Advertising!
Merchants—this is the best advertising medium.

THE OUTLOOK.

Job Printing..
Done Neatly and at the Most reasonable prices

VOLUME 2 | WHITE OAKS NEW MEXICO, THURSDAY, MAY, 24, 1906. | NUMBER 38

LOCAL ROUNDUPS,

Ed Haskins, a Jicarilla miner and ranchman, came in for a wagon load of supplies this week.

Moth Bags and paper.
TALIAFERRO'S.

The jurymen, the victims and the attorneys have about all returned from court, which will probably adjourn tomorrow.

J. P. C. Langston, a horny handed, hayseed granger of Quay county, paid this town a wayside visit while journeying from Lincoln court to Tucumcari.

The young people of the town had an extremely pleasant social gathering at the residence of H. B. Tompkins last evening, Miss Ruth acting as hostess.

Mrs. S. E. Barber, of Three Rivers has been stopping in town for a day or two. She has been attending court at Lincoln and came here to look after her White Oaks affairs.

H. C. Creamery Butter, none better.
TALIAFERRO'S.

J. R. Kerr, an El Paso Herald rustler was here between trains yesterday working up business for his paper. The Herald deserves all the patronage it is recieving because it is clean, reliable and newsy, and Mr. Kerr is a worthy representative.

Atwood and Mrs. Littell are rejoicing over the arrival of a brand new ten pound boy, which came to make things lively for them early last Saturday morning. Atwood says it is all rubber and looks like him, or will when it gets its eyes open.

We have taken more orders for Tailor made clothing this spring than ever before. It proves fit and quality, and the prices are right.
TALIAFERRO'S.

John Mc Keith, of Imperial, California, is expected to arrive tomorrow morning and will play a leading part in sinking the Old Abe shaft down to the new fish pond of ore. It is to be hoped it will prove as lucrative as the one found above.

May hail-storms are rather an unusual luxury for this region of country, but at least two have passed through sections of Lincoln county during the past week leaving icy pellets enough in their wake to be scooped up with a shovel.

Mrs. Clerri died quite suddenly at the home of Thos. Chapman of this place last Friday. She had been here but a short time having come here with Mr. Chapman and wife from El Paso about two weeks ago. Mrs. Clerri was formerly in the employ of the Southwestern Telephone Company at Houston, Texas, but went to El Paso last October for her health. She finally came here but evidently found the altitude too great for her weakened condition and took a relapse, with fatal results. The funeral took place here on Saturday. Mrs. Clerri leaves a son and daughter, the former 15 years of age, now living with Mr. Chapman and the latter 18 living with an aunt, Mrs. Harris, of Houston. This lady came up to be at the bedside of her sister but did not arrive until too late.

DEATH OF M. WHITEMAN.

An Alamogordo correspondent of the El Paso Herald gives an account of the suicide of M. Whiteman at that place at an early hour on the mornidg of the 22. It seems Mr. Whiteman had been in very poor health for some time past, had lived a sort of hermit life for many years, being separated from his family, and took this mode to end all.

He came to White Oaks during its earliest existence and followed the business of merchandising here for many years. He afterwards started a store at Roswell, and continued in business there for some time, but since then has been drifting about a good deal. He was one of the characters in Emerson Hough's Hearts Desire stories, being characterized as "Whiteman the Jew". Altogether he had quite an eventful career. His mode of taking himself off was by the Winchester route.

Complaint is made that some of our Mexican friends gave a bailie in the lower end of town last Sunday night at which so much carousing took place that it became a nuisance to those living in the neighborhood. Should this be repeated a few arrests are liable to be made.

Miss Kaminski and Miss Ida Hoyle leave to day for Oklahoma, and Iowa on an extended visit. They will also go to their old home in Ohio before returning. White Oaks can illy spare these good ladies who have been so closely identified with its social life for so many years, and will gladly welcome their return at no distant date, it is hoped.

George Roslington came up from Carrizozo ranch in Tarbel's equine automobile Tuesday, on a pleasure trip of a few hours. He is now spending a short vacation at the ranch. Mrs. Roslington is with her mother, Mrs. W. C. McDonald, visiting relatives and friends in El Paso, but will be up home in a short time.

The statement made by this paper last week that S. C. Wiener and Arthur P. Green had taken the contract to sink the Old Abe mine down to the 1500 foot level is hereby amended so far as Mr. Wiener is concerned. He is not in it, but Arthur assumes the entire responsibility and already has a force of men at work, which means that it will be pushed with the utmost dispatch.

An impromptu program was arranged for an entertainment which was held at the Congregational church Tuesday evening, the object of which was to raise funds for a memorial school building in San Francisco. The exercises consisted principally of music and recitations by the children assisted by a few of larger growth. The entertainment was greatly enjoyed by all. The instrumental selections by Prof. Juan Reyes and Miss Lorena Sager were gems in their way. The contributions amounted to $7.00.

The stork apparantly has reached White Oaks on its annual circuit. It visited the home of Allen Hightower last night and a ten pound boy is the result. Nothing short of ten pounds counts this season. Every body doing well.

The United States Bureau of statistics reports that the per capita circulation of this country is now $32.23. It might not be out of place to suggest that some of our subscribers deposit the odd change with the printer or even come in and match nickels.

MEMORIAL DAY PROGRAM.

Arrangements for this day have been made as follows:

All who wish to take part in the decoration of graves at the cemetery are requested to meet at the Congregational church at ten o'clock in the forenoon and go in a body. Organized societies will have the front of the procession.

The Grand Army decoration services will be read at the grounds by Past Department Commander John Y. Hewitt. This will be followed by the decoration of graves, after which those taking part will return to their homes.

In the evening at 7.30 o'clock the following program of exercises will be called:

1, Salute to the Dead, Post.
2, Song—America, Audience.
3, Prayer, H. B. Tompkins.
4, Chorus, United We Stand.
5, Recitation, Memorial, Helen Canning.
6, Music, Instrumental, Prof. Juan L. Reyes.
Miss Lorena Sager.
7, Song—Memorial Day Greeting.
8, Recitation—We Meet to Honor the Brave, Gracia Chew.
9, Remarks, L. H. Rudisille.
10, Song, Gather the Lilies.
11, Recitation, Proud Flag of The Free,
Pearl Taylor, Bernnce Lane and Rilla Wells.
12, Quartett, Memorial Day.
13, Recitation and chorus—We'll stand by the Flag.
14, Chorus, At Rest Where the Violets Grow.
15, Recitation, The Soldier's Cap, Jessie Treat.
16, Solo, Strew the Graves With Flowers.
17, Reading, Selection F. J. Sager.
18, Solo and Chorous, Gone but Not Forgotten.
19, Recitation—Saved, Miss Ruth Tompkins.
20, Duet—Veterans Farewell Song.
21, Chorus—In Honor of Our Fallen Soldiers.

Will. and Phil. Blanchard arrived in town this morning destined for their ranch east of here.

White Oaks, though possessed of the finest climate in the world, has no ambition to become a dumping ground for tuberculosis germs, but it does invite summer outing parties from the cities during the heated term, and can accommodate all that come. It can give them cool, refreshing breezes all through the months of July and August, without the constant rains experienced in the higher mountain altitudes. It can furnish beautiful canyons shaded with giant firs, and gurgling springs of pure, soft, cool water, and wild, rugged scenery, as well as pleasant slopes and enchanting vistas to those of romantic tendencies. In fact there is enough of ideal beauty, and charm, and inspiration, and cool, shady nooks within two miles of this pleasant little hamlet to furnish surprises, and recreation for a thousand pleasure seekers, and make life during the hot summer months one grand, sweet song. Grub and lodging can be had at reasonable rates, or you can bring your gasoline stove, steamer and frying pan and make yourselves at home. What is said of White Oaks can be emphasized with equal force for many other sections of Lincoln county, especially along the eastern side of the White Mountains where the running streams lend additional charm.

Welch & Titsworth

WHITE SEED OATS.

Pride of Denver Flour	per cwt	2.60
Imboden's best	" "	2.70
Second grade Kansas	" "	2.00
Native Pink Beans	"	3.00
Granulated Sugar	"	5.60
" "	16 lbs for	1.00

(PRICES SUBJECT TO MARKET FLUCTUATIONS.)

GRAHAM FLOUR, RUBBER BOOTS.
CANE SEED,
FRESH ALFALFA SEED,
KAFFIR CORN,
ONION SETS.
STETSON HATS. IRON ROOFING.

CAPITAN. N. M.

HOTEL OZANNE,

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.
Now open for business. Clean beds and an excellent cuisine awaits the traveling public.

Professional Cards.

GEO. B. BARBER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
LINCOLN, - - NEW MEXICO.
Practice in all the courts of the Territory.

J. E. WHARTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
ALAMOGORDO, - - NEW MEXICO.
Special attention given to cases in Lincoln as well as Otero county.

A. H. Hudspeth, John Y. Hewitt
Hewitt & Hudspeth,
Attorneys-at-Law
HEWITT BLOCK. WHITE OAKS.

Church Directory.

Plymouth Congregatonal Church.

Services every Sunday as follows:
Sunday School at 10.30 a. m.
All are cordially invited to attend.

Methodist Church.

Sabbath School each Sunday at 10 o'clock a. m.
Weekly prayermeeting Wednesday night.
All are cordially invited to join these services.

Who's your Tailor?

The most skillful cutters and tailors are to be found in the metropolitan cities.

This is one of the many reasons why we can give better values than the local tailor can—at a little more than half his price.

You'll appreciate what the *easy feel* is in one of our suits.

We'll show you an assortment of 500 styles of woolens to select from.

Made to your measure—taken by us.

Exclusive Local Representative of
Ed. V. Price & Company
Merchant Tailors, Chicago

TALIAFERRO MERC. and TRADING CO

YOU
Are the One We Are After.

These lines are printed to catch the eyes of those who do not keep a bank account, but who are risking their money around the house or barn, or having it buried in some corner. Try keeping it in a safe place, where you can check out any amount at any time.

THE EXCHANGE BANK,
WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.
INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

THE OUTLOOK

WHITE OAKS, - NEW MEXICO.

Rural Water Supply.

When such great sums of money are being expended by city governments that the inhabitants of towns may have a sanitary water supply, it seems strange that the supply in rural towns should receive little or no attention. This latter population may seem relatively insignificant, but according to the last census it comprises about 40,000,000 souls. This means that 40,000,000 people are drinking the water most available, without a thought of its sanitary condition. These various sources of supply, whether wells, springs or small streams, are similarly unreliable for furnishing drinking water. The statistics of mortality in the country are very indefinite, but even these show that the rural population is not as free from illness as it should be. And though everywhere the rural death rate is lower than the urban death rate, yet the lowering in the country has not been as great as in the city. An examination of typhoid statistics shows that the death rate of other diseases is generally lower in the country than in the city, but the prevalence of typhoid is almost equal to if not greater in the rural districts than in the cities. Several instances have been reported which show the rural typhoid rate to be ten times greater than the urban rate for the same district. To particularize, a certain district in central Pennsylvania proves this fact. It is made up of a rural population with 100 inhabitants to the square mile. It is a region of fine farms, wild mountains and woods, country residences and picnic groves. And in this valley there has been as much typhoid fever as in the city of Philadelphia. Sad as this condition is, there seems to be no remedy for it. The sources of a city water supply are few, and the city government easily controls the conditions affecting it. But what can be done when the sources of supply are numbered by the thousands.. A mint of money and an army of chemists would not be sufficient to give the same care to the country supply that is given to that of the city.

Illiterate Immigrants.

Discussing the immigration bill now before congress to raise the tax from two to five dollars a head, the Philadelphia Record says a chief complaint of the petitions is not that the immigrants are physically weak, but that they are too strong. It goes on to say: "As for the educational test, which prescribes that every immigrant over 16 years shall be able to read, long experience shows that this small degree of culture is not necessary for labor in the fields, in railroad grading, tunneling, street cleaning and other pursuits with which the masses of immigrants begin life on these shores. To ward off the political evils of illiteracy the states most effected by them (Pennsylvania, for example), have only to provide, as Massachusetts and most of the southern states have done, against putting the ballot in the fists of people who cannot read it. But by a curious contradiction the utmost facilities for enabling ignorance, native and naturalized, white and black, to exercise the suffrage are afforded by Pennsylvania and other states in which most of the illiterate immigrants find lodgment. If these states should apply the educational test to the elective franchise there would be little cause for complaint concerning the immigration of illiterates from Europe."

Our Army Is Small.

In the sense in which the term is used in Europe, this country has no military reserve. The two military forces recognized by law and custom are the regular army and the "militia." The regular army is a comparatively small force. Taking into consideration its size, population and position among nations, this country has the smallest standing army in the world. For many years preceding the war with Spain our regular army numbered only about 25,000 men. With the outbreak of hostilities with Spain came a very large increase. After the close of the conflict, however, there was a steady, radical reduction, until the American standing army to-day numbers only about 60,000 men. Of these, about one-fourth, or in the neighborhood of 15,000, are in the Philippines. A small force is maintained in Alaska, and a still smaller in Hawaii, leaving, in round numbers, 40,000 soldiers of the regular army in this country, or an increase of only about 15,000 since the days preceding the conflict with Spain.

Rev. Thomas F. Millar, a preacher of Catasville, Mo., announced to his congregation last Sunday morning that a collection for foreign missions was about to be taken up, but that he wanted no member to give a cent unless he had already paid his butcher, baker, grocer and printer. "Pay your local debts first," he said, "and then pay the debt you owe to the heathen." Report has it that the missionary collection was small, but the respect of the congregation for the preacher was large.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

Most Important Happenings of the Past Seven Days.

Interesting Items Gathered from All parts of the World Condensed Into Small Space for the Benefit of Our Readers.

San Francisco Earthquake.

The main vault of the San Francisco auditor's office was opened recently and the contents was found to be intact. All the valuable records of the office were in this vault including $17,000,000 of bonds issued before the disaster.

The police commissioners of San Francisco have revoked all licences for saloons in the city and the drinking places will remain closed indefinitely.

The Fireman's Fund Insurance company of San Francisco has discovered that the contents of the vault containing all the records of its business in San Francisco had been destroyed in the recent fire.

The receiver for the Traders Insurance company of Chicago, which recently suspended, declares he will contest in the courts every loss sustained by the company in San Francisco.

The signal corps of the United States army is photographing San Francisco ruins from balloons.

Miscellaneous.

Vice Admiral Kuzmich commander of the port at St. Petersburg has been assassinated by a workman because he had refused to permit the workmen to make a May day demonstration.

The steamer La Touraine, which arrived in New York from Havre, brought $6,100,000 in gold. The Umbria from Liverpool brought $3,000,000.

Four magazines of the Union Metalic Cartridge company at Bridgeport, Conn., containing 25,000 pounds of powder each exploded causing great alarm among the residents who thought an earthquake had occurred.

Pennsylvania fire insurance companies, nine in all, have submitted statements of their condition and showing an aggregate loss in San Francisco of $7,460,250.

More than $6,000,000 has been subscribed to the relief funds for San Francisco earthquake sufferers.

A police captain of Warsaw Russia has been killed by the explosion of a bomb thrown by a young man. Soldiers immediately shot the assassin.

An Omaha attorney is said to be preparing papers for submission to the interstate commerce commission of a complaint of the Rock Springs Coal company against the Union Pacific railroad company charging discrimination.

The American executive assembly of the Isle of Pines has sent a delegate to Washington to work to defeat the Isle of Pines treaty.

The Mutual Insurance company has brought suit against former members of its committee of expenditures to recover such sums of money as may have been lost through negligence of the defendants.

The interstate commerce commission, which has been investigating the relations between the Standard Oil company and the railroads at Chicago, has closed the inquiry at that point and will resume it later at Cleveland, O.

The editor of the Indianapolis Sun has been sentenced to 30 days in jail and fined $250 for criticising the judge of the local criminal court.

Gov. Higgins, of New York, has granted an additional respite of 30 days to Albert Patrick under sentence of death for the murder of William M. Rice.

The plant of the Higgins Spring and Axle company at Racine, Wis., has been destroyed by fire causing a loss of $250,000.

The report that the Mexican government has entered into an agreement with certain Americans of desperate character to hunt down the Yaqui Indians is denied.

The total trade with South American countries in 1905 was $207,000,000. Of this amount $150,000,000 consisted of imports to the United States, while the exports amounted to but $57,000,000.

The Sultan of Turkey in obedience to the demands of Great Britain has removed his troops from Tabah and the threatened demonstration by the English fleet will not take place.

The government has taken a stand against the petition of the state of Kansas asking permission to file a suit in the supreme court of the United States on behalf of the M. K. & T. railroad company to get control of lands in Indian territory.

The New Orleans Naval Stores company's plant at Gulfport, Miss., has been destroyed by fire involving a loss of $400,000.

The 1,500 funeral drivers of New York who went on strike have returned to work, their employers having granted their demands.

A body supposed to be that of Father Gapon, who disappeared from Russia has been found hanging in a lonely villa in Finland.

The bank of Thorton, Ia., recently made an assignment for the benefit of creditors.

The strike of 1,500 funeral drivers tied up the undertaking business in New York recently.

John Alexander Dowie and W. G. Voliva have reached an agreement upon the proposition for mutual representation in the management of the financial affairs at Zion City.

President Roosevelt has given out a statement in which he says that at no time has he ever stated that his approval of the railroad rate bill was conditional upon the acceptance of any one amendment or set of amendments.

The Southern Baptist convention in session at Chattanooga, Tenn., passed resolutions against lynching and proposed that punishment by law for all classes of criminal assault should be made stronger.

The Methodists are perfecting a plan by which it is expected to raise at least $1,000,000 to rebuild the churches of that denomination destroyed at San Francisco.

Suit has been instituted by the government in the federal court at Indianapolis against the so-called drug trust for violations of the Sherman anti-trust law. The parties to the combination include the Proprietary Association of America, the National Wholesale Druggists association and the National Association of Retail Druggists.

The first Russian parliament was inaugurated at St. Petersburg with great pomp and ceremony. The emperor read a speech from the throne asking the co-operation of the delegates in solving the problems of Russia. The lower house organized by electing Prof Mouronetseff as president.

At the National Conference of Charities and Corrections at Philadelphia a paper was read criticising the Salvation army relief work, and declaring that the so-called charitable work of the army was largely subservient to financial interests.

One hundred members of the Massachusetts legislature were recently summoned before the grand jury at Boston to testify regarding charges of bribery in connection with the defeat of the anti-bucket shop bill.

The United States government won a great victory in the federal court at St. Paul when the paper trust surrendered unconditionally and an order was entered by Judge Sanborn dissolving the combine. Newspaper publishers throughout the west will be greatly benefitted.

James B. Felker, treasurer of Newburyport, Mass., has confessed to a shortage of $85,000.

The new council of the empire, or upper house of the Russian parliament was recently opened by Count Solsky, its president, with elaborate ceremonies.

Two men were killed and several badly injured in a grade crossing collision between a street car and a train recently at Chattanooga, Tenn.

Four trainmen were killed and four others injured on the Norfolk & Western railroad near Lynchburg, Va., recently.

Maynard M. McDole, a freshman at Missouri University was shot in the head and several other students injured in a fight at Columbia recently between several hundered students and men connected with Cole Bros., circus.

Damaging evidence was given against the Standard Oil company at the Chicago hearing recently, a former employe stating that he had bribed employes of railroads and independent companies to get information of their business.

A witness in the Standard Oil inquiry at Chicago declared recently that the agents of railroads acted as agents of the oil company and received a commission on the amount of oil they sold.

Congressional.

By an almost unanimous vote the senate has adopted an amendment to the railroad rate bill making imprisonment and fine the penalty for violations of its provisions.

Richard Bartholdt has been renominated by the republicans of the Tenth Missouri district for representative in congress.

The senate has added a section to the railroad rate bill denying railway companies the right to own coal mines.

Senator Dick has introduced a bill proposing to issue a brinze medal of honor to each surviving soldier who enlisted under the first call of President Lincoln for 75,000 troops.

The files of the index clerks at the state department show that the present congress has broken all records in the matter of completed legislation for the time it has been in session. More than 3,000 laws having been enacted.

Personal.

Carl Schurz, a former senator from Missouri and at one time a cabinet minister has died at his home in New York.

Maharajah Gaekwar, of Baroda, second greatest prince in all India, is on a visit to the United States.

Carl Schurz, the well-known writer and statesman is critically ill at his home in New York.

Sidi Mohammed, boy of Tunis, died recently in his summer palace at Tunis.

The condition of John Alexander Dowie is said to have reached a critical stage. He has taken to his bed and his strength is fast falling.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis, widow of the former president of the Confederacy, is dangerously ill in New York of la grippe.

Phil S. Creager, for the past 12 years telegraph editor of the Kansas City Journal, died recently as the result of an operation for appendicitis. He was formerly of Kansas.

Joseph A. Wheelock, editor-in-chief of the St. Paul Pioneer Press, is dead at his home in that city.

President Roosevelt will deliver an address at the opening of the Jamestown exposition next year.

NEW MEXICO NEWS SUMMARY

Ex-Mayor I. Sparks of Santa Fe has been appointed deputy coal oil inspector for the counties of Santa Fe, Taos and Rio Arriba, by Territorial Inspector Eugenio Romero of Las Vegas.

The Roswell-Torrance automobile line has now in constant use five machines, each of twenty-five-horse power, and the business offered is said to be more than these automobiles can do.

Governor Hagerman has appointed R. A. Wolford of Hillsboro, district attorney of Socorro and Sierra county, vice Elfago Baca, resigned. Wolford came to New Mexico several years ago from Ohio.

H. W. Baca, convicted of cattle stealing and on the way from Hillboro with Deputy Sheriff M. Bojodquez, to serve five years in the Santa Fe penitentiary, leaped from the window of a apidly moving train, between San Marcial and Socorro. Members of the territorial mounted police started at once in pursuit.

An Estancia correspondent says that should artesian water be struck in the well, which will be drilled by the Eastern Railway of New Mexico, for which $25,000 has been appropriated by the road, the water will be piped ten miles from Willard, thence by gravity will be sent to Encino and Epris at an estimated cost of $200,000.

Ben Bibo, a general merchant at Bibo, Valencia county, writes to a friend at Albuquerque that a severe earthquake shock occurred Thursday afternoon, May 10th, at 4:20, lasting for several seconds. A number of people were in the store at the time. The shock was also felt in neighboring houses. No damage was done except some little breakage in stores.

While dynamiting stumps in the garden patch of the Pecos Copper Company at Cowles, twenty miles northeast of Santa Fe, Frank Wheeler, who had charge of the blasting, was fatally injured and Thomas Dougherty and C. Rotterman were terribly hurt. Four other men standing beside them escaped comparatively unhurt. It is expected that the injured men will recover.

The Kenton Telephone Company, with headquarters at Clayton, Union county has filed incorporation papers at Santa Fe to build telephone lines in Union county, New Mexico; Baca county, Colorado, and Beaver county, Oklahoma. The capitalization is $2,500, and the incorporators and directors are Henry Bearly, J. J. Ballard, John W. Turner, A. W. Hanner, R. F. Drew and D. K. Lord, all of Kenton, Oklahoma.

Adjutant General Tarkington is reported to have positively denied the report that several new militia companies were about to be started in different cities of the territory. "There is hardly money enough for the maintenance of what companies we already have," he stated, "and instead of new companies being formed, we may have to disband some of the existing ones." He also denied that official permission had been granted for a troop of cavalry to be organized at Carlsbad.

The remains of a woman, apparently from thirty-five to forty years of age have been found in the bosque midway between Vinton, Texas, and La Union, New Mexico, and whether she was drowned or murdered, it is impossible to say. The head of the woman was taken to the La Union grave yard and buried by the finders, but the remainder of the body was left on the sand bar where it was found, no effort having been made to give it a decent burial. Who she was or how she came there may always be a mystery.

Rodulfio Muniz, with thirty men, will leave at 7:30 o'clock to-morrow morning, via the Santa Fe railway for Las Animas, Colorado, where they will be employed until the latter part of November. Muniz has a contract for thinning, cultivating and harvesting a large number of acres of sugar beets, and takes the men with which to do the work from Santa Fe. Most of them are experienced hands, having been employed in the fields before and, considering the very little which it costs them to live, they are able to save a nice sum of money during the season. —Santa Fe New Mexican.

Man's conquest of the arid regions is one of the remarkable victories of civilization, and although it began ages ago in Babylon and Egypt, it is only of late years that he has undertaken the work upon a large and systematic scale in the arid West. How the conquest goes forward step by step was again demonstrated last week in Otero county, when a sixty-five-mile canal and pipe line was completed from the Sacramento to the Jarilla mountains, giving the latter the first flowing water in their existence. It was a stupendous work for private capital to undertake, but its success will be an incentive for further progress in that direction.—Santa Fe New Mexican.

That the interest in New Mexico and its possibilities is spreading to all classes of people, including the learned professions, is evidenced by the number of letters of inquiry received daily at the office of Prof. Hiram Hadley, superintendent of public instruction, says the New Mexican. These letters are nearly all in the nature of applications for positions, or information as to the school laws of the territory, and over the possibilities of securing schools. So many inquiries are received daily that it has proven impossible to answer all individually, and Professor Hadley has prepared a circular letter, which is mailed to those desirous of securing information. The letters come from every state in the Union, as well as Mexico and Canada, and to a great extent are similar in their text. All state that they have heard many times of the beautiful climate, and the many possibilities in this territory, and are anxious to locate here. Instead of all being, as one might suppose, young teachers lacking experience, many of the applications are from graduates of the finest colleges, many even trained specialists, instructors who have gained considerable reputation, and are willing to sacrifice much in the way of salary for the privilege of living in the land of sunshine.

Coal Oil Inspection.

As the result of a thorough inspection of the subject, in order to exact a full compliance with existing laws, and after visits to the different sections of the territory by Deputy Coal Oil Inspector Harold Hurd at a consultation held by Governor Hagerman, Coal Oil Inspector Eugenio Romero and Inspector Hurd, it was decided to create eleven coal oil inspection districts and appoint a deputy for each.

The districts are as follows:

District No. 1—Headquarters, Raton; deputy inspector, Charles H. McGaughey; district, Colfax county and those points in Union county on Colorado & Southern railroad.

District No. 2—Headquarters, Las Vegas; deputy inspector who will be named who, in the absence of coal oil inspector, shall act as deputy coal oil inspector; district, San Miguel and Mora counties.

District No. 3—Headquarters, Albuquerque; deputy inspector, Melville R. Summers; district, Bernalillo, Sandoval, Socorro, McKinley and Valencia counties.

District No. 4—Headquarters, Lake Valley; deputy inspector, James C. Bixler; district, Sierra county.

District No. 5—Headquarters, Silver City; deputy inspector, H. H. Betts; district, Grant and Luna counties.

District No. 6—Headquarters, Las Cruces; deputy inspector, S. R. Mitchell; district, Dona Ana county.

District No. 7—Headquarters, Alamogordo; deputy inspector, to be named; district, Otero county.

District No. 8—Headquarters, Tucumcari; deputy inspector, to be named; district, Guadalupe and Quay counties, and those points in Union county on the Chicago, Rock Island & El Paso railroad.

District No. 9—Headquarters, Capitan; deputy inspector, to be named; district, Lincoln county.

District No. 10—Headquarters, Santa Fe; deputy inspector, to be named; district, Santa Fe and Taos counties, and those parts of Rio Arriba county situated on the D. & R. G. railroad.

District No. 11—Headquarters, Roswell; deputy inspector; Herald Hurd; district, Eddy, Chaves and Roosevelt counties.

There will be two additional districts, which will comprise the country tributary to the stations on the Denver & Rio Grande railroad in Colorado from which co is shipped into Taos, Rio Arriba and San Juan counties; one of these is at Durango and the other at Alamosa, Colorado.

Sheep Owner Murdered.

A Santa Fe dispatch of the 15th inst., says: Waylaid and shot from ambush, Inez Lueras, a sheep owner of Torrance county, was found last night near Willard, death having ensued from his wounds. A posse of New Mexico rangers have taken up the trail of the assassin.

The killing of Lueras was prompted by the report that he knew the details of the assassination of the late Col. J. F. Chaves and that certain members of a cattle and sheep stealing gang feared the revelations he might make.

Territorial Ranger Gomez to-day arrested Desidero Aguilar on his ranch in the Manzano mountains, ostensibly on a charge of six years standing, that Aguilar attempted to kill a fellow sheep herder, Martinez, on the McIntosh ranch, near Chilili, but really because Aguilar is supposed to have knowledge of the man who assassinated Col. J. F. Chaves at Pinos Wells over two years ago.

Aguilar has just served a two years' sentence for horse stealing and his conviction had been brought about partly by the late Col. Chaves.

Rodey Gets Judgeship.

A Washington dispatch of May 15th says: The nomination by President Roosevelt of the former delegate from New Mexico, Bernard S. Rodey, as United States judge for Porto Rico meets with many expressions of approval here.

While Mr. Rodey represented New Mexico in Congress he was one of the most interesting characters in Washington, his fight for statehood for New Mexico bringing him into and keeping him in prominence during his entire term of office. His persistence in the cause he had espoused was approved at all times, even when the judgment was disputed.

Rodey in the beginning of his efforts was a strong advocate of single statehood, but when he became convinced that there was no opportunity to obtain single statehood, he became an ardent advocate of union with Arizona. Rodey speaks and writes Spanish and it is believed he will make an acceptable judge for Porto Rico.

Sandoval County Grand Jury.

The grand jury of Sandoval county, at its session in Benalillo, found indictments against Lautero de Baca, Manuel C. de Baca and Antonio Armijo, well-known citizens of the county, for assault with intent to kill upon Salvador Sandoval in December, 1905.

Several indictments for assault with intent to kill, growing out of the railroad strike riots in Albuquerque in 1904, were disposed of by the following defendants pleading guilty of assault and battery and not intent to kill, and by being fined $35 each and costs; John Dunning, A. Crosby and R. L. Shipley; while four of the indicted men, J. J. Gordon, H. H. Boyd, H. J. Martin and Irvin Farrell pleaded guilty of rioting and were fined $25, without costs. This disposes finally of these cases. They were tried in Sandoval county on a change of venue from Bernalillo county.

The five-year-old daughter of John Jones, an express driver in Las Vegas, was found drowned in the Rio Gallinas, about 5 o'clock Friday afternoon. The little girl wandered away from home three hours before. She was seen playing with a little boy on the river bank. A man rode up through the middle of the shallow stream and found the girl's body. It is believed she was attempting to take water from the river in a little dish she carried, lost her balance and fell in.

WASTED TO A SHADOW.

But Found a Cure After Fifteen Years of Suffering.

A. H. Stotts, messenger at the State Capitol, Columbus, O., says:

"For fifteen years I had kidney troubles, and though I doctored faithfully, could not find a cure. I had heavy backaches, dizzy headaches and terrible urinary disorders. One day I collapsed, fell insensible on the sidewalk, and then wasted away in bed for ten weeks. After being given up, I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. In a couple of months I regained my old health, and now weigh 188 pounds. Twelve boxes did it, and I have been well two years."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Seek first, if you would win the strife,
To make a $.

BOY'S HEAD ONE SOLID SORE.

Hair All Came Out—Under Doctor Three Months and No Better—Cuticura Works Wonders.

Mr. A. C. Barnett, proprietor of a general store in Avard, Oklahoma, tells in the following grateful letter how Cuticura cured his son of a terrible eczema. "My little boy had eczema. His head was one solid sore, all over his scalp; his hair all came out, and he suffered very much. I had a physician treat him, but at the end of three months he was no better, I remembered that the Cuticura Remedies had cured me, and after giving him two bottles of Cuticura Resolvent, according to directions, and using Cuticura Soap and Ointment on him daily, his eczema left him, his hair grew again, and he has never had any eczema since. We use the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and they keep our skin soft and healthy. I cheerfully recommend the Cuticura Remedies for all cases of eczema. A. C. Barnett, Mar. 30, 1905."

Let a man make a good resolution, and his wife will make fun of him for doing it. And vice versa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

An affinity is generally a person with money.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Jimmy felt so athletic this spring that he made a spring and jumped over the spring.

Write Garfield Tea Co., Brooklyn, N. Y., for package Garfield Tea., the herb cure

Peppery remarks should be taken with a grain of salt.

KIDNEY TROUBLES

Increasing Among Women, But Sufferers Need Not Despair

THE BEST ADVICE IS FREE

Of all the diseases known, with which the female organism is afflicted, kidney disease is the most fatal and statistics show that this disease is on the increase among women.

Mrs. Emma Sawyer

Unless early and correct treatment is applied the patient seldom survives when once the disease is fastened upon her. We believe Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the most efficient treatment for chronic kidney troubles of women, and is the only medicine especially prepared for this purpose.

When a woman is troubled with pain or weight in loins, backache, frequent, painful or scalding urination, swelling of limbs or feet, swelling under the eyes, an uneasy, tired feeling in the region of the kidneys or notices a sediment in the urine, she should lose no time in commencing treatment with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as it may be the means of saving her life.

For proof, read what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Sawyer.

"I cannot express the terrible suffering I had to endure. A derangement of the female organs developed nervous prostration and a serious kidney trouble. The doctor attended me for a year, but I kept getting worse, until I was unable to do anything, and I made up my mind I could not live. I finally decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a last resort, and I am to-day a well woman. I cannot praise it too highly, and I tell every suffering woman about my case." —Mrs. Emma Sawyer, Conyers, Ga.

Mrs. Pinkham gives free advice to women; address in confidence, Lynn, Mass.

Are You Tired, Nervous and Sleepless?

Nervousness and sleeplessness are usually due to the fact that the nerves are not fed on properly nourishing blood; they are *starved* nerves. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery *makes pure, rich blood*, and thereby the nerves are properly nourished and all the organs of the body are run as smoothly as machinery which runs in oil. In this way you feel clean, strong and strenuous—you are toned up and invigorated, and you are good for a whole lot of physical or mental work. Best of all, the strength and increase in vitality and health are *lasting*.

The trouble with most tonics and medicines which have a large, booming sale for a short time, is that they are largely composed of alcohol holding the drugs in solution. This alcohol shrinks up the red blood corpuscles, and in the long run greatly injures the system. One may feel exhilarated and better for the time being, yet in the end weakened and with vitality decreased. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery contains no alcohol. Every bottle of it bears upon its wrapper *The Badge of Honesty*, in a full list of all its several ingredients. For the druggist to offer you something he claims is "just as good" is to insult your intelligence.

Every ingredient entering into the world-famed "Golden Medical Discovery" has the unanimous approval and endorsement of the leading medical authorities of all the several schools of practice. No other medicine sold through druggists for like purposes has any such endorsement.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" not only produces all the good effects to be obtained from the use of Golden Seal root, in all stomach, liver and bowel troubles, as in dyspepsia, billiousness, constipation, ulceration of stomach and bowels and kindred ailments, but the Golden Seal root used in its compounding is greatly enhanced in its curative action by other ingredients such as Stone root, Black Cherrybark, Bloodroot, Mandrake root and chemically pure triple-refined glycerine.

"The Common Sense Medical Adviser," is sent free in paper covers on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of mailing *only*. For 31 stamps the cloth-bound volume will be sent. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation, billiousness and headache.

Worry a Disease.

Everyone knows innumerable reasons why it is foolish to worry, the chief one being perhaps that it is so utterly useless, but science has added a new reason which is worth considering. It not only states that worry will kill, but explains why it will kill. Worry is a disease of the brain, a disease which destroys certain cells of the brain, often beyond repair. Like an enemy in the night, worry creeps upon the brain and begins its sledge-hammer process of destruction. The vitality of the delicate organism is slowly destroyed. Nature may repair the destruction if worry comes at intervals, but worry is a habit and its power grows each time that it is allowed admittance.—The Housekeeper.

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

"Quarrel, eh? You don't mean it? Why, before they were married she used to say there wasn't another man like him in the world." "Yes; but now she says she'd hate to think that there was."

Garfield Tea overcomes constipation, sick headache, liver and kidney diseases.

Blessings of Berlin.

The Biblical blessing on "the man that hath his quiver full of children" seems to be enjoyed by a considerable number of heads of households in Berlin. According to the statistics published for the month of January, one mother, forty years old, has presented her husband with the twenty-first child; another of the same age has given birth to the seventeenth child; one, forty-four years old, has registered her sixteenth; and one, thirty-four years old, her fifteenth child. Four mothers, each at the age of forty-two, have announced the arrival in each case of the fourteenth, two at the age of thirty-five likewise the fourteenth, while ten mothers have each given birth to the thirteenth, thirteen mothers to the twelfth, fourteen to the eleventh, and thirty-nine to the tenth child. All of which suggests that President Roosevelt at the expiration of his term might find here a congenial atmosphere.—Denver News.

Rainfall and Tree Growth.

A report has recently been published which shows how closely the growth of trees is dependent upon rainfall. Not only was this seen in the case of one and two-year-old trees, but in an investigation extending over a period of twelve years, during which time the annual rings of growth were carefully examined. With an annual precipitation of from thirty to thirty-five inches a width of ring was produced varying from .11 to .15 inch. If, on the other hand, there was either an unusually large or small rainfall in any given year this was followed by a corresponding tree growth in the following year.—Harper's Weekly.

TRANSFORMATIONS.

Curious Results When Coffee Drinking Is Abandoned.

It is almost as hard for an old coffee toper to quit the use of coffee as it is for a whisky or tobacco fiend to break off, except that the coffee user can quit coffee and take up Postum Food Coffee without any feeling of a loss of the morning beverage, for when Postum is well boiled and served with cream, it is really better in point of flavor than most of the coffee served nowadays, and to the taste of the connoisseur it is like the flavor of fine Java.

A great transformation takes place in the body within ten days or two weeks after coffee is left off and Postum Food Coffee used, for the reason that the poison to the nerves has been discontinued and in its place is taken a liquid that contains the most powerful elements of nourishment.

It is easy to make this test and prove these statements by changing from coffee to Postum Food Coffee.

"There's a reason."

SEA LEVEL CANAL

RECOMMENDED BY THE SENATE CANAL COMMITTEE.

EARTHQUAKES CONSIDERED

Fear Expressed That Locks Would Be Unsafe—Shock at San Francisco Discussed—Minority Objections Answered.

Washington.—That the earthquake which destroyed San Francisco was an important factor in determining the vote of the Senate Committee on Inter-Oceanic Canals in favor of a sea-level type is apparent from the fact that a feature of the majority report is a discussion of the effect such an earth wave might have on locks and dams.

The majority report in favor of a sea-level canal was submitted Thursday by Senator Kittredge. On the subject of danger from earthquakes on the isthmus and the possible effect on the two types of canal proposed the report says:

"The recent calamity that overwhelmed one of our great cities has caused many forebodings. The assertion that any particular spot in the tropics is exempt from all danger from such convulsions of nature as recently visited California or wrought great havoc near Charleston, S. C., in 1896, or changed the face of nature in Southwestern Missouri, near the beginning of this century, would not be hazarded by any wise man. That the Isthmus of Panama is not exempt conclusively appears and we can have no guaranty that the canal zone will in the future be exempt from such disaster.

"The canal structures that would be most exposed to injury by the passing of an earth wave or violent movement of the earth's surface are the locks proposed by the minority, whose walls, many hundreds of feet, or even two or three thousand feet long at Gatun, would, at least some of them, be more than 75 feet high and entirely unsupported on one side save for a part of the height by water.

"If these walls should be moved at all, the natural and probable result would be in their leaking and so prevent the closing of the gates—an injury for which a suggestion of extra gates on hand would be useless, for no one could guess the extent of the movement. But the most likely effect of such shock would be the fracture of these locks, in repairing of which much time—months or years—might be required, and thus cause interruption of traffic or the abandonment of the canal.

"An earth dam on an alluvial base as proposed by the minority, might be fissured if the earthquake passed the locality, and if a crack in the dam or its base should open, the dam would go out, the lock drain, and the canal be ruined.

"At San Francisco, where the water pipes were broken, the disaster was greatly augmented by this cause, for the water could not be held in the pipes and directed on the flames. What would happen to the aqueduct, conduits, pipes and valves, buried in the concrete walls, used for filling and emptying the locks, cannot be well conjectured."

After reviewing the legislation and the mesages of the President on the subject of the canal, the report says it is due to the executive branch of the government that the uncertainties confronting the President as to his powers in the premises be settled and disposed of affirmatively, once and for all, by the only national authority competent to pass upon the question—the national legislature.

The division among experts as to the best type of canal is treated by the report, which says that the conclusion has been reached that the following propositions are irrefutable:

"That the ideal canal is one at sea level; that its construction would be attended with no more and probably with less hazard than one with locks and dams on doubtful foundations; that the sea-level canal is safer and more convenient than one with locks; that it would take but little longer time to build; that it is the simpler and the more economical in operation and maintenance."

WILL REBUILD STANFORD.

Damage to Great University Less Than Reported.

San Francisco.—Stanford University will be reconstructed at once, and by next December every building necessary to the work of the college will be in perfect condition. The work has commenced already and there is plenty of money on hand to assure the trustees that the repairs may be accomplished as quickly as they desire.

A closer examination of the wrecked buildings shows the damage to have been not nearly as great as at first reported. The three most seriously damaged are the memorial church, the new gymnasium and the new library. Of these the new library, probably will have to be torn down. The new gymnasium is still in a condition to be reconstructed. The memorial church is damaged probably to the extent of a quarter of its value. The walls of the building are uninjured and the tower is standing. The magnificent organ which it contained was not touched.

School Land Suit.

Denver.—In order to settle the question of the state's right to dispose of school land in spite of an attempt upon the part of the Legislature to assume this right, a friendly suit is to be started to which the Bijou Irrigation Company will be the other party. The last Legislature passed a law which provided that any school section suitable for irrigation purposes could be appropriated by an irrigation company with proper compensation to the state. The Bijou Irrigation Company desires to acquire a large reservoir site east of Fort Morgan, in the center of which is a section of school land. The State Land Board contests its right to take this section, claiming that it has the sole jurisdiction over the disposal of school land. The suit will determine the disputed point.

A RUSSIAN MARTYR

WOMAN WHO DIED FOR OTHERS

Assassin of a Cruel and Unjust Governor—Fiend Who Burned, Slew, Ravished and Tortured.

We Americans, so carefully nurtured in the lap of liberty, so thoroughly broken to the rule and the reign of law, so used to see political events run along smoothly and serenely, and so generally well governed that the slightest resort to extraordinary power is viewed with suspicion and alarm, have a horror of the political assassin. We have seen three of our best and noblest Presidents stricken down by the assassin's bullet. We have noted that the men guilty of the crime were monsters in human guise. We have been so utterly stunned by the causelessness of the attacks that we are hardly in a mental condition to do full justice to the conditions in Russia, which has led to the formation of a party which has for its object the taking of the life of those high in authority. We are not inclined to yield them much sympathy. We are told that it is a wrong method, and that it will only make the lot of the people over there much worse.

And yet after reading the story of the young woman who killed the governor of one of the provinces it must be admitted that she had right and justice on her side when she deliberately took the life of this official. Her story of this monster's fiendish cruelty reads like a tale from out the barbarous past. This Russian official, who seems to be a fair sample of the petty satrap sent into the country by the merciful Czar to "pacify" a certain province, appears to have been devoid of every instinct of humanity. He was like some wild and ravening beast, who slaughtered for the pure lust of blood. He was perfectly safe from official prosecution. In fact he was the law. He carried the commission of the Emperor. He came as one in authority. He and his Cossacks burned, slew, ravished and tortured. They spared neither age nor sex, guilty and innocent were alike the prey of their devilish sport.

The local revolutionary committee, or the little remnant of them left after the torturer and executioner had partly completed his work, decreed this fiend's death. A young woman undertook the task and has succeeded in her object.

She took on herself the execution of a higher law than exists in Russian to-day, and she was willing to pay the horrible forfeit.

Miss Spiridonova, the young woman who sacrificed her life that there might be one less fiend in the world, is as genuine a martyr as any who have died for the faith.—Leadville Herald-Democrat.

Complexion bad? Tongue coated? Liver deranged? Take Garfield Tea.

DEMAND FOR CEMENT.

Used for Buildings, Sidewalks, Bridges, Railway Construction and Dams.

The steady increase in the demand for cement is one of the prominent features of the industrial world. Although the number of cement works is greater every year and although the production has been multiplied many times over recently, the demand continues to outrun the supply, and there is reason to believe that this state of affairs will continue for a number of years.

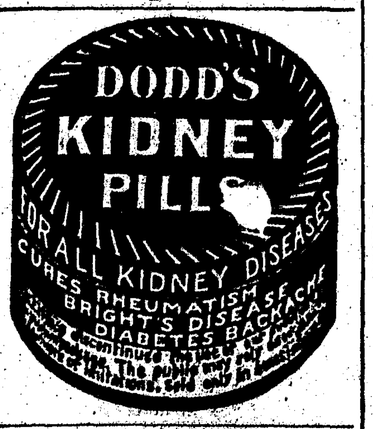
One of the sources of the demand for cement is found in the irrigation works of the United States government, and an immense amount of "liquid stone" is required for the building of the great dams now building or soon to be built across western streams.

The railroads of the country are also increasing their demand for cement, which is found to be the best possible material not only for bridge abutments, but also in many cases for bridges, viaducts and culverts. The rapid improvement of the road beds of American railways, now in progress, has called for a vast quantity of cement, and the railway companies have not been able to get the material as fast as it is needed.

Cement has also been found to be the best possible material for sidewalks, and it is rapidly supplanting brick, stone and wood for this purpose. It is also used almost exclusively for the footings or foundations of heavy walls.

Closely connected with the increased demand for cement is the very rapid rise in the price of lumber. The supply of timber suitable for building purposes in the United States is rapidly diminishing, while the use of concrete for small as well as large buildings is increasing very rapidly.

One of the largest cement works in the country is already located in the Arkansas valley, and the supply of this material is practically illimitable. The development of the cement industry in Colorado to many times its present proportions is assured.—Pueblo Chieftain.



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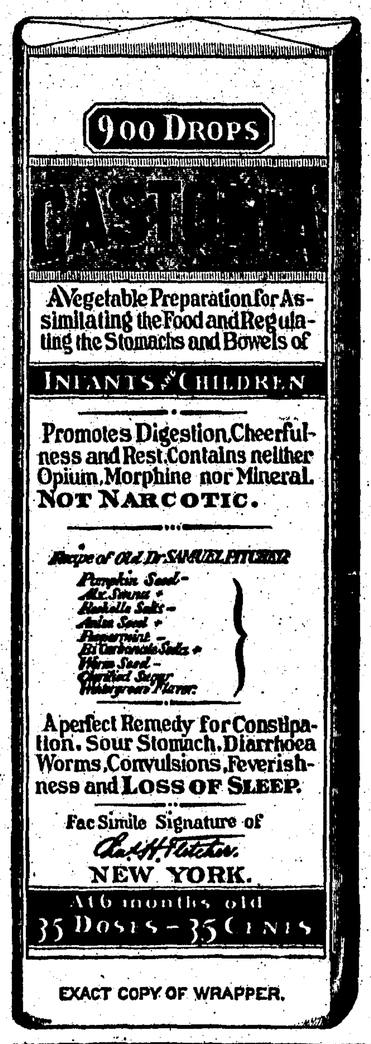
DEFIANCE STARCH for starching finest linens.

Ask Your Dealer for the **H.A.&K. Shirt** Best Made Take no Other.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

Don't Poison Baby.

FORTY YEARS AGO almost every mother thought her child must have PAREGORIC or laudanum to make it sleep. These drugs will produce sleep, and A FEW DROPS TOO MANY will produce the SLEEP FROM WHICH THERE IS NO WAKING. Many are the children who have been killed or whose health has been ruined for life by paregoric, laudanum and morphine, each of which is a narcotic product of opium. Druggists are prohibited from selling either of the narcotics named to children at all, or to anybody without labelling them "poison." The definition of "narcotic" is: *"A medicine which relieves pain and produces sleep, but which in poisonous doses produces stupor, coma, convulsions and death."* The taste and smell of medicines containing opium are disguised, and sold under the names of "Drops," "Cordials," "Soothing Syrups," etc. You should not permit any medicine to be given to your children without you or your physician know of what it is composed. CASTORIA DOES NOT CONTAIN NARCOTICS, if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.



EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. J. W. Dinsdale, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I use your Castoria and advise its use in all families where there are children."

Dr. Alexander E. Mintie, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "I have frequently prescribed your Castoria and have found it a reliable and pleasant remedy for children."

Dr. J. S. Alexander, of Omaha, Neb., says: "A medicine so valuable and beneficial for children as your Castoria is, deserves the highest praise. I had it in use everywhere."

Dr. J. A. McClellan, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I have frequently prescribed your Castoria for children and always got good results. In fact I use Castoria for my own children."

Dr. J. W. Allen, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I heartily endorse your Castoria. I have frequently prescribed it in my medical practice, and have always found it to do all that is claimed for it."

Dr. C. H. Glidden, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "My experience as a practitioner with your Castoria has been highly satisfactory, and I consider it an excellent remedy for the young."

Dr. H. D. Benner, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have used your Castoria as a purgative in the cases of children for years past with the most happy effect, and fully endorse it as a safe remedy."

Dr. J. A. Boarman, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria is a splendid remedy for children, known the world over. I use it in my practice and have no hesitancy in recommending it for the complaints of infants and children."

Dr. J. J. Mackey, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I consider your Castoria an excellent preparation for children, being composed of reliable medicines and pleasant to the taste. A good remedy for all disturbances of the digestive organs."

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

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The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

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TOWER'S FISH BRAND

has stood for the BEST during seventy years of increasing sales.

Remember this when you want waterproof oiled coats, suits, hats, or horse goods for all kinds of wet work.

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YOU CANNOT

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all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions of the mucous membrane such as **nasal catarrh, uterine catarrh caused by feminine ills, sore throat, sore mouth or inflamed eyes** by simply dosing the stomach.

But you surely can cure these stubborn affections by local treatment with

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

which destroys the disease germs, checks discharges, stops pain, and heals the inflammation and soreness.

Paxtine represents the most successful local treatment for **feminine ills** ever produced. Thousands of women testify to this fact. 50 cents at druggists.

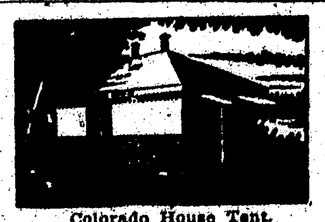
Send for Free Trial Box

THE R. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

Asthma Cured

Speedy relief and permanent cure of Asthma and Bronchitis insured by Red Cross Asthma Cure. Money positively refunded if not beneficial. For information call or address Suite 204, 809 Seventeenth Street, Denver, Colo. References given.



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COLORADO TENT AND AWNING CO. Largest canvas goods house in the West. Write for illustrated catalog. Robt. S. Gutshall, Pres. 1621 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

HOWARD E. BURTON, Assayer and Chemist. Specimen prices: Gold, silver, lead, 25c. Gold, silver, 75c; gold, silver or copper, $1. Cyanide tests. Mailing envelopes and full price list sent on application. Control and Umpire work solicited. Leadville, Colo. References: Carbonate National Bank.

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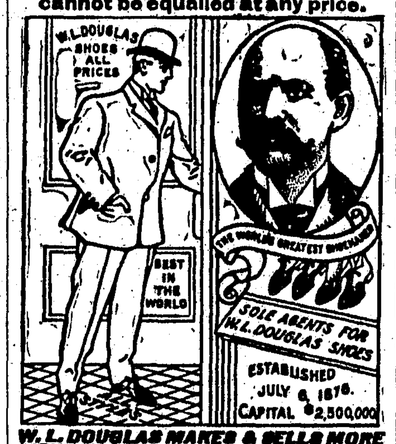
W. L. Douglas $4.00 Gilt Edge Line cannot be equalled at any price.



W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S $3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

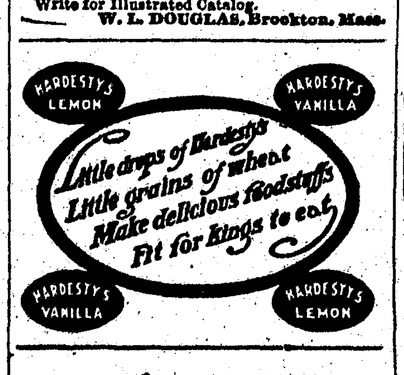
$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

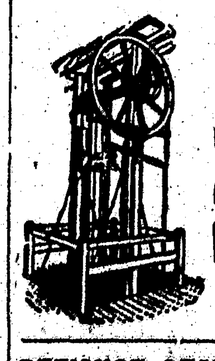
If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe.

W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, $2.50, $2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, $2.50, $2, $1.75, $1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom. *Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy.* Write for Illustrated Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.





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Denver Directory

A $40 Saddle for $28 C.O.D.

For a short time only we offer this saddle, steel horn, double cinches, wool-lined 28-inch skirts, 2½-inch stirrup leathers, steel leather-covered stirrups, warranted in every respect, and equal to saddles sold for $40 everywhere. Catalogue free.

The Fred Mueller Saddle & Harness Co. 1413-1419 Larimer St., Denver, Colo.

STOVE REPAIRS of every known make of stove, furnace or range. Geo. A. Fullen, 1351 Lawrence. Denver. Phone 725.

THE FAMOUS **J. H. WILSON STOCK SADDLES** Ask your dealer for them. Take no other.

BARBERS' SUPPLIES Cutlers and Grinders. Catalogue free. Buerger Bros., 1436-40 Larimer Street, Denver.

BROWN PALACE HOTEL Absolutely fire-proof. European plan, $1.50 and upward.

AMERICAN HOUSE DENVER. Two blks from union depot. The best $2 per day hotel in the West. American plan.

Oxford Hotel

Denver. One block from Union Depot. Fireproof. C. H. MORSE, Mgr.

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THE OUTLOOK

Weekly Newspaper Devoted to the Interest of White Oaks and Lincoln Co., N. M.

Published Every Thursday.

Leo H. Rudisill, Editor and Pub.

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MAKING THE RESORT ATTRACTIVE.

If the present superintendent of the penitentiary succeeds in carrying out his ideas of reform the inmates of this territorial stag boarding school will be better housed, better clothed and better fed than many of them ever were while engaged in their peculiar industrial pursuits on the ranges or the back windows of mercantile houses or in the various other pursuits best known to crooks.

He proposes to abolish the universally known prison garb and put the gentry into natty new uniforms dividing them up according to their peculiar kind of eccentricities, into three grades.

The first and most aristocratic grade, known as trusties, on account of their gentlemanly deportment and confiding manners, will be clothed in the most fashionable cut of dark blue material, such as serge or cheviot. The next in rank will wear "cadet gray." The only way of distinguishing them from the foreign noblemen who ride in the circus band wagon, will be a tiny figure being the number of their stateroom and rank embroidered on the collar of the blouse saque.

The uniform for the incorrigibles, would-do-it-again dontgiveadam fellows has not yet been decided upon but it is expected to be something loud and stunning.

Among other reforms superintendent Trelford is said to have in contemplation the erection of a dormitory, with all the modern gotootles wherein to lodge the more refined class of boarders and give them more "pretensious domicilary accommodations," as Micawber would have put it, and separate them from the common herd and make life a real pleasure during their enforced occupancy of this much patronized territorial resort.

Lincoln county will probably send up quite a representative lot of the fraternity after the adjournment of the present term of court and it might be suggested that they secure rooms in advance.

With Soloman Lund at the head it looks as if the Territorial fair this fall will be far ahead of any yet held.

Political and financial graft is bad enough but when it works into the moral and spiritual side of life the devil is to pay. Las Vegas organized a Young Men's Christian Association a short time ago. A full set of officers were elected and the affairs of the organization turned over into their hands with the expectation that they would run it economically and judiciously. About the first thing they did was to put a young fellow in as secretary and agreed to pay him a salary of $1,500 a year and all his expenses while attending the national meeting of the organization besides other frills. This is several hundred dollars more than they pay their superintendent of public schools, or any of their ministers. Then they paid the expenses of one of their own members to Chicago in order to buy furniture for the rooms of the association, when any furniture dealer in town could have ordered what they wanted at a much lower freight rate. And now they are wondering who is to foot the bills.

THEY CAN'T DOWN HIM.

Some of the territorial papers, as well as elsewhere, which can only thrive on sensational diet have lately, under lurid headlines, been claiming that Delegate Andrews, as president of the Pennsylvania Development Company, has fraudulently obtained possession of 10,000 acres of timbered lands through gross frauds. They set forth that W. H. Andrews, acting through his agent, W. S. Hopewell, who apparently is one of the heads of the Pennsylvania Development Company and the New Mexico Fuel and Iron company, sought to obtain from the land board of New Mexico some 10,000 acres of timber land in Valencia county at a price of $3 per acre. They claim negotiations began in 1901, and extended over a period of two years, during which time a number of persons were marshaled before the territorial land board and presented with deeds to 160 acres of land each.

That lands were openly paid for by the Pennsylvania Development company of which Andrews is the head. The lands in question formerly belonged to one of the famous New Mexico grants, and they were turned over by congress to the territorial government with the express stipulation that not more than 160 acres be sold to any one person or corporation, and that not more than 640 acres should be leased.

It is charged that the land board even gave deeds to the lands on credit, the Pennsylvania Development company's note for $20,000 being one of the documents passed in lieu of money when some forty-four deeds aggregating nearly 7,000 acres were recorded as passing to the company.

Although the Department of the Interior has investigated the irregularities concerning these New Mexico grants, that department is powerless to carry on prosecutions.

Commenting on this the Albuquerque Citizen, which has never shown any great partiality toward Delegate Andrews, says in reference to an article which lately appeared in the Denver News:

"A great metropolitan paper, such as the News undeniably is, ought to have a correspondent whose information would not allow him to send out incorrect statements, and whose honesty would not permit his sending out falsehoods. The special correspondent of the News, one A. C. Johnson, whosoever he may be, violates one or the other of these fundamental canons of our correspondence.

In the first place, there have been no "frauds" in the matters mentioned by this correspondent; W. H. Andrews is not the head of the Pennsylvania Development company nor did this company "seek" to obtain "land", etc., neither were any persons "presented" with deeds, the lands did not belong to any "famous New Mexico grants," deeds were not given on credit, the company did not give its "note" in lieu of money, no deeds were recorded as passing to the company, the officials of the land board were not "appointed by the president" but were named by the law—the governor of the territory, the surveyor general and the attorney general—and many minor untruths too numerous to mention."

Then the citizen proceeds to make a full explanation of the facts in the case covering the whole transaction, all of which was open and above board, and that the land was sold just as all other lands of the territory are disposed of under the Ferguson act and the laws of the territory providing for their disposal.

In the meantime the delegate goes quietly on sawing wood and doing about all that is possible for a delegate to do in the interests of New Mexico.

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S.C. WIENER.

A fifteen story steel building built after the style of a war vessel is under contract for San Francisco. It is to be fire, as well as earthquake proof.

If Col. Max Frost and the New Mexican were dropped out of the galaxy the editorial columns of one or two territorial newspapers would look extremely hypnotic.

Gov. Hagerman has sumarily removed S. R. Hendrn and Pablo Medino, county commissioners of Quay county for incompetency and official crookedness. This was done after a thorough investigation, the parties not even appearing to answer to the charges.

Judge Abbot dismissed the grand jury of Sandoval county, at a recent session of the district court there, before they had got more than fairly started in business. This was done on the recommendation of district attorney, Frank W. Clancey, that politics alone dominated their actions in the grand jury room.

The Raton Range claims that the Seaberg colliseum at that place has the largest seating capacity of any building in the southwest. The stage is larger than any in Kansas City or Denver. Now let them send for Sara Bernhart who has lately been starring it in a tent down in Texas, on the theory that there is more room down there outside the opera houses than there is in.

An old miner of New Mexico, by the name of Spencer, has procured letters patent on his discovery of the rubber weed, and is interesting capital to build a plant near Santa Fe, it is reported. The bush from which the product is extracted is said to grow to about the size of sage brush, and bears a sort of cotton fuzz and the root, which is used is yellow.

The Hon. Bernard S. Rodey has been appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate to a District Judgeship in Porto Rico at a salary of $6,000 a year. This honor is a just recognition of Mr. Rodey's honesty, capacity and his many other good qualities of heart and mind, and he will have the sincere congratulations of a vast majority of the people of New Mexico for this new honor, which appears to have come to him unsought.

The verdict in the Houston murder case but makes stronger the conviction that the death penalty should be abolished in New Mexico. There is no possibility of its attainment except by accident and to pretend that there is, is making a mockery of the principle of blood atonement, and a farce of a well intentioned principle of law, while the effect on the outside world is extremely damaging. Better wipe it off the books than to continue under the present system of hypocrisy. —Register Tribune.

Orogrande, the youngest town in the territory—only about six months old—has already voted to incorporate. It seems to be starting out all right. This should be a pointer to Alamogordo which has had more than that many years of activity and is the county seat of the county in which both towns are located.

Congress will probably have a new joint statehood measure to wrestle with at its next session. When Judge Rodey gets to Porto Rico he will try to combine that little principality with the Isle of Pines, Santo Domingo, or any loose real estate he may find floating around in those hot waters, and send a man up to Washington with an omnibus bill in his pocket.

Otero county with a competent set of officers has, during the past year, not only been able to run its own county affairs but has gradually been paying off its debt and expects within eigteen months to entirely pay out. While Torrance county, with a lot of incompetents has never yet been able to hold a full term of court and is gradually running behind. Competency and an honest administration of county affairs is worth more than politics.

Notice for Publication.

Homestead application No. 1058.
Land office at Roswell, N. Mex.
May 4 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before W. E. Kimbrell, the Probate Clerk, at his office in Lincoln, N. M., on June 21, 1906. viz; Alice G. Mustain, formerly Alice T. Gallucia, of Oscura N. M., for the S½ NW¼ and N½ SW¼. Sec. 31, T. 9 S., R. 9 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

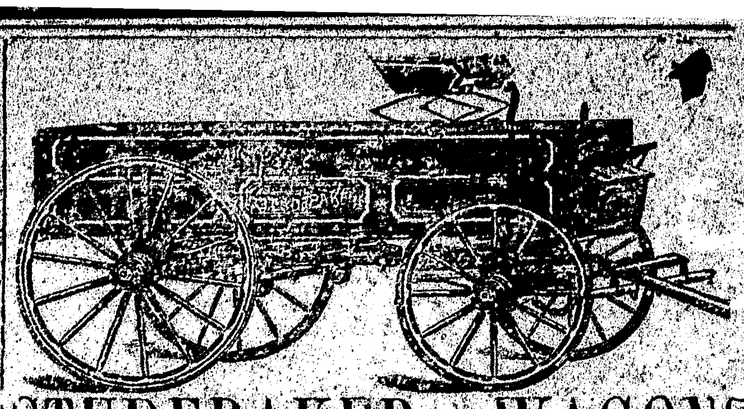
Lydia G. Ellis, of Oscura, N. M.
James O. Nabours, of " "
John C. Marquis, of " "
Dan A. Huggins, of Tularosa N. M.

Howard Leland, Register.

TO CONSUMPTIVES

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his Remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address.

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Brooklyn New York.



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Wiams Spur	3 10 p m	Williams Spur	2 35 p m
Stanley	3 40 p m	Stanley	2 10 p m
Moriarty	4 10 p m	Moriarty	1 35 p m
McIntosh	4 35 p m	McIntosh	1 10 p m
Antelope	4 48 p m	Antelope	12 59 p m
Estancia	5 05 p m	Estancia	12 45 p m
Willard	6 30 p m	Willard	11 25 a m
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