

LOCAL ROUNDUPS,

Mr. and Mrs. French, who are running a fine chicken ranch up near Ancho, were in town trading last Saturday.

Phil Reasoner came in from the Jicarillas Sunday with a touch of mountain fever in his blood but is now on the mend.

Welch & Titsworth, the Capitan merchants, have dropped another notch in the price of flour as will be seen by reference to their ad this week.

Rev. John Meeker, pastor of the Presbyterian church at Alamegordo, arrived yesterday to officiate at the marriage of Dr. Osell and Miss Mabel Stewart in the evening.

Treat has some extra fine corn fed pork, purely a home product, on sale at his shop to day.

Geo. Thorp, one of the solid men of the Jicarillas, and who rather dexterously managed to put his half of the Honeybee mine into beef cattle, was here on business the latter part of the week.

W. E. Blanchard, candidate for county school superintendent on the Sena octopus ticket was in this section hunting up his majority for a day or two during the past week.

Wm. Minerman, lately from Iowa, who has taken up a ranch in the Estancia country, has secured a position with the Taljaferro Mercantile and Trading Company here.

Rev. S. M. Roberts of the M. E. Church South was assigned to the White Oaks charge at the late conference held in El Paso. Bro. Roberts arrived here on the Wednesday morning stage and will hold services in the Methodist church on Sunday at 11 and at night.

Mrs. Elbert Coiler left last Friday week for a visit to her old home at Brownwood, Texas, and E. T. did so much hard kicking because he could not go along that he seriously sprained his ankle. At least he is now going around on a knee crutch allowing his foot to dangle in the air.

Capt. Lee had the misfortune to rupture the ligaments of his leg a short distance above the ankle while showing another party how active he used to be. He will not cut much of a figure as "belle of the ball" down at Carrizozo for some time to come.

Jones Taliaferro went to the ranch about a week ago to show the boys how to hold sheep out on a bleak and open plain during a snow storm. The storm came and went and about a thousand sheep went with it, but the fellows went and poked them all up the next day.

Henry Lutz, former county treasurer and now a prominent sheep man of the county, has lately returned from his German fatherland, where his family is spending the summer. Mr. Lutz owns an extensive ranch not far from Ancho, and came in to White Oaks a few days ago looking hale and hearty after absorbing salt breezes and saltier pretzels with all that goes with them.

Attorney General, W. C. Reid, has given out the opinion that in the matter of voting on the statehood question, if the voter fails to cross out either the "yes," or the "no" on his ticket the ballot shall not be counted either for or against statehood and shall be held the same as no vote.

MARRIED.

OSELL-STEWART. At the house of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Levin W. Stewart, at 8 o'clock last evening, occurred the marriage of their only daughter Mabel to Dr. Arvid Osell of El Tigre, Sonora, Mexico. The Dr. was accompanied by his intimate friend Mr. J. O'Conner, who acted as best man to the groom, and Mrs. Phillip Flint—nee Edith Parker—lifelong friend of the bride, acted as bridal matron, while the two little Misses, Esther Sager and Jessie Treat, ushered the bridal party to the altar, outlining the way with long streamers of white satin ribbon. Rev. John Meeker, pastor of Presbyterian church at Alamegordo, performed the ceremony, which though simple, was the most impressive ever witnessed in White Oaks. The double parsons were very beautiful decorations of yellow and white chrisanthemums and white satin streamers. The array of elegant presents was enough to satisfy the heart of any bride, while the collation served was delicious and tempting, including an immense bride's cake. Out of town guests were, J. O'Conner, of Kansas City, Mo., Mrs. Parker and Mrs. Flint, of Alamegordo, Mr and Mrs Riggie, of Capitan, Mrs. Vandervoort, of St. Louis, Mo., and Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Stewart, of Denver, Colo.

After the ceremonies were all over, with many tender farewells the groom and his lovely bride departed under the silver rim of a slow declining moon for their future home at El Tigre.

Mrs. Fisher, of Owensboro, Kentucky, mother of Mrs. Atwood Little, with another married daughter, Mrs. J. M. Garr, of Chicago, arrived last Friday on an extended visit. Mrs. W. J. Little, mother of our townsmen formed one of the party from the blue grass region, as far as Carrizozo, but continued her journey on to El Paso to stop for a short time with relatives there and then come back to White Oaks for a very pleasant family reunion. The two elderly ladies are far from being strangers here, but this is Mrs. Garr's first visit.

The Sena octopus is reaching out among the outlying precincts this week in search of voters. Just why it should go outside of its own home precinct for this purpose is one of the funny things about its movements, as no one else was consulted in making its nominations.

The fact that the Lincoln county Republican ticket was a put up job is all the more reason why members of the party should give the territorial and representative part of the ticket, which is clean and straight, a full vote and let the Sena octopus look for its support among the members of the combine. This will show that men can be republicans while opposing all kinds of political jim crow methods in politics.

Never in the history of Lincoln County was there such a desire on the part of the tax payers and better class of citizens to nominate clean and competent men for the various offices. Never in its history has a gang of political sheysters in the Republican party usurped the control of the party machinery in order to give so many weaklings and incompetents official positions. And the Democrats have lost their opportunity by dropping into the same rut, for they too have nominated some men who, if elected to office would not know what to do with it. And the dear taxpayers will have to foot the bill.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

The Democrats of the county met in delegate convention at Lincoln last Friday and placed in nomination the following ticket:

- SHERIFF,
JOHN W. OWEN.
- TREASURER,
J. M. PENFIELD.
- PROBATE CLERK,
W. E. KIMBRELL.
- ASSESSOR,
PORFIRIO CHAVES.
- PROBATE JUDGE,
BERNARDOSALIZAR.
- SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS,
CYL ANDERSON.
- COMMISSIONER 1st DISTRICT,
J. R. CHRISMAN.
- 2d DISTRICT,
Robt. H. TAYLOR,
- SURVEYOR,
W. R. BEATY
- DELEGATE TO CONST. CONV.
JOHN Y. HEWITT.

J. M. Pawley was elected chairman of the County Central Committee.

The lodging house at Carrizozo was burned a few nights ago, some of the inmates barely escaping with their lives.

The candidate for probate judge nominated by the octopus, may be a worthy citizen and a gentleman, and no doubt is very efficient in caring for the dam and the offspring of borregos or even cabras, but would cut very thin ice safeguarding the children of men.

J. O'Conner, an all round good fellow and auditor of the El Tigre copper mine over the border in Old Mexico, with Dr. Osell, the physician and surgeon of the same company, made this office a friendly call yesterday. The Doctor is here for the purpose of carrying away one of White Oak's most attractive and popular young ladies and Mr. O'Conner came along to see that he did the job according to the most approved methods, and make sure that he got away with the valuable property.

Welch & Titsworth

Pride of Denver Flour 100 lbs. 2.30

Imboden's best " " 2.35

Second grade Kansas " " 1.80

(PRICES SUBJECT TO MARKET FLUCTUATIONS.)

SCREEN DOORS

RUBBER BOOTS.

WINDOW GLASS.

STETSON HATS.

IRON ROOFING.

JUST RECEIVED—A CAR OF WAGONS.

Get Our Prices Before Buying Elsewhere.

CAPITAN, N. M.

HOTEL OZANNE,

WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO. Now open for business. Clean beds and an excellent cuisine awaits the traveling public.

ALL KINDS OF PRINTING DONE AT THE OUTLOOK OFFICE.

Three periodicals for little more than the price of one.

We are now prepared to offer the Review of Reviews regular price of which is \$2.50.

The Woman's Home Companion \$1.00, the Success magazine, \$1.00 and the White Oaks Outlook also \$1.00. Total \$3.50

These four periodicals will all be sent for \$3.60 by addressing this office.

Who's your Tailor?



Not a cheap tailor-shop but a shop where good tailoring can be had cheap.

If you went through the immense plant that this good tailoring comes from you would understand how our prices are possible.

Your tailor could not exercise more singleness of purpose than the men who would make your clothes in the workshops of this plant.

Each man is a specialist in his particular part of the work.

The Spring and Summer line of woollens is the finest and largest ever displayed.

Come in and inspect it.

Exclusive Local Representative of Ed. V. Price & Company Merchant Tailors, Chicago

TALIAFERRO MERC. and TRADING CO.

Church Directory.

Plymouth Congregational Church.

Services every Sunday as follows: Sunday School at 10.30 a. m. All are cordially invited to attend.

Methodist Church.

Sabbath School each Sunday at 10 o'clock a. m. Weekly prayer meeting Wednesday night. All are cordially invited to join these services.

Professional Cards.

A. H. Hudspeth, John Y. Hewitt
Hewitt & Hudspeth,
Attorneys-at-Law

HEWITT BLOCK. WHITE OAKS.

J. E. WHARTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
ALAMEGORDO. NEW MEXICO.
Special attention given to cases in Lincoln as well as Otero county.

INTERESTING SAVINGS DOES

WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION
SUCCESS
WHITE OAKS OUTLOOK

WHITE OAKS, - NEW MEXICO.

Queer Foods of New York Epicures.

History tells us that Confucius liked sharks' fins and sea slugs and birds nests. Well and good. If a man with an intellect like that of the great Chinese philosopher found these, to us, unusual foods, palatable, they must be worth trying. Then there are the preserved grape leaves, the pickled squash, and the dried okra of the Syrians. These people of the orient were civilized long before America was even thought of being discovered, so there is no reason, argues the epicure, why their knowledge and choice of foods should not be well worth investigating. The other countries have their special delicacies which, if they are sought out, appeal to the universal taste and form an agreeable and inexpensive addition to the daily menu of the average mortal who must eat. Bear, steak from the west kangaroo tails pickled, which come from Australia, preserved goldfish from the Nile, canned abalone from California and dried geese from Sweden are only a few of the queer foods kept for sale in the New York markets and sold in quantities every day. Until recently, says Harriet Quimby in Ladies Weekly, people who dined on snails were regarded with contempt which savored of disgust but that notion has changed, and at the present time that delicacy can be procured in almost any of the first class hotels and cafes in New York. In order to meet the growing demand, one of the largest caterers in the city imports 25,000 snails every week from Brittany, where the best snails are grown.

The Alhambra Crumbling.

Since its rise and more American tourists visit Spain each year, the news that the Alhambra, the Mecca of all pilgrims to that country, is in greater danger of total destruction than ever before will arouse widespread interest in this country. The government contributed 45,000 pesetas a year for its preservation, but that sum has proved quite inadequate for present urgent needs, and one cannot help wishing therefore, that some wealthy American art patron might immortalize himself by coming to the rescue. That the Alhambra has survived to this day is in itself a marvel. During its five centuries of existence it has been subjected to severe trials, shattered, at one time, by an explosion, and shaken by earthquakes, it has at other times sunk so low as to be a habitation of smugglers, and even a stable for French army horses. The present danger, explains the New York Post, lies in the fact that the foundations are being undermined by water from the old ruined conduits. Not only are the government appropriations insufficient to meet this condition, but the situation is complicated by a quarrel among the three directors. This has resulted in the resignation, after 35 years of service of the eminent expert in oriental architecture, Senor Contreras. He has restored many of the tiles, as well as the figures and colors and the other mural decorations, thus giving a fair idea of what the Moorish palace was in the days of its glory.

Misuse of the Telephone.

Calling a husband up maliciously on the telephone, day and night, has been ruled in Massachusetts not to be an actionable misdemeanor in a wife. The judge added, however, by way of gratuitous observation, this: "I think that one having a telephone in his house could enjoin a person from continuously ringing him up day and night upon unimportant matters which he had no right to do, to the loss of sleep and rest to the occupant and to his great annoyance." With new methods of communication come new subjects for lawyers and the rest of us to discuss. Take rural free delivery, for instance. With the telephone, says Collier's, this is changing the most important aspects of country life. Some persons oppose it because, among other reasons, it costs money. Such persons would probably oppose the mail service if it were a newer question. The rural free delivery, like every means of intercourse, will not be set back, but rather be a larger factor constantly in our civilization. Mr. Olmsted, the great landscape gardener who did so much to ruralize the cities, said that a still more important duty was to urbanize the country, making it more attractive and more nourishing to the mind than the tenements of a slum.

"Silent" Smith, who has just been married, was a great catch from the standpoint of most women. Aside from possessing about \$43,000,000, he has the reputation of being able to sit and listen for hours without saying a word.

Sir James Crichton-Browne says that the rapid locomotion supplied by automobiles, "blinds its victim to natural beauty." The impression here was that it tosses them higher than that.

Correspondent Defends the Arboles Colony.

Denver.—Alfred Damon Runyon, correspondent of the Denver News, telegraphs from Arboles, Archuleta county, the following: My personal investigation of conditions at the colony of the Brotherhood of Light, near Arboles, failed to develop the truth of some of the statements credited to Humane Agent Kerr. A sweeping denial of most of the allegations was made by J. O. Robertson, the only male adult found at the colony who furnishes many strong Denver references. My visit was a surprise. The only adults on the place were Robertson and Mrs. Minnie Wheeler, who has active charge of the children. George Clarke-Rose and Mr. and Mrs. Elliott, with one of the children, are at Pagosa Springs, selling truck raised on the farm. Seven children were found on the farm, which is magnificently located on the Rio Piedras, in a beautiful valley. All these children are healthy looking, ruddy-cheeked and apparently quite happy. They were questioned before the adult kneed my arrival, and they declared that they had never been beaten and had plenty to eat. They were well clothed. The buildings on the farms are not shacks, but well-constructed, tightly boarded, weatherproof frame buildings. The interior is as neat as a pin. Various sanitary arrangements are made, which are never found on the average farm. Filters for the river water are used. Robertson says that the eleven children who died were all very young infants, and that they died of cholera infantum. The infant child now at the farm, reported dying, is recovering. One of the other children is afflicted with a hereditary disease.

PRÉSBYRIAN COLLEGE.

Synod Accepts Westminster Building and Site Near Denver.

Colorado Springs.—The Presbyterian synod of Colorado and Wyoming, by a vote of 57 to 42, decided to accept the offer of the \$400,000 Westminster building in Denver for the new Presbyterian College. Denver, Pueblo, Rocky Ford, Canon City and La Junta were in the race for the site. In the final vote, all joined with Pueblo, which secured 42 votes against Denver's 57. In addition to the building Denver will give the synod 120 acres of land and will pay the salary of a secretary for two years.

Rev. Charles E. Bradt delivered an interesting address on foreign missions. Luncheon was served at noon in the First Methodist church by the ladies of that institution. The afternoon session was devoted partially to an interesting address on foreign missions by Rev. Wilson S. Phraner, Mrs. D. B. Wells, Mrs. Flora D. Palmer and others.

Great Revival at Salida.

Denver.—A Republican special from Salida says Salida is in the throes of a great religious revival in which all the Protestant churches are taking part. Rev. W. A. Sunday, the famous baseball evangelist, who is conducting the services, is preaching to 2,000 people every night, the full seating capacity of the big tent which has been erected for the purpose. Up to date over 500 people have been converted. Last Sunday night seventy-five made the confession and Monday and Tuesday nights seventy-five more. It is expected that before the meetings close next Sunday night fully 1,000 people will become identified with the various churches here.

Finds That Martin Was Murdered.

Denver.—A Republican special from Lamar says After nearly a month of investigation the verdict of the court of Justice E. E. Pike in the case of W. H. Martin is that the latter came to his death by foul means. Martin left Lamar one evening about a month ago for the Hardacrabble ranch, eight miles from town. He arrived there in due time and was seen there alive. Late in the night he was found dead. Investigation developed a wound that must have been inflicted by a sharp instrument. Justice Pike has made a lengthy investigation but can not fix the guilt on anyone.

German Balloon Racers.

Berlin.—The balloon Franky, of the Frankish Airship Club, Carl Hochstetter, a nonant, the last of the airships which started from Tegel Sunday in the race for the international cup offered by Emperor William, came down Wednesday, south of Gorlitz, Prussian Silesia. All of the seventeen contestants have now landed without sustaining any casualties. The Ernst, the smallest of the balloons, Berlin Air Navigation Society, Dr. Brockmann, who the race for the emperor's cup. The Sohne, Munich Air Navigation Club, is second, and the Helio is third.

Convicted of paying Rebates.

New York.—A verdict of guilty of granting rebates on sugar shipments was returned by a jury in the United States Court here Wednesday against the New York Central Railway Company and Frederick L. Pomeroy, the company's general traffic manager. Sentence was deferred to permit the attorneys for the defense to file motions. In discussing the jury's verdict, Austin G. Fox, counsel for the defendants, placed the responsibility for the conviction of his clients upon public opinion. "You can't defend rebate cases in the present state of public opinion," said he.

Stopped on the Desert.

Los Angeles, Calif.—An old prospector, invoking the laws of Nevada, which force every train going through the desert to stop if flagged by a wayfarer in distress, stopped the Los Angeles limited on the Salt Lake route Tuesday. The prospector and his burro were famishing for water. The fast train was promptly stopped and a supply of water given the miner by the engineer. Both knew the law.

Most Important Happenings of the Past Seven Days.

Interesting Items Gathered from All Parts of the World Condensed into Small Space for the Benefit of Our Readers.

Personal.

Sam Jones, the evangelist, died on board a train near Little Rock, Ark., while going from Oklahoma City, Ok., to Memphis, Tenn. It was not known that he was ill until his body was found in a berth in the sleeping car.

Dr. Max Hempel, a German educator with a national reputation and a writer on scientific subjects, died recently in St. Louis.

Secretary Shaw addressed the Kentucky bankers and their guests at Louisville, recently.

Senator Beveridge, who is ill at Brookline, Mass., has been compelled to cancel several speaking engagements.

In one day recently President Roosevelt received more than 1,200 persons in the East room of the White house.

Gen. Funston has been relieved of the command of the American troops in Cuba and will return to his duties as commander of the Pacific coast station.

Mrs. Jefferson Davis is again reported seriously ill at the Hotel Majestic in New York.

C. E. Schoellkopf, a well-known real estate agent of Kansas City, Mo., recently died suddenly while on a train near Yates Center, Kan.

Jacob Sleeper, late American charge at Havana, has been transferred to Caracas, Venezuela, as secretary of legation.

A farewell dinner was given in honor of Gen. Fred Funston by the Cuban veterans previous to his departure from Havana to the United States.

District Attorney John B. Moran has formally accepted the nomination for governor tendered him by the Massachusetts democrats.

District Attorney John B. Moran has formally announced his acceptance of the nomination for governor tendered him by the democrats of Massachusetts.

Miscellaneous.

John A. Creighton, of Omaha, Neb., has donated the Creighton university Omaha property valued at \$500,000.

The statement of receipts and expenditures of the postoffice department for the year ending June 30, 1906, show a reduction in the annual deficit from \$14,572,584 in 1905 to \$10,516,996 in 1906.

The British steamer Hankow was burned while lying alongside the wharf at Hongkong and hundreds of Chinese passengers were burned to death and a valuable cargo destroyed.

A disagreement among the stockholders of Watson's Magazine has led to the resignation of Thomas E. Watson, who founded the magazine about 18 months ago, and has been its editor-in-chief.

Charles Michaels, a band master, dropped dead in Newport, Ky., while playing a dirge for his friend, whose sudden death occurred while the marriage ceremony of his son was being performed.

The Southern Pacific, Texas Pacific, and the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroads have formed the Southern Fruit Dispatch company for the quick transportation of California fruit to eastern markets.

The federal grand jury at Muskogee, I. T., has indicted W. F. Martin, jr., a former employe of the Dawes commission, and M. F. Dunleavy, a prominent real estate man, for the theft of the Creek Indian rolls over a year ago.

The French cabinet has decided to convene parliament for October 25.

The main building of the negro manual training school at Huntsville, Ala., was recently destroyed by fire.

Mount Pelee, on the island of Martinique, is reported to be again in violent eruption.

The naval alumni of Peru presented Secretary of State Root with a plate of virgin gold while on his recent South American trip.

The cotton crop in Oklahoma and Indian territory is reported to have been materially damaged by the recent heavy frosts.

Three thousand bales of American cotton were recently burned at Bremen, Germany.

Chilean officials are talking of a \$25,000,000 loan to reconstruct the public buildings destroyed by the recent earthquake.

The second annual convention of the National Federation of Advertising clubs has adjourned at St. Louis to meet next year in Cincinnati.

A marble statue of Verdi, the Italian composer, the gift of his countrymen, was unveiled recently in New York.

The director of the mint has purchased 150,000 ounces of silver at 70.13 cents per fine ounce.

The supreme court of the United States has denied the petition of Former United States Senator Burton, of Kansas, for a rehearing in the case in which he is under sentence of imprisonment and fine and it is expected he will begin serving the six-months sentence at once.

The Spanish ministry has announced that the war budget has been increased by \$2,160,000.

It is expected that 1,500 delegates will attend the mining congress at Denver.

The general manager of the Iowa Central railway has announced an increase in the pay of the telegraph operators of the system beginning November 1.

Damages of fully \$1,000,000 including the partial demolition of one town was done by the hurricane on the coast of Central America.

A negro has been sentenced to life imprisonment in Iowa for assault.

Testimony has been presented to the interstate commerce commission at Chicago, attempting to prove the existence of a grain trust.

The Chicago club of the American baseball league defeated the pennant winners of the National league in the sixth championship game by a score of 8 to 3 and in doing so won the championship of the world.

Charles E. Magoon has assumed the governorship of Cuba and has issued a proclamation declaring that the policies of Secretary Taft would be strictly adhered to and carried out.

Suit has been commenced in the district court of Shawnee county, Kansas, under the anti-trust laws of the state against the International Harvester company of America on 60 counts alleging combination for the purpose of preventing competition in the sale of agricultural machinery.

It is reported in territory oil circles that the Texas Oil company and the Standard Oil company have combined to construct a pipe line from the Midcontinent field to the Gulf.

To indictments have been returned by a grand jury against persons charged with participating in the lynching of a negro at Argenta, Ark.

At a meeting of the board of regents of the university of Kansas a proposition presented by Chancellor Strong to ask Andrew Carnegie for money with which to build a new fine arts building, was voted down.

The international balloon race for the Bennett cup, won recently by Lieut. Lahm, in Paris will next year be started from St. Louis unless present plans of the American Aero club miscarry.

The Woman's Home Missionary society of the M. E. church recently held their 25th annual convention at Lincoln, Neb. Every state in the Union was represented by the 200 delegates present.

The schooner yacht Frolle for which the revenue and immigration authorities along the New England coast have been watching for two weeks, succeeding in landing 42 contraband Chinese immigrants at Providence, R. I. The vessel was later confiscated by the government and a portion of the crew and 17 of the Chinamen arrested.

Cablegrams to all parts of the world have been sent out from New York asking the authorities to watch for Manuel Silveira, who recently absconded from Havana, Cuba, with \$1,000,000, thereby causing the failure of the New York bank of J. M. Ceballos & Co.

At Summerside, Prince Edward Island, fire destroyed 42 buildings, including the post office, four hotels and the English and Baptist churches.

Five men were killed in a head-on freight collision on the Union Pacific railroad near Laramie, Wyo.

In the trial of the Standard Oil company at Findlay, Ohio, all the objections of the defendant to the introduction of the New Jersey records were overruled by the court. The evidence submitted shows how the company was organized after being driven from Ohio.

Edward Raker died recently in the Ohio penitentiary while serving his third sentence for stealing the same horse.

Judge Wilson, in the district court at Wichita, Kan., has decided that separate schools for whites and blacks in that city are legal. The negroes will carry the case to the supreme court.

Three men were killed and a dozen others rendered unconscious by an explosion in the Pennsylvania railroad tunnel under Long Island City, recently.

The Farmers' National congress has adopted a resolution demanding the passage of a law prohibiting dealings in futures and puts and calls.

Fifteen negro convicts, inmates of the Arkansas state penitentiary, escaped recently from a camp in the Benton mountains.

The Farmers' National congress, in session at Rock Island, Ill., has adopted a resolution opposing free seed distribution and recommending that the money thus spent be used to investigate agricultural methods in foreign lands.

The National league club won the second game of the world's baseball championship series at Chicago by a score of 7 to 1.

The grand jury at Atlanta, Ga., has returned indictments against 20 white men for participation in the recent rioting there.

The First Presbyterian Church of Hagerman, Chavez county, has incorporated.

Clara S. B. Halstead has been appointed postmaster at Lincoln, Lincoln county.

The postoffice at Blummer, Rio Arriba county, recently discontinued, has been re-established.

Burglars on the night of the 14th inst. broke into the Texas hotel at Carlsbad and got \$25. There had not been a burglary in Carlsbad for many years.

Governor Hagerman has appointed A. M. Edwards of Farmington, San Juan county, a member of the Bureau of Immigration, vice Granville Peadar, of Aztec, San Juan county, removed from office.

The secretary of the interior is advertising for bids for furnishing 2,500 barrels of Portland cement for the Rio Grande irrigation project in New Mexico. The bids will be opened at Las Cruces November 4th.

At Albuquerque, on the 12th inst., Mrs. Olive Corcoran was awarded \$2,000 damages against the Albuquerque Traction Company in the Bernalillo District Court for injury received last winter. The case will be appealed.

A postoffice has been established at Plateau, Roosevelt county, to be served from Elida, five and a half miles to the southwest, and Delphos, seven miles to the northeast. Lewis F. Harvey was appointed postmaster.

Incorporation papers have been filed at Santa Fe by the Union County Trust and Savings Association of Clayton, the capitalization being \$50,000. The incorporators and directors are H. J. Hammond of Clayton, N. G. DeBaca of Bueyres and William H. Sloan of Independence, Kansas.

The new sawmill of Dye & Herndon at Manzano, sixty miles east of Albuquerque, burned to the ground Saturday night. The loss was total, no insurance. The origin of the fire is not known. The mill had a daily capacity of 15,000 feet of lumber and had been in operation but a few weeks.

Twelve new school districts in one of the smallest counties in the Territory, that of Quay, established in the course of one year, because of the great influx of immigrants. What better indication of the marvelous growth and that this growth is of the right kind, than this single item of news from Quay county.

The United States Forestry Service has issued an accurate map of the Jemez forest reserve, which is of special interest because in the reserve are included the Pajarito cliff dwellings region and along its border are several famous groups of hot springs not on any railroad, but the wagon roads to which are given on the map.

The Eastern Railway Company of New Mexico today filed in the office of the probate clerk and recorder for San Miguel county a certified copy of a certificate heretofore filed with the secretary of the territory, increasing the capital stock of the company from \$9,250,000 to \$30,000,000. It is presumed that the increase in the capital stock will be used in purchasing equipment for the Eastern Railway of New Mexico.—Las Vegas Optic.

Hon. Amado Chavez, assistant superintendent of public instruction, has tendered his resignation to Governor Hagerman, to take effect the last of this month. Mr. Chavez will leave Santa Fe for Albuquerque after the first of November and will make his headquarters in that city for the next few months. It has become necessary for Mr. Chavez to give his entire attention to his private business for which reason he has to give up his official position.

The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, at its meeting, elected the following officers: Grand master, B. A. Sleyter, Albuquerque; deputy grand master, V. T. Manville, Silver City; grand warden, J. B. Hodgdon, Deming; grand secretary, N. E. Stevens, Albuquerque; grand treasurer, J. D. Clements, Alamogordo; grand representative, W. W. Oggle, Roswell. The local lodge at Deming and the Rebekahs tendered the visitors a royal banquet on the night of the 9th inst.

The First National Bank of Estancia has been organized. William McIntosh, the well known sheep raiser, is the president; John F. Lesseur of Estancia is named as vice president; Breed Hurst of Estancia has been selected as cashier. The directors are William McIntosh of Chillum, August McGillivray of Estancia, J. W. Brahears of Estancia, William Gregg of Estancia, George H. VanStone of Estancia, John F. Lesseur of Estancia, Perfecto Jaramillo of Palma, W. M. Hurst and Breed Hurst of Estancia. The capital stock is \$25,000. A charter for the bank has been applied for to the comptroller of the currency at Washington.

El Paso and Las Cruces are agitating reconstruction of a good road between the El Paso town and the county seat of Dona Ana county. This is to be made of easy travel for automobiles and thereafter may be converted into a motor line. The distance is only forty-four miles and there are no engineering difficulties of consequence in the road. Dona Ana county would have to build twenty-three miles of the road and El Paso county, Texas, twenty-one miles. It would certainly be a good thing for the two towns, were such a highway constructed. Automobiles should make the trip between Las Cruces and El Paso and returning in four hours easily and comfortably.

Apple picking and packing in the orchard of G. W. McCoy near Aztec, San Juan county, is now in full blast and the best crop in recent years will be gathered by Mr. McCoy. Early estimates of the yield of this orchard were 5,000 boxes but already about 3,000 boxes have been picked and from the amount yet on the trees it is estimated that close to 8,000 boxes selling at \$1.00 a box, will be the net result. The value of thorough spraying is demonstrated by the almost total absence of worms in the apples. Mr. McCoy has only about seven acres of orchard but he understands the care of trees and his many friends will rejoice in his success this year.—Santa Fe New Mexican.

Masons Elect Officers.

The grand lodge of New Mexico Masons in session at Albuquerque on the 16th inst. elected the following grand officers: Grand Master, A. N. Pratt of Carlsbad; deputy grand master, J. W. Willson, Roswell; senior grand warden, C. D. Stephens, Raton; junior grand warden, Charles F. Easley, Santa Fe; grand treasurer, A. J. Maloy, Albuquerque; grand secretary, A. O. Keen, Albuquerque.

The appointive officers include: Grand lecturer, Robert Kellahin, Roswell; grand chaplain, Rev. W. D. Clayton, Albuquerque; senior grand deacon, Frank Johnson, San Marcial; junior grand deacon, M. R. Williams, Las Vegas; grand marshal, W. B. Walton, Silver City; senior grand steward, A. H. Goldenberg, Tucuman; junior grand steward, R. F. Hare, Las Cruces; grand sword bearer, J. P. McNulty, Cerrillos; grand tyler, A. M. Whitcomb, Albuquerque; chairman of committee on foreign correspondence, J. H. Wroth, Albuquerque.

Important Mining Suit Decided.

The greatest mining suit ever started in New Mexico, involving with it the famous Washington mine in the Cochiti district, was terminated at Albuquerque on the 13th inst. after twelve years' litigation, with victory for Henry Lockhart, the plaintiff. The mine is so valuable prospectively that William A. Parish at one time offered \$250,000 for an option on it.

The litigation grew out of the alleged attempt of Charles Pelky to defraud Lockhart of the title. Pelky was working on a grubstake furnished by Lockhart when the property was discovered, and instead of filing on it and securing title for Lockhart, it is said, he allowed the defendants to the suit to file on it and secure a patent to it. The case went to the Supreme Court of the United States twice. The defendants in the suit, just ended, were M. P. Stamm, of this city and the Washington Gold and Silver Mining Company. Indications of tellurium have been found in the mine.

Appointee Not Recognized.

A Santa Fe dispatch of October 15th says: Upon order of Associate Justice E. A. Mann at Alamogordo, a writ of prohibition was issued this evening out of the Territorial Supreme Court directed to Judge Frank W. Parker at Las Cruces ordering him to refrain from recognizing Moises Baca of Socorro as sheriff of Socorro county. The writ is made returnable October 27th.

This is another step in the fight which has grown out of the removal by Governor Hagerman of Leandro Baca as sheriff of Socorro county for alleged malfeasance in office and appointing M. Baca to succeed him.

Redistricting Sustained.

In the District Court at Albuquerque Judge Abbott on the 15th inst. handed down his decision in the Catron injunction case, which unqualifiedly sustains the legality of Governor Hagerman's redistricting of the territory, for legislative purposes.

That the statehood ballots need not be, although they may be, separate from the territorial legislative and county tickets, is the important opinion handed down by Attorney General W. C. Reid, upon query of W. B. Childer of the Joint Statehood league.

A chapter of the Eastern Star, to be known as Santa Fe Chapter No. 19, was organized at Santa Fe on the 12th inst. by Grand Matron Mrs. J. E. Miller and Grand Marshal Mrs. Charles Mausard of the Grand Lodge of New Mexico. The following officers were installed: Worthy matron, Mrs. Maud R. Frost; worthy patron, Allan B. McCord; assistant matron, Mrs. Belle Hanna; secretary, S. B. Grimshaw.

A. M. Boykin, a prominent citizen of Tucuman, New Mexico, at Portales, on the 12th inst., was sentenced to twelve years in the penitentiary for killing his brother-in-law, Henry Stoldt, at Portales, December, 1904. Boykin was visiting in Portales at the time of the tragedy. The men married sisters and the killing was the result of family troubles. Stoldt was a deputy sheriff. An appeal was taken to the Supreme Court and Boykin released on \$12,000 bond.

Territorial Superintendent of Public Instruction Hiram Hadley states that reports from every part of the territory indicate an unprecedented dearth of public school teachers. Salaries are generally good, although terms are short and in many instances school houses are remote from towns. The unprecedented growth of the territory accounts for the lack of teachers, the small county of Quay, for instance, having added twelve new school districts since last September.

The fifteenth annual conference of New Mexico Spanish Missions of the Methodist Church met at Albuquerque on the 12th inst., with twenty-five native ministers present. Bishop David H. Moore, L.L.D., of Portland, Oregon, presided. Officers were elected as follows: Rev. Thomas M. Harwood, secretary; Rev. Manuel Flores, assistant; Rev. L. Fernandez, statistical secretary; Reva. Gabino Garcia, A. C. Gonzales, assistants; Rev. Thomas Harwood, treasurer. The next meeting will be held in Albuquerque.

Homeless children for children's homes is the motto of the Children's Home Society, with headquarters at Roswell, incorporated at Santa Fe October 12th, and never before have incorporation papers borne the signatures of so many prominent men as these. The incorporators and directors are: Chief Justice W. J. Mills, Associate Justice W. H. Pope, Territorial Superintendent of Public Instruction Hiram Hadley, J. J. Hagerman, father of Governor Hagerman, Judge N. B. Laughlin, Jefferson Reynolds, Dr. J. S. Eastoraday, J. E. Franklin, E. A. Cahoon, J. R. Reeves, John Shaw, Alexander Nisbet, Charles E. Mason and Charles E. Lukens, the last named having resigned the pastorate of the Presbyterian Church at Roswell, which he has held for eight years, to devote his time to this new work.

Interesting Relic of Slavery Days in New England.



Slave Quarters of Old Royall House, Medford, Mass.

The famous old Royall house in Medford, one of the few mansion houses of colonial days left intact, has attached to it a relic of slavery days in New England, viz., the building that was used to shelter the slaves of Col. Isaac Royall. It stands to the left and slightly to the rear of the mansion. The original structure was of brick and wood, 20 feet in width, length unknown, one story in height. The west wall only was of brick. It was used probably as a cook house and doubtless was in existence in 1732. As many as 27 slaves were housed there at one time, they having been brought from the West Indies by Col. Royall when he came to reside in the mansion in 1737.

THE AMERICAN "NOBILITY."

WILL SOON BE CATALOGUED BY A BRITISH EXPERT.

Son of Compiler of "Burke's Peerage" Finds That Real Name of Our President is "Van Roosevelt."

London.—"Prominent Families of the United States of America," is the title of a book soon to be published by Arthur Meredith Burke, son of the late Sir Bernard Burke, compiler of "Burke's Peerage," and other works on the ancestry of Great Britain's untitled land owners.

Armorial bearings in plenty are to appear in the book, the title page of which will bear the coat of arms of Washington.

One of the specimen pages is devoted to the history of the Roosevelt family, and its coat of arms. The earliest recorded ancestor of the president, Claes Martenzen Van Rosenvelt, emigrated from Zealand in Holland to the New Netherlands in 1649. The progeny of this man is shown to have figured prominently in the military and civil history of New York, culminating in the particularly strenuous and brilliant career of Theodore. The facts for the Roosevelt history were furnished to Mr. Burke by Mrs. Roosevelt after considerable correspondence.

"I cannot yet say," said Mr. Burke, "how many families will be represented in my compilation, but it will be the most complete and authoritative work on American genealogy ever attempted. It will be published in a few months, and no family will be admitted except on its merits. Leading Americans have been engaged for several years in tracing their lineage, and the results of their investigation have been submitted to me for verification. It has been an infinitely difficult and laborious task, but very fascinating. When my grandfather started 'Burke's Peerage' he had complete official records to go on. I must search out the necessary facts in parish and other local records of nonconformist associa-

tions, in family papers and scattered collections of manuscripts in Great Britain, Ireland and America.

"The facts show that when Englishmen and other Europeans sneer at the efforts of Americans to establish pedigrees they display not only discourtesy but ignorance. The lineages of the leading American families bring to the investigator extraordinary men and women at every turn, and prove that these families are proud and jealous of their virtues and deeds, and are careful not to marry beneath their level. The persistence of lines of distinction can be discerned right through the social history of America.

"While the Americans who are tracing out and authenticating their ancestry are not actuated primarily by a desire to create an American aristocratic class, they are in reality defining what the world is bound to recognize as an American aristocracy."

SENTENCES BOY TO BE SPANKED

Justice Decees Whipping in Public by Force as Penalty.

Fond du Lac, Wis.—A spanking administered by his father in public court is the sentence pronounced on Guy Higgins, a 15-year-old boy, by Justice of the Peace D. F. Blewett. The boy attended a baseball game and he, with other boys, threw grass and sticks at the visiting players. After the game was over and the visiting team had boarded a trolley car he threw a stone through the window of the car at one of the men.

Mayor T. L. Doyle and his little daughter were on the car and the missile just missed them and struck one of the players on the arm, cutting it. The mayor jumped off and arrested him. The mayor appeared against the boy on a charge of disorderly conduct. Justice Blewett found him guilty, but said he would suspend sentence if the boy's father would administer a good, old-fashioned spanking. The boy thought he would earn money enough to pay his fine, but his parents thought differently.

THE COAL OUTPUT INCREASES

Big Increase of Product in 1905 Shown by Government Report.

Washington.—The geological survey has made public statistics on the production of coal in the United States in 1905. From these it appears that both in quantity and value the production surpassed all previous records in this country. The output amounted to 392,919,341 short tons, which had a value at the mines of \$476,756,963. Compared with 1904 the output in 1905 exhibits an increase of 41,102,943 short tons, or 11.7 per cent. in quantity and of \$32,385,942, or 7.3 per cent. in value.

Of the total production of 1905, 69,839,152 long tons, equivalent to 77,699,850 short tons, were Pennsylvania anthracite, with a value at the mines of \$141,879,000. The total production of bituminous coal and lignite was 315,259,491 short tons, valued at \$334,877,963. The production of anthracite coal in Pennsylvania for 1905 was 4,020,662 long tons, or 4,503,151 short tons, more than that of 1904, while the increase in the production of bituminous coal and lignite was 36,599,882 short tons.

A portion of these increases in both anthracite and bituminous productions was due to the efforts of operating companies to provide a supply of fuel in anticipation of a strike in April, 1905.

The total production of this country last year was nearly 50 per cent. larger than that of Great Britain, which until 1899 was the leading coal-producing country of the world.

The total value of the stone produced in the United States during 1905, according to a forthcoming report, was \$337,938,748. The corresponding value for 1904 was \$357,765,715. The increase was caused by more activity in the building trades.

The production of coke in the United States during 1905 surpassed all previous records in the history of cokemaking in this country. The total output of coke in the United States last year amounted to 32,231,129 short tons, against 23,661,166 short tons in 1904.

AMERICA LEADS IN MOTORS.

French Manufacturers Outstripped in the Race Already.

Paris.—Just as American agricultural machines do practically all the work in the fields throughout Europe, so it will certainly be in a couple of years with American automobiles on all the roads in Europe. France pointed out the automobile way, America will reap all the profit by walking in it.

So laments the trade journal of the French motor car makers. It asserts that careful scrutiny of the machines touring the great auto routes in Europe this summer proves that the United States is rapidly making for supremacy in the construction of automobiles; a supremacy which France occupied only a year or two ago and from which it seemed she never was to be dethroned.

Foreign travelers now bring over their own machines and these are often American, even while their owners are not. The writer says, almost tearfully, that most of the safest, strongest and most nearly silent motor cars he met in various countries were American made.

Germany and Italy make most of the scorchers and racers.

An Old Hotel. Traveler (trying to write his name on a hotel register)—This is a historic hotel, I believe? Host (proudly)—Yes, sir, one of the oldest hotels in this section, sir. "So I supposed—from the pens."

Our New York Letter

Interesting Gossip Gathered Around Gotham—Bank for Women Only Is Opened—City Drinks a 21-Mile River Daily—Autos Have Transformed Upper Broadway.



NEW YORK.—New York's very latest innovation is "My Lady's Bank," the only exclusive woman's bank in the country. Women, with coupons to clip, fair depositors with rolls of bonds and notes as big as dress patterns, have opened accounts with the new bank.

This distinctly feminine institution is the financial stepchild of the Day and Night bank, corner of Fifth avenue and Forty-fourth street, which opened last May. The new bank is under the same management and housed in the same building.

Mrs. Anna Rice, a clever little English woman, who has been in charge of the woman's department of the Night and Day bank, will attend to the depositors in the new bank. Mrs. Rice's experience gives reassurance to the timid in banking transactions. She is a veritable guide book of information. She can tell just how many crowns, marks, and pence you can get for good American money if you are going abroad; she can give you the addresses of Fifth avenue's fashionable milliners, dressmakers, and hatters (this, she has discovered from past experience, goes with any woman's banking business, and the hundred and one important things that women want to know. In a recent report she said in part:

"Women of wealth don't like to be delayed in making deposits. Women of small means are the same. Women, not being as strong as men, don't like to stand in line with them for fear of a struggle for their possession.

The same is true of women with large and small accounts when they come to draw money.

Depositing or taking out money is an inspiration with women. They are afraid of changing their minds after they have decided. Delay in the line unnerves them.

The only man in the bank will be Robert J. Phair, the teller. Mr. Phair has had 15 years' experience with the woman's department of the Fifth Avenue bank, and he explained his new position by the modest assertion that he "understood women." In his banking experience Mr. Phair has handled the fortunes of New York's wealthiest women, and declares he likes to transact business for them. "If women don't know," said Mr. Phair, "they learn quickly, and they are clever in business matters."

BIG RIVER OF WATER USED DAILY.

William B. Ellison, commissioner of water supply, gas and electricity, has been "taking account of stock" in his department. This department is one of the few in the city that makes money, the revenue for a year having been \$10,065,000, while the commissioner had to expend of that \$6,215,000. Improvements costing \$20,000,000 are now being made, or about to be begun, including filtration works, which will cost about \$12,000,000 and filter all New York city's water.

New York's water would make a remarkable river. The amount daily consumed is about 500,000,000 gallons, making about 182,500,000,000 gallons in one year. In weight the daily supply represents 2,100,000 tons, and its volume is such that it would flood a street 60 feet wide to a depth of ten feet for a distance of 21 miles.

This enormous daily consumption constantly increases, said the commissioner. Much of it has to be pumped to reach the distributing reservoirs. In Brooklyn, Queens and Richmond the whole supply has to be pumped. This requires 58 stations, burning more than 100,000 tons of coal a year.

Distribution of the water is through about 2,000 miles of mains from 6 to 60 inches in diameter. To these mains are attached 293,945 taps and more than 25,000 hydrants for fire engines, while 50,172 meters are installed to measure the water supply. For the high pressure, or so-called salt water system, 78 miles of mains from 8 to 24 inches in diameter will be laid and will have 2,012 hydrants. A fire can be immediately checked without the aid of fire engines.

UPPER BROADWAY NOW GARAGE ROW.

Upper Broadway, between Forty-second street and Seventy-second street, has been named Garage row by the automobilists. In the last two years automobile garages have sprung up there at a great rate. Most of the ground which the garages now occupy was vacant lots a couple of years ago, some with squatters' shanties on them. Then one automobile manufacturer erected a temporary garage above Fifty-ninth street. It was a hit from the start and other manufacturers followed suit and erected garages.

At first the garages were only temporary affairs, the majority being only two stories high. As business increased substantial buildings took the place of the temporary ones. Each builder tried to outdo his rivals in the appearance of his garage, with the result that some of the garages resemble private dwellings more closely than business buildings.

When all of the available vacant ground was utilized the manufacturers were forced to look elsewhere. Some of them bought up buildings which were being used for other branches of business and transformed them into garages. One of them transformed a livery stable into a garage, while another purchased a flat house, and after overhauling the entire lower part turned it into a garage.

Most of the garages are four or five stories high, with a deep cellar for storing gasoline and oil, where electric sparks or fire can't get at them. The buildings are all of fireproof construction, with steel frames and concrete floors.

In some of the streets off that part of Broadway there is so much auto traffic through them daily that the asphalt is stained a dark brown from the oil and grease which drip from the machines.

DAN CUPID CAPTURES MANY TEACHERS.

Seventy-four women teachers were married in the summer recess. This is the largest number of marriages that has been recorded at one time. The list is not complete yet, for many teachers marry and take their own time about reporting the fact.

The ravages of Dan Cupid in the ranks of the teachers has revived the interesting question of whether a woman can marry while she is a teacher. The by-laws of the board of education say that a woman teacher cannot marry. The court of appeals has said that the by-law, and that the by-law is null and void. The board has been in a quandary over the question for some time, and has never taken stringent measures to enforce the by-law.

Of the 12,000 women who are teaching in the elementary schools many hundreds are married. Some of those who are not married hope to be some day. Many of the married women have families depending on them, and it will mean much to them if the board of education should enforce the by-law. The thousands of teachers who are not married are not letting the by-law trouble them at all. They say it is a dead letter because the board of education has not enforced it, and they may go ahead and marry when they please. The by-law has nothing to say about women who enter the school system after they have been married.

WIFE WANTS \$10,000 TO QUIT STAGE.

A mere matter of dollars—\$10,000, to be exact—separates Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Becton. He is senior member of Becton, Dickerson & Co., manufacturers of surgical instruments, and his wife is a chorus girl in "My Lady's Maid."

Mrs. Becton says she has a small voice, and that if Mr. Becton doesn't want New York theaters to hear it he'll have to pay her \$10,000 a year, which, of course, as Mrs. Becton says, is little enough.

The pair were married in Ohio two years ago. She was then Vida Mohr, which name is the one used by her on the stage. She is a strikingly handsome woman with an excellent figure.

"My stage debut and the decision about the \$10,000 a year is all due to my husband," she said. "He is very parsimonious—rather miserly, you might put it. Being a partner in a very prosperous business, he can well afford to give me \$10,000 a year, which is more than I asked before I took this step."

Mr. Becton has thus far been unable to decide which alternative to accept, and it seems as if the case will land in the divorce courts.

Kept Tax Receipts Long. Charles King, of East Liberty, a suburb of Pittsburg, is what might be termed a careful man. He has been a voter in the East Liberty district since 1857 and when asked on the last registration day if he had a tax receipt he pulled from a pocket tax receipts for the last 41 years. When asked by the registrar if he had any more he replied that if he went down deep into his "strong box" at home he might possibly find a few dating long back before the oldest member of the board was born. Mr. King is now 78 years old, having been born in Baltimore in 1828, removing to East Liberty in 1857. His first presidential vote was cast for John C. Fremont and his last for Theodore Roosevelt. He is a staunch Republican and as a contractor and brick manufacturer for half a century has contributed much to the up-building and growth of East Liberty.

DISFIGURED WITH ECZEMA.

Brushed Scales from Face Like Powder—Under Physicians Grew Worse—Cuticura Works Wonders.

"I suffered with eczema six months. I had tried three doctors, but did not get any better. It was on my body and on my feet so thick that I could hardly put a pin on me without touching eczema. My face was covered, my eyebrows came out, and then it got in my eye. I then went to another doctor. He asked me what I was taking for it, and I told him Cuticura. He said that was a very good thing, but that he thought my face would be marked for life. But Cuticura did its work, and my face is now just as clear as it ever was. I told all my friends about my remarkable cure. I feel so thankful I want everybody far and wide to know what Cuticura can do. It is a sure cure for eczema." Mrs. Emma White, 641 Cherrier Place, Camden, N. J., April 25, 1905.

Legally Her Husband's Boss.

Boston has one woman who is legally her husband's boss. She is Mrs. Ellor Carlisio Ripley, one of the assistant superintendents of the public schools of the city and the wife of Principal Fred H. Ripley, of the Longfellow school of Roslindale. Mrs. Ripley draws some \$85 a week of the hub's wealth, about \$1,500 more per annum than the man who has recently become her "hubby." An assistant superintendent is virtually a supervisor and Mrs. Ripley is in reality her husband's superior and could "fire" him in a minute if she saw fit. Mrs. Ripley is a young woman of pleasing personality.

Want Them to Know Country.

The Japanese war department has made arrangements to send teachers and students of the middle and higher schools and colleges to Manchuria and Korea free of charge during their vacation. More than 50,000 persons expect to make the trip.

RUN DOWN FROM GRIP

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Have Cured This Form of Debility in Hundreds of Cases.

"Four years ago," says Mrs. F. Morrison, of No. 1023 Carson street, South Side, Pittsburg, Pa., "I took a cold which turned into the grip. This trouble left me all run down. I was thin, had backache much of the time, had no appetite, my stomach was out of order and I felt nervous and unstrung."

"While I had the grip I had a doctor, but I really suffered more from the condition in which the influenza left me than I did from the disease itself. I felt generally wretched and miserable and the least exposure to cold would make me worse. I couldn't seem to get any better until I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I very quickly noticed a benefit after I began taking them and they restored me to good health and strength. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a wonderfully good medicine. Thanks to them I am now in fine health and have had no return of my former trouble. I recommended the pills to everyone who is ill and take every opportunity to let people know how good they are."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured Mrs. Morrison because they actually make good, red blood. When the blood is red and healthy there can be no debility. The relation between the blood and nervous system is such that the pills have a very decided action upon the nerves and they have cured many nervous disorders, such as partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia and St. Vitus' dance, that have not yielded to ordinary treatment. Their double action, on the blood and on the nerves, makes them an ideal tonic.

All druggists sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, or they will be sent by mail postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$3.50; by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 & \$3.00 Shoes

W.L. Douglas \$4 Gill Gilt Edge line cannot be equalled at any price.

W. L. Douglas's Jobbing House is the most complete in this country. Send for Catalogue.

W. L. DOUGLAS'S SHOES FOR EVERYBODY AT ALL PRICES. Men's Shoes, \$5 to \$1.50. Boys' Shoes, \$3 to \$1.50. Women's Shoes, \$5 to \$1.50. Misses' & Children's Shoes, \$3.50 to \$1.00. Try W. L. Douglas's Shoes, Men's, Women's and Children's shoes. For style, fit and wear, they excel other makes.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other make.

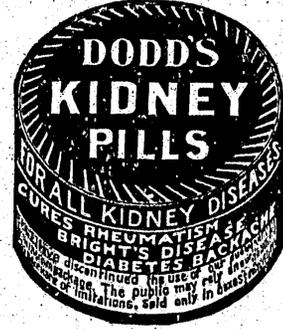
Wherever you live, you can obtain W. L. Douglas shoes. His name and price is stamped on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and inferior shoes. Make no substitutes. Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes and insist upon having them.

First Color Quality used; they will not wear out. Write for illustrated Catalogue, 100 pages, free. W. L. DOUGLAS, Dept. 12, Brockton, Mass.

GET RICH If you are a young man willing to work hard, rough it a little, come to the States and receive the highest wages paid anywhere on earth. Join for every body and no questions asked if you are willing to do a fair day's work for more than a fair day's pay. For particulars address BUREAU OF EMIGRATION, Room 514 Union Trust Bldg., New York, N. Y.

\$25,000.00 FOR AGENTS. Pleasant financial work among your friends, prominent sales, large commissions, and big prizes for all. Address Dept. U. C. 11 E. 54th St., N. Y. City.

DEFIANCE Gold Water Starch makes any laundry work a pleasure. 10 oz. pkg. 10c. If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water.



WINCHESTER

Loaded Black Powder Shells

"NEW RIVAL"

Hard, Strong, Even Shooters, Always Sure Fire, The Hunter's Favorite, Because They Always Get The Game.

For Sale Everywhere.

Mayer HONORBILT SHOES FOR MEN

The highest degree of style, fit and workmanship are embodied in these splendid shoes. There are none that equal them in appearance and wearing quality at the price. They are BUILT ON HONOR.

That's what the name means. That's what a trial will prove. By all means wear "Honorbilt" shoes. Demand them of your dealer—INSIST. Sold everywhere. If you cannot get them write to us.

We also make the "Western Lady," and the "Marika Washington" comfort shoe and a full line of men's, women's and children's shoes. Our trademark is stamped on every sole.

F. Mayer Boot & Shoe Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

John Jacob Astor is a regular auto-erast. He is the owner of more motor cars than any other man in the United States, and is constantly adding to his store.

A negro who claimed to be 109 years old is dead in Illinois. As he never boasted of having nursed Thomas Jefferson, he may not have exaggerated his age.

New York burglars are traveling around to business in automobiles. If you wish to avoid being mistaken for a burglar or a capitalist, don't travel in an automobile.

Thousands of Chinamen are cutting off their pigtails in China and one was arrested for mauling in Chicago lately. The yellow men seem to be advancing in the ways of civilization at a brisk pace.

A Georgia sheriff has prevented a lynching by carrying the proposed victim away in an automobile so swiftly that the mob could not keep up. The mob may try, however, to obtain revenge by having the sheriff prosecuted for exceeding the speed limit.

The London county council has passed a law which makes the throwing of a banana skin on the sidewalk a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of 40 shillings. It generally costs more than that to repair the damages of the man who steps on a banana peel.

In 1904 the United States sold in China fabrics to the value of \$4,782,141. In 1905 sales of the same goods amounted to \$12,566,093. The boycott seems to have satisfied the demands of Chinese patriots without at the same time doing any great injury to American merchants.

The year continues its earthquake and volcano record. Eruptions of Vesuvius and others which have been displaying their pyrotechnic possibilities, La Soufriere on the West Indian island of St. Vincent, has started its internal fire and is giving an interesting exhibition.

An ordinance has been introduced in the Mexico city council making the skating rink license ten dollars a week and prohibiting the use of pianos in such places of amusement. It says the Mexico, Mo. Ledger, there is a place on earth calculated to make a woman forget mother, home and heaven it is a skating rink.

Some day there may be a United States of Central America. A party has lately been organized in San Salvador, the leaders of which hope to bring about a federation of the Central American republics. The experiment of federation has been tried once or twice, but the people are better qualified for it now than they used to be.

It is said in New York that there are seven dictators in the financial and business world, and that those men are John D. Rockefeller, J. P. Morgan, James J. Hill, James Stillman, George F. Baker, Jacob Schiff and E. H. Harriman. These seven men represent interests that cover every possible phase of business enterprise in America.

A Florida man has devised a scheme by which he declares any man can make his own ice at a cost of ten cents a hundred pounds, the process taking only five minutes. He advertised widely that he would give the formula to the world at the rate of two dollars a head. This beats the cold and tedious business of cutting ice from his standpoint, but the United States postal authorities say the only trouble with the scheme is it is a fraud.

A new law of France provides for a "rest day," and even gay Paris is taking to the idea with relish. In fact, the employees in some establishments which have disregarded the requirements of the law are in such earnest that they have made a lively demonstration. It is evident that a great many French people are more willing to observe Sunday than has been supposed. And as the law is in the interest of good morals as well as good order, there will be general approval of those who seek to enforce it.

Recently Imbagnò, the Italian tenor and the greatest singer of the age, desiring to leave for his children some record of his genius, had made, upon especially prepared plates for reproduction in the phonograph, several records of his songs. Two of these records have been preserved in a museum in Paris. The plates were made with great care and are sealed in metal boxes, containing also chemical compounds for their preservation. The boxes are labeled and dated. One will be opened 50 years from now and the other at the end of a century.

Damasus, whose pedigree is the longest of living cities, is losing its character. An enterprising Belgian company is cutting through it with an electric railway, and is sprinkling electric lights in its ancient streets. What is more, the motive power for these installations is derived from the harnessing of the river falls 22 miles off, so that no feature of the modern invasion is spared the place whence the Jew of Taras escaped in a basket over the wall. The British acting consul reports that 3 1/2 miles of the tram line are already being laid.

The Supreme Obligation of Home Building

By MARY A. LIVERMORE.



As a rule, the worth or the worthlessness of the home is the work of woman. "A man may build a castle or a palace," says Francis Power Cobbe; "but, poor creature, be he wise as Solomon, or rich as Croesus, he cannot turn it into a home. No masculine mortal can do that. It is a woman, and only a woman—a woman all by herself, if she must, or prefers, without any man's help her—who can turn a house into a home." It requires a high order of woman to be a good wife, mother, housekeeper, and homemaker. She who makes a success in these departments possesses such a combination of admirable qualities, both mental and moral, that, with proper training, she might make a success in any business in life.

The duties of the mother began long before her children come into life—aye, and the duties of the father also. He needs to know that the physical sins which he may thoughtlessly commit, in his early manhood, may be punished fearfully in the person of his child, by the action of the remorseless law of heredity.

A mother should know all that science can teach of the parental laws of being and of heredity. Her acquaintance with physiology should not be the superficial knowledge given in the ordinary school or college even. It should be a thorough exposition of the mysteries of her own physical being; with a clear understanding of the hygienic laws she must obey, if she would grow into healthy enduring womanhood. She should be familiar with the laws of ventilation and of nutrition, what constitutes healthful food and its scientific preparation, the care of infancy, the nursing of the sick and in what that vigilant and scrupulous cleanliness consists which almost prohibits certain forms of disease, called by the doctors "dirty disease," from crossing one's threshold. The details of this necessary knowledge can be learned only in practice and slowly. But the foundations must be laid in early study. The mother must dignify these matters in the mind of her daughter by her own observance of them; and there are pouring upon us such clouds of light pertaining to all matters of physical life and well-being that the mothers of the future, in these respects, ought to be a great improvement on the mothers of the past and present.

A Pull With a Push a Good Thing

By HON. PAUL H. KENDRICKEN.

Perhaps nobody ever has had a chance to get a good start in life without some kind of pull. That pull may come in the form of a word of kindly recommendation to employment by some influential man, or it may come as the response of a generous nature to the appeal of a young man for the opportunity to show what he can do.

We can picture such a condition as that in which the doors of every house in a small community might be closed to the applicant for work, and in that case he would need some kind of pull. In the same way, a young man in a large city might be unable after the most diligent inquiry to discover any opening whatever for employment, and of course he could do nothing without a pull.

These cases are very rare. When a young man has ability and a good character, a case of the kind described hardly ever occurs. Usually such a young man can make an opening for himself if he has that quality which you call push. And if any young man can make the start in life with nothing but his own push and his own good qualities to recommend him, it is much better for him that he should not be burdened with a pull. The pull is a useful thing, but it is not for such as he. It is designed to benefit, and does frequently benefit, the naturally diffident young man who has plenty of ability, is honest and loyal, but is lacking in push, and requires some encouragement to develop that useful quality. It is the duty of those who have any influence or pull to be ready to extend some kindly effort in behalf of the young man who needs only a little encouragement to make good.

Pull of itself alone never made much of a man out of any young fellow. Push of itself alone has done it in thousands of cases. When we say push alone, of course we mean push with ability and integrity, two things that are even more important than push itself.

Columbus needed a pull to discover a new world, Watt to perfect the steam engine, Stephenson the locomotive, Fulton the steamboat, and so on, but they all had push in abundance, and the pull that came to them was the reward of their push. This has been true, on a smaller scale, in millions of cases.

The Lack of Culture in Colleges

By PROF. WILLIAM WATTS FOLWELL, of University of Minnesota.

The university of the future will be a place where culture will be put upon the same basis as sociology, psychology or philosophy. The methods of the "common" schools of the days gone by, when little learning was taught but the cultivation of taste and manners was given considerable attention, would be a wise addition to our present-day public schools, colleges and universities.

The truly cultured man, aware of all situations, serene amid all distractions, uses the old rule or makes a new one according to his trained and liberated intuitions. Manners are no matters of finger-tip polish; they issue from brain and heart. In spite of notable advances in the pedagogic art it is questionable whether our modern schools are doing as much for culture as those of previous generations. Abraham Lincoln was taught drawing room etiquette in the school of Andrew Crawford in southern Indiana.

The American university in its present estate, being merely the American college multiplied by ten or twenty, can now make little claim to superior advantages for culture. But the American university is slowly ascending to a higher level. When it shall have relegated to the secondary school the elementary studies of its first two years it will be liberated for its proper work. In the secondary schools thus enlarged and elevated cultural students may have ample scope. In the university of our dreams, with its museums, its galleries, theaters, parks, gardens and courts, all the agencies of the school may culminate.

THE CONQUEROR



IT MAY have been because I was made to put on a clean white pinafore, but I think it was because I was naturally a man-hater. At any rate I saw the new boy visitor walking up the pine tree lane hand in hand with his mother and I hid behind the hedges. It annoyed me very much that my mother constantly invited to play with me persons with whom I did not wish to play and forbade me to play with others whom I liked very much to play with—the latter being chiefly the small members of the tribe living in the alley back of our house.

In spite of my care in hiding from him this particular visitor spied me out and ran up to me. I saw at a glance that he would not do. The only men I could tolerate were Rob, who spent all his time mooning with Nellie; Bill, who was forever dancing with Luella, and John Munro, who, of late, had taken to talking about uninteresting subjects with Miss Strain—my nurse—a situation which is apt to repeat itself in one's life's history.

It was because of this situation that I had been asking for a brother. I felt the need of contact with certain masculine qualities. I wanted to be bullied and spruned and teased. This young gentleman, however, apparently offered no possibilities. His hair was flaxen and was parted in the middle. His eyes were baby blue and so was his necktie, which was about as large as my sash. His face was pink and



"A Tear Trickled Down My Cheek."

white and clean to the point of snob-bishness.

There was an embarrassing silence, during which we stared at each other. "I don't suppose you're as old as I am?" he began, with deprecation.

I began to feel subservient at once. "I'm five," I replied, a modest decision in my voice.

"Pahaw!" he exclaimed, in open disdain, glancing hurriedly at his mother's disappearing figure, and then running his fingers through his closely plastered hair. When he got through it looked like a wheat field after a wind storm. "I'm seven!" he boasted.

"I've got on now slippers," I mentioned as an offset to his superior years. I seemed somehow in the beginning to have misinterpreted his character.

"Us fellers is gettin' up a show," he remarked with nonchalant indifference.

"Co-could I go to it?" I asked, suppressing my emotion.

He was the very playmate of my dreams and totally different from Jamie, who had to have bread and jam in the middle of every afternoon. On reflection, it seemed as if my first impression of this stalwart youth was based on my acquaintance with Jamie, who, in addition to eating bread and jam between meals, had declined to go into a certain adventure with me.

"You could be in the show if you weren't a girl," said this desirable new playmate.

I bemoaned the restrictions on my sex, but he broke out warmly, "I'll soo if I can get you in, anyway!" He was evidently a high official in the enterprise.

A tear trickled down my cheek, causing him to exclaim, "What's the matter?" In reply several other tears followed the first one in its course. Then he told me just what he thought of people who cried. It was much the same as what I thought of Jamie.

When he was gone my mother asked me if I did not want Charles to come to see me any more. I replied quite promptly and emphatically that I did.

"Then why did you cry so this afternoon?" she inquired.

I could not answer because I did not know. But Nellie and Luella and Miss Strain doubtless could have told me that it was because I had met a conqueror.—Chicago Daily News.

WOMEN WHO CHARM

HEALTH IS THE FIRST ESSENTIAL

It Helps Women to Win and Hold Men's Admiration, Respect and Love

Woman's greatest gift is the power to inspire admiration, respect, and love. There is a beauty in health which is more attractive to men than mere regularity of feature.



To be a successful wife, to retain the love and admiration of her husband, should be a woman's constant study. At the first indication of ill-health, painful or irregular periods, headache or backache, secure Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and begin its use.

Mrs. Chas. F. Brown, Vice-President Mothers' Club, 21 Cedar Terrace, Hot Springs, Ark., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—For nine years I dragged through a miserable existence, suffering with inflammation and female weakness and worn out with pain and weariness. I one day noticed a statement by a woman suffering as I was, but who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I determined to try it. At the end of three months I was a different woman. Every one remarked about it, and my husband fell in love with me all over again. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound built up my entire system, cured the trouble, and I felt like a new woman. I am sure it will make every suffering woman strong, well and happy, as it has me.

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, bloating (or flatulence), displacements, inflammation or ulceration, that "bearing-down" feeling, dizziness, faintness, indigestion, or nervous prostration may be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Animals Do with Little Water.

There are some animals which rarely drink; for instance, the llamas, of Patagonia, and certain gazelles of the far east. A number of snakes, lizards and other reptiles live in places devoid of water. A bat of western America inhabits waterless plains. In parts of Lozere, France, there are herds of cows and goats which hardly ever drink and yet produce the milk for Roquefort cheese.

WHAT WE OWE TO INSECTS.

They Are of the Greatest Benefit to Growing Flowers.

Prof. Darwin said that if it had not been for insects we should never have had any more imposing or attractive flowers than those of the elm, the hop and the nettle. Lord Avebury compares the work of the insect to that of the florist. He considers that just as the florist has by selection produced the elegant blossoms of the garden, so the insects, by selecting the largest and brightest blossoms for fertilization, have produced the gay flowers of the field. Prof. Plateau, of Ghent, has carried out a series of remarkable experiments on the ways of insects visiting flowers. He considers that they are guided by scent rather than by color, and in the connection he is at variance with certain British naturalists. Whatever may be the attraction in flowers to insects—as yet, it appears undefined—it is certain that the latter visit freely all blossoms alike, making no distinction between the large, bright-colored ones and the less conspicuous blossoms like those of the currants, the lime, the planetree, the nettle and the willow.

NO DAWDLING.

A Man of 70 After Finding Coffee Hurt Him, Stopped Short.

When a man has lived to be 70 years old with a 40-year-old habit grown to him like a knot on a tree, chances are he'll stick to the habit till he dies.

But occasionally the spirit of youth and determination remains in some men to the last day of their lives. When such men do find any habit of life has been doing them harm, they surprise the Oseberites by a degree of will power that is supposed to belong to men under 40 only.

"I had been a user of coffee until three years ago—a period of 40 years—and am now 70," writes a N. Dak. man. "I was extremely nervous and debilitated, and saw plainly that I must make a change.

"I am thankful to say I had the nerve to quit coffee at once and take on Postum without any dawdling, and experienced no ill effects. On the contrary, I commenced to gain, losing my nervousness within two months, also gaining strength and health otherwise.

"For a man of my age, I am very well and hearty. I sometimes meet persons who have not made their Postum right and don't like it. But I tell them to boll it long enough, and call their attention to my looks now, and before I used it, that seems convincing.

"Now, when I have writing to do, or long columns of figures to cast up, I feel equal to it and can get through my work without the fagged out feeling of old." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the book, "The Road to Wellville," in 200 pages. "There's a reason."

Silver Market Boosted by Colorado Men.

The increasing price in silver promises to restore Colorado to the proud place occupied before the panic of '93. It is said that the rise in silver from 48 cents an ounce in December, 1902, to nearly 70 cents an ounce to-day, is the result of the skillful marketing of the white metal in this country and abroad. Nearly all the silver product of the United States and Mexico is sold through the American Smelting and Refining Company, and authorities on the metal market assert that this and Refining Company, managed by the Guggenheims, and authorities on the metal market assert that this company has been conducting such a judicious campaign in the world's markets, which will probably send silver to 75 cents an ounce before many months.

Apparent verification of this statement is found in the steady upward movement of silver since its price touched bottom and a heavy blow was dealt to the smelting industry, as well as the entire West. Silver's average price in 1901 was 58.97 cents, in 1902 it was 52.16, in 1903 it was 53.57 cents, and in 1904 it averaged 57.32 cents. In 1905 the average price was 60.35 cents, and for the first eight months of this year the average has been 60.35 cents. The increasing price and steadiness of the market for silver indicates that some powerful influence is behind it rather than the usual fluctuating demand from customary sources.

The American Smelting and Refining Company suffered severely from the decline in silver, as the output of the mining districts was necessarily curtailed. Under the new conditions, silver mines in such famous old camps as Aspen, Leadville, Ouray, Creede, Silverton, Telluride, Rico, Georgetown and Idaho Springs will spring into activity again. Prospecting for silver will be resumed, and new mines added to the long list that in Colorado's palmy days of silver mining made the state famous. It is said that the American Smelting and Refining Company has been working for a dozen years to so influence the world's silver market that the great volume of business lost when the panic of '93 came, might be restored. It is a glorious thing for Colorado that the company is meeting with so much success in its efforts.

LEARN EXPERT SHORTHAND. New, quick method; \$15 to \$25 position guaranteed. Lessons free. Fernis Business College, Denver.

"Where did you get such a cold, Johnnie?" "Haven't any cold; I've only got cold in u. talk."

Will not make you nervous. Ask your dealer or The M. Hyman Cigar Co., 810 17th Street, Denver, Colo.

The office doesn't seek the man half so often as the officer does.

Denver Directory

A \$40 Saddle for \$28 c.o.d.

For a short time only we offer this fine steel horn, double cinches, wool-lined 28-inch stirrups, 2 1/2-inch stirrup leathers, steel leather covered stirrups, warranted in every respect, and equal to saddle made elsewhere. Catalogue free.

The Fred Mueller Saddle & Harness Co. 1413-1419 Larimer St., Denver, Colo.

STOVE REPAIRS OF EVERY KIND.

Full School Practical Plumbing, 1685-81 Arapahoe Street, Denver. Catalog free.

THE FAMOUS J. H. WILSON STOCK SADDLES

ASK your dealer for them. Take no other.

AMERICAN HOUSE DENVER.

Two blocks from Union depot. The best \$2 per day hotel in the West. American plan.

BROWN PALACE HOTEL

Absolutely Fire-proof. European Plan, \$1.50 and upward.

WANTED—Men to learn plumbing trade.

Full School Practical Plumbing, 1685-81 Arapahoe Street, Denver. Catalog free.

E. E. BURLINGAME & CO., ASSAY OFFICE AND CHEMICAL LABORATORY

Established in Colorado, 1856. Samples by mail or express will receive prompt and careful attention. Gold & Silver Bullion. Refined, Milled and Assayed. OR BULLION. Concentration Tests—100 lbs. or car load lots. Write for terms. 1736-1738 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

THE McMURTRY MFG. CO.

HALLACK MIXED PAINT WESTERN VARNISHES. POP BY CLIMATE TEST. DENVER.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

Send your name with this ad. for list of fine bargains in pianos and organs. Largest stock of pianos and organs from \$15 to \$25 up. Player Pianos can be played by anyone \$25 up. Instruments sold on easy terms to suit buyer. Victor talking machine sold at factory prices on easy terms. Write for catalogue of our different instruments.

THE KNIGHT-CAMPBELL MUSIC COMPANY.

1625-31 California St., Denver, Colo.

Colorado House Tent.

Colorado Tent and Awning Co. Largest canvas goods house in the West. Switzer, Ice, Illustrations, Catalogue, Robt. S. Gutshall, Prop., 1621 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

HOWARD E. BURTON.

Specimen prices: Gold, silver and platinum. Gold, silver, 1000 gold, 1000 silver or copper. Full price list sent on request. Catalogue and sample work solicited. Lead, zinc, cobalt, manganese, carbonate, National, Lead.

SMELTER TALK

SMELTER TRUST ATTACKED AND DEFENDED.

BEFORE MINING CONGRESS

Mr. De La Vergne Declares Smelter Prices and Regulations Arbitrary and Unjust—Able Defense by Mr. Gutterman of the American Smelting and Refining Company.

Denver.—Thursday morning's session of the American Mining Congress was taken up with an engrossing debate on the mutual relations and grievances of the smelting trust and the ore producer. Senator E. M. De La Vergne of Colorado Springs read a paper setting forth the ore producer's side of the question in a quiet, direct manner that had nothing in it of resentment, but was merely a statement of the facts as the speaker viewed them, based principally on his observations in the Cripple Creek districts. He declared the order issued by the American Smelting and Refining Company on May 12, 1906, regarding the procedure to be adopted in sampling and settling ore shipments to that company, to be "arbitrary and unjust," and issued without due regard to the interests of the shipper.

"This question of determining ore values is a very peculiar one," he continued a moment later. "There is nothing like it in other channels of commerce. I am informed that in the agricultural districts, grain and cotton are graded under state regulation, but here is an industry second only to the great agricultural interests, in which the values of the commodity are entirely determined by the buyer."

Senator De La Vergne had five remedies to suggest for doing away with the existing conditions. First, state legislation; second, national legislation; third, encouraging competition; fourth, by an amicable agreement, and fifth, by government operation.

The latter suggestion was a distinct surprise to the congress, but the senator backed up his suggestion as follows:

"If all shall fail," said he, "I believe that the mining industry can exert sufficient influence upon this government to induce it to do the smelting for the whole people of the United States. I am opposed to the state or the government operating the railroads, or any public enterprises. I am opposed to department stores on the ground that they have a tendency to stifle and discourage private enterprise, and the investment of capital in small and large amounts. They all have a tendency to centralize the business that belongs to thousands of good citizens in the hands of a few. But after that business that properly belongs to the public has been gathered into the hands of one or two gigantic trusts and all competition destroyed, I believe that justice to the individual, the public and the industry demands that the government shall rescue it from the one or two or more concerns and operate the business for the interests of the people who are engaged in the work of taking what nature has furnished in the crude form, and converting it into wealth that flows through the thousands of channels of commerce into the millions of homes of the rich and poor alike.

Franklin Gutterman, representing the American Smelting and Refining Company, read a paper in reply to Senator De La Vergne's contribution, in which he explained many of the current causes for dissatisfaction, and gave figures which showed that there have been higher rates paid per ton since the amalgamation of the smelters than had been paid before. In opening his argument, Mr. Gutterman frankly told the gathering that he represented the so-called smelter trust in Colorado, and that whatever methods had been adopted he had been directly responsible for. He then went on to show the members in what ways they were mistaking the motives of the smelter trust, and finished his talk by saying:

"The American Smelting & Refining Company realizes that its interests are identical with those of the ore producer. We recognize that we are inseparably connected with the rise and fall of this industry, and we have always given the producer the benefit of all new inventions for ore treatment. We are at all times ready to listen to and remedy all reasonable complaints made by the ore producers, and it is our sincere hope that all differences in the future will be adjusted to the mutual benefit of both parties concerned."

Among the more striking of the statements made by Mr. Gutterman, during the reading of his paper, were the following: "The senator has stated that in Colorado there is practically no competition. I wish to gain say that statement of his and to declare that in every field in Colorado to-day, no matter whether it be Lake county, or San Juan, Teller county, or Mineral county, we have competition on all sides, and that we have at all times been ready to meet such competition in a spirit of fairness and equity to the producer."

"With particular reference to the Cripple Creek district, I desire to say to you that since the formation of the so-called trust, when the American Smelting & Refining Company absorbed the last remaining great smelter in Colorado, namely the Philadelphia plant owned by M. Guggenheim's sons, that since that time instead of there being an advance in treatment charges there has been a steady reduction of the same, with the result that there has been more paid to the miner than when the individual smelters were operating.

"The miner to-day has the privilege of supervision of the sampling at the smelter by his own representative, as he had it before, and he has the privilege of making his own assays. He can resort to the arbitration of umpire assays as he did before. There is nothing that I know of that has been taken away from him, but what has been done has been done in the interests of decency and self-protection to ourselves, to which we hold we are entitled.

LITTLE THINGS AND BIG.

Differentiate Between the Essential and the Non-Essential.

Little things are often of great importance, but when they are so they are not little. The plinton of a watch wheel, for example, in one sense is little, in another sense it is not so at all; for when it is not perfectly adjusted, the watch is worthless for time-keeping. It is not size that makes a thing little or great, but its relation to the end for which a number of things are combined. If a thing is essential it is important. Because so many of the people who are always preaching the importance of little things fail to discriminate between the little and the non-essential, they often make a wretched mess of the management of their own and other people's affairs. Theoretically, if every factor that contributes to a result is perfect, the result will be perfect; but practically, for want of time, strength and opportunity, the efficient man is compelled to neglect some things for the sake of others; and, in order to do this and yet secure the main end, he has to discriminate between the essential and the non-essential. The one who is thoroughly imbued with the false doctrine of the importance of little things, spends his strength without discrimination, and usually succeeds in missing the main chance.—The Watchman.

Lower Animals in Sickness.
Man might often take from the lower animals a lesson as to the care of himself when ill. All sorts of animals suffering from fever eat little; lie quiet in dark, airy places, and drink quantities of water. When a dog loses his appetite he knows where to find dog grass, which acts as a purgative and emetic. Sheep and cows, when ill, seek certain herbs. Any animal suffering from chronic rheumatism keeps as far as possible from the sun. If a chimpanzee be wounded he has been seen to stop the bleeding by a plaster of chewed-up leaves and grass.

INTERESTING CONTEST.

Heavy Cost of Unpaid Postage.

One of the most curious contests ever before the public was conducted by many thousand persons under the offer of the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., of Battle Creek, Mich., for prizes of 31 boxes of gold and 300 greenbacks to those making the most words out of the letters Y-I-O-Grape-Nuts.

The contest was started in February, 1906, and it was arranged to have the prizes awarded on Apr. 30, 1906. When the public announcement appeared many persons began to form the words from these letters, sometimes the whole family being occupied evenings, a combination of amusement and education.

After a while the lists began to come in to the Postum Office and before long the volume grew until it required wagons to carry the mail. Many of the contestants were thoughtless enough to send their lists with insufficient postage and for a period it cost the Company from twenty-five to fifty-eight and sixty dollars a day to pay the unpaid postage.

Young ladies, generally those who had graduated from the high school, were employed to examine these lists and count the correct words. Webster's Dictionary was the standard and each list was very carefully corrected except those which fell below \$3000 for it soon became clear that nothing below that could win. Some of the lists required the work of a young lady for a solid week on each individual list. The work was done very carefully and accurately but the Company had no idea, at the time the offer was made, that the people would respond so generally and they were compelled to fill every available space in the offices with these young lady examiners, and notwithstanding they worked steadily, it was impossible to complete the examination until Sept. 29, over six months after the prizes should have been awarded.

This delay caused a great many inquiries and naturally created some dissatisfaction. It has been thought best to make this report in practically all of the newspapers in the United States and many of the magazines in order to make clear to the people the conditions of the contest.

Many lists contained enormous numbers of words which, under the rules, had to be eliminated "Peggers" would count "Peggers" would not. Some lists contained over 50,000 words, the great majority of which were cut out. The largest lists were checked over two and in some cases three times to insure accuracy.

The \$100,000 gold prize was won by L. D. Reese, 1227-15th St., Denver, Colo., with 9941 correct words. The highest \$10,000 gold prize went to S. K. Fraser, Lincoln, Pa., with 9921 correct words.

A complete list of the 331 winners with their home addresses will be sent to any contestant enquiring on a postal card.

Be sure and give name and address clearly.

This contest has cost the Co. many thousand dollars, and probably has not been a profitable advertisement, nevertheless perhaps some who had never before tried Grape-Nuts food have been interested in the contest, and from trial of the food have been shown its wonderful rebuilding powers.

It teaches in a practicable manner that scientifically gathered food elements can be selected from the field grains, which nature will use for rebuilding the nerve centres and brain in a way that is unmistakable to users of Grape-Nuts.

"There's a reason."

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

A TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE.

How a Veteran Was Saved the Amputation of a Limb.

B. Frank Doremus, veteran, of Roosevelt Ave., Indianapolis, Ind., says: "I had been showing symptoms of kidney trouble from the time I was mustered out of the army, but in all my life I never suffered as in 1897. Headaches, dizziness and sleeplessness, first, and then dropsy. I was weak and helpless, having run down from 180 to 125 pounds. I was having terrible pain in the kidneys, and the secretions passed almost involuntarily. My left leg swelled until it was 34 inches around, and the doctor tapped it night and morning until I could no longer stand it, and then he advised amputation. I refused, and began using Doan's Kidney Pills. The swelling subsided gradually, the urine became natural, and all my pains and aches disappeared. I have been well now for nine years since using Doan's Kidney Pills. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y."

Latest Fad in "Society."
The latest fad in certain eastern society circles is to be glum and cross. One phase of this more than usually absurd affectation takes the form of ignoring letters of introduction and this lack of consideration has roused family feuds in several cases. One wealthy young Italian, who is a member of one of the best Roman families, went to Newport this summer with many letters from prominent persons. But he has found it impossible to present them. "It is foolish to expect anything from social leaders these days and the stranger who asks to be received by letter has a hard time of it," said a young man whose letter to a society matron was ignored.

More Than Society Butterflies.
These are the days when women of national celebrity vie with each other in housewifely accomplishments. Mrs. Phillander C. Knox has just dispatched to Mrs. Roosevelt a firkin of butter, made with her own hands, at the Valley Forge farm. Mrs. Roosevelt has sent delicious branched cherries to her intimates, and to the Episcopal Home for Old People in Washington. Mrs. Bonaparte, wife of the secretary of the navy, has preserved some toothsome mangoes.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.
I, FRANK J. CHENEY, make oath that I am a senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1906.
W. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Open Air Work for Women.
Mrs. A. G. Conrod operates a ranch in Colorado where wild flowers are collected and pressed for use in souvenirs and menu cards. The work being in the open air, it has proved popular among teachers and other women suffering from nervous troubles, as it gives them a chance to earn a living and to regain their health.

Starch, like everything else, is being constantly improved, the patent Starches put on the market 25 years ago are very different and inferior to those of the present day. In the latest discovery—Defiance Starch—all injurious chemicals are omitted, while the addition of another ingredient, invented by us, gives to the Starch a strength and smoothness never approached by other brands.

Advancement in Afghanistan.
The ameer of Afghanistan has engaged an electrical engineer to install electrical machinery in the factories in the new town which he is building, 30 miles north of Cabul. The arms and ammunition factories will probably be moved there, and manufacturing industries started.

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*.
Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

New York "Police Matrons."
New York has 71 women on the police force. They are known as "police matrons."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, soothes the gums, induces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.
Some people even covet the gold in their neighbor's teeth.

Some men haven't troubles enough of their own, so they get married.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES do not stain the hands or spot the kettle, except green and purple.

Queen Wilhelmina's Amusements.
The favorite amusements of Queen Wilhelmina are skating and riding, but as a child her hobby was the keeping of poultry.

That an article may be good as well as cheap, and give entire satisfaction, is proven by the extraordinary sale of Defiance Starch, each package containing one-third more Starch than can be had of any other brand for the same money.

Sheep-Killing Parrot.
The kea is a greenish-brown parrot of New Zealand, which is as dangerous to the sheep of that country as wolves would be. These carnivorous birds fasten themselves on the backs of grazing sheep, tear through wool and skin to the kidney fat, which they devour, leaving the unfortunate animal to perish in agony.

Sheer white goods, in fact, any fine wash goods when new, owe much of their attractiveness to the way they are laundered, this being done in a manner to enhance their textile beauty. Home laundering would be equally satisfactory if proper attention was given to starching, the first essential being good Starch, which has sufficient strength to stiffen, without thickening the goods. Try Defiance Starch and you will be pleasantly surprised at the improved appearance of your work.

Microbe of Gray Hair.
They have discovered a new microbe in New York and it is quite popular among actors and society women. It is called the chromophage, its special function being to turn the hair gray at a comparatively early age. The handsome actor who has those white hairs on his temple that the women admire so is full of the chromophages. Baldheaded men are immune from the microbes. He only attacks the hair, and a man without hair need not worry about the chromophage. For years it was thought that a process of the blood killed the coloring matter of the hair cells, but scalpologists in New York combat that theory. They say it is the chromophage. The microbe does not like heat and for that reason the woman who uses the curling tongs is less likely to have gray hair than the one who puts her hair up in papers.

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W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 42, 1906.

THE WINNING STROKE

If more than ordinary skill in playing brings the honors of the game to the winning player, so exceptional merit in a remedy ensures the commendation of the well informed, and as a reasonable amount of outdoor life and recreation is conducive to the health and strength, so does a perfect laxative tend to one's improvement in cases of constipation, biliousness, headaches, etc. It is all important, however, in selecting a laxative, to choose one of known quality and excellence, like the ever pleasant Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., a laxative which sweetens and cleanses the system effectually, when a laxative is needed, without any unpleasant after effects, as it acts naturally and gently on the internal organs, simply assisting nature when nature needs assistance, without gripping, irritating or debilitating the internal organs in any way, as it contains nothing of an objectionable or injurious nature. As the plants which are combined with the figs in the manufacture of Syrup of Figs are known to physicians to act most beneficially upon the system, the remedy has met with their general approval as a family laxative, a fact well worth considering in making purchases.

It is because of the fact that **SYRUP OF FIGS** is a remedy of known quality and excellence, and approved by physicians that has led to its use by so many millions of well informed people, who would not use any remedy of uncertain quality or inferior reputation. Every family should have a bottle of the genuine on hand at all times, to use when a laxative remedy is required. Please to remember that the genuine Syrup of Figs is for sale in bottles of one size only, by all reputable druggists, and that full name of the company—California Fig Syrup Co., is plainly printed on the front of every package. Regular price, 50c per bottle.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. **MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Michigan.**

Suffer in Silence

Thousands of Women suffer every month in silence, tortures that would drive a man to the edge of despair. The ailments peculiar to women are not only painful but dangerous and should receive prompt treatment before they grow worse. If you suffer from pain, irregular functions, falling feelings, headache, side ache, dizziness, tired feeling, etc., follow the example of thousands of women who have been relieved or cured, and take Wine of Cardui.

WINE OF CARDUI

Sold by all Druggists

THE OUTLOOK

Weekly Newspaper Devoted to the Interest of
White Oaks and Lincoln Co. N. M.

Published Every Thursday.

Lee M. Rudisill, Editor and Pub.

Entered as second-class matter, September 21,
1904, at post office at White Oaks, New Mexico,
under the Act of Congress of March 3d, 1879.

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REPUBLICAN TICKET.



For Delegate to Congress,
W. H. ANDREWS.
For the Council—11th District,
CARL A. DALLES.
Of Torrance county.
For the Lower House—18th
District,
JAMES V. TULLY.
Of Lincoln county.
For the Lower House—19th
District,
W. E. LINDSEY.
Of Roosevelt county.
For Delegate to Constitutional
Convention,
Geo. W. PRICHARD.

COUNTY TICKET

SHERIFF,
ROBERT HURT.
Living near precinct No. 1.
TREASURER,
THOS. W. WATSON.
Lincoln precinct No. 1.
PROBATE CLERK,
GEORGE SENA.
Lincoln precinct No. 1.
ASSESSOR,
W. S. BRADY.
Lincoln precinct No. 1.
SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS,
W. E. BLANCHARD.
Lincoln precinct No. 1.
SURVEYOR,
W. F. BLANCHARD.
Lincoln precinct No. 1.
COMMISSIONER FIRST DISTRICT,
ROMOLDO DURAN.
Lincoln precinct No. 1.
PROBATE JUDGE,
AUGUSTIN CHAVES.
Precinct No. 5.—nominated by
precinct No. 1.

Can any one remember the time
in Lincoln county when there was
not a Brady hunting for an office?

The Register-Tribune of Ros-
well is putting up a great fight
for the republican ticket of that
county, which is a clean one from
out to end, and has a fair pros-
pect of winning out in that lib-
eral democratic stronghold.

The partisan ticket in Berna-
lillo county nominated and man-
aged by the Hubble crowd is
styled the regular ticket for the
reason, no doubt, that they have
been doing this kind of thing reg-
ularly and robbing the county
systematically for years.

One of the most glaring incon-
sistencies of our conglomeration
advocates is that they have
been claiming all along that if the
measure failed to carry at this
election it would be a waste of
time before either New Mexico
or Arizona would be admit-
ted as states. Now they are
advocating the practicability of
calling the delegates elected to
the constitutional convention to-
gether to frame a constitution
and go before the very next con-
gress with it and demand admis-
sion. But no one pretends to
take the toils of the joint state-
hood crowd seriously when rid-
ing their pet hobby.

A heavy snow storm has been
raging during the week over the
greater part of the middle west,
causing much loss of stock as
well as fruit and other crops
which had not yet been harvest-
ed. The snow ranged from a
flurry at Las Cruces, New Mex-
ico, to thirty inches at Pueblo,
Colorado.

It is reported on what appears
to be good authority, that candi-
date for commissioner, Duran, be-
came so warmly enthusiastic at the
democratic blowout following their
convention that he had to be put
in the cooler over night for fear
that he might become infectious.
This may have been a put up job
by our democratic brethren in
order to retire the Squ octopus
ticket.

Candidate Larazolo in his ora-
torical flight across Lincoln coun-
ty struck the earth at Lincoln,
just long enough to let a little
surplus gass escape, merely
scratched gravel with the tips of
his toes at Capitan, and then
soared clean across the desert,
over the summit of the Organos,
and hit the Rio Grande valley
somewhere near Las Cruces.

The kind of ticket put up by
many of the counties of the ter-
ritory by both political parties
throws a very grave doubt on the
question as to whether or not we
are fitted for any kind of state-
hood. It looks as if Rooseveltian
reform, or even old Missouri re-
form had not yet reached New
Mexico.

THE OUTLOOK wishes it gen-
erally understood that its oppo-
sition to certain candidates on its
party ticket is not through per-
sonal enmity or malice or petty
motives of any kind as the edi-
tor's relations with them have
been the most friendly, but arises
wholly from a desire to expose
all manner of trickery and under-
handed work in matters which
concern the public so vitally.

And now come the friends of
H. O. Barsum and say that, al-
though he has made good his
shortage to the territory, he did
it under protest, and that he will
yet have a hearing through the
courts and the territorial legisla-
ture. It is to be sincerely hoped
that Mr. Barsum will succeed in
righting himself before the peo-
ple, and there is a strong effort
being made by the old crowd to
elect a legislature favorable to him
and against Governor Hager-
man. If they succeed there is
not the slightest doubt but that
the whitewash brush will be fre-
quently used, but when it comes to a
thorough investigation by the
courts—that will be a different
matter.

Is it not about time for the peo-
ple of this county, irrespective of
party, to combine against the
crowd of political ornaments in
Lincoln precinct No. 1, who have
been seeking year after year to
parcel out the county offices
among themselves, without any
regard to the fitness of the per-
sons put forward for discharging
the duties of those offices? It has
been the policy of the gang if
they could not dictate the nomi-
nations for the entire ticket, as
was the case this year, to at least
manage to get some of their num-
ber safely provided for by both
political parties. And yet what
has any of them ever done for
the county to deserve this consid-
eration? The treasurer's books
do not show that they have ever
benefited it in any great amount
by the payment of taxes. They
have not added much luster or
even good penmanship to the rec-
ords of the county. Their rep-
utation as citizens does not un-
tilt them to any special favors. They
are simply exorcences. Let
men of both parties have a trim-
ming bar and lop them off.

PUSHING

Right from the start.

Having purchased a large and complete
line of general merchandise, I will sell
them at very close margins.

**NO LEADERS, But right through the
stock the lowest prices will prevail.**

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MERCHANDISE FOR THE
LEAST MONEY IN
LINCOLN COUNTY**

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S. C. WIENER.

He will save you money.

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WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.

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on all Principal Cities of the World—Accords to Bor-
rowers every accommodation consistent with safety.
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INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

AMUSING THE EDITOR.

Lincoln N. M. October 20, 1906
Mr Rudisill Sir,

I have just seen your
sheet you call the Look out where
you say all the candidates nomi-
nated by the republicans are peo-
ple living in Lincoln and I want
to tell you that you are a lyer.
You are only hot because you
have been hunting for a office for
a long time and you got beat by
Will Blanchard and want to take
it out on him, but he will get the
office you have bin holding down
on a fat salary for a long time and
dont you bother about it. The
people have had enough of you
even if you are so badly beat over
it and would do any thing to bin
nominated. The directors you
appointed here have not satisfied
the people and I hear it is the
same other places so you had bet-
ter take your medisin and shut
up.

A Lincoln Republican.

The above is a sample of the
dog bunge sent to this office oc-
casionally, for the entertainment
of the editor who wants to be fair
and just in all matters pertaining
to the public welfare and yet call
things by their right names.

It seems almost superfluous to
remind this party, who appears to
be too timid or too much of a
cur to sign his name to a commu-
nication, how easy it is to tell a
newspaper man at long range
that he "is a lyer" when he, the
said sneak, can so readily hide
himself behind a nonentity.

Dropping personalities the pres-
ent superintendent of schools
desires to state that two years
ago he did not come before the
county convention seeking any
office in the gift of the people.
There were members of his own
precinct delegation present who
did not know up to the time the
nomination was made that his
name would be presented. He
gladly takes this occasion to
thank the good citizens of the
county, members of both political
parties for their confidence and
good will in giving him the large-
est majority of any one on either
of the county tickets.

In conducting the office for the
past two years it has been his
earnest endeavor, so far as possi-
ble to keep its affairs free from
politics, and work only to the up-
building of the public schools,
here in Lincoln county. Whether
he has succeeded or not, is a
matter he is willing to leave with
the people most concerned. If
there is any dissatisfaction with

his management of the office
among the patrons of the schools
or the school boards of the coun-
ty, he is not aware of it. The
teachers are all his friends, and
with one or two exceptions would
have desired his retention in
office. He is also proud of the
commendation of the Superintend-
ent of public instruction and
members of the Territorial Board
of Education.

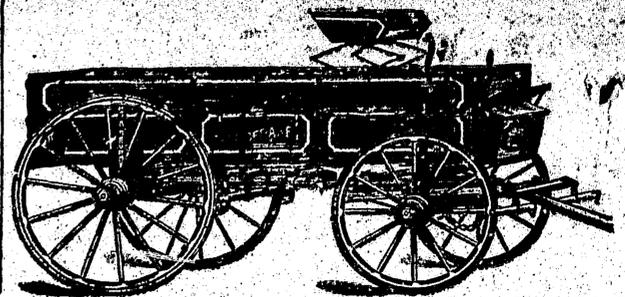
Up to the time of holding the late
nominating convention he asked
no man for his support, nor re-
quested his friends to do so,
holds no animosity toward Mr.
Blanchard, and instead of feeling
so badly "beat" over the loss of
that "fat salary", he feels like a
boy out of school.

As to "taking his medicine",
if by that is meant the kind of
brew handed out to the voters
of the county by the Lincoln cab-
al, he proposes in that case to
be more philosophical than Soc-
rates himself, and take his por-
tion in such infinitesimal doses
that it will only act as a mild
stimulant.

With these few remarks he is
willing to consider the incident
closed.

Do not forget that J. V. Tully
is Republican candidate for mem-
ber of the lower house in the ter-
ritorial legislature. Almost every
body in Lincoln County knows
Jim Tully, or if they dont they
ought to. He is an old citizen of
the county, owns a fine ranch on
the Baidoso which he has acquired
through pluck, energy and good
business, is straight and uncom-
promising in his dealings as a
barbed wire fence. He always
has a hearty greeting for his
friends, and his enemies, if he
has any, can always expect fair
treatment. If elected he will take
a seat away up near the front row,
and will always be found occupy-
ing it during business sessions
with a wide awake alertness, and
a ready mind and eye to detect
graft and jobbery.

Incompetency borders close up
on criminality when it seeks by
corrupt and underhanded meth-
ods to force itself into official po-
sition against the public welfare.
Does any one suppose that Ro-
maldo Duran, candidate for com-
missioner in the Lincoln district,
without having acquired any busi-
ness habits, and no ability to ac-
cumulate sufficient property of
his own to make him a tax payer,
has the ability to manage the af-
fairs of a county like Lincoln?
Before you vote for him ask your-
self this question.



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Clark	2 50 p m	Clark	2 50 p m
Williams Spur	3 10 p m	Williams Spur	2 35 p m
Stanley	3 40 p m	Stanley	2 10 p m
Moriarty	4 10 p m	Moriarty	1 35 p m
McIntosh	4 35 p m	McIntosh	1 10 p m
Autelope	4 45 p m	Autelope	12 50 p m
Estancia	5 05 p m	Estancia	12 45 p m
Willard	6 30 p m	Willard	11 25 p m
Progreso	6 55 p m	Progreso	10 55 p m
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