

Advertising!

Merchants—this is the best advertising medium.

THE OUTLOOK.

Job Printing.

Done Neatly and at the Most reasonable prices

VOLUME 2

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO, THURSDAY, OCTOBER, 12, 1905

NUMBER 6

Professional Cards.

GEO. B. BARBER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO.
Practice in all the courts of the Territory.

J. E. WHARTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
ALAMOGORDO, NEW MEXICO.
Special attention given to cases in Lincoln as well as Otero county.

A. H. Hudspeth, John Y. Hewitt
Hewitt & Hudspeth,
Attorneys-at-Law
HEWITT BLOCK. WHITE OAKS.

GEO. W. PRICHARD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.
Practice in all the courts of the Territory.

MINING LAW A SPECIALTY.

HOTEL OZANNE,

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.
Now open for business. Clean beds and an excellent cuisine awaits the traveling public.

Mrs. J. G. Riggles, of Capitan, who with her husband were former residents of this place, arrived Thursday last to make a short visit with friends here. She left Monday to meet Mr. Riggles and the two elder children at Carrizozo, who were returning from Kansas City, where they had been to consult a specialist in regard to the boy's physical condition. They met with much encouragement as to a speedy and permanent cure.

NOGAL ITEMS.

All the personal property of the Vera Cruz mine was sold on the 9th of this month as advertised. John H. Canning, who held the judgement against it bid in the entire outfit for the sum of \$2,985. It is supposed he now has mining supplies for sale at low rates. However it seems to be that there will be no breaking up of the property but that the mine and mill will soon be running under an entirely new management, and that celebrated mine will be a fine producer of dividends.

Frances Henley, wife of W. J. Henley, is a great sufferer from a tumorous growth in the stomach, and it is feared an operation will be necessary in order to give her any permanent relief.

Judge L. W. Bourne, living on the Mesa, is reported to be rapidly recovering under the skillful treatment of Dr. Laws. He is now almost four score years of age and is hardly able to survive a very severe attack of pneumonia, with which he was threatened.

Advertised Letter List.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters lying in the post office at White Oaks, N. M. for the month ending Sept. 30st, 1905, which if not called for within 30 days will be sent to the dead letter office at Washington, D. C.

Fredrico Garcia
Persons calling for the above letters will please say advertised.
John A. Brown, P. M.

Welch and Titsworth, the live merchants of Capitan are not going to let their town go dead for lack of business. They are getting the cream of the trade over in that valley, as the size of their ad. in this paper will abundantly show.

Mrs. W. C. McDonald, of Carrizozo ranch is in El Paso for a few days this week.

Another heavy shipment of cattle was made from Carrizozo this week. This range has done phenomenally well the present season.

Now is the time to get some piece of glassware that you need. With every cash purchase amounting to two dollars, we give you your choice of many different shapes.

T. M. T. Co.

S. C. Wiener made a flying trip to El Paso during the week but John and Dick kept things buzzing in the store during his absence.

John Y. Hewitt reached his 60-nth milestone yesterday and kept right on. It is to be hoped there is a long row of them ahead of him yet standing up like fifty miles of telegraph poles.

A. Dunn, the Roswell dealer in one of New Mexico's staple products, was here wool gathering for a few days. Picking up the season's aftermath, as it were. Mrs. Dunn is touring the country with him this trip.

R. D. Armstrong and Oliver Peaker are off on a trip to Roswell and the Pecos valley this week presumably to find a land flowing with milk and honey. Failing in that, artesian water unadulterated with other ingredients will be sort of half way satisfying.

Dr. Miller's lecture Tuesday night at the Congregational church was well attended, and those present enjoyed a highly intellectual treat. The lecture was preceded by an exquisite violin solo rendered by Miss Edna Koch, the accompaniment given by Miss Lorena Sager on the organ.

1880

1905

We are STILL IN THE RING
With a General Assortment of
GENERAL MERCHANDISE

That We Are Selling At Low Prices.

ONE PRICE TO ALL.

Pride of Denver flour,
\$3.25 per 100 lbs.

5 lbs. lard, 55cts.
10 lbs. " , \$1.05

TALIAFERRO MERCANTILE and TRADING CO.

DEATH OF DR. A. G. LANE

The sad intelligence came Monday of the death of Dr. A. G. Lane at Oakland, California, where he had been making his home for nearly a year past.

The doctor was one of the very first residents of White Oaks having come here in the early spring of 1880 and lived here continuously since that time until his recent departure to the Pacific coast, with the exception of about two years at San Pedro, this territory.

During his entire life here the doctor showed unusual energy for one of his years, and always took an active part in all affairs looking to the advancement and prosperity of the town. He was also an active worker in church matters.

His widow and other members of the family have the sincere sympathy and condolence of the entire community.

Rev. Samuel E. Allison, former pastor of the Methodist church here, but for the past two years in charge of the work at Las Cruces, is to be married soon to Miss Irma May Carlton, of Roswell. Cards are already out for the happy event. After the honeymoon the couple will be located at Pomona California.

Miss Nettie Lee has been employed as teacher in the public school at Richardson and began her work there last Monday. She has had some experience in the school here as assistant and will undoubtedly give entire satisfaction to the people of that wide awake community.

A new dynamo has been installed at the marine hospital Fort Stanton which will about double their electric capacity. This is to keep pace with the many other improvements that have been made during the past year. This sanitarium is now as well equipped as the best in the country.

Will Kennedy is still bringing melons to the White Oaks market from his ranch near the foot hills below town as there has been no frost to injure the vines. He has been selling fine, luscious watermelons by the wagon load since the season opened in August from a patch of less than an acre, and these were raised without any irrigation whatever. And yet our eastern friends imagine New Mexico is a howling barren waste.

Beef by the quarter at Treats five cents per pound.

WE INVITE YOU

to leave your valuable papers and insurance policies in our fire-proof steel-lined vault, where they will be out of danger. We make no charge for this service and you face yourself under no obligations by accepting it.

THE EXCHANGE BANK!

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

NOGAL MERCANTILE CO

John H. Canning, Proprietor.

A Complete Line of Strictly HIGH-GRADE

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

—THE STORE WHERE YOU GET A SQUARE DEAL—
ALL THE TIME.

COME to WHITE OAKS
TRADE with WIENER.

I HAVE A FULL LINE OF
STAPLE MERCHANDISE
WHICH WILL BE SOLD AT

LOWEST LIVING PRICES.

Men's Women's Children's
Furnishing's - Millinery - shoes etc.

I TAKE ORDERS FOR

Women's Tailor-made Suits - Cloaks
childrens DINA Misses Jackets,
SAMPLES ON DISPLAY.

Groceries always fresh and prices right.

JUST A TRIAL IS ALL I ASK.

S. C. WIENER.

Father Girma, parish priest at Lincoln, will be in White Oaks Friday or Saturday. On Sunday morning, the 15th he will celebrate mass at the house of Mrs. Maria Sandoval, also give a few words of instruction and spiritual admonition. He would like all in this community who affiliate with the Catholic church to meet him at that time.

Attention is called to a synopsis of the game law which is published in this issue, and will appear from time to time so none can plead ignorance of its provisions, should they be caught up. It is the intention of the game warden and his deputies to rigidly enforce this law so far as possible.

Welch & Titsworth

Pride of Denver Flour \$2.65

Imboden's Best " 2.85

Granulated Sugar 6.00

(Prices subject to market fluctuations.)

CAPITAN, N. M.

In certain parts of Russia you do not need to scratch anybody to find a Tartar

At last one of the British royal family has distinguished himself, it was by eating jam.

Alice Hegon Rice of "Mrs. Wiggs" fame has started a bank. There's money in cabbages

The circus, it appears, has been elevated. Now let all available energy be concentrated on the theater.

A man says the trunks have driven him to crime. Here is a hint to trunkards in need of a new excuse.

Existence is a fight against the storms of trouble and Cupid is the fellow who hands out the life preservers

Society says a Philadelphia minister is going wild. It may be misinterpreted the appeal for a return to nature

The war incident cannot be considered closed until Hufferd Kipling has written one of his stirring poems about it.

When Maggie Fox of Minneapolis found a lost bundle containing \$500, she was that much ahead and that much behind.

The mystery of what the baby speaks is solved. It is Esperanto, for it is spoken fluently and nobody can understand it.

Then there is the mortifying reflection that the astronomers on the planet Mars must have discovered our north pole long ago.

An New York boy has been held in \$1,000 bail on a charge of stealing a watermelon the inference is that a colored man was on the bench.

Judging by the picture of the woman in the New Jersey jail who confessed to having four husbands, she must have been a hypnotist.

They have found a man in New York who has been married fifty times, and he has never applied for one of those Carnegie hero medals.

Masks for certain convicts have been advocated at a prison congress. There are many who would be in prison but for the masks they wear.

The smart young men of Newport have taken to growing mustaches, thereby setting a fashion that the poorest of young men can generally follow.

A captious New York editor finds fault with the design of the new \$50 gold certificates. Most of us are too glad to see one to think of picking flaws in it.

The world's supply of sheep is rapidly diminishing, an official statement says. The supply of lambs for the speculative centers does not seem to have been affected.

It's a pity that the successful men who tell young men how to do it cannot be put in the running a second time. We wonder how many of them would hit it twice.

What a wonderful thing is the law! The New York judge who says he was within the law in banishing a woman from Gotham adds that the law cannot compel her to go away.

President Palma says that the day of his defeat would be the happiest of his life. Now we know why men become candidates when there is not the slightest chance of success.

The "surprise party" is the latest thing at Newport. Thus do the most complex products of ornate civilization suddenly revert to first principles. The donation party may come next.

"The stock market is a wonderful institution," says James J. Hill, the railroad president. "I know nothing about it." Most men are in the same condition, but few are willing to admit it.

The "hunger for...ousness" begins in English children at the age of 15, according to a London professor. And it is generally so well satisfied that most of them are never troubled with it afterward.

That pity is akin to love is proved by the fact that a shoemaker in New York state, with two wooden legs, advertises for a wife in the want columns and received 108 applications. Also, it pays to advertise.

When Mr. Rockefeller's wig was first announced the staff photographers of the New York newspapers filed all the trains for Cleveland. One of them caught it first, and his scoop in the biggest Gotham has recorded this year.

A steambot man estimated the amount of cash spent by American visitors to Europe this summer at \$11,000,000. We knew who spent the \$11 to go as far toward Europe as he could, but the other part of the figure is ridiculously small.

NEW MEXICO NEWS SUMMARY

The Albuquerque Traction Company has decided to extend its lines and to make improvements amounting to about \$100,000.

The territorial firemen at their convention in Las Vegas elected C. H. Bailey of Las Vegas, president; A. M. Dettelback, Santa Fe, secretary; E. P. Mackel, Las Vegas, treasurer.

James Kennedy and Christopher Fitzgerald of Colorado, striking section men on the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, have been held in \$50 bail to the grand jury on the charge of placing obstructions on the track near Espanola.

Fathers Juvenal and Theodore have gone from Roswell to Carlsbad, where they will be located permanently and have charge of the Catholic work in Eddy county. Fathers Herbert and Robert remain at Roswell in charge of the work in Chaves county.

The Lake Valley Stock Company has filed incorporation papers at Santa Fe, the incorporators and directors being Andrew W. Cassarvan, George Wren and John M. Crawford of Rawlins, Wyoming, which is the principal place of business. The capitalization is \$100,000.

Incorporation papers were filed at Santa Fe September 21st by the Vinaya Mining Company, the incorporators and directors being Daniel C. Sutton, Van C. Wilson and Benjamin Sherwood of Alamogordo, Otero county, in which county the company will operate. The capitalization is \$100,000.

Saturday night, September 16th, Jacob Schaublin, a pioneer of the Mesilla valley, who came here many years ago from Germany, died at Las Cruces. He held the office of treasurer and tax collector of Dona Ana county and was manager of the Schaublin Roller mill. He is survived by two sons and a daughter.

At Albuquerque September 30th the territorial grand jury presented its final report. The report shows that fifty indictments were returned. Another indictment was returned against F. A. Hubbell, ex-county treasurer, in which he is charged with embezzlement. He was arrested and released on bond.

At Santa Fe on the 2d instant, John Conley, formerly of Denver, was sentenced to hang at Taos on October 27th. Judge John R. McElie, who overruled the motion for a new trial, pronounced sentence. Conley's attorneys immediately gave notice of an appeal. This will act as a stay of execution of sentence.

Incorporation papers were filed September 30th by the Mammoth Copper Company of El Rito, Rio Arriba county, by Denver and local capitalists. The capitalization is \$1,250,000 and the incorporators and directors are: C. R. Stedman of Denver, George Hill Howard of Santa Fe, and Ernest G. Miller of El Rito.

The Chloric Coal Company has filed incorporation papers at Santa Fe, the capitalization being \$10,000. The incorporators are Frank E. Jenkinson, Harry F. Otto and Ambrose A. Featherstone, Jr., of New York City, who are the directors. The principal office is at Raton, Colfax county, near which the company will exploit extensive coal fields. The New Mexico agent is John Mozlow.

A pumpkin weighing fifty-two and one-half pounds, which was raised in the garden of Mrs. J. H. Bell, south of the city, is on exhibition at the grocery store of H. S. Kaune & Co. The pumpkin is well formed and in fine condition. Mr. Kaune invites inspection of same and says that if any one in the East or anywhere outside of New Mexico can beat it for size, shape and weight, that he will "set 'em up." Santa Fe New Mexican.

Mrs. Josefa Duran, wife of a prominent ranchman residing at Duran, three miles south of Albuquerque, was killed in a runaway accident in Albuquerque on the 30th ultimo. In attempting to cross the tracks in front of an electric car running at full speed, the horses became frightened and balked. The car struck the buggy and threw out the occupants. The horses ran away and the woman was dragged to death beneath the vehicle.

Manager Frank Owen of the Santa Fe Water and Light Company is making all necessary arrangements to supply electric power to that city. He thinks he will be able to do so within sixty days. The necessary machinery, including a 175-horse power boiler, has been ordered and is en route. Among the establishments that will use electric power so far, are the United States Indian Training School, the Territorial Penitentiary and the New Mexican Printing Company.

D. O. Hatfield, for nineteen years operator and station agent for the D. & R. G., died at St. Joseph's hospital, Denver, on the 1st inst., and was buried in that city. The Masons had charge of the funeral, which was attended by a large delegation of the Order of Railway Telegraphers. Mr. Hatfield for a long time had suffered from a complication of diseases. He was stationed at Ignacio in 1893 and Monero in 1903-04. Recently he was agent at Embudo, New Mexico.

As actual shipping goes on it is found that the fruit crop of New Mexico for the present year largely exceeded the estimate of 20,000,000 pounds made for it heretofore. Sun-dried territory fruit is now being sold at Pueblo, Denver and Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago, and is greatly liked and appreciated by the consumers. It beats California fruit in flavor and in many cases in appearance. That is doing pretty well for arid New Mexico. Santa Fe New Mexican.

Work was commenced September 23d on the large reservoir, which Denver people are building on the Lobato grant, south of El Rito. The reservoir will be 135 feet deep at its deepest point and will impound enough water to reclaim 2,000 acres. It will dam the waters of the Arroyo Seco. A townsite has been laid out and fifty families have been bought ground under the reservoir, averaging thirty acres each, while by spring fifty more families will have settled on the tract.

A Roswell dispatch says: Dispatches from Las Vegas, New Mexico, where the grand lodge of the I. O. O. F. is in session, announce that the New Mexico Odd Fellows' Orphan Home will be located in this city. Liberal donations of land and money had been made by the Odd Fellows here and citizens generally for the location of the home in Roswell. The home, it is stated, will cost about \$50,000. Roswell has already landed a \$25,000 Sisters' hospital and the contract has been let for the erection of same.

Seven prisoners were lodged in the penitentiary at Santa Fe September 21st as follows: From Silver City, Grant county, by Sheriff G. A. Farnsworth and Deputy J. D. Shipley, Harris L. Littleton, one year for carrying deadly weapons; Faustino Garcia, one year for larceny; Francisco Aldaca, three years for carrying deadly weapons and assault; from Santa Fe county, Maximo Trujillo, five years for assault; William Burke, three years for grand larceny; William Parker, colored, one year for assault.

A Santa Fe dispatch of September 25th says: Early yesterday morning at the coal camp of Monroe, Rio Arriba county, Petro Cheppit, a young Italian, was killed by John Cowan, who shot the Italian through the back with a Winchester. Cowan is still at large. He is twenty-four years old, has a sandy complexion and mustache, reddish-brown hair, and weighs about 150 pounds. It is believed that he has fled to his home, somewhere in central Colorado. Fifty dollars are offered by the sheriff of Rio Arriba county for his arrest.

Governor Otero of New Mexico, ex-Governor Frank M. Murphy of Arizona, Mrs. Joseph H. Kibbey, wife of the present governor of Arizona, and H. O. Bureau, superintendent of the Santa Fe Penitentiary, were in a private car on the evening of September 17th that left the track between Glorietta and Lamy, on the Santa Fe railroad. For several hundred feet the car ran on the ties and was stopped on the brink of Apache canon, hanging partly over a precipice over a hundred feet high. Trains were delayed several hours by the accident.

The Santa Fe Central Railway Company has installed a large stock weighing scale at its yards in Estancia and increased the capacity of the yards so as to handle 1,000 sheep more when necessary. Stock yards all along the line are to be placed in first-class condition and enlarged so as to accommodate the large numbers of cattle and sheep which the road will handle this fall. The company now has a contract for the hauling of 113 single deck and sixty-three double-deck cars, for a total of about 30,000 sheep. The moving of this shipment will commence the early part of October.

On September 24th, Angelo De Tullio, a stone contractor and one of the pioneers of Albuquerque, was struck by a switch engine at Albuquerque while driving across the Santa Fe grade crossing at Tijeras avenue, dragged thirty feet by the engine, and probably fatally injured. De Tullio and two friends were driving home, and in crossing the tracks failed to notice a switch engine which was running rapidly up between two strings of box cars. The engine struck the carriage squarely in the middle, throwing De Tullio beneath the wheels. His friends escaped without serious injury.

Irvine Hale, driver of the hose team from station 1 of the Albuquerque fire department, was thrown from his wagon while making an exhibition run for fair visitors and perhaps fatally injured. The driver dropped one line while the team was running at full speed with the other apparatus and in attempting to avoid a crowd he pulled the team into a telephone pole at the side of the street. The collision smashed the apparatus and threw Hale and another man to the pavement. Hale's spine was injured and several ribs broken and he is lying at the hospital in a dying condition. If he had not thrown the horses into the telegraph pole he might have run into the crowd and killed several people.

An Albuquerque dispatch on the 26th ult., Judge Ira A. Abbott announced the decision in the case of Thomas S. Hubbell vs. the district clerk, petition for a mandamus to compel the clerk to cease to recognize Perfecto Armijo as sheriff and again recognize Hubbell as that officer. The court refused the application and asserts that it is bound by the decision in the Eldred case and cannot pass on the validity of the governor's action, and that said Perfecto Armijo is prima facie sheriff and is entitled to the office and all processes issuing from said court, etc., although the court does not recognize said Armijo as the defacto officer. The recognition will stand until quo warranto proceedings or until the case is finally settled in a higher court.

Mine Owner Murdered. An Albuquerque dispatch of September 27th gives the following account of the Gallup coal-mine tragedy: Andrew Cana, who was the owner of several coal mines near Gallup, was murdered last night by an unknown person, and his wife was wounded and may die.

The facts as received here tonight are that a man visited Cana's house and made a noise. Cana went out to investigate, when a shot was fired and he staggered into the house, dying almost instantly. His wife received a wound in the breast as she was kneeling beside her dying husband. Early this morning a son of the murdered man rode into Gallup and informed Sheriff Coddington, who, with Navajo trappers and deputies, is searching for the assassin. At Gallup the opinion prevails that Cana was murdered for what money he was thought to have in the house, as he was known to keep considerable cash on hand to pay miners, and to meet other obligations, and the assassin is believed to have been one who was acquainted with these facts. The Navajo, however, believe that revenge prompted the killing and that an Averson from Red the fatal bullet.

HER LIFE ENDED

MRS. ARVILLA D. MEEKER DIES AT AGE OF NINETY.

Her Long and Interesting Career—Terrible Experience at the Time of the Meeker Massacre by White River Utes.

Denver.—A Republican special from White Plains, New York, states that Mrs. Arvilla D. Meeker, widow of the late N. C. Meeker, died there yesterday from senility, aged ninety years.

Mrs. Arvilla D. Meeker, the widow of Nathan Cooke Meeker, founder of Greeley colony, was a woman of strong personality and had a wonderful career. In early life she taught school in New England and then became acquainted with the young poet and dreamer, who later founded a colony in the then far West and who sacrificed his life to his convictions regarding the civilization of the Indian.

Mrs. Meeker and daughter were with him when he was butchered by the Utes at the White River agency September 29, 1879, known to history as the "Meeker massacre." Mrs. Meeker was slightly wounded in the affray and held a prisoner by the Indians for three weeks.

About the time Mr. and Mrs. Meeker were married they became interested in the organization of communities which were purposed to carry out some of the theories of the French Socialist, Fourier, and which were supported by such men as Emerson, Hawthorne and Greeley. The "Brook Farm, Phalanx" became the best known of these organizations.

The Meekers joined one at Warren, Ohio, which was dissolved in three years.

They afterward lived in Cleveland, Ohio, and in southern Illinois.

When the war broke out the Meeker family were subjected to great indignities from their neighbors who were nearly all secessionists.

During these early years Mr. Meeker wrote, which he did with so much success, that in 1869 he was made agricultural editor of the New York Tribune, through whose columns he unfolded his plan for establishing Union colony on the banks of the Poudre river.

In 1870 the colony was established and the town of Greeley located, to which Mrs. Meeker and her family came during the first year as soon as their home could be built, in which they have since lived.

In 1878 Mr. Meeker, who had always had great faith in the Indians, believing that they could be taught to pursue an industrial life, left Greeley with his family for the White River Indian agency, 300 miles away, to civilize the Indians and act as government agent to the Ute Indians there.

The story of the subsequent massacre of Mr. Meeker and the employees of the agency by the Indians under the control of Chief Douglas and Captain Jack and the captivity of Mrs. Meeker and her daughter, Josie, are a part of the history of the country.

Mrs. Meeker leaves a son, Ralph Meeker, who has been for a long time on the editorial staff of the New York Tribune, and a daughter, Miss Rozene Meeker, who resides at Greeley and who inherits the old homestead.

Alamosa Bank Failure. Denver.—A Republican special from Alamosa says: Business is at a standstill in Alamosa, the failure of the Bank of Alamosa having caught nearly every business man in the town, as well as the majority of the poor people who had saved a few hundred dollars as the result of years of hard work and saving.

O. P. Brown, a man of seventy-five years of age, whose wife died recently, and who was so grief-stricken that he became demented, lost \$1,000 by the failure. He was seen walking along the street to-day with a revolver in his hand, and when asked what he was going to do, he said that he might as well be dead. He was persuaded not to attempt suicide.

Mrs. R. F. Johnson had \$2,200 in the bank and is nearly crazed over her loss. There are a hundred other cases, and the amounts range from \$300 to \$2,000.

It is believed that Herman Schiffer, the New York brother of the Schiffer trio, has no intention of coming here to straighten out the affairs of the bank. It is not certain that he was interested in it. Abe Schiffer's whereabouts are unknown and the opinion is expressed on every side that he did not go to New York.

The county, town and school funds, all amounting to something over \$25,000; \$15,000 from the county, \$10,000 of the school and a few thousands of the town's funds, were all in the defunct bank, as well as \$10,000 of the building and loan fund and \$1,000 from four fraternalities.

Tomato Battle at Brighton. Denver.—A News special from Brighton says: A record-breaking crowd was in attendance the second day of the Adams County Fair, Wednesday. Large crowds came from Denver on the regular and special trains, as well as from the nearby towns of Platteville, Fort Lupton and Erie.

The tomato battle between teams representing Brighton and Fort Lupton was the event of the day. The Russians and Japanese were to have been the contestants, but the management was unable to secure them from the sugar beet fields because of the animosity between the two races, and they would not consent to battle unless guns and meat axes were used.

The contestants were dressed in white, stationed sixty feet apart in two rows, twelve on each side, and each contestant supplied with ripe tomatoes for ammunition. The battle lasted for half an hour and was fast and furious, the lines breaking, charging and retreating again and again. The conflict was isolated a draw.

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The county, town and school funds, all amounting to something over \$25,000; \$15,000 from the county, \$10,000 of the school and a few thousands of the town's funds, were all in the defunct bank, as well as \$10,000 of the building and loan fund and \$1,000 from four fraternalities.

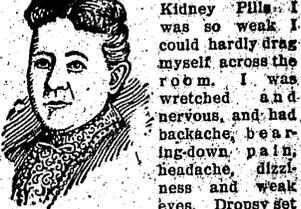
Tomato Battle at Brighton. Denver.—A News special from Brighton says: A record-breaking crowd was in attendance the second day of the Adams County Fair, Wednesday. Large crowds came from Denver on the regular and special trains, as well as from the nearby towns of Platteville, Fort Lupton and Erie.

The tomato battle between teams representing Brighton and Fort Lupton was the event of the day. The Russians and Japanese were to have been the contestants, but the management was unable to secure them from the sugar beet fields because of the animosity between the two races, and they would not consent to battle unless guns and meat axes were used.

The contestants were dressed in white, stationed sixty feet apart in two rows, twelve on each side, and each contestant supplied with ripe tomatoes for ammunition. The battle lasted for half an hour and was fast and furious, the lines breaking, charging and retreating again and again. The conflict was isolated a draw.

A DESPAIRING WOMAN.

Weak, Nervous and Wretched from Wasting Kidney Troubles.



Mrs. Henry A. Reame, Main and Carat sts., South Bend, Ind., says: "When I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, I was so weak I could hardly drag myself across the room. I was wretched and nervous, and had backache, bearing-down, pain, headache, dizziness and weak eyes. Dropsy set in and bloating of the chest choked me and threatened the heart. I had little hope, but to my untold surprise, Doan's Kidney Pills brought me relief and saved my life. I shall never forget it."

Sold by dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Bears Stop a Street Car. Street car traffic on Woodland avenue in Duluth, Minnesota, was blocked one evening recently for a few minutes by six black bears. Incidentally between eight and ten women were nearly frightened to death when the motorman brought the car to a sudden stop, raised the curtain, and called to the conductor that there were "bears on the track." The bears escaped.

TEA

Do you think you know all there is in those three letters, t-e-a?

Never judge the wail of a young widow by her sighs.

Medicines Have Stood Test of Time.

"The leading proprietary medicines that have stood the test of time are of known therapeutic value," says a medical authority. "They are prepared in laboratories of the highest grade, under the care of skilled pharmacists, and they are made from approved formulas which, in many instances, have been the especial pride and specific of some successful physician. They have been tried in the crucible of public opinion and they have been found satisfactory by the people, for otherwise the people would discontinue using them."

Misery may love company, but it is apt to draw the line at triplets.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease. A powder. It cures the feet. Cures Swollen Feet, Hot, Chafed, Aching, Sweating Feet, and Ingrowing Nails. At all Drugstores and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Only the rich can afford to be stingy.

BABY ONE SOLID SORE.

Could Not Shut Eyes to Sleep—Spent \$100 on Doctors—Baby Grew Worse—Cured by Cuticura for \$5.

"A scab formed on my baby's face, spreading until it completely covered her from head to foot, followed by boils, having forty on her head at one time, and more on her body. Then her skin started to dry up and it became so bad she could not shut her eyes to sleep. One month's treatment with Cuticura Soap and Ointment made a complete cure. Doctors and medicines had cost over \$100, with baby growing worse. Then we spent less than \$5 for Cuticura and cured her. (Signed) Mrs. G. H. Tucker, Jr., 335 Greenfield Ave., Milwaukee, Wis."

Too many glasses to-day means a large pain to-morrow.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children, who suffer from colic, who are fretful, who have whooping cough, who have whooping cough, who have whooping cough.

When a thunderstorm comes up rain usually comes down.

Pico's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brian, 223 Third Ave., N. Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1901.

The river of life has something in it besides gush.

All Up-to-Date Housekeepers use Defiance Cold Water Starch, because it is better, and 40% more of it for same money.

Wise men admire clever women; but it is usually the silly ones they marry.

WILLIAM HAWLEY SMITH says—You're Educated When You're Not.

At this time of the year many young people are debating how best to spend the winter months. Do they realize the importance of a thorough business training? Success in life is won by the specialist. The greatest prizes are found in business.

Boys and girls, I will pay you to receive a thorough business education. The Barnes Commercial School of Denver has issued a beautiful catalogue that gives full information about this line of work. A copy is sent free by addressing the president, E. C. Barnes, 1225 Champa St., Denver.

It takes a man with sense to make a dollar go a long way.

TEA

If you haven't found out Schilling's Best you're missing a good deal of comfort.

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like Schilling's Best.

Our idea of an ingrate is a man who refuses to laugh at the stories of another man who is paying for his dinner.

Defiance Starch should be in every household, none so good, besides 40% more for 25 cents than any other brand of cold water starch.

Some men would be most miserable without their miseries.

THE OUTLOOK

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.

JAGGLES.

Most women's happiness is due to their air-roundings.

It is easier to be a philosopher in thought than in action.

A man had better play second fiddle than no instrument at all.

A woman wouldn't have a velvet carpet if a three-ply cost more.

The person who generally talks shop usually attends to his own business.

While the Japs are yellow, there doesn't seem to be any of it in their veins.

When one doubts his ability, success seeks a more congenial companion.

"She's out of sight," can't be said of the woman in a bathing suit or ball dress.

Most people who patronize bucket shops find their wealth but a drop in the bucket.

Lynching is becoming so common that after a while a gentleman will be afraid to whip his wife.

"All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy," but all play and no work generally makes him a grand rascal.

I can understand why one should dislike another who has done him no harm but I cannot comprehend why he should hate him.

A man may not believe in the existence of a God, but there are many times in his life when he feels the need of one.—Jonas Jutton in Los Angeles Times

HOW TO CHARM.

Do you wish to have a charming personality—be a real soul-charmer?

Then listen to the silent, inner voice of the individual soul as well as to the whispering of the Universal Soul.

Be your real self.

Be natural.

Be good.

Don't be affected.

Don't be envious.

Don't be jealous.

Be gentle.

Be considerate.

Be tolerant.

Be charming.

Don't be fussy.

Mind your own affairs only.

Never gossip.

Be calm.

Be serene.

Be tranquil.

Don't listen to scandal.

Don't overdo.

Don't parade wealth.

Be pure.

Be sweet.

Be cheerful.

Be hopeful.

Be charming.

Sour people are not charming.

Pessimists are shunned.

Critics are avoided.

Critics are disliked.

Be charming.

—Montreal Herald.

FILLUP FILLIPS.

He jests at cars who never dodged an auto.

The world doesn't seem dull to a man who is all on edge.

No matter how unhappy a man is, never finds it out if he keeps busy.

When a man marries a woman for her money she very seldom gets her money's worth.

Life is made up of time and a little brief authority. Do not waste the one or abuse the other.

A young man getting his first shave is as embarrassed as the bald-headed man in the next chair whom the barber has just asked to have a dry shampoo.

THE ATTIC PHILOSOPHER.

Get storage sympathy doesn't win much response.

The man who resorts to drink to cheer himself will eventually rust.

The only time some men have patience is while waiting for rent to bite.

Time may be money, but we could never see much of it unless it was utilized.

A woman is always afraid her son will marry beneath the family standard.

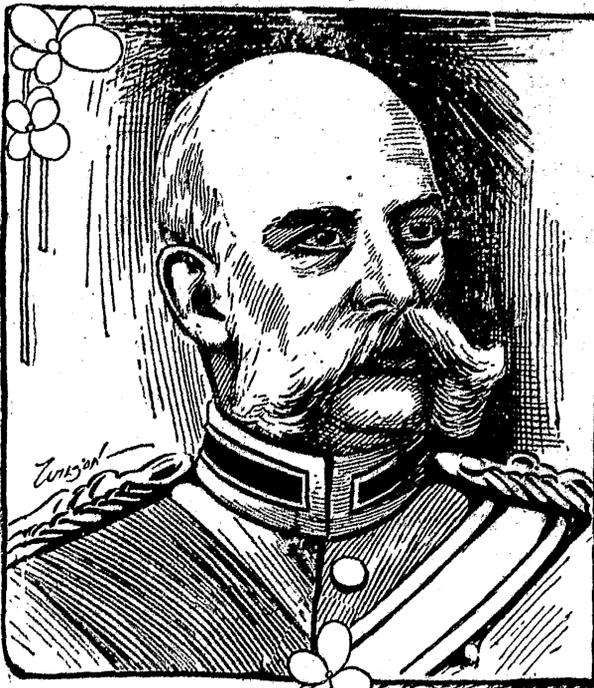
Because a man's hands are dirty it's no sign that he's been working. Maybe he's afraid of microbes in the water.

Whenever we get nervous we like to sit and look at a fat man for a while. It's a sure cure.

We have often wondered how old people who complain of indigestion can eat such fatty and fatty substances of food.

UNION OF AUSTRIA AND HUNGARY 'SERIOUSLY IMPERILED BY PRESENT POLITICAL CRISIS'

EMPEROR FRANCIS JOSEPH.



COUNT ALBERT APPONYI

The political crisis in Hungary has reached a point where it seriously imperils the union between Austria and Hungary. Backed by a large majority in the house of representatives and an overwhelming popular sentiment, the leaders of the coalition party of Hungary went to Hofburg to present to Francis Joseph the conditions upon which they would consent to form a cabinet and carry on the Hungarian government. The emperor-king handed them an ultimatum in which he demanded that they form a cabinet, but declined to grant any of the concessions they asked. The coalition statesmen refused to yield and returned to Budapest, and Hungary still is without a responsible government, as it has been for some months. The strained situation can hardly last much longer without some decisive result.

It would be a mistake to regard the struggle as one merely between the emperor-king and the Hungarians. It is a struggle between the emperor and Austria on the one side and Hungary on the other. When, fifty-seven years ago, a delegation of Hungarians, headed by Louis Kossuth, obtained at Vienna the Emperor Ferdinand's promise to sanction a constitution for their country, they also secured the promise of one for Austria. This made Hungarians extremely popular in Austria. But the cordial feelings between the people of the two countries of the dual monarchy have been almost completely extinguished by a half century of bickering. "To put the matter plainly," said Francis Kossuth, leader of the coalition parties and a son of Louis Kossuth, in a recent magazine article, "the Austrians hate us, perhaps because they know they have wronged us."

The present acute troubles began in 1859-60, when Premier Solomon Szell, at the instance of the emperor, attempted to pass measures increasing the number of recruits to the Hungarian army and the annual grant to the crown. Riotous obstructionist tactics forced Szell to resign, and Count Khuen Hédervary became prime minister. The new premier abandoned his predecessor's unpopular policy, but a large section of the party of independence refused to desist from its obstructionist tactics unless the government consented to the use of the Hungarian language instead of the German and of the national emblems



LOUIS KOSSUTH

in the Hungarian army. The government positively refused to assent to this proposition, and it has been the burning issue of Hungarian politics ever since. Questions of parliamentary reform, taxation, and rules of parliamentary procedure have also entered into the conflict. At the last election the coalition of parties constituting the opposition elected a large majority of the house of representatives. Francis Joseph, strongly backed by Austrian sentiment, has heretofore refused to bow to this emphatic expression of Hungarian public opinion; and the signs are that he is resolved never to do so.

The events that have been taking place, under remarkably similar circumstances in Scandinavia perhaps throw some light on what is about to take place in Austria-Hungary. It was a famous remark of Bismarck, however, that if the Austrian empire did western Europe has been fraught with less serious consequences than not exist, it would be necessary for the good of Europe to create it, and there seems reason to fear that the dissolution of the dual monarchy of an attempted dissolution of the dual monarchy of eastern Europe is likely to be.

Old Red Cloud, Leader of the Sioux, Had His Own Notion of Humor

There is a firm paleface conviction that the red man has no sense of humor. It were better perhaps to qualify the statement by making it a little less sweeping. It is the paleface at a distance who thinks that the Indian has no funny bone—the frontiersman knows otherwise.

There is old Red Cloud, the Sioux chieftain, now within a short journey of the joys which the happy hunting ground holds for him, who probably never laughed aloud in his life, but who behind his mask of solemnity knew as keen an appreciation of "the fun of the thing" as can be found in the composition of any one of his white conquerors.

Nearly forty years ago Red Cloud, in the prime of his fighting days, led, with other chiefs, an attack on the

whites near Fort Fetterman. Red Cloud had the better of his foes on that day. Afterward when the paleface soldiers with blue coats proved too many for him, Red Cloud had a change of heart.

He said that he had plucked out hatred. This was one of Red Cloud's best jokes, and when the whites could not see his face because it was turned away from the council fire, the old chief smiled and his eye twinkled with the joy of it.

A quarter of a century divided the night at Fort Fetterman from that at Wounded Knee. Red Cloud was at the Pine Ridge agency when the news of the battle between the soldiers of the Seventh Cavalry and the braves of Big Foot's band was brought in by courier.

Aged Veteran of U. S. Navy. William Mackabee, who served for eighty-six years in the United States navy, last week celebrated the one hundred and second anniversary of his birth. He is at the naval home on Gray's Ferry road, Philadelphia. Mackabee was born in Baltimore and has been on the retired list for many years. He takes his four ounces of whiskey daily and is an inveterate smoker. For several years he has not been outside the naval home grounds except on "flection day," when he never fails to vote the Democratic ticket.

The chief heard of the loss of some 300 of his tribe, and said that notwithstanding the fight and the killing, his heart was still shut against the return of hatred for the palefaces.

Not long after the Wounded Knee battle Miles and Brooke succeeded in throwing troops about the bands of hostiles, and began the task of forcing them little by little into the Pine Ridge agency and to final surrender.

Gun. Miles wanted to get the reds back to the agency without precipitating another fight and another fire of criticism. So it was that he was urging the Ogalsala and the Brule Sioux bucks to surrender, and was using his troops rather for herding and driving purposes than for actual offense.

Young-Man-Afraid-of-His-Horses went to the hostile camp and harangued his brother savages, imploring them to obey Miles and to come in and be bad Indians no more. Young Man's speech had some effect. Then Red Cloud wanted to follow the example of the young chief. No one knows definitely whether Red Cloud was sent out by the general commanding or went on his peace-talking errand of his own initiative, but he went.

The hostiles were north of White Clay Creek and west of Porcupine Butte. Red Cloud reached their camp and he talked at the council fire. Then there happened a curious thing. On the heel of the chiefs a pack band of the young bucks broke away and began to raid. There was a fight with a squadron of the Seventh cavalry near the Roman Catholic mission school and an army wagon train was attacked at a place not far distant from the agency.

Red Cloud came back to the agency. Even his native command of himself could not give control to the twinkle that was in his ancient eye. But what a tale was that he told! The Indians with bad hearts had rejected his pleas for peace and surrender, and had driven him, their old chief, with curses and with blows from their camp.

He had plodded the trail from the camp to the agency, footsore and footless, and in this day of his falling sight he would have been lost had not his granddaughter Star Eyes—or some such name, for here memory is at fault—led him all the way by the hand. It was with as near a sob in his voice as an Indian ever gets that old Red Cloud told his story. Way down inside he was enjoying the joke of it better, perchance, than were his hearers. The old chief, who had made miles of distance, footsore and footless, during the night, was looking in an unusually rosy and well-fed condition that frosty January morning fourteen years ago.

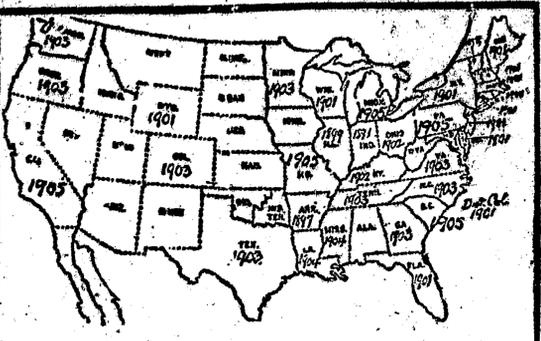
It would be something of a joy to know just what old Red Cloud had said to the Brule and Ogalsala bucks beyond the White Clay Creek. The old fellow was an orator, and when there were no white men listeners he knew the way to the heart of the savage nations.

Is the Indian lacking in a sense of humor? Old Red Cloud used to get more genuine enjoyment out of telling his unsophisticated paleface listeners the story of how he talked peace in the hostile camp than Kidding Bear ever did in running off a settler's stock—and this means much.—E. B. C. in Chicago Post.

Giant Sunflower. W. R. McCormack, a farmer near Orion, has a wonder of its kind on his farm in the shape of a gigantic sunflower plant. The plant contains 106 buds and blossoms, the latter numbering seventy-two. It measures 7 feet in height and 10 1/2 inches in circumference at the base.—Detroit News.

Hyde Selling All His Property. James H. Hyde, former master of the great Equitable Life Assurance Society, continues to sell his properties in and about New York, thus giving color to the story that he intends to quit the country and make his home in France. Already he has sold his country home, his private car, his stable and his auto, and now it is announced that he has placed his city residence in the hands of brokers. The house adjacent, owned by Mr. Hyde's sister, is also placed on the market.

WAR OF AUDUBON SOCIETY AGAINST FANCY OF FASHION



MAP OF STATES WHICH HAVE PASSED THE A.O.U. MODEL LAW WITH THE YEAR OF ITS ADOPTION.

For many years there has been a never-ending, never conceding, never triumphing war between the world of fashion and the world of serious thought. From the days when the stoles of ancient Rome strove to awaken the dissipated set of their day to the grim realities of life and of philosophy down to the present busy era, in which the preachers in the pulpit try to arouse responsibility in the use of the enormous wealth of to-day and humane societies endeavor to protect the innocent wild things from the onslaught of eternally barbaric fashion there has existed this pitched battle of one-half of the world against the other half.

Bishop Henry C. Potter wrote: "There is an element of savagery in the use of birds for personal decoration which is in grotesque contrast with our boasts of civilization; but even the savage stops short, as a rule, with the feathers. It is only Christian people who think it worth while to

butcher a whole bird to adorn their headgear. I am sure, however, that it is largely from that unreflecting habit which is a leading vice in people who follow the fashions. But it is a vice, as Hood sang when he wrote:

"But evil is wrought by want of thought As well as want of heart."

Oliver Holmes, too, wrote once of his hearty and eager sympathy with all and every one who tried to "prevent the waste of these innocent, happy, beautiful and useful lives on which we depend for a large share of our natural enjoyment."

But it was Charles Dudley Warner who made the aptest aphorism on the matter that has yet been printed. It is celebrated, but can hardly be too often weighed, and it should have a pretty certain influence on the vain little heart of my lady:

"A dead bird does not help the appearance of a ugly woman, and a pretty woman needs no such ornament."—Chicago Record-Herald.

MONEY IN "WINKLE GROUNDS."

English People Fond of Toothsome Shell Delicacy.

"These clams of yours—the cherry-stones especially—are all right," said an English tourist, "but I miss my winkles."

"Winkles? What are they?" "Little shellfish. The finest, sweetest morsel that the sea gives up. What beer is to a German, pie to a Yankee, long pig to a cannibal, all that and more winkles are to a Briton. Good? Well!

"The trade in winkles is big. The British winkle grounds, or winkleries, are on the east coast, on the mud flats. There the little winkles feed by millions on the sea grass, and there between the tides the winkler pick them up. A winkler averages \$10 a week for three hours of work a day.

"Many winklers lose their lives, for the mud flats are treacherous. Walking on them you wear splashers—things like snowshoes—but your splashers won't save you if you step into a patch of the 'green death.'

"The 'green death' is a quicksand on the marsh. A man will sink ten feet in it in half an hour. Before you can dig him out the tide rolls up, the greasy water a-rattle with big crabs, and before the ebb sets in the poor chap's bones are picked clean.

"You can pick 1,200 winkles an hour on a good foreshore. To own a winkle foreshore, or winklery is to be rich in perpetuity. Many of these foreshores have been yielding for a hundred years and their supply of winkles increases annually.

KEPT THE STUDENTS GUESSING.

Few Minutes of Discomfort for Graduating Class.

The class which was recently graduated from the University of Bellevue Hospital Medical college was an unusually unruly one. When the students were particularly obstreperous Dr. Joseph D. Bryant would be called upon by the faculty to give the young men a calling down.

Just before the examinations began Dr. Bryant called a meeting of the men who hoped to graduate, and when they had assembled he took a slip of paper from his pocket and impressively announced:

"In the course of the session I had frequently cause to warn you that your conduct, or rather misconduct, during the term would be taken into consideration when examination time came, and your record during the year would determine whether you would be permitted to try for graduation. To prove that the threat was no idle one I shall now read off the names of the students who are entitled to take the examination this year."

Then Dr. Bryant deliberately unfolded the piece of paper he held in his hand and carefully adjusting his eyeglasses proceeded to read the names on the list, while the students sat still for the first time in their college career and "cursed the day that they were born and sweat blood," as one of them later expressed it, while they waited to learn if their names had been kept from the list.

All things come to an end, and finally the doctor finished reading, and

INTERIOR OF SUBMARINE BOAT



The picture shows a French boat, and the French terms are easily translated even if you don't know French.

for the pickers can't keep up with the busy little creature's propagation.

"Winkler foreshores are guarded and tended with great care. I know of several that yield their owners \$25,000 a year apiece."

A Place of Impiety. A clergyman was condemning a man who had refused to subscribe to a worthy charity.

"I'll tell you something about that man," he said, "which I had promised myself never to reveal. It was a nasty piece of irreverence, I guess, as history records.

"This fellow once was impious enough to get rid of an unwelcome guest by using a prayer as a—b—a—bouncer.

"The guest, it seems, had overstayed his time—had been invited for a week, remained a fortnight, and showed a disposition to continue on a month. It was aggravating, I admit. But to bounce him with a prayer! Well!

"That, though, is what the man did. At the end of the second week he concluded the usual morning exhortation with this sentence: "And, Lord, bless us, beneath These, Brother Jonathan Sharp, who leaves by the 3 o'clock train this afternoon."

when he replaced the list in his pocket the name of every man in the class had been called.—New York Times.

Greasley Peculiarities. William Barnes, Sr., of Albany was a very old and intimate friend of Horace Greasley.

"Mr. Greasley," said he the other day, "was peculiar in every relation of life except when he had a pen in his hand and a reform to write about. Then his head was level.

"His wife was just as peculiar as he was. They had one son, Pickley, who died young. Mrs. Greasley never permitted the boy to eat fish or to know that animals were killed for food.

"Mrs. Greasley was as earnest a reformer as Mr. Greasley, and as indifferent as he to the conventionalities of life. Mr. Greasley took me up to the house once to dinner, and I noticed the four barrel standing in the front hall. There was a trail of four from the place where it stood out into the kitchen. I thought perhaps it had just come in and they had not had time to move it. But, happening to pass it, I saw that it was really empty. The delivery man had set it down in the hall, and it had never occurred to either of them to move it into a kitchen."

CROWE'S STORY

SAYS CUDAHY'S SON WAS HIS CONFEDERATE.

STORY OF OMAHA KIDNAPING

Arrested at Butte, Montana, Pat Crowe Tells Strange Story—Declares that Eddie Cudahy Suggested the Kidnaping and Shared in Ransom Money.

Butte, Mont.—Pat Crowe, who was arrested here Tuesday, was positively identified, by a man whose name is withheld by the police, but who is said to have worked with Crowe in the stock yards in South Omaha.

The man under arrest persists that he is Crowe and says he wants to go back to Nebraska and clear himself, believing that there is no law under which he can be prosecuted.

To-day, for the first time, the world is given the facts of the kidnaping of Eddie Cudahy, in a signed statement by the famous outlaw, Pat Crowe, who was arrested last night by Detective M. P. McInerney and Captain of Police William McGrath.

Following is Crowe's own story: "For the first time I will tell the story of the so-called kidnaping of Cudahy. Pages and pages have filled the newspapers of the country for the past five years, but not one of them ever guessed the truth.

"In the month of September, I think the 6th, Eddie Cudahy met me at the corner of Twentieth and Farnham and told me he had a scheme by which each of us could make money from his old man. He said: 'Pat, you can make \$25,000 without turning a hair.' He was then a lad of sixteen years, and I thought the suggestion was so absurd that I took it as mere ramblings of a kid. Well, he finally went into the plan so carefully and with such evidence of preparation I decided to see how far he would go with it.

"We met several times later and agreed that Eddie was to disappear and I was to write the old man asking for \$50,000 for a ransom. This we decided to cut down to \$25,000. I took a partner in on the deal. Later I quit him and took another partner instead. As I will tell you later, young Cudahy got \$6,000 of the \$25,000 the elder Cudahy left for ransom the night Eddie Cudahy was released. I took that \$25,000 from where it was deposited to the house where Eddie Cudahy and my partner were waiting for me.

"We split the money immediately. We gave Eddie Cudahy \$6,000 in money, and then my partner and I split the rest. After that we took young Cudahy to within a block of the Cudahy home. I guess young Cudahy had that \$6,000 with him then. I do not know what he did with it. I hid mine, and all of mine is gone now."

Speaking of other parts of his career, Crowe said: "How I happened to become a criminal and of my life since the kidnaping is altogether another story. I want to say, however, at the time of the kidnaping Chief Donahue was accused of being in it. He was perfectly innocent, knew nothing about it, and is an honest man.

"Another thing is that I was not the only man to whom Eddie Cudahy broached the proposition of kidnaping him in order to bleed the old man. He first suggested it to a man named Rogers, and that man turned the proposition down."

"A year after the kidnaping I returned to Omaha, having been in England and South Africa, for the purpose of giving myself up," he said. "You may remember the time, and of reading a letter that I wrote an Omaha paper. Then when the time came I found the case had been taken out of the hands of the police and Pinkertons and other private detectives were working on it. Then I got frightened. I was afraid of prison. I'd been in the penitentiary before, so I left Omaha without giving myself up or without being caught.

"I came up here from Omaha two weeks ago to see by brother, Andrew Crowe, who you probably know here. I found he had left town, and going first to Big Timber, Wyoming, and then back home. I have been staying around here. I met Detective McGarvey and told him who I was and asked him if he wanted me, then yesterday I got to drinking and talking and my arrest followed."

Pat Crowe's Story Denied.

Omaha.—Edward A. Cudahy to-day gave out a signed statement touching the confession said to have been made by Pat Crowe, in which he says:

"As to the alleged statement of Crowe that my son was a party to the plot, it is so absurd, particularly in the light of his previous statements, that I can hardly believe that he made it. It certainly is untrue.

"For several years I have made no effort toward securing the arrest of Crowe, although having had two letters sent to me signed by him, admitting that he alone was guilty of the kidnaping and begging clemency, stating that he wanted to start life anew.

"In one of these letters he says: 'I am guilty of the Cudahy affair. I am to blame for the whole crime. After it was over I regretted my act and offered to return \$20,000 to Mr. Cudahy, but he refused to take it, and then I went to South Africa, where I joined the rebel army and was badly wounded, being shot twice. Then I returned to America and repeatedly tried to make my peace with the man wronged.'

Mr. Cudahy adds:

"I have felt duty bound to refrain from agreeing not to prosecute him, believing that this was a matter entirely within the province of the state authorities."

Eight-Hour Law Upheld.

Reno, Nev.—The Supreme Court of Nevada has handed down a decision upholding the constitutionality of the eight-hour law. The law was contested by several of the large mine owners.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS

Plans are said to be under way for the construction of a beet sugar plant at Provo, Utah, to cost \$500,000.

The strike of the drivers employed on United States mail wagons in New York City resulted in the granting of their demands.

Richard Clarkson, pension agent for Iowa and Nebraska, died for thirty years manager of the Iowa State Register, died October 30.

As the result of arbitration 6,000 union carpenters in Boston and vicinity had their wages increased 28 cents a day on Monday, October 2d.

Secretary Taft has undertaken to deliver a speech in Ohio during the present campaign, at a time and place to be fixed by the Republican state committee later on.

J. J. Hill, president of the Great Northern railroad, has ordered that all operators on the system who refused to go out during the recent strike shall have their salaries doubled.

The decennial census just completed shows the population of Kansas as enrolled by the assessors in March, 1905, to be 1,543,818, an increase of 209,984 over the population as shown by the census in 1895.

The publication of the October bureau report showing the condition of cotton to be 71.2 per cent. against 72.1 last month and 73.8 per cent. last year, was followed by a sensational break in the cotton market.

The appraisal at over \$16,000,000 of the estate of the late Adrian Iselin of New Rochelle, New York, has been filed in court. The appraisal showed \$1,407,050 of real estate and \$14,925,906 of personal property.

A Moscow dispatch says that Lieutenant General Stoessel, who commanded the Russian forces at Port Arthur, is suffering from a stroke of paralysis which affects his entire left side. The general's recovery is hoped for.

Passenger fares in upper Michigan have been voluntarily reduced by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, the reduction being from 4 cents a mile to 3 cents. Similar action on the part of the Chicago & Northwestern was recently announced.

At Magnolia, Missouri, Bessie Perkins, a white woman, has been sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary for marrying and living with a negro, Judge Wilkinson, in passing sentence, said he regretted that he could make the punishment no heavier.

Mr. De Thal, secretary of the Russian embassy at Washington, has been temporarily transferred to Mexico as charge d'affaires of the Russian legation there. Prince Kudachoff, who was with Baron Rosen at Tokio, has been attached to the Washington embassy.

The figures show that 90,772 immigrants landed at Ellis Island last month as against 82,708 in September, 1904. The last month has, according to Commissioner Watchorn, been the heaviest immigration September in the history of the immigration bureau.

Orders for 100,000 tons of shipping have been placed with Clyde builders during the past month, while 44,000 tons of new ships were launched during the same period. This boom is due to the expectation of a great increase in the far eastern trade, now that the war is over.

The North American Commercial Company, lessee of sealing rights off the Pribiloff Islands, shipped 14,368 fur sealskins during the season of 1905, against 13,128 shipped in 1904, according to figures made public to-day by W. I. Lembyk, agent in charge of seal fisheries of Alaska.

The so-called Great Berlin Street Railway Company, owner of most of the surface lines in the city of Berlin, has decided to increase its capital by \$15,000,000 and construct underground lines under Potsdammer, Leipziger and Unter den Linden streets, provided, as seems probable, that a ninety-year concession can be obtained.

The New York State Department of Labor calls attention to a marked improvement in trade, which began in the middle of 1904 and has continued almost uninterruptedly. The department says that now there are relatively fewer idle wage earners in New York than there were even in 1902, the most prosperous year of the decade.

The report of Francis A. Dodge, the paymaster general of the army, points out that the enlisted men have no every chance to put away money for their own savings by the deposit system, which guarantees them absolute safety. During the year the amount deposited by the men was \$1,531,020, making the total amount since the establishment of the system, \$26,294,326.

Mail advices from the South Seas include a disastrous typhoon and tidal wave in the Marshall group, causing the loss of 120 lives. A wave nearly six feet high swept the islands of Jaluit. The settlement is on an island about a mile long and where the Europeans are gathered is about 100 yards wide. The top story of the hotel, in which the foreigners lived, was blown off and several had narrow escapes from falling debris.

By direction of the President the State and Navy Departments have begun the preparation of plans for reception in this country of Prince Louis of Battenberg. The English squadron will arrive at Annapolis November 1st, remaining there until the 7th or 8th, when it will sail for New York, arriving there the 9th, and remaining in New York until November 17th, when the squadron will sail for Gibraltar, where it is to be November 25th.

At Toronto the action of W. Barlow against the supreme council of the Royal Arcanum to restrain the order from increasing its rates, Justice Street declared that the defendants were within their rights in making the changes and therefore their action is binding on the plaintiffs.

A Manila dispatch says that the estimated loss in the hemp growing districts from the ravages of the recent typhoon is \$5,000,000 in gold. The hemp in warehouses ready for shipment is also a total loss. The plantations are impaired to such an extent that it will take a year to get them in condition again.

Seven Thousand Rescued Boys.

The plan followed by the state of Ohio in remaking naughty boys has had excellent results, according to Eugene Wood's article, "A School for Boys," in the October number of Everybody's Magazine.

"Statistics show," says Mr. Wood, "that out of the 11,000 boys who have been in this school since it was started, between sixty-five and seventy per cent. have made useful, honorable men out of themselves. How many of them would have done so anyhow it is impossible to tell; but the chances are that they would all have gone irrevocably to the bad, else they wouldn't have been committed. They aren't sent to Lancaster for making faces at the teacher.

"Of these 7,000 or so rescued boys some have done extremely well. One man I know of is now a millionaire of very great importance in the world. He is proud of the fact that he was a boy there. He takes his friends to the place to show it off to them and tell what it did for him. 'The turning-point in my life,' he says. 'There are others in very high positions in the state of Ohio and other states, men of affairs, trusted men, that say the same thing.'"

Cured Her Rheumatism.

Deep Valley, Pa., Oct. 2d.—(Special.)—There is deep interest in Green county over the cure of the little daughter of I. N. Whippley of Rheumatism. She was a great sufferer for five or six years and nothing seemed to do her any good till she tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. She began to improve almost at once and now she is cured and can run and play as other children do. Mr. Whippley says:

"I am indeed thankful for what Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for my daughter; they saved her from being a cripple perhaps for life."

Dodd's Kidney Pills have proved that Rheumatism is one of the results of diseased kidneys. Rheumatism is caused by Uric Acid in the blood. If the kidneys are right there can be no Uric Acid in the blood and consequently no Rheumatism. Dodd's Kidney Pills make the Kidneys right.

"You should be like the chickens, Willie; just see how early they wake up in the morning." "Oh, well, I could wake up early too, ma, if I stood up all night."

TEA

The soul is let loose by tea; it wanders far and forgets its prison.

Record Mountain Climbers.

Several kinds of records for climbing Pike's Peak were broken yesterday and to-day, says a Denver News special of September 22d, by E. B. Barrett of Wichita, Kansas, seventy-four years old, and his great-grandson, Hal Brentlinger of Cripple Creek, aged four years, who returned to town at 5 o'clock this morning after safely ascending the summit and returning by way of Gillett in twenty-six hours.

Barrett is a retired farmer of Wichita who has been visiting his granddaughter, Mrs. E. F. Brentlinger and family of this city for two weeks. When he proposed the trip the old man would not be dissuaded. Little Hal, who is the almost inseparable companion of his great-grandfather, became one of the actors and insisted on going along.

Yesterday morning the patriarch and the little child set out. They probably formed the queerest pair that ever started from the valley or the inhabited portion of the mountain for the summit of the sentinel of the Rockies. Walking across the hills to Gillett, Barrett and his great-grandson were soon on the narrow, steep rocky trail. Leaving Gillett at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, past the reservoir and along the side of the great mountain until they came to Windy Point on the cog road. Then the way was clear, but they were very tired.

The little fellow complained on the last terrible mile of the cog road, but everyone does that, no matter what his age or previous accomplishments. After one hour on the top they started for home but did not reach Gillett until long after dark, and both were so tired that they slept in the depot until after midnight. Rousing the sleeping child, Barrett and his charge once more set out for Cripple Creek and arrived here shortly before 6 o'clock this morning.

NOTICED IT.

A Young Lady from New Jersey Put Her Wits to Work.

"Coffee gave me terrible spells of indigestion which, coming on every week or so, made my life wretched until some one told me that the coffee I drank was to blame. That seemed nonsense, but I noticed these attacks used to come on shortly after eating and were accompanied by such excruciating pains in the pit of the stomach that I could only find relief by loosening my clothing and lying down.

"If circumstances made it impossible for me to lie down I spent hours in great misery.

"I refused to really believe it was the coffee until finally I thought a trial would at least do no harm, so I quit coffee in 1901 and began on Postum. My troubles left entirely and convinced me of the cause.

"Postum brought me no discomfort, nor did indigestion follow its use. I have had no return of the trouble since I began to drink Postum." It has built me up, restored my health and given me a new interest in life. It certainly is a joy to be well again. Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

WORKING WOMEN

Their Hard Struggle Made Easier—Interesting Statements by a Young Lady in Boston and One in Nashville, Tenn.



All women work; some in their homes, some in church, and some in the whirl of society. And in stores, mills and shops tens of thousands are on the never-ceasing treadmill, earning their daily bread.

All are subject to the same physical laws; all suffer alike from the same physical disturbance, and the nature of their duties, in many cases, quickly drifts them into the horrors of all kinds of female complaints, ovarian troubles, ulceration, falling and displacement of the womb, leucorrhoea, or perhaps irregularity or suppression of "monthly periods," causing backache, nervousness, irritability and lassitude.

Women who stand on their feet all day are more susceptible to these troubles than others.

They especially require an invigorating, sustaining medicine which will strengthen the female organism and enable them to bear easily the fatigues of the day, to sleep well at night, and to rise refreshed and cheerful.

How distressing to see a woman struggling to earn a livelihood or perform her household duties when her back and head are aching, she is so tired she can hardly drag about or stand up, and every movement causes pain, the origin of which is due to some derangement of the female organism.

Miss F. Orser of 14 Warrenton Street, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

Boston, tells women how to avoid such suffering; she writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— I suffered misery for several years with irregular menstruation. My back ached; I had bearing-down pains, and frequent headaches; I could not sleep and could hardly drag around. I consulted two physicians without relief, and as a last resort, I tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and to my surprise, every ache and pain left me. I gained ten pounds and am in perfect health."

Miss Pearl Ackers of 327 North Summer Street, Nashville, Tenn., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— I suffered with painful periods, severe backache, bearing-down pains, pains across the abdomen; was very nervous and irritable, and my trouble grew worse every month. My physician failed to help me and I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I soon found it was doing me good. All my pains and aches disappeared, and I no longer fear my monthly periods."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the unfailing cure for all these troubles. It strengthens the proper muscles, and displacement with all its horrors will no longer crush you.

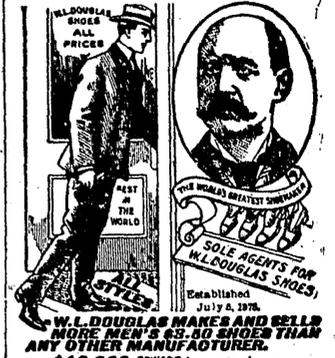
Backache, dizziness, fainting, bearing-down pains, disordered stomach, moodiness, dislike of friends and so on—all symptoms of the one cause—will be quickly dispelled, and it will make you strong and well.

You can tell the story of your sufferings to a woman, and receive helpful advice free of cost. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3.00 & \$3.50 SHOES W. L. Douglas \$4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equaled at any price.



\$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can improve six pairs of my shoes. I will pay \$10,000 to anyone who can improve six pairs of my shoes. I will pay \$10,000 to anyone who can improve six pairs of my shoes.

W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes have by their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any \$3.50 shoe in the world. They are just as good as those that cost more to make, which is the only difference is the price. If I could take you into my factory at Brockton, Mass., the largest in the world under one roof, making the finest shoes, and show you the care with which every pair of Douglas shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes are the best shoes produced in the world for all.

W. L. Douglas's Famous Made Shoes for Men, \$3.00, \$2.00, \$1.50, \$1.00, \$0.50, \$0.25, \$0.10, \$0.05, \$0.02, \$0.01. CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price marked on the bottom. WANTED. A shoe dealer in every town where W. L. Douglas shoes are sold. Full line of samples sent free for inspection upon request. Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear down. Write for Illustrated Catalog of Fall Styles. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC FOR WOMEN. TROUBLED WITH ILLS PECULIAR TO THEIR SEX, used as a douche is marvellously successful. Thoroughly cleanses, kills disease germs, stops discharges, heals inflammation and local sores. Paxtine is in powder form to be dissolved in pure water, and is far more cleansing, healing, germicidal and economical than any other preparation. TOILET AND WOMEN'S SPECIAL USES. For sale at druggists, 50 cents a box. Trial Box and Book of Instructions Free. THE R. PARTON COMPANY, BOSTON, MASS.

Denver Directory

- THE C. W. FAIR CORNICKE WORKS CO. Metal, stoneware, stamped steel ceilings, pipe and state line and metal work. Phone 124.
- THE COLORADO TENT & AWNING CO. Hosiery, Canvas, Furriers, Flags. 1621 Lawrence St., Denver, Colorado.
- THE FAMOUS J. H. WILSON STOCK SADDLES. Ask your dealer in them. Take no other.
- BLACKSMITHS and wagonmakers' supplies. Hardware & Iron Co., 11th & Wazee, Denver.
- STOVE REPAIRS of every known make. Repairing, painting, furnaces of range stoves. A. Pullen, 1281 Lawrence, Denver. Phone 124.
- AMERICAN HOUSE. Two blocks from Union Depot. The best per day hotel in the West. American plan.
- BROWN PALACE HOTEL. Absolutely European plan, \$1.50 and upward.
- Oxford Hotel. Denver. One block from Union Depot. Fireproof. C. H. MORAN, Mgr.
- ST. ELMO HOTEL. Two blocks from Union Depot. New fire-proof building. European plan. All outside rooms. 15 cts. and 25 cts.
- CENTRAL Business College. Established 1887. Highest, highest and most thorough in Colorado. Courses in Bookkeeping, Stenography, and Telegraphy. Send for free descriptive catalogue. It is free. Fall term opens Sept. 1st. J. H. GILLOID, President. 206 Enterprise Bldg., Denver, Colo.
- E. E. BURLINGAME & CO., ASSAY OFFICE and CHEMICAL LABORATORY. Established in Colorado, 1864. Samples by mail or express will receive prompt and careful attention. Gold & Silver Bullion Bought and Sold on PURCHASED. Concentration Tests—100 lbs. or car load lots. Write for terms. 1738-1739 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

Prove It By the Oven Fire. Put the wonderful K C Baking Powder to the test. Get a can on approval. Your money will be returned if you don't agree that all we claim is true. You'll be delighted with the delicious, wholesome things that K C BAKING POWDER will bring to life in your oven. K C Baking Powder is two-thirds cheaper and makes purer, better, more healthful food than other powders anywhere near K C Quality. 25 ounces for 25 cents. Get it to-day! JACQUES MFG. CO. Chicago. Send a postal for "Book of Presents."

WINCHESTER "NEW RIVAL" BLACK POWDER SHELLS. The most successful hunters shoot Winchester "New Rival" Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells, blue in color, because they can kill more game with them. Try them and you will find that they are sure fire, give good pattern and penetration and are satisfactory in every way. Order Factory Loaded "New Rival" Shells. Don't accept any substitute. ALL DEALERS SELL THEM.

ONLY \$25.00 TO CALIFORNIA FROM DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS AND PUEBLO. Tickets on sale daily Sept. 15th to Oct. 31st. Good in chair cars, tourist sleepers or coaches. Tourist sleeper to California without change, leaving Denver daily at 8 p. m. Write J. P. HALL, Gen.-Agt. A. T. & S. F. Railway, Denver, Colorado.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Only one shade brighter and better colors than any other dye. One 10¢ package colors all shades. They are in solid color better than any other dye. They are in solid color better than any other dye. They are in solid color better than any other dye.

NOCK & GARSIDE Manufacturers of Electric, Hydraulic, Bolt Power Hand and Sidewalk ELEVATORS. Phone 664. 1530 Vance St., DENVER, COLO. THE GREATEST AND BEST THE OLD RELIABLE HOME SECURITY COMPANY. The only plan to own a home. The only company giving you full protection. The only company backed by a Guarantee Fund to make you secure. It guarantees the cost. Cheaper than any other plan of monthly payments. It is established. It is a success. Nothing like it in the United States. You know you can own a Home That if you die your family will get it. Write for full information. THE HOME SECURITY CO. COLORADO. Good Agents Wanted. W. N. U.—DENVER—NO. 40.—1905. When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

THE OUTLOOK

Weekly Newspaper Devoted to the Interest of
White Oaks and Lincoln Co. N. M.

Published Every Thursday.

Leo M. Rudolph, Editor and P. B.

Entered as second-class matter, September 11, 1901, at post office at White Oaks, New Mexico, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.
One Year (in Advance) \$1.00
If not paid inside 6 months 1.50

A new post office has been established in Texas under the appropriate and euphonious name of Damite. They have a dam site down at Elephant Butte, and other places in this territory. It is to be hoped that business will accumulate a sight faster at this little Texas post office than dams do here in New Mexico.

Col. Max Frost, of the New Mexican, and wife have gone to Washington City where the Col. will attend the sessions of the supreme council of the 33rd degree Scottish Rite Masons of which he is a member. It might be advisable for the Albuquerque dailies, and some of the smaller fry who have been laying for the administration organ not to dip their pens in any extra gall during his absence, for Max may have left strings dangling behind him.

THE TERRITORIAL GAME LAW.

The game law passed by the last territorial legislature provides a penalty from \$100 to \$500 and imprisonment from thirty to ninety days for shooting any elk, mountain sheep, beaver or ptarmigan.

The territorial game warden is given authority to grant a permit for the capture of beavers that interfere with any lawful ditch. It establishes a closed season for five years, for Antelope, pheasants, bob white quail or wild pigeon. Deer with horns may be killed with a gun only from September 15th to October 31st, but only one allowed to be shot by a person. Turtle doves may be killed with a gun only from August 1st to September 30th. Crested quail, wild turkey, mountain grouse or prairie chicken may be killed with a gun only during October, November and December. The penalty is a fine from \$50 to \$100 and imprisonment from thirty to sixty days. One half of the fine is to be turned into the county school fund.

It also prohibits the serving of game or fish, killed in New Mexico in hotel, restaurant or boarding house. For serving or sale of game or fish brought from outside the territory a special permit must be obtained from the territorial game warden. The penalty is a fine from \$50 to \$100 and imprisonment from thirty to sixty days.

TWO EARLY BIRDS.

Capitan has developed a case of criminality or incorrigibility, or both combined. One night recently, they were having an entertainment at the school house in that town and Martin Moore and William Copeland rode over to attend, hitching their horses to the railing upon the grounds, as it was customary to do. On going for their mounts at the close of the exercises it was found they had disappeared. It was at first supposed they had broken loose or had been turned loose by some one on mischief bent, but on the following day it was found that Thomas Price aged about 19 and a 19 year old son of S. L. Bond had also disappeared. It was also found that young Price had forged a small order on Welsh and Titworth's store with which he bought a pair of boots, spurs and two riding whips. Warrants were then issued and officers put on their trail, as it was found they had gone north. Tuesday of this week a dispatch came from the marshal at Tucuman that the youthful offenders had been captured, and they will be brought back to answer for their crimes.

The incarceration in jail of Tom Hubbell, the deposed Bernabillo county sheriff, for contempt of court, and the pernicious activity of his attorneys, came very near getting some of our territorial judges into a rather knotty legal tangle. However, as the immortal J. N. used to say: "The veil has been lifted and the pressure removed," by the doughty Thomas peacefully surrendering the office and the records to his successor, Armijo, and walking out a private citizen, after being in duress vile for eight days. The question of title to the office will be tried later on before the territorial supreme court.

The ALBUQUERQUE JOURNAL these days is publishing some rather spicy things under the caption; Solos by the second fiddle." One of the latest is a batch of book notices from which this one is gleaned; Reveries of a Recluse, or the Southwest from a Cell Window" By Thomas S. Hubbell, author of "Jails I Have Visited" and "Who's Who in the Court House" La Bandero Publishing Company. Price bound in Hubbell sheep, only Un Peso.

A CHANGE IN LINCOLN FOREST RESERVE.

A dispatch from Washington Oct. 6 shows that by proclamation of the president on that date a considerable change was made in the lines of the Forest Reserve of Lincoln county.

The information sent out is a little indefinite as to the new boundaries, but it will take a strip nearly five miles in width on the west and a little over one township on the north, while in the White Mountain country it will embrace the region south of west of Fort Stanton to the lines already established.

By the wording of the dispatch the eliminations exclude an irregular strip of 130,560 acres extending the entire length of the reserve on the west, and 24,320 acres lying on the northern boundary, in township south, ranges 14, 15 and 16 east, both of which are bare, practically showing nothing but grass and sage.

As a result of the elimination on the western boundary a small tract in the extreme southwestern corner of the reserve is now detached from the main body of the reserved lands. It however still constitutes a part of the reserve.

The additions consist of a tract of 40,400 acres, embracing the eastern end of the Capitan Mountains and a larger tract containing 154,300 acres, lying directly north of the Mesalero Apache Indian reservation and adjoining the forest reserve on its eastern boundary.

The chief object in extending the reserve over this additional area in the region between the Sierra Blanca and the Capitan Mountains is to protect the forest cover at the sources of the principal feeders of the Hondo River rising in this region. The success of the Hondo Reservoir project, which is now in progress under the reclamation service, and which is of importance to the Pecos Valley, depends upon the conservation of these headwaters. Regulation of their flow is also essential to prevent silting, which constitutes a most serious obstacle in connection with storage of waters in that region.

CORONA TAKES THE CAKE.

The enterprising people of Corona, in the northern part of this county have put their shoulders to the wheel and their right hands in their pockets literally during the past two months, and without a bond issue, or drawing one cent out of the school fund, put them up a fine, commodious, comfortable school house and meeting house combined, and will dedicate it next Saturday evening. This will be followed Monday morning with the opening of their fall term of the public school.

H. B. White, president of the Iowa and New Mexico Mining and Milling Co., operating in the White Mountains' paid this town a short visit during the week. He also had with him Mr. C. F. Fowler, one of the stockholders in the company, who returned to Waterloo, Iowa, Wednesday, after making a thorough inspection of the mine. The gentlemen were escorted by Charley Stevens, manager of the property. After the survey, which is now being made, is completed, the company will continue to develop the property.

We will give away with every two dollar cash purchase at our store, a piece of handsome glassware. It can be seen in our windows. Those that come first get the first choice.

T. M. T. Co.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Homestead Application No. 1029.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico,

October 4th, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the U. S. Commissioner at his office at Lincoln, New Mexico, on November 17, 1905, viz: Presiliano Aliso, of White Oaks, New Mexico, for the SW 1/4 NW 1/4, SW 1/4 NW 1/4, NE 1/4 SW 1/4 and NW 1/4 SW 1/4 Sec. 2, T. 8 S., R. 11 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Jose M. Vega, of Nogal N. M.
Joseph Tattil, of Capitan N. M.
Joseph George, of Nogal N. M.
Antonio Vega, of Nogal N. M.

HOWARD LELAND

Register.

Notice for Publication.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Land Office at Roswell, N. Mex.

September 1, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the U. S. Commissioner at his office in Lincoln, New Mexico, on October 14, 1905, viz: Victor Marrujo upon Homestead Application No. 1103, for the NE 1/4 NW 1/4 Sec. 14 and NE 1/4 NW 1/4 Sec. 15, T. 6 S., R. 12 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

John W. Owen, of Lincoln, New Mexico,
Jose Lopez, of Lincoln, New Mexico,
Juan Regalado, of White Oaks, New Mexico,
Andres Lopez, of White Oaks, New Mexico.

HOWARD LELAND

Register.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

John Duncan,
Plaintiff,
vs.
No. 1573.
American Placer Co,
Defendant.

Notice is hereby given that John Duncan having on the 12th, day of April A. D. 1905, recovered judgment in the District Court of Lincoln County New Mexico, against the American Placer Co. for the sum of \$212.00, and \$10.35 cost of suit, and that on the 16th, day of September A. D. 1905 an execution on said judgment was issued by the clerk of said court, and placed in my hands for collection on the 19th, day of September A. D. 1905, I have levied on the following property to wit: That Placer Mining Claim called Juana Prince and known as the Taliaferro Placer Claim, in Juana Gulch situated in the Jicarilla Mining District, Lincoln County New Mexico, together with the improvements thereon, said Placer Claim being more particularly described in the location notice thereof, and which is here referred to for further identification, and is duly recorded in the Mining records of said county, the name of Juana Prince by the said claim now being the property of the American Placer Company.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of said execution and levy, I John W. Owen Sheriff of said county will at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M. on the 27th, day of October A. D. 1905, on the premises named, sell the above described mining claim and improvements, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment, and interest on the same, cost of suit and the expense of sale to the highest and best bidder.

September 21st 1905.

John W. Owen, Sheriff
by Jos. Long Deputy.

SHERIFFS SALE.

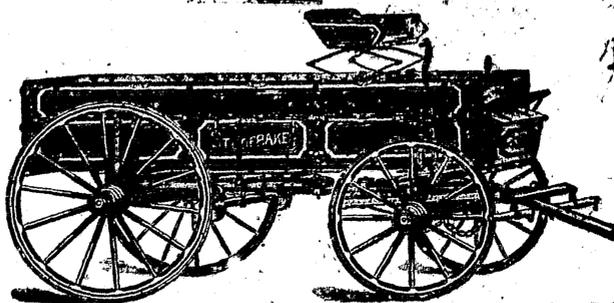
M. G. Paden and
G. W. Prichard
vs.
No. 1553
American Placer Co
C. B. Hatfield
vs.
No. 1558
American Placer Co.

Whereas on the 12th, day of April A. D. 1905, M. G. Paden and G. W. Prichard recovered judgement in the Lincoln District Court, Territory of New Mexico against the American Placer Company, a corporation, for the sum of \$3,783.91 damages, and cost amounting to \$10.35, and whereas, on said day in said court C. B. Hatfield also recovered judgement against said American Placer Co. for the sum of \$2,899.81 and cost amounting to \$10.35, and whereas and or two separate alius execution issued on said judgements, on the 16th, day of September A. D. 1905, and placed in my hands on the 19th, day of September A. D. 1905, I have levied both executions on the following property to wit: One castilever Johnson Mining Dredge together with the following property therewith connected, a double hoist engine, cables and fixtures. One 25 horse power Atlas Engine, one small engine for rifle shake, one 90 horse power boiler, and connections therewith, one winch, cable and blocks two rifle sluices, one pulsometer and connections, one steel tank, one rolling screen, one electric dynamo and connections, two whisky jacks, six screw jacks, belt clamps, blocks and cables, pipes, vices, dredge belts and all tools for repair work, and all other tools of whatsoever character belonging or appertaining to said dredge. Also one kitchen building situated on the line of the Ancho and East Ancho Placer Claims and all furniture therein, and improvements therewith connected, one building known as bank house on the East Ancho Claim, and its furniture, consisting of beds, stoves, desk, bedding, and all personalty therein, one building known as the tool house on East Ancho Claim, and all tools, and material therein, one building known as office situated on East Ancho Claim and its furniture, one building cabin, and its contents on the East Ancho Claim, one big building known as shop, and all tools therein. And also one building known as stable on said East Ancho Claim. One galvanized tank of 5,000 gallons capacity on East Ancho Claim, one galvanized tank of five thousand gallons capacity on South Ancho Claim. Seven thousand feet of pipe more or less extending from the well on South Ancho Claim to said dredge on Ancho Claim one boiler engine, one well drill, and all tools therewith connected, or belonging thereto, one building over said well drill, also one cabin and its furniture, all of the last described property being on said South Ancho claim, and all other tools, pipes, drills and personalty connected with said well drill not already described. All of the above described property located in Ancho Gulch, in the Jicarilla Mining District, in the said county, on the Placer Mining Claims of G. W. Prichard and M. G. Paden et als, the said property so levied on being the property of the defendant company.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of said execution and levy, I John W. Owen, Sheriff of said county of Lincoln will at the hour of 12 o'clock meridian, on the 27th day of October A. D. 1905, at the point where said dredge is located in said Ancho Gulch, on said Ancho Placer Claim, in said Mining District and county and Territory, sell all of the above described property or so much thereof as will be necessary to pay each of said judgements, and the interest and cost accrued thereon, and expense of sale, to the highest and best bidder.

September 21st 1905.

John W. Owen, Sheriff
by Jos. Long Deputy.



STUDEBAKER WAGONS,

Buggies and Spring Wagons,
all kinds at

PAUL MAYER'S WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO



Low Rate



EXCURSIONS

To Louisville Kentucky, Denver, Colorado Springs, and Pueblo, Colorado, Chicago, St. Louis Memphis, Kansas City, and all points North and East,—

Via

El Paso-Northeastern and Rock Island Systems.

—Liberal Return Limit—

Fastest Schedules—Finest Equipment
DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

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V. B. STILES,

General Passenger Agent,

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Santa Fe Central Railway

IN CONNECTION WITH

El Paso-Northeastern System

Shortest line between El Paso, Texas, and Santa Fe, New Mexico and all points in Northwestern New Mexico and Southwestern Colorado.

SANTA FE AND TORRANCE.

We make close connections at Torrance with the Great Through Rock Island Passenger Train.

SOUTH BOUND.		NORTH BOUND.	
STATIONS	LEAVE DAILY	STATION	ARRIVE DAILY
Santa Fe	1:00 p.m.	Santa Fe	4:30 p.m.
Donaciana	1:20 p.m.	Donaciana	4:10 p.m.
Vega Blanca	1:45 p.m.	Vega Blanca	3:45 p.m.
Kennedy	2:05	Kennedy	3:10 p.m.
Clark	2:45 p.m.	Clark	2:45 p.m.
Stanley	3:30 p.m.	Stanley	1:55 p.m.
Moriarty	4:05 p.m.	Moriarty	1:20 p.m.
McIntosh	4:30 p.m.	McIntosh	12:45 p.m.
Estancia	4:55 p.m.	Estancia	12:20 p.m.
Estancia	5:45 p.m.	Estancia	11:50 a.m.
Willard	6:20 p.m.	Willard	11:15 a.m.
Progreso	6:50 p.m.	Progreso	10:45 a.m.
Blanca	7:20 p.m.	Blanca	10:25 a.m.
Torrance	8:10 p.m.	Torrance	9:40 a.m.

Leave El Paso via E P-N E System 7:30 p.m.

Arrive Santa Fe via Santa Fe Central 4:30 p.m.

Leave Santa Fe via Santa Fe Central 1:00 p.m.

Arrive El Paso via E P-N E System 6:07 a.m.

We Now Have a Portable Sheep Chute at Torrance Which is of

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FOR FULL PARTICULARS CALL ON AGENT OR ADDRESS

S. B. GRIMSHAW,

General Ticket Agent, Santa Fe, N.