

Welch & Titsworth

Pride of Denver Flour per cwt	\$2.65
Imboden's Best " "	2.85
Second grade Kansas " "	2.10
Native Pink Beans " "	3.00
Granulated Sugar " "	5.60
16 lbs for	1.00

(PRICES SUBJECT TO MARKET FLUCTUATIONS.)

STETSON HATS.

CAPITAN, N. M.

1880 1905

We are STILL IN THE RING
With a General Assortment of
GENERAL MERCHANDISE

That We Are Selling At Low Prices.

ONE PRICE TO ALL.

Pride of Denver flour,
\$2.80 per 100 lbs.

5 lbs. lard, 65cts.
10 lbs. " \$1.25

TALIAFERRO MERCANTILE and TRADING CO.

A letter has been received here stating that Eugene Stewart is to be married in Denver Col. to day, Thursday, to a very estimable lady of that place.

Hon. Joe Long, likewise C. B. Hatfield who are bossing the school matters, as well as the school teacher, or think they are, out in the Jicarillas came into town a day or two ago and filled up with supplies and things.

DATES, FIGS, ORANGES,
LEMONS AND NUTS AT
TALIAFERROS.

Our merchants are displaying very handsome stocks of Christmas goods. It looks as if almost anything desired could be found by looking over the beautiful things here displayed, without sending elsewhere. Besides by buying of them the money is kept right at home.

RUGS AND TABLE COVERS
SUITABLE FOR XMAS AT
TALIAFERROS.

HITS SOCIAL CLUBS.
Uncle Sam is on the reform side in earnest. Hereafter reports of prize winnings at progressive euchre and whist in the newspapers will be handled under the anti lottery law by the postoffice department. The field of the country newspaper reporter will be seriously curtailed if he can't get in the regulation gush about the recipients of prizes.
—Las Vegas News

FRESH SALT MACKEREL,
TALIAFERROS.

This division of the El Paso and Southwestern sustained two accidents during the past week. One was a head end freight collision this side of El Paso about 12 o'clock Saturday night which resulted in a general smash up of one engine and a large number of cars and injuring J. D. McConaughy, one of the engineers, and badly shaking up two Mexicans who were stealing a ride. The other occurred about two hours later to the Golden State Limited, this side of Tucumcari, and was caused by the spreading of the rails.
All the cars but one left the track but only one person was seriously injured, a Mrs. Lena Miller of Des Moines Iowa. It is not thought her injuries are fatal.

Our Chicago Candies are fresh and pure. Prices same as inferior quality.
Taliaferro's

The worst snow storm in years is now on.

IF YOU HAVE MONEY

YOU SHOULD DEPOSIT IT in your local bank. Banks loan a portion of the deposits left them to the ranchmen, stockraisers, merchant and to other worthy enterprises, and thus the community is benefited. We want your deposit.

THE EXCHANGE BANK!

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.
INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

NOGAL MERCANTILE CO.

John H. Canning, Proprietor.

A Complete Line of Strictly HIGH-GRADE!

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

—THE STORE WHERE YOU GET A SQUARE DEAL—
ALL THE TIME.

THIS WILL BE A SALES BREAKING
MONTH HERE

ALL LINES WILL BE SOLD AT
CUT PRICES.

HOLIDAY GOODS IN DISPLAY
COME EARLY
Special Values on
UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY ETC.

ANY COMPETITION MET
ALWAYS.

S. C. WIENER.

Complaint is made by those who wish to build themselves homes in this county that the present price of lumber makes all kind of improvement in that line almost prohibitory. This also appears to be the case in all parts of the territory. A large portion of the timber is now included within the forest reservations, and since the sawmill men are thus compelled to pay stumpage they double or treble the amount they have to pay and add it to the price of the lumber so that "Jones pays the freight" at ter all.
Top prices paid for hides and pelts at TALIAFERROS.

Professional Cards.

GEO. B. BARBER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO.
Practice in all the courts of the Territory.

J. E. WHARTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
ALAMOGORDO, NEW MEXICO.
Special attention given to cases in Lincoln as well as Otero county.

A. H. Hudspeh, John Y. Hewitt
Hewitt & Hudspeh,
Attorneys-at-Law
HEWITT BLOCK, WHITE OAKS.

GEO. W. PRICHARD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.
Practice in all the courts of the Territory.

MINING LAW A SPECIALTY.

HOTEL OZANNE,

White Oaks, New Mexico.
Now open for business. Clean beds and an excellent cuisine awaits the traveling public.

Church Directory.

Plymouth Congregational Church.

Services every Sunday as follows:
Sunday School at 10 a. m.
Christian Endeavor Society at 7 p. m.
Preaching at 11 o'clock A. M. and on Sabbath evenings immediately after close of Christian Endeavor services.
Dr. H. G. Miller, P.

The crop of useless curs in this town needs cartailing.

Printed invitations are out for a ball at Nogal on Christmas night Dec. 25, and a lively time is expected.

Head quarters for candies and nuts. Taliaferro's

There will be Christmas trees at both the Methodist, and Congregational churches here on Monday night with exercises appropriate to the occasion at both.

Lemon and orange peel, Citron, Raisins, currants and all kinds of dried fruits fresh at,
Taliaferro's

Jerry Dalton, the Tortolita later trader, was in the fore part of the week from the canyon supplying the town with green goods grown in last summers' sun, moistened by the mountain dews and fertilized with ozone. This made them plumb fine for cooking.

TAYLOR & SONS wish to announce that they have just received a full line of COFFINS and a supply of UNDERTAKER'S goods and are now prepared to supply your wants with any thing in that line.

Mrs. James Reid and family left Monday for Engle, New Mexico, and from there will go across to the Chaballa mountains where Jim is employed as foreman in a mine. They are expected back in the early springtime when the mines open up here in full force once more.

Ed Tompkins, wife and child came up from Alamogordo Saturday to visit with the home people during the holidays. Ed has about recovered from his late severe attack of pneumonia and expects to take up his work again at Santa Rosa with the El Paso and Southwestern the first of the year.

The White Oaks postoffice is a heavy shipper this week.

Lives of editors remind us
Honest toil stands little chance.
The more we work we leave behind us

Bigger patches on our pants
On our trousers once so stylish
Now are spots of varied hue,
Because subscribers will get careless
And dont pay us what is due.
—Swinger.

Oysters for Xmas New York connts. Not select, but a much better oyster at 50 cents per can.
TALIAFERROS

Next Sunday, Dec. 24th, Dr. Miller's subject at the Congregational church at 11 A. M. will be "The Story the Angels Sang." At seven o'clock P. M. a special Christmas song service. Every body is invited.

John Gallacher has been drilling a well at his ranch on the mesa about twenty-five miles East of town, and got caught in the blizzard out there last week. He is now courting the fervid side of a chafing-dish and a base burner. He says he doesn't want a well where it freezes so hard that every time he pulls the drill out the hole comes with it and he has to put it back with a piledriver.

Four generations of people came up from Carrizozo the other day in a carryall. These consisted of grandpa Farbell, his daughter, Mrs. W. C. McDonald, Mrs. Maggie Roslington, and the Roslington kid and heir. The patriarch of the flock drove the rig and was about the jolliest of a very jolly lot. Mr. Roslington, who is here from Tacoma Washington, on a short visit, also accompanied the party. On his return just after the holidays he will take his wife and child with him back to the Pacific coast.

THE OUTLOOK

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.

SENTENCE SERMONS.

He who serves self is paid by Satan.

A silent saint is an eloquent sermon.

Paralysis and plety are not the same.

Laziness is the costliest thing in the world.

Helping men is the best way of honoring God.

No man's religion ever got worn out by working it.

It is better to smile with a man than to sigh for him.

The rough world makes short work of all vengeful virtues.

Folks who are too anxious to save their bacon lose their beef.

An ounce of the oil of good humor may save many a ton of pull.

There is always a blessing to be found in the other man's burden.

The preacher who works for hire is seldom invited to come up higher.

A man of mixed honesty is about as good as an egg of mixed antiquity.

Richest harvests come from the seeds that lay under the snows of sorrow.

You do not take the sin out of your hatred of a man by calling him honey.

Some people think that a weakness for rest gives them a right to wear wings.—Chicago Tribune.

UNCLE GEORGE.

If you can't help—don't butt in.

Only a durned fool runs when he's on the wrong road.

The music of a hog is sweeter in the pan than in the pan.

The feller that starts a gossiping generally ends up by lying.

A feller will always find the best side of a saloon is the outside.

The hen that does the most cackling don't always lay the most eggs.

The feller that's idle has always got his mouth check full of excuses.

If you got occasion to hit the mule do it when you're a-going up hill.

Money is the root of all evil, but we're all after the root for the same.

The feller that drinks the health of others always ends up by losing his own.

Whiskey don't say much in a bottle, but it talks a powerful lot when it gets outside.

It's a heap sight less trouble to do a thing than to squat aroun' an' wish it was done for you.

The dog that's so durned lazy he has to lean agin the wall to bark, is always the dog that's busiest aroun' meal times.—Exchange.

MERE OPINION.

A woman always insists on coddling her husband when one of her old beaux is around.

The rich man's son is to be pitied. What does it mean to him to get his first gold watch?

Too many people let their religion hang in the closet through the week, with their Sunday clothes.

A good many things that are referred to as art would not by any other name be considered worth fooling with.

The reason there are so many home-ly women on the stage is that there must be somebody to do the singing and acting.

REFLECTIONS OF A BACHELOR.

The joyous seasons of life are mighty short.

There is no use knowing so much that nobody can appreciate it.

The nicest compliment to a woman is to tell her there isn't one left that she has.

It is a great comfort not to have your wife always trying to make you comfortable.

After a man has doctored up the bright things his smart boy says they are almost bright.

You can always be popular with women by making them believe you think they are with you.

Most of the men that girls say they have rejected never asked 'em.

The best way to teach your wife not to cheat your change out of your pocket is to have to say.

Immense Crops, Good Prices



Comparative Value of Farm Products in 1905.

Secretary Wilson's comments upon the wonderful prosperity of the farmers of the country have attracted general attention to the fact that never before have crops been harvested at such a general high level of production and price.

Co. n, Mr. Wilson says, has reached its highest production, 2,708,000,000 bushels, and its highest value, which may be \$1,216,000,000. No other crop is worth half as much.

The nearest crop in value to corn is that of hay the figures being \$605,000,000. For the preceding two years cotton held second place, but it drops to third rank this year, when its value, including seed, is expected to be nearly or quite \$675,000,000.

Wheat, according to the report, is the second in size of that grain the country has ever produced, 684,000,000 bushels, while its value, \$525,000,000, is \$11,000,000 more than ever before reached.

Mr. Wilson places oats fifth in order of value of the year's crops, the yield being 930,000,000 bushels, worth \$282,000,000. Then in order come potatoes, \$138,000,000; barley, \$58,000,000; to-

bacco, estimated at \$52,000,000; sugar cane and sugar beets, worth \$50,000,000, and rice, which is expected to exceed in value last year's crop, which was worth \$13,892,000.

Of the total production, Secretary Wilson remarks that "the wealth production on farms in 1905 reached the highest amount ever attained by the farmer of this or any other country, a stupendous aggregate of results of brain and muscle and machine, amounting in value to \$6,415,000,000," which is \$256,000,000 greater than the figures for 1904.

Besides this enormous value of crops, the secretary states that the value of farm lands has increased \$6,133,000,000 since the census of 1900, which means that "every sunset during the last five years has registered an increase of \$3,400,000 in the value of the farms of this country."

Secretary Wilson gravely asserts that "the results accomplished by the Weather Bureau for the benefit of the farmer, the mariner, the shipper, the manufacturer and the seeker after health or pleasure prove that there is no weather service anywhere in the world comparable with it."

THE FIRST MOUNTAIN RAILROAD.

American Transcontinental Lines Were Not the Pioneers.

Uncle Sam perhaps thinks that the construction of mountain railroads in their greatest and most comprehensive sense was practically pioneered by the construction of his own great transcontinental lines, the Union Pacific leading the way. But one American engineer notes that he rode over the railroad from Vienna to Venice, two-thirds of the distance between New York and Chicago, passing over several ranges of the Alps, and particularly the Semmering pass, over a mountain railroad constructed between the years 1848 and 1854, or within fifteen or twenty years of the introduction of the railway into civilization, and twenty years before America's first transcontinental railway. Thirty-five miles over that pass the Semmering, southwest of Vienna, was constructed during those years, having in its length fifteen tunnels and sixteen viaducts, with a maximum grade of 2 1/2 per cent. The cost of the thirty-five miles was \$300,000 per mile. It was built, as was the entire line, from Vienna to Venice, 600 or more miles owned and operated by the Austrian government, since at that time Venice and that portion of Italy was under the dominion of the Austrian and Italian governments jointly.

SEES IRON A PRECIOUS METAL.

Exhaustion of Present Ore Fields Predicted by Scientist.

Iron as a precious metal is a possibility indicated by Prof. Tornchaum of the Swedish geological survey. He predicts that the ore fields of the present large producing countries—namely: North America, Great Britain, and Germany—will be exhausted within one or two centuries and the high grade ores much earlier. The future center of the iron industry will be located where natural fuel abounds, since the ore travels to the coal, and not vice versa. As a consequence Great Britain, where the coal supply, it is estimated, will be exhausted in 250 years, will thereupon cease to be an iron producing country, while in the United States and Germany, with their much larger coal areas, the iron industry will continue, although being dependent upon imported ores. For the same reason north China, where coal and iron are found associated, is regarded as a promising iron center. Prof. Hlogren of the same survey declares that a great iron industry depends on other factors as important as the fuel question. Of these factors are the extent, richness, and purity of the ore, freight charges for ore, coal, and iron products, traffic regulations, etc.

Rich Man's Odd Fancy.

Most extraordinary was the little luxury of a Mr. Eldmore, who accumulated a goodly pile in the provision trade. He engaged two valets, one to lick the crown of his head and the other the soles of his feet. He said he liked the sensation immensely, and when remonstrated with by his doctor declared it to be "over so much better than massage." The case was recorded in the medical journals of the time as an example of a strange development of a well-developed physical habit.

RIVAL FOR YANKEE FARMERS.

Enlightened Russian Peasant New Factor in World.

Illustrations of the world's economic solidarity are the recent Russian influences on the security markets everywhere. Russian enlightenment and freedom promise to make marked impressions on future American farming. Henry D. Baker says that agriculture now gives employment to 87 1/2 per cent of Russia's population, but Russian agriculture is now in a terrible condition. The Russian peasant enlightened will prove a powerful rival to the Yankee farmer. The average return per hectare of land in Russia is said to be 382 kilos, while the German return is 1,300 kilos. Russia has to use 25 per cent of her harvest as seed for future sowing, which is about double what other nations use. Curiously, even in the direst times, like during the recent war and late chaotic conditions, Russia still makes heavy exports of wheat. This doubtless is because wheat is one of the chief quick assets of the country. The Russian peasantry have wheat to export to England when they scarcely can afford to buy rye bread for their own hamlets. Their exports of wheat will help pay the interest on their nation's enormous foreign obligations, but individually they yield trifling cash returns.

PICTURES SENT BY TELEGRAPH.

"Photograms" the Invention of Prof. Korn of Munich.

Photograms are photographs telegraphically transmitted. Prof. Korn of Munich uses as dispatcher a selenium tube revolving on a small shaft and surrounded by a glass cylinder, on which is wrapped the transparency, negative or positive, which is to be telegraphed. Light from an electric arc lamp is thrown through the transparency and falls upon the selenium tube in a small patch or spot. Every part of the tube and every part of the photograph passes in turn under the spot of light. The receiver is a cylinder carrying a sensitive film, revolving, and also traveling along the line of its axis at the same speed as the transmitting cylinder. Near it is a vacuum tube light shielded by inactive material, except for a tiny window whence a ray of light falls upon the revolving sensitive film. The strength of this light constantly varies, as it is controlled by the electric current, which in turn is controlled by the light playing through the transmitter's transparency upon the selenium coil. Every part of the receiving sensitive cylinder is exposed in turn and only requires development to give a negative or positive.

Great Prize.

Robinson Crusoe stood on the cliff and gazed in depressed loneliness at the vast waters that surrounded his prisonlike island. "It's pretty tough," he sighed, "to be marooned afar from civilization." Just then he observed a kindly Friday preparing a turtle stew. "But there is one consolation," he continued, brightening up. "I have a cook who cannot leave on short notice like the rocks in civilization." And Robinson felt so contented he went out and jested with the pagan.

DUST IS OUR FRIEND.

Clothes and Drapes Light, Give Us Health, Happiness, Clouds, Gorgeous Sunsets and Sunrises.

While dust contains many of our mortal enemies, it is one of our very best friends, says the Sunday School Times, and the finer it is the more we owe to it. If there were no dust the sky would not be blue, there would be no raindrops, no snowflakes, no hail-storms, no clouds, no gorgeous sunsets, no beautiful sunrises.

The instant the sun passed out of sight we should be in darkness. The instant it rose it would be a sharp circle of light in a black sky. There would be no evening glow to chat or think in, no lovely dawn with bird song and cattle low at nature's awakening. The dome of the sky would be as dark as it is on a bright moonlight night. The moon and the stars would shine by day in all their brightness. The whole earth would be in deep, dark shadow excepting where the sun's rays fell directly upon it in one great blinding circle.

Rays of sunlight or any other kind of light go straight through all kinds of gases, no matter of what they are made. In passing through them, if they contain no dust the rays cannot be seen—they are invisible. You have often seen the sunlight enter a darkened room through partly opened shutters or a crack or a knothole. You have noticed that the rays were full of dust moving about in every direction. The air is made of gases mixed. You did not see the rays of light; you saw the light in the sun reflected by the particles of dust. Millions of these particles were too small for you to see, but not too small for such a searching thing as light to miss.

Each cubic inch of air contains an enormous number of dust particles. The number is beyond our conception. John Aitkin of Falkirk, Scotland, was the first to count these dust particles. He counted them by a little machine he carried in his pocket and in a very simple way. He has been able to count 7,500,000 dust particles in a cubic inch of the ordinary air of Glasgow.

COLLEGE CRIMINALS.

Barbarous Practices in Fraternal Society Initiations.—Student Tied to the Track and Killed by a Train—Lives of Railway Passengers Imperiled.

Some clew to the real cause of football casualties may be found in recent news items quite removed from the field of college sports. In an Ohio college there is a grave suspicion that a student was bound and tied upon a railroad track where he was killed by a train. The supposition is that this was done as a part of an initiation ceremony by a college fraternity, or secret society, and conclusive evidence has already been supplied of other acts of torture and violence resulting from this absurd and savage practice.

In a New York college town, an electric railway company has offered a large reward for the person, supposed to be a college student, who soaped the tracks at a dangerous curve and grade, and who imperiled the lives of a number of passengers that were only saved by the prompt and skillful act of an expert motorman.

In Chicago the guests of a large hotel were disturbed by the entrance of a riotous party of college students, who conducted two blindfolded youths that were set to fighting while on their hands and knees upon the floor. This act is also supposed to be an example of college "frat." initiations.

These three news items, taken from a single day's press report, show clearly the need for instruction to some American college students of what constitutes crime.

Murder, theft, arson, assault with intent to do bodily harm, malicious destruction of property, public indecency and other crimes, cannot be excused upon the pretense of "sport," or the exuberance of youthful spirits.

Every housekeeper should know that if they will buy Defiance Cold Water Starch for laundry use they will save not only time, because it never sticks to the iron, but because each package contains sixteen ounces—two full pounds—while all other Cold Water Starches are put up in three-quarter-pound packages, and the price is the same, 10 cents. Then again because Defiance Starch is free from all injurious chemicals. If your grocer tries to sell you a twelve-ounce package it is because he has a stock on hand which he wishes to dispose of before he puts in Defiance. He knows that Defiance Starch has printed on every package in large letters and figures "16 ounces." Demand Defiance and save much time and money and the annoyance of the iron sticking. Defiance never sticks.

Opportunity is the milk, action the cream.

Texas.—The Coloradoan's Winter Resort. San Antonio is an ideal place to spend the winter. Half foreign, wholly native, it is, without any of the interesting places. Its parks, climate, semi-tropical vegetation and numerous piazzas, cafes and missions make it more like an old Spanish city than any American town.

The round-trip rate in San Antonio via Colorado Southern is \$1.19. Complete information may be had from Mr. E. A. Cooper, C. E. A., 17th and Curtis Sts.

One of the most interesting things in the world is a sunset.

TEA

The best you can do, Schilling's Best. The best you can do, Schilling's Best.

The law prohibits the sale of liquor in minors, but a man can buy all the "booze" he wants in his own kitchen.

Like a Feudal Castle

The Home of the Stevens Family, at Hoboken, N. J., Has Stood for Century

(Special Correspondence.)

Towering on its hill above the broad and busy waters of the North River and surrounded by a ten-acre park in the midst of a city—the most densely populated for its size of any in this country if not in the world—Stevens Castle at Hoboken, New Jersey, is a veritable ancestral-castle rising from a sea of modern dwellings, a landmark of stability amid change. The farms of the old New York families have been changed into city blocks and their dwellings either torn down or become tenement houses. But through all the changes of more than a century the "Stevens of Castle Point" have kept their ancestral home and, to a large extent, their wealth.

Hoboken was an island lying under the Jersey heights when Col. John Stevens bought it at the close of the Revolutionary war. It had formerly belonged to the New York Bayards, from whom Bayard street is named, but the Bayards being Tories, their estates were confiscated, and John Stevens bought the Hoboken property from the state. On the only hill on his new possessions, the present Castle Point, he built his house in the form of a stone castle, constructed of bluestone and plastered on the outside. He laid out a large park around it and lived in almost feudal style, while the statement which is now Hoboken grew up below his castle walls. The John Stevens of those days was a relative of the Bayards who had previously owned the property, and he built his new castle on the site of one which the previous owners had erected and which had been burned down by a party of Whigs from Hackensack in the troublous days of the Revolution.

Original Castle Burned Down.

For the Hoboken property John Stevens paid the sum of \$80,000, which was considered an enormous amount in those days. The castle-rebuilt by Col. John Stevens was

For two or three generations the Stevens family has been interested in shipbuilding and steam engineering, and preserved in the library are models and other souvenirs of early experiments in those lines. Naturally there are yachting memorials for John C. Stevens, known as "the Old Commodore," to distinguish him from Commodore Edwin A. Stevens, father of the present lord of the castle. "The Old Commodore" was one of the founders of the New York Yacht club and its first commodore. Edwin A. was the club's third commodore. "The Old Commodore" was one of the owners of the yacht America and went over to England when she sailed her celebrated race against the fleet of the Royal Yacht Squadron.

In the drawing rooms and in the rotunda are some handsome cabinets in which are mementoes of the Washington and Stockton families, with whom the Stevenses have intermarried. The Washington relics came through the marriage of the present Col. Stevens's half-sister with Col. Parke Custis Lewis, a descendant of Washington's step-daughter, Nellie Custis. Among these Washington relics are dolls and trinkets given by George and Martha Washington to Nellie Custis and one of "Lady" Washington's visiting cards, said to be written by the hand of the immortal George himself. In the sleeping rooms are great four-post bedsteads, many of them richly carved. One of them once belonged to an ancestress, Susan Stockton, sister of the "Singer." On the walls of some of the rooms are old pictures and tapestries of interest and value. The amount of really old and ancestral furniture in the castle shows that when the second building was burned the family succeeded in saving the greater part of its priceless heirlooms.

Superb View From Castle.

The view from the castle is superb. One looks far up the Hudson and far down the bay, and all around and be-



Castle Stevens.

burned down and the present structure erected about fifty years ago. So, though there has been a "castle" on Castle Point for nearly 200 years, including the Bayard building, yet the present structure is third in the line of descent.

At the present the park surrounding the castle consists of a triangular piece of ground containing about ten acres. It is inclosed by a wall and the entrance to the grounds is through a picturesque lodge gate, really castled in character. A broad and well-kept drive sweeps in a curve up the hill to the front of the house.

One enters the spacious building through a vestibule from which a high arched door, guarded on either side by two great bronze statues of knights in armor, opens into the central rotunda of the castle. This rotunda, or entrance hall, is filled with many fine old pieces of heavy furniture, and on the walls are family portraits of the Stevenses and their allied families. There are eight rooms on the ground floor besides the great entrance hall. Three great drawing rooms, one furnished in yellow, one in red and one

low lie the great and teeming cities. The dining room has an especially fine outlook, and facing the river is a great window composed of one enormous sheet of plate glass, through which the panorama of the bay can be seen as if one were out of doors, and through which when at night the family sit at dinner the myriad lights of New York appear floating, as it were, on the tide, with the lights of passing vessels weaving a changing pattern on the river's breast.

The island—an island no longer—on which Col. John Stevens of Revolutionary days bought, is now built over solidly with houses—all except the castle park, and this park makes the Stevens home a veritable island in the city. The park was originally larger, but Edwin A. Stevens, father of the present colonel of the same name, when he founded the Stevens Institute of Technology, gave a large slice of his grounds to that institution, and some portions of it have since been sold off. There used to be great granaries on the place, but the land where they formerly stood is now owned by the institute. Also the great greenhouses, which were formerly in the park for the raising of flowers, were torn down not long ago, having become decrepit from age.

The Stevens Institute of Technology is one of the many benefactors of the family. The late Edwin A. Stevens established it in 1877, giving a block of land, a building fund and an endowment of half a million dollars to wet it going. In the days of the civil war Commodore John C. Stevens built an ingenious floating fortification known as the Stevens battery. It was never used, and though he spent great sums on it the family received little or no return.

Identification for Whistlers. The German whistling has resolved upon furnishing ships of war with means for recognizing each other's identity at distances too great for reading the name of the vessel. This is to be effected by the use of flags or bands on the chimneys, showing in number and color. The colors used will be black, white, red and yellow. According to several Liberal German journals, the ships of the opposing squadrons frequently mistook a friend for an enemy during the recent maneuvers, owing to the absence of any means for recognizing each other's

New York State has authorized an expenditure of \$20,000,000 for good roads.

AILING WOMEN.

Keep the Kidneys Well and the Kidneys Will Keep You Well. Sick, suffering, languid women are learning the true cause of bad backs and how to cure them.

The beekeeper who expects to succeed in his business must keep things humming. Covered Head, Neck and Shoulders—Suffered Agony for Twenty-five Years Until Cured by Cuticura.

For twenty-five years I suffered as if from a terrible humor, completely covering my head, neck and shoulders, discharging matter of such offensiveness to sight and smell that I became an object of dread.

There's nothing like cold coffee to make the boarders hot.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Distress, Worms, etc.

Bachelor quarters don't always look like 30 cents.

TEA

Which do your family think most of, tea or coffee? Your grocer returns your money if you don't like the Scitling's Best.

The best possession is common sense, but the commonest sense is nonsense.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUINA Tablets. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

No Maude, deary crumbs of comfort do not come from eating crackers in bed.

A Valuable Agent.

The glycerine employed in Dr. Pierce's medicine greatly enhances the medicinal properties which it extracts and holds in solution much better than alcohol would.

In all cases where there is a wasting away of flesh, loss of appetite, with weak stomach, as in the early stages of consumption, it can be no doubt that glycerine acts as a valuable nutritive agent.

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for paper-covered, or 31 stamps for cloth-bound copy.

One Dollar for a Postal Card

This company will give one dollar for the first reliable information of an opportunity to sell a steam engine or boiler of our standard types within our range of sizes.

ATLAS ENGINES AND BOILERS

ATLAS ENGINE WORKS INDIANAPOLIS

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS

The census returns, just made public, show that Berlin has a population of 2,033,900 souls.

The University of Michigan Athletic Association netted \$25,000 profit on the 1905 football season.

The national ginners' report indicates a total cotton crop of 9,623,000 bales, with 8,486,000 bales ginned up to December 1st.

Capt. Carter B. Harrison, brother of the late President, Benjamin Harrison, died on the 7th inst. at Murfreesboro, Tennessee, aged 65.

German commercial travelers report that there is little disturbance in southern Russia, all kinds of business being conducted as usual.

The New York Central railroad has decided to discontinue the issuance of free passes, thus placing itself in line with the Pennsylvania Central.

The 100th anniversary of the birth of William Lloyd Garrison, the great abolitionist, was celebrated in many of the Boston churches December 10th.

Leo McNally, twenty-four years old, had his back broken in a mass-play in a football game at Bridgeport, Connecticut, Thanksgiving Day, and died a week later.

Pope Pius is quoted as saying that he intends to honor the whole Latin-American race by creating for the first time a cardinal belonging to that part of the world.

Yale University has received from two anonymous donors a gift of \$75,000 to found a new and somewhat novel lectureship, that on "the inter-relationship of religion, science and philosophy."

President Roosevelt has removed from office James C. Pettijohn, register of the land office at Valentine, Nebraska, for participation in alleged land frauds, and has demanded the immediate resignation of the receiver, Albert L. Towle.

President Roosevelt probably will soon nominate W. T. Vernon, principal of the Industrial Institute at Quindaro, Kansas, to succeed Judson W. Lyons of Georgia as register of the treasury. Mr. Vernon is one of the best known negro educators of the West.

Without any demand having been made by their employees, the Master Carpenters and Builders' Association of Philadelphia has decided to increase the wages of journeymen carpenters employed by them 5 cents per hour, to 45 cents, beginning May 1st next.

The Lauderdale school (colored) Birmingham, Alabama, was destroyed by fire on the night of December 10th, containing a loss of \$45,000, with insurance estimated at about \$7,000. About 500 pupils were endangered, but all escaped from the dormitory without injury.

George Schaer has just returned to Seattle from Alaska and discovered that he and his companions greased their boots, cars, masts and revolvers with ambergris, worth \$20 an ounce, and threw away more than they used, on the belief that it was ordinary grease.

The Chilean government, through its minister here, has made an arrangement with the National Bank of Commerce of New York for the deposit with that institution of \$3,000,000 in gold which is to serve as a part of the nucleus of a gold reserve for that country.

The results of a canvass of the holdings of bonds by American banking institutions have just been made public. The canvass covered nearly 4,000 banks and trust companies, and showed that these institutions hold \$1,770,000,000 of bonds, not including government bonds.

Washington correspondents assert positively that Miss Alice Roosevelt, the President's daughter, is engaged to Representative Nicholas Longworth, of Cincinnati, and that the wedding will take place early in the spring, if not sooner. Mr. Longworth is said to be worth \$15,000,000.

Driven out by hunger from the Apennines, which are covered with snow, and attracted by the spring-like mildness of the climate on the plains, packs of wolves have ventured to the vicinity of Rome and are causing alarm. Bands of volunteers have been sent out to exterminate them.

According to figures just compiled the death list on the Great Lakes during the season now closing has been the heaviest for any year since big steel vessels began to be used on the lakes. A total of 215 lives were lost. Of these 115 were lost during the three great storms this fall.

James R. Parsons, consul general at the City of Mexico, was killed on the 6th by a collision of his carriage with an automobile. Mr. Parsons was well known as a writer. He was author of "Prussian Schools Through American Eyes," "French Schools Through American Eyes," and other works of an educational nature.

On December 7th all Norway celebrated the half anniversary of the dissolution June 7th of the union with Sweden. There were thanksgiving services in all the churches and the people enjoyed a half holiday. King Haakon, Queen Maud and the ministers attended the services at the Church of the Redeemer.

American Minister Morgan has left Seoul for America. The Japanese government has especially provided a transport on which Mr. Morgan will visit Port Arthur and Dairen en route from Japan to America. Mr. Morgan is the first foreign Korean minister to withdraw. The German and British ministers will probably follow him soon.

The Bureau of Insular Affairs of the War Department has been advised that the Philippine Commission has decided that for five years more the Spanish language shall be the official language of the courts of justice in the islands, by the end of which time the commission hopes to be able to have the English language adopted in its stead.

HOUSE COMMITTEES.

Republican Member Added to Each Important Committee.

Washington.—The addition of a Republican member to all of the important committees of the house has enabled Speaker Cannon to solve the difficult problem of committee assignments in a manner which appears most satisfactory to both parties in the house.

The chairmen of the important committees and the Colorado members of the committees are:

Ways and Means—Payne (N. Y.). Appropriations—Tawney (Minn.). Judiciary—Jenkins (Wis.). Interstate and Foreign Commerce—Hepburn (Iowa).

Foreign Affairs—Hitt (Ill.). Military Affairs—Hull (Iowa). Naval Affairs—Foss (Ill.). Postoffices and Post Roads—Overstreet (Ind.).

Insular Affairs—Cooper (Wis.). Banking and Currency—Fowler (N. J.). Coinage, Weights and Measures—Southard (Ohio).

Rivers and Harbors—Burton (Ohio). Merchant Marine and Fisheries—Grosvenor (Ohio). Agriculture—Wadsworth (N. Y.). Brooks.

Public Lands—Lacey (Iowa). Indian Affairs—Sherman (N. Y.). Hogg.

Territories—Hamilton (Mich.). Manufacture—Sibley (Penn.). Public Buildings and Grounds—Bartholdt (Missouri).

Labor—Gardner (N. J.). Invalid Pensions—Sulloway (New Hampshire). Pensions—Loudenslager (N. J.). Hogg.

District of Columbia—Babcock (Wis.). Irrigation and Arid Lands—Mondell (Wyo.). Immigration and Naturalization—Howell (N. J.). Bonyng.

Census—Crumpacker (Ind.). Library—McClary (Minn.). Printing—C. B. Landis (Ind.). Industrial Arts and Expositions—Gardner (Mass.).

Elections, No. 1—Mann (Ill.). Elections, No. 2—Orlmond (Pa.). Elections, No. 3—Driscoll (N. Y.). Mines and Mining—Brown, Bonyng.

Patents—Currier (N. H.). Bonyng. Election of President, Vice President and Representatives in Congress—Gaines, Brooks.

House Bills Introduced.

Representative Bonyng has introduced two immigration bills. One authorizing the President to call an international conference for the purpose of regulation by international agreement of emigration to the United States.

The United States has no jurisdiction to make an examination of aliens at ports of embarkation and it is only by international agreement that such examination can be effectively made. It is also necessary to have some international agreement in order to prevent aliens who under our laws are prohibited from landing in the United States, from embarking for this country.

The second is a bill to amend the present immigration laws. It provides for a head tax of \$10 instead of \$2, which is charged under the existing law, the money thus collected to be used for creating an immigrant fund to defray the expenses of regulating immigration, and for the further purpose of maintaining a bureau for furnishing aliens at ports of embarkation and at domestic ports with information regarding different parts of the country, needs and demands for labor therein, and the resources and climate of different sections of the country.

Representative Lacey of Iowa, chairman of the public lands committee, has introduced a bill providing that after the present fiscal year the office of receiver of land office shall be abolished and its duties and obligations devolve on the register of the land office. It also provides that the secretary of the interior shall appoint a chief clerk for such land offices as the commissioner of the General Land Office may designate, with authority to perform the duties of register during his absence, and that he shall give bond for the faithful performance of his duties in such sum as the secretary of the interior may designate. The bill also provides that the salary of the register shall not exceed \$3,000 per annum.

Representative Lacey also introduced a bill providing that persons desiring to take advantage of the commutation provision of the homestead act shall first reside for the full period of two years on the land for which they seek to obtain title. Both of these bills have the approval of the Interior Department and are in line with the recommendations of the secretary of the interior.

Representative Sulzer of New York introduced a resolution of sympathy for Russian Jews.

A novel method of seeking federal control over insurance is proposed in a bill introduced by Representative Landis of Indiana. The bill cites that inasmuch as Congress has exclusive jurisdiction over the District of Columbia, the territories and insular possessions of the United States, authority is given the Department of Commerce and Labor to require full statements from all insurance companies doing business within such jurisdiction. He states that publicity is the one thing required, and that no insurance company can afford to quit business in any of the territories named to avoid government supervision. Therefore all companies will be included.

Railroad Bills Postponed.

Washington.—Railroad rate legislation will be allowed to rest until after the holidays. Members of the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce have agreed to take up and dispose of less important measures than those affecting rates before the recess. In the Senate also there is a disposition to let rate legislation slumber for the time being. The members of the interstate commerce committee in that body have decided to hold one meeting a week before Christmas, and there is a general understanding that legislation affecting the interstate Commerce Commission will not be pushed.



FRANK P. LEWIS, Paeris, Ill. Originator of the Tin Foil Smoker Package. The man who has made Lewis' Single Binder Straight Sc Cigar famous among smokers throughout the West.

Secretary Taft's Travels. Secretary Taft has traveled 100,000 miles, or four or five times the distance around the world at the equator, since May 24, 1900, when he became governor general of the Philippines.

Ask Your Druggist for Allen's Foot-Ease. "I tried ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE recently and have just bought another supply. It has cured my corns, and the hot, burning and itching sensation in my feet which was almost unbearable, and I would not be without it now."

A Great Monarch. Wealthier than any brother sovereign; master of legions, which number over a million; lord of more than one-sixth of the surface of the globe, with subjects of many colors and races, amounting to over one hundred and twenty million souls, the Czars of all the Russias will not be invincible until he adopts Pillsbury's Vitas as his regular breakfast diet.

Friend (anonymously)—Well, do you or your wife rule in the household? He (seriously)—Neither. We live under a provisional government by the cook.

To the housewife who has not yet become acquainted with the new things of everyday use in the market and who is reasonably satisfied with the old, we would suggest that a trial of Defiance Cold Water Starch be made at once. Not alone because it is guaranteed by the manufacturers to be superior to any other brand, but because each 100 package contains 18 oz., while all the other kinds contain but 12 ozs. It is safe to say that the lady who once uses Defiance Starch will use no other. Quality and quantity must win.

Football was invented when Cain stabbed his toe.

Have You Ever Spent a Winter South? Galveston has the finest beach in the South. The climate is wonderful. Low altitude, humidity of atmosphere, soothing sea breezes and the general restful effect of the easy southern life all tend to slow down the irritable heart and brain and bring about perfect rest.

The Colorado & Southern makes a round trip rate of \$48.50 to Galveston, Mr. A. Cooper, C. T. 7th and Curtis Sts., will tell you about this attractive place.

Yes, sir, that widow went to a masked ball the night after her husband's funeral. "Well, that was going from grave to gay with a vengeance."

TEA

The Chinese and Japs are not very nervous people; they drink a good deal of tea.

When DeCourcy Howard graduated from college he announced that he would devote his life to the elevation of the human race. He is now running an elevator in a Chicago skyscraper.

When Your Grocer Says he does not have Defiance Starch, you may be sure he is afraid to keep it until his stock of 12 oz. packages are sold. Defiance Starch is not only better than any other Cold Water Starch, but contains 18 oz. to the package and sells for same money as 12 oz. brands.

It is now asserted that Mark Twain's innocents abroad. As a fact and that a title of the book should read, "In No Sense Abroad."

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES, Hemorrhoids, Bleeding, Protruding Piles, Drug Cures are authorized to refund money if no relief is obtained in 10 to 15 days.

Never ask a Colorado pioneer what his name was in the States for a Chicago woman how many times she has been divorced.

TEA

Tea is almost nothing; how much weight do you think there is in the taste of it? Weight is no measure for tea!

When you write to a man, read your letter over carefully. When you write to a woman, read it over three times and then burn it.

FRANK J. CHENEY, Notary Public, Sole Agent for the City of Toledo, Ohio, for the sale of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Teacher—What is the little boy called who has never known a mother's care? Small Boy—A incubator kid, m'am.

The City of Mexico invites the tourist with a thousand different attractions. It appeals to all classes of pleasure seekers. Its parks, plazas, grand old cathedrals, theaters, clubs, art galleries and museums are among the finest and most interesting in the world.

Brains and Impudence is a combination hard to defeat. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Even the man who hoots at superlatives is apt to refuse a loan of \$15 to some of his acquaintances on a Friday.

TEA

The English and Irish old woman lives in a garret on tea; and dies in a garret on tea; and how did she get to be old? On tea.

When the cooking-school graduate casts her bread upon the waters she hopes it will return to her in the shape of a wedding cake.

TEA

900 DROPS

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

For Similar Signature of Dr. J. C. FLETCHER NEW YORK.

35 Doses 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

TEA

More Converts Every Year

Every day in every year that comes, more housewives are giving up their exorbitant priced Baking Powders and turning to K. C., the honest and reliable, which has stood so well the test of years. They are finding out that

K. C. BAKING POWDER costs one-third the price of powder anywhere near K. C. quality, and makes better, purer, more healthful baking. 25 ounces for 25c.

JAQUES MFG. CO. CHICAGO, ILL.

ANTI-GRIPINE IS GUARANTEED TO CURE COLD, BAD COLIC, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

ANTI-GRIPINE

ANTI-GRIPINE

TEA Tea intelligence; what do you think that is? Write for our Knowledge Book, a Scitling of Company, San Francisco.

Some people's idea of economy is getting without things they need in order to be able to buy things they need.

Try me just once and I am sure to come again. Defiance F. arch.

THE OLD-MONK-CURE

St. Jacobs Oil has traveled round the world, and everywhere human Aches and Pains have welcomed it and blessed it for a cure.

Price, 25c. and 50c. \$25 Weekly Easily Made

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. FLETCHER

Use For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE JENNY COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

More Converts Every Year

Every day in every year that comes, more housewives are giving up their exorbitant priced Baking Powders and turning to K. C., the honest and reliable, which has stood so well the test of years. They are finding out that

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JAQUES MFG. CO. CHICAGO, ILL.

ANTI-GRIPINE IS GUARANTEED TO CURE COLD, BAD COLIC, HEADACHE AND NEURALGIA.

ANTI-GRIPINE

ANTI-GRIPINE

THE OUTLOOK

Weekly Newspaper Devoted to the Interest of
White Oaks and Lincoln Co. N. M.

Published Every Thursday.

Lee H. Rudisille, Editor and Prop.

Entered as second-class matter, September 20, 1901, at post office at White Oaks, New Mexico, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.

One Year (in Advance) . . . \$1.00
If not paid inside 6 months . . . 1.50

CHRISTMASTIDE.

This is the time in the year when all hearts ought to grow young and become as the heart of a child. It is the time for generous impulses and self-sacrifices, and of giving for the mere joy of giving.

Stop for a moment in your busy rush and anxiety about your own affairs—your gains and your losses—and think.

Think of the myriads in the world who are not surrounded with comforts like yourself. Think of the many with hearts as warm and tender as your own, and as susceptible of the good things of life, who have been playing in hard luck while you have prospered, or at least have made gains during the year. Think of those living in gaunt penury, through no fault of their own, to whom Christmastide brings no cheer—not even a meagre morsel of extra food—nor a ray of comfort to a stricken soul; then ask your own heart whether you should give freely or grudgingly to those who need help.

Even a cheerful word to a hungry soul may be taken as a benediction—counted for prayer.

He who does not put aside his selfishness and his ungenerous thoughts at this time, and who does not look beyond the narrow limits of his own home circle to reach out and gladden some other heart, will indeed miss much of the fullness of life.

There is joy in the world for our Christmas cheer.

As it comes again from year to year;

There is joy in the world for a Christmas chime,

As it echoes onward from time to time.

There is joy in the world for every good deed done;

There is joy in the home for a kindness shown;

There is joy in the heart which gives liberal dole;

There is joy up in heaven for a generous soul.

And the type of all giving—that which God gave so free—

Are the gifts which we hang on the Christmas tree.

Territorial Superintendent, Hiram Hadley, has called a meeting of all the county school superintendents at Albuquerque on the 26th of this month to discuss matters for the more uniform and better system of government in our public schools.

Beveridge in the senate and Hamilton in the house have introduced their omnibus statehood bill. Omnibuses in the streets went out of fashion a long time ago, and it may be that this one will not be well patronized by the two houses. There are many members who prefer to consider the merits of the territories separately.

If Mr. Rodey and others would put up the same kind of fight for single statehood that they are doing for the straddle kind, with the help of Delegates Andrews, Congressman Tawney and others, there would be a fair prospect of an enabling act being passed at this session. If any legislation at all on statehood matters is enacted by this congress, the opposition will know that their position is untenable and are simply raising a bluff.

SOME SUGGESTIONS As To How You Can Supply Christmas Presents With But Little Outlay.

In a country like this away from the centers of art and fabrications, and no bargain counters to draw on, the question: what shall I do for Christmas presents to give to my friends? becomes a knotty one.

To those whose ingenuity and desire overbalances their bank account these pointers are given for the purpose of helping out.

To those who are left with a brush and mixing implements, an infinite variety of things can be concocted that would be received with delight and treasured as long as the made-up ornaments stick.

For instance; one might take the frolicsome tin cans, which can be found in the alley back of any residence in town, remove the paper epidermis, nail it to a board base, split the top in various places, bend it outward in graceful curves to resemble a Corinthian capital, ornament it with putty flowers, paint the whole some subdued color, gild the edges and you will have a vase that will take its place among the foreign bric-a-brac on the mantel shelf with pride.

Then think of the tin can air ship to hang under the parlor lamp. When decorated with fancy colored ribbon, and applied trimming it cannot help having a delightfully canny effect. When we bump into it after choking off the glim, we remember the dear architect, and only say things under our breath. This is something that would show off well on a Christmas tree.

Book marks can be made of slips of tin, or the inner soles of old shoes, painted in green, or strawberry and decorated with different colored ribbons to match, with light horsehair tassels hitched to the ends. The Christmas crop of book marks this year will probably be very heavy, seeing slippers are tabooed. An intimate friend of the writer has the habit of borrowing books right along. He is one of the best book keepers in the territory. He also has the habit, when he reads of letting the markers slip out, and then he has to go back to the beginning to read.

A package of blotting paper, containing a nickel, can be very artistically worked into penwipers by taking redwood shingles, polishing them, and then decorating them with Gibson girl heads, with their whirl pool hair, their fixed, stony expressions and muscular shoulders. Don't fail to do a little Gibson. It is the fad.

Burnt wood is still very smart, especially if the furniture to be decorated is of the mission style. Lath, store boxes or scraps from the wood shed can be shaped into picture frames or fashionable chairs, with a few furniture nooks and smashed fluges. The cruder the design the greater artistic effect. For the burning you can borrow a soldering iron from your blacksmith or your friends will do that for you after they have taken your present home.

A door stop makes a very reliable present, which if it does not jar you, can be depended upon to keep your friend's door ajar the whole year round. This can be made of a piece of copper stained rock, crystallized gypsum, or just a common doorstop. If the latter is used it can be lost either plain, or polished and painted and then embossed and bambooed with copper wire or flowers, just as one's taste may run. There is probably enough of this kind of material within a mile of White Oaks to hold open all the doors of Lincoln County for a hundred years to come. Your friends would probably adore you for making them a present of this kind. This would be a magnificent thing to hang on a Christmas tree.

A lady friend last year made a stunning outfit and collar box, out of the legs of one of her father's old boots. She embroidered a row of fragments around the top, strung a row of box pins and raffia across the bottom and pushed them up with a

yellow tariat of ribbon. Then she painted the ground work with a gush of red and green, and lavender and sprinkled granulated sugar over the paint for frost work until it became a thing of beauty and a joy forever. On Christmas she presented it to her best fellow, but somehow the old man found it out and the next time the young man came around—not to be outdone in generosity by his daughter—he presented the fellow with another brand new one, without any trimmings whatever.

If these humble suggestions happen to aid any of our readers in solving the great problem now before them, as to the best manner of remembering their friends at Christmas time, then the sentiment will have still further indorsement, "It is better to give than to receive."

The war department is asking for bids to remove the remains of dead officers, enlisted men and civilians in the Fort Sumner Cemetery to the National Cemetery at Santa Fe. Thus the number of "dead ones" in the Capital City will be increased as if there weren't enough of that kind on the streets right here who should be given a decent burial.—New Mexican.

A general strike has been ordered by about all the labor and socialistic organizations in Russia. Strikes are always calamitous even in this country where the law and order element is largely in the ascendency. But in a nation like the Muscovite it is something terrible to contemplate. It means bloodshed, and destruction of homes, and plunder and hunger, and something infinitely worse than intestine war because it is far more pitiless and cruel. It is hard to conjecture the outcome.

Those who are inclined to oppose the efforts being made throughout the territory against the saloons and gambling and other sources of lawlessness should look at old Missouri, where the saloons, the hotel bars and all drinking places are closed on Sunday in all the first class cities, for the first time in the history of the state. Disaster? Not a bit of it. Since the election of Folk the value of land has increased twenty per cent, and values along all desirable lines have risen in all the large cities and towns, while the arrests have decreased twenty per cent, and Sunday arrests forty per cent, but the bank deposits have increased correspondingly.

The old chestnut is up again in congress in reference to cutting out second class matter from the mails. This would mean the crippling of every newspaper in the United States. It is only through the facilities offered by the postoffice department in carrying newspaper mail at very low rates that the general public can be furnished with cheap reading matter, and thus derive more personal benefit than from any other public expenditure made by the government. Every time the postmaster general makes his annual report to congress showing a deficiency in his department some popinjay jumps up in our legislative halls and moves to cut out cheap postage on newspapers. It never seems to occur to them that the deficiency comes in a very large measure from the franking privilege, by which thousands of tons of matter are sent through the mails entirely free. And the worst of it is, the great bulk of it is hot air speeches made by these same loquacious jabberwocks which no one ever cares to read. If they will cut these out and a great mass of the public documents which the government pays for printing and transporting to the cellars and garrets all over the land, and then compel the railroads to carry all legitimate mail matter at ordinary freight charges, the public could well afford to overlook the small deficiency that might result from the present low newspaper rate.

Advertised Letter List.

The following is a list of unclaimed letters lying in the post office at White Oaks, N. M. for the month ending Nov. 30st, 1905, which if not called for within 30 days will be sent to the dead letter office at Washington, D. C.

Josefita Casillas
Dick Owens

Persons calling for the above letters will please say advertised John A. Brown, P. M.

Notice for Publication.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Land Office at Roswell, N. Mex.
December 7, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before E. W. Hulbert, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Lincoln N. M., on January 23, 1906, viz: John P. Growley, of White Oaks, New Mexico, for the NE 1/4 Sec. 11, N 1/4 NW 1/4 & SE 1/4 NW 1/4 sec. 12, T. 7 S., R. 11 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Omar Owens of Lincoln, New Mexico,
M. Whitell, Bellamy of Lincoln, New Mexico,
Dr. J. F. Mains of White Oaks, New Mexico,
Edgar H. B. Chew of White Oaks, New Mexico.

HOWARD LEBLAND,
Register.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease consumption, I am anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his Remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address.

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

Pat Garrett will soon go out of the collector's office.

TEACHER'S EXAMINATION.

There will be an examination for third grade teacher's certificates held in the schoolhouse at Lincoln, this county, on the 27th day of January, 1906, it being the last Friday in the month.

All those who wish to teach a spring or summer term of school and do not hold a valid certificate will be required to pass this examination.

Elizabeth A. Gunn, } Members
Carrie Covington, } of Board.

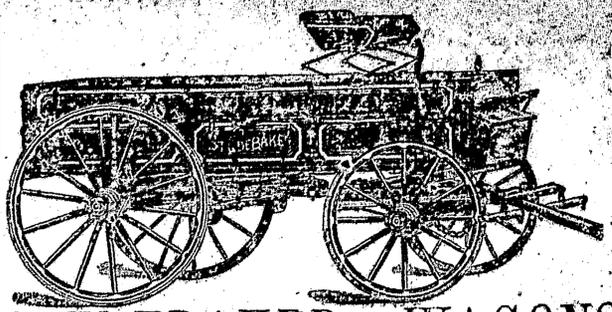
LEE H. RUDISILLE,
County Superintendent.

THE TERRITORIAL GAME LAW.

The game law passed by the last territorial legislature provides a penalty from \$100 to \$500 and imprisonment from thirty to ninety days for shooting any wild mountain sheep, beaver or ptarmigan.

The territorial game warden is given authority to grant a permit for the capture of beavers that interfere with any lawful ditch. It establishes a closed season for five years, for Antelope, pheasants, bob white quail or wild pigeon, Deer with horns may be killed with a gun only from September 15th to October 31st, but only one allowed to be shot by a person. Turtle doves may be killed with a gun only from August 1st to September 30th. Crested quail, wild turkey, mountain grouse or prairie chicken may be killed with a gun only during October, November and December. The penalty is a fine from \$50 to \$100 and imprisonment from thirty to sixty days. One half of the fine is to be turned into the county school fund.

It also prohibits the serving of game or fish, killed in New Mexico in hotel, restaurant or boarding house. For serving or sale of game or fish brought from outside the territory a special permit must be obtained from the territorial game warden. The penalty is a fine from \$50 to \$100 and imprisonment from thirty to sixty days.



STUDEBAKER WAGONS,

Buggies and Spring Wagons,
all kinds at

PAUL MAYER'S WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO

HOME FOR HOLIDAYS

LOW ROUND TRIP RATES TO

ARKANSAS
COLORADO
ILLINOIS
INDIAN TERRITORY
IOWA
MICHIGAN
MINNESOTA
MISSOURI
NEBRASKA
NORTH DAKOTA
OKLAHOMA
WISCONSIN
AND ALL POINTS IN THE SOUTHEAST

El Paso & Southwestern

ROCK ISLAND

THE ROUTE OF

THE GOLDEN STATE LIMITED

For Full Particulars See any Agent or address
GARNET KING, General Agent
V. R. STILES, General Passenger Agent,
EL PASO, TEXAS.

ALL KINDS
of
PRINTING & JOB WORK

NEATLY AND QUICKLY DONE, AT THE
OUTLOOK OFFICE.

Santa Fe Central Railway IN CONNECTION WITH El Paso-Northeastern System

Shortest line between El Paso, Texas, and Santa Fe, New Mexico and all points in Northwestern New Mexico and Southwestern Colorado.

SANTA FE AND TORRANCE.

We make close connections at Torrance with the Great Through Rock Island Passenger Train.

SOUTH BOUND.		NORTH BOUND.	
STATIONS	LEAVE DAILY	STATION	ARRIVE DAILY
Santa Fe	1:00 p.m.	Santa Fe	4:30 p.m.
Donaciana	1:20 p.m.	Donaciana	4:10 p.m.
Vega Blanca	1:45 p.m.	Vega Blanca	3:45 p.m.
Kennedy	2:20 p.m.	Kennedy	3:10 p.m.
Clark	2:35 p.m.	Clark	2:45 p.m.
Stanley	3:30 p.m.	Stanley	1:55 p.m.
Moriarty	4:05 p.m.	Moriarty	1:20 p.m.
Melintosh	4:30 p.m.	Melintosh	12:45 p.m.
Estancia	4:55 p.m.	Estancia	12:20 p.m.
Willard	5:20 p.m.	Willard	11:50 a.m.
Progresso	5:50 p.m.	Progresso	10:45 a.m.
Bisbee	7:20 p.m.	Bisbee	10:25 a.m.
Torrance	8:10 p.m.	Torrance	9:40 a.m.

Leave El Paso via E P-N E System 7:30 pm
Arrive Santa Fe via Santa Fe Central 4:30 pm
Leave Santa Fe via Santa Fe Central 1:00 pm
Arrive El Paso via E P-N E System 6:07 a.m.

We now have a Portable Sheep Chute at Torrance which is of Great Convenience to Sheep Shippers.

FOR FULL PARTICULARS CALL ON AGENT OR ADDRESS
S. B. CRIMSHAW,
General Passenger Agent, Santa Fe, N. Mex.