

**LOCAL ROUNDUPS.**

Geo. Thorp of the Jicarillas made a business trip to White Oaks a day or two ago.

S. C. Wiener made a trip to Tucumcari this week to look after his agricultural interests up there.

This office can supply you with Location Notices, both Lead and Placer claim blanks, cheaper than you can write them out.

D. Del Curto, a large sheep owner of the Patos, and his family were in from the ranch Tuesday greeting their friends and laying in some necessary supplies.

**FOR SALE.**

At a bargain, one Durham milk cow, will have calf in a few days. Gentle and a fine milker.

Write, or apply in person to C. D. Mayer, White Oaks, N. M.

It is understood that there is a mining deal on deck that will effect one of the older developed mining properties of this camp. Business matters here keep gradually coming to the front.

This climate must be quite a relief to those sweltering El Paso people who have accepted, only in imagination, the many good things offered them by this town.

The Tucumcari News notes the arrival at that place the latter part of last week, of Joe Spencer and Geo. Queen, pilgrims and prospectors, all in good shape and looking untamed as a pair of fresh broncos.

Mrs. Leightner gave a very pleasant surprise party to the little people at her home yesterday afternoon. It was a birthday, as well as a surprise party, for her young niece, Hattie Wingfield, and it worked like a charm.

Mr. McBride, who is looking after the interests of the railroad company, has been here this week examining our coal fields. This fact and certain other movements on foot in this locality, point to greatly improved conditions here within a very short time.

James H. Parker and wife and his mother, Mrs. E. W., came up from El Paso Tuesday morning and will remain here for some time enjoying the cool, invigorating atmosphere, the like of which can only be found in Lincoln County.

Santiago Gonzales, who has been awarded the mail contract between Lincoln and Roswell, was here and purchased two brand spanking new Studebaker hacks of Paul Mayer to use on the route. He left for his home on the Hondo yesterday morning.

C. S. Scheler and W. A. Franklin, two mining men who usually keep busy, stopped off here for a few hours Monday on their way from Jicarilla to Schelerville, on the west side of the White Mountains, where Mr. Scheler has some valuable mining property that has been coppered.

T. F. Chapman and R. D. Armstrong have gone to Roswell to examine the oil field down there prior to commencing operations in that section. Who knows but what New Mexico may yet be more celebrated for its oil than for any of its other industries.

Our former townsman, James Reid is now in the employ of the Shandon mining company operating on the Rio Grande not far from Rincon, this territory. The company was organized by the Parker boys, Jas. H. and Morris B., who have control of rich placer grounds over in that region. Mrs. Reid is still in Alamogordo.

The sound of the sheep shears is now abroad in the land, and the plaintive warble of the lambkin maketh glad the heart of the owner as the \$2.50 fleece rolls from the back of the kid's dam. Out on the range, under the umbrageous shade of the pinon tree, the yearling heifer serenely wags her tail, secure in the thought that the beef trust is not doing any extensive business just now at the old stand, while the cowboy goes to town and buys a 60ct solitaire diamond ring for his new girl. This is high life in Lincoln County, on the 20th of June, A. D. MCMVI.

**THE FOURTH AT JICARILLA.**

The patriotic, wide awake and enterprising people of Jicarilla are making preparations to have the largest and greatest hurrah time on the national jollification day ever held in this part of the country.

The barbecue and picnic dinner will be simply immense, and make every one who don't go hungry to hear about it. Two lusty fat heeves have already been donated, and there will be others if needed. Packinghouse beef and devilled ham will not be allowed within a mile of the grounds.

For entertainment there will be something doing all the time. There will be spread eagle oratory, and dancing, and horse racing, and a cake walk, and a lot of high stepping generally.

A general invitation is extended to the whole universe. Come and bring your girl or your wife and all the folks.

By Order of the Committee.

**TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO.**

**OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.**  
**CERTIFICATE OF COMPARISON.**

I, J. W. Reynolds, Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico, do hereby certify that there was filed for record in this office at Nine o'clock A. M., on the eighth day of June A. D. 1906, ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF THE ALTO MINING AND MILLING COMPANY, (No. 4456) and also, that I have compared the following copy of the same, with the original thereof now on file, and declare it to be a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole thereof.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the Territory of New Mexico, at the City of Santa Fe, the Capital, on this Eighth day of June, A. D. 1906.

J. W. REYNOLDS,  
Secretary of New Mexico.

**ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF THE ALTO MINING AND MILLING COMPANY.**

Be it known, that the undersigned, citizens of the Territory of New Mexico, and of the State of Texas, do hereby voluntarily associate ourselves together for the purpose of forming a private corporation under the laws of the Territory of New Mexico, and do hereby certify:

First: That the name of this corporation shall be THE ALTO MINING AND MILLING COMPANY.

Second: That the place where

its principal business is to be conducted is at the town of Alto, Lincoln County, New Mexico. Name of agent in charge, W. G. Davenport.

Third: That the purpose or which this corporation is formed is the buying and selling the stock of foreign corporations, the buying, selling, leasing, owning and operating mining properties, constructing, owning and operating mining and milling machinery, and generally to do and perform any and all acts necessary to the successful carrying out of the objects and purposes for which this corporation is organized, both in this Territory, and also, in other states and territories of the United States.

Fourth: That the amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be one million (\$1,000,000.00) dollars, and shall be divided up into one million (1,000,000) shares, of the par value of one (\$1.00) dollar, each.

The names and postoffice address of the Incorporators and the number of shares subscribed for by each of them are as follows:

- J. C. Hightower, Jr., Alto, N. M. Five hundred (500) shares.
- W. N. Hightower, Alto, N. M. Five hundred (500) shares.
- W. G. Davenport, Alto, N. M. Five hundred (500) shares.
- E. P. Davenport, Westland, Texas. Five hundred (500) shares.

Fifth: That the number of directors or trustees of this corporation and the names and residences of each of them who are to serve for the first three months and until the election of officers and their qualification are as follows:

- W. G. Davenport, Alto, N. M.
- J. C. Hightower, Jr., Alto, N. M.
- E. P. Davenport, Westland, Texas.
- and W. N. Hightower, Alto, N. M.

Sixth: The period for which such corporation shall exist shall be fifty (50) years.

In Testimony Whereof, we have hereunto subscribed our names this 29th day of May, 1906.

(Signed) W. N. Hightower  
J. C. Hightower Jr.  
W. G. Davenport  
E. P. Davenport By his atty. in fact W. G. Davenport.

Territory of New Mexico }  
County of Lincoln } ss

On this 29th day of May, 1906, before me personally appeared W. G. Davenport, J. C. Hightower, Jr., and W. N. Hightower, to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing articles of incorporation, and acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

Witness my hand and official seal the day and year last above written.

(Signed) T. J. Grafton,  
(Seal) Notary Public.

Territory of New Mexico }  
County of Lincoln } ss

On this 29th day of May, 1906, before me personally appeared W. G. Davenport, to me known to be the person described in and who executed the foregoing articles of incorporation on behalf of E. P. Davenport, and acknowledged that he executed the same as the free act and deed of the said E. P. Davenport.

Witness my hand and official seal the day and year last above written.

(Signed) T. J. Grafton,  
Notary Public. (Seal)

My commission expires Feb. 19, 1907.

**ENDORSED:**

No. 4456, Cor. Rec'd. Vol. 5, Page 398. Articles of Incorporation of THE ALTO MINING AND MILLING COMPANY.

FILED in office of Secretary of New Mexico, June 3, 1906 9 A. M.

J. W. REYNOLDS,  
Secretary.

Comp'd O. to M.

## Welch & Titsworth

Potatoes	per cwt	1.50
Pride of Denver Flour		2.60
Imboden's best	" "	2.70
Second grade Kansas	" "	2.00
Native Pink Beans	" "	3.00
Granulated Sugar	" "	5.45
	16 lbs for	1.00

(PRICES SUBJECT TO MARKET FLUCTUATIONS.)

- SCREEN DOORS
- RUBBER BOOTS.
- CANE SEED,
- TURNIP SEED
- FRESH ALFALFA SEED,
- KAFFIR CORN,
- ONION SETS.
- STETSON HATS.
- IRON ROOFING.

### CAPITAN. N. M.

**HOTEL OZANNE,**

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.  
Now open for business. Clean beds and an excellent cuisine awaits the traveling public.

**Professional Cards.**

**GEO. B. BARBER,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO.  
Practice in all the courts of the Territory.

A. H. Hudspeth, John Y. Hewitt  
**Hewitt & Hudspeth,**  
Attorneys-at-Law  
HEWITT BLOCK. WHITE OAKS.

**J. E. WHART N,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
ALAMOGORDO, NEW MEXICO.  
Special attention given to cases in Lincoln as well as Otero county.

**Church Directory.**

**Plymouth Congregational Church.**  
Services every Sunday as follows:  
Sunday School at 10.30 a. m.  
All are cordially invited to attend.

**Methodist Church.**  
Bible School each Sunday at 10 o'clock a. m.  
Weekly prayer meeting Wednesday night.  
All are cordially invited to join these services.

*Who's your Tailor?*

The most skillful cutters and tailors are to be found in the metropolitan cities.

This is one of the many reasons why we can give better values than the local tailor can—at a little more than half his price.

You'll appreciate what the easy feel is in one of our suits.

We'll show you an assortment of 500 styles of woollens to select from.

Made to your measure—taken by us.



Exclusive Local Representative of  
**Ed. V. Price & Company**  
Merchant Tailors, Chicago

**TALIAFERRO MERC. and TRADING CO.**

**Some Ways in Which We Can Serve You**

If you have money, deposit it with us. If you need money, borrow it of us. If you want to send money, buy a draft of us. If you want to sell a note, show it to us. If you have papers you want collected, bring them to us. If it is not convenient for you to come to the bank, write us. You can make a deposit or do most any kind of business by mail with us.

**THE EXCHANGE BANK**  
WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

**The Sewage Problem.**

Every great city and many large towns are confronted with the serious problem of the sanitary disposition of sewage. The effect of the waste matter of one settlement in the water-supply of its neighbor, not felt in a wide, thinly populated country, grows dangerous as communities by their increase approach one another. The problem is complicated by the rapid increase of knowledge as to the sources and the distribution of disease germs. Some seaboard cities pump their sewage far out in the salt water, which largely absorbs and reconverts the dangerous matter or precipitates it to the bottom. But some of the waste poisons sea foods, notably oysters. Cities on great rivers like the Mississippi, observe Youth a Companion, send down polluted water to the cities below. It does not always reach those cities in a polluted state, for sunlight and air kill the germs in flowing water, and at a certain distance, depending upon the swiftness of the current and the consequent extent of the exposure of all parts of the water to light and air, it is purified. Nevertheless, the only sure safety lies in the absolute prohibition of discharge from sewers into any lakes or streams with water connections, however remote, to sources of water-supply. It is wiser to prevent pollution than to try to purify polluted water by municipal filtration plants. Prevention is better than cure, in the proverbial relative measure or any other, for prevention is sure, and purification is not. There is another side of the question. Sewage is a valuable fertilizer. Long ago Victor Hugo pointed out the riches that the sewers of Paris were throwing away. The discharge from a great city, properly treated, made into de- cated fertilizer or pumped through irrigation ditches into the surrounding country, at a safe distance from streams and lakes, enriches the soil and at the same time is exposed to the purifying effect of the sun. The barren plains about Berlin have been turned into rich farms by the city sewage. Other European cities have taken similar measures in the interests of health and economy.

**Invested in Amusement Parks.**

The estimated investment in summer amusement parks in this country will reach a total of \$100,000,000 this year, we are told by The Railway and Engineering Review. Says this paper: "The total number of parks is estimated at 2,000, and three-fourths of that number are controlled by and operated for electric railway lines. This figure for the investment seems high, and the more so when it is known that the many small resorts, 'gardens,' 'groves,' etc., found in every locality are not included. It is probable, however, that the figure may be accepted as representative, though it will correspond more nearly to the advertised cost of each specific resort rather than the actual cost, the two sums frequently being quite different. At any rate the investment will reach an astonishing total, and it calls attention to an interesting development in transportation."

"We in America are great mixers," said Andrew Carnegie in his speech at the corner stone laying of the United Engineering building in New York recently. Great mixers we are, indeed. That seems to be the present mission of the American republic, remarks the Mail of that city. We are mixing philosophies, political systems, economics and religions as well as races. A social philosopher who knows us well, but is able to look at us objectively, must wonder whether we are really combining things in a new and useful way, or whether we are merely taking the old world to pieces as a child or an idiot might take to pieces the orderly mechanism of a watch and jumbling the disassembled parts together in a useless mass.

A year ago a Chicago woman brought a suit against a surgeon who operated on her for tumor and then sewed up a pair of forceps in her body. This was regarded as something fearful, but other surgeons remarked cheerily that "it often happened." Now comes a report from Webster City, Ia., of a woman who was operated on for appendicitis and in whose body the surgeon sewed up a napkin. Perhaps we may yet hear of one who sewed up in his patient a floor mat or a typewriter. These incidents may go far to make "surgical operations" unfashionable.

Great numbers of vast fortunes in this country have been and are being built up on the very ignorance of the masses in regard to business methods, says Success. The schemers bank on it that it is easy to swindle people who do not know how to protect their property. They thrive on the ignorance of their fellows. They know that a shrewd advertisement, a cunningly worked circular, a hypodermic appeal will bring the hard earnings of these unsuspecting people out of their pockets into their own coffers.

Most Important Happenings of the Past Seven Days.

Interesting Items Gathered from All Parts of the World Condensed into Small Space for the Benefit of Our Readers.

**Personal.**

F. D. Coburn, named by Gov. Hoch as United States senator from Kansas to succeed J. R. Burton, has declined the appointment.

Judge A. W. Benson has been appointed by Gov. Hoch to be United States senator from Kansas to succeed J. R. Burton. Judge Benson has accepted the appointment.

Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth have reached London, where they will spend the first two weeks of their European outing.

The Shah of Persia has recovered from the severe attack of gout from which he suffered recently.

Gov. Folk, of Missouri, has been appointed chairman of the reception committee which is to tender a banquet to William J. Bryan on his arrival at New York from his trip around the world.

Rev. E. E. Price, pastor of the First Baptist church of Ottawa, Kan., has been selected by the board of trustees as president of the university in that city.

Joe S. Trigg, founder of the Rockford Register, editor of the Iowa State Register and Leader, weekly, died at his home at Rockford, Iowa, Wednesday.

The honorary degree of L. L. D. has been conferred upon Gov. Folk by the Missouri state university.

Col. Charles A. Clark, of Cedar Rapids, has been elected commander of the Iowa department of the G. A. R. for the ensuing year.

With simplicity and complete absence of ostentation, in accordance with his expressed wish, the funeral of the late Senator Gorman was held from the family residence in Washington.

George W. Sutherland, who is said to have been the first union man to reach the top of Lookout mountain in the "battle above the clouds," died recently at his home in Clintonville, Wis.

Gov. Folk of Missouri has accepted an invitation to preside at a meeting in New York which will welcome William J. Bryan on his return from his trip around the world.

**Congressional.**

The committee on privileges and elections has made a report to the senate in which it declares that Reed Smoot, senator from Utah, is not entitled to a seat in the senate.

Representative Watson has introduced a bill providing for an annual appropriation of \$25,000 to cover the expense of presidential trips.

A good roads bill has been introduced in the house by Representative Rhodes, of Missouri, appropriating \$50,000,000 to be expended on public roads in the various states.

Representative Pulkrison, of Missouri, has introduced a resolution calling on the president and secretary of agriculture to immediately make public all information possible regarding the packing houses and the meat products prepared there.

The president has signed the denatured alcohol bill.

Former Gov. Williams P. White, of Maryland, has been appointed to succeed the late Arthur Pue Gorman in the United States senate.

The president has sent to congress the report of the agricultural department experts regarding conditions in the Chicago meat packing houses, accompanied by a letter in which he points out that there is no conflict in substance between the Nell-Reynolds report and that of the department experts.

According to Representative Hopburn, Speaker Cannon has definitely promised that the pure food bill will be taken up at the present session of congress.

After a long discussion the senate voted to insist on its amendments to the railroad rate bill and sent it back to conference, naming the same conferees as before.

The house committee on agriculture has granted the request of the meat packers for a hearing to answer the charges contained in the Nell-Reynolds report recently sent to congress.

**Miscellaneous.**

The bill dividing the Osage Indian lands and funds has been favorably reported to the senate.

Eleven men were killed and five others badly injured by the explosion of a dynamite plant near Peques, Pa.

Newton Hollman has been arrested in Muskogee, I. T., charged with having committed a murder in Bonham, Tex., in 1887.

Recorder Goff of New York, has denied a motion for a new trial in the case of Albert T. Patrick, convicted of the murder of William M. Rice.

Trade of the United States with Japan is greater than with any other Oriental country, amounting in 1905 to \$108,000,000.

Three gunboats captured by Admiral Dewey at the battle of Manila were recently sold at auction for \$5,000.

The east wing of the Louisiana state building was recently entirely destroyed by fire. The famous painting "The Battle of New Orleans" was ruined.

The police force of Manila is to be reduced to 250 men. One hundred Americans are slated for dismissal.

The government has made all arrangements for the registration for the lands of the Crow Agency which will be down July 2 at Billings, Mont. The registration dates are June 14 to 22 at Sheridan and Billings and exceptionally low rates are offered to excursionists who wish to take a chance in Uncle Sam's big lottery. Billings and Sheridan have made special preparations to care for the comfort of the visitors. The fare from Omaha, Kansas City and Denver will be \$30 for the round trip.

Floods were reported in central Kansas recently. The main street of Marion was covered by four feet of water. Many heads of live stock were drowned and thousands of acres of wheat, corn and oats have been damaged.

The Schauble-Oakes Commission company, of St. Louis, has closed all their offices. The assets of the firm are not stated.

The Kansas death rate for 1905 was only 1.2 per cent for each 1,000 inhabitants. There were 5,725 deaths during the year, more than half of which were of persons more than 50 years of age.

Ireland's brick plant at Las Vegas, the only one in the city, burned on the 9th inst.

The fair at Farmington will be held September 18th to 21st and preparations for it are already actively in progress.

Governor Hagerman has appointed B. M. Reed of Santa Fe a member of the board of trustees of the Territorial Deaf and Dumb Asylum, vice Francisco Delgado, resigned.

Partially completed residences, of which there are many, have been badly damaged by recent storms, owing to the failure to secure bricks, and much more delay will now result.

The application of C. C. Marshall, J. P. Stone, L. T. Lester, D. A. Park and Charles H. Sims to organize the First National bank of Elida, New Mexico, with \$25,000 capital, has been approved by the comptroller of the currency.

"Not guilty" was the verdict of the jury in the Hendricks murder case at Roswell on the 10th inst. Hendricks shot and killed William Rainbolt, a deputy sheriff, at Roswell, February 8, 1901. At the first trial the prisoner was sentenced to eight years and the case on appeal was remanded back by the Supreme Court for a new trial.

Clarence Ullery of Roswell, was elected president of the New Mexico Funeral Directors and Embalmers' Association, which was organized at Santa Fe on the 29th ult. by delegates from every part of the territory. A. Berdere of Albuquerque, was elected vice president; F. H. Strong of Albuquerque, secretary; L. F. Montenie of Santa Fe, treasurer.

Besides the encampment at Austin it is planned to send a team from the National Guard of New Mexico to the national shoot at Seagirt, New Jersey, or wherever it may be held this fall. The National guardsmen have been shooting regularly during the past year and some good records have been made. There will also be a shoot at the encampment in which riflemen will compete for prizes.

In an exhaustive report, Alexander Potter, consulting engineer employed by the City Council, denounced Albuquerque's sewerage system as utterly inadequate and unsanitary to a great degree, stating that he found some sewer pipes actually standing on end. He urged that an extensive new system be built at once and the City Council at its next meeting will take action toward installing a complete new system.

The territorial board of Education, in session at Santa Fe, granted the following territorial teachers' certificates: Blanche Irene Perkins, Erna May Ferguson, Elizabeth Telfair, Agnes C. McCullom, Dorothy L. Hoffman, Leonora Pearce, Beatrice A. Slight of Albuquerque; Belle Sweet of Cerillos; Mabel Parks, Alice Legora, Inez Osbourn, Lottie Abraham, Dorothy Watson, Helen Utter of Silver City; Byron Benedict, Irma Bell, Ruby Schlot, Laura Hollock of Las Vegas.

The territorial grand jury at Las Vegas on the 9th inst. returned two indictments against Simon Garcia, the first charging him with the murder of Florentino Gonzalez at Corazon in 1899, the second charging him with the murder of Candido Padilla alleged accomplice in the first crime, who is said to have been killed by Garcia for fear he would tell of the first murder. Garcia has always been under suspicion as his arrest followed the confession of his wife, who claims he confessed to her.

The territorial board of Education, at the close of its session in Santa Fe, on the 11th inst., adjourned to September 26th, when it will definitely pass upon the revision and codification of New Mexico school laws. Before adjourning the following were granted five years' teachers' certificates: Mrs. Katherine Schaeffer Von Noll of Zuni, R. R. Grant of Las Vegas, Pearl Baker of Tucumcari, Bryce Stevenson of Tucumcari, J. F. Dodder of Deming and W. F. Osborn of Roswell.

Professor Francisco Perez, for twenty years a well known band leader in Santa Fe, died on the 7th inst. at the age of 62. He was a native of Chilhuabua, Mexico. During the Civil War he returned to his home, but later came to Santa Fe, bringing with him musicians which formed the nucleus for a number of local musical organizations. For twelve years he was leader of the territorial artillery band. Professor Perez was engaged in business in Santa Fe and was married seven years ago to Mercedes Aragon, who survives him.

Judge Abbott, in the District Court at Albuquerque has issued a temporary injunction against Col. W. H. Greer, president of the traction company, restraining him from disposing of any of his stock in the company, pending decision in the suit brought by Maynard Gansul, promoter, against Greer, for half of the profit defendant may have accumulated through connection with the traction company, plaintiff claiming an agreement between them to split equally all profits derived from defendant's connection with the company. The injunction suit is set for June 22d.

Governor Hagerman has been notified that the federal government will bear all of the expenses of the attendance of the New Mexico National Guard at the encampment at Austin, Tex., from July 28th to August 5th, with the \$12,000 for transportation, \$750 for subsistence and \$4,700 for the pay of the guardsmen. In consequence the territory will send one battalion of four companies of infantry and one troop of cavalry to the encampment. No territorial encampment will be held this year and the encampment fund will be added to the fund for next year, thus assuring a longer and better territorial encampment next year. The report that the Territorial National Guard will go into camp this year at Austin has awakened renewed interest among officers and men. The companies are working hard in order to present the best appearance possible when they shall take the field with the guards from other states.

Success of Normal School.

President Edmund J. Vert of the Normal University at Las Vegas was in Santa Fe yesterday attending the quarterly meeting of the Territorial Board of Education, of which he is a member, says the New Mexican. President Vert says that the academic year just closed was the most successful in the history of the normal. The total enrollment was 248, representing twenty different counties. Of these counties seven were represented in the normal for the first time in the history of the institution. The graduating class this year numbered nineteen, or nearly seventy-five per cent more than the largest that had previously been graduated. Eleven of this number graduated from the professional courses, and most of these have secured good positions as teachers for next year.

President Vert said that there is a steady demand for two classes of teachers in New Mexico, for which there is an insufficient supply. One is teachers in the grades who have good normal training and can speak English, and the other is male principals of small town schools. To meet the former demand, the Normal University will not in the future graduate a person from any of its professional courses who has not a sufficient knowledge of Spanish to meet the needs of the schools. The Spanish-speaking people of New Mexico want their children taught English, and prefer teachers whose native language is English, but since many of their children do not on entering the public school know a word of English, it is important that teachers should know enough Spanish to start them in their school work. The need for teachers thus qualified is not limited to certain rural districts, but extends to every important city and town in the territory.

**Mine Manager Wounded.**

An Albuquerque dispatch of the 9th inst. says: Percy Barbour, general manager of the Navajo Gold Mining Company, was brought here to-day suffering from a pistol wound in his left shoulder.

Barbour, who was making a tour of the Cochiti mining district, stopped at a mountain stream to quench his thirst. He was stooping over the creek when his pistol dropped from its holster, striking on a rock, and exploding. The bullet passed through his left shoulder and the doctor states that if it had struck an inch higher it would have caused death.

After being wounded Barbour rode forty-eight miles on horseback, slept one the ground two days and traveled fifty miles on a freight train before the wound received medical attention, with the result that the injury has developed into a nasty wound, but he expects to be able to return to his duties in a few days.

Barbour is very enthusiastic concerning the rehabilitation of the old famous Bland mining camp and expects to see it resume its former place in the mining world. It is well known that the district contains some of the richest veins in this territory.

**Roswell Oil Excitement.**

A Roswell dispatch of June 11th says: In the experimental well twelve miles from here, at a depth of 1,228 1/2 feet, the oil sand was encountered this morning at daybreak.

Night drilling will now be stopped, as it is claimed that a great puff of gas may be emitted at night and that the derricks and drilling outfit would be destroyed, as numerous lanterns are burning on the drill outfit at night. About a thousand people visited the experimental well yesterday.

Isaac Canfield, the expert who has charge of the drilling, made the announcement to-day that the well is now a paying pumping proposition.

The most important deal to-day was when \$10,000 cash was paid for a claim half a mile distant from the well. The claim was bought by Clifton Chisholm, a millionaire, formerly of Cleveland, Ohio, and Edgar L. Bedella, a New Mexico capitalist.

P. H. Cannon of Beaumont, Texas, the poor farmer who became famous in a day by striking an oil gusher on his place at Sour Lake, is here and says that indications here are for a great oil gusher at any hour.

**New Incorporations.**

Incorporation papers were filed with the territorial secretary at Santa Fe, June 6th, as follows:

Copper Gulf Development Company, incorporators and directors, L. Merritt and F. L. Fairchild of Duluth, Minnesota; capitalization \$250,000, and headquarters at Silver City; Chaffee Drilling Company, incorporators and directors, C. H. Smith, R. G. Neville, F. A. Seeger and J. A. Wiggs, Jr.; capitalization, \$5,000; headquarters at Artesia; Porterfield Company, incorporators and directors, D. A. Porterfield, A. L. Martin and W. L. Porterfield; capitalization, \$25,000; headquarters at Albuquerque; Baldwin Company, incorporators and directors, F. Baldwin, Anna Baldwin, N. A. Hillard; capitalization, \$50,000; headquarters at Engle; Dexter Livery and Trading Company, incorporators and directors, E. Mann and D. B. Patrick; capitalization, \$10,000; headquarters at Dexter; First Baptist church at Estancia, incorporators and trustees, Saint Clair Lewis, John W. Corbett, James Carlisle, J. T. Pope and David B. Merrill.

A Santa Fe dispatch of the 10th inst. says: Rufus Tucker, a young man, was kicked to death at 3 o'clock this morning during a drunken quarrel over a young woman. The murder occurred at a Mexican ball, at which liquor was freely dispensed. After most of the dancers had gone home the fight began and during the squabble Tucker was thrown down and trampled upon, a kick over the heart resulting in his death. Benito Chavez has been arrested for participating in the fight and other arrests will follow, as District Attorney Abbott is investigating. Tucker was unmarried.

Women Obtain Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Help.

She Has Guided Thousands to Health—How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cured Mrs. Alice Berryhill.

It is a great satisfaction for a woman to feel that she can write to another telling her the most private and confidential details about her illness, and know that her letter will be seen by a woman only. Many thousands of cases of female diseases come before Mrs. Pinkham every year, some personally, others by mail. Mrs. Pinkham is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years under her direction and since her decease she has been advising sick women free of charge.

Mrs. Pinkham never violates the confidence of women, and every testimonial letter published is done so with the written consent or request of the writer; in order that other sick women may be benefited as she has been.

Mrs. Alice Berryhill, of 313 Boyce Street, Chattanooga, Tenn., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Three years ago life looked dark to me. I had ulceration and inflammation of the female organs and was in a serious condition. My health was completely broken down and the doctor told me that if I was not operated upon I would die within six months. I told him I would have no operation but would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. He tried to influence me against it but I sent for the medicine that same day and began to use it faithfully. Within five days I felt relief but was not entirely cured until I used it for some time.

"Your medicine is certainly fine. I have induced several friends and neighbors to take it and I know more than a dozen who had female troubles and who to-day are as well and strong as I am from using your Vegetable Compound."

Just as surely as Mrs. Berryhill was cured, will Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cure every woman suffering from any form of female ills.

If you are sick write Mrs. Pinkham for advice. It is free and always helpful.

**CONCERNING CLOCKS.**

Never allow the clock to run down. It responds to regular attention just as surely as a human being does and keeps its course truly when made to follow its endless routine.

The hands of a clock should always be turned forward. To set the hands by reversing the right-hand motion is to loosen delicate screws that hold them within reach of various cog slips.

Never allow the clock to be moved from the position where it is well balanced. A deviation of two or three minutes a day from the correct time may be the result of an uneven placing of the clock, and once it is properly adjusted it should not be shifted for dusting or for artistic purposes. This is especially true of clocks that have a pedulum.

Even a "good fellow" may reform.

**DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS**

CURES ALL KIDNEY DISEASES

BRONCHITIS, RHEUMATISM, BRIGHT'S DISEASE, DIABETES, GRAVEL, CALCULI, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, SCIATICA, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE URINARY TRACT.

Prepared by DODD'S MEDICINE CO., 100 N. 3rd St., St. Louis, Mo.

Early in the morning, late at night, or whenever used, DeWane's Search will be found always the same, always the best.

Insist on having it, the most for your money.

Satisfaction or money back guaranteed. It is manufactured under the latest improved conditions. It is up-to-date. It is the best. We give no premiums.

We sell 16 ounces of the best search made for 10 cents. Other brands are 12 ounces for 10 cents with a tin whisk.

Manufactured by THE DEWANE STARCH CO., Omaha, Neb.

# THE CELEBRATED CASE THAT WON CIVIL RIGHTS FOR INDIANS

Order Issued by Carl Schurz, While Secretary of the Interior, Brought Long-Standing Trouble to a Crisis.

## SPLENDID ORATION MADE BY INDIAN CHIEF

Eloquence of Standing Bear, Pleading for His Own and His People's Rights, the Cause of an Oration in Crowded Nebraska Court Room—Judge Dundy's Famous Decision.

Omaha.—The late Carl Schurz is best remembered in Omaha as the cause of the American Indians being admitted to full citizenship in this country—not through his taking the side of the red men in the long struggle, but because he, as secretary of the interior, issued an order which so aroused the west to the wrongs of the Indian that a crusade was started in Omaha which reached to all portions of the United States, lasted seven years, and ended by supreme court decisions and legislative enactments making the Indian as free as a white man if he choose to be so, and to accept the conditions of civilization.

Schurz had the order issued to Gen. Crook, then stationed at Omaha and commanding this department of the army, and immediately the cause of the Indian was taken up by Thomas H. Tibbles, late vice presidential candidate on the populist ticket; Gen. Crook, John L. Webster, Judge Dundy, and a score of other men prominent in the west.

Previous to the fight spoken of here every Indian in the United States was subject to the orders of the secretary of the interior. The government was an absolute autocrat over the destiny of the red man in the entire country.

**Fatal Funeral Procession.**  
Back in 1879—a pitiful procession wended its slow way northward from Indian territory, bound for the prairies of Nebraska. There were 30 Indians on foot and one old wagon, drawn by two worn-out horses. In the wagon was the dead body of a child—an Indian boy. The leader of this little party was the father of the dead child, the famous Ponca Indian chief, Standing Bear, a few years later to be the best-known Indian in the entire world—and to speak in every city in the country in behalf of his people.

Standing Bear's party was on route to the Niobrara country, in northern Nebraska, to bury the child in the ancient burying grounds of the tribe. They had started on the long trip, although permission to leave the reservation in Indian Territory, on which they had been settled against their will, had been refused.

Formerly the Poncas lived in north-

body buried in the strange country, but instead, gathering a few members of his tribe, he started for the ancient hunting grounds of his tribe, intending to bury the child where generations of Ponca chiefs lay.

Schurz heard of the runaways, and through the war department telegraphed Gen. Crook, in Omaha, to arrest the Indians and return them to Indian Territory.

But the chief of the Omahas, Iron Eye, went to meet the Poncas and offered them a haven of refuge on the Omaha reservation.

"We have all the land Standing Bear and his people wish for; we have corn and meat in plenty; come live with us," said Iron Eye.

But the government, through Schurz, said "No."

So Crook arrested the old chief and brought him and his followers down to Omaha. And with them came the wagon bearing the dead child.

Standing Bear told Crook his individual story. The great Indian fighter knew the general history of the Indians and was already indignant at their treatment, but the treatment accorded Standing Bear was too much, and even the stern warrior rebelled.

**Campaign Mapped Out.**  
That night Crook came into Omaha and had an all-night conference with Tibbles, then an editorial writer on a newspaper. A campaign of Indians' rights was mapped out, and both men started out the next day to carry out their parts.

Crook was to delay returning the Indians to Indian Territory until a writ of habeas corpus could be asked for from the United States court, on the ground that the constitution, in the fourteenth amendment, guaranteed to all persons born in the United States equal protection of the law.

Tibbles looked out for the legal end of the deal. He went to John L. Webster, then a struggling, unknown young lawyer, told his case before him, and asked him to defend the rights of the Indian.

"There is no money in it, but there is fame, honor and glory," said Tibbles.

Webster took the case, and asked

carefully prepared, and consumed 16 hours in the delivering, occupying the attention of the court for two days. On the third day Mr. Webster spoke for six hours. And during all the proceedings the courtroom was packed with the beauty and culture of the city.

Towards the close of the trial the situation became tense. As the wrongs inflicted on the Indians were described by the attorneys indignation was often at a white heat, and the judge made no attempt at suppressing the applause which broke out from time to time.

"For the department Mr. Lambertson made a short address, but was listened to in silence."

"It was late in the afternoon when the trial drew to a close. The excitement had been increasing, but it reached a height not before felt when Judge Dundy announced that Chief Standing Bear would be allowed to make a speech in his own behalf."

"Not one in that audience besides the army officers and Mr. Tibbles had ever heard an oration by an Indian chief. All of them had read of the eloquence of Red Jacket and Logan, and they sat there wondering whether the mild-looking old man, with the lines of suffering and sorrow on his furrowed brow and cheek, dressed in the full robes of an Indian chief, could make a speech at all."

"It happened that there was a good interpreter present—the son of Father Hamilton, a well-known missionary."

**Standing Bear's Address.**  
"Standing Bear arose. Half-facing the audience he held out his right hand and stood motionless so long that the stillness of death which had settled down on the audience became almost unbearable. At last, looking up at the judge, he said:

"That hand is not the color of yours, but if I prick it, the blood will flow and I shall feel pain. The blood is of the same color as yours. God made me, and I am a man. I never committed a crime. If I had, I would not stand here to make a defense. I would suffer the punishment and make no complaint."

"Still standing, half-facing the audience, he looked past the judge out of a window as if gazing upon something far in the distance, and continued:

"I seem to be standing on the high bank of a great river, with my wife and little girl by my side. I cannot cross the river, and impassable cliffs arise behind me. I hear the noise of great waters; I look and see a flood coming. The waters rise to our feet and then to our knees. My little girl stretches her hands toward me and says: 'Save me!'"

"I stand where no member of my race ever stood before. There is no tradition to guide me. The angels who preceded me knew nothing of the circumstances that surround me. I hear only my little girl say: 'Save me!'"

"Reached Heights of Eloquence."  
"In despair I look toward the office behind me, and I seem to see a dim trail that may lead a way of life. But no one has ever passed over that trail. It looks to be impassable."

Lawyers, every one in Nebraska, and many from the big eastern cities; business men, Gen. Crook and his full staff, in their dress uniforms (this was one of the few times in his life that Crook wore his full dress in public), and the Indians themselves, in their gaudy colors. The courtroom was a galaxy of brilliancy.

"On one side stood the army officers, the brilliantly dressed women, and the white people; on the other was Standing Bear, in his official robes as chief of the Poncas, and with him were his leading men."

"Far back in the audience, shrinking from observation, was an Indian girl who afterward became famous as a lecturer in England and America. She was later known on both continents by a translation of her Indian name, In-sta-the-am-ba, Bright Eyes.

Long and Able Arguments.  
"Attorney Poppleton's argument was



The Audience Listened Spellbound to Standing Bear's Oration.

if he refuses, I must go back and sink beneath the flood."

"Then, in a lower tone:  
"You are that man."  
"There was silence in the court as the chief sat down. Some tears ran down over the judge's face. Gen. Crook leaned forward and covered his face with his hands. Some of the ladies sobbed."

**Orator Given Ovation.**  
"All at once that audience by one common impulse rose to its feet and such a shout went up as was never heard in a Nebraska courtroom. No one heard Judge Dundy say 'Court is adjourned.' There was a rush for Standing Bear. The first to reach him was Gen. Crook. I was second. The ladies flocked toward him, and for an hour Standing Bear held a reception."

"A few days afterward Judge Dundy handed down his famous decision in which he announced that an Indian was a 'person' and was entitled to the protection of the law. Standing Bear and his followers were set free, and with his old wagon and the body of his dead child he went back to the hunting grounds of his fathers and buried the boy with tribal honors. It was the very first time an Indian was ever permitted to appear in court and have his rights tried."

Up at the Ponca reservation there is an old white-headed Indian (he is the only known really white-headed Indian, too). It is old Standing Bear—old and decrepit. But he remembers Carl Schurz, and still blames him for much of the hardships through which the western Indians passed.

When told of the death of Schurz, the old man smoked a full minute before answering the one word of English which he ever uses:  
"Good."

make the attempt. I take my child by the hand and my wife follows after me. Our hands and our feet are torn by sharp rocks and our trail is marked by our blood. At last I see a rift in the rocks. A little way beyond are green prairies. The swift running water, the Niobrara, pours down between the green hills. There are the graves of my fathers. There again we will pitch our tepees and build our fires. I see the light of the world and of liberty just ahead."

The old chief became silent again, and after an appreciable pause, he turned toward the judge with such a look of pathos and suffering on his face that none who saw it will forget and said:

"But in the center of the path there stands a man. Behind him I see soldiers in number like the leaves of the trees. If that man gives me permission I may pass on to life and liberty."



General Crook Intercepted and Arrested Standing Bear.

ern Nebraska, along the Niobrara river. They had fought the Sioux, in behalf of the white men for years, and had lost 700 braves in the white man's behalf. For this a previous secretary of the interior had given them, in fee simple, full title to their reservation and lands.

**Lands Taken from Poncas.**  
Then Mr. Schurz was made secretary, and at the point of the bayonet had driven the Poncas down into Indian Territory, depriving them of the lands for which they held government deeds. The Poncas were left months without rations in the new country, and more than one-third of them died while there.

And among those who died was the son of the old chief Standing Bear. His name was In-sta-the-am-ba, Bright Eyes.

Judge A. J. Poppleton, then general counsel for the Union Pacific, to assist him and make the argument. Poppleton agreed, and then a writ was applied for in the United States court at Omaha, over which Judge Dundy presided.

**Made Thousands of Citizens.**  
The case came to trial. It was the most notable trial ever brought in the west, and in fact the scope was as wide as may ever be tried in the United States, for by its decision 100,000 people were made citizens.

Thomas H. Tibbles attended every session of that court. In his own words he described it this way:

"The courtroom was crowded with reasonably dressed women and the clergy, who, in the most orderly manner, were present. The judge, Judge Dundy, was a man of

THEY GAVE HIM A NICKNAME. And It Was an Ingenious Abbreviation of a Proper Faintonymic.

It has been said, according to the Cleveland Leader, that a boy who goes through school and college without a nickname must have lacked some of the elements of popularity. Hon. Wilfred Hosford and his wife, however, did not believe in nicknames, nor did they intend their boy to have one if they could prevent it.

"I was never known as 'Will' or 'Willy,'" said M. Hosford, with dignity, "and I see no reason why my son, Wilfred Sawtel Hosford, should receive either of those names or the still more objectionable one of 'Bill.'"

Wilfred Sawtel Hosford was delicate for the first ten years of his life, and received his education at the hands of a grave young tutor. He grew stronger as time went on, and at the age of 12 entered the public school.

On his return from the first session he was solemnly questioned by his parents.

"The boys are going to like me, I guess," said Wilfred, eagerly. "They've got a nickname for me already."

Mrs. Hosford shuddered and Hon. Wilfred looked stern.

"Do you mean to say you enjoy being called 'Willy' or 'Bill'?" he asked, in his deepest tones.

"Oh, they've got a better name than those," said the boy, with a broad grin. "The smartest fellow in the class, Sandy Lahe, thought it up almost right off as soon as he heard my name. They're going to call me 'Saw-Hoss.'"

**ONE ON INSURANCE MAN.**  
Adjurer Caught by Sly Storekeeper Who Took Him at His Word.

"Insurance adjusters are about as clever and 'smooth' as any class of men to be found," said an old-time merchant the other day, according to the Kansas City Times. "Their logic is always oiled and ready to run without the least jar or friction. Once, however, one of the tribe got slipped up on. His logic got sidetracked on a derailing switch. I was running a country store which was destroyed by fire. The adjuster came along and then came the battle to get a settlement satisfactory to both sides. We were going over the items burned in the basement. Now, what else was there?" asked the adjuster.

"There were 20 bushels of potatoes which I paid 25 cents a bushel for; but at the time they were worth 80 cents a bushel."

"Hold on," said the insurance man. "We're only paying you for what you lost. No inflated values go. They cost you \$5. What else?"

"There were four barrels of apples which had rotted on my hands and I was going to throw out that day the fire prevented it. They weren't worth a cent, but they cost me three dollars a barrel."

"The adjuster saw he was caught. Without batting an eye he wrote: 'Four barrels of apples at three dollars a barrel, \$12.'"

**THE SCIENTIFIC SPIRIT.**  
A Carnegie Tale Which Illustrates Its Possession to a Nicety.

Andrew Carnegie admires the scientific spirit—his generous gifts to science are a proof of that. Nevertheless to his keen humor this spirit offers itself as a good prey, and Mr. Carnegie often rails wittily at scientists and their peculiar ways, says the New York Tribune.

"The late—the late—but I won't mention the poor fellow's name," said Mr. Carnegie at a scientist's supper. "The late Blank, as he lay on his death bed, was greeted very joyously one morning by his physician."

"Poor Blank's eyes lit up with hope at sight of the physician's beaming face. There had been a consultation on his case the day before. Perhaps, at last, the remedy to cure him had been found."

"My dear Mr. Blank," said the physician, "congratulate you."

"Blank smiled.

"I shall recover?" he asked, in a weak voice, tremulous with hope.

"Well—not exactly," said the physician. "But we believe your disease to be entirely new, and if the autopsy demonstrates this to be true we have decided to name the malady after you."

**Missed Fire.**  
The would-be diner had called for ox-tail soup.

He looked at the liquor which was brought to him hard and long, tasted it, smelt it, and then beckoned the young waiter—a fresh-complexioned young fellow, whose foot had evidently not been long off his native heath.

"Suppose," whispered the customer, confidentially, "that an ox really did dip his tail in this soup at least once—a long time ago—eh?"

"No, zuri!" gasped the horrified waiter. "No, no, never! It is tall within a mile of that soup—I give you my word an honor for it, zuri!"

—St. Louis Republic.

**To Win French Prize.**  
Inventive effort should be turned into a new path by the \$20,000 prize of French manufacturers for a new application of sugar in the industries other than the food industry. The award is to be made after the French consumption of sugar is increased at least 100,000 tons a year.

**LIMB WASTED WITH ECZEMA.**  
Suffered Untold Agonies—Doctor Said It Was the Worst Case—Wonderful Cure by Cuticura.

"I used the Cuticura Remedies for eczema. The doctor said it was the worst case he ever saw. It was on both limbs, from the knees to the ankles. We tried everything the doctors knew of, but the Cuticura Remedies did the most good. I was obliged to lie with my limbs higher than my head, for the pain was so terrible I could not walk. I suffered untold agonies. One limb wasted away a great deal smaller than the other, there was so much discharge from it. I found the Cuticura Remedies very soothing, and I still 'keep them in the house. I am very thankful to say that I am cured. I found the Cuticura Remedies all that you say they are. I hope that you may be spared many years to make the Cuticura Remedies for the benefit of persons suffering from the torture of skin diseases, such as I had. Mrs. Golding, Box 8, Ayr, Ontario, Canada, June 6, 1905."

**The Modern Way.**  
"My dear, you must really take Freddy in hand about the way he uses slang. To-day he asked me what entomology was, and I told him the science of bugs."

"Well!"

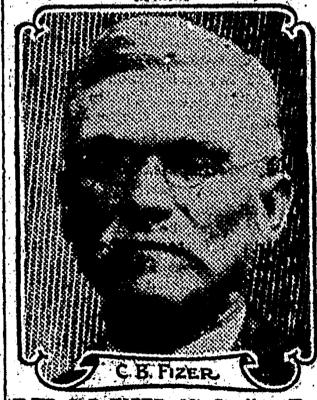
"Then he asked me if an entomologist was a crazy man."—Baltimore American.

When society, as distinct from law, begins to punish the moral offenses or the rich as it does those of the poor, the problem will be a long way toward solution.—Detroit News.

With Some People.  
A joke is not a joke when you have to listen to it instead of telling it.—N. Y. Press.

## KIDNEY TROUBLE

Suffered Two Years—Relieved in Three Months



MR. C. B. FIZER, Mt. Sterling, Ky., writes:  
"I have suffered with kidney and bladder trouble for ten years past. Last March I commenced using Peruna and continued for three months. I have not used it since, nor have I felt a pain."

"I believe that I am well and I therefore give my highest commendation to the curative qualities of Peruna."

**Peruna for Kidney Trouble.**

Mrs. Geo. H. Simser, Grant, Ontario, Can., writes:  
"I had not been well for about four years. I had kidney trouble, and, in fact, felt badly nearly all the time."

"This summer I got so very bad I thought I would try Peruna, so I wrote to you and began at once to take Peruna and I feel better."

"I took only two bottles of Peruna and one of Mannalin, and now I feel better than I have for some time."

"I feel that Peruna and Mannalin cured me and made a different woman of me altogether. I bless the day I picked up this little book and read of your Peruna."

**It is the business of the kidneys to remove from the blood all poisonous materials. They must be active all the time, else the system suffers. There are times when they need a little assistance. Peruna is exactly this sort of a remedy. It has saved many people from disaster by rendering the kidneys service at a time when they were not able to bear their own burdens.**



**ST. CHARLES EVAPORATED CREAM**

No preservatives are used in the manufacture of St. Charles Cream. Sterilization alone is the preserving agency—the cream is guaranteed absolutely pure and perfectly sterilized. It is made of pure milk only, condensed by evaporation, and treated only by the scientific application of heat. That is the reason it does not pull on the tenderest stomach. It is also the reason why it never curdles. It is as palatable as the finest fresh milk or cream you ever tasted—it costs no more. In using it you take no chances.

Sold by best grocers everywhere.

**ST. CHARLES CONDENSING CO.,**  
St. Charles, Ill.

**THE DUSTY FLY KILLER**

It is the most effective fly killer ever discovered. It kills all flies, including the house fly, the stable fly, the horn fly, and the annoying stable fly. It is safe for all household purposes. It is sold by all grocers and druggists.

Don't Ignore the Money Side.

No matter what your vocation may be, you must be a business man first, or you will always be placed at a great disadvantage in the practical affairs of life.

In connection with Father Sherman's attempt to duplicate his father's march from Atlanta to the sea, it is related, an old cavalry officer recalls how a report got abroad some 20 years ago that Phil Sheridan was about to revisit the scenes of his triumph in the Shenandoah valley.

Some of the national legislators in Washington are reported to be becoming alarmed over the fact that the present is by far the talkiest of which there is any history.

It would seem an act of practical patriotism on the part of our wealthy Americans who have planned to spend the summer in Europe, wisely suggests the Wall Street Journal, if they would now change their plans and make the trip to California.

Vegetarians in Chicago are rejoicing. The long sought for substitute for meat has been found in the unobtrusive "goober." Peanuts, properly prepared, rolled through a nut grinder, made into paste, spread and dried, will supply the human system with all the nutritive properties supposed to be contained in beef and will prove as toothsome as a porterhouse steak, according to the local advocates of the abolition of the stockyards.

Prof. Joseph John Thomson, a well-known physicist, in an address in Cambridge, England, declares that of all students in the world, and he has had experience with most of them, the Americans show the greatest energy and enthusiasm, which he credits to the courses at the American universities, which leave the student fresh and enthusiastic, while the Englishmen are intellectually tired.

It is reported from Washington that President and Mrs. Roosevelt will not allow their daughter Ethel to be photographed. Some of her schoolmates have taken snapshots, but the films and plates are carefully reserved for private collections.

The family of the late Prof. Langley, of the Smithsonian Institution, has turned over to the institution the scientific medals and decorations of one sort or another that had been presented to him from various parts of the world in recognition of his researches.

A man in Mexico has discovered the typhoid bacillus and is another part of the country a man has found the bacillus of tuberculosis. If they could only be matched to fight to a finish.

THE ACTOR AND THE SMART SET

By W. N. MAXWELL

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

"God bless you, my little lad," his father, the tragedian, had said, one night, "and make a good actor of you."

"Oh, sure!" said his aged mother, the ex-columbine, stooping to pick the steak from the little stove. "Sure, it's in the blood."

"No, wife," said papa, in booming tones. "It is in the brain and in the heart," and he tapped his forehead and placed his hand upon his chest with a grand gesture. "I attribute a large measure of my success in life to always coming straight home to supper. Beware of the smart set who would be amused. Society is slow poison to our art. I made my right rule when a stripling, and have adhered to it till brown locks are silvered. Don't accept their invitations—or their flattery. Be the host, not the guest. I entertain, or so endeavor, every night at eight. I do not care to be entertained when my party breaks up. My friends, if I have any, can always see me—by paying at the door. But to your pillow, my young fellow."

Now, a troupe of theatrical fairies, flying over the town that very night, came down the chimney of the humble lodging house and left for the sleeping child all their richest gifts. They gave him a fine voice, keen observation, sympathy and intuition. They gave him the gift of laughter and the gift of tears; and then flew off without waking him.

He grew up, became a good actor, and soon began to draw "big money." "The Dad's" voice had ceased to boom, and "Mama" had danced her last dance—with Death for her harlequin.

He owned a theater himself. As he said, in confidence to a journalistic friend, he very soon could not keep the money out.

He now only wanted a leading lady—in his theater and in his life also—for all to be well; some one to act the adventures in the spangled frock on the boards, when she was working; and to play the wife at home, when she was resting. But before he found her he had received his first invitation from the smart set. One Sunday night, he found himself at a glittering board, surrounded by lords and ladies and fine personages. Their faces glowed like the dull gold plate on the sideboard; their eyes shone like the cut-glass; but their conversation did not sparkle like the effervescent wine. They were waiting for him to amuse them.

"A table party of deathheads as ever I've met!" he said to himself, and was somber and morose—till the saddle of mutton. Then he began to tell an anecdote to the lady by his side, and the whole room fell more silent, hanging on his words. The voice which the fairies had given him had tones of the grave double-bass and the laughing bassoon, and rang clear and true, like a fine old bell, setting the Bohemian glasses tinkling in sympathy as he related how the fuddled old suitor said, "Stand back and let the parson cough!"

"How that anecdote went! It was impossible not to be pleased. The butlers all hid their faces; one footman stood paralyzed, with the asparagus protruded between a countess and a cabinet minister; another forgot the beans, a third carried the tomatoes out into the pantry and frankly exploded with them.

The other guests chirruped like happy birds. After his trained, bull-bellow, their weak bleatings struck chill on the ear and the glasses ceased to tinkle. "Ripping! I shall die of laughing! What was it? Didn't quite catch the point, but the delicious mimicry!" and so forth.

The ladies refused to go to the drawing room until they had compelled him to give the Parson's cough just once more. "It's a privilege," said a lord, offering his shaking hand, "to meet a great artist thus," and the poor old chap meant it.

On the following night he went from his theater to hear a little music in a ducal mansion, and when in the small hours, he reached his rooms, he gave the supper waiting for him to the landlord's cat.

Now at the Actors' club the old barbarians saw at a glance that the man was poisoned. The poison came out in his talk. He was full of it. "Business, dear boy, business!" he called it, knowingly.

"Bad business," said the savages. He bought white waistcoats, ceased to quote Shakespeare; shook hands just under his chin, and would say, "Dear lady, remember I have only 52 Sundays. I cannot cut myself in pieces!" Heaven knows where he had got "Dear lady" from; but he always used it now.

You must know that the fairies meanwhile had visited the theater and become so displeased that they were taking their gifts away. For "giving" is a thing, and take a thing is good fairies' plaything.

"This fellow," they cried, "is simply slouching through his part. He is not acting at all. The only true acting he does is outside. He saves himself for that and comes here dog-tired and careless." So then they took away his observation (that was why he shook hands so high), then his intuition, and then something else, until they had resumed nearly all their gifts. He never noticed the loss—and so more did the public!

Now at dinner parties his anecdotes were of Archie Archibald and Hughie Macpherson—or stilted little traits of character in upstarts who wanted to become one of "us."

"You must know that since my new soubrette has been taken up by poor dear old Lady Harriand she has aspirations. Oh, distinctly! She has been plugging me to get her asked to Cronstadt House." One did not observe that the butlers were yawning.

"What is he cackling about, my nephew?" growled a "most honorable." "Has he bought Cronstadt House?" inquired a relative of that social fortress.

They did not like his society tales of keeping people out and letting them in. They felt like a lot of experts being taught their business unasked.

"Pay to see him?" twittered the young ladies, alluding to his theater. "I see too much of him—at every evening party. One can't escape him!"

"That was the end. Then the public missed the gifts. A frosty wind of disaster blew through the theater, sending all the complimentary tickets eddying and swirling out of the box office, round and round the auditorium, until they settled down in the lap of the receiver in bankruptcy.

But the dowagers who were his original "backers" did not drop him.

"Now that he is no longer a professional artist, one does feel—to a certain extent—that he is one of us!"

They helped him; they wished to help him. But as with everything else they did, they made a fuss about it.

When Lady Augusta played Galatea and Lord Augustus Pygmalion, at the amateur theatricals they had him



"IT'S A PRIVILEGE."

down for the week, paying him—as we were only to glad to do, but treating him exactly like the rest of our guests. (Indeed, even the butlers could not now discern that he was in any wise different from a broken down swell.) "He is so wretchedly poor that it made one's heart ache to see his gluttony at dinner. It told such a tale, don't you know. One thing I have been compelled to do—for his own sake—I told Richardson not to fill his glass every time it was emptied."

It was while rehearsing the amateurs that the last of the fairies took away the last of the gifts—the gift of laughter and tears.

"Augustus, old fellow," he said, laying his hand on the would-be actor's shoulder, "you do Pygmalion superbly."

"He's d— familiar," said Augustus, quoting these words, "but he does know what he's talkin' about."

CHINESE AS SLOW AS EVER

Agricultural Machinery Is a Rarity in the Fields of Their Country.

In the agricultural sections of the entire Yangtze valley there is practically no use whatever for foreign agricultural implements. The Chinese laborers in the rice and cotton fields, in the mulberry groves and in the gardens find the Chinese implements of greater utility than any of the foreign and adhere to them. The Chinese hoe, which contains a much greater weight of metal than the foreign one, being practically a mattock, is, according to their ideas, more serviceable in this heavy soil than the foreign implement.

All the ordinary hand implements of agriculture are shaped and constructed according to Chinese taste. Agricultural machinery is not used in this section, even the plow being a great rarity. The Chinese turn over the ground usually with their mattocks. It is harrowed in a primitive way and when the crop is gathered hand labor does all the work.

Under these conditions it is not strange that the importing firm of Shanghai do not consider it worth while to carry a line of agricultural implements. It is difficult even to obtain a foreign implement for use in the garden of a foreigner in Shanghai. This is the present condition and to all appearances it bids fair to continue for an indefinite period. In the north, and especially in Manchuria, some agricultural implements are being used, but these are rather the result of Russian introduction than of Chinese desire. The statement was made recently in one of the northern papers that the introduction of modern agricultural implements seemed practically as far off as ever.

Fish Shipped Alive.

Fish caught on the coasts of France and Italy are now transported alive by rail to Germany and Russia for the market. The living fish are placed in covered cisterns, running on wheels, and the water is renewed continually by means of a motor pump and a system of pipes.

Saucy Boarder. The landlady was in a playful mood—the new boarder having paid for two weeks in advance.

"Which do you think came first, Mr. Bifkins," she queried, "the chicken or the egg?"

"I never gave the subject a thought," replied Bifkins, as he pushed his egg-cup to one side, "but I'm offering odds to 100 to one that if any chicken preceded this egg it accompanied Noah on his famous ark excursion."—Chicago Daily News.

Not Like Andy's. "No," said the beautiful girl, after he had refused to heed her declaration that she would scream, "your kiss is not like Carnegie's. It soothes, but it doesn't satisfy."

After which he caught her in his arms again, for he was chivalrous at heart, and would not willingly permit a lady to suffer.—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Puzzled Observer. "There is another custom which illustrates how different your ideas are from ours," said Li Lo, the eminent Chinese scholar.

"What is that?"

"When one of our financiers proves untrustworthy we behead him and keep the money in our country. You send him to Europe and let him take the money along."—Washington Star.

A PRESENT CONDITION.



She—But will you love me when I'm old and ugly? He—Well, don't I?

A Near Limerick. There was a young lady named Hannah; She slipped on the peel of a watermelon— Came down with a slam, And softly sighed: "How absurd that I cannot rhyme this thing!"—Judge.

Impossible. The bridegroom, fresh from Hohokus, was gazing at Niagara falls.

"Talk about tryin' to save 'em!" he yelled in his bride's ear. "Why, gosh darn it, Fan, it'd cost more'n a million dollars! Ther' ain't no way on earth to do it! That water has just got to run somewheres!"—Chicago Tribune.

Pretty Near Right. Markley—Wiseman told me to-day that I'd never get back that ten-spot I loaned you.

Grafton—He did? Markley—Yes. Grafton—Well, if it wasn't so expensive I'd make him out a liar right now.—Philadelphia Press.

According to Arnold. "Blame this 'muck raking,' anyhow! There's no 'Sweetness and Light' in it."

"You're mistaken—there is both. Aren't they going to investigate the sugar trust and Standard Oil company?"—Cleveland Leader.

Safe. "And you say you have a little girl five years old?" he said when they met in after years.

"Yes," she replied, "but don't let that keep you from calling on us. We have never taught her to speak pieces."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Her Selection. Brother—Yes, I like Jack well enough, Dora; but why did you marry a man a head shorter than you are?

Dora—I had to choose between a little man with a big salary and a big man with a little salary.—Cassell's Journal.

Would Open Her Eyes. Anxious Parent—Doctor, my daughter appears to be going blind, and she is about to be married.

Doctor—Let her go right on with the wedding. If anything can open her eyes, marriage will.—Tit-Bits.

Be Noble. "Think of it! That man had the nerve to call me a liar, a cad, a scoundrel, and a dog. Would you advise me to fight for that?"

"By all means. Always fight for the truth."—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Evidence. "How do we know that Solomon was the wisest man?"

"Well, for one thing, he got together a colossal fortune without being investigated."

He Had. Walter—Haven't you forgotten something, sir? Diner—Yes, what a good steak tastes like.—N. Y. Sun.

Didn't Finish. Winks—I didn't see you around yesterday.

Minks—No, I had a room that needed papering and painting, and I thought I'd stay home and do it myself. But can't stop to talk—I'm in a hurry.

"What's up?"

"Well, I've got to take my business suit to the dyer's and cleaner's, my wife's dress along with it, and I must stop at a store for a new carpet, and then hunt up some painters and paper-hangers to put the finishing touches on that room, you know."—N. Y. Weekly.

A Certain Cure. Patient—And you say this will enable me to sleep?

Chemist—Absolute cure for insomnia!

Patient—H'm! Now, when do I take it?

Chemist—Immediately before going to sleep.

Patient—Yes; but when do I get to sleep?

Chemist—Immediately after taking the powder.

Only One Fear. Old Lady—What's the matter, little boy?

Street Urchin (whimpering)—"Fraid."

Old Lady—Afr'd? Well, I do de-fraid! I didn't know you street gamins were ever afr'd of anything, seen or unseen, in this world or the next.

Street Urchin—Y-es, we're 'fr'd of—of each other.—N. Y. Weekly.

His Record. "Archie, what is the longest continuous ride you have had in your automobile?"

"Sixteen miles."

"How long did it take you?"

"Four hours."

"Great Scott! What was the—?"

"That was the distance to the nearest repair shop, and the farmer's blamed old horses couldn't pull the car any faster."—Chicago Tribune.

The Eighth Wonder. Mr. Winks—I see raising flowers for the manufacture of perfumery has become a new industry in Florida.

Mr. Minks (a perfumery manufacturer)—Flowers?

"Yes."

"For the manufacture of perfumery?"

"Yes."

"Well, wonders will never cease."—N. Y. Weekly.

The Proposal. "Mr. Sophly called to see me last night," said Miss Passay, "and before he left there was a proposal of marriage and—"

"Well! the idea!" exclaimed Miss Knox.

"What do you suppose I said?"

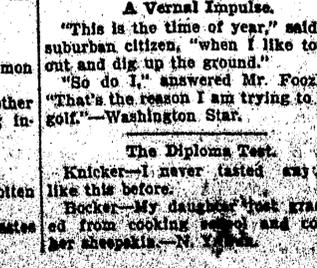
"Oh, I suppose you said: 'Will you marry me?'"—Philadelphia Press.

"Filled with the East Wind." Hungry Hank—Wot makes all dem trees lean so?

Tired Timothy—Dey gets so much wind, up dere on de hill.

Hungry Hank—Dat must be wot makes me lean—I don't git nuttin' else nowadays.—Cleveland Leader.

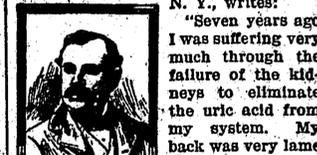
PROOF TO THE CONTRARY.



"People say that I've come down in the world, and here I am living in an attic!"—Dorfbarber.

SEVEN YEARS AGO

A Rochester Chemist Found a Singularly Effective Medicine. William A. Franklin, of the Franklin & Palmer Chemical Co., Rochester, N. Y., writes:



"Seven years ago I was suffering very much through the failure of the kidneys to eliminate the uric acid from my system. My back was very lame and ached if I overexerted myself in the least degree. At times I was weighed down with a feeling of languor and depression and suffered continually from annoying irregularities of the kidney secretions. I procured a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and began using them. I found prompt relief from the aching and lameness in my back, and by the time I had taken three boxes I was cured of all irregularities."

Sold by all dealers; 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

DIAMOND DEALER'S MISTAKE

One of His Own Gems, But He Failed to Recognize the Sparkler.

"Will you please examine this diamond," said a man who had stepped into a jeweler's shop, "and tell me what you think of it? If it is a good stone, I think I will buy it."

The jeweler took the gem, which was unset, and looked at it critically for a moment. Then in a confidential tone he said:

"Well, to tell you the truth, that isn't a very good stone. It hasn't much fire, it is badly cut, and there is something here very much like a flaw."

Then he held the diamond under a microscope and examined it carefully, finally observing: "No, it isn't exactly a flaw, but I shouldn't call it a perfect stone. Now, if you want something really fine, here—"

"Excuse me," the other man interrupted. "I don't think I'll buy a diamond to-day. This is a diamond that one of your assistants let me take Saturday on approval. I deposited \$40 on it. I ease let me have my money, and we will declare the deal off."

ODD EATING CUSTOMS.

Brazilians never eat when they drink, nor drink when they eat; and the Tartars continually persist in pulling a guest by the ear until he drinks.

Maldive islanders retire to the darkest part of the houses and hang curtains about them, so that none of their fellowmen may see them at their meals.

When they desire to show a mark of great esteem, the negroes of Ardra drink from the same cup at the same time, and the King of Loango used to eat and drink in two separate houses.

The Philippine islander will not eat a meal alone. Whenever a Filipino finds himself without a companion with whom to share his meal, he will abstain from eating until he has found one.

A strange custom prevails in Kamchataka, where a man who wishes to entertain a guest invites him into a cabin, which is heated to an excessive temperature, and then presses him with food until he is in a state of torpor. Instances of men dying at these orgies have been known.

The Tahitians, though a naturally sociable race, dine separately. Even the man and his wife do not eat together. Each member of the family has his own food-basket. They take their places about five yards apart, and then, turning their backs to each other, dine amid a profound silence.

BUILDING FOOD

To Bring the Babies Around.

When a little human machine (or a large one) goes wrong, nothing is so important as the selection of food to bring it around again.

"My little baby boy fifteen months old had pneumonia, then came brain fever, and no sooner had he got over these than he began to cut teeth and, being so weak, he was frequently thrown into convulsions," says a Colorado mother.

"I decided a change might help, so took him to Kansas City for a visit. When we got there he was so very weak when he would cry he would sink away and seemed like he would die."

"When I reached my sister's home she said immediately that we must feed him Grape-Nuts and, although I had never used the food, we got some and for a few days gave him just the juice of Grape-Nuts and milk. He got stronger so quickly we were soon feeding him the Grape-Nuts itself and in a wonderfully short time he fattened right up and became strong and well."

"That showed me something worth knowing and, when later on my girl came, I raised her on Grape-Nuts and she is a strong healthy baby and has been. You will see from the little photograph I send you what a strong, chubby youngster the boy is now; but he didn't look anything like that before we found this nourishing food. Grape-Nuts nourished him back to strength when he was so weak he couldn't keep any other food on his stomach." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

All children can be built to a more sturdy and healthy condition upon Grape-Nuts and cream. The food contains the elements nature demands, from which to make the soft gray matter in the nerve centers and brain. A well-fed brain and strong, sturdy nerves absolutely insure a healthy body.

Look in place for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

**Champion Woman Ball Thrower.**  
Miss Margery Belle of the University of Chicago high school recently threw a regulation baseball 204 feet 2 inches, which breaks the world's record for a throw by a woman by six feet, two inches. The record was formerly held by a woman student at Smith college, Miss Belle is the champion woman athlete in her school and throws a ball like a man, with a full sweep of the arm.

"How can I marry that man? I abhor, despise, abominate him!" "There, there, dear! You can tell him all that after you've married him!"

Opportunity comes to every man but generally when it does he is too busy earning bread and butter for his family to be able to take it.

**ASIA CIGARS.**  
Will not make you nervous. Ask your dealer or The M. Hyman Cigar Co., 300 17th Street, Denver.

It isn't always the coat that makes the man—sometimes it's the padding.

## Denver Directory

**A \$40 Saddle for \$28 c.o.d.**

For a short time only we offer this saddle, made of horn-tipped, 2 1/2 inch stirrup leathers, steel leather-covered stirrups, warranted in every respect, and equal to saddles sold for \$40 everywhere. Catalogue free.

**The Fred Mueller Saddle & Harness Co.**  
1413-1419 Larimer St., Denver, Colo.

**BARBERS' SUPPLIES** Cut-throats and Grinders, Razors, Brushes, Combs, etc. Sold by BUEHRER BROS., 1428-40 Larimer Street, Denver.

**STOVE REPAIRS** of every known make of stove, furnaces or ranges. Geo. Z. Pullish, 1381 Lawrence, Denver, Phone 725.

**THE FAMOUS J. H. WILSON STOCK SADDLES**  
Ask your dealer for them. Take no other.

**BROWN PALACE HOTEL** Absolutely first-class. European Plan, \$1.50 and upward.

**AMERICAN HOUSE** DENVER. Two blocks from union depot. The best \$2 per day hotel in the West. American plan.

**Oxford Hotel**  
Denver. One block from Union Depot. Fireproof. C. H. MORSE, Mgr.

**SHEEP, HOG, CATTLE & CHICKEN** in any length. Send for catalogue or cuts. J. H. Wilson, 15th St., Denver, Colo.

**E. E. BURLINGAME & CO., CHEMICAL ASSAY OFFICE AND LABORATORY**  
Established in Colorado, 1866. Samples by mail or express will receive prompt and careful attention. Gold & Silver Bullion, Refined, Melted and Assayed. Concentration Tests. 100 lbs. or car load lots. Write for terms. 1736-1738 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

**REEVES Double-Cylinder Plow & Grading ENGINES**  
Built Specially for This Work.  
REEVES & CO., 1512 15th Street, Denver

**THE McMURTRY MFG. CO.**  
HALLACK MIXED PAINT  
WESTERN VARNISHES  
FOR DRY CLIMATE USE  
DENVER

**WEDDING STATIONERY**  
Prices the lowest consistent with work of the best quality. Write for our new style samples.  
A. T. Lewis & Son Dry Goods Co., Denver

**WANTED! YOUNG MEN** for the NAVY  
ages 17 to 35, must be able bodied, of good character and American citizens, either native born or naturalized. Apply to Navy Recruiting Office, room 22 Pioneer building, Denver, or room 418 Postoffice building, Pueblo, Colorado.

**Asthma Cured**  
Speedy relief and permanent cure of Asthma and Bronchitis insured by Red Cross Asthma Cure. Money positively refunded if not successful. For information call or address Suite 204, 909 Seventeenth Street, Denver, Colo. References given.

**Colorado House Tent**  
**COLORADO TENT AND AWNING CO.**  
Largest canvas goods house in the West. Write for illustrated catalog. Robt. S. Gutschall, Pres. 1621 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

**NOCK & GARSIDE**  
Manufacturers of  
Electric, Hydraulic, Bolt Power Hand and Sidewalk ELEVATORS  
Phone 664  
1850 W. 25th St., DENVER, COLO.

**HOWARD E. BURTON**  
Assayer, Chemist, and Refiner. Gold, silver, lead, zinc, copper, brass, etc. Mailing envelopes and certificates sent on application. Control and umpire work solicited. Leadville, Colo. References, Carbonate National Bank.

## FLYING MACHINE

**CIRCLES WASHINGTON MONUMENT AND WHITE HOUSE.**

**ALSO LANDS AT THE CAPITOL.**

**Lincoln Beachy Creates a Sensation Among the Law Makers—Government Business Suspended to Watch Skillful Aeronaut.**

Washington.—Lincoln Beachy, in a flying machine with which he circled the Washington monument, the White House and capitol, successfully held up government business for practically two hours Thursday and gave the general staff of the army some new ideas about the use of a dirigible balloons in time of war.

As he sailed across the Potomac his device looked like the empty but inflated casing of a gigantic bologna sausage, with the framework of a dory depending. He made first for the monument, but alighted in the grounds because one of the bamboo poles in his car had broken.

This was quickly repaired and he then ascended, being tossed into the air by his assistants, who followed him through the course in an automobile.

In a spiral course he circled the monument twice and then having risen above it, started for the White House at a twelve-mile-per-hour gait.

There was almost a dead calm and after hovering for a few seconds over the grounds to the south of the executive mansion, he dropped easily to the lawn, avoiding the trees and landing within 100 yards of the south entrance.

President Roosevelt was invisible at the time, but Mrs. Roosevelt and the children were at home and watched the proceeding with wonder.

Again the automobile followers came to the front and the whole machine was borne on the shoulders of four men to the back door of the White House, whence Beachy sent his card inside. The President, who had returned from the commencement exercises at Georgetown College, did not appear, but the children of the family were in great eagerness. Several visitors who were waiting to see the President, rushed out upon the lawn to inspect it, and for half an hour the place was animated, while without the iron fence of the lot people were banked a dozen deep.

Business in the State, War and Navy building and in the Treasury building was closed and the roofs were black with government employes straining their eyes to get a sight of the queer monster. Finally, after a vain wait to see the President, who refused to appear, the machine was again launched, rose like a bird through the trees, poised for a second above the roof of the White House, where it described a circle almost within its own radius, and then started for the capitol, following the line of Pennsylvania avenue.

In its course Beachy showed off its paces, diving or shooting upward at stiff angles, or cutting figure eights on a horizontal plane.

When he arrived at the capitol business was suspended and senators, representatives and the people watched him circle the dome twice and then come to a safe landing in the capitol grounds. Here there was another meet of the curious and it was only after a considerable lapse of time that the aeronaut escaped and retraced his way across the Potomac to the Virginia side.

Army and navy officers who examined the craft during its alightments expressed surprise at its simplicity and even crudeness of construction, and members of the staff who have been disgusted with the failures of results of the government investment of more than \$50,000 in aeroplane experiments, Thursday are inclined to believe that government expenditure in dirigible balloons would be well spent.

Lincoln Beachy is the assistant of Roy Knabenshue, the builder of the flying machine which Beachy operated, and which is now on exhibition in this city.

**Joint Statehood Campaign.**

Denver.—A Republican special from Santa Fe says: "The passage of the Hamilton-Beveridge statehood bill by both Houses was received here without any demonstration. At present there prevails a spirit of indifference throughout the territory as to the question, but both parties will align themselves in favor of joint statehood with Arizona and the Republican as well as Democrat leaders are preparing for a vigorous campaign.

The opposition to joint statehood had dwindled now that every chance for separate statehood has passed away and New Mexico will give an overwhelming majority in favor of the present statehood proposition, believing that Arizona will November 6th fall into line, although with a much closer vote.

**Brooks Saves Coal Test.**

Washington.—The item in the sundry civil bill making an appropriation for the geological survey coal testing work was stricken out on a point of order Thursday. Representative Brooks immediately re-drafted the provision and asked its adoption, whereupon Mr. Dalzell moved to increase the appropriation suggested by Brooks to \$250,000. Dalzell's suggestion was agreed to, and Brooks' amendment was then put back in the bill. This work of coal testing is highly important to Colorado, where some most successful experiments have been made in times past.

**Lower Railway Rates.**

Omaha.—A conference of the passenger officials of the Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and Santa Fe lines here Thursday resulted in the announcement of a reduction of passenger rates per mile in six Western states and two territories. In Idaho the rate will be three cents instead of four cents on main lines; in portions of Wyoming and Colorado three instead of four on the Union Pacific; in Nevada, Arizona and New Mexico the rate will be four instead of five and six; in Utah, on certain main lines, three instead of four. The reductions take effect July 1st.

## STATEHOOD BILL PASSED.

**Goes to the President for His Approval.**

Washington.—The House Thursday adopted the conference report on the statehood bill, which will now go to the President for his signature. Not in years has the House witnessed a more dramatic scene than it witnessed Thursday, incident to the adoption of the conference report. It was caused by an attack upon Speaker Cannon by Delegate Smith of Arizona, and the speaker resented it in such a way as to draw the plaudits of Democrats and Republicans.

When the conference report was called up Mr. Moon of Tennessee, the ranking member of the minority on the committee on territories, made a statement in relation to the position of the Democrats on the compromise agreed upon in conference. He was frequently interrupted with applause and was then followed by Marcus A. Smith, delegate from Arizona, who took occasion in a guarded way to insinuate that there had been undue influence used in preparing an agreement.

Smarting under what he believed to be a direct insinuation against him, Speaker Cannon impetuously left the chair, calling Mr. Dalzell to the desk, and, taking a position unconsciously in the aisle opposite the seat which he occupied for many years until chosen speaker, he asked the speaker pro tem. for five minutes to explain his position. Thunders of applause greeted the speaker as he stood with hand uplifted, his head shaking, waiting for quiet in the House. Again and again waves of applause swept over the chamber, Democrats and Republicans participating.

Mr. Cannon said: "I would not have taken the floor had not the honorable gentleman, the delegate from Arizona (Mr. Smith), made the remark that there was a high penalty for the governor of that territory to attempt to influence legislation or for one legislative body or its membership to attempt to traffic in the legislation with the other in order to secure other legislation, if I correctly state him."

"That remark could not have had but one motive and one meaning, and that meaning is that some one in the House has sought to affect legislation in the House as a matter of traffic in order to secure action upon this matter in the Senate. That imputation, implied so far as it reflects upon the speaker of this House, and so far as I know of believe, upon any other member of this House, is unworthy of the gentleman that uttered it and without foundation in fact."

"I pause and invite any member present who has the least intimation, knowledge, or even belief, that the statement implied in the insinuation of the gentleman is true, to say so."

When Speaker Cannon finished, the House was in an uproar. It could not be controlled, nor did the presiding officer make any effort to do so. Members who had sat in silence during the delivery of the speech, Democrats and Republicans alike, crowded around the speaker to shake him by the hand and tell him how glad they were that the long drawn out fight for statehood had been happily ended in a compromise and that his speech voiced the sentiment of the members.

**NO SCALING OF LOSSES.**

**Insurance Companies Must Pay in Full or Leave California.**

San Francisco.—The officials of California are agreed, it is said, that the insurance companies which refuse to meet their obligations and pay their losses in full will not only be driven from the state, but ruined before the world if the widest publication of their methods can accomplish that end. Insurance Commissioner Wolf is backed by Attorney General Webb.

The attorney general expressed himself forcefully to-day regarding the proposition made by sixty companies at the meeting in Oakland Tuesday to pay only seventy-five per cent. of adjusted losses.

"Under the law of California," he said, "the state insurance commissioner can summarily revoke the license of any insurance company for the state when there is cause."

"Certainly, the payment of only seventy-five per cent. of losses would be cause. And not only would it be proof of unsoundness and unfitness to do business, but it would be the plainest evidence of dishonesty."

Thirty-two insurance companies met in Oakland Thursday and organized to be independent of the Fire Underwriters' Bureau. These companies are the ones that decided to pay dollar for dollar their losses in the fire. None of the companies that voted for a horizontal cut of twenty-five per cent. was admitted to the meeting and the result is virtually a disruption of the Underwriters' bureau.

The local policyholders of the Traders' Insurance Company adopted articles of incorporation preparatory to making a fight in the Illinois courts for a full settlement of the \$2,000,000 loss on which the company is said to be evading payment.

Following is a list of the thirty-two insurance companies that are standing out against the proposition advanced by sixty of their associates to order a cut of 25 cents right down the line and compel policyholders to accept 75 cents on the dollar:

Aetna Insurance Company, California, Mercantile of Boston, American Central of St. Louis, St. Paul, Manchester, Atlas of London, Kings County, Springfield of Massachusetts, New Zealand, North British and Mercantile, Liverpool and London and Globe, Sun of London, Northern Assurance of London, Phoenix of London, Pelican of New York, Continental of New York, London Assurance, New York Underwriters, Teutonic, London and Lancashire, English-American Underwriters, Orient of Hartford, State of Liverpool, Hartford of Hartford, Citizens of St. Louis, Home of New York, Connecticut, New Hampshire, Queen of New York, Royal of Liverpool, Industrial Underwriters.

## Just What You Want.

The most complete Lithographic Map (Size 32x36) of that part of the Wind River or Shoshone Indian Reservation in Wyoming to be opened for settlement. Compiled under direction of John T. Wertz, Former United States Special Agent for this Reservation—From U. S. Gov't Surveys showing Townships, Fractional Townships, Sections, Lots, Mountains, Rivers, Creeks and Streams, Allotments to Indians, Proposed Railroads, Proposed Irrigation Ditches, Wagon Roads, Trails, Fords, Ferries, Bridges, Big Horn, Hot Springs, Military Post, Agency, and principal towns near Reservation. Every Homeseeker, Prospector and Engineer should have this map, as with it he can make his own selection of land, and know just where he is at. The above maps can be secured of S. D. Childs & Company, 200 Clark Street, Chicago, Ill., at rate of \$1.00 each.

**NOTE.**—For information as to character of land apply to John T. Wertz, Lander or Shoshone, Wyoming.

**LEAVING A CARD.**  
"But, surely you are the man I gave some pie to a fortnight ago." "Yes, lddy; I thought p'raps you'd like to know I'm able to get about again."—Tatler.

**There is no man who does not privately imagine that the law was not made by him.**

**Don't marry for beauty alone.** So-rates called beauty "a short-lived twanny," and Theophrastus pronounced it "a silent cheat." The man who marries for beauty alone is as silly as the man who would buy a house because it had fine flowers in the front garden.

**It is in life as it is with a kite; it will not fly very high until it has a string tying it down.** And so the man who is tied down by half a dozen responsibilities and their mother will make a higher and stronger fight than the bachelor who, having nothing to keep him steady, is always floundering in the mud.

**DIETARY DICTA.**

Dinner should be of a lighter nature in summer than in winter. A quart of wheat contains more nutriment than a bushel of cucumbers. There is a happy mean between eating everything and being squeamish. Two pounds of potatoes contain as much nutriment as 13 pounds of turnips.

Light soups, light desserts and light meals should have the preference in warm weather. Vegetables and fruits are to be used most generously at that season of the year in which they naturally mature. Beginning the dinner with soup is the very best way to get the whole system in condition for assimilating a hearty meal.

**How's This?**  
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm. WASHINGTON, KIRKMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The girl who waits for a man to come along and make love to her after the manner of a novel hero will remain single to the end of the chapter.

**Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.**  
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Enthusiasm won't carry you very far without backing.

## COMMERCIAL CULLINGS.

The quantity of frozen meat exported from Argentina last year was 3,325,124 carcasses of sheep and lambs, and 1,922,757 quarters of beef.

The miners' production of France consists of lead, zinc, copper, coal and lignite, iron, antimony, arsenic and salt. An immense quantity of building stone and slate is quarried. The cement and phosphate production is large, aggregating sums far up in the millions of dollars. Coal is the chief mineral product.

In the year 1890 Germany sent about \$10,710,000 in silks to the United States and Japan sent \$1,190,000 worth. In 1904-5 Germany sent about \$1,968,000 of silk goods to the United States, while Japan sent \$3,593,000 worth. Japanese exports of silk goods have tripled within ten years, increasing from \$7,470,000 in 1895 to \$22,410,000 in 1904-5, and the ascending movement continues.

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**Don't marry for beauty alone.** So-rates called beauty "a short-lived twanny," and Theophrastus pronounced it "a silent cheat." The man who marries for beauty alone is as silly as the man who would buy a house because it had fine flowers in the front garden.

**It is in life as it is with a kite; it will not fly very high until it has a string tying it down.** And so the man who is tied down by half a dozen responsibilities and their mother will make a higher and stronger fight than the bachelor who, having nothing to keep him steady, is always floundering in the mud.

**DIETARY DICTA.**

Dinner should be of a lighter nature in summer than in winter. A quart of wheat contains more nutriment than a bushel of cucumbers. There is a happy mean between eating everything and being squeamish. Two pounds of potatoes contain as much nutriment as 13 pounds of turnips.

Light soups, light desserts and light meals should have the preference in warm weather. Vegetables and fruits are to be used most generously at that season of the year in which they naturally mature. Beginning the dinner with soup is the very best way to get the whole system in condition for assimilating a hearty meal.

**How's This?**  
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm. WASHINGTON, KIRKMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The girl who waits for a man to come along and make love to her after the manner of a novel hero will remain single to the end of the chapter.

**Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.**  
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Enthusiasm won't carry you very far without backing.

## Libby's Food Products

enable you to enjoy your meals without having to spend half your time between them over a hot cook-stove. All the cooking is done in Libby's kitchen—a kitchen as clean and neat as your own, and there's nothing for you to do but enjoy the result.

Libby's Products are selected meats, cooked by cooks who know how, and only the good parts packed. For a quick and delicious lunch any time, in doors or out, try Libby's McJannet's—with Libby's Camp Sauce. Booklet free. "How to Make Good Things to Eat." Write Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

**Thompson's Eye Water**  
It admitted with sore eyes, use it.  
W. N. U. DENVER, NO. 24, 1906.

**900 DROPS**  
**CASTORIA**  
Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHEER  
Purgative Seed -  
Aloe Sarsaparilla -  
Rhubarb Sals -  
Ames Syrup -  
Syrup of Marshmallows -  
Syrup of Licorice -  
Syrup of Marshmallows -  
Syrup of Marshmallows -

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of  
*Chas. H. Fletcher*  
NEW YORK.

16 months old  
**35 DROPS - 35 CENTS**

**EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.**

**CASTORIA**  
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

## ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

A Certain Cure for Tired, Hot, Aching Feet.  
**DO NOT ACCEPT A SUBSTITUTE.**

This signature  
*Allen's Foot-Ease*  
on every box.

**THE ONLY ONE**

There is only One  
**Genuine-Syrup of Figs,**  
The Genuine is Manufactured by the  
**California Fig Syrup Co.**

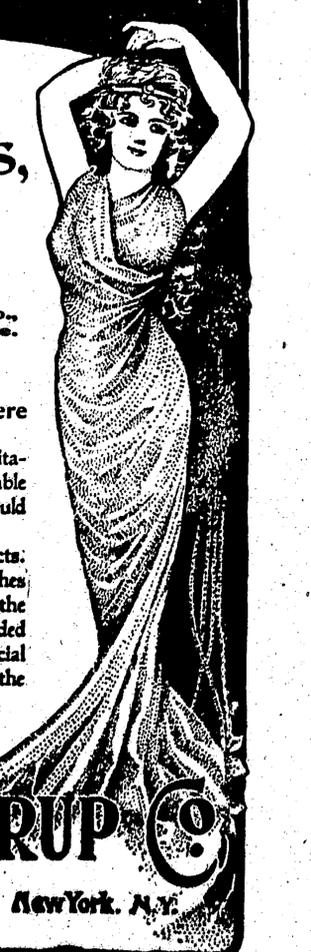
The full name of the company, California Fig Syrup Co., is printed on the front of every package of the genuine.

The Genuine-Syrup of Figs- is for Sale, in Original Packages, Only, by Reliable Druggists Everywhere

Knowing the above will enable one to avoid the fraudulent imitations made by piratical concerns and sometimes offered by unreliable dealers. The imitations are known to act injuriously and should therefore be declined.

Buy the genuine always if you wish to get its beneficial effects. It cleanses the system gently yet effectually, dispels colds and headaches when bilious or constipated, prevents fevers and acts best on the kidneys, liver, stomach and bowels, when a laxative remedy is needed by men, women or children. Many millions know of its beneficial effects from actual use and of their own personal knowledge. It is the laxative remedy of the well-informed.

Always buy the Genuine-Syrup of Figs  
MANUFACTURED BY THE  
**CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.**  
Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.  
PRICE FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE



# THE OUTLOOK

Weekly Newspaper Devoted to the Interest of  
White Oaks and Lugo's Co. L. M.

Published Every Thursday.

Lee H. Rudolph, Editor and Pub.

Entered as second-class matter, September 21,  
1901, at post office at White Oaks, New Mexico,  
under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

## SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.

One Year (in Advance) . . . \$1.00  
If not paid within 2 months . . . 1.50

It now begins to look as if the  
douma would do the czar of Rus-  
sia up.

R. B. Schoonmaker, formerly in  
charge of the store at Corona,  
this county, has been appointed  
postmaster of the lately consoli-  
dated office at Las Vegas.

King Alfonso of Spain, having  
made up his mind that he is no  
shining mark for a bomb thrower,  
has settled down to the enjoy-  
ment of his honeymoon just like  
any ordinary young thing.

A Chicago packer is able to  
work a four barreled miracle by  
turning out potted rooster, potted  
beef, devilled ham, and potted  
hare, all from the same calf.  
El Paso Herald.

It makes but little difference  
how much of a New Mexican crowd  
climbers into the "State of Ari-  
zona" hand wagon here in the  
territory, they will probably be  
most unceremoniously kicked out  
by the level headed people of the  
territory of Arizona on election  
day next November.

A Hungarian, Zambora by  
name, is to fight 151 duels, at  
Buda-Pest, and all because one  
followed him at his postverous dog  
when it bit him. They are all to  
stand up in line, with two seconds  
to each, to shoot and be shot at  
consecutively by the dogged  
owner of the cur. This however  
is not considered a dangerous af-  
fair as Hungarian duels, like the  
French variety, are known to be  
perfectly harmless.

Down in Louisiana the legisla-  
ture is trying to pass a law prohib-  
iting a young man from going  
courting before he is twenty-four  
years of age. This looks like an  
attempt to depopulate the state of  
its eligible young men, because  
many of them are sure to emi-  
grate and take their girls with  
them. Only those who are old  
enough to imagine they know bet-  
ter will remain, and they don't  
count for much.

W. J. Bryan thinks it too early  
yet to decide on his candidacy for  
the presidency in 1908 but is sure  
that "campaign contributions  
should be limited to those who  
have the public interests to ad-  
vance". This might mean the  
Insurance companies, the Beef  
Trust and Standard Oil, as these  
corporations are pretty sure to  
consider it to the "public interest"  
to down the present Republican  
administration which has caused  
them so much trouble.

Chief engineer Stevens of the  
Panama canal lately told the House  
committee that the principal rea-  
sons against digging it down to a  
sea level was the difficulty of di-  
verting the waters of the Chagres  
river away from it. People who  
are only ordinary citizens, and  
not great engineers, had suggested  
all along that water was just the  
thing they wanted in the canal.  
Mr. Stevens failed to tell the com-  
mittee what they proposed to do  
with the river if they decided on  
an antiquated and expensive lock  
affair. Whether they would then  
lock it out entirely, as they have  
a right to do, or build the ditch  
up on treaties and let the river  
run for it.

## CONGLOMERHOOD.

Will you snatch at this bone they  
now fling to you  
And sipper and smirk and cry  
"just the thing for you;"  
Because our law makers have  
shown themselves fakirs,  
Will you get down in the muck  
and become rakers,  
And say it is all well and good,  
When you know in your heart, if  
not a sleek grafter,  
It is not at all like the thing you  
went after  
But a sort of—  
Con-

glomer- hood.  
When it comes to a frat. how  
could you now, really,  
Pair off with that slimy old mon-  
ster the Heely;

Or go and camp on Hassayan or  
Aikali  
And have such chucky as Yuvapai  
or Huarlapai

Served daily with your angel's  
food.

Bad luck to the bulky old state  
and the name of it,  
And the ones who would gloat  
o'er the shame of it,  
This gotoodle  
Con-

glomer- hood.

"And the mountain groaned and  
brought forth a mouse", might  
have been an appropriate heading  
to an article going the rounds of  
the territorial papers concerning  
the good work of the alleged  
School of Mines at Socorro. It ap-  
pears by this statement that the  
institution had but two members  
in its senior class for the year just  
closed. Territorial appropriation  
\$14,000. Government land 50,  
000 acres. Public school fund of  
Lincoln county last year \$3,000.

## NOT WHAT THEY WANTED.

Notwithstanding the flurry  
about the packing houses and a  
few other questions of national  
importance, the rate bill is always  
a topic of conversation in Wash-  
ington.

They were talking about it in  
the lobby of the house. "Well,"  
said Representative Landis, "I  
guess the president got about what  
he wanted."

"Sure," said Representative  
Garner of Ohio, "he got what he  
wanted the way the girl did who  
was traveling in Mexico. She  
could speak no Spanish and she  
wanted some milk. She couldn't  
make the waiter understand, so  
she drew a picture of a cow on a  
piece of paper. The waiter under-  
stood that. He brought her a  
ticket for a bull fight."

Albuquerque Journal.

## CURRENT YOU ARE.

The El Paso Herald sizes up  
the statehood issue just about  
right when it says:

"The proposed jointure is an  
inadvisable and as outrageous as  
it ever was. But now that the  
proposition is squarely before  
them, what will the people of Ari-  
zona do? Will they be willing to  
'take what they can get,' now  
that all hope of separate statehood  
is gone for the present? Or will  
they be consistent and smash the  
joint statehood scheme?"

If the territories turn down the  
proposition now, the time will  
certainly come when they can de-  
mand and will receive admission  
separately. This will come when  
ever the government passes to  
the control of the Democrats, or  
sponsor perhaps if their popula-  
tion grows at a great rate. The  
surest argument they could pre-  
sent would be a vast population.

If the people of the territories  
consult their own high interests,  
they will defeat jointure and take  
their chances for future state-  
hood. If they listen to the prop-  
agandists, they may find that the  
vote on November 6 will be in  
favor of jointure, and then the  
chance of separate statehood will  
be gone forever."

## JUST RECEIVED:

A New and Complete Line of

## SEASONABLE MERCHANDISE

New Prints  
" Percales  
" Gingham  
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D R Y G O O D S

Lady's Belts  
" Waists  
" Neckwear  
" Furnishings

## Men's Furnishings at Right Prices. SHOES, Best Values in All Lines.

Stock too extensive to enumerate. A call is all I desire  
and you will buy your supplies here—

For Good Attention and Low Prices

CALL ON

S. C. WIENER.

## THE FIRST AGONY IS OVER.

Congress after occupying a  
large portion of its time during  
the last three sessions harring  
the statehood door against the  
attempt of New Mexico to break  
in, has finally consented to its ad-  
mission, provided Arizona is will-  
ing to divide up the household  
goods and live on amicable terms  
with us in the future, which is  
extremely doubtful, even if we  
were to consent to this unnatural  
and unholy combination. It would  
simply put us in the position of a  
poor old mother, friendless and  
an outcast, begging of an ungrate-  
ful daughter to be taken under  
the protection of her home and  
roof-tree, only to receive a flat re-  
fusal.

The bill which passed both  
houses and has now become a law  
carries with it the Carter amend-  
ment, which provides only for the  
election of delegates to a consti-  
tutional convention which shall be  
voted for at the time of the gen-  
eral election in November next,  
but who will never be called to  
serve should the vote on jointure  
fail to carry in either territory.

The general provisions of the  
bill are as follows:

"That at the general election  
to be held on the sixth day of  
November, 1906, all the electors  
of said territories, respectively,  
qualified to vote at such election  
are hereby authorized to vote and  
choose delegates to form a con-  
vention for said territories. The  
aforesaid convention shall con-  
sist of 110 delegates, sixty-six of  
which delegates shall be elected  
to said convention by the people  
of the territory of New Mexico,  
and forty-four by the people of  
the territory of Arizona, and the  
governors, chief justices and sec-  
retaries of each of said territo-  
ries, respectively, shall apportion  
the delegates to be thus elected  
from their respective territories,  
as nearly as may be equitable  
among the several counties there-  
of in accordance with the popu-  
lation as shown by the federal cen-  
sus of 1900

That at the said general elec-  
tion and on the same ballots on  
which the names of the candi-  
dates to the convention aforesaid  
are printed, there shall be sub-  
mitted to the qualified electors  
each of said territories a question  
of which shall be stated on the  
ballot in substance and form as  
follows:

Shall Arizona and New Mexico  
be united to form one state?

It appears from the returns  
that a majority of the electors in  
each of the territories voted in  
favor of union, then, and not oth-  
erwise, the inhabitants of Ari-  
zona and New Mexico, as at pres-  
ent described, may become the  
state of Arizona, but if in either  
of the territories a majority of  
the voters shall have voted against  
the union, then provisions of the  
bill for the assembling of the con-  
stitutional convention shall be  
null and void, excepting that the  
appropriation made shall be avail-  
able for defraying all and every  
kind and character of expense  
incurred on account of the elec-

tion of delegates to the conven-  
tion and submission of the ques-  
tion of statehood.

Each territory will elect a de-  
legate to congress and vote for  
regular territorial and county  
officers at the same election, so  
that in case the joint statehood  
proposition is rejected the affairs  
of the territory will continue as  
heretofore."

## AN EXCHANGE OF PASSWORDS.

At a recent meeting of the Fed-  
eration of Miners in Denver a  
delegate from up country arrived  
in the city in the night and by  
mistake went to the I. O. O. F.  
hall while a meeting was in pro-  
gress, and, thinking he was at  
the convention hall, gave the cus-  
tomary rap at the door. The  
wicket was raised and an ear  
appeared at the opening to receive  
the password. "I agitate, I strike,"  
said the man from Gunnison. The  
ear at the opening gave place to  
an eye, and the eye to a mouth,  
which popped back at the delegate  
from the rural district, "The h—  
you do!"

Later in the evening he found a  
brother delegate who steered him  
to the convention hall and to  
whom he related the circumstance.  
"Thunderation!" said the friend,  
"that was the Odd Fellows hall  
and you've given out our pass-  
word!"

"I guess that's right," said the  
delegate from the mountains, "but  
blame 'em, I got theirs too"

## TO CONSUMPTIVES

The undersigned having been re-  
stored to health by simple means,  
after suffering for several years  
with a severe lung affection, and  
that dread disease consumption, is  
anxious to make known to his fel-  
low sufferers the means of cure.  
To those who desire it, he will  
cheerfully send (free of charge) a  
copy of the prescription used,  
which they will find a sure cure  
for Consumption, Asthma, Bron-  
chitis and all throat and lung mal-  
adies. He hopes all sufferers will  
try his Remedy, as it is invaluable.  
Those desiring the prescription,  
which will cost them nothing, and  
may prove a blessing, will please  
address.

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,  
Brooklyn New York.

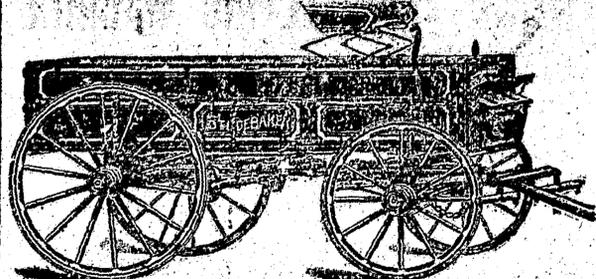
## Notice for Publication.

Homestead application No. 1658.  
Land office at Roswell, N. Mex.  
May 4, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the  
following named settler has filed  
notice of his intention to make fi-  
nal proof in support of his claim,  
and that said proof will be made  
before W. E. Kimbrell, the Probate  
Clerk, at his office in Lincoln, N.  
M., on June 21, 1906. viz: Alice  
G. Nye, formerly Alice T. Ga-  
lupia, of Oscura, N. M., for the  
S. 1 NW 1 and N. 1 SW 1, Sec. 31,  
T. 9 S., R. 9 E.

He names the following witness  
as to prove his continuous resi-  
dence upon and cultivation of said  
land, viz:

Lydia G. Ellis, of Oscura, N. M.  
James O. Nabours, of " "  
John C. Marquis, of " "  
Dan A. Guggins, of Tulaca, N. M.  
Howard Island, Register.



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WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO

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all points in Northwestern New Mexico  
and Southwestern Colorado.

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STATION	LEAVE DAILY	STATION	ARRIVE DAILY
Santa Fe	1 20 p m	Santa Fe	4 20 p m
Stock Yards	1 24 p m	Stock Yards	4 15 p m
U. S. Indian School	1 26 p m	U. S. Indian School	4 13 p m
Donacion	1 38 p m	Donacion	4 00 p m
Vega Blanca	2 00 p m	Vega Blanca	3 55 p m
Kennedy	2 25 p m	Kennedy	3 10 p m
Clark	2 50 p m	Clark	2 50 p m
Wynne Spur	3 10 p m	Williams Spur	2 35 p m
Stanley	3 40 p m	Stanley	2 10 p m
Moriarty	4 10 p m	Moriarty	1 35 p m
McIntosh	4 35 p m	McIntosh	1 10 p m
Antelope	4 48 p m	Antelope	12 50 p m
Estancia	5 05 p m	Estancia	12 45 p m
Willard	6 30 p m	Willard	11 25 p m
Progresso	6 55 p m	Progresso	10 55 p m
Bianca	7 15 p m	Bianca	10 30 p m
Torrance	8 15 p m	Torrance	9 50 p m

Leave El Paso via E P-N E System 6.45 p m  
Arrive Santa Fe via Santa Fe Central 4.20 p m  
Leave Santa Fe via Santa Fe Central 1.20 p m  
Arrive El Paso via E P-N E System 8.00 a m

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