Advertising!
Merchants—this is the best advertising medium.

THE OUTLOOK.

Job Printing..
Done Neatly and at the Most reasonable prices

VOLUME 2 WHITE OAKS NEW MEXICO, THURSDAY, APRIL 19, 1906. NUMBER 33.

LOCAL ROUNDUPS,

Both churches held appropriate Easter services Sunday morning last.

New hats at—TALIAFERRO'S.

John W. Owen, sheriff, is here and brought that laugh with him.

Attorney A. H. Hudspeth has been hobnobbing with officials and friends at the ancient capital for the past week.

Mackerel, Pickles in brine, Barrel Sorghum made at Fritz ranch.

TALIAFERRO'S.

Mrs. Brothers prepared a most bountiful and appetizing Easter dinner, which was elegantly served at Hotel Ozanne last Sunday.

Miss Kittie Tinnon entertained her friends at a birthday party Tuesday evening, at which all enjoyed themselves as only happy childhood can. A nice lunch was served to the the little people by Mrs. Tinnon.

LUMBER AT
TALIAFERRO'S.

Mrs. Carl Keith and family returned from Clifton, Arizona, last Friday, and will spend the summer with her mother Mrs. Frank Crumb.

S. C. B. LEGHORNS

Eggs $1,00 per setting of 15. From a yard of selected hens headed by high-bred imported cockerel.

M. G. PADEN.

The usual Easter shower did not time itself just right last Sunday. The hats had their hour at the churches, were duly admired and criticized, but managed to get safely under cover again before the belated downpour could send them to the scrap pile.

W. A. McIvers, the irrepressible, while attempting to procure a flow of water for the Fleming-Fox Mining and Smelting Company, is also engaged in organizing another mining and milling company in the Jicarillas, with a fair prospect of success. He appears to be working on the correct principle—productive property, an abundance of it, and a capitalization at its real value.

Onion sets, Sorghum seed, and all kinds of Garden and Flower Seeds.

TALIAFERRO'S.

Robert Hurt, the inquisitive county official who comes around about this time of the year asking impertinent questions about your private affairs, especially as to how much lucre you have hid away in your stocking leg bank, paid this town a short visit Saturday just to remind you that he is keeping tabs on you and that your goods and chattels sha'nt be overlooked.

The second suit brought by those who are making an effort to restrain the County Commissioners from paying out public funds on a contract they have grounds for believing was illegally let, was decided in favor of the board, by Judge Mann, at Alamogordo last week. This will probably end the matter until election day in November next.

SAN FRANCISCO IN RUINS.

At the time of going to press a telegram announces that a terrible earthquake visited San Francisco yesterday morning, destroying most of the business part of the city killing over 1000 people, causing a loss of over $50,000,000. Water mains destroyed and city on fire.

Work will be resumed on the Chapman oil well by the first of June. This is an enterprise which ought to be encouraged. It cannot possibly do us any harm and there is a possibility of it bringing us gas or water, even if the oil has all leaked out of the tank, or slipped down and out some other way. Then if it is demonstrated that we really have oil under the ground there will be the satisfaction of knowing Rockefeller is not in it.

LINCOLN NOTES.

Jim Woodland, of Carrizozo, is helping W. L. Gumm erect a windmill tower at Dr. Law's.

Mrs. Fuell and Miss Annice were in town filing on homestead a few days ago.

Dr. Skipworth of Roswell made a flying trip to Lincoln Saturday.

The County Commissioners had a meeting the fore part of the week.

The Easter service and those of the holy days preceding it, were well attended by Father Girma's parishioners. H.

ANCHO ACTIVITIES.

Lambing season has comenced, the grass is green and the sheepmen are happy. The prospects are good for a nice lamb crop.

Mrs. Dunn and children are visiting her husband over at the Comrey and Dunn ranch for a few days.

Mr. Sam Beard is busily engaged erecting a rock mansion for Mr. Dunn who expects to occupy it by the first of the month.

Mr. D. W. Glenn has returned to his first love. He bought 5000 head of sheep from Henry Lutz, and he and the Comreys are now drilling a well west of Red Lake.

Harry Gallacher is holding the fort at Red Lake. The cattlemen are busily engaged driving their stock from the lake to their own ranges.

Mrs. Mamie Grumbles was looking after her meat contract with the grading outfit and paying the Anchoites a visit a day or two ago.

Ed Comrey is putting up a 14ft Halliday windmill for James Cooper.

J. B. French, the egg and chicken man, is running his incubators to their full capacity, between 300 and 400 eggs. He has the finest poultry yard, and the finest selected fowls for beauty and laying qualities in Lincoln County.

Mr. Morris, our townsman, has just received a large consignment of seed and grain from Oklahoma. We suppose he will furnish the community with all kinds of vegetables, flour, etc.

The Railroad Company has just completed a side track for the R. I. Cement and P. Co's. brick kiln.

The wife of our efficient agent, Mr. Kight, is paying a visit to her daughter and sister at the Mesilla Convent during the Easter holidays.

DIED.

DR. J. F. MAINS at the home of William Watson, where he was being cared for, on Wednesday morning the 10th.

A few days ago he was called in a professional way to the home of Mrs. Bragg, over in the Park, who was suffering with what proved to be a fatal case of erysipelas; and while devoting his services to her, it is supposed he contracted the disease in its most virulent form. After enduring many days of intense suffering he passed to the beyond.

Dr. Mains was born in the state of Illinois 48 years ago, but went with his parents when quite young to Niagara, N. Y. But little is known of his early life. He had the advantages of a liberal education however, and when a young man he spent several years at Bellavue, New York City, and held a diploma from that institution. He also spent one year in the medical department at Ann Arbor, Mich. He came to this part of New Mexico in 1897, where he has resided ever since, being engaged in mining and the practice of medicine. The funeral took place at three o'clock Wednesday afternoon from his late home.

A report comes from Santa Rosa that Mrs. Kaiser, a former resident of this place was thrown from a horse against a barbed wire fence and sustained fatal injuries. Her husband, who was an old soldier, died here quite suddenly a few years ago. Two sons are left to mourn the loss of a mother—one a young man grown and the other a boy of about seventeen.

APPORTIONMENT OF SCHOOL FUNDS.

I, the undersigned Superintendent of Schools for the county of Lincoln and Territory of New Mexico, do hereby certify that I have duly apportioned the public school fund of said county on this tenth day of April, 1906. The amount of money to be apportioned is four hundred ninety six dollars and eleven cents, (496.11). The total number of persons of school age in the county is 1872. The rate per pupil is twenty-six cents with a small fraction left over which will be added to next apportionment. Poll tax, licences and special levies are also acredited to the districts where these funds properly belong.

The amounts hereby apportioned to the several districts are as follows:

1	Lincoln	$73.50
2	San Patricio	46.06
3	Wingfields	5.72
4	Picacho	130.55
5	Sanches	10.66
6	Richardson	16.64
8	White Oaks	215.65
9	Mesa	13.02
10	Wests	10,40
11	Nogal	37.44
12	Angus	34.85
13	Corona	208.44
14	Rabenton	20.28
15	Alto	14.72
16	Bonito	7.28
17	S. Arabela	17.42
18	Zamoras	13.78
20	Hondo	120.42
25	Little Creek	7.54
27	Park	18.82
28	Capitan	141.20
32	Arabela	17.42
33	Analla	77.42
35	Glencoe	6.77
42	Ruidoso	13.78
43	Jicarilla	17.16

Lee H. Rudisille,
County Sup't. of Schools.

Welch & Titsworth

WHITE SEED OATS.

Best Greely Potatoes, cwt,		$1.60
Pride of Denver Flour	"	2.60
Imboden's best	" "	2.70
Second grade Kansas	" "	2.00
Native Pink Beans	"	3.00
Granulated Sugar	"	5.60
"	16 lbs for	1.00

(PRICES SUBJECT TO MARKET FLUCTUATIONS.)

GRAHAM FLOUR, RUBBER BOOTS,
CANE SEED,
FRESH ALFALFA SEED,
KAFFIR CORN,
ONION SETS.

STETSON HATS. IRON ROOFING.

CAPITAN. N. M.

HOTEL OZANNE,

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.
Now open for business. Clean beds and an excellent cuisine awaits the traveling public.

Professional Cards.

GEO. B. BARBER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
LINCOLN, - - NEW MEXICO.
Practice in all the courts of the Territory.

J. E. WHARTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
ALAMOGORDO, - - NEW MEXICO.
Special attention given to cases in Lincoln as well as Otero county.

A. H. Hudspeth, John Y. Hewitt
Hewitt & Hudspeth,
Attorneys-at-Law
HEWITT BLOCK. WHITE OAKS.

Church Directory.

Plymouth Congregational Church.

Services every Sunday as follows: Sunday School at 10.30 a. m.

All are cordially invited to attend.

Methodst Church.

Sabbath School each Sunday at 10 o'clock a. m.

Weekly prayermeeting Wednesday night.

All are cordially invited to join these services.

Who's your Tailor?

Not a cheap tailor-shop but a shop where *good* tailoring can be had *cheap.*

If you went through the immense plant that this good tailoring comes from you would understand how our prices are possible.

Your tailor could not exercise more singleness of purpose than the men who would make your clothes in the workshops of this plant.

Each man is a specialist in his particular part of the work.

The Spring and Summer line of woolens is the finest and largest ever displayed.

Come in and inspect it.

Exclusive Local Representative of
Ed. V. Price & Company
Merchant Tailors, Chicago

TALIAFERRO MER.C. and TRADING CO.

MONEY BURNS

HOLES IN THE POCKET

But it is cool and safe in the bank. Open an account with the Exchange Bank. Do it TODAY.

THE EXCHANGE BANK,

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

THE OUTLOOK

WHITE OAKS, - NEW MEXICO.

Possibly a rose named "frost" would sneeze as sweet, but it wouldn't look so pretty.

The man who [illegible] "Auld Lang Syne" shows right away that he has never studied French.

We [illegible] the world be able to [illegible] from cold feet and [illegible]?

The professional [illegible] in the latest [illegible] may [illegible] a mind [illegible] social circle.

A [illegible] a divorce [illegible] what he asked her [illegible] "Why, I [illegible] at [illegible]."

[illegible] a [illegible] and [illegible] proof [illegible] the world [illegible].

Another [illegible] New Jersey [illegible] women [illegible] things. Who [illegible]?

"We [illegible] Hermit [illegible] on his practice [illegible].

The [illegible] received [illegible] verdict [illegible] that [illegible] God of the [illegible].

The [illegible] seem [illegible] to have [illegible] a fine picture [illegible] New York [illegible] with an [illegible] course.

The [illegible] guide for 1906 is out and [illegible] nothing [illegible] to show that [illegible] were not [illegible] just the same as [illegible] this season.

It's about time now for the old hen to stop [illegible] "cut-cut-ca-w-w-w-w" and [illegible] and to begin [illegible] work.

Those [illegible] who have just escaped from Philadelphia might have known what was going to happen when they dug up Cupid in Crete.

It is said that harmony is not keeping pace with prosperity. That's strange. Usually it is prosperity that is so slow to keep pace with matrimony.

People who are troubled about the proper way to write "siege" might spell it "sedge." Then the man who gets the letter can scratch off her "e" he likes.

It has been brought out in a court trial that a baseball player never knows where the ball is going when he swats it. Another cherished illusion gone.

A man has been found who died worth a million dollars, yet he never worked at a larger salary than $22 a week. The million was left to him by a rich relative.

The man who was fined for kissing a Cincinnati girl should have been given a Carnegie hero medal instead of being compelled to contribute to the city treasury.

One woman sues for divorce because her spouse "reneged" at cards and then slapped her. She might overlook the slapping, but never his failure to follow her lead.

The top of the Singer building in New York City is to be 598 feet high. National pride should move congress to add about fifty feet to the height of the Washington monument.

A Pennsylvania man has been fined $10 for hitting his mule with an ax. Although the dispatches do not explain the matter, we take it for granted that he struck the mule first.

A California lawyer will not argue a case before a jury that has whiskers. These masks enable jurors to conceal their feelings when lawyers take up their time with argument over precedents.

Princess Eva will get $50,000 annually as King Alfonzo's bride. It would have looked more attractive to her perhaps, she being a modern woman, if it had been marked down to $49,999.

While we are all glad and willing to aid Douglas Hyde in his efforts to restore the Gaelic language, still we can't help wishing that somebody would do something to restore the English language.

A man bought a pair of 25 cent suspenders in a Springfield, Ohio, store, and in making change for him the cashier gave him instead of his purchase a package of $1,000 bills, which she had prepared for the bank. The cashier is obviously not subject to heart failure, as she is still alive.

The Los Angeles Herald refers to "a Redding, Cal., man attired in the western evening dress of Prince Albert and white vest." Isn't that kind of evening dress rather unfair to people who are troubled with cold feet?

OUR CUBAN TRADE.

Ranks Second Only to Our Trade With Canada.

Washington.—A report issued by the Department of Commerce and Labor on Cuba says:

"Cuba ranks second in importance in the trade relations of the United States with other American countries. The total trade of the United States with the principal countries of America in the calendar year of 1905 was:

With Canada $[illegible], with Cuba, $127,000,000; with Brazil, $111,000,000; with Mexico, $[illegible]; and with Argentina, $[illegible]. The value of our trade with Cuba in the calendar year 1905, according to figures published by the Department of Commerce and Labor, was $[illegible] against $[illegible] in 1904, $[illegible] in 1903, and $[illegible] in 1902, in which year our imports from Cuba touched the lowest point in the last half century. The imports from the United States to Cuba approximated $[illegible] in 1905, $[illegible] in 1904, $[illegible] in 1903, and $[illegible] in 1902, in which year they were smaller than in any preceding year in the last half century.

"Sugar and molasses, tobacco, fruits and nuts are the principal items of import to the United States from Cuba. The value of sugar imported in the year ended June 30, 1905, was over $71,000,000; molasses, $[illegible]; leaf tobacco, $[illegible]; cigars, $[illegible]; fruits, $[illegible]; and nuts, $[illegible]. The value of all articles imported from Cuba in the year ended June 30, 1905, was $[illegible], of which the value of bananas alone was over $[illegible].

"The exports to Cuba include flour, $[illegible]; cotton cloth, $[illegible]; iron and steel, $[illegible]; lard, $[illegible]; cotton goods, $[illegible]; pork, $[illegible]; lumber, $[illegible]; and rice, $[illegible].

"The total exports to Cuba is an especially new feature in our export trade, the value of the exports to the island in 1905 being but $172,[illegible] in excess of the imports, while the total for 1904 was $[illegible].

"As for the larger portion of articles of the exports to Cuba, the value of rice and wheat flour, of which the total in 1905 was $[illegible]."

TO PROSECUTE BANKERS

Depositors in Bank of Alamosa to Take Action.

Denver.—A Republican special from Alamosa says: The depositors of the defunct Bank of Alamosa, which failed last October for $[illegible], incensed at the decision of Federal Judge Riner, who last week at Pueblo decided there was no proof that Herman Schiffer of New York was connected with the affairs of the defunct bank, although it was given out by Abraham and Isaac Schiffer that Herman ran the bank for them and his name was on all stationery used by the bank, held a meeting here Monday and instructed two committees appointed by the depositors to petition the county commissioners of Conejos county to appropriate money to employ the best legal talent in the state to aid District Attorney Pilcher to prosecute Abraham and Isaac Schiffer for wrecking the bank.

These two men were adjudged bankrupts last week in the federal court at Pueblo on petition of the depositors and the assets of the bank, when determined, will not pay over 10 cents on the dollar. The ranch at Silverton supposed to be worth $35,000, is held under a deed of trust by a woman named Robinson of Del Norte. Other tangible assets of the defunct bank consist of the bank building and fixtures, a frame house and half a dozen lots in Alamosa. The depositors committee has not accepted and proposition from the Schiffers in settlement.

Abe Schiffer will be in Alamosa Wednesday to go over the books of the defunct bank with the committee, the District Court granting the Schiffers this right.

Banks for Mexico.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Advices from the City of Mexico say $15,000,000 will be expended by Los Angeles capitalists in the institution and operation of a chain of banks along the west coast of Mexico. Additional plans are said to involve the operation of a passenger and freight steamship service between San Pedro and three leading western coast ports of Mexico, the erection of a hotel in Mazatlan, the development of land and water, the promotion of a vast colonization scheme and the completion of an agricultural and irrigation survey of the state of Sinaloa for the purpose of developing its agricultural and mineral resources.

Receives German Veterans.

Washington.—Forty-five veterans who have served with distinction in the German army and most of whom are American citizens, were received by President Roosevelt at 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon. The German ambassador, Baron Sternberg, presented the visitors to the President at the White House. The distinguished German-Americans came from various parts of the United States and many of them are members of the Kriegerbund Military Society. The President received the party with much cordiality and praised the Germans in America.

Judge Lewis Confirmed.

Washington.—The nomination of Robert E. Lewis as United States district judge for Colorado was confirmed by the Senate Tuesday noon. This action was taken in conformity with customs of senatorial courtesy, a request for confirmation having been made by Senator Patterson, who desired Lewis confirmed at once, and prior to Patterson's departure Tuesday evening for Denver.

Briefs in Patterson Case.

Washington.—In the United States Supreme Court Monday briefs were filed by both parties to the controversy on the motion to affirm or dismiss the case of Thomas M. Patterson, under sentence of the Supreme Court of Colorado for contempt. Assistant Attorney General I. H. Melville presented the briefs on behalf of the state.

NEW MEXICO NEWS SUMMARY

The commissioners of Torrance county have decided to issue bonds of $7,500 to build a court house at Estancia.

A Roswell dispatch says: Monte Miller has sold 5,400 head of sheep to Vincent M. Baca of Denver for $27,000 cash. Mr. Baca's sons of Denver will engage in the sheep business here.

Estavio Vigil, former county school superintendent, released from office, was arrested at Albuquerque April 5th on a charge of perjury in connection with an alleged misappropriation of school funds.

Hon. J. J. Baca, president of the board of regents of the Territorial school of Mines, died a sudden death night of April 5th from heart disease. A short time before he returned he was talking to members of his family and apparently was in the best of health.

The Storm Mountain Commission-[illegible] was formed in Abbot recently and organized according to law. The county was divided into seven districts and inspectors were appointed for each district. The officers and directors of the commission were elected and will look their offices for the ensuing year.

Among the notaries public recently appointed by Governor Hagerman are the following: Jose S. Ortiz [illegible] Santa Fe county; Thomas [illegible] Lincoln county; [illegible] Sierra county; Miguel Moya, Mora county; Frank H. Coon, Silver City, Grant county.

Trains are running regularly [illegible] between Estancia on the Eastern railway of New Mexico, a distance of [illegible] miles. Within another [illegible] months the regular train service will be established on the entire length of the Eastern railway of New Mexico, from Texico via Summit, Estancia and Willard to Lucero.

Those who judge wool and sheep statistics in the far East know New Mexico's third place in the list of the common wealths where the sheep industry is an important one. Even with the abnormal state of lambs and wethers last year, New Mexico still stood first place. This assertion is now borne out by the assessment roll, the figures showing it.—Santa Fe New Mexican.

A Santa Fe dispatch of April 6th says: Warren Boyer and John Gormon, homesteaders in the Estancia valley, 40 miles south of Santa Fe, today struck an inexhaustible supply of pure water in a well only three feet deep. They immediately sank another well on their claims and struck the same vein of water at a depth of 11 feet. As thousands of acres in that vicinity are subject to homestead entry a rush to the Estancia valley is anticipated within the next few weeks.

At Santa Fe April 7th, C. W. Peary of Roff, Indian Territory, who claimed to be an ex-judge of Oklahoma and an associate justice of Indian Territory, as well as intimate friend of President Roosevelt, was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary by Judge R. McFie for obtaining money under false pretenses. Peary was caught in New York. Judge McFie also sentenced Cruz Tafoya to three years in the penitentiary for perjury and Eliseo Salazar to two years and a half for assault with intent to kill.

The partly decomposed remains of Placido Ortega, a young man of Santa Fe, subject to epileptic fits, were found recently eight miles south of the city on the arroyo Hondo by Manuel Rodriguez. Ortega had evidently fallen into his camp fire while suffering from an epileptic fit. He was burned terribly, only three months before from falling into an open grate. Coyotes and buzzards had partly devoured the body. Ortega had started overland from Albuquerque for Santa Fe when overtaken by death.

At the Heaton mine, owned by the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company and located near Gallup, a frightful murder occurred on the 5th inst. Two Mexicans assaulted another of their race, and in the melee cut open the latter's head with an axe. A woman friend of the murdered man attempted to pick up the body and carry it into a nearby house, when she was struck over the head and knocked to the ground. The assailants attempted to escape, but the miners held them at bay until Sheriff Coddington arrived from Gallup and took them to jail. The men were coal miners.

The last step necessary to assure the establishment of a 640-acre Campbell system demonstration farm was taken at Las Vegas on the 9th inst., when the Las Vegas grant trustees endorsed the note of the Campbell Association for $2,500 and the First National bank put up the money to carry on the experiment. The deed to the section of land was given at the last meeting of the board. The work on the Campbell farm will begin at once. The grant board has also entered into a contract with W. S. Thompson of Clayton to sell 50,000 acres of land for colonization purposes. The land is to be settled by farmers who will follow the teaching of the demonstration farm and plant without irrigation.

Leon F. Kneipp, who for some time has been acting supervisor of the Pecos forest reserve, has been promoted to be supervisor and will be placed in charge of the Jemez forest reserve on May the 1st, in addition to the duties which he is now performing in charge of the Pecos forest reserve. Mr. Kneipp has been in the service for some years and came to Santa Fe from Prescott, where he had been a ranger and given satisfaction. He has been here about a year and half in charge of the Pecos forest reserve. On and after May the 1st, Supervisor Kneipp will have the entire management of the two reserves named. Forest Inspector M. L. Erickson will leave on that date to assume duties elsewhere, he having been recently promoted from forest assistant to forest inspector. Supervisor Kneipp, since he has been stationed here, has become well known to people in this section and has made many friends by his courteous and affable behavior as well as by his attention to duty and efficiency in the service.—Santa Fe New Mexican.

The Los Angeles Times of April 5th says: Immense new coal fields, comprising 500,000 acres in Colfax county, New Mexico, have just been bought by the St. Louis, Rocky Mountain & Pacific Railroad Company from the French syndicate which owns the old Maxwell land grant of 1,570,000 acres in Colfax county, for a price said to be $[illegible].

The Santa Rita Store Company, Santa Rita, Grant county, has been indicted by the United States grand jury for alleged violation of the anti-trust law. The persons named in the indictment are Dugan and Young, officers of the company. The prosecuting witnesses are Turner Bros., who also conduct a general store at Santa Rita and who claim the Santa Rita company prohibited their mine employes from trading at Turner's, commanding the miners not to trade at the company store or leave the mines. The case is of interest because nearly every mine owner has a store.

A Roswell dispatch of April 4th says: Morris, in the first degree was the verdict returned this afternoon by the grand jury at Portales against E. [illegible], the news agent, who shot and killed Conductor F. B. Curtis Friday night. A conviction on an indictment of this character in New Mexico carries with it the sentence of death. A conviction of murder in the second degree carries a penalty as high as life imprisonment in the discretion of the judge. E. M. Price and C. L. Price of Kentucky, brothers of the prisoner, are at Portales, and will do all in their power for the defense. The trial will hardly be commenced this week.

E. [illegible] Price, who killed Conductor Frank B. Curtis April 3d, and Doss Boyd, who killed Henry Stoltz in December, 1904, at Portales, were arraigned at Roswell April 6th, and both pleaded not guilty to indictments of murder returned by the present grand jury of Roosevelt county. They were remanded to jail to await trial. Boykin and Stoltz were brothers-in-law, and Stoltz was killed in the door of his home. The difficulty arose over family matters, and the only witness to the killing was Boykin's young brother. Boykin was a ranchman from Tucumcari, New Mexico, and Stoltz was formerly a deputy sheriff and jailer of this Chaves county.

Murder at Santa Fe.

A Santa Fe dispatch of April 4th says: As he stood at the bar in the Claire hotel in the act of raising a glass to take a drink, shortly before midnight last night, Camilo Martinez, night policeman, noted for fearlessness, was shot and killed by Nazario Alarid, a "bad man," though little more than a boy.

Alarid five years ago shot and killed Ramon Garcia, a young Santa Fe man who was not armed, in a fight over a girl. He was acquitted.

The city election was held yesterday, Alarid and Martinez being on opposite sides politically. For years there has been a feud between the families and six months ago Alarid tried to kill Martinez, but was arrested after wounding the officer. The victory secured by the Citizen's ticket yesterday aggravated the feud. Martinez had been in the bar room but a few minutes when, according to witnesses, three men entered, one of whom was Nazario Alarid. The sauntered to the bar, and Alarid slipped to the side of Martinez, who did not see him. With a lightning-like move, he whipped out a sixshooter, placed it against the side of Martinez's head and fired. The officer placed his glass upon the bar, sank to the floor and died without a word. Alarid passed quickly between those back of him, faced the bar room crowd, still holding his revolver in his hand, and backed slowly from the barroom.

Before he could gain the street Joseph Lacombe, proprietor of the saloon, seized a revolver and covered Alarid, citizens threw themselves upon him and he was placed under arrest. Amado Senn, who was also in the saloon, supposedly in company with Alarid, was arrested by Sheriff Ortiz and was found to have a big sixshooter in his overcoat pocket. Both men were taken to jail, but to-day Alarid was transferred to the penitentiary to prevent attempts to lynch him.

The bar room was crowded with men discussing the election returns at the time the crime was committed and most of them were friends of the officer, which made the deed unusually bold. Witnesses said that Martinez did not see who shot him and apparently did not know what had happened. There are several members of the mounted police force in town to-night and everything is peaceable.

There were numerous other fights yesterday, in one of which a man's throat was cut, though not dangerously. No further trouble is anticipated, as Canuto Alarid, another member of the family, has been arrested for making threats on the streets to-day and the officers say they have the friends of the murderer cowed.

A later dispatch, dated April 5th, says: Nazario Alarid, who on Tuesday night shot and killed Policeman Camilo Martinez in a local saloon, was given a preliminary hearing to-day, and after pleading not guilty was held for the grand jury without bail.

Extra precautions were taken to prevent the escape of Alarid, who is at the penitentiary for safe keeping. Fred Fornoff, captain of the New Mexico rangers, with several of his men, were in the court room with the sheriff. Alarid appears dejected.

His uncle, Ricardo Alarid, who three months ago shot at Martinez and wounded him, had his bail increased from $1,000 to $2,000, and thus far has been unable to furnish it, hence is in custody. The Alarids are prominent in politics in Santa Fe and the quarrel between them and Policeman Martinez was due to factional differences.

The funeral of Policeman Camilo Martinez took place this forenoon. Vicar General Anthony Fourcheque sang requiem mass at the cathedral. The funeral procession was an extraordinarily long one.

SLUGGER SENTENCED.

Recorder Goff Denounces Strike Violence.

New York.—Recorder Goff, in the Court of General Sessions, sentenced Frank Hawkins to the penitentiary for one year Thursday, and gave strikers in general some advice. Hawkins, who is an iron worker, and was at one time associated with "Sam" Parks, was convicted of assaulting Samuel Anderson. In passing sentence Recorder Goff said:

"As a judge I deem it important to say to you that the evidence in this case clearly points to a conspiracy of which you were one of the conspirators to take this man Anderson, and to assault him because he was working instead of the men on strike. That he was assaulted and brutally beaten, and perhaps permanently injured, there can be no question.

"That man Anderson has just as much freedom and right to work as you had to refuse to work, and while it is in evidence that you showed that this man took the bread out of your children's mouths you took the bread out of his children's mouths, and his children were just as dear to him as yours were to you.

"You disabled him, practically speaking, from earning bread for his children, and surely you, as a man, can not claim that he loved his children less than you love yours.

"The law gives you and every workingman the right to organize for the betterment of your condition, the right to sell your labor to the highest bidder, the right to refuse to labor for anyone that you don't like, the right to withhold your work except on conditions that are agreeable to you.

"The law even goes so far as to extend to you the right to persuade other men to adopt the same course, but when men representing organized labor step over the very broad and generous provisions of the law and use violence as an argument to enforce their views for their fellow men, then the law is violated and not only the rights of the individual are trampled upon, but the peace and safety of the community are in danger."

TIMBER AND GRAZING.

Sales and Fees Will Reach Half a Million.

Washington.—In response to the Heyburn resolution calling for information concerning receipts of the forest service from sales of timber and rental of reservation lands and disposition of funds, the secretary of agriculture has sent a statement to the Senate showing receipts from February, 1905, when the forest control was placed in the Agricultural Department, to March 31, 1906.

The total amount collected from sales of timber, fines for timber trespass, grazing on forest reserves and for concessions was $317,875.

Expenditures for wages of rangers, care and preservation of forests, $44,512, leaving available in the forest reserve service fund $273,363.

Receipts during the period named from Utah were $11,200 from sales of timber, and $3,402 from grazing fees; Colorado, $77,269 from sales of timber, and $2,587 from grazing fees; Idaho, $9,370 from sales of timber, and $3,422 from grazing fees; Wyoming, $23,132 from sales of timber, and $644 from grazing fees.

The secretary estimates that the entire receipts for the current fiscal year will be: From sales of timber, $215,000, and from grazing fees $306,500.

KANSAS TORNADO

Destroys Church and Many Dwelling Houses.

Wichita, Kan.—A special to the Eagle says that a tornado occurred at 5 o'clock Friday evening at Stafford. Several persons were injured, seven houses and a church were destroyed and many other buildings were damaged.

The storm came from the southwest, passed over the business part of the town without damage, first striking two blocks east of Main street. Here the home of Fred Tanner and the parsonage of the Congregational church were demolished.

The Quaker church was blown down, the debris falling upon the home of Mrs. Ella Granger, which was also destroyed. Mrs. Granger was injured, but not seriously.

Another tornado is reported at Bushton, thirty miles north of Stafford. Several residences and other buildings were blown down. No one was reported injured. Wires are down and little information can be obtained from Bushton.

Three Philippine Railways.

Washington.—Preparations are being made for the early beginning of work on the railroads to be built in the islands of Panay, Negros and Cebu, in the Philippines, concessions for the construction of which were recently granted to a syndicate. According to information reaching the War Department, engineers and a force of men will be sent to the Philippines on one of the vessels leaving the Pacific coast for Manila at an early date. The concession provides for about 100 miles of railroad on each of the three islands named. It is expected that native labor will be utilized to the greatest possible extent.

Suffering from Hunger.

Naples.—No such scenes have prevailed in modern times as those witnessed on the streets of Naples and environs within the last forty-eight hours. Fugitives from the villages of Ottajano, Boso Case, and others, destroyed or partially destroyed by the eruption, have made their way to Naples. Most of them are without other resources than the clothing on their backs. Naples at all times, as American tourists well know, has a horde of beggars, but now the well-to-do villagers of yesterday are begging for bread. It is estimated that 250,000 people are homeless and destitute.

The Best Guaranty of Merit Is Open Publicity.

Every bottle of Dr. Pierce's world-famed medicines leaving the great laboratory at Buffalo, N. Y., has printed upon its wrapper all the ingredients entering into its composition. This fact alone places Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines *in a class all by themselves.* They cannot be classed with patent or secret medicines because they are neither. This is why so many unprejudiced physicians prescribe them and recommend them to their patients. They know what they are composed of, and that the ingredients are those endorsed by the most eminent medical authorities.

The further fact that neither Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the great stomach tonic, liver invigorator, heart regulator and blood purifier, nor his "Favorite Prescription" for weak, overworked, broken-down, nervous women, contains any alcohol, also entitles them to a place all by themselves.

Many years ago, Dr. Pierce discovered that chemically pure glycerine, of proper strength, is a better solvent and preservative of the medicinal principles resisting in our indigenous, or native, medicinal plants than is alcohol; and, further, more, that it possesses valuable medicinal properties of its own, being demulcent, nutritive, antiseptic, and a most efficient antiferment.

Neither of the above medicines contains alcohol, or any harmful, habit-forming drug, as will be seen from a glance at the formula printed on each bottle wrapper. They are safe to use and potent to cure.

Not only do physicians prescribe the above, non-secret medicines largely, but the most intelligent people employ them—people who would not think of using the ordinary patent, or secret medicines. Every ingredient entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's medicines has the strongest kind of an endorsement from leading medical writers of the several schools of practice. No other medicines put up for like purposes has any such *professional* endorsement.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. One "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. Druggists sell them, and nothing is "just as good." Easy to take as candy.

"You say they were married and lived happy ever after?" "Nothing of the kind. I said they married and lived scrappy ever after."

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for **FREE $2.00** trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

So far as known now, the hen is the only one that has to work while laying off.

You always get full value in Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c cigar. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

NO HEREDITARY FEAR.

Fowls Become Wild by Experience of Danger.

A powerful motive in choosing the ruffed grouse for experiment is the fact that a myth has seemingly spread over the entire country to the effect that this species is untamable, says a writer in April Country Life in America. Knowledge of the species, its instincts, habits, foods and general character could be obtained by actually taming and living with the birds better than by any other method. Can a fear hatch out of an egg? If a fear can hatch out of an egg, what is to hinder a thought or an idea from hatching out of an egg? If a thought and an emotion can hatch out of an egg, why not a volition hatch out of an egg?

Why, then, may not a complete character hatch out of an egg? and where is the need of experience, training and education? After about ten years of careful observation and experiment with a number of different species, I am prepared to maintain the thesis that a specific fear cannot hatch out of a bird's egg. Given the physical conditions necessary to the life and comfort of the species, hatch the eggs, and one species is as tame as any other and will not show fear of man or of anything else until it has learned by instruction, experience or natural inference that the object in question is dangerous.

The fact remains, all the popular statements to the contrary notwithstanding, that a grouse chick hatched in an incubator or under a hen, from an egg taken from a nest in the woods is every whit as "tame" as a chick of the domestic fowl; and it remains so until it experiences something to make it "wild."

DECAYED STARCH.

A Food Problem.

An Asheville man tells how right food did that which medicines had failed to accomplish.

"For more than 15 years," he says, "I was afflicted with stomach trouble and intestinal indigestion, gas forming in stomach and bowels and giving me great distress. These conditions were undoubtedly due to the starchy food I ate, white bread, potatoes, etc., and didn't digest. I grew worse with time, till, 2 years ago, I had an attack which the doctor diagnosed as appendicitis. When the surgeon operated on me, however, it was found that my trouble was ulcer of the pancreas, instead of appendicitis.

"Since that time I have had several such attacks, suffering death, almost. The last attack was about 3 months ago, and I endured untold agonies.

"The doctor then said that I would have to eat less starchy stuff, so I began the use of Grape-Nuts food for I knew it to be pre-digested, and have continued same with most gratifying results. It has built me up wonderfully. I gained 10 pounds in the first 3 weeks that I used Grape-Nuts, my general health is better than ever before, my brain is clearer and my nerves stronger.

"For breakfast and dinner, each, I take 4 teaspoonfuls of Grape-Nuts with cream, a small slice of dry toast, an egg soft boiled and a cup of Postum; and I make the evening meal on Grape-Nuts and cream alone—this gives me a good night's rest and I am well again." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

EX-MAYOR CRUMBO RECOMMENDS PE-RU-NA

"My Endorsement of Pe-ru-na is Based On Its Merits."
—Ed. Crumbo.

ED. CRUMBO, Ex-Mayor of New Albany, Ind., writes from 511 E. Oak street:

"My endorsement of Peruna is based on its merits.

"If a man is sick he looks anxiously for something which will cure him, and Peruna will do the work.

"I know that it will cure catarrh of the head or stomach, indigestion, headache and any weary or sick feeling.

"It is bound to help anyone, if used according to directions.

"I also know dozens of men who speak in the highest terms of Peruna and have yet to hear of anyone being disappointed in it."

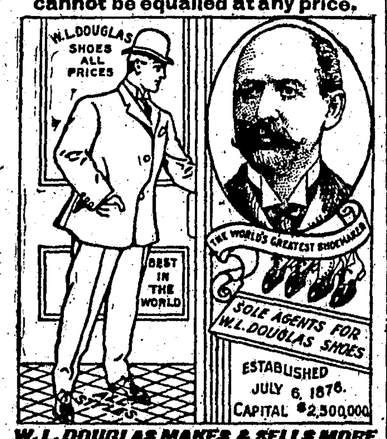
Mr. Crumbo, in a later letter, dated Aug. 25, 1904, says:

"My health is good, at present, but if I should have to take any more medicine I will fall back on Peruna."

WANTED Local managers; good men and women to represent us in every city, town and county in this and adjoining states. No fake schemes; cash and expenses daily; will pay you to investigate. For full particulars address 208 Nassau Block, Denver, Colo.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN

W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.



W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom.

Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.

Write for Illustrated Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

CATS IN LEADVILLE

BY NO MEANS A C. TLESS TOWN

Prevalent False Report in the East Corrected by a Leadville Newspaper.

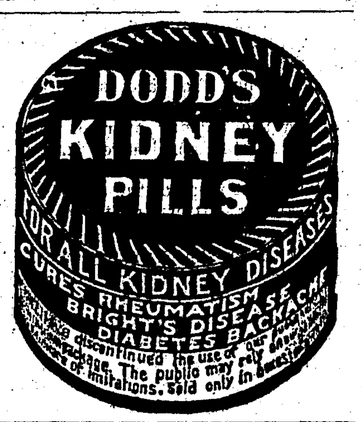
An article in a recent number of a Toronto paper under the caption of "Leadville, the Catless Town," seems to convey the impression that our city is wanting in that common article of household effects, says the Leadville Herald-Democrat. As the eastern periodical obtained its information from a Denver man no great fault perhaps can be attached to the statement.

It appears that a New York shoe house salesman had trouble in obtaining his night's rest in a certain hotel in Denver a short time ago, and registered a complaint the next morning with the chief clerk. "A cat in the alley across the street kept me awake," said the salesman. "You'll either have to guarantee that the cats will have to be kept out of that alley to-night or change my room. I must have sleep or I cannot work."

The clerk smiled and replied that it was the first complaint of the kind he had ever had there, and also that there was comparatively few cats in Denver, but that if he would live absolutely without any chance of being wakened by cats he would have to move up to Leadville. "Leadville? Why?" asked the commercial man. "Because," replied the clerk, "Leadville has no cats. They can not live there. Too much altitude, as we say around here."

The paper then summarizes that such is the case, and that Leadville has not, probably, a single cat. The paper further adds that cats have been many times taken to Leadville, but invariably succumbed to the effects of the high altitude. The writer stated that all cats taken to Leadville have died of a form of pneumonia, and persons living in Leadville will be surprised to learn that the above has passed muster for genuine.

For the information of our erring salesman and Ananias hotel clerk it may be stated that the good old domestic animal, the cat, lives and thrives in the city of Leadville, notwithstanding the altitude. There is as great a variety of feline in Leadville as in any other part of the Union. It has never been stated here that when poor old pussy takes its departure that its exit into another sphere has been caused by pneumonia. We have the cream of the medical profession here, but they have never undertaken to diagnose cat diseases. In addition to our having a good quota of cats w can also boast of a good supply of the animals whose company the cat seeks, namely mice and rats. The former predominate while the latter generally known here as the mountain rat is not so numerous as in the lower altitudes. We have enough, however, to make their company disagreeable were it not for the presence of pussy. We have cats here which would surprise people in the lower altitudes. Some attain the age of fifteen years, while some equal in size the jack rabbit. In fact nearly every householder has from one to three of this favorite animal. A house in Leadville would be sadly wanting in its general entour without the presence of the cat. Yes, Leadville has cats.



PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C.
Successfully Prosecutes Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

WINCHESTER

"LEADER" AND "REPEATER" SHOTGUN SHELLS

Carefully inspected shells, the best of powder, shot and wadding, loaded by machines which give invariable results account for the superiority of Winchester "Leader" and "Repeater" Factory Loaded Smokeless Powder Shells. Reliability, velocity, pattern and penetration are determined by scientific apparatus and practical experiments. They are THE SHELLS THE CHAMPIONS SHOOT

BEGIN AT THE BOTTOM

You cannot rear a strong nation on a feeble foundation. You cannot build a cathedral if you begin with the spire. You cannot have healthy children by improper feeding. Let the children be reared on good, healthy, nourishing food to make them a nation of mental and physical workers, instead of puny, pitiful men and women.

DR. PRICE'S
WHEAT FLAKE CELERY
FOOD

is the best food for the growing child, the laboring man, the feeble and the aged. No breakfast food to compare with it.

Palatable—Nutritious—Easy of Digestion and Ready to Eat

Can be served hot. Put in a hot oven for a few minutes; or cook in boiling milk to a mush.

10c a package. For Sale by Grocers | *My Signature on every package* Dr. T. E. Price

As much nourishment as a loaves of bread

Dr. Price, the famous food expert, the creator of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, Delicious Flavoring Extracts, Ice Cream Surprise and Jelly Dessert, has never been compelled, notwithstanding strenuous Food laws, to change any of his products. They have always conformed to their requirements. This is an absolute guarantee of their quality and purity.

DINNERS HAD BEEN PAID FOR.

Exactly the Right Time to Call All Bets Off.

It was several years ago, when Nashua, N. H., was enjoying the excitement of an annual city election, and, as was natural, the followers of the two political faiths were considerably wrought up.

Frank Barr, then a railroad official in Nashua, now general manager of the Boston & Maine railroad, and his brother, John H. Barr, a prosperous Nashua hardware dealer, dropped into the Parker House, Boston, and there chanced to meet George Bowers, a Nashua clothier, now dead. The con-

The Dinners on Him.

versation drifted to politics. Frank Barr was sure the man he favored would be elected mayor, while Bowers, who was of the opposite political faith, was confident of the winning powers of his favorite.

"Bet you the best dinner in Boston my man wins," exclaimed Frank Barr.

"I'll just go you on that," replied Bowers, and the two shook hands.

"Don't I ring in on that dinner," asked John Barr.

Both agreed that he should be one of the party, whereupon he suggested that all parties concerned being in Boston then, and in one of the best hotels, and with good appetites, then was the time to have the dinner. The others thought it would be better to wait for the election to decide the wager, but John Barr argued that there was no time like the present. He further suggested that he would settle for the dinners, and when the bet was decided the loser could settle with him.

The proposition was no sooner made than accepted by the other two, and a private dining room was engaged and the order for the best dinner the house afforded was lodged with the clerk. When the bill was called for at the desk it took a little more than $20 to settle it.

"Mighty good dinner," said John Barr, "and it was nice of you fellows to take me in. There is but one thing missing, and that is the cigars," and he walked toward the cigar counter. He did not pick out any domestic brand, but called for the best.

While he was absent Bowers said: "Say, Frank, I am not so sure about my man winning."

"Neither am I," replied Frank Barr. "Let's call the bet off, then."

"All right," said the other.

John Barr returned and passed around the Havanas.

"What were you fellows laughing about and shaking hands for?" he asked.

"Oh, nothing," replied his brother, "only we agreed to call the bet off."

"Called the bet off! Well, then, who's going to pay for the dinners?" demanded John.

"You have, haven't you?" inquired Frank.

Siren.

The siren of Neapolitan folk lore is a crowned woman in a flowing robe who rides a seahorse which has two feet and a fish's tail. On an old vase in the Naples museum she appears thus, riding above the rushing waters of the River of Death, having been sent to Hades by Neptune in search of Prosorpine.

Signed Name Opposite 13.

The death of Morris Stein, auditor of the Western Ohio Railway, whose funeral was held in Piqua to-day, recalls that the day before the fatal collision of trolley cars in which he was killed he was approached by young men companions and asked to sign a subscription for a dancing party.

Stein glanced over the list, and seeing names above and below the numbered designation "13" laughingly asked if every one was superstitious. Then he affixed his signature opposite the "13."

In less than twenty-four hours the fast limited, on which he was a passenger, was wrecked, and Stein was the only person killed."—Lima correspondence Cincinnati Enquirer.

SNAKES IN QUANTITY IN INDIA.

Hunters Dragged Five Big Pythons Out of a Hole.

An extraordinary venture befell Charles and William Theobald at Mysore while out shooting game for the Prince of Wales, writes a Madras correspondent of the London Daily Express.

Coming across a cavity in the bank of a stream one of them peeped in and saw something lying there, which after a few seconds was recognized as a python.

The mouth of the hole was enlarged to admit the hand and the snake's tail was seized and both men tugged at it till the python was dragged out. Then it was seized by the head around which a piece of cloth was tied.

The Theobalds had another peep into the hole and were surprised to see another python. This also was soon captured and placed with the first.

They were about to leave the place when a man called out that there was yet another python in the hole. This one, after some tugging, was pulled out and tied, and, to the surprise of the two young men, they found that there were still more left. They hauled the remainder out with the exception of one, which retreated inward and could not be reached.

Five pythons were captured in all, and they were with difficulty carried to a dogcart and brought into Mysore. They are all young and about ten to twelve feet long.

Legendary Giant of Antwerp.

In the old city of Antwerp there is an immense statue, nearly forty feet in height, of the legendary giant, Antigonus. The story about him is that hundreds of years ago he installed himself at a certain point on the River Scheldt and extorted heavy toll from all who passed. If they would not pay he cut off their hands and threw them into the river. When

Antigonus.

the giant was finally slain the city which had grown up around that spot was called Hantwerpen, which means "hand-tossing." Of course Hantwerpen was finally corrupted into Antwerp.

When they have a celebration of any kind in Antwerp, now, they carry the great statue of Antigonus about the streets, preceded by two men carrying plaster casts of hands as emblems.

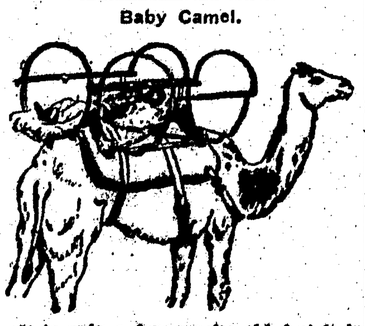
Proof of Spirit Communication.

An extraordinary story of spirit communication comes from Australia. In a town on the Yarra Yarra river, a Mr. Brown attended a Spiritualistic seance when his two sons and a friend had gone out yachting for a few days. During the seance it is stated one of the sons communicated the fact that the yacht had capsized and all aboard were drowned, describing the locality minutely. He also said that one body had been devoured by a shark. Search was made, and two bodies were found. Some time later a shark was killed near the spot and on being opened the waistcoat and watch of the unfortunate man were found. The watch had stopped at nine oclock, the time mentioned in the sons message at the seance.

Irish Moss as a Medicine.

Irish moss is used as a foundation for many desserts in the dietary kitchens where especial dishes are prepared for invalids. An authority on the question of seaweeds states that scurvy, the dread of sailors, caused by the absence of potash in the salt meat which forms a part of every ships provisions, would be ameliorated by the liberal use of the seamoss jelly, which is rich in potash. Irish moss has always a place in the medicine chest of the old-fashioned housewife, who pins her faith to its healing properties for colds, sore throats, etc. —Leslie's Weekly.

Baby Camel.



It is only a few weeks old, but it is a good sized infant.

Celebrates 108th Birthday.

Mrs. Mary McKittrick, believed to be the oldest person in western Pennsylvania, celebrated her 108th birthday at Uniontown, Pa., recently. A large number of friends visited her at her home and made merry over the event.

Her Cares Are Many

Housekeeping in Egypt, with Native Servants, a Serious Proposition, According to English Women

(Special Correspondence.)

In the eyes of some women, who are neither housewives by nature nor blessed with substantial means, the management of a household is a duty principally made up of worries.

In Egypt, however, if one has sense of humor, one is largely helped over minor difficulties of housekeeping by the ludicrous occurrences which are part of one's daily life; but the sense of humor is really a necessity. The woman who lacked it and expected her menage in that country to run on conventional lines, would have to settle down to a life of worry and her face would be wrinkled and her hair grow gray in a fortnight.

Servants, to begin with, in the average Anglo-Egyptian house are natives, generally of the Berberi tribe, and very good servants on the whole they make. But in taking up the reins of such an establishment one must necessarily drop many of one's preconceived notions and can only learn by experience how best to manage it.

I had considerable difficulties to face when I began a sojourn of two years in the land of Egypt, as I was perfectly inexperienced both in cooking and in the interior economy of the household—in short, totally ignorant of the art of management, my only fixed idea being a desire to learn and not to be "done" by that same ignorance.

Our indoor servants, who slept out of the house and fed themselves, were five in number. Ali, the cook, was a dark, shifty-looking scoundrel, with a hang-dog expression. His looks, however, were the worst part of him, for he turned out a treasure in his own way. There were two suffragis, or butlers, Abdool, the head one, having been my husband's personal servant for many years and being presumably devoted to him. The "housemaid" was a quiet, docile young man about six feet high, the only Egyptian in the house, the others all being Berberi. A wooly-headed cook's boy, or murmiton, named Mahmud, completed the menage.

Cook Master of Situation.

The first conclusion I came to was that in catering for the household one must be to a great extent in the hands of one's cook. No tradesmen call in Egypt, and, with the exception of the bread which is supplied by European bakers, everything must be bought in the market. It is impossible, or rather useless, to go out oneself to inspect and ask the price of meat, vegetables, etc. To a European there is one price, to a native another. For this reason nobody except those who can afford to pay more than is necessary for their food go in for European cooks. They are a luxury and much envied, but they are inevitably cheated more or less in the market, whereas a native need pay no more than the proper value for what the buys. I do not deny that he generally thinks himself entitled to put on an extra piastre here and there in the book he presents to you weekly but that one much expect. Even with what he makes out of you he costs you less than would a European, who, however honest he may be, is unable to cope with the cunning of an oriental market.

The cook had no idea of proportion, and I well remember my first meal in the country. I had just arrived, and we sat down to a tete-a-tete dinner, which had of necessity been left to the cook's direction. The first course consisted of an enormous tureen full of thick soup, which would alone have almost satisfied a dozen hungry men. The next was even more overwhelming—a mountain of mashed potato, with sixteen mutton cutlets aranged round it in a formidable row!

He Followed Instructions.

The first occasion on which visitors broke bread in our house was when two friends turned up rather unexpectedly one day to luncheon. I slipped down to the kitchen to have a look round and to make sure that Ali served up the food in an appetizing way. There were some excellent little chicken patties as a first course, but that morning I had had no time to enter into details as to how these should be served. It was Ali's way to throw things into a dish without any attempt at arrangement or neatness, so I instructed him to ask Abdool for a clean fish napkin, fold it neatly, place it in the dish and arrange the patties upon it. Ali was willing, but anxious as to how he should fold the napkin.

"Like this," I said, and seizing a kitchen rubber which lay near, I folded it up in the approved way.

Of course I should have sought Abdool, obtained a napkin and given a demonstration with that, as I learned to my cost when, a few minutes later, up came the chicken pat-

Ali.

ties. They were lying neatly placed on the coarse, rather dirty, kitchen rubber, just as I had left it folded.

One Christmas day we determined on a luncheon party. The menu, of course, had to include roast turkey and plum pudding, and mutton cutlets were ordered as an alternative to the turkey. All asked which should be served first, and I instructed him to send both up at the same time. He not only did that, but he put them on the same dish!

When Mohammedans Fast.

At one particular time of the year most people's houses are uncomfortable. This is during Remadan, the month of fasting, when all good Mohammedans fast from sunrise to sunset. By the end of the day they are naturally hungry, and they pass the night in alternately feasting and sleeping. As may be imagined, this kind of life does not conduce to their being very bright or lively in the day time and Europeans generally are glad the feast of Bairam arrives, after which their servants can resume the ordinary routine of life.

By the end of my second year in the country I had got to understand the ways of the Berberin and had really come to appreciate them as servants. In many ways they left much to be desired, childish as they were and liable to fail us hopelessly at critical moments; but they were always cheerful and willing, never quarreled among themselves and that most odious of all phrases, "It's not my work," never fell from their lips. They judged it every one's work to help the house to run smoothly and this made up for many shortcomings.

Native Water Carriers.

Berberin are supposed by many to be incapable of affection or fidelity. That may be, though I can bear witness that when we finally left Egypt Abdool, after hearing of our approaching departure, passed a week in tears. But one trait at least in them appeals to one, and that is their devotion to children. Though I would not pin too much faith on their interest in us I am quite sure that any of our servants would have laid down their lives to benefit our little daughter.

THE OUTLOOK

WHITE OAKS, · NEW MEXICO.

MAGNANIMITY.

Wherever we notice in another what we deem to be an erro or failing, there is our opportunity to be magnanimous.

There is our chance to be liberal and loving, and with the gentle warmth of love and liberality to woo out the love and liberality that is dreaming in another's consciousness, awaiting just such a stimulus as this would give to be awakened into activity.

The lowly evolved soul is magnanimous to himself and mean and illiberal toward others.

He always has excuses for himself, reasons for nonaccomplishment, failure, or sin.

But others he measures rigidly to the standard foot rule, and rigidly judges wherever they fall short.

The more highly evolved soul is magnanimous towards others and strict with himself.

His own ideal he would not suffer to be tarnished by any fall or failure.

And in all his shortcomings he holds himself to rigid accountability lest he achieve not all that he can and should.

But for others sympathy and goodness and tenderness outflow; he in all excuses all pardon, forgiveness, generosity and love.

He is all service and helpfulness to spur the gentlest stirrings of their higher achievement and accomplishment on into active being.

He is all eagerness to win the man from the animal and the animal passions and baseness and littleness.—Chicago Tribune.

FACTS ABOUT SALVATION ARMY.

Has 17,388 workers among children.

Comprises 7,219 corps and societies.

Preaches the gospel in thirty languages.

Is established in fifty-two countries and colonies.

Has 13,962 officers wholly employed in its service.

Publishes sixty-four periodicals in twenty-four languages.

Insists upon total abstinence as one condition of membership.

Has sixty-three labor factories for employing destitute people.

Fifteen hundred officers are always being trained for efficient service.

Maintains 180 food depots and shelters for men, women, and children.

Employment, temporary and permanent, was found last year for 15,631.

Accommodates over 21,000 people nightly in its institutions for assisting the poor.

Has seventeen homes for former criminals; forty-five homes for children, and 116 industrial homes for women.

Has eighteen land colonies for visitation and assistance of the poor, and twenty-four labor bureaus for helping the unemployed.

Has inquiry officers for tracing lost and missing friends, and forty-nine additional branches of social work, including inebriates' homes.

BY OUR OWN OWL.

Thoughts that burn are those that don't often get burnt.

Social science—How keep friends with one's mother-in-law.

Let us hope that the caterpillars this season will turn over a new leaf.

Empty seats between the acts indicate that their occupants are getting full.

No, Henry, it is not necessary to wear a stovepipe hat to a smoke talk.

Union is strength—but not the union of whisky and water.—Boston Transcript.

SUNFLOWER PHILOSOPHY.

There is only one way to raise a child—as if it belonged to some one else.

"It should be remembered," said a snappy Atchison woman to-day, "that the peacock is a male bird."

When it comes to talking "shop" the average lawyer can give every one else on earth cards and spades.

A girl before marriage is always anxious to help bear his burdens, and after she has married she is mad because he is willing to let her.

WHEN THE FAT MAN CLIMBED

Toiled Up Seventeen Flights of Stairs, but Next Time He Will Charter an Airship.

Elevators are a good deal like good digestions: you don't miss them until they get out of order. The tenants and those having business in the Broad Exchange building, at Broad street and Exchange place, were brought to a realization of this a few days ago. This structure is the largest office building in the world. Although it is not so tall as the Park Row building or half a dozen other towering skyscrapers in New York, it covers such a large area that it more than makes up in floor space what it lacks in height. During the busy hours of the day in the financial district there are between 6,000 and 8,000 persons in the building at a time.

It was only a little after 12 o'clock when something happened to the power plant, and every one of the eighteen elevators in the building came to a dead stop. It was a calamity as serious—although on a smaller scale—as the suspension of trolley service on Broadway or a two-hour block in the Subway. As misfortune would have it, thirteen out of the eighteen elevators came to a stop between floors, and the passengers were trapped like so many animals in cages. Many of them were messengers for Stock Exchange firms, banks and brokers on the curb, and delay was a serious matter to them.

The howls of the Zoo animals at feeding time were midnight quiet compared to their outcries. They begged and implored the elevator conductors to open the doors and let them drop down to the next floor through the scanty apertures. But the minions in charge were firm, and the appeals were unheeded. To make the situation all the worse, those who were climbing the stairs would stop and jeer at them.

"Hey, Jim," cried one of the prisoners, a curb broker's messenger, as he saw a friend outside the bars "won't you report this purchase of United Copper at the office?"

"What price did you get it at?" asked Jim.

"Sixty-seven and a quarter."

"It's down to sixty-two, offered, now," said Jum comfortingly.

A wail came from the messenger.

"My job's gone, sure," he moaned. "The customer never will take this trade."

"I was just jokin'," said Jim, relenting. "United is sixty-seven and a half bid."

Rough as the accident was on those who had to stay in the elevator, it also imposed its hardships on those who had to climb from ten to twenty flights of stairs. These weary pedestrians were speedily brought to the conclusion that New York owes its magnificent skyline to the elevator.

A fat man who probably would have tipped the scales at more than 250 pounds seemed to be the sufferer in chief. He had some important business up on the eighteenth floor. If it had not been business of the most urgent character he would have been justified in waiting until the power plant got in working order or else chartered an airship. He gave an obese sigh, however, and plunged bravely at the stairs.

At the second story his overcoat came off. Two flights further up he dropped into an office and asked permission to leave the garment until he could call for it via the elevator. When he reached the sixth story he was puffing like a fire engine and perspiration was fairly spurting out of every pore on his purple face. At every flight of stairs he shed clothing, and every halt seemed to have been made for the purpose of deciding what portion of his attire should come off next.

When he stopped on the seventeenth floor he was carrying his hat, coat, vest, necktie and a wilted rag of a collar, and his suspenders hung like wet strings around his hips. He looked as if he had just emerged from the baptismal font. He gave a despairing look at the last flight and unbuttoned his steaming shirt collar.

"Hell, ain't it?" he wheezed to a group of fellow travelers. "And ain't I a lovely object to go and talk business to a man I never saw before? If I get turned down I ought to have a good suit for damages against the owners of the building."—New York Press.

At the Seventeenth Floor He Looked as If He Had Just Emerged from the Baptismal Font.

Hero Worship and Maps.

Hero worship has had a hand in the making of maps. We have postoffices bearing the names of every President down to and including Mr. Roosevelt. Only two of his predecessors are lacking in the list of counties. Naturally the favorite in the naming of towns and counties is Washington and he is the only President for whom a state has been named. But others than Presidents enjoy those honors.

Successful soldiers, sailors statesmen, editors, authors, inventors, the heroes of ancient history and mythology and even popular actors and athletes share a like distinction. Our list of postoffices is a long one and contains names from almost every language, living and dead, and chosen on almost every conceivable principle or impulse.

Two counties in Kansas present a curious association of ideas: Greeley county has for its capital a town called Tribune and Ulysses is the county seat of Grant. New stations were to be named along a western railway some years ago and they were named after the members of a professional baseball team that happened just then to win the championship.

A Place to Go.

At a recent banquet in Baltimore Congressman Gardner's anecdote about the would be clergyman and the dying parishoner evoked much merriment. The minister was called to the bedside of the expiring man, whose name was Hopkins.

"'Opkins," said the dominee, "you're a sick man."

"I am," replied Hopkins.

"You're going to die, 'Opkins," continued the other.

"I am," groaned Hopkins.

"You've been a bad man, 'Opkins,"

"I have."

"You can't expect to go to heaven."

"I know it," said Hopkins.

"Then, 'Opkins, you'll have to go to the other place."

"I will," said Hopkins, sighing deeply.

"Well," concluded the consoling pastor, "you ought to be thankful that you've got somewhere to go."—Baltimore Herald.

A Matter of Doubt, Anyway.

A young man from the South who, a few years ago, was so fortunate as to be enabled to enter the law offices of a well-known New York firm was first intrusted with a very simple case. He was asked by the late James C. Carter, then a member of the firm, to give an opinion in writing. When this was submitted it was observed by Mr. Carter that, with the touching confidence of a neophyte, the young Southerner had begun with the expression, "I am clearly of the opinion."

When this caught his eye he smiled and said:

"My dear young friend, never state that your are clearly of opinion on a law point. The most you can hope to discover is the preponderance of the doubt."—Success.

How Governor Folk Sized Them Up.

Not long ago Gov. Folk of Missouri, upon reaching his office at the Capitol, in company with a friend, found a number of men waiting in the anteroom. He paused as he passed through and made a joke that was a decided chestnut. When the Governor and his friend were in the private office the friend remarked:

"Say, that was a fearfully old one you got off just now."

"I know it," was the complacent reply.

"Then why did you do it." the puzzled friend asked.

"Did you notice which of those fellows laughed? Well, they are the ones who have favors to ask," was the explanation.—Harper's Weekly.

Youthful Gallant.

A Bostonian was talking about the late Henry Harland.

"Harland was a graceful, gallant soul," he said. "Even in his boyhood he turned the prettiest compliments.

"In his boyhood he studied Latin under a charming young lady.

"This young lady, calling him up in class one morning, said:

"'Henry, name some of the chief beauties of education.'

"The boy, smiling into his teacher's pretty eyes, answered:

"'Schoolmistresses.'"

In the Creole Quarter

Picturesque Section of New Orleans Like a Bit of Old France—Manners and Customs Modeled on Paris

(Special Correspondence.)

The old French quarter at New Orleans is a city of balconies and galleries. Following out the architecture of the older French cities, the second story of home and shop protrudes just a trifle, and then from it extends a balcony—of iron always—and supported by a series of iron pillars along the curb. Each balcony vies with its neighbor in its ornamental railings, and the scene presented is picturesque for its hodge-podge.

Beneath these porticos the sidewalk, narrow, cobbled, disintegrating, stretches through the Quartier Latin. All its length there are little shops, just such as one looks for in old Paris.

Being French—or better, Creole—all the population walk in the street, unless this becomes choked with wagons, and then they take to the sidewalks. The street is of asphalt, but muddy and dirty. Under the damp of this southern climate, asphalt softens readily and the travel does the rest.

From the highway the life of the gay French quarter unfolds. Here sits a vender of bouquets—lilies of the valley, violets, roses. Beyond is a shop of dominos and masks, of spangles and network for the carnival time. The shop windows protrude just a bit beyond the walls of the buildings, but they are bright and clean and their modern wares contrast strangely with the surroundings.

A Mania for Oysters.

One thing one cannot fail to note before he has been long in the French quarter and that is the fondness for oysters. Everywhere, along the walks are great baskets of oysters. Nor are these thrown in any way, as are the oysters in the north. That would not be French fashion. Instead, on the top of each barrel, the shells are piled in a neat pyramid, topped with one great luscious bivalve.

Down on the French market this love for nicety goes to interesting extremes. The French market is modeled after that of Paris. There are two long arcades, roofed over, and their pillars, surrounded by square platforms. On these stands oil cloth is tacked and this kept immaculately white. Not even the Dutch take such pains as this with their market.

At one end the market, where the negresses gather while the missus does the buying, there are the coffee stands with urns of heavy polished copper. Just beyond, the meat booths stretch deep into the market. Meat in these may not rest upon the stands, clean as they are—far from it. Instead, heavy iron skewers are thrust in countless numbers through the meat and for an inch or two beyond, and upon these supports the meat is held for that distance above the boards.

Nor is there the attempt at defrauding the customer on the French market. Lettuce, endive and the commoner variety is sold, not with the leaf turned toward the purchaser—just the opposite. Each bunch of lettuce is placed head down in the basket that the stems, of which the Creole are so fond, may be exposed to view. Side by side, in concentric circles, there are these bunches of lettuce, a striking contrast to the hodge-podge of our own market baskets.

Other Queer Customs.

One would linger long on the French market, but time is fleeting. All the French quarter is open to exploration before us.

A milk cart rattles by—unique among milk carts of the country. It is a buggy, pure and simple, but resting higher from the ground than any buggy we have seen before. Only the vehicle is just a bit more dilapidated than most buggies with which we have hitherto been acquainted. In the front are two great copper cans of milk, strapped tightly to the dashboard. Milk wagons are everywhere in the French quarter—a feature of the place.

Vanity is characteristic of the Creole, and with the men this finds its outlet in the barber shops. Poor old Quartier Latin stands sadly in need of paint, but the barbers are lavish with pigments. The two poles supporting the balcony over a barber shop are painted in the red and white band work. Not alone that, but the entire street front of the shop is done in a zigzag pattern of these colors.

The chestnut seller is another feature of life in the French quarter. He, with his singing, sizzing oven; the strawberry vender, and the woman with the comforter around her head, and the copies of L'Illustration, and Figaro for sale.

The Old French Theaters.

Three times a week the Creoles turn out for French opera at the old French opera house. To one who has not visited France, the building is a curiosity. One passes up the stairs from the street to enter, not the lobby, but the office of the "Directeur," to right and left of which the stairs lead up to floors above. One does not speak of balcony and gallery here, but of stages o. stories, and as one sees these stories from the rear on his climb to the top, they are mere doors of dark wood, opening to little boxes, much as are the doors to the telephone cabinets elsewhere. Programs here, however, are in English, a concession to the non-Creole visitor. There are the knocks of the stage manager, behind the scenes before the rising of each curtain; there is the low hiss for silence when some onlooker lets his enthusiasm get the best of him; there is the stamping of feet by all the house when an intermission is too prolonged. Things are French throughout here at the opera house.

After the opera, the Creole takes his family to the cafes. One passes through a beer garden—we should so term it, at least, to those who are located far in the rear of the dining-room. Then there are oysters once again, and the absinthe, or the liquors of France.

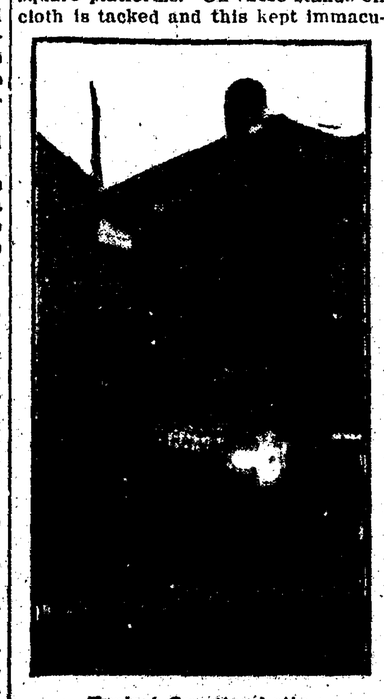
Here, too, gather the wits of the French quarter. They chat or else read the papers, mounted on the same heavy bars that one finds in Paris itself.

Younger folks go to the balls—calico balls, dress balls, masques—there is always something doing in the French quarter after midnight.

And yet on the surface, the section is quiet. The narrow streets are dark and still, and the arc lights' rays penetrate but feebly. Now and then some creature of the demi-monde flits by, the hawk in stealthy pursuit. But the Creoles are not of this; they resent it.

"It is the foreign invasion," they say, "of our Latin quarter."

In the French Quarter.



Typical Quartier Latin.

A LIVING DEATH.

Vividly Described By a Citizen of Sioux Falls, South Dakota.

Andrew Johnson, 411 West Twelfth St., Sioux Falls, S. D., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills saved my life. My doctor, from a careful analysis of the urine and a diagnosis of my case, had told me I could not live six weeks. I was struck down in the street with kidney trouble, and for a whole year could not leave the house. I lost flesh, my eyes failed me, I bloated at times, my back hurt and I suffered a living death. There seemed no hope until I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. Then I began to improve. The pain left gradually, the swellings subsided, I gained appetite and weight, and to make a long story short, I got well!"

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Zulu Orator Wins.

By a unanimous vote the judges of the annual public speaking contest held at Columbia hall, New York, April 5th, awarded the first prize to Pka Isaka Seme, an Arican prince. This is the first time in the history of the Curtis medal competition that a negro student has contested. His subject was "The Regeneration of Africa," and his oration was delivered with convincing earnestness that won the audience that filled the hall.

Seme is a senior at Columbia and expects to get the degree of bachelor of arts at the close of the college year, when his people will send him to study law at Oxford. When he completes his course he will return to Zululand, where, it is said, a government appointment awaits him.

RHEUMATISM CURED

The Disease Yielded Readily to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills After Other Treatment Failed.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure rheumatism because they supply the necessary elements to the vitiated blood and enable nature to cast out the impurities and effect a cure. Mrs. A. Baker, of No. 119 Fitch street, Syracuse, N. Y., will furnish living evidence of the truth of this statement. "There has been rheumatism in my family ever since I can remember," she says. "My grandmother was a great sufferer from muscular rheumatism and my mother also had the disease in a mild form. About a year ago I had a hard cold and rheumatism caught me in my left knee. There were sharp pains, confined to the neighborhood of the knee and they seemed to go right into the bone. The pain I suffered was intense and I also had dizzy spells.

"The doctors called my trouble uriatic and sciatic rheumatism. When I didn't get better under their treatment my brother-in-law suggested that I try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I bought three boxes, and, by the time I had taken them, the pain and dizziness had entirely left me. I wanted to make sure of a cure so I bought three more boxes, but I didn't take quite all of them as I found that I was entirely cured.

"Before I took the pills the pain was so severe that I had to cry at times and when I was cured I was so thankful and grateful and I am glad to recommend them to every one who suffers with rheumatism."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured severe cases of anæmia, sciatica, nervousness, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia and St. Vitus' dance that have not responded to other modes of treatment.

All druggists sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills or they will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

There was a young lady at Bingham who knew many songs, and could sing 'em; but she couldn't mend hose, and she wouldn't wash clothes, or help her old mother wring 'em.

SAVED BABY LYON'S LIFE.

Awful sight From That Dreadful Complaint, Infantile Eczema—Mother Praises Cuticura Remedies.

"Our baby had that dreadful complaint, Infantile Eczema, which afflicted him for several months, commencing at the top of his head, and at last covering his whole body. His sufferings were untold and constant misery, in fact, there was nothing we would not have done to have given him relief. We finally procured a full set of the Cuticura Remedies, and in about three or four days he began to show a brighter spirit and really laughed, for the first time in a year. In about ninety days he was fully recovered. Praise for the Cuticura Remedies has always been our greatest pleasure, and there is nothing too good that we could say in their favor, for they certainly saved our baby's life, for he was the most awful sight that I ever beheld, prior to the treatment of the Cuticura Remedies. Mrs. Maebelle Lyon, 1826 Appleton Ave., Parsons, Kan., July 18, 1905."

"There, now," said Mrs. Henpeck concluding her curtain lecture, "a word to the wise is sufficient." "Yes," replied her husband, "a word in edgewise is sufficient."

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, Price, 75c. per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

"Why is a mouse like a bale of alfalfa? "Give it up." "Because the cat'll eat it."

The Cheerful One—There is a silver lining to the blackest cloud. The Disconsolate One—I suppose so, but did you ever notice that it always is on the other side of it?

Worth Knowing

—that Allcock's are the original and only genuine porous plasters; all other so-called porous plasters are imitations.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The candied date is not more sugary than the candidate—before election.

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Sunday School Teacher—I hope none of you boys will ever be found among the goats. Tommy Tucker—How can we help it, Miss Smithers? We're kids, ain't we?

Denver Directory

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BEE AND DAIRY SUPPLIES L. A. Watkins Merchandise Company, Denver. Write for Catalogue.

STOVE REPAIRS of every known make of stove, furnace or range. Geo. A. Pullen, 1331 Lawrence, Denver. Phone 725.

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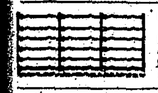
BROWN PALACE HOTEL Absolutely fire-proof. European plan, $1.50 and upward.

MANTELS GRATES, TILING for mantels and bathrooms and all kinds of fireplaces. Fixtures. Catalog sent on application. Denver Mantel & Tile Co., 1692 Tremont st., Denver, 2 doors from Brown Palace Hotel.

Oxford Hotel
Denver. One block from Union Depot. Fireproof. C. H. MORSE, Mgr.



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Sold by first-class dealers. Beware of imitations.
The Plattner Implement Co.
GENERAL AGENTS

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Prices the lowest consistent with work of the best quality. Write for our new style samples.
A. T. Lewis & Son Dry Goods Co., Denver

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Established in Colorado, 1866. Samples by mail or express will receive prompt and careful attention
Gold & Silver Bullion Refined, Melted and Assayed OR PURCHASED.
Concentration Tests—100 lbs. or car load lots. Write for terms.
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Engineers and Manufacturers.
Machinery of all kinds built and repaired. Special machines built to order.
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WESTERN VARNISHES
FOR DRY CLIMATE USE
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BITS, SPURS
Etc., Etc.
Best goods at moderate prices. Send for large illustrated catalogue.
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Don't Get Wet!
TOWER'S SLICKERS will keep you dry as nothing else will, because they are the product of the best materials and seventy years' experience in manufacturing.
TOWER'S FISH BRAND
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TOWER CANADIAN CO., LTD. Toronto, Can.

HOWARD E. BURTON, Assayer and Chemist.
Specimen prices: Gold, silver, lead, $1; gold, silver, 75c; gold, 50c; zinc or copper, $1. Cyanide tests. Mailing envelopes and full price list sent on application. Control and umpire work solicited. Leadville, Colo. References, Carbonate National Bank.

VOLCANIC ASHES

COVER STREETS AND BUILDINGS OF NAPLES.

VAST DESOLATED REGION

Eruption of Vesuvius Has Somewhat Subsided—King Victor Emmanuel Helping to Recover Bodies of the Dead.

Naples.—While the news from Mount Vesuvius is reassuring, the conditions here in Nables are such as make it difficult to realize that the situation is actually better. The wind is blowing from the volcano in the direction of Naples, carrying the ashes in this direction. Toward evening Friday the fall of ashes and cinders here was worse than at any time since the eruption began.

The scenic effects vary from hour to hour. Now in the north the sky is chocolate colored, lowering and heavy, under which men and women with their hair and clothing covered with ashes, move about like gray ghosts. Fort San Martino, as it towers above the town, can only just be seen, while Castel Dell'ovo is marked in light, seeming like silver against the brown sky. To the south, beyond the smoke zone, lies smiling, sunny Posilippo and its peninsula, while far away glistens the sea, a deep blue, on which the islands seem to float in the glow of the setting sun. Adding to the strange picture, one of the French men-of-war which arrived in the Bay of Nables today, is so placed as to be half in the glow and half obscured by the belt of falling ashes.

From the observatory of Mount Vesuvius, where Director Matteucci is continuing his work in behalf of science and humanity, the scene is one of great impressiveness. To reach the observatory one must walk for miles over hardened but hot lava, covered with sand, until he comes to a point whence nothing can be seen but vast gray reaches, sometimes flat and sometimes gathered into huge mounds which take on semblances of human faces.

Above the heavens are gray, like the earth beneath, and seem just as hard and immovable. In all this lonely waste there is no sign of life or vegetation, and no sound is heard except the low mutterings of the volcano. One seems almost impelled to scream aloud to break the horrible stillness of a land seemingly forgotten both by God and man.

Every day that passes gives new evidence of the magnitude of the catastrophe. To-day's visit of King Victor Emmanuel to Ottojano revealed new tragedies.

At a certain joint his majesty was obliged to abandon his motor car and wen forward on horseback, amid constant danger, his horse floundering through four feet of ashes, stumbling into holes, blinded by the fall of large cinders and a target for falling basaltic masses.

In the presence of the King 129 more bodies were extricated from the ruins, and all the while ashes and red sand falling as though determined not to relinquish their victim.

The dead at Ottajano are said to number 530.

The King was deathly pale. To a priest who came to him, he said:

"How did you escape?"

"I placed myself in safety," replied the priest.

"What do you mean?" asked the King.

"Realizing the danger," was the priest's reply, "I had left for Nola."

The King flushed with anger.

"What!" he cried. "You, a minister of God, were not here to share the danger of your people and administer the last sacraments! You did very wrong."

Queen Helena was with the King when he started for Ottajano, but she was obliged to turn back, as the task was one not suitable for a woman. She spent the most of the day in visiting the injured in Naples hospitals and inspecting the housing for refugees.

Provision is being made for the feeding and sheltering of people who have remained in their own towns.

It is estimated that 5,000 houses have been destroyed or rendered uninhabitable.

From all quarters come reports that the situation has ameliorated, but ashes from Mount Vesuvius are falling everywhere, houses are collapsing and burying their occupants and roads near the volcano are no sooner opened than the are closed again by falling cinders.

The inhabitants of this city are enduring the yellow gray atmosphere of yesterday which is even more oppressive than before. The popular costume of those who can afford it, consists of automobile coat, cap and goggles, which enables the wearer to maintain a semblance of cleanliness, but the people generally have to be contented with paper masks and raised umbrellas. The drivers of trolley cars are wearing masks of some transparent material under the visors of their caps.

Seven Tornadoes.

Topeka, Kas.—At least seven tornadoes were seen east and northeast of Great Bend, Barton county, Friday afternoon. The school house in district 82, vacant at the time, was demolished and a threshing outfit destroyed. No other damages reports have come in. Some rain and hail fell. Three years ago a number of tornadoes occurred in the same neighborhood, doing considerable damage to property.

Niece of General Pike.

Colorado Springs.—Mrs. Sarah Sturdevant of Larned, Kansas, aged ninety-four, and the only relative of General Zebulon Pike, the explorer, living contemporaneously with him, has sent her photograph to the local centennial celebration committee. Mrs. Sturdevant is a daughter of Pike's only sister, and, together with N. V. Pike of Kirksville, Missouri, a nephew of the explorer, is the nearest living relative.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS

Geronimo, the Apache warrior, has joined a Wild West show for the season, with the consent of the war department.

David E. Sherrick, convicted of the embezzlement of Indiana state funds to the amount of $120,000, has been landed in the penitentiary.

Executive officials of the western railroads in conference at Chicago decided to run homeseekers' excursions to the Northwest every Tuesday during the coming coming summer.

The keel was laid at the docks of the American Shipbuilding Company, Bay City Michigan, April 2d, for the biggest vessel ever built for the great lakes. The vessel will be 620 feet long.

Larry Rogers, who recently perjured himself telling the New York district attorney of a "plot to assassinate Rev. C. H. Parkhurst," has been sentenced to seven years and six months in Sing Sing.

President Roosevelt will deliver his Memorial Day address this year before the Army and Navy Union at Norfolk, Virginia. The ceremonies there will be held at the navy yard and in the sailors' cemetery.

At the meeting of the executive board of the National Council of Women at Toledo, the bill for the creation of the United States Children's Bureau was indorsed and its immediate passage urged.

Convinced that the Yaqui war in Sonora has been abetted by Americans importing firearms into Mexico for the use of the Indians, the Mexican government has issued a blanket order excluding all weapons.

The Prussian government has published a bill for the construction of twenty-four secondary railways and double-tracking twenty-seven existing roads, and for other purposes, the total cost being $54,200,000.

Physicians at Cincinnati kept Joseph H. Wilson alive for three days after he had taken poison to end his life, and thus prevented the accomplishment of his wish to die before his $3,000 insurance policy expired.

The trial trip of the protected cruiser St. Louis, built at Philadelphia by the Neafie & Levy company, showed a speed of twenty-two and one-half knots, which exceeds the government requirement by half a knot.

Charles M. Carpenter of Chicago, agent of the Barber Asphalt Company for Wisconsin, was fined $1,000 by the court of Green Bay for bribing three aldermen with $2,600. Carpenter testified that he knew nothing of the bribery.

The city election at Springfield, Illinois, Tuesday, resulted in a victory for the advocates of the municipal ownership of the electric light plant. Every alderman who favored municipal ownership was elected by an overwhelming majority.

The executive board, National Council of Women, has decided upon a national memorial to Susan B. Anthony, to be placed in Washington. The memorial will be an immense bronze bust and more than $1,000 will be raised for its construction.

The criminal court at Breslau, Russia, sentenced Karl Bezler, a lawyer, son of the recently appointed Prussian minister of justice, Dr. Bezler, to four months' detention in a fortress for having fought a duel with pistols. In the duel no one was hurt.

Burglars broke into Three Saints church at Kieff, Russia. They made a complete haul of all of the jewels and dug out the gems from the ikons and chalice. Even the gold work of the ikonistasis and altar and the bullion from the embroidered vestments were taken.

James B. Howard, who has been in jail at Louisville, Kentucky, pending the disposition of his case by the United States Supreme Court has taken to Frankfort to begin his term of life imprisonment to which he was sentenced for the murder of William Goebel.

Rev. Samuel Murray, a well known German Baptist minister, died at Wabash, Indiana, April 1st. It was the one hundredth anniversary of his birth and he expected to celebrate the event by preaching the last sermon of his life. He had been in the ministry for seventy years.

James W. Ince, the young white farmer, who murdered his wife and three children near Whitely, Arkansas, one year ago, was hanged at Danville April 14th. It developed at the trial that his father murdered his mother twenty years ago and that his sister had committed suicide.

On April 5th the Supreme Court of Illinois issued a decision declaring the new state primary election law unconstitutional. Governor Deneen immediately issued a call for a special session of the Legislature to be held at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning, April 10th, to enact a new primary law.

At the extraordinary age of 123 years, Mrs. Philo Rogers, a negro woman, died April 6th in Chicago. She was a grandmother when the Missouri compromise was an issue of the hour and had reached her three score years and ten when the emancipation proclamation liberated her from bondage.

Fred Klantschy has been sentenced by Judge Cooper in the County Court at Canon City, to pay a fine of $300 for killing mountain sheep. He was arrested several days ago near the Teller county line after a long chase through the snow. He has served a term in the penitentiary for the same offense.

The New York Assembly has practically killed the bill which would permit William Randolph Hearst to secure a recount of the vote cast in New York City for mayor at the last election when George B. McClellan was elected on the face of the returns. The bill was recommitted to the committee on judiciary.

H. B. Thrall, superintendent of mails on the Harriman lines, states that modern steel non-telescoping mail cars are to be substituted for the wooden cars now occupied by railway mail clerks. It has long been claimed by clerks that the position of their cars in trains and their construction has placed them in unnecessary danger.

DO FISH REALLY FLY?

OPINIONS OF EXPERTS DIFFER

One Says Fins Simply Act as Aeroplanes—Another Claims That They Move Swiftly as Wings.

Two papers on the eternal flying fish problem have appeared almost simultaneously, and express widely diverse views, says the London Field.

In the one published in the Jahrbuch of the Austrian geological survey, Dr. Abel, after describing the various kinds of fossil flying fish, concludes that neither the typical flying fish or the flying gunards ever use their pectoral fins as active organs of flight. On the contrary, the initial impetus by means of which these fishes are launched into the air is due entirely to powerful, screw-like movements of the tail fin, and this impetus is sufficient to carry them to the end of their journey, the "wings" acting merely as parachutes. In other words the flight is precisely similar to that of a flat stone when thrown up so as to ricochet from the points where it touches the water till it finally falls.

In the second paper, published in the January number of the Annals and Magazine of Natural history, the author, Col. C. D. Durnford, takes the precisely opposite view, maintaining, on mechanical grounds, that the aeroplate theory, as the above may be called, is an absolute physical impossibility, owing to the fact that the wing surface is far too small in proportion to the size and weight of the body to sustain the fish during its long flight.

This being admitted, the only alternative is to suppose that the "wings" are moved with an exceedingly rapid vibratory motion throughout the whole flight, and are thus, after the first initial impetus, the propelling power. The author further maintains that the wing movements which many observers have noticed when a flying fish touches a wave are not movements de novo, but merely such a slowing down of the continuous rapid vibrations as to render them visible to the eye. If Col. Durnford's mechanical data are trustworthy—as they seem to be—his case appears to be proved.

The next point, however, to ascertain is whether the muscles which work the pectoral fins of flying fish are really capable of imparting to them the power of maintaining those rapid and continuous vibrations which are the essential part of the new theory.

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.
A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

You can always get a lawyer to take your part for pay. But watch out that he doesn't get your all.

Good Health!
How to get it. How to maintain it. Take nature's medicine, Garfield Tea, the mild laxative. It is made of herbs. It purifies the blood and establishes a normal action of liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels.

But few orators can hope to win fame in competition with windmills.

Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c cigar. Made of extra quality tobacco. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Green is not a fast color and many a bright man has begun life as a sucker.

Women in Our Hospitals

Appalling Increases in the Number of Operations Performed Each Year—How Women May Avoid Them.

Going through the hospitals in our large cities one is surprised to find such a large proportion of the patients lying on those snow-white beds women and girls, who are either awaiting or recovering from serious operations.

Why should this be the case? Simply because they have neglected themselves. Female troubles are certainly on the increase among the women of this country—they creep upon them unawares, but every one of these patients in the hospital beds had plenty of warning in that bearing-down feeling, pain at left or right of the abdomen, nervous exhaustion, pain in the small of the back, dizziness, flatulency, displacements of the organs or irregularities. All of these symptoms are indications of an unhealthy condition of the female organs, and if not heeded the penalty has to be paid by a dangerous operation. When these symptoms manifest themselves, do not drag along until you are obliged to go to the hospital and submit to an operation—but remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has saved thousands of women from surgical operations.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful periods, weakness, displacement or ulceration of the organs, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation, backache, bloating (or flatulency), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings they should remember there is one tried and true remedy.

The following letters cannot fail to bring hope to despairing women.

Miss Ruby Mushrush, of East Chicago, Ind., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I have been a great sufferer with irregular periods and female trouble, and about three months ago the doctor, after using the X-Ray on me, said I had an abcess and would have to have an operation. My mother wanted me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a last resort, and it not only saved me from an operation but made me entirely well."

Mrs. Alice Berryhill, of 313 Boyce Street, Chattanooga, Tenn., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Three years ago life looked dark to me. I had ulceration and inflammation of the female organs and was in a serious condition.

"My health was completely broken down and the doctor told me that if I was not operated upon I would die within six months. I told him I would have no operation but would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. He tried to influence me against it but I sent for the medicine that same day and began to use it faithfully. Within five days I felt relief but was not entirely cured until I used it for some time.

"Your medicine is certainly fine. I have induced several friends and neighbors to take it and I know more than a dozen who had female troubles and who to-day are as well and strong as I am from using your Vegetable Compound."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

Mrs. Pinkham, daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice and medicine have restored thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

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DE LAVAL CREAM SEPARATORS
700,000 In Use.
Ten Times All Others Combined.
Save $10 to per Cow Every Year of Use over all Gravity Setting Systems and $5 to per Cow over all Imitating Separators

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The plainest kind of food, when flavored with HARDESTY'S EXTRACTS becomes a delicious delicacy.
HARDESTY'S VANILLA — HARDESTY'S LEMON

DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces to the package—other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

W. N. U.—DENVER.—NO. 15.—1906.

HIGH CLASS DRUGGISTS
AND — OTHERS.

The better class of druggists, everywhere, are men of scientific attainments and high integrity, who devote their lives to the welfare of their fellow men in supplying the best of remedies and purest medicinal agents of known value, in accordance with physicians' prescriptions and scientific formula. Druggists of the better class manufacture many excellent remedies, but always under original or officinal names and they never sell false brands, or imitation medicines. They are the men to deal with when in need of anything in their line, which usually includes all standard remedies and corresponding adjuncts of a first-class pharmacy and the finest and best of toilet articles and preparations and many useful accessories and remedial appliances. The earning of a fair living, with the satisfaction which arises from a knowledge of the benefits conferred upon their patrons and assistance to the medical profession, is usually their greatest reward for long years of study and many hours of daily toil. They all know that Syrup of Figs is an excellent laxative remedy and that it gives universal satisfaction, and therefore they are selling many millions of bottles annually to the well informed purchasers of the choicest remedies, and they always take pleasure in handing out the genuine article bearing the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package. They know that in cases of colds and headaches attended by biliousness and constipation and of weakness or torpidity of the liver and bowels, arising from irregular habits, indigestion, or over-eating, that there is no other remedy so pleasant, prompt and beneficial in its effects as Syrup of Figs, and they are glad to sell it because it gives universal satisfaction.

Owing to the excellence of Syrup of Figs, the universal satisfaction which it gives and the immense demand for it, imitations have been made, tried and condemned, but there are individual druggists to be found, here and there, who do not maintain the dignity and principles of the profession and whose greed gets the better of their judgment, and who do not hesitate to recommend and try to sell the imitations in order to make a larger profit. Such preparations sometimes have the name—"Syrup of Figs"—or "Fig Syrup" and of some piratical concern, or fictitious fig syrup company, printed on the package, but they never have the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of the package. The imitations should be rejected because they are injurious to the system. In order to sell the imitations they find it necessary to resort to misrepresentation or deception, and whenever a dealer passes off on a customer a preparation under the name of "Syrup of Figs" or "Fig Syrup," which does not bear the full name of the California Fig Syrup Co. printed on the front of the package, he is attempting to deceive and mislead the patron who has been so unfortunate as to enter his establishment, whether it be large or small, for if the dealer resorts to misrepresentation and and deception in one case he will do so with other medicinal agents, and in the filling of physicians' prescriptions, and should be avoided by every one who values health and happiness. Knowing that the great majority of druggists are reliable, we supply the immense demand for our excellent remedy entirely through the druggists, of whom it may be purchased everywhere, in original packages only, at the regular price of fifty cents per bottle, but as exceptions exist it is necessary to inform the public of the facts, in order that all may decline or return any imitation which may be sold to them. If it does not bear the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package, do not hesitate to return the article and to demand the return of your money, and in future go to one of the better class of druggists who will sell you what you wish and the best of everything in his line at reasonable prices.

THE OUTLOOK

Weekly Newspaper Devoted to the Interest of White Oaks and Lincoln Co. N. M.

Published Every Thursday.

Leo M. Rudisille, Editor and Pub

Entered as second class matter September 21, 1901 at post office at White Oaks New Mexico under the Act of Congress of March 3d, 1879.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.

One Year (in Advance) $1.00
If not paid within 3 months 1.50

Vesuvius, after suffering a severe attack of gastritus and colic for about ten days, and deluging the country, for twenty miles around with ashes and bile, has finally got control of her in'ards, and is resting much better, only emitting a spasmodic groan occasionally. What an opportunity the people of America have lost in not gathering up all the patent nostrums in the country, advertised as a sure cure for all kinds of eruptions, and have them hipped over and dumped in the crater. This would have settled the matter of their efficacy for all time to come, and thus have saved the stomachs of thousands of credulous victims.

THAT PRINTING CONTRACT.

THE OUTLOOK publishes in another column the proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners at a special meeting held at Lincoln on the 13th of this month.

From the action taken at this meeting the honorable board has at last come to the same conclusion arrived at over a year ago by those familiar with the matter, viz: That their former action was illegal, that on organizing as a new board they let the county printing on a former alleged contract, which they acknowledged could not be found instead of to a responsible bidder, who had his bid duly filed, and who offered to do the work at a much lower rate than was being charged at that time.

To the OUTLOOK man, as well as to some very good legal authority whom he has consulted, it looks as if the honorable board was now making another very grave mistake in letting this printing contract to run for one year, from May 16th instead of to the first day of January next, at which time its existence terminates as a board. By doing so, it looks to a man with a squint, as if its members either expected to perpetuate themselves in office so help us Moses or they meant to transmit a peck of trouble to their successors.

If this proceeding is legal then it might be a shrewd thing for this Solomonic board of county commissioners, before the expiration of its term, to declare vacant all the offices of justice of the peace, constables, road supervisors and the like, which it has filled by appointment, and make new appointments to run one, two or three years, and thus relieve the board to follow of much trouble and responsibility.

THE OUTLOOK publishes the proceedings of board gratis, seeing it was sent to it for that purpose, the office of county printer being declared vacant, but it is safe to say the other paper in the county will publish it just the same at the same old price.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Bids will be received and the same may be filed with the Probate Clerk, to do the county printing for one year, commencing May 16th, 1906.

The bids so filed will be opened and passed upon by the Board on the 16th day of May, 1906, at the office of the Probate Clerk, in Lincoln.

Attest: S. C. Wiener,
W. E. Kimbrell, Chairman.
Clerk.

COMMISSIONER'S MEETING.

Special meeting of the Hon. Board of County Commissioners having been called by the Chairman, to meet on the 13th day of April, 1906.

Present; S. C. Wiener, Chairman. P. L. Krouse, Member; Higinio Salazar. Member; W. E. Kimbrell, Clerk; J. W. Owen, Sheriff.

The following are the proceedings of the meeting:

Upon motion of P. L. Krouse, seconded by Mr. Salazar, the matter of the county printing was taken up, it appearing that at the January, 1903, meeting, the then sitting County Commissioners contracted to do such printing with the White Oaks Eagle Printing Company for a term of four years. The present Board of Commissioners being now advised by the District Attorney's office that such contract so let for the term of four years is void on account of the same being contrary to public policy.

It is therefore resolved that said contract so let for four years, is here by rescinded and that proposals for bids to do such printing for one year, to commence May 15th, 1906, be called for, and to this end the clerk of this Board is instructed to cause notices to be inserted in the Capitan News and in The Outlook newspapers, inviting bids to do such printing for the one year above stated, said bids to be filed in the Probate Clerk's office and the same will be opened and passed upon at a special meeting of this Board to be held May 16th, next.

In the matter of the road recently constructed by contractor Booth—The Board having heretofore appointed four citizens of Lincoln county to view this road, and they having reported to the Board, that the road has been constructed within the terms of the contract let to Booth, and each member of the Board having respectively inspected this road in person, now receives the same and order the Clerk to issue a warrant to contractor Booth for $450.00 in payment for the work done by him, less the sum of $150.00 heretofore advanced him on this contract.

There being no further business court adjourned.

TO CONSUMPTIVES

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung malladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his Remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address.

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON.
Brooklyn New York.

Delegate Andrews has secured the passage of three more special pension bills for New Mexico veterans. One of them is for Captain Saturnino Baca, of Lincoln, who was formerly an officer in Kit Carson's 1st New Mexico Cavalry. Capt. Baca, it will be remembered, received a shot from an assassin in ambush a few years ago, necessitating the amputation of his right arm. Under the pension laws he could not get more than twelve dollars per month, as this injury was not received during his service in the army. Under this special act, which Delegate Andrews had put through, he will receive thirty dollars per month which will put him in much more comfortable circumstances, and be a just recognition of his services in a noted fighting regiment.

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Stock too extensive to enumerate. A call is all I desire and you will buy your supplies here:—

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CALL ON

S.C. WIENER.

"TURN TO ASHES ON THE LIPS."

The El Paso Herald is authority for the statement that "Carneigie is giving away kisses to good looking women on his usual scheme—the recepient to contribute just as much as he does."

Judging from the numerous uncanny pictures one sees of the canny Scot in the newspapers, it doesn't look quite like a square deal. He should give them margins.

Forty one years ago last Friday night, Abraham Lincoln was shot by J. Wilkes Booth in Ford's theater, Washington City. This was not the first nor the last attempt of Anarchy to strike at the head of organized government. It makes not one bit of difference to this kind of assassin whether the intended victim is the most vindictive autocrat living or the kindliest of men, if he stands at the head of the governing power and represents what goes to make up law and order, he stands in the way of unbridled license and is a fit subject for the bullet or the knife.

TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.
CERTIFICATE OF COMPARISON.

I, J. W. Raynolds, Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico, do hereby certify that there was filed for record in this office at Nine o'clock A. M., on the Thirteenth day of March A. D. 1906. ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION of THE CARRIZOZO TRADING COMPANY (No. 4297.) and also, that I have compared the following copy of the same, with the original thereof now on file, and declare it to be a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole thereof.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the Territory of New Mexico, at the City of Santa Fe, the Capital, on this Thirteenth day of March, A. D. 1906.

SEAL]

J. W. REYNOLDS
Secretary of New Mexico.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
OF
THE CARRIZOZO TRADING COMPANY.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we, the undersigned, W. C. McDonald, G. L. Ulrick, and J. H. Canning being desirous of forming a corporation under the laws of the Territory of New Mexico and being all of the present subscribers to the capital stock thereof, to that end have made, subscribed and acknowledged this certificate of incorporation.

ARTICLE I.

The name of the corporation so to be formed is and shall be "THE CARRIZOZO TRADING COMPANY."

ARTICLE II.

The principal office of said corporation in the Territory of New Mexico shall be located in the town of Carrizozo, County of Lincoln, Territory of New Mexico, and the name of the agent upon whom process against the company may be served is Frank J. Sager of White Oaks, N. M.

ARTICLE III.

The objects for which this corporation is formed are to buy, sell and deal in all kinds of merchandise, ranch, farm and mining supplies; to buy and sell cattle, horses, sheep, goats and all kind of livestock; to buy and sell wool, pelts, hay, grain, coal, lumber and all the various products of the country, to buy, sell and lease real estate of all kinds, and to do and perform all and other acts as are usually done and performed by a general mercantile company.

ARTICLE IV.

The amount of the total authorized capital stock of the corporation shall be twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) and the same shall be divided into two hundred and fifty shares of the par value of one hundred dollars each. The amount of the capital stock with which said corporation shall commence business shall be fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000) and all of the stock of said corporation shall be common stock.

ARTICLE V.

The names and post office addresses of the incorporators and the number of shares subscribed for by each of them are as follows:

W. C. McDonald, Carrizozo, N. M., Fifty (50) shares.

G. L. Ulrick, White Oaks, N. M., Fifty (50) shares.

J. H. Canning, Nogal, N. M., Fifty (50) shares.

ARTICLE VI.

Said corporation shall exist for the period of fifty years from the date of filing of these articles with the Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico.

ARTICLE VII.

The affairs of the corporation shall be managed by three directors, and those who shall act as such for the first three months of the existence of the corporation are: W. C. McDonald, G. L. Ulrick and J. H. Canning.

ARTICLE VIII.

The directors of said corporation shall choose its officers and shall have the power to make, appeal and amend its by-laws, but by-laws so made by the directors may be amended or repealed by the stockholders.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we, the undersigned, have this 26th day of February, 1906, subscribed our names and affixed our seals.

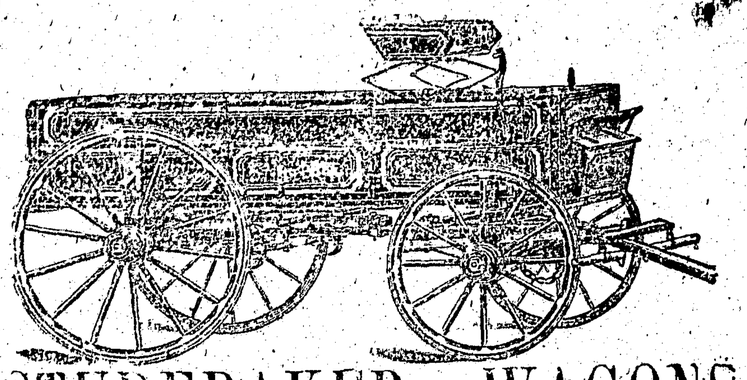
W. C. McDonald (Seal)
Fifty shares.
G. L. Ulrick, (Seal) Fifty shares.
J. H. Canning (Seal) Fifty shares.

Territory of New Mexico, }
County of Lincoln. } ss

On this 26th day of February, 1906, before me personally appeared W. C. McDonald, G. L. Ulrick and J. H. Canning, to me personally known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and they each acknowledged to me that they executed the same as their own free act and deed.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal the day and year first above written in this certificate.

Frank J. Sager, (Seal)
Notary Public, Lincoln Co., N. M.
My commission expires Nov. 20, 1909.



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Vega Blanca	2 00 p m	Vega Blanca	3 35 p m
Kennedy	2 25 p m	Kennedy	3 10 p m
Clark	2 50 p m	Clark	2 50 p m
Wjams Spur	3 10 p m	Williams Spur	2 35 p m
Stanley	3 40 p m	Stanley	2 10 p m
Moriarty	4 10 p m	Moriarty	1 35 p m
McIntosh	4 35 p m	McIntosh	1 10 p m
Antelope	4 48 p m	Antelpoe	12 59 p m
Estancia	5 05 p m	Estancia	12 45a m
Willard	6 30 p m	Willard	11 25 a m
Progresso	6 55 p m	Progresso	10 55 a m
Bianca	7 15 p m	Bianca	10 30 a m
Torrance	8 15 p m	Torrance	9 50 a m

Leave El Paso via E P-N E System 6.45 p m
Arrve Santa Fe via Santa Fe Central 4.20 p m
Leave Santa Fe via Santa Fe Central 1.20 p m
Arrve El Paso via E P-N E System 8.00 a m

We Now Have a Portable Sheep Chute at Torrance Which is of Great Convenience to Sheep Shippers.

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S. B. GRIMSHAW,
General Passenger Agent, Santa Fe, N. Mex.