.—Santa Fe New Mexican.

Freaks at the Fair.

An Albuquerque dispatch says: Among the features of the twenty-fifth annual New Mexico fair to be held in this city September 18th to 23rd, will be many freak exhibits. A five-legged sheep from the ranch of F. A. Hubbell in Socorro county; a cross between an Angora goat and a sheep, the sheep having all the features of a well developed animal of its breed with the exception that it has a coat of the finest Angora hair, will be among the freak exhibits.

The campaign for the fair was formally launched to-day. Prizes amounting to $7,500 will be given and the program for the week will consist of racing, broncho busting, contest drills of regular soldiers from Fort Wingate and Fort Bliss, and a big baseball tournament for the championship of the Southwest, divided into three prizes, $200, $100 and $100 respectively.

Young Lady Is Drowned.

A Roswell dispatch of August 24 says: Mrs. L. C. Klasner arrived here to-day and reported the drowning of Miss Mabel Rogers last evening in the Bonito river, near Lincoln. Miss Rogers was a beautiful young woman and a daring horseback rider. Not heeding the pleading of her sister, she rode into the swollen Bonito stream and the horse stumbled and fell, throwing the rider.

The young woman's neck was broken and the body was recovered and taken to her old home in the Capitan mountains for burial. The accident happened at the same ford where the five children of Mack Murray were drowned a few weeks ago.

Santa Fe Must Pay Bonds.

Judge John R. McFie has issued a temporary mandamus against the Board of County Commissioners of Santa Fe county directing them to levy a tax to pay the interest and principal on outstanding bonds issued by the county in 1883 and upon which it has defaulted. Although the assessed valuation of the county is less than $2,000,000, its indebtedness is $1,000,000, and default had been made for some years in the payment of principal and interest. The Santa Fe system and the Denver & Rio Grande railroad of Colorado, N. and principally held in New York.

FEAR FOR NIAGARA

IMMENSE VOLUME OF WATER DIVERTED FROM FALLS.

Commercial Enterprises are Making Heavy Drains on This Famous Show Place—Its Tremendous Electrical Power the Inducement.

Niagara Falls, August 7.—The volume of water being diverted from the historic Niagara Falls is reaching such proportions that the people of the State are trying to pass laws which will prevent the possibility of a practical wiping out of this sublime natural spectacle.

Water sufficient to develop nearly five hundred thousand horse-power continuously, twenty-four hours per day, for industrial purposes, is now being taken from the river above the Falls, and further developments requiring more water are contemplated.

Probably the largest user of the electricity produced by the waters of the mighty river is the concern which by the five or six thousand degree heat of the electric furnace brings lime and coke into unwilling union, thereby producing what is known as Calcium Carbide.

Dry calcium carbide is lifeless as so much broken rock, but in contact with water it springs into activity and begets abundantly the gas Acetylene. The light resulting from the ignition of acetylene is the nearest approach to sunlight known.

These facts, though of comparatively recent discovery, were soon seized by men with an eye to the commercial possibilities and to-day calcium carbide is being shipped everywhere and used for dispelling darkness in buildings of all descriptions, from the ordinary barn of the farmer to the country villa of the wealthy, as well as for lighting the streets of a large number of towns. Acetylene can be easily and cheaply installed, and the manufacture and sale of acetylene generators has become a business of recognized standing, has assumed large proportions and is steadily growing.

Money Lost by Lightning.

During a thunderstorm at Tarrytown, New York, a flash of lightning did a peculiar freak. Louis Deblasto, an Italian, was sitting under his piazza in Valley street, counting his money, preparatory to a trip to Italy. A terrible flash of lightning nearly blinded him and when he recovered his sight his pocket book and money were missing. The lightning had struck the pocket book and burned the money, and yet Deblasto's hands were not even scorched.

There was about $200 in the pocket book, representing many years hard work. Deblasto was dazed for the balance of the afternoon.

Round-Up of Buffaloes.

An exciting drive of buffaloes is reported from the interior of the Yellowstone Park, a large number of bison escaping from their reserve in the hills while quenching their thirst in the Gardner river.

The park fence offered but little resistance to the burly brutes who, one after another, leaped over the obstruction. A hurry call to Fort Yellowstone brought out a detachment of cavalry and the troopers were accorded an experience which they will not forget for some time.

Several of the cavalrymen were thrown from their horses during the excitement of the round-up and were forced to scurry behind trees for safety as the maddened buffaloes would charge blindly at anything in their path.

Like a ball, the buffalo will charge an obstacle with his eyes on the ground unable to see ahead at the time, and more than one bison turned somersaults as a result of colliding with trees in their blind fury.

It required several hours of the hardest kind of work on the part of the troopers before the buffaloes were finally headed back to the park.

Sports of Fish.

For twenty years fish of many varieties have been kept in aquaria by F. Davis of London and his observations have convinced him—contrary to common belief—that fish sleep, though only in darkness. Artificial light awakens them. He finds also that fish have their play or sports, like other creatures.

BABY'S INSTINCT

Shows He Knew What Food to Stick To.

Forwarding a photo of a splendidly handsome and healthy young boy, a happy mother writes from an Ohio town:

"The enclosed picture shows my 4-year-old Grape-Nuts boy.

"Based on my 2 years old he has eaten nothing but Grape-Nuts. He commands and gets this food three times a day. This may seem rather unusual, but he doesn't care for anything else—going he has eaten his Grape-Nuts, which he uses with milk or cream, and then he is through with his meal. Even on Thanksgiving day he refused turkey and all the good things that make up that great dinner, and ate his dish of Grape-Nuts and cream with the best results and

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS

The estate of the late Daniel F. Lamont is estimated at $3,300,000.

The Nebraska Democratic convention will be held September 20th at Lincoln.

The Democrats of Ohio will open the gubernatorial campaign at Newark September 23d with a huge meeting.

The annual encampment of the National Guard of Texas has been called off on account of the yellow fever scare.

The international anatomical congress, at its first session in Geneva, accepted an invitation to meet in Boston in 1907.

The total attendance at the Lewis and Clark Exposition passed the 1,000,000 point August 3d. The attendance that day was 27,426.

Fifteen electric light and gas companies in Luzerne county, Pennsylvania, have been merged into one company, with a capital of $1,000,000.

Only $75,000 in subsidiary silver was coined at the mints during July. No gold or minor coins were struck. July is "settlement" month at the mints.

Alexander Belvill Bell, father of Prof. Alexander Graham Bell, the telephone inventor, died at Washington on the 7th inst.

The German government has intimated to the Moroccan government that it does not desire any concessions pending the international conference

A cablegram from Governor Magoon announces the death of A. G. Livingston, a division engineer at Culebra from yellow fever. Livingston was from St. Louis.

Old-fashioned horse cars on Grand street, New York City, have just been succeeded by the underground trolley. The old drivers have been learning to handle the motors.

Rear Admiral Charles E. Clark, one of the most distinguished heroes of the Spanish-American war, was placed on the retired list of the navy August 10th, having reached the statutory age.

Gen. Roy Stone, aged sixty, a veteran of the civil and Spanish-American wars and a distinguished civil engineer, died on the 6th inst at his home in Mendham, New Jersey. He leaves a widow and one daughter, Lady Monson, wife of Lord Monson of England.

Dr. W. C. Tilden, at one time chief chemist in the army medical museum attached to the surgeon general's office, died at Washington on the 5th inst. It was he who discovered the poison in the bouquet sent to Guiteau the day before his execution.

The International Supreme Lodge of Good Templars, at its recent session in Belfast, Ireland, accepted an invitation to meet at Washington, D. C., in 1908. It was also decided to change the name of the organization to the International Order of Good Templars.

Mrs. Mary J. Carlisle, wife of former Secretary of the Treasury James G. Carlisle, died on the 4th inst., at her country home in West Islip, New York, after an illness of three weeks, aged seventy years. She was a daughter of Maj. John A. Goodsen of Covington.

While at Roanoke, Virginia, on the 8th inst., Secretary of the Treasury Shaw, when shown a dispatch from New York, in which it was stated the secretary had quit President Roosevelt's Cabinet to enter the field as a presidential candidate, said the statement was "the merest rot."

Captain William E. English, commander-in-chief of the United Spanish War Veteran Association, has issued a general order for the second national encampment and reunion of the association to open at Milwaukee, Sept. 7. The ladies' auxiliary is directed to meet at Milwaukee at the same time.

The chief of police of Homel, Russia has issued a manifesto that, as his life has been twice attempted by Jews of the lowest classes, hereafter any such men approaching within fifty paces of his carriage will be shot. He also has instructed the Cossacks to fire on houses from which abusive remarks are made.

The President has approved the finding in the case of First Lieutenant Lanier Cravens, artillery corps, who was convicted of intoxication while on duty. He was sentenced to dismissal, but upon the recommendation of the chief of staff he will be reduced ninety-three numbers and remain in the army.

A destructive hail storm passed over Bottineau, McHenry, Rollette, Pierce and Benson counties, in North Dakota, on the night of the 7th inst. The storm started in the vicinity of West Hope, Omen, Willow City and extended as far as Leeds in Benson county. The hail strip was three miles wide.

The Russian government has decided on the issuance of another internal loan to the amount of $100,000,000, of which, however, only $75,000,000 may be issued at first. The loan will be practically of the same nature and under the same conditions as that of March last and will probably be issued in about a fortnight.

Russell Sage celebrated his eighty-ninth birthday August 4th by remaining away from his office, spending the day quietly at his country home in Long Island. It is said to be the first occasion on which the aged financier has voluntarily absented himself from his office on his birthday. Mr. Sage was said to be in excellent health.

The French and Russian governments have settled the terms of the new treaty of commerce, by which France has agreed not to increase the existing duties affecting Russian agri-

MUSINGS OF A MERE MAN.

A kind word to the cook never spoils the dinner.

No girl likes to be made love to by an amateur.

Bargain sales have parted many a wife and her husband's money.

No married woman can pass an old admirer without a backward glance.

Beauty is the only thing that consoles some women for being women.

Only a strong-minded woman can keep her calendar torn off up to date.

It's the blissful ignorance of bachelors that enables widows to marry them.

A widow knows when a man is in love with her long before he knows it himself.

When there are two rivals for a widow's hand one of them is apt to win by losing.

The average wife looks upon her husband as an automatic machine for supplying her wants.

Man proposes—and later on he is apt to wonder how he managed to make such a fool of himself.

The most engaging summer girl is the one who secures the largest collection of engagement rings.

Love that can stand a peruke and secondhand teeth may be safely branded as the genuine article.

There are two things that try a man's courage—marriage and death. But after he has passed the first he doesn't fear the second.

A woman may not be able to sharpen a pencil or propel a stone with accuracy, but she can pack more things in a trunk than a man can pile on a truck.

GEMS FROM SUCCESS MAGAZINE.

The fellow who can be late when his own interests are at stake is pretty sure to be late when yours are.

There is only one place in the world where you can live a happy life, and that is inside of your own income.

There is no advertisement for a business like a like having its men go around bragging because they are working for it.

Good manners pay even if they do not make friends, because we cannot try to make others happy and to radiate sunshine without feeling better and purer ourselves.

THE MILLCREEK PHILOSOPHER.

Time dies and cash gayly amble with it.

The enthusiasm of the defeated candidate is as hilarious as a funeral.

If you can do much, do it well. If you can do but a little, strive to do it better.

It is not so much conscience as the fear of consequences that makes cowards of us all.

In holding the mirror up to Nature don't mistake yourself for the good old Dame and get in the way of fair reflection.

The low ground is safer, always, for the man who fears to climb to greater heights.—Commercial Tribune.

RUSSIAN PROVERBS.

Over the woman from afar the devil pours honey.

Poverty is not a sin, but it is the cause of many.

At home a man is judged by his deed; abroad, by his wit.

When the thunder ceases the peasant forgets to cross himself.

A lie told diversely may be truer than the truth told foolishly.

Misfortune comes by the hundred-weight and goes by the ounce.

When a woman goes to heaven, she wants to take her cow with her.

All Christendom feels in Lent and kept the dogs and the nobleman.

Fellow travelers and fellow sufferers soon know each other well.

When an old man can win a woman

PICTURES OF ADMIRAL JOHN PAUL JONES ARE MANY AND VARIED

He who desires to confirm his opinion of John Paul Jones, America's distinguished naval commander, can do so in the library of the Navy department at Washington, be that opinion unfavorable or favorable to the great sea captain. In a score of old prints gathered during past decades from various sources John Paul Jones is depicted as a bloodthirsty pirate, which was the view taken of him by the British, whose coasts he scoured in the gallant Ranger; as a bluff sea captain, which is the opinion most schoolboys have gained from reading the account of his plucky victory over the Serapis, and as the cultured gentleman and accomplished naval officer, which is the opinion held of him by practically the entire American naval service to-day.

Mr. Charles W. Stewart, superintendent of the Naval War Records Office and Library, has arranged these old prints in a highly interesting collection. Many of them purport to be engravings from pictures made during the lifetime of Jones. All that is known of the man confirms the opinion that, not unlike some fighting men of his day and since, John Paul Jones was something of a dandy. Certainly he was a favorite in Paris in that circle of imperial society which gave frequent employment to artists and sculptors. That the skull of the body recovered from an abandoned graveyard in Paris, by Gen. Horace Porter, American ambassador to France, corresponded to the precise measurements of Houdin's bust of John Paul Jones was accepted as the final proof of identification. Houdin was an exceptionally painstaking sculptor and a copy of his bust of Jones which stands in the office of the Secretary of the Navy at Washington is considered most probably a true likeness.

One of the best pictures in the collection is an engraving by Carl Guttenberg from a drawing by C. J. Notte, a French artist. This rather reflects the favorable opinion which the French had of Commodore Jones, for it depicts a fairly young but determined looking officer, standing behind the shot-riddled rail of the Bon Homme Richard, with a sword swinging easily in his right hand, while his left rests upon the butt of one of half a dozen pistols in his belt. The legend of this picture says:

"John Paul Jones, Commodore in the Service of the United States of America, as he appeared in the engagement of the twenty-third of September, 1779, against Commodore Pearson. His vessel mounted forty guns. The English ship Serapis, forty-five guns, had, moreover, the advantage in caliber and range. Commodore P. Jones entangled his ship with the bowsprit of the enemy and continued the engagement side by side for two hours and three-quarters. The battle lasted three hours and one-quarter. The Bon Homme Richard sank the next day."

[illegible] of mellow memory, [illegible] his seamen in Paris, [illegible] old print [illegible] Paul Jones [illegible] in this picture Jones is standing in a dignified pose, his left hand slightly outstretched from the body and clasping a telescope.

And now turning over the picture in this collection is found a most startling creation in boldest black and white. "Paul Jones, the Pirate," is the legend, but it is unnecessary, for the dashing, bearded figure wears a uniform emblazoned with skull and crossbones. A gory cutlass in one hand, a smoking pistol in the other, he is the incarnation of all that is demoniac in fancies of piracy, while the idea is helped out by portrayal in the background of his men ruthlessly cutting down the brave tars of Old England. This picture is an engraving published by A. Park, of London, and is apparently very old, as is another old English print, apparently only a trial proof copy. It shows Jones with demure side whiskers and immense hat of the style later affected by Napoleon, with tassels pendent from each side. The crowning glory of this uniform is a pair of striped trousers, which give a sort of Uncle Sam atmosphere.

A head and shoulders engraving also from an unknown source, shows Jones as a mild and sedate appearing man, with white hair (or is it a white wig?), who, one would think, might pass for a substitute merchant in the colonies.

Very old and deemed very good by students of John Paul Jones lore is an engraving from a drawing by Varin, a French artist. This shows in Jones' countenance something of the shrewdness and humor he inherited from his Scotch ancestry. It is a quizzical but the same time a pleasing countenance.

With curly hair and chubby face Chapman endowed his portrait of Jones, which was engraved by act of Congress.

Of the thousands in the British isles who thought harshly of Jones, Lord and Lady Selkirk, whose country seat still stands at Dundrieg, Scotland, us that it is "Capt. Paul Jones, from an original drawing taken from the life, on board the Serapis, published London, Oct. 22, 1779." The date is less than a month after he captured the Serapis, and if it was really drawn on that ship may be considered possibly an accurate portrayal of the great American naval commander in the hour of his greatest victory.

The picture in which John Paul Jones is shown boarding the Serapis from his own victorious but riddled and sinking Bon Homme Richard is a thoroughly heroic conception, but the features and figure of the victor bear little resemblance to other portraits and drawings. This picture, which is by A. L. Stephens, is somewhat more recent than most of the items in the collection.

Chappel's original painting of Jones has often been called the George Washington picture because of the resemblance of it to a well known portrait of the Father of his Country, whom Jones, incidentally, knew well, they both having lived in Virginia.

PAUL JONES — PORTRAIT BY CHAPMAN — PUBLISHED BY ACT OF CONGRESS

PAUL JONES FROM UNKNOWN SOURCE—VERY OLD

sired to return the plate. He proposed not only to restore his share of the prize, but to purchase the share owned by his crew for the purpose of giving it back to the Selkirks. Lord and Lady Selkirk were much surprised to get this letter, which regretted the fortune which caused him to make an expedition against their home. Lord Selkirk wrote a reply, but not knowing how to get it to Jones, sought the counsel of Lord de Spencer, postmaster general of England.

Lord de Spencer was evidently not much impressed by the favorable tendency of the Selkirks toward Jones, for he returned the letter to Lord Selkirk with the remark:

"I cannot help doubting, in the situation I am in, the propriety of my forwarding a letter to such a rascal and rebel as this Jones. A letter directed to him, of course, must be opened at the postoffice."

The foregoing extracts from letters, copies of which were recently obtained for the navy department by the American embassy at London, shows the view taken of Jones by nearly all the people of Engla[illegible] but it also shows that the persons with whom he came in contact were disposed to recognize the virtues which he possessed and to acknowledge the finer sensibilities of his character. It would undoubtedly have been a great pleasure to Jones, who knew the bitterness of feeling against him in England, to have received the letter which Lord Selkirk wrote, but which Lord de Spencer prevented from reaching its destinatio[illegible] —New York Herald.

Electrocution.

The present failure of electrocution is causing considerable comment. Different convicts require a different number of volts to produce the same results. One convict received 1,750 volts and recovered, and then he received 1,900 volts without fatal effect. Recently a condemned man received a shock of 1,700 volts, which was continued for thirty seconds, without causing death. This number had to be repeated four times before he was declared dead. The explanation made was that the criminal was very thin and his body was a poor conductor, and also that his hair was thick and oily. It has been suggested by physicians, who have witnessed these executions, that very many criminals who have been electrocuted might be removed if proper efforts were made immediately. The sure death in any case is believed to be due to the post-mortem examination, which is at once made, and not to the shock.

Rough on Americans.

Andrew Carnegie tells this as one of his experiences at Skibo. Soon after he had bought Skibo there was a circus exhibiting in the neighborhood of the castle, and one of the main attractions was an orang-outang. One night the orang-outang got out, fell over the cliff, and was killed. In the morning two of the keepers looking over the grounds ran across the body of the dead orang-outang. One of them scratched his head and said: "He ain't no 'Iander, that's sure." The other said: "He ain't no Lowlander, they ain't got so much hair on 'em." After awhile one of them proposed to the other as follows:

"I'll go up to the kirk and see the parson, and you go up to Mr. Carnegie and see if any of his American gentry is missing."—New York Times.

Older the Better.

"Yes," said the old man to his young visitor, "I am proud of my girls, and would like to see them comfortably married; and as I have made

Folklore of Hawaii

(Special Correspondence.)

Hawaii abounds in folklore and weird legends. The land is believed to swarm with gnomes and fairies and the water with nymphs and monsters. The simple minded native, whose grandfather would have backed away from a pair of trousers like a mustang shying at a new harness, tells us that the god of the air carries around the wind in a calabash. He solemnly relates that an immense bird once laid an egg in the ocean, which in time was hatched by the tropic winds, and thus the Hawaiian islands were created.

One of the prettiest legends is that of the cocoanut tree. The story goes that a beautiful princess was very much beloved by one of the chiefs who was a noted athlete. He tried to please her in every way, swimming the lakes and bringing her rare flowers and choice fruits from the other side of the island, but she would not listen to his suit. He found life not worth living without her, and expired from the pain of his unrequited affection. Before he died he said to

Youthful Hawaiians.

the princess: "The time will surely come when you will kiss me of your own free will."

Years afterward, while the princess was walking one day by the beach, her attention was attracted to a beautiful towering tree of a new and strange variety. Its tufted head nodded proudly in the wind and her eager gaze was centered upon its delicious fruit. An attendant procured one of the great green nuts for her, and as she was in the act of raising [illegible] the milk, she heard a voice say, "Do you embrace me with your own free will?" The spirit of the prince had taken the form of the cocoanut tree.

The Valley of Rain.

Another legend concerns the fair valley of Manoa, the place of daily rain. It was here in the long ago that a lovely princess was murdered by her lover because he thought she had betrayed him to a god. The maiden was really innocent of the charge and rather than take revenge for her murder the gods decreed that a gentle rain should fall daily in the place where she had died, the sparkling drops of moisture representing the tears of the angels and the graces of the departed maiden. This valley is one of the most fertile in the region of Honolulu, all owing to the fact that the memory of the gentle princess is kept green by the constant fall of rain.

Still another story deals with the cause of the reverence which is shown the hog. This animal was not always a lowly beast content to root in the mud and forage for the sake of its appetite. It once had the power to roam the possessions of kings and live upon the milk of the land. One bold ruler came to grief by sending his followers forth to give battle to the hog and destroy

Native Grass House.

it. When approached the animal seemed docile enough and was led away as unresisting captive. When the god—for the hog was really that in those days—judged he had gone a [illegible] he suddenly [illegible]

CARING PRISONERS

RUSSIANS AT SCHOOL IN JAPAN

Novel Treatment of Seventy Thousand Enemies Who Were Captured by Japanese Army and Navy.

It is a very peculiar story that comes from the Far East, where, according to trustworthy information, the Japanese government has organized a regular program of educational work for the benefit of the more than seventy thousand Russian prisoners now scattered over Japan. The Japanese have addressed themselves to their task in their usual methodical and business-like way. A complete census of the prisoners was first taken, the Russians, Poles and Jews being separated. Then the illiterate, mostly Russians, were formed into classes, which were placed under teachers selected from among the best educated of the prisoners, under Japanese supervisors. In addition, more advanced educational work was undertaken, instruction being imparted in Russian and Polish. And here it may be remarked that some of the Polish prisoners have jokingly remarked that it was been necessary for them to come all the way to Japan to learn their own tongue, which is under a ban at home. The plans of the progressive little Japs for the intellectual and moral improvement of their prisoners have succeeded beyond expectations. Even the amusements afforded the captives are of an instructive character. Books and newspapers are liberally provided, and plays are represented in the camps, in which Japanese actors perform historical pieces, generally inculcating the fundamental virtues, patriotism above all.

The treatment of the prisoners taken in battle can hardly be described as adding insult to injury, though some of the Russian authorities might be inclined to consider it that way. And it is difficult to determine just what the purpose of the Japanese is in this work, which is certain to have a powerful influence upon Russian domestic affairs in the near future.

Can it be that Japan is deliberately inoculating her prisoners with the microbes of education and patriotism for the purpose of spreading them abroad through the Russian empire, or is it merely a good natured and humanitarian effort to provide occupation for the captives during their enforced idleness?—Pueblo Chieftain.

How the Last Man Will Live.

The earth is ever radiating away heat into space. And so at last comes a vision of earthly cherubim, hopping heads, great unemotional intelligences and little hearts, fighting together perforce and fiercely against the cold that grips them tighter and tighter. For the world is cooling—slowly and inevitably it grows colder as the years roll by. "We must imagine these creatures," says the professor, "in galleries and laboratories deep down in the bowels of the earth. The whole world will be snow-covered and piled with ice; all animals, all vegetation vanished, except this last branch of the tree of life. The last men have gone even deeper, following the diminishing heat of the planet, and vast metallic shafts and ventilators make way for the air they need."—From the Metropolitan Magazine for July.

Frayed Cuffs.

Among the minor arts of life of which we have lately given some instances is one which is sadly neglected. It relates to the treatment of shirt cuffs that show the first protest against the laundry's handling. The laundress is cruel, but the man who parses his shirt cuffs with scissors heaps folly upon brutality. With the first touch of steel the cuff is ruined. Light a match and pass it round the frayed edge (do not burn your wrist). The cleansing fire will remove the dress and leave intact the pure gloss of the cuff. A cuff treated with fire will last laundry generations longer than the cuff treated with steel—London Chronicle.

Many a reigning society belle does not know enough to go in when it rains.

Compound Interest

comes to life when the body feels the delicious glow of health, vigor and energy.

That Certain Sense

of vigor in the brain and every nerve of the nerves, makes which the languor feeds are not one and prodigious.

Grape-Nuts

OLDER THAN SPHINX

IS NATURAL SCULPTURE IN NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Marvel of Nature Well Described by Poet of a Past Generation—Formed Thousands of Years Before the Time of Adam.

King wrote of the Profile as he did of all the wonders of the New Hampshire mountains, from the keenest sense of their beauty and grandeur, and in the hope of making others realize how near to their doors were splendors of nature as marvelous as could be found in any other part of the world. The following extract is from his book, "The White Hills," 1859:

If the inclosing walls of Franconia Notch were less grand, and the water gems less lovely, travelers would be still, perhaps, as strongly attracted to the spot, that they might see a mountain which breaks into human expression—a piece of sculpture older than the Sphinx—an intimation of the human countenance, which is the crown of all beauty, that was pushed out from the coarse strata of New England, thousands of years before Adam.

The marvel of this circumstance, outlined so distinctly against the sky, at an elevation of nearly 1,500 feet above the road, is greatly increased by the fact that it is composed of three masses of rock which are not in perpendicular line with each other. On the brow of the mountain itself, standing on the visor of the helmet that covers the face or directly underneath it, on the shore of the little lake, there is no intimation of any human features in the lawless rocks. Remove but a few rods either way from the guideboard on the road, where you are advised to look up, and the charm is dissolved.

The whole profile is about 80 feet in length, and of the three separate masses of rock which are combined in its composition, one forms the forehead, another the nose and upper lip, and the third the chin. The best time to see the Profile is about 4 in the afternoon of a summer day. Then, standing by the little lake at the base and looking up, one fulfils the appeal of our great transcendental poet in a literal sense, in looking at the jutting rocks and

> Through their granite seeming
> Seen the smile of reason beaming.

The expression is really noble, with a suggestion partly of fatigue and melancholy. The upper portion of the

The Profile.

By Thomas Starr King.

mouth looks a little weak, as though the front teeth had decayed, and the granite lip had consequently fallen in. Those who can see it with a thunder cloud behind, and the slaty scud driving thin across it, will carry away the grandest impression which it ever makes on the beholder's mind. But when, after an August shower, late in the afternoon, the mists that rise from the forests below, congregate around it, and, smitten with sunshine, break as they drift against its perpendicular outline and hiding the mass of the mountain which it overhangs, isolate it with a thin halo, the countenance, awful but tenderness, "is as if a mighty angel were sitting among the hills and enrobing himself in a vesture of gold and purple."

The whole mountain from which the Profile starts is one of the noblest specimens of majestic rock that can be seen in New Hampshire. One may tire of the grumpy countenance sooner than of the sublime front and vigorous shape of Mount Lafayette, especially as it is seen with its great patches of tawny color, in driving up from the lower part of the Notch to the Profile house. Yet the majesty of the mountain is visible but from an inconsiderable in the Profile that very few have sublime and enjoyed the entire grandeur of which that countenance is only a fantastic freak.

Chinese Celebrity Hatched Out.

F. P. Fugatis of Williamsport claims to have hatched out chickens in sixteen days. Some hen may have the credit of it, and it is claimed that for hatch authority. Of course it is not true that it was done in sixteen days.

HISTORIC BUILDING IN MAINE

Farmhouse Has Had More Than Century of Life.

Here is a picture of one of Maine's historic buildings, which has stood over a century and is now falling in decay. This is one of the oldest farmhouses in Hebron. It is historic for two reasons. At this very house the greater part of the flooring timbers for the original Bowery theater in New York city were hewn and framed. Also, Prof. Oscar Allen, the first American to know the secret composition for making nickel and the first to introduce nickel plating in this country, was born and brought up on this farm.

The timbers for the Bowery theater were cut in the forests around Hebron, and were taken to this house to be hewn and framed. Levi Allen, a carpenter and contractor from New York, was sent to do the work. He came in the winter of 1825-26, and with the aid of his brother, then liv-

ing on the old farm, hewed and fitted the timbers. They were hauled by ox teams to Portland, then transported by vessel from there to New York city.

Prof. Allen, an expert chemist, after graduating from Yale college, began work for a concern in Ohio which had about $30,000 invested for the purpose of nickel plating. The stock of material was found worthless when it was discovered that no one knew how to work it. Prof. Allen had a college friend in Germany, where nickel plating was carried on. He was sent from this country to Germany to visit his friend, and after staying until he had learned the secret process he returned home. This was the first successful attempt at nickel plating in America.

OLDEST LETTER IS FOUND.

Written on Lead 400 Years B. C. and Discovered in Attica.

What is said to be the oldest letter in the world has been found in some excavations in ancient Attica. M. Willelm, secretary of the Austrian Archaeological institute, who succeeded in deciphering it, asserts that it was written four centuries before Christ. It is engraved on a leaden leaf, folded in two, and it bears on the outside the following address:

"To the porter of the market at Patis, to be delivered either to Nausias or to Thrasicles, or to their sons." The text of the letter is as follows:

"Mneslangos sends his greetings to those in the house and informs them that he is in good health. Please send me a blanket or some sheepskins, if possible, of the ordinary kind, without ornaments. As soon as the occasion offers I shall return them."

Flew Far to Old Home.

The retentive powers of the carrier pigeon are wonderful. Over a year ago C. B. Woodbury of Cornish, Me., purchased a bird from a man in Wakefield. The bird was mated and seemed perfectly contented in his new home at Cornish and his owner felt confident that he would return to his left when he was released a few miles from home. The bird, however, flew straight to his old home in Wakefield, 150 miles away.

Lightning Struck One Red Flower.

During a storm at Bucyrus, Ohio, lightning struck an iron hitching post in front of the David Kramer residence. The post was destroyed and the main part of the bolt jumped to a bed of dahlias, in the center of which stood one red blossom. None of the white flowers were injured, but the red one and its stalk were wiped out.

Lives in Tree.

A Massachusetts man lives in a house in a tree in summer.

Pictorial Tea Kettle for Frog.

A young woman fishing from a wharf at Lake Pennacook, N. H., hooked a live-toned with. As she pulled the fish ashore it gave a jump, and the hook came out. Right on the [illegible] it, he [illegible] the [illegible] the [illegible] the

Here is Relief for Women.

Mother Gray, a nurse in New York, discovered a plea[illegible] herb remedy for women's ills, called AUSTRALIAN-LEAF. It is the only certain monthly regulator. Cures female weaknesses, Backache, Kidney and Urinary troubles. At all Druggists or by mail 50 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

A lazy man works overtime telling others what to do.

TEA

The aroma of tea—fine tea—is almost enough to define the word to a dead man.

A woman's clothes are a fine thing to give a man an idea of how much there is in the world he can never understand.

Every person thinking of visiting the Uintah Indian reservation in eastern Utah, to be opened for settlement August 25th, should have a Homeseekers' Guide and sectional map. It tells everything. Sent postpaid for 50c. Address W. H. Emmons, 700 17th St., Denver, Colorado.

325 16th Street. Opposite Court House. We are Agents for Cyko Paper and Non-Trust supplies. Developing a specialty. Mail your films.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is adapted to both sexes and all ages. Cures Kidney and Liver complaint, and purifies the blood. $1 all druggists

Only those who have nothing to do look upon life as a burden.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Temper is a good thing to have, but a bad thing to lose.

TEA

Poor tea is poor comfort; there is no difficulty in getting it good.

Before taking certain steps consult a dancing master.

A WOMAN'S ORDEAL

DREADS DOCTOR'S QUESTIONS

Thousands Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., and Receive Valuable Advice Absolutely Confidential and Free

There can be no more terrible ordeal to a delicate, sensitive, refined woman than to be obliged to answer certain questions in regard to her private ills, even when those questions are asked by her family physician, and many

Mrs. T. C. Willadsen

continue to suffer rather than submit to examinations which so many physicians propose in order to intelligently treat the disease; and this is the reason why so many physicians fail to cure female disease.

This is also the reason why thousands upon thousands of women are corresponding with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. To her they can confide every detail of their illness, and from her great knowledge, obtained from years of experience in treating female ills, Mrs. Pinkham can advise women more wisely than the local physician.

Read how Mrs. Pinkham helped Mrs. T. C. Willadsen, of Manning, Ia. She writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I can truly say that you have saved my life, and I cannot express my gratitude in words. Before I wrote to you telling you how I felt, I had doctored for over two years steady, and spent lots of money in medicines besides, but it all failed to do me any good. I had female trouble and would daily have fainting spells, backache, bearing-down pains, and my monthly periods were very irregular and painful. I wrote to you for your advice and received a letter full of instructions just what to do, and I commenced to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I have been restored to perfect health. Had it not been for you I would have been in my grave to-day."

Mountains of proof establish the fact that no medicine in the world equals Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for restoring women's health.

PAXTINE
TOILET ANTISEPTIC
FOR WOMEN

[illegible]

Thompson's Eye Water

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C. Books free. Terms low. Highest refs. [illegible]

TWENTY YEARS OF IT.

Emaciated by Diabetes; Tortured with Gravel and Kidney Pains.

Henry Soule, cobbler, of Hammondsport, N. Y., says: "Since Doan's Kidney Pills cured me eight years ago, I've reached 70 and hope to live many years longer. But twenty years ago I had kidney trouble so bad I could not work. Backache was persistent and it was agony to lift anything. Gravel, whirling headaches, dizziness and terrible urinary disorders ran me down from 168 to 100 pounds. Doctors told me I had diabetes and could not live. I was wretched and hopeless when I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, but they cured me eight years ago and I've been well ever since."

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents per box.

RUSSIANS AT SCHOOL IN JAPAN

Novel Treatment of Seventy Thousand Enemies Who Were Captured by Japanese Army and Navy.

It is a very peculiar story that comes from the Far East, where, according to trustworthy information, the Japanese government has organized a regular program of educational work for the benefit of the more than seventy thousand Russian prisoners now scattered over Japan. The Japanese have addressed themselves to their task in their usual methodical and business-like way. A complete census of the prisoners was first taken, the Russians, Poles and Jews being separated. Then the illiterate, mostly Russians, were formed into classes, which were placed under teachers selected from among the best educated of the prisoners, under Japanese supervisors. In addition, more advanced educational work was undertaken, instruction being imparted in Russian and Polish. And here it may be remarked that some of the Polish prisoners have jokingly remarked that it has been necessary for them to come all the way to Japan to learn their own tongue, which is under a ban at home. The plans of the progressive little Japs for the intellectual and moral improvement of their prisoners have succeeded beyond expectations. Even the amusements afforded the captives are of an instructive character. Books and newspapers are liberally provided, and plays are represented in the camps, in which Japanese actors perform historical pieces, generally inculcating the fundamental virtues, patriotism above all.

The treatment of the prisoners taken in battle can hardly be described as adding insult to injury, though some of the Russian authorities might be inclined to consider it that way. And it is difficult to determine just what the purpose of the Japanese is in this work, which is certain to have a powerful influence upon Russian domestic affairs in the near future.

Can it be that Japan is deliberately inoculating her prisoners with the microbes of education and patriotism for the purpose of spreading them abroad through the Russian empire, or is it merely a good natured and humanitarian effort to provide occupation for the captives during their enforced idleness?—Pueblo Chieftain.

Frayed Cuffs.

Among the minor arts of life of which we have lately given some instances is one which is sadly neglected. It relates to the treatment of shirt cuffs that show the first protest against the laundry's handling. The laundress is cruel, but the man who pares his shirt cuffs with scissors heaps folly upon brutality. With the first touch of steel the cuff is ruined. Light a match and pass it round the frayed edge (do not burn your wrist). The cleansing fire will remove the dross and leave intact the pure gloss of the cuff. A cuff treated with fire will last laundry generations longer than the cuff treated with steel—London Chronicle.

Compound Interest

comes to life when the body feels the delicious glow of health, vigor and energy.

That Certain Sense

of vigor in the brain and easy poise of the nerves comes when the improper foods are cut out and predigested

Grape-Nuts

take their place.

If it has taken you years to run down don't expect one mouthful of this great food to bring you back (for it is not a stimulant but a

SHE HAD HER REVENGE.

Facts of History Didn't Trouble Her at All.

"The fad of tracing one's ancestors back as far as possible has a firmer hold in the east than in the west," said Mortimer E. Walker of Boston.

"One winter I spent some time in a certain southern city which is noted for its blueblooded and exclusive inhabitants. There was much jealousy in the highest social circles, as there were two factions which desired the honor of being the original grandees. Finally the leader of one faction gathered together a few friends and started a society known as the Daughters of Ferdinand de Soto.

"This was supposed to be the ultra-fashionable society of the city, and one by one the aspiring matrons produced the indisputable proof that they were eligible for membership.

"Finally one of the younger set had the temerity to try and force an entrance into the charmed circle. She was blackballed almost unanimously.

"She determined to be revenged and to that end did a little real investigating which was more thorough than any ancestor hunt which was ever made in that city. The result of her investigations she made public and the result was the utter rout of the daughters.

"For the young woman proved beyond the question of a doubt that Ferdinand de Soto had died a bachelor."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

They Go Together.

Anson Phelps Stokes, Jr., who is called at Yale the "Coin Coaxer," because since Easter he has collected $2,000,000 for his college, is an enthusiast in all forms of philanthropy.

Mr. Stokes speaks often of intemperance. He hopefully believes that drunkenness can be eradicated. The other day he said:

"Have you ever noticed how drunkenness causes uncleanliness? When you see a drunkard sprucing up a little, take heart—it is a hopeful sign. He may stop drinking ere long. But if he grows very dirty, beware. Drunkenness and dirt are inseparable companions.

"How applicable to most drunkards is the story of the tramp who said, as he lurched into a saloon:

"'Where's the bar?'

"'The bar? What kind of bar?' said a young man.

"'The liquor bar, of course,' said the tramp. 'What other bar do you suppose I mean?'

"'Well,' said the young man, 'I thought you might have meant a bar of soap.'"

Insulting Suspicion.

Winks—What's the matter? You look mad as a hornet.

Jinks—I ought to be mad. I've been grossly insulted, and by my own preacher, too.

"Your preacher?"

"Yes, my preacher. He stopped me on the street and said he'd noticed that on two or three occasions lately I'd left the church just as the contribution box started around."

"Did you leave?"

"Yes; but you don't suppose it was to avoid adding a paltry dime to the church funds, do you? The idea! It makes me boil to think that preacher—my own preacher, too—should suggest such a thing. It's outrageous!"

"But why did you leave?"

"It was raining. I'd forgotten my umbrella, and I knew there were only a few in the vestibule."—New York Weekly.

The Absent-Minded Minister.

At the Chautauqua Assembly a number of stories about absent-mindedness were being told.

There was the story of the absent-minded doctor who handed his patient a fee and took his prescription himself; the story of the professor, who, coming home to dinner too early, and seeing the table cleared, went back upstairs again, muttering that he had quite forgotten having dined; and there were many other stories told.

But Bishop Vincent, among all these anecdotes, carried off the palm with a story about an absent-minded minister.

"There was a minister," the Bishop said, "who was so absent-minded that he once lathered and shaved his reflection in the mirror."

Waterloo's Only Survivor.

Last Saturday we announced that there was a survivor of Waterloo but a little while ago. John Vaughan is still alive, and he was a bugler boy in the great fight. "I saw him at Walsall railway station two months ago," writes a correspondent, "and had a conversation with him, in the course of which he told me he was born at Aldershot, March, 1801." He can walk well enough still, but two wounds in the left leg make help necessary when it comes to getting into a railway carriage. He sells bootlaces, as we said, for the veteran finds he cannot live on his country's gratitude, which comes to seven shillings a week. Surely we might do a little better than that for John Vaughan."—London Chronicle.

To Get Rid of Mice.

Smoke the mouse trap before placing it, for the mice are much more apt to enter it when this precaution is taken. After the cheese is securely fastened to the hook hold the trap over an open gas jet or lamp until the cheese is well toasted. In this

RULES OF THE ROAD

As Promulgated by the New York Police Department.

The police department of New York City has adopted the following rules:

1. Slowly moving vehicles shall keep to the right and as near the right hand curb as possible, so as to leave room in the middle of the street for vehicles going at a greater speed.
2. A vehicle meeting another shall pass on the right.
3. A vehicle overtaking another shall pass to the left of the overtaken vehicle, and not pull over to the right until entirely clear of it.
4. A vehicle turning into another street to the right shall turn the corner as near the right-hand curb as practicable.
5. In turning into another street to the left the vehicle shall turn around the center of intersection of the two streets.
6. In slowing up or stopping, a signal shall always be given to those behind by raising the hand or whip vertically.
7. In turning, while in motion, or in starting to turn from a standstill, a signal shall be given by raising the whip or hand, indicating with it the direction in which the turn is to be made.

Sound as a Dollar.

Monticello, Minn., Aug. 7th.—Mr. J. W. Moore of this place stands as a living proof of the fact that Bright's Disease, even in the last stages, may be perfectly and permanently cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Mr. Moore says: "In 1898 three reputable physicians after a careful examination told me that I would die with Bright's Disease inside of a year. My feet and ankles and legs were badly swollen; I could hardly stand on my feet and had given up all hopes of getting cured when a traveling salesman told me that he himself had been cured of Bright's Disease two years before.

"He said he had taken to his bed and expected to die with it, but that he had been cured by a remedy called Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I commenced taking them at once and I am thankful to say that they saved my life. After a short treatment I was completely restored to good health and I am now as sound as a dollar."

The average promoter finds it much easier to work suckers than to work wonders.

NO SLEEP FOR MOTHER

Baby Covered With Sores and Scales—Could Not Tell What She Looked Like—Marvelous Cure by Cuticura.

"At four months old my baby's face and body were so covered with sores and large scales you could not tell what she looked like. No child ever had a worse case. Her face was being eaten away, and even her finger nails fell off. It itched so she could not sleep, and for many weary nights we could get no rest. At last we got Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The sores began to heal at once, and she could sleep at night, and in one month she had not one sore on her face or body.—Mrs. Mary Sanders, 709 Spring St., Camden, N. J."

All young men fall in love, but most of them manage to climb out again.

TEA

Moneyback means that the tea is good and well worth the money.

Can't mean anything else.

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like Schilling's Best.

"Who gave the bride away?" "Her little brother. He stood up right in the middle of the ceremony and yelled: 'Hurrah! Fanny, you've got him at last!'"

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease

A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The more agreeable a man is to himself the less he is to others.

$35.00 per M. Lewis' "Single Binder," straight 5c cigar, costs the dealer some more than other 5c cigars, but the higher price enables this factory to use higher grade tobacco. Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Occasionally a man gets rid of a bad habit by swapping it for a worse one.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—Mrs. Thos. Roberts, Maple Street, Norwich, N. Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Plenty used to mean enough before trusts got to hogging things.

Try me just once and I am sure to come again. Defiance Starch.

Satan agrees with the man who is satisfied with himself.

To the housewife who has not yet become acquainted with the new things of everyday use in the market and who is reasonably satisfied with the old, we would suggest that a trial of Defiance Cold Water Starch be made at once. Not alone because it is guaranteed by the manufacturers to be superior to any other brand, but because each 16c package contains 16 ozs., while all the other kinds contain but 12 ozs. It is safe to say that the lady who once uses Defiance Starch will use no other. Quality and quantity must win.

Truths that Strike Home

Your grocer is honest and—if he cares to do so—can tell you that he knows very little about the **bulk** coffee he sells you. How *can* he know, where it originally came from, how it was blended—**or with what**—or when roasted? If you buy your coffee loose by the pound, how *can* you expect purity and uniform quality?

LION COFFEE, the LEADER OF ALL PACKAGE COFFEES, is of necessity uniform in quality, strength and flavor. For OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY, LION COFFEE has been the standard coffee in millions of homes.

LION COFFEE is carefully packed at our factories, and until opened in your home, has no chance of being adulterated, or of coming in contact with dust, dirt, germs, or unclean hands.

In each package of LION COFFEE you get **one full pound** of Pure Coffee. Insist upon getting the genuine. (Lion head on every package.)

(Save the Lion heads for valuable premiums.)

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

KC BAKING POWDER

is the wonderful raising powder of the Wave Circle. Thousands of women are bringing greater health and better food into their homes by using K C Baking Powder. Costs just one-third what you always pay. If you have never used it you don't know what you've missed. Don't wait! All grocers.

25 ounces for 25 cents

JAQUES MFG. CO.
Chicago

The artistic "Book of Presents" free upon request.

Dainty, Crisp, Dressy

Summer Skirts

are a delight to the refined woman everywhere. In order to get this result see that the material is good, that it is cut in the latest fashion and use

Defiance Starch

in the laundry. All three things are important, but the last is absolutely necessary. No matter how fine the material or how daintily made, bad starch and poor laundry work will spoil the effect and ruin the clothes. DEFIANCE STARCH is pure, will not rot the clothes nor cause them to crack. It sells at 10c a sixteen ounce package everywhere. Other starches, much inferior, sell at 10c for twelve ounce package. Insist on getting DEFIANCE STARCH and be sure of results.

Defiance Starch Company, Omaha, Nebraska.

VACATION TRIPS

From Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo

J. F. MALL,
G. A. A. T. & S. F. Ry., 1700 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

EAST.

Chicago and back..... $22.50
St. Louis and back..... 22.50
(Daily. Limit October 31.)

WEST.

Los Angeles, San Diego and back.... $51.50
Los Angeles, San Francisco and back, via Portland in one direction..... 51.00
(August 7 to 13 and August 26 to September 4.)

San Francisco and back..... 45.00
(August 11 to 15.)

Limit 90 days. Stop-over privileges. Fastest time to southern California.

THE OUTLOOK

Weekly Newspaper Devoted to the Interest of White Oaks and Lincoln Co., N. M.

Published Every Thursday

Lee M. Rudisill, Editor and Pub

Entered as second-class matter, September 8th, 1901, at Post office at White Oaks New Mexico under the Act of Congress of March 3d, 1879.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.

One Year (in Advance).....$1.00
If not paid inside 6 months.. 1.50

THE PRESIDENT'S DEFINITNESS.

President Roosevelt has a way of expressing his ideas, so that there can be no mistaking what he means. Here are two extracts from his recent address at Chatauqua N. Y. on the Monroe Doctrine and the Trusts

"We cannot permanently adhere to the Monroe Doctrine unless we succeed in making it evident in the first place that we do not intend to treat it in any shape or way as an excuse for aggrandizement on our part at the expense of the republics to the south of us second, that we do not intend to permit it to be used by any of these republics as a shield to protect that republic from the consequences of its own misdeeds against foreign nations; third, that inasmuch as by thir doctrine we prevent other nations from interfering on this side of the water, we shall ourselves in good faith try to help those of our sister republics, which need such help, upward toward peace and order.

I do not want to see any foreign power take possessions permanently or temporarily of the custom houses of an American republic in order to enforce its obligations, and the alternative may at any time be that we shall be forced to do so ourselves.

"Many corporations show themselves honorably desirous to obey the law; but. unfortunately some corporations, and very wealthy ones at that exhaust ever effort which can be suggested by the highest ability or secured by the most lavish expenditure of money, the defeat the purposes of the law on the statute books

Not only the men in control of these corporation, but the business world generally, ought to realize that such conduct is in every way pernicious, and constitutes a menace to the nation generally and especially to the people of great property.

Defiance of the law must inevitably lead to futher legislation. This legislation may be more drastic than I would prefer. If so it must be distinctly understood that it will be because of the stubborn determination of some great combination to striving to prevent the enforcement of the law as it stands, by every device legal and illegal.

"I believe that corporation engaged in interstate commerce should under the supervision of the national government."

Secretary of State Elihu Root has severed all connection with the Corporations with which he has been connected in any official capacity. A good example for all public officials to follow.

[illegible]

DEATH OF ARCH BISHOP CHAPELLE

Arch Bishop Chapelle, one of the most interesting and influential prelates of the Catholic Church, died in New Orleans, last Wednsday Aug ,9th a victim of the yellow fever. Many of the older residents of White Oaks will remember his visit to our town a number of years ago, when he was stationed at Santa Fé as the Arch Bishop of the diocese embracing Colorado New Mexico dan Arizona. Those who heard his address in the Congregation Church on that occasion were delighted with him and still speak of it as one of the privileges of their lives. He was a man beloved by all who knew him. His ecclesiastical relations did not fetter him to only one branch of the Christian Church. His heart was large and his religeon embraced the whole human family. He was a remarkable man intellectually. His learning was extensive, and as a linquist ranked among the highest. He spoke French English and Spanish with equal fluency and was considered one of the best Latin and Greek scholars of the Church. He was master of the history and jurisprudence of the Catholic Church. As a preacher he had few equals. While rector of St Mathews Church in Washington D. C. his services were throged by those who delighted to hear sermons that were helpful and inspiring to better living; and were attended by non Catholics as well as those of his own communion.

Among his parishioners were, Gen'ls Sheridan, Rosencrans, Sherman, Vincent and their families, others of like repute. The dead Arch Bishop filled in every sense of the word the position in the world to which his title called him; a servant of the Church and Humanity. As he was beloved by all, so he loved and served all with his great brain and still bigger heart.

He was on a tour visiting the Churches of Louisiana, when the news of the fever plague came to him, he immediately hastened to New Orleans, to cooperate with the authorities to stamp out the plague.

He labored in the sticken district amomg the poorer classes, and gave his services anb life unstintedly to releive and help the suffering victims, and fell himself in the forefront of the battle. He was one of the heroes who, is intitled to the welcome of the Master's, "Well done".

ENUMERATION OF SCHOOL CHILDREN.

The last territoral legislature amended the law slightly in regard to the enumeration of persons of the school age in the several destricts, and it is here given in full for the benefit of those concerned.

Section 1. That the directors of schools in the several school districts in the territory shall, on or before the first day of September of each year make an enumeration of all unmarried persons between five and twenty-one years of age, giving the names, ages and sex of such persons in full, and shall report the same in writing, which enumeration list shall be signed by all the directors, to the county superintendent within fifteen days thereafter. It shall be the duty of the clerk of said school districts to correctly enumerate or cause to be enumerated all unmarried persons of the respective school districts as aforesaid. Further. For said enumeration he shall be paid [illegible]

LINCOLN COUNTY.

Its Resources, Advantages and Climate—In Many Ways an Ideal Haven for the Homeseeker and Investor.

The county is more abundantly favored by nature perhaps than any other section of equal scope in the southwest in the way of varied resources and promises of future wealth and prosperity.

Here are to be found the finest stock ranges in the world; all the principal minerals mined to supply the needs and comforts of mankind; an abundance of hay and grain; the most luscious fruits grown in any climate; and added to this an atmosphere tempered with just enough vigor and ozone to make breathing a real pleasure and living a delight.

To those of us who have lived in this moral heritage any great number of years this statement needs no verification. The grand possibilities of the county are an open book. Her resources are unlimited.

The principal industries of course are mining and stock raising, though of recent years much attention has been given to the cultivation of fruit. The phenominal success of those who first ventured the experiment years ago has stimulated others to plant extensively with trees of the very best varieties of fruit to be obtained, suited to the soil and climate, so that the time is not far distant when the valleys and even the waste places will burst forth with a cloud of fruitful blossoms, and later on the full ripe fruit, nourished and quickened by the perfume laden mountain breezes, and mellowed and crimsoned by autumnal suns, will furnish forth a harvest, luscious and aromatic enough to make a Missouri Ben Davis man stand and gaze with green-eyed wonder.

Hardly enough grain has thus far been raised to supply home consumption. About eleven thousand acres of land are now under cultivation, much of that in a crude haphazard way, where the owner is often at a loss to know which to harvest—the struggling grain or the weeds. A large percentage of the tillable ground is located along the water courses where it is susceptible of irrigation, though in certain localities large tracts of land have been producing good crops of the various kinds of grain and vegetables for the past ten years without any other moisture whatever than that derived from the annual snow fall and the summer rains.

There cannot be any possible doubt but that deep plowing and thorough cultivation would cause much of the land in this county, especially that contiguous to the mountains now classed as "arid" to abundantly reward the man with the cultivator and the hired hand.

Besides this there is fully enough water going to waste upon the mesas and from the mountain slopes which if properly stored, which it could be, to irrigate thousands of acres of the richest soil ever deposited for the raising of all kinds of products grown in a temperate zone.

The stock ranges in this section are usually well sheltered by foothills and numerous belts of timber. The grass is principally grama—than which there is none better—generally abundant and nutritious, so that stock usually thrives the year round, making cattle, sheep and goat raising not only safe but profitable. Since the [illegible] there has been but [illegible] when there was [illegible] loss of stock [illegible] the land and the result of their magic is susceptible of a reasonable doubt.

Aside from its vast areas of grazing and agricultural lands, which are as yet but little more than half utilized on account of the inadequate supply of surface water, its other resources are enormous. From the Gallinas Mountains on the north to the White Mountains on the south, a distance of about eighty miles, there lies a practically inexhaustable mineral belt. There is not a mountain range within its borders where the precious metals, in some form, do not crop out on the surface. This fact has been well established for years, but the tendency of the fake with the reduction plant that he knows will turn the mountain upside down and pull the mineral out of the rock with an instrument, modelled on a dentist's tweezers, and the fakir operator who tries to float a million dollar stock proposition on a ten foot assessment hole, to drift this way with his scheme, done up in a forty-eight cent grip, seems to have impressed legitimate enterprises that the whole county rests under a "hoo doo."

Only in cases where the deposits have proven to be so enormously rich that they have paid for their own exploiting from the surface down, and a dividend besides, has the work been prosecuted with any kind of system or continuity. It can be safely asserted that no mine in this whole mineral belt, with one or two exceptions, is being worked at the present time where the output of the mine itself has not paid the expense of operating and development, together with the cost of reducing the ore.

In addition to the precious metals, it seems that nature in order to more especially endow this portion of her vast domain, has underlaid about 50 square miles of it with veins of bituminous coal, which cannot be excelled any where west of the Mississippi. Immense outcroppings of hemitite iron are also found in different parts of the county, and lying contiguous to the coal fields.

As to the healthfulness of this climate—the United States Government settled that matter when it established a marine hospital at old Fort Stanton in the heart of Lincoln County.

Notice for Publication.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Land Office at Roswell, N. Mex., July 14, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the U. S. Commissioner at his office in Lincoln, New Mexico, on August 21, 1903, viz: David C. Kerr Homestead Application No. 4125, for the North East Quarter of Section 3, T. 1 N, R. 18 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

J. A. Sisk, of Corona, New Mex.,
S. K. Owens, of Corona, New Mex.,
F. S. R. P., of Corona, New Mex.,
Chas. M. LeBoin, of Corona, New M. x.

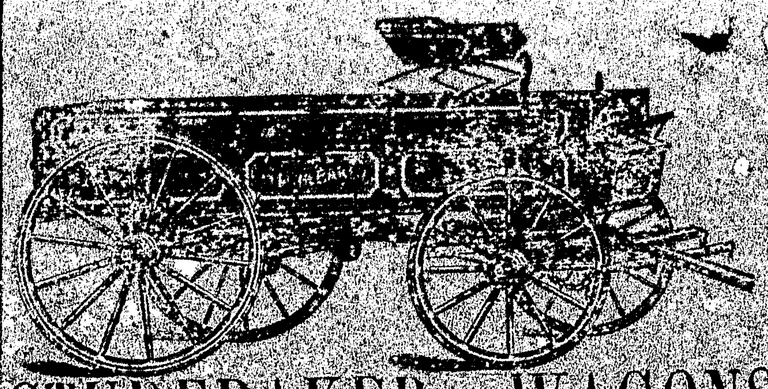
HOWARD LELAND,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT, County of Lincoln
No. [illegible] Truman Fletcher Chapman,
vs.
Mary Elizabeth Chapman.

The said defendant, Mary Elizabeth Chapman, is hereby notified that a suit, divorce has been commenced against you in the District Court for the County of Lincoln, Territory of New Mexico, by said Truman Fletcher Chapman, alleging abandonment; that unless you enter or cause to be entered your appearance in said suit on or before the [illegible] day of October A. D. 1903, judgment will be rendered against you in said suit.

[illegible]



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PAUL MAYER'S

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO

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We make close connections at Torrance with the Great Through Rock Island Passenger Train.

SOUTH BOUND.			NORTH BOUND.	
STATIONS.		LEAVE DAILY	STATIONS.	ARRIVE DAILY
Santa Fe		1 00 p m	Santa Fe	4 20 p m
Domínguez		1 20 p m	Domínguez	4 10 p m
Vega Blanca		1 45 p m	Vega Blanca	3 45 p m
Kennedy	2 65	2 20 p m	Kennedy	3 10 p m
Clark		2 45 p m	Clark	2 45 p m
Stanley		3 50 p m	Stanley	1 55 p m
Moriarty		4 05 p m	Moriarty	1 30 p m
McIntosh		4 20 p m	McIntosh	12 45 p m
Estancia		4 55 p m	Estancia	12 30 p m
Lucia		5 45 p m	Lucia	11 50 a m
Willard		6 20 p m	Willard	11 15 a m
Progreso		6 50 p m	Progreso	10 45 a m
Blanco		7 20 p m	Blanco	10 35 a m
Torrance		8 10 p m	Torrance	9 45 a m

Leave El Paso via E P-N E System 7.20 p m
Arrive Santa Fe via Santa Fe Central 4.30 p m
Leave Santa Fe via Santa Fe Central 1.00 p m
Arrive El Paso via E P-N E System 8.00 p m