

**LOCAL ROUNDUPS.**

Miss Pearl Taylor has arranged to teach the Mesa school, beyond Nogal, and will take charge on Monday next.

A man by the euphonious name of Witherspoon registered at the hotel this week. He had not been heard from since registering his name on the Declaration of Independence some years ago. Any kind of old spoon goes at a hotel.

Our local nimrods are claiming that all the deer and antelope have horns this year, but none of them appear to have gotten close enough to determine the matter definitely.

Miss Pansy Hunt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Hunt, formerly of Richardson, but now living in Lincoln, was married to Mr. Wm. H. Rule, also of this county, at her home in that place last Sunday.

Judge Hewitt returned from Roswell Monday where he had gone as a delegate to the Democratic district convention held there on last Saturday. He reports a great improvement in the appearance of the whole Pecos valley and especially in the town of Roswell since his last visit about three years ago.

Mrs. H. B. Tompkins returned from Alamogordo Tuesday morning accompanied by Ed. and his family. Mrs. Ed. and the little girl have lately been on the sick list—the child very seriously ill—but both are now doing well and will remain here long enough to regain their usual health and vigor.

A Mexican by the name of Romaldo Moye was bitten on the arm by a rattlesnake while out on the Block ranch a few days ago. He was stooping down to take a drink at a spring when the massasauga struck him without warning. Inflammation set in almost immediately and the man was brought to town for treatment. By the time he reached here the swelling had become fearful and his whole arm and side soon after turned black, though the poison it seems had not yet reached the heart. Dr. Paden at once took the case in charge and found that it was not too late to save the man's life. He is now on his feet and in a fair way to speedy recovery.

The many friends of A. H. Hudspeth, junior member of the law firm of Hewitt and Hudspeth of this place, will be glad to learn that he was nominated by the Democratic district convention held at Roswell last Saturday, for member of the territorial House of Representatives for the new district, composed of the counties of Lincoln and Chaves. Mr. Hudspeth is a rising, as well as a worthy young man, with no bad points about him, except being a little off on his politics, which can be readily overlooked. He is now receiving the congratulations of his fellow citizens over this deserved honor, in which this paper heartily joins. In this district a nomination is considered equivalent to an election, if—

John J. McCourt came this way on his rounds Tuesday selling packingtown supplies. Under the new inspection law the packing houses are not allowed to ship, nor the railroads allowed to haul, any of their goods that do not bear the inspector's brand, not even from their wholesale houses in El Paso or elsewhere. But there is nothing to prevent them from charging the outside consumers a little extra for the inspected article while the peo-

ple where the wholesale houses are located are eating up the old stock. If any one imagines the combine is going to lose any money by the operation of the inspection they are off on their reckoning. The government—which is the people—pays the inspectors and the packers raise the price of inspected meat until they have made good their losses and a million or two more, caused by this agitation. The plan is simple enough.

**FOR SALE**—Second hand Wood or Coal stove. Taliaferro's.

**LETTER FROM HENRY WALKER.**

Editor Outlook: Wishing to send all my New Mexico acquaintances a friendly greeting I know of no better way of doing it than through the Outlook.

We have located at Lamesa, Dawson county Texas. We have secured a very pleasant home and are well pleased with our new location.

The society here is all that could be desired and the people welcome those who come seeking homes with a warm hand. We have good schools, Sunday school and church. While living in that country we were far from any of these privileges, except a school whenever we could raise money enough to run one for a few months, yet after spending 24 of the better years of my life in New Mexico I naturally have a warm spot somewhere in my makeup for that land of sunshine.

For this reason I want you and your paper to stay with single statehood until you win out, although you now appear to be fighting for it almost alone.

The politicians of New Mexico are trying to make the people believe they want double statehood for reasons of their own, but the people by all means should vote the proposition down. Even if it should carry this fall it would be but a few years until you would want separation from Arizona as there would always be a wrangle between the two sections over a division of the offices.

But it will not carry, for the people of Arizona will vote it down, and the people of New Mexico will be worse off than they are now, for it will show their weakness and congress will put them off indefinitely. But if they stand up for their rights and vote double statehood down it will not be many years before they get what they ask for, as the law makers in Washington will let you come in just to get the matter out of the way of other work, as this question has been troubling them for a long time.

I would advise all my friends in New Mexico to go to the polls this fall and show this joint statehood business under for all time to come. It looks as if you were not satisfied with your own melon patch but wanted to tear down the fence and gobble in your neighbor's.

With many well wishes for your success, and kindest regards to all my New Mexico friends I am

Yours very truly  
W. H. Walker.

**BETTER THAN BUG JUICE.**

There is in every rattlesnake a small sack, about the size of a Mexican bean, attached to the intestines. This is filled with a brownish or black fluid, and that is the cure for the bite. If it is applied immediately the patient will not even suffer any swelling and will entirely avoid pain. Many Mexicans carry the fluid

with them at all times when they are in the mountains or on the desert. These Mexicans kill all rattlers they can find, and most of them store the fluid in a bottle made of a rifle cartridge shell which is kept tightly corked.

In anatomical descriptions of the rattler no mention is made of this particular sack, though air sacks are numerous in the intestines of all members of the snake family, but there is no doubt of the existence of it, for Mr. Daniel said he had seen Mexicans remove it frequently.

It may be that this fluid is the secret of the Moki Indians, and accounts for the immunity they enjoy from the poison of the rattler. Those who have attended their annual snake dances and have seen dancers bitten have wondered that the bites were not fatal.

At any rate the secret of the immunity is one of the most carefully guarded secrets of the Mokis, and is kept within a select order of the priesthood. Dr. J. Miller for years annually attended these dances and made a study of the ceremonies. The Indians formally adopted him not only into the tribes, but advanced him in the priesthood. The doctor wanted chiefly to learn the secret of the poison antidote, and he was told year after year that the next year he would be put in possession of the secret. But he died without it. —Arizona Republican.

**Notice for Publication**

Homestead Application No. 4783, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, September 7th, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. E. Chamberlain, the Probate Clerk, at his office in Lincoln Co., N. M. on October 22, 1906 viz: John Roberts, of Carrizozo, New Mexico, for the S<sup>1/2</sup>, SW<sup>1/4</sup>, Sec. 2 and E<sup>1/2</sup>, SE<sup>1/4</sup>, Sec. 3, T. 8 S., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John R. Patton, Peter E. Lacey, E. W. Harris and Albert T. Roberts, all of Carrizozo New Mexico.

HOWARD LELAND, Notary.

**SHERIFF'S SALE**

BROWN and MANZANARES Co. No. vs AMERICAN GOLD MINING Co. 1473

Notice is hereby given that Brown and Manzanares Co. having on the 18th day of March A. D. 1904, recovered judgment in the District Court of Lincoln County, New Mexico, against the American Gold Mining Co. for the sum of \$1161 and 40-100 dollars damages, and eighty five and 15-100 dollars cost of suit, and that on the 27th day of August 1906, an alias execution on said judgment was issued by the clerk of said Court and placed in my hands for collection on the 5th day of September 1906. I have levied on the following property belonging to the defendant to wit: The American Lead Claim, U. S. Mineral survey No. 495, situated in Dry Gulch, Nogal Mining District, Lincoln County, Territory of New Mexico, a patented mining claim as described in the Patent recorded in the Records office of said Lincoln County.

Now Therefore, Notice is hereby given, that, by virtue of said execution and levy, I, John W. Owen, Sheriff of said Lincoln County, will at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M. on the 13th day of October A. D. 1906, on the said American Mining Claim, sell the above described property with the improvements thereon, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy said judgment of \$1161.40, costs \$85.15, with interest at 6% and all costs of execution and sheriff's sale, to the best and highest bidder for cash.

September 6th 1906  
JOHN W. OWEN, Sheriff.  
by C. H. BYFIELD, Deputy.

## Welch & Titsworth

Pride of Denver Flour 100 lbs. 2.40

Imboden's best " " 2.50

Second grade Kansas " " 2.00

(PRICES SUBJECT TO MARKET FLUCTUATIONS.)

SCREEN DOORS

RUBBER BOOTS.

WINDOW GLASS.

STETSON HATS.

IRON ROOFING.

**JUST RECEIVED—A CAR OF WAGONS.**

Get Our Prices Before Buying Elsewhere.

### CAPITAN, N. M.

**HOTEL OZANNE,**

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO. Now open for business. Clean beds and an excellent cuisine awaits the traveling public.

**Professional Cards.**

A. H. Hudspeth, John Y. Hewitt  
**Hewitt & Hudspeth,**  
Attorneys-at-Law  
HEWITT BLOCK. WHITE OAKS.

**J. E. WHARTON,**

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.  
ALAMOGORDO. NEW MEXICO.  
Special attention given to cases in Lincoln as well as Otero county.

**Church Directory.**

**Plymouth Congregational Church.**

Services every Sunday as follows: Sunday School at 10.30 a. m. All are cordially invited to attend.

**Methodist Church.**

Sabbath School each Sunday at 10 o'clock a. m. Weekly prayer meeting Wednesday night. All are cordially invited to join these services.

**ALL KINDS of PRINTING DONE AT THE OUTLOOK OFFICE.**

*Who's your Tailor?*



Not a cheap tailor-shop but a shop where good tailoring can be had cheap.

If you went through the immense plant that this good tailoring comes from you would understand how our prices are possible.

Your tailor could not exercise more singleness of purpose than the men who would make your clothes in the workshops of this plant.

Each man is a specialist in his particular part of the work.

The Spring and Summer line of woollens is the finest and largest ever displayed.

Come in and inspect it.

Exclusive Local Representative of  
**Ed. V. Price & Company**  
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**TALIAFERRO MERC. and TRADING CO.**

**THE EXCHANGE BANK,**

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.

Transacts a General Banking Business—Issues drafts on all Principal Cities of the World—Accords to Borrowers every accommodation consistent with safety. Accounts solicited.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.



Prof. Behring's Discoveries.

Prof. von Behring, whose tuberculosis investigations are more than ever interesting to the scientific world, recently made to a party of French scientists a more detailed statement of his achievements than has hitherto appeared. In this he affirmed that he has been able to prepare a fluid named "tulose," differing radically from Dr. Koch's tuberculin, by using which he had been able to check the infection of animals by malignant tuberculosis bacilli. He frankly admitted, however, that he had not yet succeeded in developing a serum similar to diphtheritic antitoxin, and that he considered the future discovery of such a serum "extremely doubtful."

Cleanliness at Home and Abroad.

England, which has been properly and justifiably horrified at the revelations made concerning American packing houses, will be yet more appalled at learning that the food products of her own country show, in many cases, an equally disgusting disregard for cleanliness and aseptic conditions. Two government inspectors, Miss Deane and Miss Sulzer, have found conditions in the sausage, jam and chocolate factories of the most repulsive character, says The Reader. Apropos of all this, an interesting traveler, the count of Turin, cousin of the king of Italy, who has been making a tour of America and Europe, says that after visiting several of the local London packing houses, he has come to the conclusion that the Chicago establishments were the cleaner. The truth is, we require of wholesale purveyors a standard of cleanliness which we too frequently fail to enforce on our farms and in our bakeries.

A good deal of nonsense is being talked and written by opponents of spelling reform about the danger that words will lose their etymological identity; that their derivation will be lost or obscured, and all that. But as a matter of fact, says the Indianapolis News, only the scholars are conscious of the derivation of words in any large degree, and no matter how you change the spelling they will remain just as conscious of the source and origin of words as they are now. Indeed, some philologists assure us that derivation would more easily be traced and followed in the simplified or phonetic spelling than in the present illogical and wildly varying forms and symbols. There is no more doubt, to take a single example, of the derivation of philosophy than of philology.

The National Druggist says that not a few of the coffee substitutes which are advertised as preferable to coffee contain more or less coffee. This may be tested by shaking a teaspoonful in a bottle half full of water. The bottle must be thoroughly shaken, so as to wet every particle of the sample, when nearly all of the non-coffee ingredients will sink to the bottom and the coffee float on the top. The reason for this is that coffee contains a large amount of oil which buoy up the particles. Peas, beans, wheat, corn, chicory, etc., are heavier than water and, having no oil, sink to the bottom.

A man in Dallas, Tex., objected to the noise of an automobile and wrecked it with its heels. Horse power in automobiles is not a guarantee against the destructive power of a mule.

A Kalamazoo wife buried the wrong man, and it appears that though her intentions were the very best, her husband doesn't like it.

A man who climbed Mont Blanc says it gave him "rheumatism in the head." He seems to have found plenty of rheum at the top.

NEW MEXICO NEWS SUMMARY

The Portales public school was full to overflowing the first week and an extra room has been rented for one grade.

Patrick F. Hanley, a business man who came to Santa Fe twenty years ago from Lynn, Massachusetts, died at Santa Fe September 24th from cancer, in his fifty-fifth year.

The coal mines at Madrid are to be reopened soon. These mines were closed last spring because of a mine fire. The flames, it is asserted, have been smothered and the shafts are now safe to enter.

Suit has been filed at Albuquerque against the American Lumber Company for \$15,000 damages by Ernest Lay, a bridge carpenter. Lay was working on a bridge being built on the Zuni Mountain railway last November, when the half-completed structure collapsed from the weight of a heavy derrick and the man's back was sprained.

Sheriff A. B. Phillips of Alamogordo Monday lodged in the penitentiary "Crook Neck," a Pecos Apache Indian, to serve six months for assault. Juan Lucero, sentenced to twelve years for criminal assault, and Pedro Baldonado, sentenced to three years for sheep stealing, were the same day lodged in the penitentiary by Sheriff Garcia of Clayton, Union county.

Word was received in Santa Fe of the suicide Friday of the sixteen-year-old son of A. Mueller of Tesque. The boy tied a rope to a tree trunk and slung it over a limb. In jumping off, the rope severed an ear from his face and broke his neck. He was found by a posse, sent out to search for him, as he had disappeared two days previously while following some cattle.

Charlie Mitchell, aged sixteen, son of an hotelkeeper at East Las Vegas, while playing with some other boys at a neighbor's home, suddenly placed a revolver to his head and pulled the trigger. The bullet went through his head and he died within a few minutes. No motive can be assigned for the deed, but the boy had said several times during the previous week that something was going to happen to him soon. The lad was bright and good-natured and his parents were devotedly attached to him.

Jose Chavez y Baca, the rancher living near Magdalena in Socorro county, who was the victim of a murderous assault several weeks ago, was a visitor recently in Albuquerque. The object of his visit was to deposit in one of the local banks money which he has been keeping at home. He produced three bags filled with gold coin and bank notes. Chavez's life was saved by the prompt interference of his son-in-law who killed one of his assailants and the other one was put to flight, but was captured a few days later and is now in jail.

The New Mexico twenty-sixth annual fair opened Monday with a record breaking crowd in attendance. Governor Hagerman opened the festivities with an oration delivered from the front steps of the Alvarado. The governor's escort to the park consisted of his staff in regalia, a large number of horsemen and mounted Indians. Sports at the park included baseball games between Globe and Clifton, Arizona, and Albuquerque and Santa Fe, New Mexico. Globe won from Clifton by the score of 11 to 0; batteries, Crandall and Lebrant, Ashley and Doran.

Governor Herbert J. Hagerman was the guest of honor at two dinner parties at Albuquerque, while in that city attending the Twenty-sixth Annual Territorial Fair. Mr. and Mrs. John N. Coffin entertained complimentary to the executive at their home Monday evening. Other guests were Mr. and Mrs. William B. Childers, Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Elder, Miss Lay and W. P. Johnson. Wednesday evening a similar function was given at which the governor was entertained by Honorable and Mrs. W. B. Hopewell. Among the other diners were O. A. Larrazolo, A. A. Jones, William B. Childers and W. S. Strickler.

The name of Jarilla Junction, once a whistling station on the El Paso & Southern railroad, has been changed to Orogrande, the title of the bustling little mining town which has sprung up at that point. A commodious depot, on the west side of the tracks, nearest to Orogrande, is to be built by the railroad, construction work to begin at once. All these concessions, which mean a great deal for the advancement and future of Orogrande, were secured from railroad officials by members of the Orogrande Commercial Club, which sent a committee to El Paso to talk with the officials of the line. A park will be laid off around the depot and trees will be planted. The work of laying the water mains in the streets of Orogrande, is now under way. The pipe has all arrived and fire plugs are also to be installed. A motor system is to be used in distributing water. The big reservoir for storing the water supply is steadily filling.

Big Irrigation Project.

R. B. Rice, the city's civil engineer, has returned to Las Vegas from a professional trip to the old Fort Sumner reservation in Guadalupe county, where, under his immediate direction, graders are at work on the construction of an irrigating ditch twelve feet wide at the bottom of the channel, says the Las Vegas Optic. It begins a short distance above the big bridge at Sunnyside, New Mexico, and runs down on the east side of the Pecos river nine miles and can be extended almost to any desired length. The land which will be benefited by the building of this irrigation system is owned by the persons constructing the big ditch and is a fine body of land with a gentle slope that will naturally carry the water to points needed.

There are over 4,000 acres which will be placed on the market shortly and be placed under a high state of cultivation. Parts of the tract, too high up to be irrigated, will make excellent pasture lands for the purchaser. Excursions at cheap rates will be run to that locality as soon as the ditch shall have been completed.

Wool Growers' Association.

Friday morning, September 21st, the closing session of the New Mexico Sheep and Wool Growers' Association was held in Albuquerque and Hon. Bolon Luna was chosen as chairman of the organization, as a tribute to the good work he has done in securing the organization and because he is one of the leaders in New Mexico's great industry. William McIntosh was made vice president. The selection of a secretary and treasurer was left to the executive committee.

Harry F. Lee, city clerk of Albuquerque, was chosen secretary and treasurer of the New Mexico Sheep and Wool Growers' Association by the executive committee, Saturday. He will receive a salary of \$100 and his bond is to be \$10,000, furnished by a security company. Governor Hagerman of Santa Fe, A. A. Jones of Las Vegas and J. G. Clancy of Albuquerque were elected to honorary membership in the organization. The fiscal year for the association is to begin October 1st. The next convention will be held during Fair week in Albuquerque, 1907.

Death of Father Coudert.

Father J. N. Coudert, pioneer among Catholic clergy of the southwest, and until three months ago, the pastor of the parish at Bernalillo, where for over twenty-five years he has attended to the duties of that position, died Saturday, after illness due to old age, says the Santa Fe New Mexican. He was over seventy-five years old and had spent nearly fifty years in a hard working, pious life in New Mexico, laboring for the advancement of his church and her people. Instead of a sermon at the 9:30 o'clock mass yesterday morning Rev. Father Antonio Fourcheu devoted some time to a discourse on the life of the deceased priest and requested the prayers of the Santa Fe parishes for the repose of his soul. Father Coudert spent a short time in Santa Fe as an assistant priest at the cathedral. However, he was not here long enough to become well acquainted, although he was well known and revered by his parishioners in Bernalillo. Rev. Father Coudert was born and educated in France. When yet a young man he left school, after being ordained and came to America. He was sent from the east to this city and at once took up the task of learning two new languages, English and Spanish, both of which he spoke, read and wrote fluently at the time of his death. The funeral took place at Bernalillo where the aged remains of the father was buried in the Catholic cemetery.

Rev. Father Fourcheu and other members of the priesthood in this city, were in attendance. Requiem mass for the late priest will be said in a number of the Catholic churches of New Mexico, during the week and the congregations will unite in offering prayers for the eternal repose of his soul.

Good Roads Convention.

The Good Roads convention of New Mexico held a meeting in Albuquerque at the rooms of the Commercial Club, Tuesday evening, says the Santa Fe New Mexican. About sixty delegates were present. Hon. L. Bradford Prince of Rio Arriba county, president of the New Mexico Good Roads Association, presided.

Governor Hagerman addressed the convention, and in his remarks encouraged the movement for the construction of good public roads and highways, and presented the value of the good roads movement in this territory. A short speech of welcome was made by Nell B. Field of Albuquerque. President Prince then spoke for a few minutes in his usual forceful and instructive style. R. E. Twitshell of Las Vegas made the principal speech at the convention; his subject was "The Commercial Value of Good Roads." His address was forceful and instructive. Professor Vernon of the College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts of Las Cruces, talked well upon the construction and maintenance of public highways. Prof. A. B. Stroup, superintendent of the public schools of Bernalillo county, made interesting remarks, and gave his experience in traveling over some of the bad roads in the county. A committee of five was appointed by the chair, which committee is to have charge of matters pertaining to good roads before the coming Legislative Assembly.

The committee named consisted of John H. McCutcheon of Bernalillo county; John L. Zimmerman of San Miguel county; A. L. Kendall of Santa Fe county; E. A. Miera of Sandoval county; and John J. Vorgan of Dona Ana county. The following officers were elected: President, L. B. Prince, Rio Arriba; Vice Presidents—J. H. Briggs, Bernalillo; J. H. Van Houten, Colfax; W. B. Walton, Grant; J. J. Hagerman, Chavez; Cedo Baca, Guadalupe; R. L. Young, Dona Ana; J. A. Mahony, Luna; Francis G. Tracy, Eddy; John V. Howitt, Lincoln; William McVieira, McKi; J. T. Melendez, Mora; John R. De Miers, Otteroc; Donald Stewart, Quay; R. C. Reid, Roosevelt; J. Amado Lucero, Rio Arriba; Jay Turley, San Juan; B. A. Miera, Sandoval; M. Cooney, Socorro; A. W. Harris, Sierra; F. H. Pierce, San Miguel; Frank Owen, Santa Fe; J. W. Corbett, Torrance; Ramon Sanchez, Taos; R. F. Ervin, Union; W. M. Berger, Valencia.

Santa Fe was chosen as the next place of meeting, the time to be during the session of the Thirty-seventh Legislative Assembly. The delegates present were enthusiastic and knew what they were about. Much good will came from the work of the meeting, as the members of the convention are very earnest in pushing the good roads movement before the Legislative Assembly, and in each county.

GULF HURRICANE

DOES IMMENSE DAMAGE IN SOUTHERN STATES.

PENSACOLA SUFFERS MOST

Fierce Tropical Storm Sweeps Over Wide Area—Heavy Losses Reported in Mississippi—Railroads Washed Out and Wires Down.

Louisville, Ky.—The tropical hurricane which for the past twenty-four hours has been churning the waters of the Gulf of Mexico and doing much damage on the coast and far inland, to-night (Thursday) whipping through north Alabama in a north-easterly direction at a velocity but slightly less than that recorded in New Orleans during the day.

Reports thus far do not indicate any loss of life, but the damage to property over the territory touched by the storm is something enormous. All wire communication is seriously disrupted and in some instances has resulted in cutting off cities completely. Mobile not having been heard from in nearly twenty-four hours. Numerous washouts have occurred, the interruption from this cause in one case extending for thirty miles. Pensacola, where the maximum velocity of wind was probably felt early this morning, reports a property loss of \$3,000,000 in the city alone, and sends rumors of loss of life which it is uncertain to confirm to-night as the uncertain wire which held long enough to glean this information late this afternoon failed with the coming of night.

New Orleans furnished the subject of numerous wild rumors during the day but authentic reports from there to-night indicate that while there was considerable damage to property, there has been no loss of life in the city. Wires between New Orleans and the Gulf are prostrated, and it will be several days before anything can be heard from the vast territory between the Crescent city and the Gulf and before anything can be heard from the shipping which is riding out the storm in the open Gulf.

Biloxi, Miss., and Moss Point, Miss., have not been heard from for twenty-four hours, Moss Point reporting the water five feet deep in the streets of the little town at 10 o'clock Wednesday night.

There was a heavy rain and high wind at Montgomery, Alabama, during the day, but no serious damage was done.

A gale is blowing at Birmingham to-night, after a day of steady rain, and at Memphis the rain has been continuous for thirty-six hours.

Atlanta began to feel the storm at night to-day, but up to 8 o'clock to-night its force had not been increased to an extent portending serious results. The damage to railroads is heavy. Reports to the officials of the Louisville & Nashville road from the superintendent of the Mobile and Montgomery divisions indicate that the losses approximate \$1,000,000. The tracks between Florissant, Alabama, and Pensacola, Florida, are obstructed in many places and in some places badly torn up by falling trees, while the section between Georgian and Graceville, Florida, has suffered similarly.

At Pensacola, the Louisville & Nashville grain elevator has been destroyed and the entire trackage to Escambia Bay is ruined. The railroad wharf at Pensacola is reported to be a total loss and thirty-nine cars of coal of the company was washed into the bay. Further reports indicate that the roadbed between Bay Minette, Alabama, and Mobile, thirty miles, has been washed away, rendering traffic impossible. The Louisville & Nashville also suffered several washouts near New Orleans and New Orleans trains are being run to-night over certain sections of this trackage. The New Orleans & Northeastern road reports its tracks under water at several places in the vicinity of New Orleans, and no roads have come from any of the other railroads having their terminals at Mobile.

KANSAS-COLORADO SUIT

Will Come Up With Other Important Cases in October.

Washington. The next term of the Supreme Court of the United States will begin October 8th. The docket now contains over 400 cases and others will be added before the opening day. Among the important cases which will receive early attention are the following:

Colorado suit, involving jurisdiction over the irrigation waters of the Arkansas river; Barcelona vs. Baker, involving the question as to whether the Philippine Commission has power to suspend the writ of habeas corpus in the Philippines; Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone, officers of the Western Federation of Miners, vs. Nichols, involving their right of release from prison in Idaho, where they are incarcerated on the charge of complicity in the murder last year of former Governor Steunenburg; Tearcy vs. Stranahan, a revenue case involving the question as to whether the Isle of Pines is Cuban or American territory, and Wilson vs. the secretary of the treasury, an effort to enjoin the payment of money on account of the purchase of the Panama canal.

On account of the resignation of Justice Brown and the failure to fill his place there will be one vacant seat on the bench.

Storm at Pensacola.

Pensacola, Fla.—The worst sea storm and hurricane that the Gulf coast has experienced since the village of Pensacola on San Rosa Island was swept away 170 years ago, began Wednesday night. The estimated property damage is \$3,000,000. Many houses in Pensacola are blown off. Telephone and electric light wires are among the mass. The water front is strewn with wreckage. Every wharf for miles around has been swept away or is damaged beyond repair. It is feared great havoc and loss of life will be done when reports from the entire section along the coast can be gathered.

WORST FORM OF ECZEMA.

Black Spotsches All Over Face—Affected Parts Now Clear as Ever—Cured by the Cuticura Remedies.

"About four years ago I was afflicted with black spotsches all over my face and a few covering my body, which produced a severe itching irritation, and which caused me a great deal of annoyance and suffering, to such an extent that I was forced to call in two of the leading physicians of my town. After a thorough examination of the dreaded complaint they announced it to be skin eczema in its worst form. They treated me for the same for the length of one year, but the treatment did me no good. Finally my husband purchased a set of the Cuticura Remedies, and after using the contents of the first bottle of Cuticura Resolvent in connection with the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, the breaking out entirely stopped. I continued the use of the Cuticura Remedies for six months, and after that every spotch was entirely gone and the affected parts were left as clear as ever. The Cuticura Remedies not only cured me of that dreadful disease, eczema, but other complicated troubles as well. Lizzie E. Sledge, 540 Jones Ave., Selma, Ala., Oct. 28, 1905."

COSTLY CLOTHES FOR WOMEN.

Enormous Sums of Money Can Be Spent for Finery.

"As much as \$80 a yard is often paid for gold and silver tissue—cloth of gold, as it is called, though it is not really," said a dressmaker, "cloth of gold at all. For cloth of gold, the real thing, is made of pure gold, drawn into fine wire, and then woven by hand. Such cloth was often used during the middle ages. It is now used only in Sumatra. Its cost is quite \$200 a yard."

"That seems high, doesn't it? It is nothing, though, beside the cost of lace. A court train of moire antique, decorated with gold thread and pearls, was made in Paris for an American lady last year at a cost of \$7,500. "To the empress of Russia not long ago the nobles of the province of Kherson presented an ermine mantle worth \$50,000.

"There are lace handkerchiefs worth \$5,000. Even the thread of which lace is made comes ridiculously high. The fine hand-made thread used in the best Brussels lace is spun from flax grown at Rebecq-Rognon, and fetches, in good seasons, as much as \$2,500 a pound."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Serve as Illuminants.

The fire-files of Jamaica emit so brilliant a light that a dozen of them, enclosed within an inverted tumbler, will enable a person to read or write at night without the least difficulty. Indeed, it is an expedient to which many a large resort. These files are in size as large as a common hive bee, and perfectly harmless. Their appearance in unusual numbers acts as a barometer to the natives, and is an indication of approaching rain.

Floating Exposition.

Three hundred British firms have contributed to an exhibit of goods which is displayed on the lower decks of a former military transport, and will be sent from London to different parts of Canada, the West Indies, South America, South Africa, India, China, Japan and Australia. The voyage is expected to last 12 months.

Cultivated by the Scholars.

It is stated that nearly 8,000 school gardens exist in Austria, not including the sister kingdom of Hungary. They are connected with both private and public schools, and are used for purposes of practical instruction in horticulture and tree-growing, and often contain botanical museums and bee hives.

THE WAY OUT.

Change of Food Brought Success and Happiness.

An ambitious but delicate girl, after failing to go through school on account of nervousness and hysteria, found in Grape-Nuts the only thing that seemed to build her up and furnish her the peace of health. "From infancy," she says, "I have not been strong. Being ambitious to learn at any cost I finally got to the High School, but soon had to abandon my studies on account of nervous prostration and hysteria.

"My food did not agree with me, I grew thin and despondent. I could not enjoy the simplest social affair for I suffered constantly from nervousness in spite of all sorts of medicines. "This wretched condition continued until I was twenty-five, when I became interested in the letters of those who had cases like mine and who were being cured by eating Grape-Nuts.

"I had little faith, but procured a box and after the first dish I experienced a peculiar satisfied feeling that I had never gained from any ordinary food. I slept and rested better that night and in a few days began to grow stronger.

"I had a new feeling of peace and restfulness. In a few weeks, to my great joy, the headaches and nervousness left me and life became bright and hopeful. I resumed my studies and later taught ten months with ease—of course using Grape-Nuts every day. It is now four years since I began to use Grape-Nuts, I am the mistress of a happy home and the old weakness has never returned." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. "There's a reason." Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

A DANGEROUS PRACTICE.

Burning Off Paint Makes Insurance Void.

It seems that considerable danger to property exists in the practice of burning off old paint before re-painting. The question has long been a subject of debate in the technical journals, and now householders and the newspapers have begun to discuss it. Those of us who, with trembling, have watched the painters blow a fiery blast from their lamps against our houses, and have looked sadly at the size of our painting bill because of the time wasted on this preliminary work, are interested in the investigation by the Greenfield (Mass.) Gazette and Courier, which gives considerable space to the reasons for the practice, questions its necessity, and suggests ways to prevent the risk of burning down one's house in order to get the old paint off. It says:

"There is a good deal of discussion among householders as to the desirability, in painting houses, of burning off the old paint, a practice that has grown very common of late in Greenfield and elsewhere. Insurance men are strongly opposed to this method. It makes void insurance policies for fires caused in this manner. Several houses in Greenfield have gotten afire as the result of this method, and in some places houses have burned as a result.

"It is undoubtedly true that when a house has been painted over and over again there comes to be an accumulation of paint in bunches. If new paint is put on top of these accumulations it is almost sure to blister. To burn it off is the quickest and cheapest and perhaps the surest method of getting rid of this old paint."

The Gazette and Courier quotes certain old patrons to the effect that accumulations of paint are unnecessary. These old-timers lay the blame partly on the painter who fails to brush his paint in well, partly on the custom of painting in damp weather or not allowing sufficient time for drying between coats, and partly to the use of adulterated paints instead of old-fashioned linseed oil and pure white lead. The paper says:

"Many of the old householders say that if care is taken at all these points it is absolutely unnecessary to have paint burned off. They advise that people who have houses painted should buy their own materials, and to have them put on by the day, so as to be sure to get good lead and oil. Of course the burning off of paint greatly increases the cost of the job."

The trouble householders everywhere have with paint is pretty well summed up by our contemporary, and the causes are about the same everywhere. By far the most frequent cause of the necessity for the dangerous practice of burning old paint is the use of poor material. The oil should be pure linseed and the white lead should be real white lead. The latter is more often tampered with than the oil. Earthy substances, and pulverized rock and quartz, are frequently used as cheapeners, to the great detriment of the paint.

Painters rarely adulterate white lead themselves and they very seldom use ready prepared paints—the most frequent causes of paint trouble. But they do often buy adulterated white lead because the property owner insists on a low price and the painter has to economize somewhere. The suggestion is therefore a good one that the property owner investigate the subject a little, find out the name of some reliable brand of white lead, and see that the keg is marked with that brand.

The linseed oil is more difficult to be sure of, as it is usually sold in bulk when the quantity is small; but reliable makers of linseed oil can be learned on inquiry, and, if your dealer is reliable, you will get what you want.

Pure white lead and linseed oil are so necessary to good paint that the little trouble necessary to get them well repays the house owner in dollars and cents saved.

Plumage of the Bluebird.

Of the male bluebird Thoreau said: "He carries the sky on his back." To this John Burroughs added, "and the earth on his breast." The bird's back, wings and tail, chin and throat are a vivid blue, while his breast and flanks are a chestnut brown and his abdomen a dirty white. The female is very much duller in coloring, often having a reddish tone that extends from the middle of the back over the shoulder. The Seminole Indians say that the male bluebird once flew so high that his back rubbed against the sky, which imparted to him its own azure tint. Returning to earth, his wife so admired his new coat that she determined to have a like one for herself and the next morning flew away to get it; but the day proving somewhat cloudy, the color given to her dress was not so brilliant as was that received by her mate.

The extraordinary popularity of fine white goods this summer makes the choice of Starch a matter of great importance. Starch, being free from all injurious chemicals, is the only one which is safe to use on fine fabrics. Its great strength as a stiffener makes half the usual quantity of Starch necessary, with the result of perfect finish, equal to that when the goods were new.

Life often seems but a shipwreck, whose fragments are friendship, glory and love. The shores of time that we pass during our life are covered with these delicate, life-de-staels. Every mother pats herself on the back when her daughter marries the man she selected.







# THE OUTLOOK

Weekly Newspaper Devoted to the Interest of  
White Oaks and Lincoln Co. N. M.

Published Every Thursday.

Lee H. Rudisilo, Editor and Prop.

Entered as second class matter, September 26, 1901, at post office at White Oaks, New Mexico, under the Act of Congress of March 3d, 1879.

**SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.**  
One Year (in Advance) \$1.00  
If not paid within 3 months 1.50

### ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Charles D. Mayer hereby announces to the voters of Lincoln county that he is a candidate for Sheriff and will ask the nomination for that office at the next Republican county Convention.

The undersigned respectfully announces that he will be a candidate before the Republican County Convention, for the nomination as Sheriff of Lincoln County, New Mexico.

Clément Hightower.

The New Mexican has grabbed this choice cut: "Many buyers of beef favor a law compelling the age of a steer to be posted in some conspicuous place about the butcher shop making a century the limit."

The political bosses who engineered the Las Vegas convention endorsed forcible cohabitation with Arizona almost three to one, but the other fellows will have their innings on the 6th of November.

Carry the news to Joe Cannon, Beveridge and the eastern aggregation of political autocrats, that their flunkies of both parties in convention assembled here in New Mexico have come under the lash and thereby endorsed all the unseemly things that have been said about us, by the approval of the joint statehood bill.

While a lot of people were celebrating on Pike's Peak about a week ago they raised such a disturbance and threw so much noise into the affair that a blizzard came down from the clouds and snowed them under, and the crowd finally went away feeling badly piqued at the reception they got.

The delegates of Otero, Lincoln and Torrance counties, at Las Vegas last Saturday, nominated Carl A. Dalies councilman for this District in the next Territorial Legislature. Mr. Dalies lives at Willard in Torrance county and has served as a member of both the house and council from Valencia before the formation of the new county.

The Democratic convention at Roswell last week placed in nomination two candidates for the Territorial House of Representatives, A. H. Hudspeth of White Oaks for the 18th District, and James Mullens, of Roswell for the 19th District composed of Lincoln, Chaves, Eddy and Roosevelt counties. Mr. Hudspeth we all know. Mr. Mullens formerly taught school in this county and was superintendent of schools in Chaves county one term.

Secretary Taft is now holding down the lid of the seething political pot in Cuba. After vainly trying to bring President Palma to reason he simply crowded him to one side and took the ribbons in his own hands just long enough to show those turbulent fellows an object lesson in running a Republic after the manner in which it should be conducted. The Cuban flag still floats over the capital while discordant elements are being brought to terms in a way that will bring peace to that unhappy island. After restoring harmony down there his services will probably be needed to hold down the lid of the democratic pot in New York.

The Socorro County Republican convention endorsed Bursum and criticised Gov. Hagerman, but then Bursum, the man that was bounced was the whole Socorro county convention. Of course it had Billy Martin on the side.

The whole Southern portion of the country east of the Mississippi has been visited by the most destructive tornado ever known to that region. Many lives were lost and property to the extent of several millions of dollars was wrecked.

The Santa Fe New Mexican, in a recent issue frankly admits, that its reasons for advocating joint statehood are few, which puts it in the same category with all the other old patriarchs of the territory who are seeking to force an unwilling concubinage upon Arizona. That paper then proceeds to ventilate its reasons, the principal of which appears to be, "The larger the vote for jointure the more proof will it be that the people of the Sunshine Territory are desirous of statehood separately. This would be something like voting for Larrazolo in order to elect Delegate Andrews, or throwing rocks at a yeller dog in order to bring down a coon which he has treed, and is on a line with about all the argument yet produced on that side of the question.

The Hubbell gang is again on horseback in Bernalillo county as the performance at the late county convention there will abundantly prove. The meeting was packed by persons from other precincts and these were allowed to vote, in spite of the protests of the better class of citizens belonging therein, and everything was carried with a high hand as in days of old. Just why the people of a town like Albuquerque will allow a class of men who have systematically robbed them for years, and who have been compelled by the courts to refund public money illegally taken while holding office, to control their affairs, seems almost incredible to an outsider. Truly there is something raw or rotten in Albuquerque.

The old crowd of politicians had a sort of rubber quilting bee up at Las Vegas the other day. They had succeeded in getting most county delegations to pass resolutions of confidence in Bursum, but could not get them to do so without endorsing Gov. Hagerman also, and the delegates went to the convention pledged in this manner. Just how to frame a set of resolutions with sufficient stretch and straddle to them to take in the whole jag was a question of no small concern. They settled it by straddling both legs far enough to take in the whole bizzards' roost, although every member of the rank and file knows that the late superintendent of the pen was removed for cause, and that the governor is engaged in an honest effort to ferret out all crooked transactions on the part of territorial officials no matter how well they may stand with the bosses.

The new naturalization law which went into effect Sept. 27, has many good points about it which should have been enacted years ago. Among other things it provides that no one can be naturalized until after a five years residence in this country. He must in that time be able to speak and write the English language or he cannot be naturalized. He must also swear, both in taking out first as well as final papers, that he is neither an anarchist nor a polygamist and does not believe in either of these doctrines, and his statements must be vouched for by two creditable witnesses, and the courts granting naturalization papers must be courts of competent jurisdiction while a heavy fine is attached against perpetrating any fraud in connection with the process, or with the papers after granted.

# PUSHING

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Just come to White Oaks and see

**S.C. WIENER.**

He will save you money.

### DO NOT OVERDRAW THE FUND.

The attention of school boards as well as teachers is called to the fact that school warrants were drawn in excess of the funds already to the credit of any particular district are liable to become null and void by a wise provision of the Bateman law of 1897 which prohibits the payment of any money derived from the taxes of any one year to make good the shortage of any previous year.

A case came up in a certain district of this county some time ago where a teacher received a warrant knowing there was a shortage of money in the county treasury to the credit of that district. This warrant was presented to the treasurer for the purpose of having him endorse it "not paid for the want of funds," in order that it might draw interest thereon. It was not presented for payment until after the expiration of the school year in which it was drawn, and when so presented payment was refused on the grounds stated above. Of course a protest was raised, and treasurer Canning wrote to the District Attorney for an opinion on the point, and received this reply:

Las Cruces N. M. June 29, 1906  
J. H. Canning, Treasurer,  
Lincoln, N. M.

Replying to yours of 23th, wherein you request my opinion as to whether or not you should pay out of the funds now on hand for the current year, school warrants drawn in 1905, and which remain unpaid for want of funds for that year. I beg to state that the position you have taken with reference to such warrants is correct. Under the provisions of the Bateman law, (cited by you) the warrants referred to can only be paid, in case there shall hereafter be in the fund, money levied for the year 1905.

Yours very truly,  
H. B. Holt  
District Attorney.

District boards would do well to confine their expenses strictly to the fund on hand except where a school is in actual progress and there is reasonable grounds for believing that the next quarterly apportionment will make the shortage good. But be sure that this apportionment will come within the present school year.

Leo H. Rudisilo,  
County School Superintendent.

### NOTICE OF PUBLICATION.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT,  
COUNTY OF LINCOLN.

HATTIE A. STERLING,  
vs.  
CHARLES A. STERLING.

The said defendant, Charles A. Sterling is hereby notified that a suit in Divorce has been commenced against you in the District Court for the County of Lincoln Territory or New Mexico, by said Hattie A. Sterling; that unless you enter or cause to be entered your appearance in said suit on or before the second day of November A. D. 1906 decree PRO CONFESSO therein will be rendered against you.

W. H. Winter,  
El Paso Texas,  
Atty. for Plaintiff

C. P. Downs,  
Clerk.

### REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

A delegate convention of the Republicans of the County of Lincoln, is hereby called to meet at the Court House, in the town of Lincoln, on Tuesday the 9th of October, 1906, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of placing in the field a full and complete County ticket, also Delegates to the Constitutional Convention to be submitted to the voters of the county at the coming general election, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The primaries in the various precincts of the county will be held on Wednesday the 19th of September at which time delegates to the above called convention will be chosen.

The various precincts of the county are entitled to the following number of delegates, this being based upon the vote cast for W. H. Andrews at the last General Election, one delegate for every ten votes and fraction over five.

No.	Precinct Name	No. of Del.
1	Lincoln	12
2	San Patricio	8
3	Las Pallas	4
4	Piencho	2
5	Rabenton	4
6	Richardson	2
7	Jicarilla	3
8	White Oaks	6
9	Capitan	9
10	Ruidoso	4
11	Nogal	3
21	Bonito	2
18	Corrona	3
14	Carizzo	1

Total number of delegates 68  
All republicans and also others who may desire to affiliate with the Republican party in this county, are invited to attend and take part in their respective precincts.

T. W. Watson,  
Chairman.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

HOMESTEAD APPLICATION No. 1199.  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,  
Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico,  
September 7, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and that said proof will be made before W. E. Kimbrell, the Probate Clerk at his office in Lincoln, N. M. on October 22, 1906, viz: Matillos Sedillo, of White Oaks, New Mexico, for the SW 1/4 NW 1/4 SW 1/4 SW 1/4 Sec. 14, 8th T. N. E. and NE 1/4 Sec. 15, T. 6 S., R. 14 E.

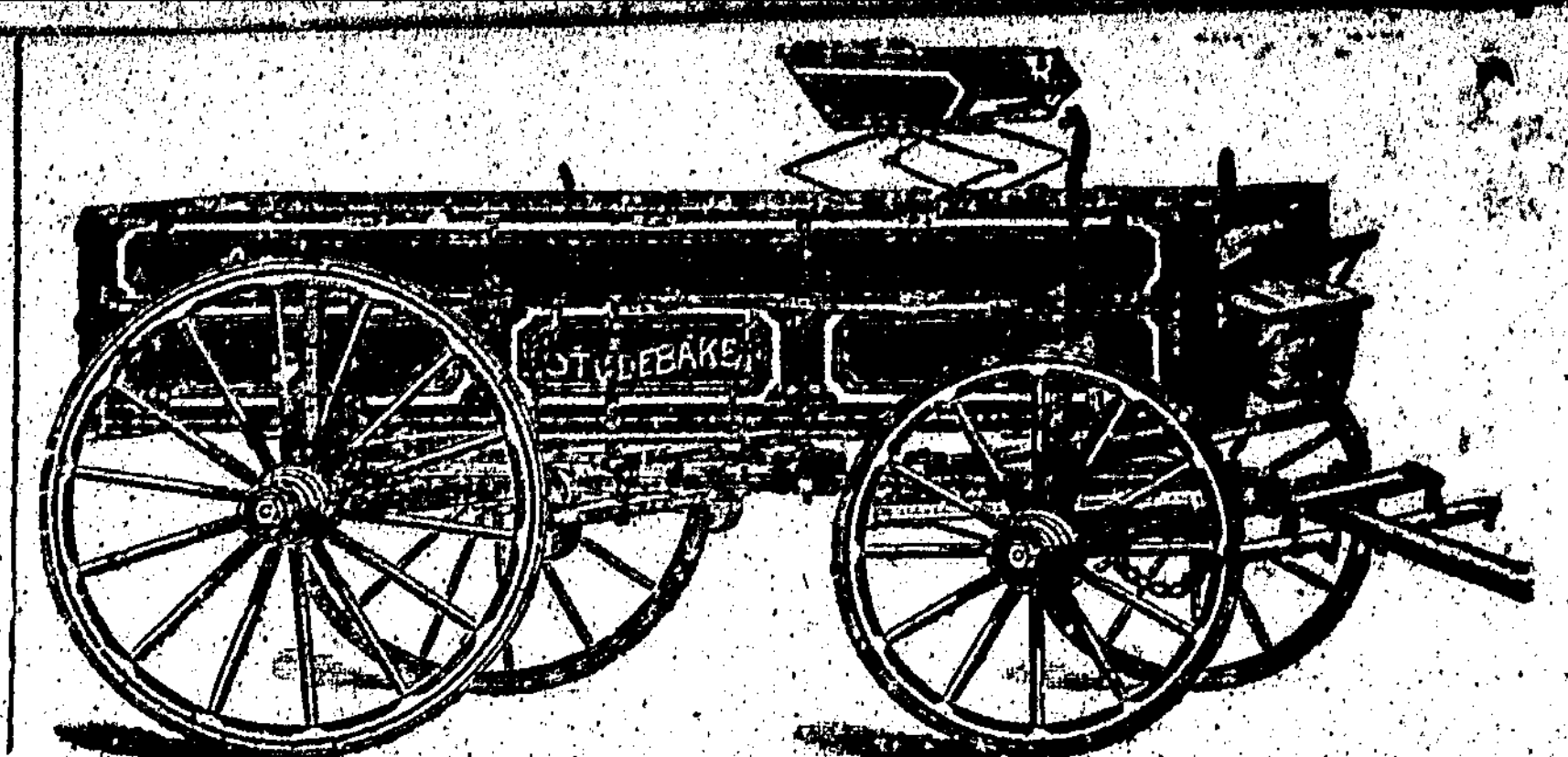
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz:  
Albino Romero, of White Oaks, N. M.,  
Jose Miranda, of White Oaks, N. M.,  
Tobias Lopez, of Lincoln, N. M.,  
Matias Carabalai, of Lincoln, N. M.

HOWARD LELAND,  
Register.

### TO CONSUMPTIVES

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address:

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,  
Brooklyn, New York.



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U. S. Indian School	1 26 p m	U. S. Indian School	4 13 p m
Donacians	1 38 p m	Donacians	4 00 p m
Vega Blanca	2 00 p m	Vega Blanca	3 35 p m
Kennedy	2 25 p m	Kennedy	3 10 p m
Clark	2 50 p m	Clark	2 50 p m
Wiams Spur	3 10 p m	Williams Spur	2 35 p m
Stanley	3 40 p m	Stanley	2 10 p m
Moriarty	4 10 p m	Moriarty	1 35 p m
McIntosh	4 35 p m	McIntosh	1 10 p m
Antelope	4 48 p m	Antelope	12 59 p m
Estancia	5 05 p m	Estancia	12 45 p m
Willard	6 30 p m	Willard	11 25 p m
Progreso	6 55 p m	Progreso	10 55 p m
Bianca	7 15 p m	Bianca	10 30 p m
Torrance	8 15 p m	Torrance	9 50 p m

Leave El Paso via E P-N E System 6.45 p m  
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Leave Santa Fe via Santa Fe Central 1.20 p m  
Arrive El Paso via E P-N E System 8.00 a m

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General Passenger Agent, Santa Fe, N. Mex.