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Practice in all the courts of the Territory.

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MINING LAW A SPECIALTY.

Societies.

K. of P.

Baxter Lodge No. 9, K. of P. Regular meetings Thursday evenings of each week, at the K. of P. Hall. Visiting Knights are always welcome.
JOSEPH SPENCER, C. C.
A. H. HUDSPETH, K. of R. and S.

I. O. O. F.

Golden Rule Lodge No. 16, I. O. O. F., meets at Pythian Hall, Tuesday nights.
CHARLES SPENCE, N. G.
J. C. KLEPINGER, Secretary.

G. A. R.

Kearney Post No. 10, Department of New Mexico.
Meetings first Monday of each month.
Comrades from other posts always given the glad hand and salute returned.
J. H. LEIGHNER, Post Com.
L. H. RUDISILLE, Adj't.

HOTEL OZANNE,

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.
Now open for business. Clean beds and an excellent cuisine awaits the traveling public.

Church Directory.

Methodist Church.

Preaching every fourth Sunday in the month.
Sabbath School each Sunday at 10 o'clock a. m.
Prayer Services every Wednesday evening at 7:30, also Sundays at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7:30 p. m., when there is no preaching.
All are cordially invited to join in these services.

Plymouth Congregational Church.

Services every Sunday as follows:
Sunday School at 10 a. m.
Christian Endeavor Society at 7:00 p. m.
Praying at 11 o'clock A. M. and on Sabbath evenings immediately after close of Christian Endeavor services.
Dr. H. G. MILLER, Pastor.

A SAD OCCURANCE.

One of the saddest accidents in the history of Lincoln county occurred at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Hulbert, formerly of this place, but now living on their farm near Lincoln.

Mrs. Hulbert, about 10 o'clock on the morning of the 18th was going over to her mother-in-law's house to make some arrangements for a birthday dinner for Mr. H. on the day following. In order to do so it was necessary to cross the Bonito river which was swollen by the melting snow in the White mountains, compelling her to take a horse to make the crossing.

Not wishing to leave the two children alone in the house during her absence, she took them on the horse with her. The boy about three years old riding behind his mother while she carried in her arms the babe, a little girl about ten months old.

In passing through a gate, not far from the house, some part of the saddle, probably the cinch or stirrup, caught on the latch of the gate closing it on the horse and catching him between the gate and gate post. The horse becoming frightened began to plunge throwing them all off, and in some unaccountable way, perhaps by the horse's hoof, the babe was struck on the back of the head, fracturing the skull near the base of the brain. None of the others were hurt. Everything that human love and sympathy could conceive was done for the little sufferer but the messenger had come and about seven o'clock that night she passed away.

Mr. and Mrs. Hulbert have the most sincere sympathy of their many friends in White Oaks.

The funeral took place at the home on Thursday at 2 P. M. and was conducted by Rev. A. G. Burlingame. Mrs. Hulbert's mother, Mrs. J. O. Nabours, was wired at Las Cruces and came over. Mrs. Noah Elhe, an old friend of the family was also present.

I pack my grip and case my gun,
And don a shirt that is not "biled".

I turn toward the setting sun,
And seek the bosky jungles wild;

I shrive me of official care,
To hunt the lobo and the bear.
Full well I know while snugly hid
In mountain gorge or rustic lair,

Affairs of State along will jot,
Tho' frenzied schemers plan and plot;

I have them safely in the pot
And Taft is on the lid.
TEDDY.

FOR SALE.

Barbed wire. Special prices in quantities.
WELCH & TITTSWORTH.
CAPTAN. NEW MEXICO.

Beginning on the 22d day of April of this Christian era in the "arid" land of New Mexico, where there is seldom any rainfall at this time of the year, we had thirty-six hours of steady down pour, soaking the soil clean down to the bottom of Gotzenwetter's dry well. Even yet Carizo and Lone and the Patos range are wearing their white nightcaps of snow, while the landscape of the lower levels is taking on its green draperies as if in the midst of summer time. If this pace should only be kept up during the entire year it will make New Mexico the garden spot of the world.

The Easter exercises at the Congregational Church last Sunday were very impressive indeed and well rendered in every particular.

Ziegler Bros. will pay you the highest market price for hides and pelts.

John W. Fulton, secretary of the American Angora Goat Breeder's Association, is now in this part of the country looking over the different herds in this county.

FOR SALE.

1 Kitchen Stove, Cupboard and a Kitchen Table. Also other household goods at residence of Levin W. Stewart.

H. E. Bannister, a piano regulator from El Paso is stopping at Hotel Ozanne when not plying his hammer and stem winder.

A. L. Noonis, N. Hunsinger and J. C. Gettie, cattle buyers from Leon Kansas, are here looking the country and the live stock over, with Fred Smith as pilot.

Miss Ruth Tompkins returned from Alamogordo Sunday, where she has been visiting her brother Ed, his wife and friends. She is now holding down a case in the Outlook office.

Dr. Miller's subject next Sunday at the Congregational Church at eleven o'clock: "Those Who Stand by," and at night, "What We all Would Like to See." Every body cordially invited.

Ladies; call and see the new stock of Millinery Goods just received at Ziegler Bros.

It will be seen from our Lincoln correspondent that the Emilio murder trial is set for Wednesday of this week. The Outlook was informed by one returning from Lincoln, that it had been laid over on trivial grounds. This is an error that is gladly corrected.

Cinnamon Rolls and Doughnuts always on hand and fresh on Saturdays, also Cakes and Pies. Orders taken during the week. Fresh Bread every day; 3 loaves for 25c. Bakery opposite Ziegler Bros.
Lulu S. Wingfield.

The meeting of the Ladies Social Circle has been postponed one week on account of the serious illness of Mrs. Canning, who was to have entertained. As she is now on the road to a speedy recovery arrangements are made for the meeting with her one week from today.

H. C. Payne and wife, of the Jeurillus, who have been visiting their old home at Cleveland, Ohio, for several weeks past, returned Sunday, and remained at the Hotel Ozanne storm bound for two days before reaching their abiding place over in Ancho gulch. They report a very pleasant trip.

The elements mostly favor, so far, the weekly gathering of the Ladies Social Circle of White Oaks. Thursday, March 20th was no exception, as the day was clear and bright.

Mrs. Rudisille entertained at her home. Being so near Easter she made it commemorative of that day by appropriate decorations. Butterflies, symbols of the resurrection, were every where. Apple blossoms, so rare in White Oaks, were contributed by Mrs. McDonald of Carrizozo ranch. Dr. Miller, once more with us, and a goodly number of young ladies, had been invited and were present. Dr. Miller's hearty laugh rang out as of old, and the young ladies, of whom we are justly proud, sang for us. Contests with their good natured rivalry for prizes, were an interesting feature as usual.

Delicious sandwiches and coffee were served and ended a very harmonious and delightful afternoon.

Ziegler Brothers.

ARE WELL PREPARED TO SUPPLY YOUR WANTS.

Their Stock of General Merchandise is Complete.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, Gents Furnishings.

A COMPLETE STOCK of Boots and Shoes.

Give Us a Chance and See How Cheap We Can Sell You a Bill of Goods.

Ziegler Bros.

A TIMELY SUGGESTION.

A rainy Easter! on the whole I scarce know how to act upon it;
To go to church and save my soul
Or stay at home and save my bonnet.

H. B. Tompkins, who deals out justice according to the New Mexico statutes in this precinct, has returned from Lincoln, where he had been summoned as a witness in a certain trial for larceny, where a Lincoln County jury saw fit to turn the culprit loose after pleading guilty at his preliminary hearing before the justice.

The young people's 4 S club met with Miss Ella Young last Thursday evening. The exercises were principally of the intellectual order, but very entertaining as well as amusing, the animal fair coming in for its full share. There was much good music and a better luncheon. Altogether it pays to be young and belong to a social club with an unknowable name.

The deaths of two prominent persons of this country have occurred during the past week, that of United States Senator O. H. Platt, of Connecticut, and Joseph Jefferson, the actor. The latter died in Florida where he had gone for his health. He has enjoyed a world wide reputation for the past thirty years or more through his character of Rip Van Winkle which he created from Washington Irving's story of Sleepy Hollow.

The next Department Encampment G. A. R. will be held in the city of Albuquerque on the 5th and 6th of May. Gen. W. W. Blackmar, Commander-in-Chief will be present, also the department commander of Colorado and Wyoming, as well as the national president of the ladies of the G. A. R. and the vice president of the W. R. C. A grand, good time is expected, and quite a battalion of the old boys will be there touching elbows once more, and if there are any top rails about the Duke City that are not spiked or bolted fast, or any pigs or chickens running loose, their absence will be noted after the affair is over. Notwithstanding all this the freedom of the town will be accorded them, which means that they are to turn themselves loose, which they are pretty sure to do, and the Commercial Club has offered them their hall for a reception and hurrah time. The A. T. and S. F., the Santa Fe, Central and the El Paso and Northeastern railroads will sell half fare tickets for the occasion, good from May the 3d to the 8th. It is to be a field day in the way of encampments.

THE EXCHANGE BANK!

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.

Transacts a General Banking Business—Issues Drafts on all Principal Cities of the World—Accords to Borrowers every accommodation consistent with safety. Accounts solicited.
INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

NOGAL MECRANTILE CO.

John H. Canning, Proprietor.

A Complete Line of Strictly HIGH-GRADE

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

—THE STORE WHERE YOU GET A SQUARE DEAL—
ALL THE TIME

No Trouble to Show Goods Here.

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES ON FIRST QUALITY MERCHANDISE

We Are Showing a Complete Line of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Laces, Embroideries, Hosiery, Corsets, Notions, Shirt Waists, Wrappers, Underwear etc.

Shoes and Oxfords, Neat Styles and Selz Quality. Hats and Men's Furnishings—a good line.
PRICES ARE RIGHT.

GROCERIES—Always Fresh and Prices to Meet Any and All Competition.

COFFEES—No Names but Sellers.
20, 25, 30c Grades equal to any 25, 30, 35c Grades.

TRY THIS STORE.

S. C. WIENER.

TALIAFERRO

MERCANTILE and TRADING CO.

FOR 25 YEARS WE HAVE BEEN DOING BUSINESS AT OUR PRESENT STAND.

WE ARE NOT CLOSING OUT

We Guarantee Our Goods, and Your Money Back If Not as Represented.

SCHILLING'S GOODS are not adulterated.
CHASE AND SANBORN'S COFFEE,
NONE BETTER.

General Merchandise.

WHITE OAKS, - NEW MEXICO.

Acid plus salt makes life, according to Prof. Loeb. But you have to know the recipe.

Henry James says the American girl is elusive. Not if the boy comes with theater tickets.

The Berliners are playing poker to beat the band. Another American invasion, no doubt.

Commander Peary has a \$100,000 ship, and hopes he is a man of the proper figure to sail it.

Counting the four-legged variety only, the census bureau found in this country 47,329,517 hogs.

Massachusetts now proposes to tax cats. This bill should include the sort that play in our back yard.

Unfortunately for Sir Thomas, the jib can't build yachts as well as they can play checkers.

The New York Evening Post confesses to avariciously. Only those have it who own dictionaries.

Two New York detectives are rumored to have "spurned bribes." Evidently misprint for "urned."

Chicago has a whistling choir. How does the tenor ever resist the temptation, when the soprano puckers?

It now costs \$2,500 to get into the New York Stock Exchange. Often costs more than that to get out again.

President Roosevelt might find quite a number of "100,000 men" if he were to take them at the estimate of their wives.

The New York World says "paint is a sure sign of prosperity." But no many girls will put out the sign, regardless.

French undertakers prey on dead Americans. Well, unlike hotel keepers and others, they have no chance at live ones.

King Edward has given up the white vest habit, and this country may now be expected to howl to his clothes line.

Men's pockets are to be made deeper and wider this season. This looks like a neat stroke of sarcasm on the part of the tailors.

An Alabama editor has been appointed convict inspector in that state. Glad to see the profession recognized on any terms.

Willie Devereux Blako has discovered that it was a quince instead of an apple which Eve gave Adam. No wonder trouble followed.

Customs officials might find difficulty in proving that frogs are "a venesential article." They are certainly essential to the frogs.

The princess who has been selected for King Alfonso is several months older than he, and the records can't be doctored. Being a princess has drawbacks, too.

Thirty-two babies were born in two days to families of working men employed at the Carnegie steel plant at Homestead, Pa. The stork was working over time.

An English actress has recently made \$600,000 speculating in stocks. She says she did it all without the aid of "tips." Moral: Always beware of "tips" on stocks.

Boston, according to the Herald, "is getting exceptionally healthy." People who can survive a steady diet of beans, brown bread and codfish must be painfully healthy.

A Chicago physician says that drunkards are diseased and suggests means for curing them. The trouble is that a good many of them have no desire to be cured.

A Pennsylvania town of 6,000 inhabitants has just erected its first church, though it has been in existence for 130 years. Evidently it has had no occasion to pray for its mayors and aldermen in public.

The esteemed Boston Herald declares that "few of us realize what a vast amount of poverty there is in this country." The Herald must have been looking over the newspaper bench pretty closely.

The father of triplets was on a fishing trip when they were born, twelve days ago, and it is said that when he reached home the other day and learned of the news he was quite surprised. That seems quite plausible.

The Chicago Journal devotes about a column to a communication seeking to prove that "love is a magician which reveals hidden beauties." Any man who has been in love knows all about that trick. Tell us something new.

The New York Sun says: "A poet comes to us now and then. We need a real poet who can do the trick. But even real poets have become so used

Work on the Belen Cut-Off.

The first shovel of dirt toward the construction of the long talked of Belen cut-off on the Santa Fe system was turned April 17th at Belen. The new line will run from Belen, New Mexico, to Mexico, Texas, a distance of 40 miles, and will add another division to the western system of this road. The object of this new road is to furnish an outlet for the Santa Fe to the Pacific coast from Texas and at the same time relieve the congestion of traffic on Gulf lines. The Lantry-Sharpe Construction Company of Strong City, Kansas, has the contract and already has 2,000 men and 500 teams at work, which force will be increased as fast as men and equipment can be rushed to the scene of operations. It is the intention of the contractors to begin work at both ends and push it to completion as rapidly as possible. The building of the new line will entail an expenditure of several millions of dollars and will mean much to the section of the Southwest which will become its feeder.

Sister Mary Pauline, a member of the Sisterhood of Charity for fifty years, celebrated her golden anniversary of entrance into the sisterhood here at Albuquerque April 17th. She has been a resident of this territory for thirty-five years and is pioneer of the Albuquerque region. Sister Pauline is connected with St. Vincent's academy and was the recipient of many gifts from former pupils and friends from all over the United States.

Active work was resumed at the mills of the American Lumber Company, Albuquerque, April 17th, after a shut-down of ten days on account of scarcity of logs caused by the mountain roads to lumber camps being snowbound. These mills are the largest in the Southwest and employ over 1,000 men. Manager C. Jackson announced that the night shift would be continued from now on through the summer, which will mean an increase in the monthly payrolls of the company of many thousands of dollars.

Sugar beet seed has been presented free to seventy-five Pecos valley farmers by the Roswell Commercial Club for experimental purposes. A \$1,000,000 factory will be established at Roswell if it is proven that the beets can be successfully raised. The experiments will be made at Roswell, Dexter, Hagerman, Lakewood, Artesian and Dayton.

Arthur Seligman of Santa Fe, Frank Springer of Las Vegas, A. N. Pratt of Carlsbad, Newton A. Bolich of Deming, and J. E. McCarthy of Farmington, have been appointed on the territorial irrigation commission by Acting Governor James W. Reynolds, who also appointed David M. White of Santa Fe territorial engineer.

Money for Railway.

An Albuquerque dispatch of April 17th says: A telegram was received in this city to-day from General Manager W. S. Hopewell of the Albuquerque Eastern railway, who is now in New York, that he had secured money to complete the road between Albuquerque and Moriarty, a distance of forty-two miles. The road has been building for the last year and is over half completed. It will give the Santa Fe Central railway a direct line from the capital at Santa Fe to this city and at the same time give the Rock Island at Torrance a line into Albuquerque, where it will be able to compete for coast traffic of Santa Fe. It is rumored that the Albuquerque Eastern and the Santa Fe Central eventually will become the property of the Rock Island.

New Mexico's Fine Showing.

The books published by the board of managers of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition to summarize and commemorate the great exhibit made last year have been received at this office. The people of New Mexico are to be congratulated upon the manner in which their state and its resources are presented in these volumes. One of these, "To the Land of Sunshine," gives a comprehensive bird's-eye view of the entire state from many varied viewpoints; the other, "New Mexico Mines and Minerals," is an accurate and minute survey of the mining history of the state, the resources of its mines, the geology of the ore deposits and a census of minerals, irrigation waters and table of altitude.

These volumes represent a vast amount of work, and in themselves speak volumes for the good taste, intelligence and public spirit of the men whose voluntary labor made them possible.

The information here contained will be a revelation even to western folks, familiar as they are with the wonders and opportunities of the vast Rocky Mountain region.

New Mexico has the unique attractions of the oldest and the newest in American history. Its ethnological treasures are probably greater than those of any other part of the country; its earliest history antedates that of any other part of the United States. The associations, buildings and relics of Santa Fe are priceless in this Nation of newness. With this background a new and modern commonwealth is springing up with rapid but substantial strides.

Favored with the moiraine climate of the mountain region rich in soil and irrigation possibilities, possessed of a vast abundance of mineral resources as yet in the infancy of their development, New Mexico has much to offer the homeseeker and the investor. Gold, silver, hard and soft coal, iron, zinc, lead, copper, sulphur, mineral paint, mica, asbestos, gypsum, salt, marble, onyx, building stone and precious stones—all these are found in abundance. The turquoise exhibit at the Exposition attracted especial attention.

The attention of manufacturers is called to the following facts: New Mexico has 4,000,000 sheep of improved grades, herds of woodpeckers are available in 1,000,000, 100,000 nests; contains a native bean; tanbark, pumice and obsidian; phosphates, mica, borax, sulfur, and other minerals. Sugar beets from the

Farmers will find excellent opportunities here. Only 250,000 acres are now under cultivation, whereas four times that number of acres are immediately available for agricultural purposes. The home market is not nearly supplied as yet, so that markets are tight at hand and prices good.

The miner will find in New Mexico a rich field but little developed. Health-seekers, the best possible conditions; the tourist, unique interests, and all will discover that they will not have to contend with "wild and woolly" conditions, but will find intelligent people, excellent schools, active churches and everything that goes to make a home worthy of permanent adoption.—Denver News.

Death of Felipe Chaves.

An Albuquerque dispatch of April 17th says: Felipe Chaves, grandson of Francisco Lavier Chaves, first governor of New Mexico, under the Mexican regime, and son of Jose Chaves, one of the early territorial governors under the United States, died early this morning at his home in Belen, aged seventy-one years. He was rated one of the wealthiest men in the West and was probably the wealthiest Mexican citizen of this territory.

Death was the result of a cerebral hemorrhage. Jose Chaves, son of the old leader, a stock broker in New York, came across the continent in special trains, arriving just a few hours too late to see his father alive.

Felipe Chaves was eccentric, his charities were on a magnificent scale, yet he lived for years the life of a recluse surrounded by his musical instruments and attended by a single servant in his immense home in Belen, a village just south of Albuquerque. Chaves was especially fond of the piano and kept in his library six pianos fitted out with mechanical piano players which he kept constantly in operation. He has taken no part in public life of late years, but formerly exerted considerable power in New Mexico politics.

His fortune is estimated at from one to two millions. There is but one son, Jose Chaves of New York and two daughters, Mrs. V. M. Baca of Denver, and Miss Manuella Chaves of Colorado Springs, who will inherit the fortune.

Attempt at Train-Wrecking.

An Albuquerque dispatch of April 16th says: A deliberate attempt to wreck passenger train No. 8, east-bound, a short distance north of Bernillo, on the Santa Fe last night, was made by placing ties upon the track. Fortunately an extra freight was the first train through and it was brought to a stop before any damage resulted.

To-day I. J. Knolls, a striking Santa Fe machinist of this city, was arrested charged with the crime. He was caught by Santa Fe secret service men near the scene of the crime walking along the track. Knolls bears a bad reputation, as he was arrested a short time ago charged with sending obscene literature and pictures through the United States mails.

Knolls is a striking machinist and it is alleged that he attempted to wreck the train to settle a grievance he has against the Santa Fe company. He had his preliminary hearing here this morning and was bound over to the grand jury in the sum of \$2,000. His arrest created somewhat of a sensation in this city.

Prisoner's Plot Fails.

While Assistant Superintendent Garrett was going about the penitentiary grounds at Santa Fe on the afternoon of the 12th inst., he found that John O'Brien, a convict who had served one year for horse stealing and had been discharged on account of the expiration of his sentence, had tried to smuggle a note from some of the life prisoners to outside friends.

Garrett discovered the note in the handle of a quilt which O'Brien was carrying as he was leaving the penitentiary. The note was written by W. B. Hall, a man sentenced for life for murder in Chaves county. Hall asked friends for five Colt's .45s and a box of cartridges. Four of the revolvers were to help four of Hall's fellow prisoners to escape, also life prisoners.

Garrett arrested O'Brien and gave him two months more in his old cell, after which he will be charged with conspiracy and attempted liberation of convicts from the territorial penitentiary. Hall's letter shows that he and others would have risked most anything in order to gain their liberty.

Albuquerque Race Meeting.

Arrangements have been completed for holding one of the largest race meetings ever held in the Southwest in Albuquerque, commencing May 28th and continuing four days. Two stake races, with a value of \$1,000 each, for harness horses, and the Albuquerque Derby, worth \$500 added, will be the main events.

E. A. Estabrook, George Barnard, Thomas Stark, S. J. Crabtree and other prominent horsemen of Colorado, and Salisbury of New York, have nominated for the big stakes.

The Daily Citizen offers \$100 for anyone who will lower the present track record of 2:13. The fair grounds are being improved to accommodate the entries and the track will be fast.

A Roswell dispatch of April 15th says: Sheriff K. S. Woodruff left to-day for Torrance, New Mexico, where he will take charge of Jop L. Clark, who has been arrested there on the charge of killing Deputy Sheriff James M. Chase. Woodruff will take Clark to the penitentiary at Santa Fe to serve a sentence of one year for horse stealing, imposed by a jury in the District Court here at the last term, and authorized by the Supreme Court. Clark was fined \$500 in addition to the sentence. Clark was out on a \$2,000 bond on the horse stealing case when he killed Chase. There will not be any court in Torrance county for two

Howell Carnegie Library Association has advertised for bids for the erection of a \$10,000 Carnegie library building. Adj. Gen. L. P. Terkington of New Mexico and Capt. W. S. Valentine of the Fifth United States cavalry inspected Company B of Roswell on the 11th inst. The officers stated that the company was in splendid shape.

In the District Court at Albuquerque the case of the Territory vs. Carlos C. Ayer of Florida, who shot and killed Henry Harrison, a colored porter on the Santa Fe, at Isleta, about a year ago, was continued on application of the territory until the next term of court. The counsel for the defendant urged a non-suit, to which the prosecution refused to agree.

The first session of the United States Court that has ever been held in Santa Fe was opened April 17th, Judge William H. Pope presiding. District Court for the county was opened also at the same hour by Judge William H. Pope. A new United States District Court was created one year ago and cases that were pending at that time at Socorro will be tried at Santa Fe.

A Roswell dispatch of April 17th says: After habeas corpus proceedings before Judge William H. Pope, to release A. M. Boykin of Tucumcari, who has been held in jail here for the last three months on the charge of killing his brother-in-law, Henry Stoltz, at Portales, bail was granted to-day in the sum of \$5,000. Boykin is a prominent citizen. Stoltz was formerly jailer here.

Col. W. H. Greer, manager for the Victorio Land and Cattle Company, has closed a deal whereby his company takes over the entire stock interests of A. E. Roullier in Socorro and Sierra counties. The property includes about 3,000 head of cattle and horses, the cattle being in the majority, and the price paid was \$14 a head. The sale also includes the Paraje Springs and Ojo Annayo ranch properties.

Don Jose Julia y Caballero, a Spanish nobleman, who for twenty-five years had been Spanish consul of the state of Trujillo, died here at Las Vegas April 12th of cerebral hemorrhage. He had lived at Las Vegas on account of poor health for a year. He was the richest man in the Honduras republic. He had been invested with the order of Isabella and of San Fernando. The body will be taken home for burial.

A Los Angeles dispatch says: Apropos of the question of joint statehood for New Mexico and Arizona territories, Gov. M. A. Otero of New Mexico, who is here on his way home from San Francisco, stated to-day that the citizens of New Mexico will not accept joint statehood with Arizona, even if confronted with the alternative of remaining a territory. He states that if the proposition is submitted to a vote it will be overwhelmingly rejected by the voters of the territory he represents.

An Albuquerque dispatch of April 17th says: A dispatch from Deming conveys the information that the proposed national fraternal sanitarium for tuberculosis patients will be located in that town. Col. P. R. Smith of that city has received information that the committee selected to find a location for the sanitarium will leave St. Louis the last of this month for its second and final visit to the territory. Other towns that are working for the project are this city, Las Vegas, Alamogordo and Santa Rosa.

Through the efforts of the president of the New Mexico School of Mines, C. R. Keyes and Dr. D. K. Gilbert of Washington, the New Mexico School of Mines at Socorro has acquired the library of several thousand volumes of the late Maj. John W. Powell, for fifteen years director of the United States Geological Survey and of world-wide fame as the explorer of the Grand canon of the Colorado. The collection is especially representative of the books on the mineral resources of the Rocky Mountain region, covering mining and geology, and also philosophy.

A Las Vegas dispatch of April 17th says: President W. R. Edison of the Associated Fraternities, who arrived in the city to-day with five other committeemen charged with the task of finally settling the question of a location for the National Fraternal sanitarium, announces that the Santa Fe, through Will B. Jansen, assistant to President Ripley, has offered the \$1,000,000 Montezuma hotel, the finest ever built in the Southwest, and the famous hot springs, if the decision is made to establish the institution here. It is believed that this offer will assure the establishment of the sanitarium here, where excellent railroad facilities, pure water and an ideal all-year-round climate are found.

An Albuquerque dispatch of April 14th says: O. E. Cromwell, a capitalist of Washington, D. C., and president of the American Yachting Association of New York, is in the city looking after his property interests, he being a director in the Bank of Commerce and owning one of the finest business blocks in the city. According to Cromwell, New Mexico and Arizona will be admitted to joint statehood at the next session of Congress, whether they want it or not. National law makers have decided upon such a move to fix once for all the long drawn out statehood agitation. A meeting of the joint statehood league was held here to-night, at which plans were laid for pushing such a bill in the next session of Congress.

The Santa Fe railway system, the Missouri Pacific, the Denver & Rio Grande and the Rock Island system should make special and low tourist rates from eastern points to this city and to other places in New Mexico reached by their lines. These rates will be good during the entire year, but especially for the summer in southern New Mexico, and during the winter in the northern part of this territory. Such a step on the part of the passenger department of these roads would bring thousands of tourists and health-seekers into the territory and would prove of material benefit to all concerned, to New Mexico, to the tourists and health-seekers, and to the roads interested. If not, why not? If Colorado, with less scenic attractions and a much more severe climate, is entitled to low tourist rates, why can not New Mexico, with a superior climate

EXPLAINING FREIGHT RATES.

Santa Fe Agent Before Interstate Commerce Committee—No Rebate to Colorado Fuel and Iron Co.

Washington, April 20.—Victor Morawetz of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad told the Senate committee on interstate commerce to-day that the executive committees, and boards of directors never know anything about the details of traffic management. They give directions to the president of the road, and the president directs the other officers.

In reply to a question by Senator Dooliver, Mr. Morawetz explained the charges regarding the granting of rebates by the Santa Fe to the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company. He said that the alleged rebate grew out of confusion of the cost of transportation and the cost of coal. The Santa Fe filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission a rate of \$4.05 from the mine to the point of intersection with a road which was controlled by Phelps, Dodge & Co., the coal consignee. As a matter of fact, he said, the rate was \$2.90 per ton and the difference, \$1.15 per ton, was paid to the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company for the coal. The road collected the price of the coal and the cost of transportation at the point of delivery.

It was alleged that the payment of \$1.15 to the Colorado company was a rebate when, as a matter of fact, he said, no rebate was paid. No interest, he stated, suffered by the act of the company and nobody connected with the Santa Fe system had any interest in the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company.

No other shipper could be affected, because Phelps, Dodge & Co. had to have the coal which was supplied by the Colorado company. The whole case arose over a confusion of the cost of coal with the cost of transportation.

LOW-PRICED POTATOES.

No Profit on Large Shipments From Greeley.

Denver, April 20.—A Republican special from Greeley says: Potatoes have moved more freely the last ten days than at any time during the last six months. The market price is 15 cents per hundred for Pearls and 20 cents per hundred for Rurals.

Forty carloads is the daily output from the Greeley district. They go as far west as Seattle, to Texas on the south and east to Kansas, Missouri and Oklahoma.

At least 2,000 carloads remain in the district. Farmers are slicing the potatoes and feeding to cattle and sheep. A. W. Bronnell, who is fattening 2,000 sheep for market, claims they are superior to best pulp for fattening food. The starch factory uses 500 sacks of potatoes a day.

The seed which will be planted for renewal comes from the Divide district, but two-thirds of the seed planted will be of last year's crop from this section.

The market price of 15 cents a sack is barely paying the farmer for the last sorting, sacking and hauling. This year he must count the cost of seed and of labor in production a total loss. It is said that on every carload shipped out the producer loses \$60 this year.

Farmers could dump their stored potatoes on their fields for fertilizing purposes were it not that the weather is now too warm for potatoes to freeze, which they must do before they rot sufficiently to make a good fertilizer. The acreage planted to potatoes the coming season will be cut down twenty-five per cent. from what it has been in the last twenty-five years. The area will be planted to sugar beets.

Will Close Land Offices.

Washington, April 20.—Commissioner Richards of the general land office will be obliged, under the law, to discontinue several land offices in Colorado at the commencement of the coming fiscal year, on account of lack of business transacted by them.

It is provided by the statute that whenever the quantity of public land remaining in any land district is reduced to less than 100,000 acres, or whenever the cost of collecting revenue from sales of public lands in a district is one-third of the whole amount of revenue, it may be lawful to discontinue such land district and annex it to an adjoining district.

Five land districts in Colorado come within these restrictions. They are: Hugo, where the receipts for the last nine months were \$4,876, and the expenses \$3,249.

Lamar, receipts \$3,025, expenses \$1,812.

Leadville, receipts \$7,574, expenses \$2,800.

Akron, receipts \$4,000, expenses \$2,150.

Del Norte, receipts \$6,532, expenses \$2,403.

Commissioner Richards has written letters to the registers and receivers of these offices calling for a report as to what portion of their districts the existing business comes from and whether they see any prospects for an increase. He also asks that these officials recommend, in the event the district should be attached to some other district, with what district the combination should be made.

Leadville Smelter Strike.

Leadville, Colo., April 19.—Armed deputies in charge of Sheriff O'Mahoney last night succeeded in maintaining quiet at the Arkansas Valley plant of the American Smelting and Refining Company here, where forty workmen and wheelers went on a strike yesterday for shorter hours and succeeded in keeping nearly 300 employees from working. The crew of six of the eight furnaces have been drawn and the other two are banded. The mines in the district have been ordered to cease shipping to the smelter until further notice. No disorder is looked for and a settlement is expected within a few days.

The wheelers struck when the smelter management put into effect the recent eight-hour law, which does not include them. They demanded the

ascertaining with St. Paul. The population of no mean city. Chicago population at this time exceeds 2,000,000. The canvass just now begun by the publishers of the Chicago directory is expected to show 2,100,000 inhabitants on the basis of the census of 1900, which is believed to have been incorrect. Based on the census of 1890, it is thought that it will show a population of upwards of 2,400,000. Averaging these two estimates, the population of Chicago appears to be equal to that of Manhattan and the Bronx, which is estimated as being this year 2,245,000. Chicago has grown to be as large as the old city of New York without Brooklyn, Queens and Richmond added thereto. It is safe to say that she is now the fourth city in the world in population, coming after London, New York and Paris.

More creditable even than this rapid development in population is the fact that Chicago has made noteworthy progress in municipal reform, and in municipal ownership of public utilities, with a common sense civil service law as a basis. With the latter, and that which goes with it—an alert public opinion—municipal ownership is always successful.

A Wonderful Discovery.

Broadland, S. Dak., April 17.—Quite a sensation has been created here by the publication of the story of G. W. Gray, who after a special treatment for three months was prostrate and helpless and given up to die with Bright's Disease. Bright's Disease has always been considered incurable, but evidently from the story told by Mr. Gray, there is a remedy which will cure it even in the most advanced stages. This is what he says:

"I was helpless as a little babe. My wife and I searched everything and read everything we could find about Bright's Disease, hoping that I would be able to find a remedy. After many failures my wife insisted that I should try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I praise God for this remedy met every phase of my case and in a short time I was able to get out of bed and after a few weeks' treatment I was a strong, well man. Dodd's Kidney Pills saved my life."

A remedy that will cure Bright's Disease will cure any lesser Kidney Disease. Dodd's Kidney Pills are certainly the most wonderful discovery which modern medical research has given to the world.

GREAT NEW YORK SHOW.

Spectacular Wonders of the New Hippodrome.

The Hippodrome, New York's newest and largest place of amusement, was opened to the public April 12th, under the management of Thompson & Dundy. Every one of the 5,200 seats was taken, and wherever there was standing space it was filled.

The performance began with the spectacle, "A Yankee Circus on Mars." The first scene showed a stranded American circus about to be sold at auction. It is bought by a Martian, who takes it to his planet and this gives opportunity in the following scene to show very elaborate stage settings.

Following the "Circus on Mars" came a spectacular production of American Civil War incidents, "Andersonville, a Story of Wilson's Raiders." In this there was a battle scene, bringing numbers of mounted men on the stage. The great hippodrome tank was utilized in the battle scene, the forepart of the stage sinking, this process of submerison continuing for several minutes until the stage represented a river.

With mounted troops represented in retreat, horses and riders rush forward and plunge into the river, many feet deep. Many horses were in the water at the same time and the magnitude of the presentation of the battle made a very effective scene.

The Hippodrome stage is remarkably large and at times was crowded. Hundreds of persons and many animals, including elephants and horses, were in view at one time, making a very animated and picturesque stage scene. The circus specialties introduced in the first part of the performance were unusually good.

HONEST CONFESSION.

A Doctor's Talk on Food.

There are no fairer set of men on earth than the doctors, and when they find they have been in error they are usually apt to make honest and manly confession of the fact.

A case in point is that of an eminent practitioner, one of the good old school, who lives in Texas. His plain, unvarnished tale needs no dressing up:

"I had always had an intense prejudice, which I can now see was unwarrantable and unreasonable, against all so-called advertised foods. Hence, I never read a line of the many 'ads.' of Grape-Nuts, nor tested the food till last winter.

"While in Corpus Christi for my health, and visiting my youngest son, who has four of the roughest, healthiest little boys I ever saw. I ate my first dish of Grape-Nuts food for supper with my little grandsons. I became exceedingly fond of it and have eaten a package of it every week since, and find it a delicious, refreshing and strengthening food, leaving no ill-effects whatever, causing no constipation (with which I was formerly much troubled), no sense of fullness, nausea, nor distress of stomach in any way.

"There is no other food that agrees with me so well, or sits so lightly or pleasantly upon my stomach as this food. I am stronger and more active since I began the use of Grape-Nuts than I have been for 10 years, and am no longer troubled with nausea and indigestion." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

GIVING AID TO HIS FOES



Charges that Gen. Francis V. Greene, as one of the officers of the Asphalt trust, drew a draft for \$100,000 for the support of the Matos revolution against President Castro and that the New York and Bermudez company entered into an alliance with the revolutionists are the most startling charges published in a decision of the Federal District Court of

Venezuela on March 14, 1905. This decision was in denial of the motion made by the New York and Bermudez company for dismissal of the action of the court to compel the company to pay damages to Venezuela for having aided the revolution. Gen. Greene in an interview with Mr. Hay and affidavits by himself and others has refuted these charges to the state department.

Mysterious Stone Figures a Puzzle to Scientists
In the National Museum at Washington, stands an enormous stone image from Easter Island, in the southern Pacific ocean. This island is 2,000 miles distant from any other inhabited spot. There are over 600 of these images on this island, and formerly they stood in groups of six and twelve platforms of hewn stone; but in the later years they were thrown down during the civil war between the natives. Most of these colossal figures are to be found at the eastern end of the island. They are hewn out of the volcanic tufa of an extinct crater and transported over its sides for three or four miles. The island is almost treeless and the wonder is how the savages could remove objects so fragile, and weighing from three to thirty tons over ground so rugged to their destination. There are now 400 people living on Easter Island, all of pure Polynesian stock. They know nothing of the erection of these images and it is quite evident that they are descendants of later immigrants.



This mysterious image was procured, with many others of ethnological interest, during a twelve-day visit to the island by the United States ship Mohican, under command of B. T. Day, U. S. N., in the year 1886. In an English museum is a pair of Queen Elizabeth's riding boots or buskins, the heels of which, it is of interest to note, are three inches high. However, a three-inch heel must have been ease and comfort to walk in compared with a "chopine." This extraordinary invention, by which ladies endeavored in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries to add cubits to their stature, was a kind of stiff made of wood and leather, and was sometimes as much as twelve inches high! The wearer had then to be assisted to keep her balance when walking either by servants or gallant cavaliers. It

Real High-Heeled Shoes.
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ELIZABETH
will be remembered that Shakespeare makes Hamlet greet one of the members of the company of players with the words, "By'r lady, your ladyship is nearer heaven than when I saw you last by the altitude of a chopine."

Crow Shows Intelligence.
It is surprising to see the amount of intelligence that can be shown by a crow, but a tame bird owned by Sherbrook Howard of Bath, Mass., exhibits it to a large degree. Each morning the bird flies to its master's bedroom window and utters shrill cries to awaken him, but will never go toward the window again during the day. Whenever hungry he flies to the kitchen and keeps up a continual squawking until fed. He refuses to fly away, and so far as known has never been more than a quarter of a mile from his adopted home. A few nights ago several other crows from neighboring fields did their utmost to get him to fly away with them, but, preferring the house of his young master, Mr. Crow refused to stir.

Old Roman Kiln in England.
A discovery of great interest to antiquaries has been made at Worcester. It consists of a Roman kiln in a perfect state of preservation. It is constructed entirely of three-year-old oak timbers and cement, and exhibits no signs of having been used. It is just within the city wall, which dates back to the time of the Conqueror; but the fragment of the house in which the discovery was made appears to be built upon a wall of Roman construction, constructed of brick and stone-work, and was not destroyed until the late sixteenth century.

Face Like Raw Beef—Thought She Would Lose Her Ear—Healed Without a Blister—Mother Thanks Cuticura.
"My little girl had eczema very bad when she was ten months old. I thought she would lose her right ear. It had turned black, and her face was like a piece of raw meat, and very sore. It would bleed when I washed her, and I had to keep cloths on it day and night. There was not a clear spot on her face when I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and now it is completely healed, without scar or blemish, which is more than I had hoped for. (Signed) Mrs. Rose Ether, 281 Eckford St., Brooklyn, N. Y."

Edith—Have just had my photograph taken. What do you think of it? Bertha—Why, it's perfectly splendid. It's a beautiful picture! Nobody would ever think it was taken for you.

The Present Rate Law.
The duties of the present Interstate Commerce Commission are to correct all discriminations in railroad rates. If it finds that an unjust rate is in effect, the railroad is notified. If it declines to change it, the Commission can bring suit in court and if the court decides in favor of the Commission's finding, the railroad must obey, or its officers may be brought up for contempt of court and summarily dealt with.

A happy marriage is the usual result when love is adulterated with a little common sense.

Many Children Are Sickly.
Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, Cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, Break up Colds and Destroy Worms. At All Druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

An expensive wife makes a pensive husband.

"Cigarette inhalers are said to die after a year of inhaling. Isn't that terrible?" "Terrible slow. I wish they'd die in ten minutes of it."

TEA
Our fortune and hope are in tea; in good tea.
You probably want that tea.
Your grocer returns your money if you don't like Schilling's Best.
If you are troubled with insomnia go to sleep and forget it.

All sorts of tea grow on the tea bush; all sorts on the same tea bush.

Rounder—I say, doctor, what is the best thing to take after a club dinner?
Doctor—A patrol wagon would doubtless be the safest thing.

When a man beats his wife it is ten to one that it is liquor that makes him lick'er.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars.
E. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Plans for the President's reception in Colorado are a little uncertain. They do not know just who will be governor at that time.—Washington Post.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 30c a bottle.

Wearry Walker: "Dia paper sees dat worry kills more fellers dan work."
Tired Tatters: "I reckon dat's right, but dey ain't nothin' wot worries me like work."

"I had Inflammatory Rheumatism, but I am well now, thanks to Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. It's my best friend." Garrett Leasing, Troy, N. Y.

A cynic is a man who claims to be tired of the world. But in reality the world is tired of him.

do not believe Pilo's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BUYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Why it is the Best
is because made by an entirely different process. Defiance Starch is unlike any other, better and one-third more for 10 cents.

Nothing amuses a crowd more than to see a fat man chasing his hat down a muddy street on a windy day.

TEA
Did you learn tea cookery?
When did you learn and who was your teacher?
Are you a real tea cook?
Never try to tan a dog's hide with his own bark.

DAY OF "GUN MEN" ENDED.

Quickness of Brain Has Succeeded to Quickness of Fingers.

Half a dozen men are still alive in the West who can take a Colt's .45, six-shooter, twirl it on the finger, and every time the barrel comes to the level will the trigger and hit the mark.

I believe that Showton of Newcastle, given a Colt's and a pocket full of cartridges, could kill any number of men that tried to reach him within 150 feet, providing they could not shoot as quick and as true as he.

But the days of the "gun" man are almost at an end. The man of work is driving him to a finish. Industry is taking the place of the six-shooter. We kill in these days with a dollar and not a cartridge, and the execution is more deadly than any warfare ever waged with bullets.

On La Salle street and about the Board of Trade I know half a dozen men who daily in the legitimate progress of industry put out of the running in active business from two to a dozen men, small and big. One or two of these masters of industry have it within their power to disturb the happiness, the comforts, the sense of financial security, of a thousand homes. Sometimes they do.

Wild Bill thought he was busy when he killed a man a week with his pistols. "He has been dead since 1876," but he certainly never dreamed that the day was coming when business, the doing of things in industry, the life of work, would make and unmake more men in twenty-four hours than he ever influenced in a year.

The times have passed from bloodshed and quarrels of the irresponsibilities to the work of those who would rather make a plant grow than take a human life.

All this is suggested by some things Arthur Chapman has recently written of Wild Bill, rightly termed the greatest gun fighter the West ever knew, and who died at the gaudy table by a foul shot the year Philadelphia gave the centennial to the world.

Chapman writes of him: "Tom Smith's successor as marshal of Abilene was his very antithesis—Wild Bill Hancock. A young correspondent of the New York Herald, Henry M. Stanley by name, whose impressions and experiences in the West helped him immeasurably in his after work in Africa, called Wild Bill a child of nature.

"But rather, Wild Bill was of the stage. A pink and white giant, with long, shining curls hanging to his shoulders, the very appearance of this hawk-faced artist in gun play argued of the footlights. No man has ever been his equal in handling firearms.

So now we write or say that a Hariman, a Morgan or a Hill have been and are without equal in carrying out industrial projects—and not one of them understands how to throw over a single-section gun and "pink" the object aimed at.

As Chapman tells it, how would the

city council of Chicago enjoy a six-shooter programme of this character: "Wild Bill could also be diplomatic on occasion, as he proved when the council of Abilene was debating the question of increasing the license of the saloons in the town. One of the aldermen had made the vote a tie by refusing to put in an appearance. When the case was stated in the council chamber Wild Bill arose and briefly stated that he would get the man. The alderman had barricaded himself in his office and refused to come forth. Wild Bill hurried his six feet of brawn against the door and it tumbled in. Then he kicked the heels of the alderman from under him and carried the man to the council chamber like a sack of meal. The official was plumped unceremoniously into his chair, with Wild Bill sitting at his elbow, and his vote was duly cast and recorded."

Chapman laconically adds what I have commented upon: "The historic streets of Abilene and Dodge City rarely echo to the clatter of a cow-pony's hoofs to-day. The once great cattle marts are now prosperous inland cities, surrounded by fertile ranches and conventionally peaceful in their ways. Blue-coated officers of the law club the offender into unconsciousness now, in the approved style of our larger civilization, and the wide-hatted, keen-eyed men whose eloquent revolvers once carried the message of order into Cattle-dominion would have no place amid such surroundings."

Wild Bill and his pistols are buried on Mount Moriah 500 feet above Deadwood.

From Abilene to where he died the annual volume of business now exceeds \$250,000,000 a year.

To carry a six-shooter subjects you to a heavy fine and imprisonment.—H. I. C. in Chicago Post.

NIGHT A TIME FOR THOUGHT.

College Professors' Advice Uproots Old Order of Things.
Here now is a college professor who tells his students that the old stage of "early to bed and early to rise" is out of date and untrue, so far at least as the last blessing it confers upon us is concerned. His thesis is that the time-honored aphorism only applied to the elder days when the shades of night were only to be dispelled by a farthing candle or an ill-smelling whale-oil lamp, but in these joyous latter days—of lights, of luminous kerosene and the incandescent mantle or the clever little electric bulb—the situation is altogether changed; that the night hours are the true time for study and mental effort; keen and wide awake, the soul more open to the inspiration of genius; in short, that the morning is no time for brain work at all.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Comic Opera Warfare.
The great Marshal Bazin was very fond of surgery, and used to say, "The French troops must be led on gally." His camp was always a gay scene, and it was at his camp theater that he gave the order for battle. The principal actors used to dance the waltz and play the piano in the evening.

Origin of "Nanny Panny."
The term "nanny panny," which has come to be applied to a person of vacillating character as well as to weak literary productions, was originated by the poet Pope. He applied it to some puerile verses that had been written by an obscure poet, one Ambrose Phillips, addressed to the children of a peer. The first line of the poem is meant to be a baby way of expressing a lady's fit indignation.

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PAINFUL PERIODS

Suggestions How to Find Relief from Such Suffering.



While no woman is entirely free from periodical suffering, it does not seem to be the plan of nature that women should suffer so severely. Menstruation is a severe strain on a woman's vitality. If it is painful or irregular something is wrong which should be set right, or it will lead to a serious derangement of the whole female organism.

More than fifty thousand women have testified in grateful letters to Mrs. Pinkham that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound overcomes painful and irregular menstruation. It provides a safe and sure way of escape from distressing and dangerous weaknesses and diseases.

The two following letters tell so convincingly what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will do for women, they cannot fail to bring hope to thousands of sufferers.

Mrs. Nellie Holmes of 540 N. Davidson Street, Buffalo, N. Y., writes: "Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—Your medicine is indeed a real medicine for women. I suffered misery for years with painful periods, headaches and bearing-down pains. I consulted two different physicians but failed to get any relief. A friend from the East advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so and so long as I did before. My periods are natural, regular and pain is gone, and my general health is much improved. I advise all women who suffer to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

Mrs. Tillie Hart, of Larimore, N. D., writes: "Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—I might have been spared many months of suffering and pain had I only known of the efficacy of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I will be glad to ask Mrs. Pinkham's advice—a woman best understands a woman's ills."

Send 4 Cents for Sample of Pinkham's Compound. Write to Mrs. Pinkham, 103 State Street, Lowell, Mass.

STOVE REPAIRS of every known make. Fullerton, 1333 Lawrence, Denver. Phone 174.

BLACKSMITHS wholesale and retail. Moore Hardware & Iron Co., 15th & Wazee, Denver.

THE C. W. FAIR CORNER WORKS CO. Metal specialties stamped steel collars, rings and slats, file and metal rolls, etc.

THE COLORADO TENT & AWNING CO. Hammocks, Camp Furniture, Flags, 1621 Lawrence St., Denver, Colorado.

INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD WRITE G. E. ADY & CO., DENVER

The New England Electric Co., 1651 Blake St., Denver, for your **ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES**. Write for catalogue.

The A. E. MEEK TRUNK & BAG MFG. CO. 1207 10th St., Denver, Colo. Write for catalog.

THE FAMOUS J. H. WILSON STOCK SADDLES Ask your dealer for them. Take no other.

MACHINES Needles and Parts for all makes. Wholesale and retail. Agents wanted. Standard Sewing Machine Co., 23 1/2 14th Street.

ORDER CARLSON'S ICE CREAM 1417 California St., Denver, Colo.

RELIABLE HELP OF ANY KIND. Denver Employment Bureau, Phone Main 433, Denver, Colorado.

BROWN PALACE HOTEL Absolutely fire-proof. European plan, \$1.50 and upward.

COLUMBIA HOTEL 3 blocks from union depot, up 17th St. Rates \$1.50 to \$2.00. American plan.

AMERICAN HOUSE Two blocks from union depot. The best \$2 per day hotel in the West. American plan. Write for terms.

Oxford Hotel Denver. One block from Union Depot. Fireproof. O. H. MORAN, Mgr.

WINDSOR HOTEL 15th and Larimer Sts., Denver, Colo. That's the place to stop. European plan. 75c and up.

E. E. BURLINGAME & CO., CHEMICAL ASSAY OFFICE AND LABORATORY

Established in Colorado, 1855. Samples by mail or local delivery stamped and analyzed. Gold & Silver Bullion refined, melted and assayed on PUNCHBURN. Concentration Tests—100 lbs. or car load lots. Write for terms. 3726-1736 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

RELIABLE ASSAYS Gold... \$1.75 Gold and Silver... \$1.25 Lead... 75c Silver, Copper... 1.00 Fine Gold... 1.00 Silver... 1.00 OGDEN ASSAY CO., 1122 Arapahoe Street, Denver, Colo.

DENVER ANALYTICAL & ASSAYING CO. 203 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo. GOLD, SILVER AND COPPER \$1.00. Reports on specimens received by mail before noon sent same day. Mailing envelopes and full price list sent on request.

Denver Camera Exchange 525 16th Street, Opposite Court House. We want for Dry & Paper and Non-Trust supplies. Developing especially. Mail your films.

BANKING BY MAIL A dollar or more will do. We pay 4 per cent. \$1,000,000 assets. Write for booklet and instructions. Your savings a chance to work.

The Central Savings Bank Denver, Colorado.

New York Stocks AND GRAIN for Cash or on Margin. The Central Commission Co., 203 Quincy Bldg., Denver, Colo. Bank references. Established 25 years.

COLORADO IRON WORKS CO. LET US QUOTE YOU PRICES on your Ore Buckets, Shaft Cages, Mine Haul, Ore Cars, Etc. Our Catalogue No. 11 on "Accessories for Mines" will be mailed free. Send for it. Denver, Colo.

PATRONIZE WESTERN MANUFACTURERS If your merchant does not offer the goods write for reference for nearest agency. The Plattner Automatic Hay Stack, Plattner Push Hacks, Plattner Cable Hay Pulley, Plattner Lever Harrows, Denver Mowers, Denver Hay Stakes, Machine Supplies for all machinery, also including machines sold by the trust.

The Plattner Implement Co., Manufacturers Denver, Colorado. Refuse to buy Trust products, for without your patronage they cannot exist.

SEEDS Special rates to gardeners. Best imported and American Stock. Free list and Catalogue free to all applicants. THE L. A. WATKINS MUSE CO., 3255 to 3251 Wazee St., Denver, Colo. The difference between a man and a woman is often indifference.

PIPE VISBS



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FLORIDA PHILOSOPHY.

Falschhood is the product of environ- ment and necessity. Justice often becomes so drowsy that it nods upon the bench. Knowledge in the heads of most men is but the brains of others. The broken shields we throw away are often the units of our woes. A miracle is a psychological force, subjecting a lower to a higher law. There's revelry of leaves upon every tree—a hallowish in each brook that runs to the sea. Some men will dream of success though in the desert—a kind of in- grained vanity of self-applause. It is not that which should be—it is what is, that impels us to submit to the recognition of exacting laws. Some men are constantly looking through the pseudoscope that makes projections appear as depressions. Over our senses life's melodies roll, as rolls the sunlight through the hush of woodland moods, when in the gloaming, the cloistered day sits and broods. Like frozen rain in the rose's heart, is the life without higher thought, greater purpose and keener perception than that which delights the physical existence. Has nature prepared no food for those who hunger—no drink for those who thirst—no balm for aching voids—no appeasement for the appetite for immortal things?—Florida Times-Union.

FIRST THOUGHTS.

There are plenty of opportunities. Don't worry about the ones you miss. The best ones are still ahead. Sometimes we get so exasperated with others that we wish they might be left alone with our conscience. The balloon sleeve is coming back this summer—but there are some of us who still recall how they looked. We are not so much incensed against folks who create fashions as we are against those who make things go out of style. We seem now to be in the twilight of the day of the jokes that father used to tell about the pies that mother used to make. If you can read one of those framed "symphonies" before breakfast without scowling, dear reader, you have started in on a joyous, gladsome day. Well, sir, aren't there times when you get so sorry for folks about six thousand miles away that you forget about the poor family down the alley?

THE MILLCREEK PHILOSOPHER.

Man makes the vogue, not vogue the man. Money is a necessary—and the scarcest—evil. Mere sympathy never lightened a burdened man's load. In running a scandal to earth be careful or you will fall in its mire. You may sling mud enough to make some of it stick. But you cannot sling mud without first grasping it, and the mud grasper is himself befouled. Marry in haste and repent in South Dakota.—Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Here is a very tempting ambitious man. There are no bucket cars on a train of disasters. Never try to tax a dog's hide with his own bark. The parting words of a barber are "Which side, please?" He who is unable to collect his wife or his bills is in tough luck. Beware of the man whose charitable life consists of sympathy only. A pawnbroker who is always ad- vancing is naturally progressive. If a man doesn't wind up his bad habits his health will soon run down. Most people would rather punch their heads with a hammer than to hear. Some men waste a lot of their time trying to convince others that they are truthful. We have all heard of the man who...

WORK FOR HEALTH

Exercise Absolutely Necessary to Keep the Body in Proper Physical Condition

The sedentary man is like a stagnant pool, while the active man is like the mountain stream. In the stagnant pool reptiles of many descriptions crawl and croak, and from it noxious odors rise. The mountain stream is pure and sweet and crystal clear.

The body is a form through which a stream of matter flows. Exercise is the means by which the movement of the stream is accelerated so that the blood is kept pure and the tissues clean. The Bible says that he that will not work shall not eat, and Nature says the same. A man who insists upon eating, even though he does not work, pays the penalty for his violation of natural law. The food he eats becomes poison in the tissues; his body is not only like the stagnant pool, but it becomes even like a cesspool, and ready food for germs. Exercise increases the ability of the body to resist a disease. It encourages every bodily function, creates appetite for food and the ability to digest when ten. It strengthens the heart, clears the brain and enlivens the spirit.

How much must one exercise? How much muscular work must one do to maintain good health? According to recent English authorities the average man should do, daily, work equivalent to climbing a perpendicular ladder one-half mile, or twenty-six hundred feet high. If one lived in the vicinity of Leukerbad, Switzerland, or in neighborhood of certain deep mines, he might actually climb such a ladder. Ordinarily, some other more convenient method of exercise must be adopted. It has been determined that walking twenty feet on a level, at the rate of three miles an hour, is equivalent to lifting the body perpendicularly the distance of one foot. Hence, one may, if he chooses, walk ten miles, instead of climbing a ladder half a mile high. Of course, hill climbing and mountain climbing will accomplish the same thing as ladder climbing, and if one chooses to do the work indoors, he may work out his task in stair climbing. Going up, and down a flight of stairs ten feet high is equivalent to raising the body about twelve feet perpendicularly. Hence, one might do the required amount of work by going up and down such a flight of stairs one hundred and seventeen times. But, first, he may do the work while standing in a corner and raising himself on his toes. In such exercise the body is elevated about three inches. Hence, four heel-raising would be equivalent to raising the body one foot, and to raise the body half a mile, or twenty-six hundred feet, it would be necessary to rise upon the toes ten thousand four hundred times. One might easily execute this movement at the rate of one a second, which would be fifteen feet a minute, or nine hundred feet an hour. At this rate the day's task would be accomplished in about three hours. But it would be very tiresome to do the work in this way, for almost the entire amount of work would be thrown upon a single set of muscles. By placing the hands upon the back of a chair or upon a table the arms may be used to assist in lifting the body so that the movements can be executed much more easily. More or less weight can be thrown upon the arms.

By raising upon the heels and bending the knees, the body may be alternately raised and lowered through a distance of about two feet. The execution of such a movement requires nearly four seconds, or fifteen to the minute. The body would thus be lifted thirty times a minute, and an hour and a half would be required to do the day's work. By placing weights upon the shoulders the rate at which the work is done would be increased, and time shortened. But on the whole, there is no method of accomplishing the work so good as walking, and particularly climbing a hill with a moderately steep grade.

Bicycle riding, if not overdone, is excellent exercise. To accomplish the same amount of work riding a bicycle, one must cover about four times the distance required for walking. Most city people, outside the laboring classes, take far too little exercise. As a result the deficient oxidation of the body wastes and the accumulation of uric acid and other tissue poisons after a time result in rheumatism, neurasthenia, apoplexy, premature old age and a great variety of ailments which may be traced more or less directly to uric acid accumulation.

Everyone who is troubled with "symptoms" will be interested in the medicine prepared by a leading life insurance company showing at what ages different diseases may be expected to stop human machinery. The figures deal with a period of fifty-three years—1843-1896—during which time 44,335 deaths passed under review. They, of course, tell nothing of individual cases, but of the average or typical ones throughout the world.

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six to four that consumption will carry off its victims before the age of forty-five. Fifty-nine per cent of sufferers from this disease die before they reach this age. Above sixty, the per cent of cases is only twelve.

In general diseases, such as small-pox, diphtheria, measles, etc., the chances do not differ widely. Thirty per cent of the deaths from these diseases occur under the age of forty-five; 26 per cent, between forty-five and sixty; 24 per cent, above sixty.

Apoplexy, softening of the brain and paralysis chiefly afflict elderly people, 55 per cent of the deaths from these causes occurring above sixty, and only 12 per cent below forty-five.

The probabilities are that sufferers from other nervous diseases will not reach the age of sixty, only 27 per cent of deaths from these causes occurring after that age.

Heart disease afflicts principally the elderly and middle aged, only 11 per cent of deaths from this cause occurring before forty-five years of age.

Although pneumonia has been called "the old man's disease," the chances are sixty-four to thirty-six against one dying of this disease after the age of sixty. Twenty-nine per cent of the deaths from pneumonia occur under forty-five, 35 per cent between forty-five and sixty, and but 36 per cent above sixty.

Other respiratory diseases, such as bronchitis, pleurisy, etc., grant a little longer lease of life.

Derangements of the digestive system do not glean from the aged a very large number of victims, the chances being more than one to one against those so afflicted dying before the age of sixty. Thirty per cent of the deaths from this class of diseases occur under the age of forty-five; 33 per cent, between forty-five and sixty; 32 per cent, above sixty.

Victims of Bright's disease have a fair chance of reaching sixty, only 16 in 100 dying of this disease before forty-five.

Complaints classified as "genito-urinary" are old-age diseases, 77 per cent of the deaths from such cases occurring at ages above sixty.

Fifty per cent of the deaths from violent causes occur under forty-five. Fully 68 per cent of the typhoid fever deaths occur under forty-five, and only 9 per cent at ages higher than sixty.

A Preventive Measure. A practical plan for checking the spread of tuberculosis in public conveyances has just been proposed. The Anti-Tuberculosis League of Cleveland, says the Leader, has received the suggestion that the conductors be supplied with small cards on which is printed request that passengers desist from spitting on the floor, together with a copy of the law on the subject. When the conductor notices a passenger violating the rule he is expected to hand the offender one of the cards. He avoids all dispute with the passenger, the other passengers note what has been done, and it is thought that the expectorator will either become embarrassed and leave the car, or take the suggestion in good faith and abstain from repeating the offense.

The Anti-Tuberculosis league, which was organized recently, is having a great deal of literature printed to distribute among the schools, the work-shops, the tenement districts, and in all places where the seed of education along hygienic and sanitary lines leading to prevent the spread of tuberculosis would show promise of growth.

HEALTHFUL RECIPES. Baked Sandwiches.—Boil three eggs ten minutes; drop in cold water two minutes; peel, and wash with warm, salted water with a silver fork; work in a tablespoonful of thick cream, one teaspoonful of lemon juice, salt to taste and a little water cream chopped fine. After cutting off the crust, butter sparingly the end of a square loaf of good Graham bread; then, with a thin sharp knife, cut as thin slices as possible. Butter and salt until you have slices to make the required number of sandwiches. Spread a buttered slice with egg mixture, place over it a lettuce leaf washed and dried, then another slice and press well together. Trim the edges, removing tough crust; cut across twice diagonally, and arrange the triangles on lettuce leaves on a wooden bread plate.

Tanned Greenish Flank With Nuts and Fruit Juice.—Treat the flank in the usual manner, but enough to crisp them well; sprinkle over them a cupful of ground pecan or other nuts, dust lightly with sugar and serve with fruit juice.

Baked Ham.—Boil two eggs and a cup and a half of water together. Peel and chop tomatoes, mix in egg butter, roll in ground or bread crumbs; repeat. Place in oiled pan, bake twenty minutes in hot oven. Serve with—

Crushed Tomatoes.—Boil together for a half hour, half a pound of tomatoes, one onion, one carrot, one stalk celery, one stalk parsley, one stalk basil, one stalk thyme, one stalk sage, one stalk rosemary, one stalk marjoram, one stalk oregano, one stalk dill, one stalk fennel, one stalk chervil, one stalk tarragon, one stalk basil, one stalk thyme, one stalk sage, one stalk rosemary, one stalk marjoram, one stalk oregano, one stalk dill, one stalk fennel, one stalk chervil, one stalk tarragon.



Knocking against my window pane— Fell the drip-drip of the silver rain— Like tears by an angel wept— When a teasing wind came ruffling by— And the raindrops fell with a farwell sigh— But one in a roseland crept— It lay like a gem on her heart, of gold— And hearkened the tales that her lover told— Breathed to this blushing flower— Then a sunbeam sped from his home on high— And curled the raindrop up to the sky— Where he wooed her for one short hour— Silent—queenly—came creeping down— In search of a pearl for her jeweled crown— And she leaped over the sunset's bar— There in a sea of amethyst— She found the tear that the sunbeam shed— And fashioned it into a star— A glittering silver star— —Agnes Lockhart Hughes, in Recreation.

Torpedo Dived Into Mud. A torpedo was fired recently from the after starboard tube of the flagship Wisconsin of the Asiatic squadron. It went straight until within 300 yards from the ship, when it dived and buried itself in the mud. Until the propellers stopped it created a black whirlpool where it was burrowing into the bottom. A buoy was dropped and native divers were dispatched to the scene. Some hours later the torpedo was located and returned to the ship. The tail of the little destroyer was buried six feet beneath the mud and it was a difficult task for the diver to make a line fast to it.



At Gilmerton, near Edinburgh, there is a great deal of sandstone, very soft and easy to work. In 1720 a blacksmith named George Paterson resolved to make himself a house in the rock, and after working for nearly five years it was finished. It consisted of a smithy, a dining room six feet high, seven feet wide, fourteen and a half feet long, with a bench all around, a table, and a bed in the wall, a drinking room of rather larger size, a kitchen with bed in the wall, a cellar, and a washing house. All these things were formed out of the living rock, each room being lighted from a skylight. Over the entrance, carved in stone, ran this inscription: "Here is a house and shop hewn in this rock with my own hand. George Paterson." Then followed some verses composed by Alexander Percival, of which two lines will serve as a sample:

On Jacob's pillow nightly lies my head, My house when living and my grave when dead.

Paterson died in 1735, having dwelt eleven years in his cave, which became a well-known resort of holiday-makers. Even judges used to take a drink in the stone parlor.

Game of Initials. A good game for you to play is this: Distribute paper and pencils among the boys and girls, one for each, and tell them to write down at the head of their sheets of paper their own initials, each one to write down his own initials only.

Then read aloud the following questions for them to write down in the order that you give them: These questions they must answer with words beginning with the initials. After the questions have all been answered, or after "time is up," gather all the papers and read the answers aloud. Here is an example: One boy's initials were B. O. P.

What do you like best to eat? Beans, Otherwise Peas. What is your worst fault? Boasting Of Performances. What is your greatest virtue? Being Occasionally Pious.

Many other questions may be given, such as "What did you dislike most as a child?" "What do you most dread in the future?" "What do you most hope for in the future?" etc.—North American.

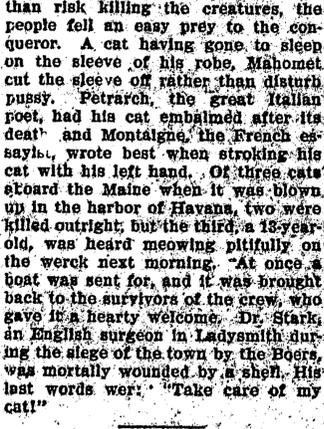
Paper Ball Game. A new and pretty game is "Drawing Room Billiard." To enjoy it best go into the hall, or longest room in the house. Sometimes the door between two small rooms may be opened, and thus give plenty of space. Divide the players. Send half to one end, half to the other.

Fasten two extra wide tapes near each end for goals. For a ball make a large oval of paper, resembling like those used for shaving paper. Place this ball in the middle of the room, and at a given signal let each player, previously armed with a small tin, try to blow the ball over the opposite goal. The number of goals by a player must be placed before him, and each one who is scored by the opposing side.

Take game number a well-shod lot of tin, and start every one, gray-headed men and women, to be so concerned with the game that they had never the...

take in jollyish by the wagonload. Such is the method adopted by the whalebone whale. The sperm whale, on the contrary, captures huge squids, weighing often several tons. Like his brother, the whalebone whale, he must be constantly on the lookout for food. Otherwise he would starve. As many as 14 seals have been taken from a 30-foot "killer." Other fishes of enormous appetites are not uncommon. The bluefish, for example, thrives on sardines and other small fish. Assuming that one bluefish eats 10 small fish a day, it has been figured that it requires 10,000,000,000,000 sardines to feed 1,000,000,000,000 bluefish on the American coast every summer. Most curious of all eaters is the hydra—a strange creature that can be turned inside out without impairing its appetite or its powers to eat.—Golden Penny.

About Cats. In ancient Egypt the cat was not only loved, but worshiped. Hence, when Cambyses, son of Cyrus the Great, invaded the country, he is said to have placed a number of cats and dogs at the head of his army. Rather than risk killing the creatures, the people fell an easy prey to the conqueror. A cat having gone to sleep on the sleeve of his robe, Mahomet cut the sleeve off rather than disturb pussy. Petrarch, the great Italian poet, had his cat embalmed after its death. Montaigne, the French essayist, wrote best when stroking his cat with his left hand. Of three cats aboard the Maine when it was blown up in the harbor of Havana, two were killed outright, but the third, a 15-year-old, was heard meowing pitifully on the wreck next morning. "At once a boat was sent for, and it was brought back to the survivors of the crew, who gave it a hearty welcome. Dr. Stark, an English surgeon in Ladysmith during the siege of the town by the Boers, was mortally wounded by a shell. His last words were: "Take care of my cat!"



Stick six pins into the stars in the diagram above, so that no two pins appear in the same straight line.

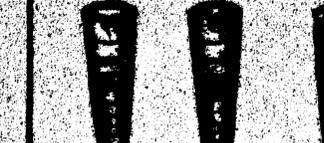
Trick Learned from Butterflies. One of the bewildering tricks played by the famous jugglers of India is that of making a boy disappear before the eyes of the spectators. One moment he is in plain view, dancing around with his bright red or green...

AMATEUR CHEMISTRY. Alcohol is a very interesting liquid, and many entertaining experiments may be made with it. If you try to dissolve various substances in it, for example, you will find that those of an oily or gummy nature, which will not dissolve at all in water, will not only dissolve in the alcohol, but actually disappear.

Take camphor as an illustration. If the white of the egg is cooked, as if by heat, but you must not fry eating it, that you have cooked it without heat is enough. Now prepare a basin of water, and when it is very still drop some alcohol on the surface. Where it strikes the water a little pit will be formed, like a dimple in the smooth surface. This is because the fluid on the surface is heavier and stronger than the alcohol, and pulls it away in every direction, making a slight indentation.

Fill a glass with alcohol, and get at a drug store some saltpetre crystals in the form of a powder. Drop one or two of the crystals into the glass, and it will reach down through the alcohol like a thread of color. This will divide the two substances, which will again divide and subdivide, until your glass looks as if it contained a million inverted stars, resembling Saturn's rings.

Alcohol has a curious trick when mixed with water. Put some water into a graduated measuring tube, and after pouring it into a glass measure the same quantity of alcohol. If you mix the two you will find a contraction. This has been explained by the fact that the molecules of the two substances...



The Liquids Before and After Mixing. and pulls it away in every direction, making a slight indentation. Fill a glass with alcohol, and get at a drug store some saltpetre crystals in the form of a powder. Drop one or two of the crystals into the glass, and it will reach down through the alcohol like a thread of color. This will divide the two substances, which will again divide and subdivide, until your glass looks as if it contained a million inverted stars, resembling Saturn's rings.

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garments fluttering wildly, the next instant he fades away, and though there is absolutely no place in which he could hide, nobody can see him anywhere.

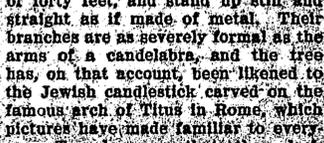
This trick has been borrowed by the jugglers from an Indian butterfly. The butterfly has such gorgeous blue and red wings that it is almost dazzling, and when it flits through the jungle even the dullest and most careless eye is attracted instantly by it.

Yet the moment it settles on a twig it disappears utterly, and those who are not aware of its secret may search as they will—they cannot find it.

The secret is that the underside of those gorgeous wings is not gorgeous at all, but is the exact color and shape of withered leaves, so the moment the insect folds its wings its glowing colors vanish, and it looks exactly like any one of the thousands of leaves.

The trick of the jugglers is worked by the same simple means. The brilliant clothing of the dancing boy has a reverse side that is pure white. At the proper moment the boy flutters his garments wildly, reverses them, and squats close to a white wall or against a group of white-clad jugglers.

At the same moment he rubs white powder over his face, and by this ludicrously simple trick he deceives the sharpest sight.



Plants at the Cape are often rare and curious. There is one, stunted and thorny, which, lighted at the end when green, burns slowly and steadily like a wax candle. That is why it is called the candle bush. On the slopes of some of the hills grow trees named euphorbia. They may reach a height of forty feet, and stand up stiff and straight as if made of metal. Their branches are as severely formal as the arms of a candelabra, and the tree has, on that account, been likened to the Jewish candelstick carved on the famous arch of Titus in Rome, which pictures have made familiar to every one. Travelers say that they look quite uncanny when they ride through a grove of them at dusk.

The Magic Target. Prepare two targets both just alike, made of ordinary pine wood. Then some day when you have visitors put up one of these targets, give each guest a darning needle and invite them to throw their needles at the target. Striking the bullseye counts 500; the first circle outside it, 100; the second circle, 50, and the third circle, 10.

To their surprise, the guests will find they cannot make the needles stick in the target. Invariably, no matter how vigorously thrown, the needles will drop to the floor.

Now, tell them you have a magic target. (Get the other target out and set it up.) Have each one put a short length of thread through his needle, and then try target practice again. This time the needles will stick all right, and all will wonder at the magic target.

AMATEUR CHEMISTRY. Alcohol is a very interesting liquid, and many entertaining experiments may be made with it. If you try to dissolve various substances in it, for example, you will find that those of an oily or gummy nature, which will not dissolve at all in water, will not only dissolve in the alcohol, but actually disappear.

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PRAISES PE-RU-NA



MISS JULIA MARLOWE
Heartily Approves of Peruna for the Nerves.

In a recent letter to The Peruna Medicine Co., Miss Julia Marlowe, of New York City, writes the following:

"I am glad to write my endorsement of the great remedy, Peruna, as a nerve tonic. I do so most heartily."—Julia Marlowe.

Nervousness is very common among women. This condition is due to anemic nerve centers. The nerve centers are the reservoirs of nervous vitality. These centers become bloodless for want of proper nutrition. This is especially true in the spring season. Every spring a host of invalids are produced as the direct result of weak nerves.

This can be easily obviated by using Peruna. Peruna strikes at the root of the difficulty by correcting the digestion.

Digestion furnishes nutrition for the nerve centers. Properly digested food furnishes these reservoirs of life with vitality which leads to strong, steady nerves and thus nourishes life.

Peruna is in great favor among women, especially those who have vocations that are trying to the nerves.

Buy a bottle of Peruna to-day. If you do not receive all the benefits from Peruna that you expected, write to Dr. S. B. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

HARD RIDING IN HEAVY STORM

Only Trophies So Far Are a Bear and a Bob-Cat—Expects to Break Camp May 14th and Start for Denver.

Denver, April 21.—A Republican special from Glenwood Springs last night says: That President Roosevelt is enjoying royal sport in his hunt for Rocky Mountain grizzlies is attested by Secretary Loeb, who returned from the camp late to-day after having spent the night with the party.

While the only game killed thus far is the bear shot by the President and the bob-cat shot by Dr. Alexander Lambert, there has been plenty of recreation. Every day the dogs have followed trails that looked promising, showing that there are more bears to be found in the vicinity now being hunted.

Camp will not be moved until Saturday. Then the party will locate on West Divide creek within twenty miles of the present location and four miles nearer New Castle. The point toward which the party is working is Redstone, where camp will be broken May 14th. The private car "Rocket" will pick up the President there and he will spend the night at Glenwood Springs. The start home will be made on May 15th, with stops of one day each at Denver and Chicago.

Secretary Loeb left Glenwood Springs yesterday morning with Elmer Chapman, the courier who brought out the first word from the camp. They went to New Castle, procured mounts, and made the twenty-three miles to the Charlie Penny ranch. A storm was raging when they started and the roads, in addition to being rough, were muddy in spots. It was after 5 p. m. when they arrived within sight of the ranch.

About three miles from camp they heard the baying of hounds hot on the trail of game. They waited and soon the entire hunting party rode up. It was time to quit for the day and Secretary Loeb and Chapman joined the President and his companions and rode into camp with them. The hunting party had been in the saddle ten hours without stopping for lunch, so dinner was served soon after their arrival at the camp.

Mr. Loeb says it was only necessary to see them eat to know that the hunters were in the best of health and enjoying themselves. During the dinner and afterward the President and Mr. Loeb had a long visit. Naturally the secretary wanted to know all about the bear killed. It was an interesting story in which all members of the party shared in the telling. The dogs caught up with the bear several times and annoyed him until he was in a vicious mood. Finally, when he was at bay, two or three members of the party, including the President, appeared with dogs.

One dog had been killed and several others badly wounded and the bear was playing havoc with the others that were tantalizing him. To save the dogs, the President had to shoot hurriedly. Every sweep of the bear's paw bowled over a hound and rather than see any more of the pack killed, the President took the chance of shooting between the dogs at the bear. He fired once and hit the animal in the shoulder. Firing again he killed his game. He takes great pride in his first trophy of the hunt.

When the party is in its new camp Mr. Loeb will pay the President another visit. F. B. Stewart of Colorado Springs expects to leave the camp Saturday, in which event Mr. Loeb may stay two or three days.

There was no hunting to-day. A heavy snow began to fall early in the morning and had not stopped when Mr. Loeb left the camp.

The return trip of President Roosevelt as far as Denver will be made over the Denver & Rio Grande railroad. No excursions of a sight-seeing character are to be made in the state, although invitations have been pouring in on Secretary Loeb. No new invitations of any kind will be accepted.

It is probable that the party will be in Washington again on the morning of May 20th.

Protest Against Assessment.

Denver, April 21.—J. A. Israel, tax agent for the Colorado & Southern railroad, read twenty-seven pages of typewritten matter to the State Board of Equalization Wednesday. He presented every conceivable form of statistics to show that the Colorado & Southern has been discriminated against in its assessments. He gave the average gross earnings of all railroads in the United States at \$9,410 per mile and the Colorado & Southern at \$5,084, indicating that its gross earnings fall \$4,326 below the general average. The net earnings of all roads were shown to average \$3,035 and the Colorado & Southern \$1,500, a figure \$1,735 below the general average. Other tables along this same line were shown.

Mr. Israel also went into the assessments made on property other than railroads, showing the valuations on land, live stock, farm products, etc. Taking the twenty counties in the state through which the road runs, he alleged the increase on the assessments of the road was sixty per cent., while the increase on other property was only fifty-four per cent. He said the assessment of railroad property was not a financial or a political question, but a moral one.

Pension Examiners Resign.

Washington, April 21.—Nine of the ten pension examiners constituting the board of review were separated from the government service Wednesday. Commissioner of Pensions Warner transmitted the nine resignations to Secretary Hitchcock, with the recommendation that they be accepted, and Mr. Hitchcock took the desired action without delay.

The gold standard will go into effect in Mexico May 1st.

Eastern railroads will sell tickets to the Lewis and Clarke exposition at Portland for one fare plus \$1 for the round trip.

Gen. Jacob S. Coxey, of commonwealth fame, has been declared a bankrupt in the United States court at Columbus, Ohio. His liabilities are placed at \$285,000.

The Pope has addressed an encyclical to all the members of the Roman Catholic episcopacy throughout the world on the manner of teaching the Christian doctrine.

The session of 1905 of the Pennsylvania Legislature closed on the 12th instant. One of the last acts of the House was to defeat the Goehring newspaper retraction bill.

Four thousand conductors and motormen of the Union Railway Company at St. Louis were recently notified that frequenting saloons would subject the offender to instant dismissal.

Joseph Rice, claims to have discovered that he is a brother of the late William Marsh Rice, following whose death in New York, Albert L. Patrick was arrested on a murder charge.

R. L. C. White of Nashville, Tennessee, supreme keeper of records and seal of the Knights of Pythias, reports the total membership at 622,353, a net gain during the last year of 27,583.

The Philippine Commission has passed an act authorizing the secretary of war to issue, in the name of the city of Manila, \$4,000,000 in bonds for the construction of sewers and water works.

Gen. John Palmer, formerly commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, died at Albany, New York, April 15th. His death resulted from a wound which he received in the Civil War.

Lady Curzon, wife of the viceroy, has invited all the Europeans and Indians injured during the recent earthquakes who are able to be moved, to come to the hospitals at Simla as her guests. She will gladly defray their expenses.

The world's conference of the Reorganized Church of Latter Day Saints at Lamoni, Iowa, endorsed equality of its members. It adopted resolutions urging the membership to prepare to adopt such a socialistic plan at some future time.

The census of the Philippine Islands, just completed by the census bureau, shows that the total population of the archipelago as returned from 342 independent islands is 7,635,426. Of this number almost 7,000,000 are more or less civilized.

The appeal in the case of the British steamer Nigrotia, seized by the Japanese cruiser Tsushima December 30th off the coast of Korea and condemned as a prize January 5th, has been rejected. The vessel and her cargo have been confiscated.

Later reports from Mandi, capital of Mandi state, in India, say that at least 400 persons were killed in the city by the earthquake. The palace, temples and residences were leveled. Estimates of the number of people killed at Saltanpur vary from 200 to 700.

One of the highest prices ever brought by an autograph letter of Abraham Lincoln has just been recorded at an auction sale in New York. The relic brought \$110. It was directed to a soldier who had deserted the colors and begged for reinstatement.

At Wheeling, West Virginia, fifty men were hurt in a fight between sixty non-union men from Pittsburgh and 150 strikers from the Whitaker mill. Clubs, stones, knives and pistols were used, but the non-union men succeeded in getting into the mill.

Ex-Governor Yates of Illinois has been retained with ex-Governor Black of New York to assist in the defense of Caleb Powers, who will be placed on trial again at Georgetown, Kentucky, the first Monday in May. Powers is charged with murdering Governor Geibel.

United States deputy marshals and postoffice inspectors are searching for M. Havin, charged with being the head of the Keystone Commission Company of East St. Louis, which is alleged to have used the mails in a "get-rich-quick" scheme. The offices of the company are closed.

An explosion at sea April 6th on President Roosevelt's yacht, the Sylph, fatally scalded two men and disabled the yacht, which was towed into Hampton Roads by the Morgan liner El Cid. The accident occurred after Mrs. Roosevelt and children had left the yacht on their return from Florida.

The State Department of France has advised Ambassador Porter that an American squadron will be sent to take the body of Paul Jones to the United States, probably in June. It is expected that the French government will participate in an imposing funeral pageant when the body leaves Paris. Large forces of French soldiers and sailors will form the escort.

Title to almost half the property in El Paso, Texas, was quieted by a federal court decision April 11th in the case of Warden vs. The City of El Paso. Warden contended the property belonged to Mexico, having been thrown into the United States by a change in the course of the Rio Grande. The court decided the property is in the Union.

Figures just published by the Department of Commerce and Labor at Washington show that London still leads in the world's commerce, with a total of \$1,304,754,181. New York ranks second, with a total of \$1,108,979,040. New York outranks London in the amount of exports, with a total of \$500,808,013, but Liverpool leads the world in exports, with a total of \$557,598,988.

The first "sermon by telephone" ever preached in Chicago has enabled Mrs. Mary E. De Biolo, who is quite deaf, to follow every word of the first sermon she has heard in twenty-five years. The sermon was preached by Rev. Dr. the Rev. Austin K. De Biolo at the First Baptist church. Although he was ordained seven years ago, Mrs. De Biolo never has heard her son's voice from the pulpit and her delight was gratified.

No Sleep—No Appetite—Just a Continual Backache.

Joseph McCauley, of 144 Sholto street, Chicago, Sachem of Tecumseh Lodge, says: "Two years ago my health was completely broken down. My back ached and was so lame that at times I was hardly able to dress myself. I lost my appetite and was unable to sleep. There seemed to be no relief until I took Doan's Kidney Pills; but four boxes of this remedy effected a complete and permanent cure. If suffering humanity knew the value of Doan's Kidney Pills they would use nothing else, as it is the only positive cure I know."



For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

It is asserted that Russia has no war maps of Manchuria. That's what Russia gets for not watching the American newspapers, which have been printing revised editions of them daily.

Insist on Getting It.

Some grocers say they don't keep Defiance Starch. This is because they have a stock on hand of other brands containing only 12 oz. in a package, which they won't be able to sell first, because Defiance contains 16 oz. for the same money.

Do you want 16 oz. instead of 12 oz. for same money? Then buy Defiance Starch. Requires no cooking.

If Commander Peary thinks the north pole is a big stick, it is perfectly natural that he should send the ship Roosevelt after it.

Some men hustle almost as hard for a job as some women hustle for a husband.

Quality Brings the Business. Seven million (7,000,000) Lewis' "Single Binder" straight cut cigars now sold annually. Made of extra quality tobacco. Many who formerly smoked 100 cigars are now smoking Lewis' Single Binder. Lewis' factory, Peoria, Ill.

TEA

Don't buy it out of a bin or a canister, buy it in lb or 1/2-lb packages.

Every package of Schilling's Best Tea is a book. Let it How To Make Good Tea.

Nearly every man would like to pass judgment on trusts from the inside.

THE SECRET OUT.

The Door Stands Wide Open.

To refute the many false and malicious attacks, bogus formulas and other untruthful statements published concerning Dr. Pierce's World-Famous Family Medical Discovery, he has decided to publish all the ingredients entering into his "Favorite Prescription" for women and his equally popular tonic alternative known as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Hereafter every bottle of these medicines leaving the great Laboratory at Buffalo, N. Y., will bear upon it a full list of all the ingredients entering into the compound. Both are made entirely from native roots, barks and herbs. The ingredients of the "Golden Medical Discovery" being Golden Seal root, Queen's root, Black-cherry bark, Mandaroot, Bloodroot.

Why is it so many have been strengthened and benefited by the tonic effect of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery? It is because at this time of the year people feel run-down, nervous, sleepless and worn out. Poisons have accumulated in their body during the long winter. Their blood stores up a lot of waste product which poisons the system. That is why in the spring and early summer a tonic is almost a necessity. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery being made of medicinal plants, is next to nature and the best tonic you can use. For the same reason that vegetables and greens are good for the system at this time of the year, so is it true that a tonic made up entirely of medicinal plants, without the use of alcohol, is the proper medicine to take at this time. It fills the blood with rich, red blood corpuscles. It gives you a feeling of strength, and it puts sunshine into your system as no other remedy can.

That is why Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has been such a favorite for the past forty years. He is not afraid to open his laboratory to the public, and he invites every one to visit his Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y., to see how systematically the sick are taken care of and cured, as well as looking over his huge laboratory and seeing the scientific methods of preparing this wonderful tonic. Neither man nor

Defiance Starch should be in every household, none so good, besides 4 oz. more for 30 cents than any other brand of cold water starch.

A man may be able to read a woman like a book, but he can't shut her up.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

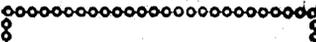
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson* In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

There are no buffet cars on a train of disasters.

TEA
We want you to have the money, you know, if you don't like Schilling's Best.

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like Schilling's Best.

"When did Rev. Mr. Henpeck take orders?" "He was married in 1891, and he's been taking them ever since."



A Marvel of Relief

St. Jacobs Oil

Safe and sure for

Lumbago

and Sciatica

It is the specific virtue of penetration in this remedy that carries it right to the pain spot and effects a prompt cure.

The Rearing of Lions.

Few, if any, menageries in the world can show a more remarkably record of lion rearing than that of the Dublin "zoo." From the old lion house, which was recently replaced by a magnificent building, which Lord Roberts has given his name, lions bred within its walls have been consigned to almost every quarter of the globe. Upward of 200 cubs saw the light in the old lion house, and the sum of nearly \$25,000 resulted from their sale to other menageries, both at home and abroad. One lioness, whose career in the gardens extended over a period of sixteen years, gave birth in her time, to no fewer than fifty-five cubs, which realized the sum of \$7,000.

EVERY ONE ASKS HIM

HOW HE GOT RID OF HIS OBSTINATE MUSCULAR RHEUMATISM.

Mr. Jones Tells of the Way by Which He Treated Himself Successfully When Doctors Failed.

Six physicians, all of them good, one of them a specialist, had done their best for Mr. Jones at different times during three years, and still he suffered fearfully from the tortures of rheumatism. The rheumatism that had been dormant in his system was suddenly brought to an acute stage by exposure while he was drawing ice in February, 1901. From that time on for a period of more than three years he was a constant sufferer. He tried many kinds of treatment, but the rheumatism wouldn't budge. When regular doctors failed, and one remedy after another proved useless, many said: "I should think he would give it up and save his money." Of his condition at this time, Mr. Jones says: "My rheumatism started in my right thigh, but in time it appeared in every muscle of my body. I lost the use of my left arm entirely and nearly lost the use of my right one. My feet were badly affected, especially the bottoms of the heels. When my right side was affected there was swelling, but the left side didn't swell when the disease settled there. The internal organs didn't seem to be involved at all. The trouble was all in the muscles and the nerves."

Among the few who still encouraged Mr. Jones to think that a cure might yet be found was a friend who had reason for great confidence in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and acting on her advice he bought a box of them in September, 1904. The story of what followed is brief, but nothing could be more satisfactory.

"When I was on the third box," says Mr. Jones, "I could realize a change for the better. I felt sure then that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were the right medicine for my case. I kept on with them for several weeks longer and now I am entirely well, and everybody is asking what I took!"

Mr. Williams Jones lives at Oxford, Mich. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills affect wonderful cures in rheumatism, because they work directly on the blood which is the seat of the disease. They are sold by every druggist.

Every married man has two wives, one that he really has and the one he just thinks he has.

The married man can get a much warmer welcome by taking home a box of chocolates than he can by taking home a box of cigars, and the chocolates don't cost one-tenth as much.

Every housekeeper should know that if they will buy Defiance Cold Water Starch for laundry use they will save not only time, because it never sticks to the iron, but because each package contains 16 oz.—one full pound—while all other Cold Water Starches are put up in 1/2-pound packages, and the price is the same, 10 cents. Then again because Defiance Starch is free from all injurious chemicals. If your grocer tries to sell you a 12-oz. package it is because he has a stock on hand which he wishes to dispose of before he puts in Defiance. He knows that Defiance Starch has printed on every package in large letters and figures "16 oz." Demand Defiance and save much time and money and the annoyance of the iron sticking. Defiance never sticks.

Wilkins: "I believe that dog of mine knows as much as I do." Birkins: "Fah! I've seen smarter dogs than that."

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE. A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The self-made man is at least considerate enough to relieve Providence of the responsibility.

TEA

Tea has more to do with your thoughts at table than anything else of your fare?

"It would be nice to be as bright as Miss Scintillant is." "It would be a whole lot nicer to be as bright as she thinks she is."

All Up-to-Date Housekeepers use Defiance Cold Water Starch, because it's better, and 4 oz. more of it for same money.

THE FISH BRAND SLICKER A VALUED FRIEND

"A good many years ago I bought a FISH BRAND Slicker, and it has proven a valued friend for many a stormy day, but now it is getting old and I must have another. Please send me a price list." (This name of this worthy friend, offered by me to all those who are weary, will be given on application.)

BEST AWARD WORLD'S FAIR 1904

A. J. TOWER CO. TOWERS
NEW YORK, U. S. A.
TOWER CANADIAN COMPANY, Limited
Toronto, Canada

PATENTS

Wm. S. Chapman, Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C. Advice free. Terms low. Highest fee.

BEGGS' BLOOD PURIFIER

CURES every ailment of the stomach.

Say Plainly to Your Grocer

That you want LION COFFEE always, and he, being a square man, will not try to sell you anything else. You may not care for our opinion, but

What About the United Judgment of Millions of housekeepers who have used LION COFFEE for over a quarter of a century? Is there any stronger proof of merit, than the

Confidence of the People and ever increasing popularity? LION COFFEE is carefully selected at the plantation, shipped direct to our various factories, where it is skillfully roasted and carefully packed in sealed packages—unlike loose coffee, which is exposed to germs, dust, insects, etc. LION COFFEE reaches you so pure and clean as when it left the factory. Sold only in 1 lb. packages.

Lion-head on every package. Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLBORN SPICE CO., TORONTO, CAN.

DISTRICT COURT.

Lincoln N. M. April 21, 1905.

EDITOR OUTLOOK -

While it is true that few jury trials have been had so far this term, there has, probably, never been, at any previous term, more real business transacted during its first two weeks with as little cost to the county. Judge Mann desires to, and does push the work to the extreme limit.

Up to Saturday night more than fifty cases on the criminal docket had been tried or otherwise disposed of for the term, while a large number of the civil cases have been likewise removed from consideration.

There are a few cases, notably the Analla ar-on case, now on trial, which must necessarily require several days to try. These will probably consume most of the remaining time of the term. Yet the time, when a jury is not available, Judge Mann occupies in hearing anything that can be tried without a jury, thus dispatching a large amount of business without interrupting the work of clearing the jail.

The Leslie case goes to Otero county, only two of the defendants remaining in jail. Robert Jr. has given bond and been released. A change of venue was denied by the court in the Emilio murder case as also was a motion for a continuance and the case is set for Wednesday, next. It will be put on trial as soon as the present jury in the Analla case is discharged.

In the case of Maes vs Glenn, the court gave judgment for the plaintiff for \$382.50 with interest and costs.

The four Jicarilla mining cases are on trial before the court and are taken up in the intervals when no jury trial is on, or when, for any reason, there is a suspension of proceedings in a jury trial. In these mining cases quite a number of White Oaks and Jicarilla people are here as parties and witnesses. Among them I have noticed Dr. Padon, J. M. Simms, James Reid and A. C. Wingfield of the Oaks, while the Jicarillas are represented by C. B. Hatfield, E. H. Talbert, A. N. Price, Ed F. and Harry Comery, A. H. Norton, W. E. McBrayer, W. S. Purdy, Geo. Tompkins, R. J. Murphy and Sam Tenguo.

The Mexican boy, who waived examination before Justice Tompkins of White Oaks, last year, charged with driving and attempting to steal the horses of Allen A. Hightower was tried last week and found not guilty.

In the case of Fred Hughes of Bonito, charged with assault with words, the defendant was found guilty and assessed a fine of \$10 and costs, but the sentence was suspended, on the suggestion that the last legislature had repealed the section under which the prosecution was brought and that the acts charged no longer constituted a criminal offense.

In Robinson, also of Bonito, plead guilty and was fined fifty dollars for carrying a deadly weapon.

It began raining here Saturday afternoon and continued at intervals all day Sunday. The Capitan mountains are covered with a heavy coating of snow and people here are somewhat alarmed at the prospect of another failure of the fruit crop this year.

LOOKOUT.

And What the People Pay For Being Governed.

(Continued.)

A Very brief synopsis of the more important measures passed by the late territorial Legislature will be given in this column from time to time so that all can govern themselves accordingly. These acts, however, will be of small importance to the general public outside of the effect it may have on their pocket books.

Chapter 62 of the session laws of the last legislature is an act to give special protection to keepers of livery stables over persons engaged in any other kind of business. It provides that one who hires a vehicle or animal from a livery stable if he damages or injures the same, shall in addition to paying actual damages be fined not to exceed \$25. A person refusing to pay for a team hired from a livery stable shall be fined not to exceed \$25. Every livery stable man shall keep a copy of this act posted in large plain English type in the barn or stable he conducts. This may be all right for the keeper of the stable, especially if he has any rigs of the kind and description of the "One Horse Shay", but a little tough on the fellow who has hired the rig and has to pay damages and frills.

An act was also passed making a license necessary in order to legalize a marriage hereafter in this territory. The license is to be obtained from the probate clerk, but parties residing more than ten miles from the county seat may make application for license to any person authorized to perform marriages who is to make no charge for securing such license for the contracting couple. The person who officiates at the marriage must require the production of the license before he can solemnize the marriage and must in addition satisfy himself as to the legal qualifications of the persons desiring to enter into the married state. The person officiating must certify the marriage to the clerk within ninety days after the ceremony, who shall record it in a properly indexed marriage record book. A fee of one dollar is to be paid the probate clerk for issuing the license and recording it. A copy of this act is to be posted by the probate clerk of each county in at least three conspicuous places in each precinct of the county. Violations of the law are punishable by a fine of from \$50 to \$100 and imprisonment of from ten to sixty days.

The office of Territorial Engineer was created with a salary of \$1,800 per year although so little use has a majority of the counties—or any of the counties, for that matter—that if a straight, fat salary had not been assured it is safe to say no competent man could have been found to accept the office for the fees connected therewith, even though the law threw all the work of that description in the territory into his hands.

A law making it obligatory upon territorial officials to procure their official bonds of some security company at a good round figure, in some instances to fully ten per cent of their salaries was passed. With that of county surveyor in most counties it is much more.

Then comes an act creating the office of territorial land commissioner—another sinecure with a salary—whose principal business, it seems, is to have the care and custody of territorial lands and handle the money arising from their sale.

This is followed by one changing the name of the solicitor general to that of attorney general with a raise in salary.

Arrangements have nearly been completed whereby the Nogal post office will be a distributing point for Parsons, Bonito and Angus. This office is now one of the leading post offices in the county, and this new route will considerably increase the work of our genial post master Thomas Henley.

Clark Huet, Geo. and John Baker and other Nogalites were in Lincoln last week attending court. Miss Sallie Copeland of Angus, is visiting friends here.

Mrs. Sarah Brown, accompanied by the Misses Copeland, started for California two weeks ago. Mrs. Jas. Henly is on the sick list.

Prof. Harper and wife visited at Parsons the first of last week. A. T. Roberts is shaking hands in Nogal after an absence of two months.

Mr. Jas. Coplin, who does an extensive canvassing business, has purchased a horse and buggy for carrying his goods hereafter.

Mrs. Reynolds was reported to be quite sick but is now recovering.

Prof. Harper reports an attendance of fifty-five pupils, enrollment still increasing and attendance regular.

We understand that there will be another basket supper, in the near future, for the benefit of the school fund.

Arthur May and wife, it is reported, now entertain a young relative, sometimes keeping late hours.

Rev. Paul Bently held services here last Sunday.

GOLDEN STATE LIMITED.

The Most Perfectly Appointed Train in America.

In view of the increased popularity of trains numbered No. 43 and 44, more familiarly known as the Golden State Limited, it has been decided to continue the train in transcontinental service throughout the season, instead of discontinuing the same with the close of Winter tourist travel as formerly. This train, consisting of buffet library car, standard and tourist sleepers, between Chicago, Los Angeles, Santa Barbara and San Francisco, will be operated daily, on the same schedule as effective during the winter months. It will be noted that these schedules afford the quickest time between points in California, Arizona, New Mexico, Texas and the entire South-west, and Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago, Cincinnati, Pitts-

burg and all points East.

Your liberal patronage the last few months has assured the popularity of this train, and in an endeavor to further serve you it has been decided to not discontinue this service as has been customary.

Soliciting a continuance of your patronage, I am

Very truly yours,
A. N. Brown, Gen'l Pass. Agt.
El Paso & Northeastern System.
El Paso, Texas.

\$300.

For Letters About the Southwest.

The Western Trail Magazine offers six prizes aggregating in value \$300 in railroad transportation, for letters from residents of Arkansas, Eastern Colorado, Missouri, Kansas, Indian Territory, Oklahoma, Texas and New Mexico.

It wants letters that will induce energetic and ambitious men and women to settle in the great and growing Southwest, and there engage in farming, cattle raising, dairying, fruit growing and similar pursuits.

To accomplish the purpose which it has in view the Western Trail offers the following prizes in railroad transportation for the six letters which in the opinion of a competent judge shall be deemed best suited to its requirements.

1st Prize, \$100 in RR Transportation.
2nd " 75 " " "
3rd " 50 " " "
4th " 25 " " "
5th " 25 " " "
6th " 25 " " "

THE CONDITIONS ARE EASY.

Letters should deal with the writer's experience since he settled in the Southwest. They should tell how much money he had when he arrived; what he did when he first came; what measure of success has since crowned his efforts and what he thinks of that portion of the country in which he is located. Letters should not be more than 1500 nor less than 300 words in length and will be used for advertising the Southwest. Letters are desired not only from farmers and farmers' wives but also from merchants, school teachers, clergymen and from every one who has a story to tell and who knows how to tell it. Poetical contributions are not wanted.

All cannot win prizes but by their contributions they can assist the Western trail in its efforts to colonize and upbuild the Southwest.

Contest closes June 30th 1905. Prizes will be awarded as soon thereafter as results can be determined. Address The Western Trail 736-144 Van Buren Street Chicago Ill.

Santa Fe Central Railway

El Paso-Northeastern System

Shortest line between El Paso, Texas, and Santa Fe, New Mexico and all points in Northwestern New Mexico and Southwestern Colorado.

SANTA FE AND TORRANCE.

We make close connections at Torrance with the Great Through Rock Island Passenger Train.

SOUTH BOUND		NORTH BOUND	
STATIONS	LEAVE DAILY	STATION	ARRIVE DAILY
Santa Fe	1:00 p.m.	Santa Fe	4:30 p.m.
Donaciana	1:20 p.m.	Donaciana	4:10 p.m.
Vega Blanca	1:45 p.m.	Vega Blanca	3:45 p.m.
Kennedy	2:05	Kennedy	3:10 p.m.
Clark	2:45 p.m.	Clark	2:45 p.m.
Stanley	3:30 p.m.	Stanley	1:55 p.m.
Murlary	4:05 p.m.	Murlary	1:20 p.m.
McIntosh	4:30 p.m.	McIntosh	12:35 p.m.
Estanola	4:55 p.m.	Estanola	12:20 p.m.
Estanola	5:45 p.m.	Estanola	11:50 a.m.
Willard	6:20 p.m.	Willard	11:15 a.m.
Progreso	6:50 p.m.	Progreso	10:45 a.m.
Blanca	7:20 p.m.	Blanca	10:25 a.m.
Torrance	8:10 p.m.	Torrance	9:40 a.m.

Leave El Paso via E P-N E System 7:30 p.m.
Arrive Santa Fe via Santa Fe Central 4:30 p.m.
Leave Santa Fe via Santa Fe Central 1:00 p.m.
Arrive El Paso via E P-N E System 6:07 a.m.

We Now Have a Portable Sheep Chute at Torrance Which is of Great Convenience to Sheep Shippers.

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Old Fashioned Distilled
Hand Made Sour Mash
BOURBON
is the best product of OLD KENTUCKY. It is made in the OLD FASHIONED way, from selected grain and limestone water, mashed by hand in tubs and distilled in the OLD TIME Worm Still. Aged in oak barrels for eight years in a U. S. Government Bonded Warehouse.

The result is a rich and mellow whiskey, stimulating and nourishing. A whiskey peculiarly adapted to those suffering from lung and throat troubles.

We will send you FOUR FULL QUART bottles (one gallon) of this whiskey, packed in a plain box without brand or marks, express charges PREPAID, upon the receipt of Four Dollars.

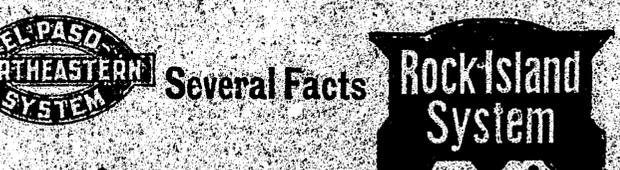
Send Express Money Order, Post Office Money Order, Draft or Check on any of the four banks in El Paso, Texas. DO NOT SEND CURRENCY by MAIL.

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The El Paso-North Eastern System and Rock Island System is the shortest line between El Paso and the "Great South-west" and Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City and all points North and East.

The Golden State Limited is the most magnificently equipped train in Transcontinental service.

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