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THE OUTLOOK.

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VOLUME 3 WHITE OAKS NEW MEXICO, THURSDAY, DECEMBER, 20, 1906. NUMBER 16

LOCAL ROUNDUPS,

W. A. McIver was circulating on our streets again yesterday.

A.H, Hudspeth returned a few days ago from the lower part of the county where he went on business connected with the court.

Mrs. Ellis came up from the ranch Monday to stock up on Christmas dainties, as well as things more useful and serviceable.

Both the Methodist and Congregational churches here will have Christmas trees for the young people and some that will get young again for the occasion. From the secret confabs one sees in all kinds of quiet corners the trees will not lack for ornamontal fruitage.

Fresh oysters, New York counts.
TALIAFERRO'S.

Clif Hulbert brought up a load of alfalfa from Lincoln the latter part of last week and you could see about all of a certain kind of ears in town picking up over its appearance on our streets, for it meant a temporary satisfaction, at least, to many a craving appetite. He reports every thing flourishing down the valley.

Candy—All prices, as low as 15c per lb.
TALIAFERRO'S.

B. T. James, Presiding Elder of the M. E, Church South for the Albuquerque District, paid the charge here a short visit this week and preached to a full house Tuesday evening, Rev James is a fine speaker and a very companionable man, and the people here irrespective of creed would be glad if his visits were not so far between.

A. C. Austin, proprietor of "The Willows," on the upper Bonito and a leading ranchman and horticulturist of that famous region brought a load of apples to this market last week, every one of them having a pedigree running back to the garden of Eden, and grown and ripened in the sunshine and ozone of this mountain climate. They disappeared like ice cream soda at a picnic on a day in June.

Bulk Pickles, 10 cents a dozen,
TALIAFERRO'S.

C. H. Flamboy principal owner of the Vera Cruz mine, is here looking after the property. The company which he represents is arranging to open up that old mine in the early part of the year, which was closed down several months ago on account of bad management. There is no other reason but that why it should not be a heavy producer today.

Those who know themselves to be indebted for a years subscription to the OUTLOOK are kindly asked to send in the amount before the first of January, as the books will pass into other hands at that time and you should not be caught napping. Neither should you ask to be carried on the roll beyond the year.

A FAMILY TIE THAT IS A CINCH THE WORLD AROUND.

Word comes from Hondo through the grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. Coe, of Glencoe, that the stork visited the home of Orville A. Hunt and wife recently, and left an eight pound piece of feminine dimity that is likely to cause some wakeful nights in that household for some time to come. Strange to say, they are rather proud of this new trouble that came to them.

WAS BEING USED.

A story is told of a certein well known politician of the old regime in New Mexico, that he lately went to Washington to see the President on matters of great importance—to himself. He was granted only a few moments interview—just long enough to state his case—and was told to call some other time when the rush was over. This he did the next day, and for several succeeding days, without finding the president at leisure enough to recieve him. Finally he stated his grievance to an usher, and received this consolation: "Your case, my dear sir, is something like that of a lady down at Long Branch who was seen to come for several successive mornings in a very aristocratic lookicg bathing suit, but did not attempt to enter the surf. Finally she was approached by a friend and asked the cause of her strange performance. 'Why, every time I come out,' she replied, 'I find the water being used.' That is probably the trouble. The president is being used.

Fresh creamery butter, also choice butterine. You pay your money and take your choice.
TALIAFERRO'S.

SCHOOL REPORTS.

The following shows the progress of school work in the several districts named as given by the monthly reports of the teachers.

District No. 1, Lincoln, has a scholastic enumeration of 272 Mrs. Elizabeth A. Gamm is Principal of the school and Miss May Burleson assistant teacher. The enrollment is 96, average daily attendance 71.

District No. 8, White Oaks, enumeration 135. Miss Carrie Covington Principal and Miss Ruth Tompkins assistant. Enrollment 94, average daily attendance 82.

District No. 28, Capitan, has an enumeration of 124 Mrs. Zane Ogden is principal, and James Dow assistant. No. of pupils enrolled, 92, average daily attendance 71.

District No. 11, Nogal, has an enumeration of 73. Miss Mabel Anglin is teacher, and has an enrollment of 45, and an average daily attendance of 34.

Distaict No. 20, Hondo, enumeration 77. Mrs Ruth Harper teacher. Enrollment 41, average daily attendance 25.

The districts here given are among the larger schools of the county which have been in session. The per cent of enrollment based upon the enumeration, and the per cent of attendance, based upon the number enrolled, is as follows

District No. 1, enrollment is 39 per cent of enumeration, daily attendance is 74 per cent.

In this instance the small percentage of enrollment is due to the fact that it has been the custom to have a separate school in session at the upper end of the distaict, which is too widely separated to allow attendance at Lincoln, but as yet no suitable teacher has been secured.

In district No. 8, enrollment 69 per cent, attendance 87 per cent.

District No, 28, enrollment 74 per cent, attendance 77 per cent.

In district No. 11, enrollment is 64 per cent, attendance 75 per cent.

District No. 20, enrollment 53 per cent, attendance 60 per cent.

Grandma Stewart who has been seriously ill for some weeks past appears to be improving quite perceptibly for the last few days.

"THE LAW OF THE LAND."

Last week an apology of a man was tried for murder in El Paso, convicted and sent to the penitentiary for life. The crime was a most cold blooded and heartless one. the victim was shot down while protesting that he was unarmed, was not hunting trouble and while begging that his life be spared. A dozen or more were witnesses to the assassination. There never was the slightest doubt as to the guilt of the murderer. He had a fair trial and no one questions the justice of the sentence.

Yet the lawyers, not having exhauseed all the money in sight raised for the defence, have filed a motion for a new trial and the case is liable to drag along for years.

Here in Lincoln county we have a very similar condition of affrirs. A young fiend after inducing a girl to live with him under false promises, it is supposed, finally began to treat her with such cruelty that she was compelled to leave him. He followed her, took her from the wagon up onto the hillside and shot her to death The case was plain enough and after a fair trial was convicted and sentenced to be hanged. The usual appeal was taken and the assassin, after the county has been put to thousands of dollars expense bids fair to go free. "It is the law of the land" as it is now being enforced.

TO CONSUMPTIVES

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his Remedy, as it is invaluable. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address.

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON.
Brooklyn, New York.

Welch & Titsworth

Pride of Denver Flour	per cwt.		2.30
Imboden's best	"	"	2.35
Second grade Kansas	"	"	1.80
Granulated Sugar 16	lbs	for	1.00
" " 100	"	"	5.40

(PRICES SUBJECT TO MARKET FLUCTUATIONS.)

WEBER WAGONS, BOOTS AND SHOES.
APPLE BOXES. WINDOW GLASS.
STETSON HATS. IRON ROOFING.

Get Our Prices Before Buying **Elsewhere.**

CAPITAN. N. M.

HOTEL OZANNE,
WHITE OAKS, NEW MEXICO.
Now open for business. Clean beds and an excellent cuisine awaits the traveling public.

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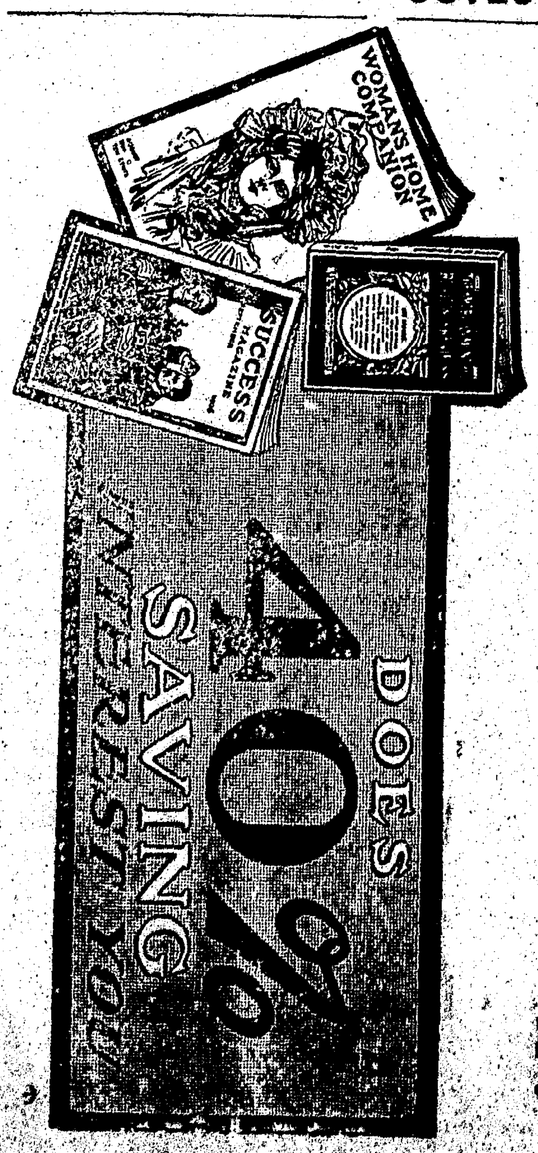
DONE AT THE
OUTLOOK OFFICE.



The Greatest Magazine Bargain of the year.

By special arrangement we are now prepared to offer the Review of Reviews, price $3,00, the Womans Home Companion, price $1.00, the Success Magazine, price $1,00 and The Outlook, price $1.00 making in all $6,00 if subscribed for separately. These four periodicals are offerd for a limited time only $3.60

Send in your order to this office at once if you wish to take advantage of his extremely liberal offer.

Who's your Tailor?

The most skillful cutters and tailors are to be found in the metropolitan cities.

This is one of the many reasons why we can give better values than the local tailor can—at a little more than half his price.

You'll appreciate what the *easy feel* is in one of our suits.

We'll show you an assortment of 500 styles of woolens to select from.

Made to your measure—taken by us.

Exclusive Local Representative of
Ed. V. Price & Company
Merchant Tailors, Chicago

TALIAFERRO MERC. and TRADING CO.

Church Directory.

Plymouth Congregational Church.

Services every Sunday as follows Sunday School at 10,30 a. m.

All are cordially invited to attend.

Methodist Church

Sabbath School each Sunday at 10 o'clock a. m.

Weekly prayermeeting Wednesday night.

All are cordially invited to join evangervices.

Professional Cards.

A. H. Hudspeth, John Y. Hewitt
Hewitt & Hudspeth,
Attorneys-at-Law
HEWITT BLOCK. WHITE OAKS.

J. E. WHARTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
ALAMOGORDO, - - NEW MEXICO.
Special attention given to cases in Lincoln as well as Otero county.

THE OUTLOOK

WHITE OAKS, - NEW MEXICO.

Children in Big Cities.

The family living outside of the larger cities can thank its stars for one thing, and that is that its children are not made a reproach to it. In New York, says the Montreal Herald, there are plenty of apartment houses where they will not permit families with children to rent an apartment at any price; and there are others where children, while not excluded, are made very unwelcome. But in the wide country, children cannot be in the way. The farm house is joyfully made the bigger for their accommodation, and the long days of winter are the cheerier for their presence. Their mothers are not so wearied by rushing from "bridge parties," to theaters, and from receptions to balls, that their "nerves" cannot endure the prattle of the little folks; rather do they take the keenest pleasure in their merry company. The farm house would be very empty without them; the city flat is crowded by their intrusion. Then, too, the child is always a financial burden to the city man, unless he imprisons it in a factory or a store, but, to the farmer, it is generally an asset as soon as it grows old enough to take its share in the healthful labors of the farm.

A World-Wide Conquest.

Not only the English language, but our alphabet, seems to be destined to become the prevailing one of the world. In all likelihood the Japanese will soon legally establish our alphabet for the empire. The government has had in mind for some time the substitution of the Latin alphabet for the clumsy and uncertain Chinese characters which have been in use since time immemorial, but without waiting for government sanction, leading men in the empire have been pushing forward a movement for this substitution which is taking a deep hold upon the people. The Latin alphabet which we and most of the European nations use is in reality an Irish alphabet, says the National Tribune. It is based upon the writing of the Irish monks in the early centuries, and which was so clear and beautiful that it rapidly gained popularity over the crabbed and laborious characters used by the monks in other countries in the transcription of manuscripts. It will be greatly to the advantage of the world to adopt this Irish-Latin alphabet and make it universal, and at the same time giving every letter a certain and unchangeable value.

Worthy Russians in Want.

The future historian of the Russian revolution will find the advertising columns of the St. Petersburg or Moscow newspapers in 1906 a rich source of information as to actual social conditions. Thus the daughter of a nobleman advertises that: "Robbers have killed my parents and stolen everything. I am an honest girl; will not some rich family adopt me or let me do household work or nursing?" Many "want" advertisements begin: "I come from the starving province." The appeals for immediate aid are incessant: "I have expended my last penny for this advertisement," begins one announcement, which makes one wish that there were a St. Petersburg Charity Organization society to respond. That many others of a similar character come from respectable women genuinely in need of immediate aid is vouched for by a German observer. The terrible crisis of the last year or two has evidently reduced many worthy men and women to absolute want and despair.

In connection with the death of Archduke Otto, second nephew of the emperor Francis Joseph, it is interesting to take note of the curious chain of succession to the throne of Austria. When Archduke Franz Ferdinand, who was heir to the throne after the death of Prince Rudolph, contracted a morganatic marriage with the Countess Chotek, and so lost the right of transmitting the succession, Archduke Otto became heir-presumptive. It was soon evident, however, that if ever he came into the order of succession he would be forced to renounce it in favor of his son, Archduke Karl, now 19. Thus it comes about, says the London Globe, that while the present emperor was the nephew of the Emperor Ferdinand, he will in all probability be succeeded by Archduke Franz Ferdinand, his nephew, and he in turn by his nephew Franz.

A skeleton of a "lexolophodon" has been landed at New York. Persons who have not been permitted to see it yet feel confident that it must have an ordinary hippopotamus beaten several city blocks.

One young man who entered Prof. Wiley's poison squad three years ago is dead, but so are others who stayed out of it.

When a man looks specially foolish, either he is just engaged or somebody has named a new baby after him.

NEW MEXICO NEWS SUMMARY

Senator Teller of Colorado introduced a bill providing for the admission of New Mexico as a state.

Rabbi Dr. M. Lefkovitz, who for five years has ministered to the large Jewish congregation in Las Vegas, has accepted a call to an important charge at Duluth, Minnesota. Dr. Lefkovitz, although still a young man, is counted as one of the most learned rabbis in the West.

The Atchison railroad directors have passed resolutions for a stockholders' meeting on January 30th to vote $25,000,000 to $50,000,000 increase for an extension from Texico, New Mexico, to the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe line, giving the Atchison the shortest route from Frisco to Galveston.

Crazed by drink, Charles Johnson, a Swede, went into the toilet room of a coach on a Santa Fe train and fired a bullet into his brain. He was brought to Albuquerque and died in the hospital. He was a member of the Chicago Truck Drivers' union No. 705, and also the American Federation of Labor. He had relatives and friends in Chicago who have been notified of his death.

Virgil Harris, accused of shooting Joe Padilla, and John Belknap, accused as accessory, were acquitted at Albuquerque at a preliminary hearing. While the testimony was sensational, nothing was adduced to show that Harris attempted to assassinate Padilla, although the latter was shot in the leg, or that Belknap was an accessory. The shooting of Padilla remains a mystery.

Gallup's city administration is now without an official head, says a recent dispatch. E. M. Sanjule has resigned as mayor, to which position he was elected at the recent city election which precipitated quo warranto proceedings which are now pending in the District Court at Albuquerque. Mr. Sanjule intimated that he was requested to resign by the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Company, by which he is employed.

Within the past few weeks, says an Albuquerque dispatch, this city has been flooded by spurious checks and in most cases the offenders have been caught but escaped with light punishment. It is probable that the merchants will prosecute to the full extent of the law the next offender. Libra lo C. De Baca was arrested yesterday charged with forging a check. E. H. Green, who was given a jail sentence for a similar offense, secured funds to pay the face of the checks and has been released.

Judge A. A. Freeman, former federal judge in New Mexico, whose family feared he had perished in the snow while hunting near Carlsbad, was rescued by ranchmen, after being penned in a hut over two days without food or fire. He was assistant attorney general of the United States under Hayes' administration, and was appointed federal judge for New Mexico by Harrison. After the civil war he was the Republican candidate for governor against Gen. John Brown in Tennessee. Judge Freeman suffered greatly in his recent snow experience and has just recovered sufficiently to return home.

The output of the zinc ores in New Mexico for the year 1906 will exceed that of the previous year and it will be much larger than that of the year 1905, which has the best record in the production of zinc ores in the Sunshine Territory up to date. From the branch line of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway from Socorro to Magdalena, where the output of the Kelly and Magdalena districts is handled, about three carloads of ore are now being shipped daily. It is expected that this will be increased after the first of the year. New Mexico is coming steadily to the front as one of the big zinc ore producers not only of this country but on the globe.—Santa Fe New Mexican.

An Albuquerque dispatch of the 9th inst. says: Richard Queen, who was indicted during the week for assault with intent to rob, pleaded guilty at Socorro yesterday. Last July Queen and Thomas Craig, both cowboys, rode up to the ranch home of Jose Baca y Castillo, about thirty miles from Magdalena, and, claiming to be hungry, were given food. The men acted suspiciously and the son-in-law of Mr. Baca went to his home near by and secured a gun. Returning to the Baca house he found Craig assaulting the old man with a six-shooter and Queen looking around the room for alleged hidden money. The son-in-law fired, mortally wounding Craig. Queen fled, but was captured a few days later.

Homer Baker, the young son of S. L. Baker of Mineral Hill, and a pupil at the Castle school here, is suffering from a broken leg and other injuries as the result of a football game between the young students at the school, says a Las Vegas dispatch. He was the unfortunate spectator in the case. A crowd of schoolmates in mass formation rushed around the corner of a building. Before the boy could escape he was knocked down and the whole crowd fell upon him in a heap. His leg was forced back under him and broken. When the boys began to regain their feet they soon found their playmate was badly injured and called a grocery wagon in which he was carted home. Besides a broken leg the youth has internal injuries which, however, are not thought to be serious.

Durango, Colorado, and San Juan county, New Mexico, are in luck. United efforts has resulted in assuring the Smelter City a five million dollar sugar factory. All that was asked of Durango, the Las Animas and San Juan valleys to secure the industry was a guarantee that 5,000 acres would be planted in sugar beets. It was not difficult to get this guarantee, for it meant no contribution at all by the farmers but an assurance that part of their acreage would be profit profit-bearing in the future, for good prices are paid for sugar beets and the northwestern corner of New Mexico and southwestern Colorado are ideally located and adapted for sugar beet culture. Santa Fe with its tributary valleys to the north could have secured a beet sugar factory before this if its board of trade had made the same kind of a guarantee that has been signed by the Durango board of trade.—Santa Fe New Mexican.

Government Sheep Dipping.

The federal government will take charge of the dipping of sheep in New Mexico during the coming season, according to the statement of some members of the Sheep Sanitary Board, which was in annual session here Saturday, says an Albuquerque dispatch. The discussion of the sheep industry lasted for several hours and was thorough. It was asserted that the loss of sheep during the recent blizzard was slight, although goats, particularly Angoras, suffered heavily.

It is practically certain that the government will detail inspectors to take charge of the dipping of sheep during the coming season, although no promise to that effect has been made. The Territorial Sheep Sanitary Board is to supply the inspectors to see that the sheep are brought to the dipping places. The government will bring experienced inspectors from Utah, Wyoming, Idaho, and other places to inspect the dipping. It will require about 125 men, who will be paid from $100 to $75 a month. The New Mexico board has from twenty-five to thirty men in the field each season, and when the force is enlarged to 125 men the inspection will be very thorough. The sheep are free from scab to a great extent and prices continue good, according to members of the sanitary board.

Indians Saw the President.

A Santa Fe dispatch of the 8th inst. says: Gov. J. Romero, War Chief Yeppa and Jesus Baca of Jemez Pueblo, returned to-day from Washington, where they had been to see President Roosevelt to present their grievances and ask that the lands taken up by settlers round about them be restored to them and that an order issued to exclude all white men from their dances and festivities.

The President, after an interview that pleased the red skins greatly, referred them to the bureau of Indian affairs with their grievances.

When they left for Washington Gov. Romero carried the money for their expenses in a satchel that looked fat and well filled. Upon their return it was lean and the governor remarked:

"Lots of money when we go, no money when we come home. Costs heap to see so much. Had fine time. President him great man and good to Indians. Now we go home. Indians very tired."

They left for Jemez to-night.

The Territorial Board of Health in session at Santa Fe adjourned after granting licenses to practice medicine to forty applicants.

At Magdalent Mrs. Bert Beagle came near meeting horrible death came near meeting horrible death by steam escaping from a boiler at Allen's hotel. One side of her face was frightfully scalded and also her left arm above the elbow. She will be disfigured for life.

Judge McFie, at Santa Fe, issued a writ of habeas corpus upon petition of Juan Garcia, aged seventy-five years, charged with the murder of his seventy-three-year-old brother, Florencio, recently. A commission is examining into the sanity of Garcia, who at first had been admitted to $2,000 bail, but which had been later revoked.

H. O. Stabler of the forestry service has completed his work on the Pecos forest reserve and will recommend the addition of about 100,000 acres along the southern boundary of the reserve and the prohibition of cattle and other grazing on the watershed of the Santa Fe river, which, on account of overgrazing, has been denuded to a dangerous point.

The schools here have been closed, says a Gallup dispatch, and the city council has ordered all children to remain off the streets and away from public gatherings, as the result of scarlet fever which, however, is being rapidly stamped out. None of those ill with the disease are in a serious condition. There are several cases of diphtheria at Fort Defiance.

Twenty-nine original homestead entries, seven final homestead entries, and four desert land entries were made at the Santa Fe federal land office during the last ten days of November. The record for the month was 150 original homestead entries, 36 final homestead entries, and 22 desert land entries. Ninety-five of the original homestead filings were in the Estancia valley.

Preparations are well under way at Roswell for the erection of a combination theater and fraternity building by Roswell Lodge No. 969, Benevolent Protective Order of Elks. A structure of this kind has been under contemplation ever since the local lodge was organized, and it is expected that the actual work of construction will begin shortly. The estimated cost of the building proposed is $50,000.

Judge E. A. Mann at a special session of the District Court at Alamagordo imposed the following five sentences and the prisoners will be lodged in the territorial penitentiary: S. Moreno, murder in the second degree, ten years; M. Arvien, burglary, two years; Eleanor Gordoro, assault with deadly weapons, one year and six months; Pedro Ramo, assaulting his wife, one year; James Nevins, larceny, one year.

Incorporation papers were filed at Santa Fe on the 6th inst., by the Forest Queen Copper Company of Silver City, capital $1,000,000; incorporators and directors, H. E. Kotler and D. T. White of El Paso, Texas; A. W. Sloss of Silver City and M. D. Gaylord of Nogal. Also by the Continental Lumber Company of Silver City, capital, $25,000; incorporators and directors, Thomas A. Miller, G. J. Salle and C. A. Salle of Silver City.

The remains of Charles A. Caldwell, held at Albuquerque the past month for identification, have been buried at the county's expense. This is the man who was mysteriously killed at Algodones where he was supposed to have been struck by a southbound passenger train. He wore a badge of the government secret service and letters were found among his effects from alleged officers of the government. He was a son of John Caldwell of Sweet Springs, West Virginia, who is too poor to send for the body.

WONDERS OF COLORADO.

The World Should Be Informed of Its Marvellous Resources.

In New York, where he spent three weeks recently, Simon Guggenheim of the American Smelting and Refining Company, found eastern investors eagerly looking for places of sound investment, and when he returned to Colorado he realized more fully than ever that there is no other state or territory which offers such inducements as his home state. Yesterday he furnished reasons for the faith that is in him and gave a wonderfully interesting survey of the giant strides taken by the state in recent years, and told of what is in store in the next year or two. Mr. Guggenheim is a trained business man of sound judgment and his statements carry force and conviction. In all departments and branches of industry, in sugar beet and fruit culture, in agriculture generally, in mining, the state has gone ahead and it has yet a good way to go to reach the zenith. The world should be made aware of what Colorado has to offer.

"I was never so much impressed by the greatness of Colorado as on my recent visit to New York," said Mr. Guggenheim. "During the three weeks I was away I read several interviews in the Denver papers regarding a semi-centennial celebration for this city. I am heartily in favor of it. I believe we should show the world what Colorado has to offer. Our great need is people who will come here with money to invest or who are ambitious to become citizens of the state. The great need of the people of the East is opportunity for investment and employment. It is certain that people who are looking for new locations or investments will pass us by unless we reveal to them the world-astonishing possibilities of this state.

"When I say we can astonish the world I mean it. I talked with a building contractor in New York who was employing men excavating a basement for $1.25 a day. When I told him the beet growers of Colorado would pay $3.00 a day for those men, and board them, he was astonished. It reminded me of the days when Colorado people doubted the men who said the sugar industry in this state had a great future.

"I recall visiting the first sugar factory at Grand Junction six years ago when it was standing idle, and hearing people say the industry would never be profitable here. Now our factories have a capacity of 10,000 tons of sugar every twenty-four hours, and beets are piled in the fields because the tillers of the soil have outstripped the headlong pace at which capital has been preparing to care for what they raise. It would take eastern people many years to accomplish what we have done in half a dozen years.

"I wish we could exhibit to the world the marvelous strides in the development of our agricultural lands. Coming into Denver the other day over the Burlington I saw scores of prosperous farmhouses between here and Otis, 125 miles east, which were built in the past year. The 'short-grass' country in Washington and Yuma counties is coming into its own. All the way to Chicago I saw evidence that the Colorado land agent was at work. I can remember the time when you couldn't find a man selling Colorado land. If you were to tell the wonderful advance of the prices of agricultural lands of Colorado to eastern people they would not believe you. They need such an object lesson as an exposition would provide. When I told New Yorkers that in the past five years the area of irrigated land in northern Colorado had increased fifteen per cent., while the aggregate value had actually doubled, they thought we were having a 'boom.' I told them our San Luis valley irrigated acreage had increased twenty per cent. and that over on the western slope and down in the Arkansas valley the irrigated acreage had doubled and the value increased twenty-five per cent., assuring them there was no land boom nor any effort to make one.

"You know in the East farm lands are actually depreciating. If they only realized what we have here, the scenes at the opening of a government reservation would be duplicated. Five years ago what is now called 'dry farming' land, was being sold for taxes. This was in the 'short grass' region of eastern Colorado and in the section far north of Greeley. Now this land sells for $10 and $15 an acre.

"The Union Pacific railroad has for years great difficulty in selling land for $5 an acre. In Kit Carson county some friends of mine recently paid $10 an acre for land that the railroad wanted to sell five years ago at any price. Two years ago ranches out in Adams county were going begging at $1.50 an acre; 20,000 acres have recently been sold there for $7.50 an acre.

"The Bijou ranch, in Elbert county, 30,000 acres, has recently been sold, the poorest of it bringing $7.50 and the best $10 an acre. Three years ago $4 an acre was the highest offer they could get. In Montrose county, as a result of the government tunnel, land which absolutely had no value a few years ago is selling at an average price of $40 an acre. Over in Routt county four big ditches carrying 1,500 cubic feet of water a second in the aggregate will water 75,000 acres. The largest of these ditches, when empty, can be used for a road where heavy wagons can easily pass. Five years ago Routt county was practically cut off from the world. Can any man now living set a limit on the possibilities of Colorado agriculture or say where this steady growth will end? The land in Larimer and Weld counties, once so cheap and now hardly to be had at any price, is an example that astonishes all who hear of that agricultural marvel.

Greater Berlin.

Minister of the Interior Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg recently asked Burgomaster Kirschner for his views of the proposed plan for the incorporation of the suburbs of Berlin into the city proper. In response, Herr Kirschner has now submitted to the minister a memorandum pointing out the necessity for previously providing for the reorganization of the suburban municipalities. If the plan is carried out Berlin will have 5,000,000 inhabitants.

Tea on the Down Grade.

Tea drinkers are finding scant encouragement in a report recently made by a large tea exporting house in Yokohama to its American customers. Incidentally it indicates that the United States is not alone in facing increased cost of living. The report says: "Owing to the rapidly increasing cost of living in Japan labor costs more, and in consequence cultivation of the tea gardens is less generous and extensive than formerly, and less care and skill are expended in picking and curing the leaf. Hence the average quality of the teas now offered for sale is below that of seasons prior to the war, and for the same reasons we are not likely in the future to see any reversion to the excellence of former years."—New York Sun.

Laundry work at home would be much more satisfactory if the right Starch were used. In order to get the desired stiffness, it is usually necessary to use so much starch that the beauty and fineness of the fabric is hidden behind a paste of varying thickness, which not only destroys the appearance, but also affects the wearing quality of the goods. This trouble can be entirely overcome by using Defiance Starch, as it can be applied much more thinly because of its greater strength than other makes.

Museum Gets Fine Pulpit.

King Friederich August of Saxony has given to the Germanic museum at Harvard a full-size reproduction of the sandstone pulpit of the Church of Wechselburg, near Leipsic. This gift is regarded as the most important made to the museum since the fine collection of casts was sent by the German emperor. The pulpit belongs to the beginning of the thirteenth century, and is a massive structure, 15 feet high, resting on Romanesque columns.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON, NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

To Utilize Power of Tides.

A group of several engineers and capitalists, headed by William O. Weber, of Boston, believe they have revolutionized the industrial system by a new device utilizing the power of the tides so as to manufacture compressed air. A plant is about to be erected at South Thomaston, Me., to demonstrate the value of this invention.

The extraordinary popularity of fine white goods this summer makes the choice of Starch a matter of great importance. Defiance Starch, being free from all injurious chemicals, is the only one which is safe to use on fine fabrics. Its great strength as a stiffener makes half the usual quantity of Starch necessary, with the result of perfect finish, equal to that when the goods were new.

Young Man Extensive Traveler.

Lord Ronaldshay, though only thirty years of age, probably has done more traveling for his age than any man living. Few people know more than he about the Himalayas and Persia. He has also found time to explore Kashmir, Baluchistan, Ladak, Thibet and the Persian gulf, to say nothing of Ceylon.

Seeks Practical Knowledge.

The Montenegrin minister of agriculture is a practical man. Poultry breeding is at present engaging his attention, and in his office he has had a hen sitting to hatch a special brood of chickens. There are now nine chickens chirping round his chair.

Costly Water Supply.

New York city burns 110,000 tons of coal a year to pump water into the public reservoirs in Brooklyn, Queens and Richmond boroughs.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES
Are guaranteed to cure or money refunded. The pills may be discontinued without inconvenience. Sold only in boxes.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Brent Good

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

ALCOHOL NOT INSPIRING.

Such is the Verdict of Leading German Literary Men.

Does alcohol inspire poets and others? According to the great ones of living literature in Germany, it does not. According to biographers, in the case of many men, notably Edgar Allen Poe and Addison, the English essayist, it does.

This interesting question has been brought to the front by Dr. van Vleuten, editor of Das Literarische Echo. This is a new periodical. The editor sought some means of advertising it, of attracting marked attention from the literary world, to whom it appeals. And so he sprung his questions on alcohol. The hundred and fifty leading authors and poets of Germany were appealed to. Of these 115 answered. Rhapsodies in prose and poetry were among the answers, which have attracted great attention, not alone from those interested in literature, but from the medical world and scientists as well.

The result of the thorough poll of experts, is that inspiration by alcohol is not worth the having, if indeed there is such an inspiration. And yet the Fatherland's poets sing more eloquently of beer and wine and the cup that cheers and inebriates, than the poets of, perhaps, any other country.

Of the writers appealed to, four are total abstainers, twenty-three moderate drinkers, 108 avoid alcohol before and during work, and only twelve are advocates of alcohol. But a majority of these twelve are eloquent only in the praise of wine taken at table.

Mexico's President.

President Diaz is now seventy-six years of age, but he is equal to the administrative tasks of a man of fifty-six, says Modern Mexico. For more than fifty years he has been the central figure in the national affairs of Mexico, and of that time thirty years as an active soldier. Since he came into power the country has known absolute peace, where before it was in constant revolution. Railroads now run in every direction, developing great industries and opening up the wonderful mining district of Mexico. Miles upon miles of telegraph lines are given in figures that astonish foreigners.

To President Diaz was given the honor of completing the great work of the drainage of the valley of Mexico, which has made the city so notably healthy in comparison to former years. This important engineering problem was commenced 300 years ago, but owing to insurmountable difficulties the project never materialized until the present era of peace and enlightenment. To President Diaz is also due the inauguration of numerous great port works, besides many other enterprises during recent years.

World's Letter Writers.

Many Americans are doubtless under the impression that this land of free public schools and other great educational advantages exceeds all others in the use it makes of the postoffice, says Leslie's Weekly. But, according to statistics recently submitted by the Universal Postal Union, Great Britain ranks ahead of us in head. The report furnishes other surprises. France and Norway, for instance, each with a good school system and a highly intelligent people, stand lower on the list than Austria and Argentina. New Zealand comes next to us with 66.3 per head, and after that Switzerland with 59.70. The land of the Alps stands first in the number of postoffices in proportion to the population, the ratio here being one office to every 896 people. Germany has one for every 1,460, Great Britain one for every 1,859, Denmark one for every 2,586, Italy one for every 3,791, Holland for every 3,981, Belgium for every 3,931, and France for every 4,751. Great Britain derives the greatest profits from her postal system, netting annually about $23,438,627, the second country being Russia with $20,595,505 profits. Russia is not considered a letter-writing country, and its printed matter is restrained, and yet upon its peculiar system it derives good profits.

Denver Directory

STOVE REPAIRS of every known make of stove, furnace or range. Geo. A. Fullen, 1321 Lawrence, Denver. Phone 728.

THE FAMOUS J. H. WILSON STOCK SADDLES Ask your dealer for them. Take no other.

AMERICAN HOUSE DENVER. Two blocks from union depot. The best $2 per day hotel in the West. American plan.

BROWN PALACE HOTEL Absolutely fire-proof. European Plan, $1.50 and Upward.

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Established in Colorado, 1866. Samples by mail or express will receive prompt and careful attention
Gold & Silver Bullion Refined, Melted and Assayed OR PURCHASED.
Concentration Tests—100 lbs. or car load lots. Write for terms.
1736-1738 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

BOOK OF FIFTY "OLD FAVORITE SONGS"
Words and Music sent FREE on receipt of your name and address with name of one or more persons thinking of buying a Piano, Organ or Talking Machine.
THE KNIGHT-LOCKE PIANO CO., 518-521 Sixteenth St., Denver, Colo.

PIANOS AND ORGANS
Send your name with this ad. for list of fine bargains in pianos and organs. Pianos from $78 up. Organs from $18 to $75 up. Player Pianos, can be played by anyone, $450 up. Instruments sold on easy terms to suit buyer. Victor talking machines sold at factory prices on easy terms. Write for catalogue, our different instruments.
THE KNIGHT-CAMPBELL MUSIC COMPANY, 1635-37 California St., Denver, Colo.

HOWARD E. BURTON, Assayer and Chemist.
Specimen prices: Gold, silver, lead, $1; gold, silver, zinc, gold, 75c; zinc or copper, 75c. Cyanide tests. Mailing envelopes and full price list sent on application. Control for samples over subject to Denver Exchange, Corbett National Bank.

HEAVY INHERITANCE TAX

Advocated by Andrew Carnegie in New York Speech.

New York.—Andrew Carnegie, in an address before the National Civic Federation Thursday said that he believed the major portion of the estates of enormously wealthy men should go to the state upon the death of the possessor of the fortune. Mr. Carnegie opposed a graduated income tax.

Melville E. Ingalls of Cincinnati addressed himself to the subject of an income and inheritance tax, especially with a view to limiting the large accumulations of wealth in the possession of individuals. He said that there had been in the last few years three prolific sources of multi-millionaires which are open to criticism. These, he said, were the tariff, illegal favors and contracts given to the shippers by the railways, and the securing by means which were questionable, of contracts at nominal prices for the use of the streets of various cities for the purpose of transportation and lighting. He said that illegal favors had been in many cases wrung from the railways by the shippers and said that this form of evil had been used in combination with the tariff.

William D. Guthrie, a lawyer, who led the fight in the local courts against an income tax, on constitutional grounds, held that there must, under American institutions, be equality of taxation.

Andrew Carnegie, who followed, said that he was in hearty accord with Mr. Guthrie.

"I think an income tax would penetrate business to the core," said Mr. Carnegie. "I think this country would never regret anything so much as to impose such a tax. I differ with the President strongly on the subject of the income tax. But I am in a peculiar position on the inheritance tax, advocating that as something like getting a better distribution of wealth.

"The subject of wealth distribution will not down."

Mr. Carnegie said he believed, inasmuch as the wealth properly belonged to the community, the latter, on the death of the possessor, should acquire a great portion of the wealth, having had a large portion to do with its development.

"Our country fails in its duty," said Mr. Carnegie, "if it does not exact a share, a tremendous share, of the estate of the enormously wealthy upon his death. The money belongs to the community. Do not mistake me. I do not advocate the making of a man a pauper, or the pauperizing of his children, but it is not the millionaire who made the wealth. He did not make the ore, or the coal or the gold that he dug from the ground. The Montana copper mine owner did not make his wealth. It belongs in the abstract to the people who use it and who produce the use which makes it valuable.

"I am with the President, then, to tax heavily by graduated taxation every man who dies leaving behind him his millions, for I think that excessive wealth left to a child is an injury."

DUBOIS ON SMOOT.

Censures President for Assisting Mormon Republicans.

Washington.—The Senate Thursday listened to the second speech which has been made this session against the continuance of Reed Smoot as senator from Utah. It was delivered by Senator Dubois of Idaho, who after reviewing in detail the workings of the Mormon Church and Mr. Root's prominent connection therewith, concluded with the charge that President Roosevelt used the weight of his administration to assist the Mormon-Republican vote in the last election.

Mr. Dubois asserted the control of the church to be complete in the hierarchy, consisting of the presidency and the twelve apostles, of which Mr. Smoot was one. This control, he maintained, was ecclesiastical, political and commercial, and was exercised completely over followers who come principally from foreign countries. The constant tendency, he said, was to make the church and state one, with the control in the church.

As to Senator Smoot, he said, it made no difference whether he was or was not a polygamist. The senator was a pillar in the church and in control of its temporal, spiritual and political policies, and was selected for the Senate because of his position.

"Smoot," he said, "represents the church and not the state and would do the bidding of the church before he would serve the real interests of the state or of the nation. By being an apostle of the church, Smoot is a member of this high conspiracy. He is one of the chief conspirators, and by his quiescence supports the plans and aims of the conspiracy."

The breaking down of the influence of the church in politics, Mr. Dubois asserted, would do more than anything else to put a stop to polygamy.

German Reichstag Dissolved.

Berlin.—The existence of the Reichstag was terminated suddenly Thursday amid scenes of considerable excitement, upon the defeat of the government's bill for a supplementary appropriation to support the troops in German Southwest Africa, and new elections were ordered. This action, although foreshadowed several days ago, took the house by surprise, as dissolution means a direct attack upon the Clerical party, which has grown into such intimate relations with the government that it frequently has been characterized as the governing party.

Irrigation Treaty Ratified.

El Paso, Tex.—Private advices from Mexico City state that the Mexican government has ratified the treaty with the United States referring to the great irrigation dam at Engle, sixty miles above El Paso. This action brings to an amicable settlement a bone of contention between the two republics and litigation that has been pending for ten years, and settles the claim for $20,000,000 which the Mexican government filed against the United States for damages on account of deprivation of water rights in the upper Rio Grande and riparian rights in the lower stream.

Australia's Chief Engineer.

T. Roberts, chief mechanical engineer of the South Australian government, has been appointed, subject to the ratification of the various Australian governments, consulting mining engineer for the whole of Australia, with an office in London. The nomination comes from the Australian commissioner of railways.

Unknown Qualities of Radium.

Prof. Henry E. Armstrong, the distinguished London scientist, has joined Lord Kelvin in a protest against the proposition submitted to the British association that the production of helium from radium has established the fact of the evolution of one element into others. Professor Armstrong says that no one has yet handled radium in sufficient quantities to be able to say precisely what it is.

Worth Knowing.

That Allcock's Plasters are the highest result of medical science and skill, and in ingredients and method have never been equaled.

That they are the original and genuine porous plasters upon whose reputation imitators trade.

That Allcock's Plasters never fail to perform their remedial work quickly and effectually.

That for Weak Back, Rheumatism, Colds, Lung Trouble, Strains and all Local Pains they are invaluable.

That when you buy Allcock's Plasters you obtain the best plasters made.

Wood at Eight Dollars a Pound.

"French walnut is the finest wood we have," said the cabinet-maker. "It comes from Persia, but it is prepared in France. I have seen French walnut worth $8 a pound, and it is a common thing to pay $2 a pound for it. Of course it is used principally for veneering. Only millionaires could have chairs and tables of solid French walnut.

"Mahogany, wonderful as it is, rarely fetches such high prices. From $2 to $3 is a very good price per pound for this wood.

"Ebony, if it is in a particularly large piece, so that it will cut well, will often bring $5 a pound in the wood market."

Sympathy Not Needed.

Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, Norway's famous arctic explorer, now minister to Gerat Britain, makes light of the sympathy expressed by many persons anent the "hardships" of travelers. He says: "There never was such misplaced sympathy as commiserating a man who has lived in the wilds. Most men who travel in out-of-the-way parts of the world do so because they like it. People who live in the center of what is called civilization do not understand, cannot realize, the spell that getting close to nature, battling with nature, has on the heart." He does not believe in the use of alcoholic beverages, holding that while liquor will raise the temperature for a few minutes, after that it falls lower than before.

A Misunderstanding.

Apropos of a misunderstanding on the canteen question, Gen. Frederick D. Grant said at a dinner in Washington:

"It is like the case of my friend Maj. Green. Maj. Green said to his servant one morning:

"'James, I have left my mess boots out, I want them soled.'

"'Yes, sir,' the servant answered.

"The major, dressing for dinner that night, said again:

"'I suppose, James, that you did as I told you about those boots?'

"James laid 35 cents on the bureau.

"'Yes, sir,' said he, 'and this is all I could get for them; though the corporal who bought 'em said he'd have given half a dollar if pay day hadn't been so far off.'"

NO MEDICINE.

But Change of Food Gave Final Relief.

Most diseases start in the alimentary canal—stomach and bowels.

A great deal of our stomach and bowel troubles come from eating too much starchy and greasy food.

The stomach does not digest any of the starchy food we eat—white bread, pastry, potatoes, oats, etc.—these things are digested in the small intestines, and if we eat too much, as most of us do, the organs that should digest this kind of food are overcome by excess of work, so that fermentation, indigestion, and a long train of ails result.

Too much fat also is hard to digest, and this is changed into acids, sour stomach, belching gas, and a bloaty, heavy feeling.

In these conditions a change from indigestible foods to Grape-Nuts will work wonders in not only relieving the distress but in building up a strong digestion, clear brain and steady nerves. A Wash. woman writes:

"About five years ago I suffered with bad stomach—dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation—caused, I know now, from eating starchy and greasy food.

"I doctored for two years without any benefit. The doctor told me there was no cure for me. I could not eat anything without suffering severe pain in my back and sides, and I became discouraged.

"A friend recommended Grape-Nuts and I began to use it. In less than two weeks I began to feel better, and inside of two months I was a well woman and have been ever since.

"I can eat anything I wish with pleasure. We eat Grape-Nuts and cream for breakfast, and are very fond of it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

DOES YOUR BACK ACHE?

Profit by the Experience of One Who Has Found Relief.

James R. Keeler, retired farmer, of Fenner street, Cazenovia, N. Y., says:

"About fifteen years ago I suffered with my back and kidneys. I doctored and used many remedies without getting relief. Beginning with Doan's Kidney Pills, I found relief from the first box, and two boxes restored me to good, sound condition. My wife and many of my friends have used Doan's Kidney Pills with good results and I can earnestly recommend them."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Unearthing the Briber.

During a recent campaign in England a certain woman called on a laborer's wife and asked if her husband would vote for Lord Blank. "No, he won't," was the reply. "But, remember the blankets and coals you got from the clergyman." "Never mind them. He's been promised a new pair of trousers if he votes for Mr. Dash." Suspecting that this was a case of bribery that must be outdone, the woman canvasser offered a sovereign if the woman would tell her who had promised the trousers. The money paid over, the woman smiled. "I promised them," she said, "and I'll buy them out of your sovereign."

LIMB RAW AS PIECE OF BEEF.

Suffered for Three Years with Itching Humor—Cruiser Newark U. S. N. Man Cured by Cuticura.

"I suffered with humor for about three years off and on. I finally saw a doctor and he gave me remedies that did me no good, so I tried Cuticura when my limb below the knee to the ankle was as raw as a piece of beef. All I used was the Cuticura Soap and the Ointment. I bathed with Cuticura Soap every day, and used about six or seven boxes of Cuticura Ointment. I was thoroughly cured of the humor in three weeks, and haven't been affected with it since. I use no other Soap than Cuticura now. H. J. Myers, U. S. N., U. S. S. Newark, New York, July 8, 1905."

Jealous.

Mother—What's Tommy been fighting about?

Little Sister—Oh, he's mad because Jimmy Smith has to wear spectacles and he doesn't—Detroit Free Press.

Defiance Starch is the latest invention in that line and an improvement on all other makes; it is more economical, does better work, takes less time. Get it from any grocer.

Lives by Raising Queen Bees.

Miss Flora McIntyre, sophomore in Berkeley University, California, pays her board and tuition fees by the sale of queen bees she raises.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The man who can govern a woman can govern a nation.

All Cloth Hats, Children's Dresses, etc., made to look like new with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

Want Lower Duties on Chinese.

British Columbia women are agitating for lower duties on Chinese imported for domestic service.

National Pure Food and Drugs Act.

The Garfield Tea Company's preparations comply in every respect with the requirements of The National Pure Food and Drugs Act, June 30th, 1906. Serial No. 384, assigned by the Government, will appear on every package of their goods.

If a man has a marble quarry he asks: What can I do with marble? He builds, he seeks other builders. The possession of a power, like the possession of an estate, impels to use, to gain, to service.

To Wash Velveteen.

Velveteen may be washed by shaking it about in warm Ivory Soap suds; then rinse thoroughly and let it drip dry. On no account squeeze or wring it. Be careful to hang it straight on the line, for otherwise it will be crooked when dry.

ELEANOR R. PARKER.

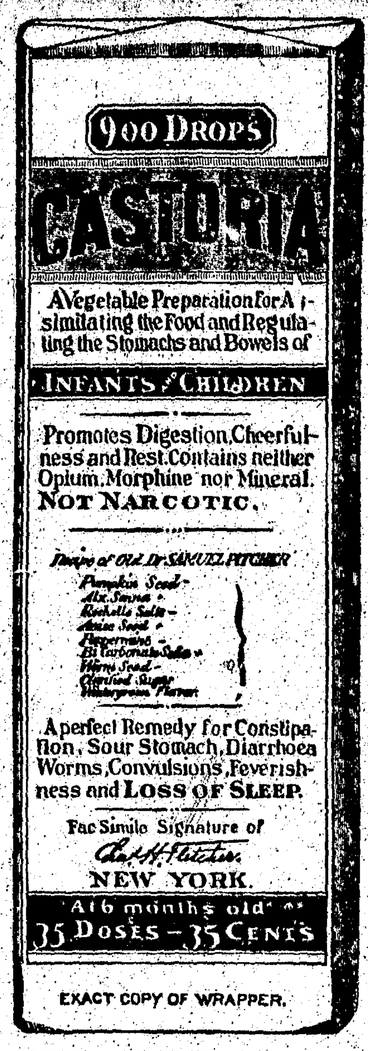
Thinks Clergy Are Losing Ground.

Mr. Charles Booth, the great social scientist, in his volume on "Religion in London" is convinced that the clergy are losing ground by becoming servers of tables and organizers of charity instead of spiritual guides to their flocks.

With a smooth iron and Defiance Starch, you can launder your shirtwaist just as well at home as the steam laundry can; it will have the proper stiffness and finish, there will be less wear and tear of the goods, and it will be a positive pleasure to use a Starch that does not stick to the iron.

Missed Chance for Fame.

The astronomer, Lalande, narrowly escaped being made famous by a discovery. He accidentally struck Neptune with his glass on May 8, 1785, but supposed it was a star. He put it down in his notebook as a star and recorded its exact situation. Two days later he struck it once more and made a record of it. But when he looked over his notes he found he had it down as being in two different places, and as a star cannot move in 48 hours he supposed he had made a mistake in one of his notes. If he had used his mind a little less mechanically he easily might have been a Columbus.



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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

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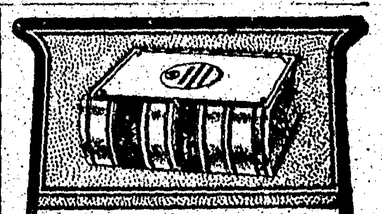
DEFIANCE STARCH—16 ounces to the package—other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.



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PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Attorney, Washington, D. C. Advice free. Terms low. Highest ref.

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Suffer in Silence

Thousands of Women

suffer every month in silence, tortures that would drive a man to the edge of despair. The ailments peculiar to women are not only painful but dangerous and should receive prompt treatment before they grow worse. If you suffer from pain, irregular functions, falling feelings, headache, side ache, dizziness, tired feeling, etc., follow the example of thousands of women who have been relieved or cured, and take Wine of Cardui.

Sold by all Druggists

WINE OF CARDUI

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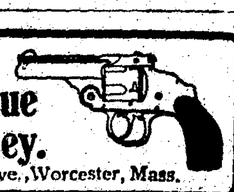
H. & R. Greatest Revolver value for the money.



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Is a whole medicine chest

Price 25c 50c & $1.00

Send For Free Booklet on Horses, Cattle, Hogs & Poultry.

Address Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

If afflicted with Sore Eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water | DEFIANCE STARCH

This Is What Catches Me!

16oz.—One-Third More Starch.

A FULL POUND for 10c

No premiums, but *one-third more starch than you get of other brands.* Try it now, for hot or cold starching it has no equal and will not stick to the iron.

THE OUTLOOK

Weekly Newspaper Devoted to the Interest of White Oaks and Lincoln Co., N. M.

Published Every Thursday.

Lee H. Rudisille, Editor and Pub.

Entered as second-class matter, September 8th., 1904, at post office at White Oaks, New Mexico, under the Act of Congress of March 3d, 1870.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.

One Year (in Advance).....$1.00
f not paid within 3 months.. 1.50

THE LAST WORD.

With this issue the OUTLOOK will cease publication under the present management, as the plant has been sold to the Carrizozo Publishing company and will be moved to Carrizozo at once, and the publication continued at that place. The unexpired terms of subscription will be finished up by the Carrizozo Publishing company the same as if the present owner had continued with the publication, and all unpaid subscriptions will be due the company after the close of the present year.

The business of the company will be under the management of N. S. Rose who has spent years in all branches of the printing and publishing trades, including advertising publications, and it is the intention to make the Carrizozo office one of the leading printing establishments in the Southwest.

It is predicted that by this change the OUTLOOK will branch out into a much larger field of usefulness than it has been able to do in the past, and that from the modest beginning made here over two years ago will be built up, in this part of Lincoln county a successful newspaper enterprise.

Thanking its patrons for their loyal support, and the newspapers throughout the territory for uniform courtesy, the editor, temparartily at least, retires from the work. He butted in when he saw an opening and thinks he knows enough to quit before he makes a foul.

LIGHTS OUT.

Our coal oil inspector has evidently been sleeping on his rights again, as the lawyers put it. At least the stuff that has been furnished to us of late might be classed as "sweepings." That which has not been watered has the beautiful amber of beer when it is foaming in the glass prior to being gulped, and burns with that dim, uncertain light said to illumine a den of robbers. And stink! Well, it would cause a Limburger to emit green globules of envy. Our next territorial legislature would confer a dutiful obligation upon all the people who are forced to depend on this illusory, flickering, fizz if they would abolish the office of His Inefficiency, the Coal Oil Inspector with its perquisites and emoluments, bounce all his assistant unsatisfactories, and then pass a law making it a criminal offence for any one to ship oil into the territory for illuminating purposes having less than 170 or 175 degrees proof, fire test, as adopted by other states. The people themselves would then look after the inspection, without any inspection fee whatever.

As it is, we are getting the very lowest quality of oil that is considered safe to burn at the maximum price and much of that does not in any way come up to the requirement, and no penalty attached for shoving it along.

Since the passage of the local option law in Kentucky the Majahs and Kuqnels are having a deuced dismal time of it, and it is feared many of them will have to emigrate over into the next county. Out of the 117 counties in the state it is said 80 of them have gone dry.

The Pecos valley people are now claiming that the accounts of the late blizzard in that region, like Mark Twain said of the reports of his death, "were greatly exaggerated."

The idea that railroads are going to make any kick about cutting off rebates is all painted allegory. It simply means that the roads will put up the tariff to the very highest notch the trade will stand and keep it there to all comers.

Down in Panama the doctors have discovered a new and peculiarly active microbe which is said to produce a fatal disease though this has not yet been fully determined. Why not try it on some of the thousand and one extra hangers-on about headquarters, who can be better spared than not? What is most needed however down there is some kind of a little working devil that will live in Panama mud, so that there may be something doing in the big ditch.

The railroads have expressed their regrets that they "cannot follow the impulse to give transportation" to the teachers who wish to attend the Association meeting to be held in East Las Vegas the latter part of the month, but have concluded to make the usual reduced rates granted to Fraternal organizations like the Elks, Oddfellows and such, bent on a hilarious time, where the spending of money is the principal object. Only the Santa Fe Central has shown sufficient liberality to offer a one half fare. That one third and one fifth extra attached by the other roads ought to have a very soothing effect on the officials when it comes out of the $30 or $40 a month salaries of a score of more overworked school ma'ams.

LOOKING AFTER THE FOSSILS.

Brig.-Gen. George A. Davis, Judge-Advocate-General of the Army, has been designated by the Secretary of War as the representative of the War Department on the commission which is to frame resolutions for the preservation of antiquities in this country, in accordance with the provisions of a law enacted by the last Congress. The chief purpose of the bill is to prevent excavation and exploration in Aztec villages and other historic ruins without permits from the Government. It is provided in the bill that the War Department, Department of the Interior and Department of Agriculture are to co-operate in preserving ruins.

WHO PAYS THE FINE?

The following from the El Paso Herald shows in a very concise and direct way who are being bilked in the effort now being made to regulate the trusts, and that we are yet far from the root of the evil we are seeking to eradicate. As yet it is a case where the people lose, whether they gain their case or not. The remedy suggested by the Herald appears to be the most reasonable one provided no proxies are allowed.

"Laws relating to the criminal practices of the large corporations are of very limited corrective value as long as they do not carry the penalty of imprisonment. This is particularly true of the concerns supplying necessary commodities to a wide market which they virtually control against unfriendly competition.

A few days ago the American Sugar Refining company was fined $80,000 for accepting rebates from the New York Central. Of course the fine will be paid in the end by the consumers of sugar, and the middle men—mainly the consumers. A tiny fraction added to the wholesale price of sugar quickly reimburses the company, and after that the company loses interest. But the increase to middle men is passed along down through the retailers to the consumers, and every man, woman, and child in the country contributes directly toward paying the fine of the big company.

If the penalties in these cases was imprisonment, and if some individual or several of them, officials in the company had to go to jail for even one day as a penalty for wrong doing, not only would evil practices be more quickly broken up, but it would be impossible for the big fellows to assess the general public to offset the penalty. We do not recognize, in this country, any system of proxies for jail sentences."

EDUCATORS WILL MEET.

The New Mexico Educational Association will hold their annual meeting at Las Vegas Dec 26, 27, 28 this year, in the Normal University building.

Every teacher in the territory is strongly urged to attend this meeting, and especially those who have been engaged in the cause of education for several years past.

Those who have the matter in charge are making an earnest effort to have the most representative gathering of teachers ever yet held in the territory, and from the awakening already manifested there is no doubt but that this will be a notable assembly. A very large number of the leading educators of the Southwest have already signified their intention of being there to take part. No one who expects to make teaching a business and a success can afford to be absent for any light or trivial cause.

The railroads have made a rate but little more than one half fare for the round trip, and arrangements have been made to accomodate the teachers while in Las Vegas at very lowest prices.

A program has been formulated and published for distribution to the teachers throughout the territory, covering about every vital point liable to come up both in the management of schools and methods of imparting instruction, and and those will be practically discussed during the sessions by some of our leading educators.

Many important points belonging to the office of school superintendent will also come up for a more uniform adjustment, and all county superintendents, both out going and in coming, are urged to be present, so that a better understanding of the requirements of that responsible office may be brought about.

Miss Carrie Covington, Syl. O Anderson and Lee H. Rudisille, of Lincoln county, have been honored with a place on the program.

The movement against Gov. Hagerman is a movement against every decent man in New Mexico. That is the situation reduced to plain United States.—Roswell Register-Tribune.

Governor Hagerman is now in Washington City urging the passage of an enabling act granting statehood to New Mexico in her own right. The governor is an enthusiast on the admission of New Mexico into the galaxy of states just as he is in trying to convince the world of her grand possibilities, and in laboring for the development of her resources. Should he succeed in getting a bill passed this session there appears to be no good reason why the delegates already elected should not be authorized to meet and formulate a constitution without the formality and expense of holding a new election.

From Mr. Pin-chot's annual report it looks as if he would either have to cut down his dressed up force of trespass hunters here in Lincoln county, or double up the tax on bunch grass, or stretch out the blanket over more homesteads, or treeless ranges. His receipts for grazing and "SPECIAL PRIVILEGES" during the past year amounted to $2,247,85, and his expenditures to $7,335,06. Of this $6,585,86 went for salaries, and $340,00 for "communication". It is presumed that the latter was for keeping the wires hot between Capitan and Washington city every time a sheep herder's burro wandered inside the lines of this little country garden.

The OUTLOOK has decided that it will never have a more appropriate time than right now, to wish all its friends a "Merry Christmas, and a happy New Year," and may they all be happy and prosperous until time with them shall be no more. And may their years be many and so full of both work and recreation that they will never have time to get blue or go wrong, and may they finally bob up serenely in the "Sweet bye and bye" instead of in jail.

There is yet a golden future for White Oaks, and don't you worry.

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